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By the Committee on Business Development & International Trade and Representatives Johnson, Hart, Fasano, Crady, Rayson, Wilson, Henriquez, Dockery, Murman, Dennis, Sanderson, Cosgrove, Patterson and Kilmer

A bill to be entitled An act relating to tax on sales, use, and other transactions; amending s. 212.031, F.S., relating to the tax on the lease or rental of or license in real property; revising the application of the exemption for property leased, subleased, or rented to a person providing food and drink concessionaire services within certain premises; providing an exemption for property rented, leased, subleased, or licensed by certain facilities to a concessionaire selling event-related products during an event at the facility; specifying when the tax on the rental, lease, or license to use certain facilities for an event shall be collected and when it is due to the Department of Revenue; providing that separately stated charges by certain facilities for services required pursuant to a lease or license to use their property are exempt from said tax; amending s. 212.04, F.S., relating to the tax on admissions; providing that the value of an admission does not include state or local seat surcharges, taxes, or fees, or certain ticket service charges under certain conditions; providing an exemption for admission charges to events sponsored by certain government-owned facilities under certain conditions; specifying when the tax on admissions to events at certain facilities shall be collected and when it is due to the department; providing that no tax

imposed on the transactions exempted by the act and not actually paid or collected prior to the effective date of the act shall be due; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. (1) Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection (3) of section 212.031, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended, and subsection (9) is added to said section, to read:

212.031 Lease or rental of or license in real property.--

- (1)(a) It is declared to be the legislative intent that every person is exercising a taxable privilege who engages in the business of renting, leasing, letting, or granting a license for the use of any real property unless such property is:
  - 1. Assessed as agricultural property under s. 193.461.
  - 2. Used exclusively as dwelling units.
- 3. Property subject to tax on parking, docking, or storage spaces under s. 212.03(6).
- 4. Recreational property or the common elements of a condominium when subject to a lease between the developer or owner thereof and the condominium association in its own right or as agent for the owners of individual condominium units or the owners of individual condominium units. However, only the lease payments on such property shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter, and any other use made by the owner or the condominium association shall be fully taxable under this chapter.

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- 5. A public or private street or right-of-way occupied or used by a utility for utility purposes.
- 6. A public street or road which is used for transportation purposes.
- Property used at an airport exclusively for the purpose of aircraft landing or aircraft taxiing or property used by an airline for the purpose of loading or unloading passengers or property onto or from aircraft or for fueling aircraft.
- 8.a. Property used at a port authority, as defined in s. 315.02(2), exclusively for the purpose of oceangoing vessels or tugs docking, or such vessels mooring on property used by a port authority for the purpose of loading or unloading passengers or cargo onto or from such a vessel, or property used at a port authority for fueling such vessels, or to the extent that the amount paid for the use of any property at the port is based on the charge for the amount of tonnage actually imported or exported through the port by a tenant.
- b. The amount charged for the use of any property at the port in excess of the amount charged for tonnage actually imported or exported shall remain subject to tax except as provided in sub-subparagraph a.
- 9. Property used as an integral part of the performance of qualified production services. As used in this subparagraph, the term "qualified production services" means any activity or service performed directly in connection with the production of a qualified motion picture, as defined in s. 212.06(1)(b), and includes:
- a. Photography, sound and recording, casting, location managing and scouting, shooting, creation of special and 31 optical effects, animation, adaptation (language, media,

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electronic, or otherwise), technological modifications, computer graphics, set and stage support (such as electricians, lighting designers and operators, greensmen, prop managers and assistants, and grips), wardrobe (design, preparation, and management), hair and makeup (design, production, and application), performing (such as acting, dancing, and playing), designing and executing stunts, coaching, consulting, writing, scoring, composing, choreographing, script supervising, directing, producing, transmitting dailies, dubbing, mixing, editing, cutting, looping, printing, processing, duplicating, storing, and distributing;

