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By the Committees on Corrections, Crime & Punishment and Representatives Crist, Ball, Feeney, Andrews, Futch, Crady, Trovillion, Merchant, Maygarden, Kyle, Thrasher, Goodlette, Ogles, Jones, Cantens, Villalobos, Logan, Flanagan, Brown, Fasano and Lynn

A bill to be entitled An act relating to punishment of felons; amending s. 775.087, F.S., relating to felony reclassification and minimum sentence and other penalties for offenders who committed aggravated battery or committed certain acts involving a weapon, firearm, or destructive device during the commission of a felony; conforming terminology to changes made by the act; increasing from 3 to 10 years the minimum prison term for certain felonies or attempted felonies under specified circumstances when the offender possessed a firearm or destructive device during the commission of the offense or flight therefrom; providing exceptions; revising the category of such offenses to include murder, sexual battery, robbery, burglary, arson, aggravated assault or aggravated battery, kidnapping, escape, aircraft piracy, aggravated child abuse, aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult, unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a destructive device or bomb, carjacking, home-invasion robbery, aggravated stalking, and trafficking in cannabis, trafficking in cocaine, capital importation of cocaine, trafficking in illegal drugs, capital importation of illegal drugs, trafficking in phencyclidine, capital importation of phencyclidine, trafficking in methagualone, capital importation of methagualone,

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trafficking in amphetamine, capital importation of amphetamine, trafficking in flunitrazepam, or other specified violation of s. 893.135(1), F.S.; providing for imposition of a 20-year minimum term of imprisonment when, in addition to such circumstances, the firearm or destructive device was discharged while the person was carrying, displaying, using, or threatening or attempting to use the firearm or destructive device; providing for imposition of a minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years and not more than a term of imprisonment of life in prison when, in further addition to such circumstances, the discharging of the firearm or destructive device resulted in infliction of death or great bodily harm upon any person; providing for construction; providing legislative intent with respect to punishment of offenders who possess, carry, display, use, or threaten or attempt to use firearms or destructive devices; providing imposition of the minimum term of imprisonment consecutive to any other term of imprisonment imposed; providing that the minimum term of imprisonment imposed is authorized by law regardless of the maximum sentence that may be imposed for the underlying felony; increasing from 8 to 15 years the minimum prison term for certain felonies or attempted felonies under specified circumstances when, during the commission of the offense, the offender

possessed a semiautomatic firearm and its 1 2 high-capacity detachable box magazine or a 3 machine gun; providing for the category of such 4 offenses to include murder, sexual battery, 5 robbery, burglary, arson, aggravated assault, aggravated battery, kidnapping, escape, 6 7 aircraft piracy, aggravated child abuse, 8 aggravated abuse of an elderly person or 9 disabled adult, unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a destructive device or bomb, 10 11 carjacking, home-invasion robbery, aggravated 12 stalking, and trafficking in cannabis, 13 trafficking in cocaine, capital importation of 14 cocaine, trafficking in illegal drugs, capital 15 importation of illegal drugs, trafficking in 16 phencyclidine, capital importation of phencyclidine, trafficking in methaqualone, 17 capital importation of methaqualone, 18 trafficking in amphetamine, capital importation 19 20 of amphetamine, trafficking in flunitrazepam, or other specified violation of s. 893.135(1); 21 providing for imposition of a 20-year minimum 22 term of imprisonment when, in addition to such 23 24 circumstances, the semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box magazine or a 25 26 machine gun was discharged while the person was 27 carrying, displaying, using, or threatening or 28 attempting to use the semiautomatic firearm and 29 its high-capacity detachable box magazine or a machine qun; providing for imposition of a 30 31 minimum term of imprisonment of not less than

