A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to juvenile justice; amending 3 s. 985.213, F.S.; creating a workgroup to study 4 the effectiveness of the risk assessment 5 instrument; providing for a report; amending s. 985.215, F.S.; setting time limits for filing a 6 7 petition for delinquency in certain 8 circumstances; providing for extension of time limits in specified circumstances; amending s. 9 985.219, F.S.; requiring law enforcement 10 11 agencies to act upon subpoenas and serve 12 process within a certain time; amending ss. 13 985.201, 985.225, F.S.; conforming 14 cross-references to changes made by the act; 15 providing an effective date. 16 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 17 18 19 Section 1. Subsection (5) is added to section 985.213, 20 Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, to read: 21 985.213 Use of detention.--22 (5) A risk assessment workgroup is established, to be 23 composed of nine members. Members must have direct experience 24 and a strong interest in juvenile justice issues. Composition 25 of the workgroup shall be as follows: a public defender, a 26 state attorney, and a sheriff appointed by their respective 27 professional associations; a representative of the Department 28 of Juvenile Justice, a juvenile judge, a chairman of a local 29 juvenile justice board or county council, and a child advocate appointed by the Secretary of Juvenile Justice; a member of 30

the Senate appointed by the President of the Senate; and a

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member of the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The workgroup shall review the effectiveness of the risk assessment instrument as a screening device and shall make recommendations to keep, revise, or eliminate the instrument, based upon its findings. The workgroup shall report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives regarding these findings by January 15, 2000. Subject to specific appropriations, an independent evaluation will be commissioned by the department to validate the current risk assessment and make an objective report to the workgroup and the Legislature. This subsection expires October 1, 2000, unless reenacted by the Legislature. Section 2. Subsections (5) and (7) of section 985.215, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to read: 985.215 Detention.--

(5)(a) A child may not be placed into or held in secure, nonsecure, or home detention care for longer than 24 hours unless the court orders such detention care, and the order includes specific instructions that direct the release of the child from such detention care, in accordance with subsection (2). The order shall be a final order, reviewable by appeal pursuant to s. 985.234 and the Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure. Appeals of such orders shall take precedence over other appeals and other pending matters.

(b) A child may not be held in secure detention for more than 5 days unless a petition for delinquency has been filed or the child is detained for a capital felony, life felony, felony of the first degree, or violent second-degree felony. The child shall be arraigned in accordance with subsection (7).

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(c)(b) A child may not be held in secure, nonsecure, or home detention care under a special detention order for more than 21 days unless an adjudicatory hearing for the case has been commenced by the court.

 $\underline{(d)(c)}$ A child may not be held in secure, nonsecure, or home detention care for more than 15 days following the entry of an order of adjudication.

(e) $\frac{d}{d}$ The time limits in paragraphs (b), and (d)do not include periods of delay resulting from a continuance granted by the court for cause on motion of the child or his or her counsel or of the state. Before the 21st day, cause may be automatically found and the time limits for detention may be automatically extended 9 days if the child is charged with a capital felony, life felony, or felony of the first degree, and if the nature of the charge requires additional time for the prosecution or defense of the case. Upon the issuance of an order granting a continuance for cause on a motion by either the child, the child's counsel, or the state, the court shall conduct a hearing at the end of each 72-hour period, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, to determine the need for continued detention of the child and the need for further continuance of proceedings for the child or the state.

(7)(a) If a child is <u>securely</u> detained, and a petition for delinquency <u>shall be</u> is filed, and the child shall be arraigned in accordance with the Florida Rules of Juvenile Procedure within <u>21 working days after the initial detention hearing</u>, except as provided in paragraph (b) 48 hours after the filing of the petition for delinquency.

(b) If a child is detained for a capital felony, life felony, felony of the first degree, or violent second-degree

felony, a petition for delinquency will be filed and the child shall be arraigned in accordance with the Florida Rules of Juvenile Procedure within 21 working days after the initial detention hearing.

Section 3. Present subsections (4) through (11) of section 985.219, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (5) through (12), respectively, and a new subsection (4) is added to that section, to read:

985.219 Process and service.--

(4) Law enforcement agencies shall act upon subpoenas received and serve process within 7 days after arraignment.

Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 985.201, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

985.201 Jurisdiction.--

(3)

(b) The jurisdiction to be exercised by the court when a child is taken into custody before the filing of a petition under s. 985.219(8)s. 985.219(7)shall be exercised by the circuit court for the county in which the child is taken into custody, which court shall have personal jurisdiction of the child and the child's parent or legal guardian. Upon the filing of a petition in the appropriate circuit court, the court that is exercising initial jurisdiction of the person of the child shall, if the child has been detained, immediately order the child to be transferred to the detention center or facility or other placement as ordered by the court having subject matter jurisdiction of the case.

Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 985.225, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

985.225 Indictment of a juvenile.--

(1) A child of any age who is charged with a violation
of state law punishable by death or by life imprisonment is
subject to the jurisdiction of the court as set forth in $\underline{s.}$
985.219(8)s. $985.219(7)$ unless and until an indictment on the
charge is returned by the grand jury. When such indictment is
returned, the petition for delinquency, if any, must be
dismissed and the child must be tried and handled in every
respect as an adult:

- (a) On the offense punishable by death or by life imprisonment; and
- (b) On all other felonies or misdemeanors charged in the indictment which are based on the same act or transaction as the offense punishable by death or by life imprisonment or on one or more acts or transactions connected with the offense punishable by death or by life imprisonment.

Section 6. This act shall take effect October 1, 1999.

SENATE SUMMARY

Creates a workgroup to study the effectiveness of the risk assessment instrument with respect to detention of juveniles and to report its findings to the Governor and the Legislature. Limits the period certain children may be held in secure detention to 5 days, unless a petition for delinquency has been filed. Cause for extension will be automatically found and the extension automatically granted in specified cases. Requires a petition for delinquency to be filed within 21 days when the child has been charged with a capital felony, life felony, first-degree felony, or violent second-degree felony. Requires law enforcement agencies to act on subpoenas and serve process within 7 days.