- The design, planning, engineering, construction, alteration, repair, and maintenance of real or personal property including stages, sets, props, models, paintings, and facilities principally required for the performance of those services listed in sub-subparagraph a.; and
- c. Property management services directly related to property used in connection with the services described in sub-subparagraphs a. and b.
- 10. Leased, subleased, licensed, or rented to a person providing food and drink concessionaire services within the premises of a movie theater, a business operated under a permit issued pursuant to chapter 550, or any publicly owned arena, sports stadium, convention hall, exhibition hall, auditorium, theater, civic center, performing arts center, or recreational facility. A person providing retail concessionaire services involving the sale of food and drink or other tangible personal property within the premises of an airport shall be subject to tax on the rental of real property 31 used for that purpose, but shall not be subject to the tax on

any license to use the property. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "sale" shall not include the leasing of tangible personal property.

- 11. Property occupied pursuant to an instrument calling for payments which the department has declared, in a Technical Assistance Advisement issued on or before March 15, 1993, to be nontaxable pursuant to rule 12A-1.070(19)(c), Florida Administrative Code; provided that this subparagraph shall only apply to property occupied by the same person before and after the execution of the subject instrument and only to those payments made pursuant to such instrument, exclusive of renewals and extensions thereof occurring after March 15, 1993.
- 12. Rented, leased, subleased, or licensed to a concessionaire by a convention hall, auditorium, stadium, exhibition hall, recreational facility, theater, arena, civic center, or performing arts center during an event at such facility, to be used by such concessionaire to sell souvenirs, novelties, or other event-related products, when the rental, lease, or license payment is based on a percentage of sales and not based on a fixed price.
- (3) The tax imposed by this section shall be in addition to the total amount of the rental or license fee, shall be charged by the lessor or person receiving the rent or payment in and by a rental or license fee arrangement with the lessee or person paying the rental or license fee, and shall be due and payable at the time of the receipt of such rental or license fee payment by the lessor or other person who receives the rental or payment. The tax imposed by this section on the rental, lease, or license for the use of a convention hall, auditorium, stadium, exhibition hall,

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recreational facility, theater, arena, civic center, or performing arts center to hold an event shall be collected at the time of payment for such rental, lease, or license, but shall not be due and payable to the department until the actual date of the event for which the payment is made. The owner, lessor, or person receiving the rent or license fee shall remit the tax to the department at the times and in the manner hereinafter provided for dealers to remit taxes under this chapter. The same duties imposed by this chapter upon dealers in tangible personal property respecting the 10 11 collection and remission of the tax; the making of returns; the keeping of books, records, and accounts; and the 12 13 compliance with the rules and regulations of the department in 14 the administration of this chapter shall apply to and be binding upon all persons who manage any leases or operate real 15 16 property, hotels, apartment houses, roominghouses, or tourist 17 and trailer camps and all persons who collect or receive rents or license fees taxable under this chapter on behalf of owners 18 19 or lessors.

- (9) Separately stated charges by a convention hall, auditorium, stadium, exhibition hall, recreational facility, theater, arena, civic center, or performing arts center to a lessee or licensee for services required pursuant to a lease or license to use real property, including charges for laborers, stagehands, ticket takers, event staff, security personnel, cleaning staff, and other event-related personnel, are exempt from the tax imposed by this section.
- (2) No tax imposed by chapter 212, Florida Statutes, on the transactions exempted under this section, and not actually paid or collected by a taxpayer before the effective date of this act, shall be due from such taxpayer. However,

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30 31 any tax actually collected shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue, and no refund shall be due.

Section 2. (1) Paragraph (b) of subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (2), and subsections (3) and (4) of section 212.04, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to read:

212.04 Admissions tax; rate, procedure, enforcement.-(1)(a) It is hereby declared to be the legislative intent that every person is exercising a taxable privilege who sells or receives anything of value by way of admissions.

