Florida Senate - 1999

CS for CS for SB 1206

By the Committees on Commerce and Economic Opportunities; Judiciary; and Senator Webster

	310-1964-99
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to construction; amending s.
3	468.621, F.S.; amending certain grounds for
4	disciplinary action against building code
5	administrators and building officials; amending
б	s. 255.05, F.S., relating to payment bonds of
7	contractors constructing public buildings;
8	providing that the time periods required for
9	providing certain notices or bringing certain
10	actions are not determined by the issuance of a
11	certificate of occupancy or a certificate of
12	substantial completion; amending s. 713.06,
13	F.S.; clarifying certain notice requirements
14	with respect to perfecting a lien for labor,
15	services, or materials furnished under
16	contract; amending s. 713.08, F.S.; providing
17	that the time period required for recording a
18	claim of lien is not determined by the issuance
19	of a certificate of occupancy or a certificate
20	of substantial completion; amending s. 713.135,
21	F.S.; requiring the issuing authority to verify
22	certain information in the notice of
23	commencement; providing an exemption for
24	certain direct contracts for repair or
25	replacement of heating or air-conditioning
26	systems; amending s. 713.16, F.S.; defining the
27	term "information"; specifying that the term
28	does not affect the requirement that certain
29	statements be given under oath; amending s.
30	713.18, F.S., relating to service of notices
31	and other instruments; amending s. 713.23,

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1	F.S.; providing that the time periods required	
2	for serving a notice of nonpayment or bringing	
3	certain actions are not determined by the	
4	issuance of a certificate of occupancy or a	
5	certificate of substantial completion;	
6	specifying that amendments made to s. 713.16,	
7	F.S., are remedial in nature; providing for	
8	retroactive application; providing an effective	
9	date.	
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11	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:	
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13	Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section	
14	255.05, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:	
15	255.05 Bond of contractor constructing public	
16	buildings; form; action by materialmen	
17	(2)(a)1. If a claimant is no longer furnishing labor,	
18	services, or materials on a project, a contractor or the	
19	contractor's agent or attorney may elect to shorten the	
20	prescribed time in this paragraph within which an action to	
21	enforce any claim against a payment bond provided pursuant to	
22	this section may be commenced by recording in the clerk's	
23	office a notice in substantially the following form:	
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25	NOTICE OF CONTEST OF CLAIM	
26	AGAINST PAYMENT BOND	
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29	To:(Name and address of claimant)	
30	You are notified that the undersigned contests your	
31	notice of nonpayment, dated,, and served	
	2	
CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.		

on the undersigned on, and that the 1 2 time within which you may file suit to enforce your claim is 3 limited to 60 days after the date of service of this notice. 4 5 б 7 8 Signed:...(Contractor or Attorney)... 9 10 11 The claim of any claimant upon whom such notice is served and who fails to institute a suit to enforce his or her claim 12 13 against the payment bond within 60 days after service of such 14 notice shall be extinguished automatically. The clerk shall 15 mail a copy of the notice of contest to the claimant at the address shown in the notice of nonpayment or most recent 16 17 amendment thereto and shall certify to such service on the face of such notice and record the notice. Service is complete 18 19 upon mailing. 20 2. A claimant, except a laborer, who is not in privity with the contractor shall, before commencing or not later than 21 45 days after commencing to furnish labor, materials, or 22 supplies for the prosecution of the work, furnish the 23 24 contractor with a notice that he or she intends to look to the 25 bond for protection. A claimant who is not in privity with the contractor and who has not received payment for his or her 26 labor, materials, or supplies shall deliver to the contractor 27 28 and to the surety written notice of the performance of the 29 labor or delivery of the materials or supplies and of the nonpayment. The notice of nonpayment may be served at any time 30 during the progress of the work or thereafter but not before 31 3

