A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to the Administrative Procedure 3 Act; amending ss. 120.52 and 120.536, F.S.; 4 removing entities described in ch. 298, F.S., 5 relating to water control districts, from the definition of "agency"; providing that an 6 7 agency's confirmation of a statutory exemption 8 is not agency action and is not subject to provisions relating to decisions which affect 9 substantial interests; providing additional 10 11 restrictions with respect to an agency's 12 rulemaking authority; amending s. 120.56, F.S.; 13 revising an agency's responsibilities in 14 response to a challenge to a proposed rule; 15 amending s. 120.57, F.S., relating to hearings 16 involving disputed issues of material fact; revising an agency's authority with respect to 17 rejection or modification of conclusions of law 18 in its final order; providing an effective 19 20 date.

2122

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

2324

25

2627

28

Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and subsections (2) and (8) of section 120.52, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to read:

120.52 Definitions.--As used in this act:

- (1) "Agency" means:
- 29 (b) Each state officer and state department, 30 departmental unit described in s. 20.04, commission, regional 31 planning agency, board, multicounty special district with a

majority of its governing board comprised of nonelected persons, and authority, including, but not limited to, the Commission on Ethics and the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission when acting pursuant to statutory authority derived from the Legislature, educational units, and those entities described in chapters 163, 298,373, 380, and 582 and s. 186.504, except any legal entity or agency created in whole or in part pursuant to chapter 361, part II, an expressway authority pursuant to chapter 348, or any legal or administrative entity created by an interlocal agreement pursuant to s. 163.01(7), unless any party to such agreement is otherwise an agency as defined in this subsection.

- (2) "Agency action" means the whole or part of a rule or order, or the equivalent, or the denial of a petition to adopt a rule or issue an order. The term also includes any denial of a request made under s. 120.54(7). The term does not include an agency's confirmation or affirmance of a statutory exemption, and such an act is not subject to s. 120.569 or s. 120.57.
- (8) "Invalid exercise of delegated legislative authority" means action which goes beyond the powers, functions, and duties delegated by the Legislature. A proposed or existing rule is an invalid exercise of delegated legislative authority if any one of the following applies:
- (a) The agency has materially failed to follow the applicable rulemaking procedures or requirements set forth in this chapter;
- (b) The agency has exceeded its grant of rulemaking authority, citation to which is required by s. 120.54(3)(a)1.;

1 2

- (c) The rule enlarges, modifies, or contravenes the specific provisions of law implemented, citation to which is required by s. 120.54(3)(a)1.;
- (d) The rule is vague, fails to establish adequate standards for agency decisions, or vests unbridled discretion in the agency;
 - (e) The rule is arbitrary or capricious;
- (f) The rule is not supported by competent substantial evidence; or
- (g) The rule imposes regulatory costs on the regulated person, county, or city which could be reduced by the adoption of less costly alternatives that substantially accomplish the statutory objectives.

A grant of rulemaking authority is necessary but not sufficient to allow an agency to adopt a rule; a specific law to be implemented is also required. An agency may adopt only rules that implement, interpret, or make more specific the detailed particular powers and duties granted by the enabling statute. No agency shall have authority to adopt a rule only because it is reasonably related to the purpose of the enabling legislation or is within the agency's class of powers and duties and is not arbitrary and capricious, nor shall an agency have the authority to implement statutory provisions setting forth general legislative intent or policy. Statutory language granting rulemaking authority or generally describing the powers and functions of an agency shall be construed to extend no further than the detailed particular powers and duties conferred by the same statute.

Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 120.536, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10 11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18 19

20

21 22

23 24

25

26

27

28

29

30

120.536 Rulemaking authority; listing of rules exceeding authority; repeal; challenge.--

(1) A grant of rulemaking authority is necessary but not sufficient to allow an agency to adopt a rule; a specific law to be implemented is also required. An agency may adopt only rules that implement, interpret, or make more specific the detailed particular powers and duties granted by the enabling statute. No agency shall have authority to adopt a rule only because it is reasonably related to the purpose of the enabling legislation or is within the agency's class of powers and duties and is not arbitrary and capricious, nor shall an agency have the authority to implement statutory provisions setting forth general legislative intent or policy. Statutory language granting rulemaking authority or generally describing the powers and functions of an agency shall be construed to extend no further than the detailed particular powers and duties conferred by the same statute.

Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 120.56, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

120.56 Challenges to rules.--

- (2) CHALLENGING PROPOSED RULES; SPECIAL PROVISIONS.--
- (a) Any substantially affected person may seek an administrative determination of the invalidity of any proposed rule by filing a petition seeking such a determination with the division within 21 days after the date of publication of the notice required by s. 120.54(3)(a), within 10 days after the final public hearing is held on the proposed rule as provided by s. 120.54(3)(c), within 20 days after the preparation of a statement of estimated regulatory costs required pursuant to s. 120.541, if applicable, or within 20 31 days after the date of publication of the notice required by

1 2

3

4 5

6

7

8

9 10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17

18 19

20 21

22

23 24

25

26

27

28

29

30

s. 120.54(3)(d). The petition shall state with particularity the objections to the proposed rule and the reasons that the proposed rule is an invalid exercise of delegated legislative authority. The agency then has the burden of going forward and the burden to prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the proposed rule is not an invalid exercise of delegated legislative authority as to the objections raised. Any person who is substantially affected by a change in the proposed rule may seek a determination of the validity of such change. Any person not substantially affected by the proposed rule as initially noticed, but who is substantially affected by the rule as a result of a change, may challenge any provision of the rule and is not limited to challenging the change to the proposed rule.

Section 4. Paragraph (1) of subsection (1) of section 120.57, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 120.57 Additional procedures for particular cases.--

- (1) ADDITIONAL PROCEDURES APPLICABLE TO HEARINGS INVOLVING DISPUTED ISSUES OF MATERIAL FACT. --
- (1) The agency may adopt the recommended order as the final order of the agency. The agency in its final order may reject or modify the clearly erroneous conclusions of law over which it has substantive jurisdiction and interpretation of administrative rules over which it has substantive jurisdiction. Rejection or modification of conclusions of law may not form the basis for rejection or modification of findings of fact. The agency may not reject or modify the findings of fact unless the agency first determines from a review of the entire record, and states with particularity in the order, that the findings of fact were not based upon 31 competent substantial evidence or that the proceedings on

which the findings were based did not comply with essential requirements of law. The agency may accept the recommended penalty in a recommended order, but may not reduce or increase it without a review of the complete record and without stating with particularity its reasons therefor in the order, by citing to the record in justifying the action.

Section 5. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

Removes entities described in ch. 298, F.S., relating to water control districts, from the definition of "agency" under the Administrative Procedure Act. Provides that an agency's confirmation of a statutory exemption is not agency action under the act and is not subject to provisions relating to decisions which affect substantial interests. Provides additional restrictions with respect to an agency's rulemaking authority. Revises an agency's responsibilities in response to a challenge to a proposed rule. Revises an agency's authority with respect to rejection or modification of conclusions of law in its final order following a hearing involving disputed issues of material fact.