(b) For the exercise of such privilege, a tax is levied at the rate of 6 percent of sales price, or the actual value received from such admissions, which 6 percent shall be added to and collected with all such admissions from the purchaser thereof, and such tax shall be paid for the exercise of the privilege as defined in the preceding paragraph. Each ticket must show on its face the actual sales price of the admission, or each dealer selling the admission must prominently display at the box office or other place where the admission charge is made a notice disclosing the price of the admission, and the tax shall be computed and collected on the basis of the actual price of the admission charged by the dealer. The sale price or actual value of admission shall, for the purpose of this chapter, be that price remaining after deduction of federal taxes and state or local seat surcharges, taxes, or fees, if any, imposed upon such admission. The sale price or actual value of admission does not include separately stated ticket service charges imposed by a facility ticket office or a ticketing service, when such service charges are added to a separately stated established ticket price., and

The rate of tax on each admission shall be according to the brackets established by  $s.\ 212.12(9)$ .

- (2)(a)1. No tax shall be levied on admissions to athletic or other events sponsored by elementary schools, junior high schools, middle schools, high schools, community colleges, public or private colleges and universities, deaf and blind schools, facilities of the youth services programs of the Department of Children and Family Services, and state correctional institutions when only student, faculty, or inmate talent is used. However, this exemption shall not apply to admission to athletic events sponsored by an institution within the State University System, and the proceeds of the tax collected on such admissions shall be retained and used by each institution to support women's athletics as provided in s. 240.533(3)(c).
- 2.a. No tax shall be levied on dues, membership fees, and admission charges imposed by not-for-profit sponsoring organizations. To receive this exemption, the sponsoring organization must qualify as a not-for-profit entity under the provisions of s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended.
- b. No tax imposed by this section and not actually collected before August 1, 1992, shall be due from any museum or historic building owned by any political subdivision of the state.
- c. No tax shall be levied on admission charges to an event sponsored by a government-owned convention hall, auditorium, stadium, exhibition hall, recreational facility, theater, arena, civic center, or performing arts center, when 100 percent of the risk of success or failure lies with the governmental entity sponsoring the event, and 100 percent of

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the funds at risk for the event belong to the facility, and student or faculty talent is not exclusively used.

- 3. No tax shall be levied on an admission paid by a student, or on the student's behalf, to any required place of sport or recreation if the student's participation in the sport or recreational activity is required as a part of a program or activity sponsored by, and under the jurisdiction of, the student's educational institution, provided his or her attendance is as a participant and not as a spectator.
- 4. No tax shall be levied on admissions to the National Football League championship game, on admissions to any semifinal game or championship game of a national collegiate tournament, or on admissions to a Major League Baseball all-star game.
- 5. A participation fee or sponsorship fee imposed by a governmental entity as described in s. 212.08(6) for an athletic or recreational program is exempt when the governmental entity by itself, or in conjunction with an organization exempt under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, sponsors, administers, plans, supervises, directs, and controls the athletic or recreational program.
- 6. Also exempt from the tax imposed by this section to the extent provided in this subparagraph are admissions to live theater, live opera, or live ballet productions in this state which are sponsored by an organization that has received a determination from the Internal Revenue Service that the organization is exempt from federal income tax under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, if the organization actively participates in planning and 31 conducting the event, is responsible for the safety and