1 45 days after the first furnishing of labor, services, or 2 materials, and not later than 90 days after the final 3 furnishing of the labor, services, or materials by the 4 claimant or, with respect to rental equipment, not later than 5 90 days after the date that the rental equipment was last on б the job site available for use. No action for the labor, 7 materials, or supplies may be instituted against the 8 contractor or the surety unless both notices have been given. 9 Notices required or permitted under this section may be served 10 in accordance with s. 713.18.An action, except for an action 11 exclusively for recovery of retainage, must be instituted against the contractor or the surety on the payment bond or 12 13 the payment provisions of a combined payment and performance bond within 1 year after the performance of the labor or 14 completion of delivery of the materials or supplies. An action 15 exclusively for recovery of retainage must be instituted 16 17 against the contractor or the surety within 1 year after the 18 performance of the labor or completion of delivery of the 19 materials or supplies, or within 90 days after the 20 contractor's receipt of final payment (or the payment estimate containing the owner's final reconciliation of quantities if 21 22 no further payment is earned and due as a result of deductive 23 adjustments) by the contractor or surety, whichever comes 24 last. A claimant may not waive in advance his or her right to 25 bring an action under the bond against the surety. In any action brought to enforce a claim against a payment bond under 26 this section, the prevailing party is entitled to recover a 27 28 reasonable fee for the services of his or her attorney for 29 trial and appeal or for arbitration, in an amount to be determined by the court, which fee must be taxed as part of 30 31 the prevailing party's costs, as allowed in equitable actions.

4

The time periods for service of a notice of nonpayment or for 1 2 bringing an action against a contractor or a surety shall be 3 measured from the last day of furnishing labor, services, or 4 materials by the claimant and may not be measured by other 5 standards, such as the issuance of a certificate of occupancy б or the issuance of a certificate of substantial completion. 7 Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 713.06, Florida 8 Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 9 713.06 Liens of persons not in privity; proper 10 payments. --11 (2)(a) All lienors under this section, except laborers, as a prerequisite to perfecting a lien under this 12 chapter and recording a claim of lien, must serve a notice on 13 the owner setting forth the lienor's name and address, a 14 description sufficient for identification of the real 15 property, and the nature of the services or materials 16 17 furnished or to be furnished. A sub-subcontractor or a materialman to a subcontractor must serve a copy of the notice 18 19 on the contractor as a prerequisite to perfecting a lien under 20 this chapter and recording a claim of lien. A materialman to a sub-subcontractor must serve a copy of the notice to owner on 21 the contractor as a prerequisite to perfecting a lien under 22 this chapter and recording a claim of lien. A materialman to a 23 24 sub-subcontractor shall serve the notice to owner on the subcontractor if the materialman knows the name and address of 25 the subcontractor. The notice must be served before 26 commencing, or not later than 45 days after commencing, to 27 28 furnish his or her labor, services, or materials, but, in any 29 event, before the date of the owner's disbursement of the final payment after the contractor has furnished the affidavit 30 31 under subparagraph (3)(d)1. The notice must be served

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regardless of the method of payments by the owner, whether 1 2 proper or improper, and does not give to the lienor serving 3 the notice any priority over other lienors in the same 4 category; and the failure to serve the notice, or to timely 5 serve it, is a complete defense to enforcement of a lien by б any person. The serving of the notice does not dispense with 7 recording the claim of lien. The notice is not a lien, cloud, or encumbrance on the real property nor actual or constructive 8 9 notice of any of them. 10 (b) If the owner, in his or her notice of 11 commencement, has designated a person in addition to himself or herself to receive a copy of such lienor's notice, as 12 provided in s. 713.13(1)(b), the lienor shall serve a copy of 13 14 his or her notice on the person so designated. The failure by the lienor to serve such copy, however, does not invalidate an 15 otherwise valid lien. 16 17 (c) The notice may must be in substantially the following form and must contain the information and the 18 19 warning contained in the following form: 20 WARNING TO OWNER: UNDER FLORIDA LAW, YOUR FAILURE TO MAKE SURE 21 THAT WE ARE PAID MAY RESULT IN A LIEN AGAINST YOUR PROPERTY 22 AND YOUR PAYING TWICE. 23 24 25 TO AVOID A LIEN AND PAYING TWICE, YOU MUST OBTAIN A WRITTEN RELEASE FROM US EVERY TIME YOU PAY YOUR CONTRACTOR. 26 27 28 NOTICE TO OWNER 29 To ... (Owner's name and address)... 30 31 6