1 25 years and not more than a term of 2 imprisonment of life in prison when, in further 3 addition to such circumstances, the discharging 4 of the semiautomatic firearm and its 5 high-capacity detachable box magazine or a machine gun resulted in infliction of death or 6 7 great bodily harm upon any person; providing 8 for construction; providing legislative intent with respect to punishment of offenders who 9 possess, carry, display, use, or threaten or 10 11 attempt to use a semiautomatic firearm and its 12 high-capacity detachable box magazine or a 13 machine gun; providing for imposition of the 14 minimum term of imprisonment consecutive to any 15 other term of imprisonment imposed; providing 16 that the minimum term of imprisonment imposed is authorized by law regardless of the maximum 17 sentence that may be imposed for the underlying 18 felony; providing for legislative policy and 19 20 intent; providing for a report; requiring the 21 state attorney to explain mandatory sentence 22 deviations in writing; requiring state attorneys to submit such writings to its 23 association where it must remain available to 24 the public for at least 10 years; reenacting s. 25 921.0022(2), F.S., relating to the Criminal 26 27 Punishment Code offense severity ranking chart, 28 s. 921.0024(1)(b), F.S., relating to Florida Criminal Punishment Code worksheet computations 29 and key, and s. 947.146(3)(b), F.S., relating 30 31 to Control Release Authority, to incorporate

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said amendment in references; providing for public service announcements with respect to the penalties provided in the act; providing an effective date.

WHEREAS, Florida ranks among the most violent states in the nation, and

WHEREAS, in 1975 the Florida Legislature enacted legislation requiring a minimum mandatory sentence of three years in prison for possessing a gun during the commission or attempted commission of a violent felony, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature enacted this mandatory penalty in order to protect citizens from criminals who are known to use guns during the commission of violent crimes, and

WHEREAS, the FBI reports that among persons identified in the felonious killings of law enforcement officers in 1997, 71% had prior criminal convictions, and one of every four were on probation or parole for other crimes when they killed the officers, and

WHEREAS, criminals who use guns during the commission of violent crimes pose an increased danger to the lives, health, and safety of Florida's citizens and to Florida's law enforcement officers who daily put their lives on the line to protect citizens from violent criminals, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature intends to hold criminals more accountable for their crimes, and intends for criminals who use guns to commit violent crimes to receive greater criminal penalties than they do today, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature intends that when law enforcement officers put themselves in harm's way to apprehend 31 and arrest these gun-wielding criminals who terrorize the

streets and neighborhoods of Florida, that these criminals be sentenced to longer mandatory prison terms than provided in current law, so that these offenders cannot again endanger law enforcement officers and the public, and

WHEREAS, there is a critical need for effective criminal justice measures that will ensure that violent criminals are sentenced to prison terms that will effectively incapacitate the offender, prevent future crimes, and reduce violent crime rates, and

WHEREAS, it is the intent of the Legislature that criminals who use guns to commit violent crimes be vigorously prosecuted and that the state demand that minimum mandatory terms of imprisonment be imposed pursuant to this act, NOW, THEREFORE,

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 775.087, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

775.087 Possession or use of weapon; aggravated battery; felony reclassification; minimum sentence.--

- (1) Unless otherwise provided by law, whenever a person is charged with a felony, except a felony in which the use of a weapon or firearm is an essential element, and during the commission of such felony the defendant carries, displays, uses, threatens to use, or attempts to use any weapon or firearm, or during the commission of such felony the defendant commits an aggravated battery, the felony for which the person is charged shall be reclassified as follows:
- (a) In the case of a felony of the first degree, to a life felony.