success of the event, is organized for the purpose of 1 2 sponsoring live theater, live opera, or live ballet 3 productions in this state, has more than 10,000 subscribing members and has among the stated purposes in its charter the 4 5 promotion of arts education in the communities which it 6 serves, and will receive at least 20 percent of the net 7 profits, if any, of the events which the organization sponsors 8 and will bear the risk of at least 20 percent of the losses, if any, from the events which it sponsors if the organization 9 employs other persons as agents to provide services in 10 connection with a sponsored event. Prior to March 1 of each 11 12 year, such organization may apply to the department for a 13 certificate of exemption for admissions to such events 14 sponsored in this state by the organization during the immediately following state fiscal year. The application shall 15 16 state the total dollar amount of admissions receipts collected by the organization or its agents from such events in this 17 state sponsored by the organization or its agents in the year 18 19 immediately preceding the year in which the organization 20 applies for the exemption. Such organization shall receive the exemption only to the extent of \$1.5 million multiplied by the 21 22 ratio that such receipts bear to the total of such receipts of all organizations applying for the exemption in such year; 23 however, in no event shall such exemption granted to any 24 25 organization exceed 6 percent of such admissions receipts 26 collected by the organization or its agents in the year 27 immediately preceding the year in which the organization 28 applies for the exemption. Each organization receiving the 29 exemption shall report each month to the department the total admissions receipts collected from such events sponsored by 30 31 the organization during the preceding month and shall remit to

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the department an amount equal to 6 percent of such receipts reduced by any amount remaining under the exemption. Tickets for such events sold by such organizations shall not reflect the tax otherwise imposed under this section.

- 7. Also exempt from the tax imposed by this section are entry fees for participation in freshwater fishing tournaments.
- 8. Also exempt from the tax imposed by this section are participation or entry fees charged to participants in a game, race, or other sport or recreational event if spectators are charged a taxable admission to such event.
- 9. No tax shall be levied on admissions to any postseason collegiate football game sanctioned by the National Collegiate Athletic Association.
- (3) Such taxes shall be paid and remitted at the same time and in the same manner as provided for remitting taxes on sales of tangible personal property, as hereinafter provided. However, for admissions to an event at a convention hall, auditorium, stadium, exhibition hall, recreational facility, theater, arena, civic center, or performing arts center, the tax shall be collected at the time of payment for the admission, but shall not be due to the department until the actual date of the event for which the admission is sold.
- (4) Each person who exercises the privilege of charging admission taxes, as herein defined, shall apply for, and at that time shall furnish the information and comply with the provisions of s. 212.18 not inconsistent herewith and receive from the department, a certificate of right to exercise such privilege, which certificate shall apply to each place of business where such privilege is exercised and shall 31 be in the manner and form prescribed by the department.

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certificate shall be issued upon payment to the department of 1 a registration fee of \$5 by the applicant. Each person exercising the privilege of charging such admission taxes as herein defined shall cause to be kept records and accounts showing the admission which shall be in the form as the department may from time to time prescribe, inclusive of records of all tickets numbered and issued for a period of not less than the time within which the department may, as permitted by s. 95.091(3), make an assessment with respect to any admission evidenced by such records and accounts, and inclusive of all bills or checks of customers who are charged 12 any of the taxes defined herein, showing the charge made to 13 each for that period. The department is empowered to use each 14 and every one of the powers granted herein to the department to discover the amount of tax to be paid by each such person 15 16 and to enforce the payment thereof as are hereby granted the department for the discovery and enforcement of the payment of 17 taxes hereinafter levied on the sales of tangible personal 19 property. The failure of any person to pay such taxes before the 21st day of the succeeding month after the taxes are collected, or as otherwise provided in subsection (3), shall 21 22 render such person liable to the same penalties that are hereafter imposed upon such person for being delinquent in the 23 payment of taxes imposed upon the sales of tangible personal 24 property; the failure of any person to render returns and to pay taxes as prescribed herein shall render such person subject to the same penalties, by way of charges for 28 delinquencies, at the rate of 10 percent per month for a total 29 amount of tax delinquent up to a total of 50 percent of such tax and at the rate of 100-percent penalty for attempted 30 31 evasion of payment of any such tax or for any attempt to file

false or misleading returns that are required to be filed by the department. (2) No tax imposed by chapter 212, Florida Statutes, on the transactions exempted under this section, and not actually paid or collected by a taxpayer before the effective date of this act, shall be due from such taxpayer. However, any tax actually collected shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue, and no refund shall be due. Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 1999.