1 The undersigned hereby informs you that he or she has 2 furnished or is furnishing services or materials as follows: 3 ... (General description of services or materials)... for the 4 improvement of the real property identified as ... (property 5 description)... under an order given by..... 6 7 Florida law prescribes the serving of this notice and restricts your right to make payments under your contract in 8 accordance with Section 713.06, Florida Statutes. 9 10 11 IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR YOUR PROTECTION 12 13 Under Florida's laws, those who work on your property 14 15 or provide materials and are not paid have a right to enforce their claim for payment against your property. This claim is 16 17 known as a construction lien. If your contractor fails to pay subcontractors or 18 19 material suppliers or neglects to make other legally required 20 payments, the people who are owed money may look to your property for payment, EVEN IF YOU HAVE PAID YOUR CONTRACTOR IN 21 22 FULL. 23 24 PROTECT YOURSELF: --RECOGNIZE that this Notice to Owner may result in a 25 lien against your property unless all those supplying a Notice 26 27 to Owner have been paid. 28 --LEARN more about the Construction Lien Law, Chapter 29 713, Part I, Florida Statutes, and the meaning of this notice by contacting an attorney or the Florida Department of 30 31 Business and Professional Regulation. 7

1 ...(Lienor's Signature)... 2 ...(Lienor's Name)... 3 ...(Lienor's Address)... 4 5 Copies to: ... (Those persons listed in Section 713.06(2)(a) б and (b), Florida Statutes)... 7 8 The form may be combined with a notice to contractor given under s. 713.23 or s. 255.05, and, if so, may be entitled 9 10 'NOTICE TO OWNER/NOTICE TO CONTRACTOR." 11 (d) A notice to an owner served on a lender must be in writing, must be served in accordance with s. 713.18, and 12 13 shall be addressed to the persons designated, if any, and to the place and address designated in the notice of 14 commencement. Any lender who, after receiving a notice 15 provided under this subsection, pays a contractor on behalf of 16 17 the owner for an improvement shall make proper payments as provided in paragraph (3)(c) as to each such notice received 18 19 by the lender. The failure of a lender to comply with this paragraph renders the lender liable to the owner for all 20 damages sustained by the owner as a result of that failure. 21 This paragraph does not give any person other than an owner a 22 claim or right of action against a lender for the failure of 23 24 the lender to comply with this paragraph. Further, this 25 paragraph does not prohibit a lender from disbursing construction funds at any time directly to the owner, in which 26 27 event the lender has no obligation to make proper payments 28 under this paragraph. 29 (e) A lienor, in the absence of a recorded notice of 30 commencement, may rely on the information contained in the 31

8

1 building permit application to serve the notice prescribed in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c). 2 3 (f) If a lienor has substantially complied with the 4 provisions of paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), errors or 5 omissions do not prevent the enforcement of a claim against a б person who has not been adversely affected by such omission or 7 error. However, a lienor must strictly comply with the time 8 requirements of paragraph (a). Section 3. Subsection (5) of section 713.08, Florida 9 10 Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 11 713.08 Claim of lien.--(5) The claim of lien may be recorded at any time 12 13 during the progress of the work or thereafter but not later than 90 days after the final furnishing of the labor or 14 services or materials by the lienor; or, with respect to 15 rental equipment, within 90 days after the date that the 16 17 rental equipment was last on the job site available for use; provided if the original contractor defaults or the contract 18 19 is terminated under s. 713.07(4), no claim for a lien attaching prior to such default shall be recorded after 90 20 days from the date of such default or 90 days after the final 21 performance of labor or services or furnishing of materials, 22 whichever occurs first. The time period for recording a claim 23 24 of lien shall be measured from the last day of furnishing 25 labor, services, or materials by the lienor and may not be measured by other standards, such as the issuance of a 26 27 certificate of occupancy or the issuance of a certificate of 28 substantial completion. The claim of lien shall be recorded in 29 the clerk's office. If such real property is situated in two or more counties, the claim of lien shall be recorded in the 30 31 clerk's office in each of such counties. The recording of the