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           (b) In the case of a felony of the second degree, to a
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    felony of the first degree.
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           (c) In the case of a felony of the third degree, to a
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    felony of the second degree.
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   For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining
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    incentive gain-time eligibility under chapter 944, a felony
    offense which is reclassified under this section is ranked one
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    level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of
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    the felony offense committed.
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           (2)(a)1. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an
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    attempt to commit a felony regardless of whether the use of a
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    weapon is an element of the felony and the conviction was for:
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           a. (a) Murder;
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           b.(b) Sexual battery;
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           c.<del>(c)</del> Robbery;
           d. (d) Burglary;
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           e.<del>(e)</del> Arson;
           f.(f) Aggravated assault;
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           g.<del>(g)</del> Aggravated battery;
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           h. (h) Kidnapping;
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           i.(i) Escape;
           j. (j) Aircraft piracy;
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           k.(k) Aggravated child abuse;
           1.(1) Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or
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    disabled adult;
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           m. (m) Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a
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    destructive device or bomb;
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           n. (n) Carjacking;
           o.(o) Home-invasion robbery; or
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           p.<del>(p)</del> Aggravated stalking;
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q. Trafficking in cannabis, trafficking in cocaine, capital importation of cocaine, trafficking in illegal drugs, capital importation of illegal drugs, trafficking in phencyclidine, capital importation of phencyclidine, trafficking in methaqualone, capital importation of methaqualone, trafficking in amphetamine, capital importation of amphetamine, trafficking in flunitrazepam, or other violation of s. 893.135(1); or

r. Possession of a firearm by a felon

and during the commission of the offense, or the flight therefrom, such person possessed a "firearm" or "destructive device" as those terms are defined in s. 790.001, shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 10 3 years, except that a person who is convicted for aggravated assault, possession of a firearm by a felon, or burglary of a conveyance shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years if such person possessed a "firearm" or "destructive device" during the commission of the offense.

- 2. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in sub-subparagraphs

  (a)1.a.-q., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony or the flight therefrom, such person discharged a "firearm" or "destructive device" as defined in s. 790.001 shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 20 years.
- 3. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in sub-subparagraphs

  (a)1.a.-q., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission

of the felony or the flight therefrom, such person discharged a "firearm" or "destructive device" as defined in s. 790.001 and, as the result of the discharge, death or great bodily harm was inflicted upon any person, the convicted person shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years and not more than a term of imprisonment of life in prison.

(b) Subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)2., or subparagraph (a)3. does not prevent a court from authorizing a longer sentence of incarceration as authorized by law in addition to the minimum mandatory sentence, or from imposing a sentence of death pursuant to other applicable law.

Subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)2., or subparagraph (a)3. does not authorize a court to impose a lesser sentence than otherwise required by law.

Notwithstanding s. 948.01, adjudication of guilt or imposition of sentence shall not be suspended, deferred, or withheld, and the defendant is not eligible for statutory gain-time under s. 944.275 or any form of discretionary early release, other than pardon or executive clemency, or conditional medical release under s. 947.149, prior to serving the minimum sentence.

(c) If the minimum mandatory terms of imprisonment imposed pursuant to this section exceed the maximum sentences authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921, then the mandatory minimum sentence must be imposed. If the mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment pursuant to this section are less than the sentences that could be imposed as authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921,