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1 claim of lien shall be constructive notice to all persons of 2 the contents and effect of such claim. The validity of the 3 lien and the right to record a claim therefor shall not be 4 affected by the insolvency, bankruptcy, or death of the owner 5 before the claim of lien is recorded. б Section 4. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 713.135, 7 Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to read: 8 713.135 Notice of commencement and applicability of 9 lien.--10 (1)When any person applies for a building permit, the 11 authority issuing such permit shall: (a) Print on the face of each permit card in no less 12 than 18-point, capitalized, boldfaced type: 13 WARNING TO OWNER: YOUR FAILURE TO RECORD A NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT MAY 14 RESULT IN YOUR PAYING TWICE FOR IMPROVEMENTS TO YOUR PROPERTY. 15 IF YOU INTEND TO OBTAIN FINANCING, CONSULT WITH YOUR LENDER OR 16 17 AN ATTORNEY BEFORE RECORDING YOUR NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT." 18 (b) Provide the applicant and the owner of the real 19 property upon which improvements are to be constructed with a 20 printed statement stating that the right, title, and interest of the person who has contracted for the improvement may be 21 subject to attachment under the Construction Lien Law. The 22 Department of Business and Professional Regulation shall 23 24 furnish, for distribution, the statement described in this 25 paragraph, and the statement must be a summary of the Construction Lien Law and must include an explanation of the 26 provisions of the Construction Lien Law relating to the 27 28 recording, and the posting of copies, of notices of 29 commencement and a statement encouraging the owner to record a notice of commencement and post a copy of the notice of 30 31 commencement thereof in accordance with s. 713.13. However,

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the failure by the authorities to provide the summary does not
subject the issuing authority to liability.

3 (c) Inform each applicant who is not the person whose 4 right, title, and interest is subject to attachment that, as a 5 condition to the issuance of a building permit, the applicant 6 must promise in good faith that the statement will be 7 delivered to the person whose property is subject to 8 attachment.

9 (d) Furnish to the applicant two or more copies of a 10 form of notice of commencement conforming with s. 713.13. If 11 the direct contract is greater than \$2,500, the applicant shall file with the issuing authority prior to the first 12 13 inspection either a certified copy of the recorded notice of commencement or a notarized statement that the notice of 14 commencement has been filed for recording, along with a copy 15 thereof. In the absence of the filing of a certified copy of 16 17 the recorded notice of commencement, the issuing authority shall not perform or approve subsequent inspections until the 18 19 applicant files by mail, facsimile, hand delivery, or any 20 other means such certified copy with the issuing authority. The certified copy of the notice of commencement must contain 21 the name and address of the owner, the name and address of the 22 contractor, and the location or address of the property being 23 24 improved. The issuing authority shall verify that the name and 25 address of the owner, the name of the contractor, and the location or address of the property being improved which is 26 27 contained in the certified copy of the notice of commencement 28 is consistent with the same information in the building permit 29 application. The issuing authority shall provide the recording 30 information on the certified copy of the recorded notice of 31 commencement to any person upon request. This subsection does