then the sentence imposed by the court must include the

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mandatory minimum term of imprisonment as authorized in this
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    section.
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          (d) It is the intent of the Legislature that offenders
    who possess, carry, display, use, threaten to use, or attempt
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    to use firearms or destructive devices be punished to the
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    fullest extent of the law, and the minimum terms of
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    imprisonment imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be
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    imposed for each qualifying felony count for which the person
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    is convicted. The court shall impose any term of imprisonment
    provided for in this subsection consecutively to any other
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    term of imprisonment imposed for any other felony offense.
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          (e) For the purpose of s. 775.087(2) and (3), the term
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   conviction" means a determination of guilt resulting from
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    plea or trial, regardless of whether adjudication was withheld
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    or whether imposition of sentence was suspended.
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           (3)(a)1. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an
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    attempt to commit a felony, regardless of whether the use of a
    firearm is an element of the felony, and the conviction was
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    for:
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           a.<del>1.</del> Murder;
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           b.2. Sexual battery;
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           c.<del>3.</del> Robbery;
           d.4. Burglary;
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           e.<del>5.</del> Arson;
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           f.6. Aggravated assault;
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           g.<del>7.</del> Aggravated battery;
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           h.8. Kidnapping;
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           i.<del>9.</del> Escape;
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           j. 10. Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell,
   manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance;
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           k.<del>11.</del> Aircraft piracy;
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           1.<del>12.</del> Aggravated child abuse;
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           m. 13. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or
    disabled adult;
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           n. 14. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a
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    destructive device or bomb;
           o. 15. Carjacking;
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           p.<del>16.</del> Home-invasion robbery; or
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           q.<del>17.</del> Aggravated stalking; or
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           r. Trafficking in cannabis, trafficking in cocaine,
    capital importation of cocaine, trafficking in illegal drugs,
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    capital importation of illegal drugs, trafficking in
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    phencyclidine, capital importation of phencyclidine,
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    trafficking in methaqualone, capital importation of
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    methaqualone, trafficking in amphetamine, capital importation
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    of amphetamine, trafficking in flunitrazepam, or other
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    violation of s. 893.135(1);
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    and during the commission of the offense, or the flight
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    therefrom, such person possessed a semiautomatic firearm and
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    its high-capacity detachable box magazine or a machine gun as
    defined in s. 790.001, shall be sentenced to a minimum term of
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    imprisonment of 15 \theta years.
           2. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an
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    attempt to commit a felony listed in subparagraph (a)1.,
    regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the
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    felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony
    or the flight therefrom, such person discharged a
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    semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity box magazine or a
   "machine gun" as defined in s. 790.001 shall be sentenced to a
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    minimum term of imprisonment of 20 years.
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3. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in subparagraphs (a)1., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony or the flight therefrom, such person discharged a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity box magazine or a machine gun" as defined in s. 790.001 and, as the result of the discharge, death or great bodily harm was inflicted upon any person, the convicted person shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years and not more than a term of imprisonment of life in prison.

(b) Subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)2., or subparagraph (a)3. does not prevent a court from authorizing a longer sentence of incarceration as authorized by law in addition to the minimum mandatory sentence, or from imposing a sentence of death pursuant to other applicable law.

Subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)2., or subparagraph (a)3. does not authorize a court to impose a lesser sentence than otherwise required by law.

Notwithstanding s. 948.01, adjudication of guilt or imposition of sentence shall not be suspended, deferred, or withheld, and the defendant is not eligible for statutory gain-time under s. 944.275 or any form of discretionary early release, other than pardon or executive clemency, or conditional medical release under s. 947.149, prior to serving the minimum sentence.

(c) If the minimum mandatory terms of imprisonment imposed pursuant to this section exceed the maximum sentences authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921, then the mandatory minimum sentence must be imposed. If the mandatory minimum terms of

imprisonment pursuant to this section are less than the sentences that could be imposed as authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921, then the sentence imposed by the court must include the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment as authorized in this section.

who possess, carry, display, use, threaten to use, or attempt to use a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box magazine or a machine gun as defined in s.

790.001 be punished to the fullest extent of the law, and the minimum terms of imprisonment imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be imposed for each qualifying felony count for which the person is convicted. The court shall impose any term of imprisonment provided for in this subsection consecutively to any other term of imprisonment imposed for any other felony offense.

(e)(b) As used in this subsection, the term:

- 1. "High-capacity detachable box magazine" means any detachable box magazine, for use in a semiautomatic firearm, which is capable of being loaded with more than 20 centerfire cartridges.
- 2. "Semiautomatic firearm" means a firearm which is capable of firing a series of rounds by separate successive depressions of the trigger and which uses the energy of discharge to perform a portion of the operating cycle.

Section 2. Legislative intent and policy; report.--

(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that convicted criminal offenders who meet the criteria in s. 775.087(2)(a)2. and 3. and (3)(a)2. and 3., Florida Statutes, be sentenced to the minimum mandatory prison terms provided herein. For every

case in which the offender meets the criteria in this act and 1 2 does not receive the mandatory minimum prison sentence, the 3 state attorney must explain the sentencing deviation in writing and place such explanation in the case file maintained 4 5 by the state attorney. On a quarterly basis, each state 6 attorney shall submit copies of deviation memoranda regarding 7 offenses committed on or after the effective date of this act 8 to the President of the Florida Prosecuting Attorneys 9 Association, Inc. The association must maintain such information and make such information available to the public 10 11 upon request for at least a 10-year period. 12 (2) Effective July 1, 2000, each state attorney shall 13 annually report to the Speaker of the House, the President of 14 the Senate, and the Executive Office of the Governor regarding the prosecution and sentencing of offenders who met the 15 16 criteria in s. 775.087(2)(a)2. and 3. and (3)(a)2. and 3., 17 Florida Statutes. The report shall include the number of charges received in each circuit during the previous fiscal 18 19 year by law enforcement agencies which based a criminal charge 20 on facts demonstrating that the defendant met the criteria in s. 775.087(2)(a)2. and 3. and (3)(a)2. and 3., Florida 21 Statutes, the case number of the state attorney's office 22 involving such criminal charges, the final disposition, if 23 any, of such cases, whether the minimum mandatory prison terms 24 authorized herein were imposed in such cases, and a copy of 25 26 each memorandum submitted to the courts that state a written basis in those cases in which the state attorney's office did 27 28 not seek that the minimum mandatory prison term be imposed. 29 Cases in which a final disposition has not yet been reached shall be reported in a subsequent annual report. Copies of 30 each report shall be maintained by the Florida Prosecuting

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30 31 Attorneys Association or each elected state attorney. By July 1, 2001, each elected state attorney shall make each annual report available to the public on the Internet.

Section 3. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 775.087, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, the following sections or subdivisions of Florida Statutes, or Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are reenacted to read:

921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity ranking chart.--

(2) The offense severity ranking chart has 10 offense levels, ranked from least severe, which are level 1 offenses, to most severe, which are level 10 offenses, and each felony offense is assigned to a level according to the severity of the offense. For purposes of determining which felony offenses are specifically listed in the offense severity ranking chart and which severity level has been assigned to each of these offenses, the numerical statutory references in the left column of the chart and the felony degree designations in the middle column of the chart are controlling; the language in the right column of the chart is provided solely for descriptive purposes. Reclassification of the degree of the felony through the application of s. 775.0845, s. 775.087, s. 775.0875, s. 794.023, or any other law that provides an enhanced penalty for a felony offense, to any offense listed in the offense severity ranking chart in this section shall not cause the offense to become unlisted and is not subject to the provisions of s. 921.0023.

921.0024 Criminal Punishment Code; worksheet computations; scoresheets.-(1)

## (b) WORKSHEET KEY:

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Legal status points are assessed when any form of legal status existed at the time the offender committed an offense before the court for sentencing. Four (4) sentence points are assessed for an offender's legal status.

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Community sanction violation points are assessed when a community sanction violation is before the court for sentencing. Six (6) sentence points are assessed for each community sanction violation, and each successive community sanction violation; however, if the community sanction violation includes a new felony conviction before the sentencing court, twelve (12) community sanction violation points are assessed for such violation, and for each successive community sanction violation involving a new felony conviction. Multiple counts of community sanction violations before the sentencing court shall not be a basis for multiplying the assessment of community sanction violation points.

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Prior serious felony points: If the offender has a primary offense or any additional offense ranked in level 8, level 9, or level 10, and one or more prior serious felonies, a single assessment of 30 points shall be added. For purposes of this section, a prior serious felony is an offense in the offender's prior record that is ranked in level 8, level 9, or level 10 under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 and for which the offender is serving a sentence of confinement, supervision, or 31 other sanction or for which the offender's date of release

from confinement, supervision, or other sanction, whichever is 1 2 later, is within 3 years before the date the primary offense 3 or any additional offense was committed. 4 5 Prior capital felony points: If the offender has one or more 6 prior capital felonies in the offender's criminal record, 7 points shall be added to the subtotal sentence points of the 8 offender equal to twice the number of points the offender receives for the primary offense and any additional offense. 9 A prior capital felony in the offender's criminal record is a 10 11 previous capital felony offense for which the offender has entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty or has been found 12 13 guilty; or a felony in another jurisdiction which is a capital felony in that jurisdiction, or would be a capital felony if 14 the offense were committed in this state. 15 16 Possession of a firearm, semiautomatic firearm, or machine 17 gun: If the offender is convicted of committing or attempting 18 to commit any felony other than those enumerated in s. 19 20 775.087(2) while having in his possession: a firearm as defined in s. 790.001(6), an additional 18 sentence points are 21 22 assessed; or if the offender is convicted of committing or attempting to commit any felony other than those enumerated in 23 s. 775.087(3) while having in his possession a semiautomatic 24 firearm as defined in s. 775.087(3) or a machine gun as 25 26 defined in s. 790.001(9), an additional 25 sentence points are 27 assessed. 28

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30 31 Sentencing multipliers:

Drug trafficking: If the primary offense is drug trafficking under s. 893.135, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied, at the discretion of the court, for a level 7 or level 8 3 offense, by 1.5. The state attorney may move the sentencing 4 5 court to reduce or suspend the sentence of a person convicted of a level 7 or level 8 offense, if the offender provides 6 7 substantial assistance as described in s. 893.135(4). 8 9 Law enforcement protection: If the primary offense is a violation of the Law Enforcement Protection Act under s. 10 11 775.0823(2), the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 2.5. If the primary offense is a violation of s. 775.0823(3), 12 13 (4), (5), (6), (7), or (8), the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 2.0. If the primary offense is a violation of s. 14 784.07(3) or s. 775.0875(1), or of the Law Enforcement 15 Protection Act under s. 775.0823(9) or (10), the subtotal 16 sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. 17 18 19 Grand theft of a motor vehicle: If the primary offense is 20 grand theft of the third degree involving a motor vehicle and in the offender's prior record, there are three or more grand 21 22 thefts of the third degree involving a motor vehicle, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. 23 24 25 Criminal street gang member: If the offender is convicted of 26 the primary offense and is found to have been a member of a 27 criminal street gang at the time of the commission of the 28 primary offense pursuant to s. 874.04, the subtotal sentence 29 points are multiplied by 1.5.

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Domestic violence in the presence of a child: If the offender is convicted of the primary offense and the primary offense is a crime of domestic violence, as defined in s. 741.28, which was committed in the presence of a child under 16 years of age who is a family household member as defined in s. 741.28(2) with the victim or perpetrator, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied, at the discretion of the court, by 1.5.

947.146 Control Release Authority. --

(3) Within 120 days prior to the date the state correctional system is projected pursuant to s. 216.136 to exceed 99 percent of total capacity, the authority shall determine eligibility for and establish a control release date for an appropriate number of parole ineligible inmates committed to the department and incarcerated within the state who have been determined by the authority to be eligible for discretionary early release pursuant to this section. establishing control release dates, it is the intent of the Legislature that the authority prioritize consideration of eligible inmates closest to their tentative release date. authority shall rely upon commitment data on the offender information system maintained by the department to initially identify inmates who are to be reviewed for control release consideration. The authority may use a method of objective risk assessment in determining if an eligible inmate should be released. Such assessment shall be a part of the department's management information system. However, the authority shall have sole responsibility for determining control release eligibility, establishing a control release date, and effectuating the release of a sufficient number of inmates to maintain the inmate population between 99 percent and 100 31 percent of total capacity. Inmates who are ineligible for

1 control release are inmates who are parole eligible or inmates 2 who: 3 (b) Are serving the mandatory minimum portion of a 4 sentence enhanced under s. 775.087(2) or (3), or s. 784.07(3); 5 6 In making control release eligibility determinations under 7 this subsection, the authority may rely on any document 8 leading to or generated during the course of the criminal proceedings, including, but not limited to, any presentence or 9 postsentence investigation or any information contained in 10 arrest reports relating to circumstances of the offense. 11 12 Section 4. In order to inform the public and to deter 13 and prevent crime in the state, the Executive Office of the 14 Governor shall place public service announcements in visible 15 local media throughout the state explaining the penalties 16 provided in this act. 17 Section 5. This act shall take effect upon becoming a 18 law. 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30

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