11

1 not require Nothing herein shall be interpreted as requiring 2 or encouraging the recording of a notice of commencement prior 3 to the issuance of a building permit. If a local government requires a separate permit or inspection for installation of 4 5 temporary electrical service or other temporary utility б service, land clearing, or other preliminary site work, such 7 permits may be issued and such inspections may be conducted 8 without providing the issuing authority with a certified copy of a recorded notice of commencement or a notarized statement 9 10 regarding a recorded notice of commencement. This paragraph 11 does not apply to a direct contract to repair or replace an existing heating or air-conditioning system in an amount less 12 13 than \$5,000. (4) An issuing authority under subsection (1) is not 14 liable in any civil action for the failure to verify that a 15 certified copy of the recorded notice of commencement has been 16 17 filed in accordance with this section. Section 5. Subsection (6) is added to section 713.16, 18 19 Florida Statutes, to read: 20 713.16 Demand for copy of contract and statements of 21 account; form. --22 (6) For purposes of this section, the term "information" means information concerning the nature and 23 quantity of the labor, services, and materials furnished or to 24 25 be furnished and the amount paid, the amount due, and the amount to become due on the account. The term "information" 26 27 does not mean or affect, in any way, the requirement in this 28 section that the statement must be given under oath. 29 Section 6. Section 713.18, Florida Statutes, 1998 30 Supplement, is amended to read: 31

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1 713.18 Manner of serving notices and other 2 instruments. --3 (1) Service of notices, claims of lien, affidavits, 4 assignments, and other instruments permitted or required under 5 this part, or copies thereof when so permitted or required, б unless otherwise specifically provided in this part, must be 7 made by one of the following methods: 8 (a) By actual delivery to the person to be served; or, 9 if a partnership, to one of the partners; or, if a 10 corporation, to an officer, director, managing agent, or 11 business agent thereof. (b) By mailing the same, postage prepaid, by 12 13 registered or certified mail to the person to be served at her or his last known address and evidence of delivery. If a 14 15 notice to owner or a notice to contractor under s. 713.23 is mailed pursuant to this paragraph within 40 days after the 16 17 date the lienor first furnishes labor, services, or materials, service of that notice is effective as of the date of mailing 18 19 if the person who served the notice maintains a registered or 20 certified mail log that shows the date the notice was served, the registered or certified mail number issued by the United 21 States Postal Service, the name and address of the person 22 served, and the date stamp of the United States Postal Service 23 24 confirming the date of mailing. If an instrument served 25 pursuant to this paragraph to the last address shown in the notice of commencement or any amendment thereto or, in the 26 absence of a notice of commencement, to the last address shown 27 28 in the building permit application is not received, but is 29 returned by the United States Postal Service as being "refused," "moved, not forwardable," or "unclaimed," or is 30 31 otherwise not delivered or deliverable through no fault of the

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1 person serving the item, then service is effective as of the 2 date of mailing. 3 (c) If neither of the foregoing methods can be 4 accomplished, by posting on the premises. 5 (2) If the real property is owned by more than one б person, a lienor may serve any notices or other papers under 7 this part on any one of such owners, and such notice is deemed 8 notice to all owners. 9 (3) Service of notices or copies thereof, permitted or 10 required under this part, may be made by facsimile 11 transmission when the person being served has listed that person's facsimile phone number in the Notice of Commencement. 12 13 The lienor's facsimile confirmation sheet with the correct facsimile phone number shall be proof of the date and time the 14 notice was served. 15 Section 7. Paragraphs (d) and (e) of subsection (1) of 16 17 section 713.23, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended 18 to read: 19 713.23 Payment bond.--20 (1) In addition, a lienor is required, as a condition 21 (d) precedent to recovery under the bond, to serve a written 22 notice of nonpayment to the contractor and the surety not 23 24 later than 90 days after the final furnishing of labor, 25 services, or materials by the lienor. A written notice satisfies this condition precedent with respect to the payment 26 27 described in the notice of nonpayment and with respect to any 28 other payments which become due to the lienor after the date 29 of the notice of nonpayment. The time period for serving a written notice of nonpayment shall be measured from the last 30 day of furnishing labor, services, or materials by the lienor 31

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1 and may not be measured by other standards, such as the 2 issuance of a certificate of occupancy or the issuance of a 3 certificate of substantial completion. The failure of a lienor to receive retainage sums not in excess of 10 percent of the 4 5 value of labor, services, or materials furnished by the lienor б is not considered a nonpayment requiring the service of the 7 notice provided under this paragraph. The notice under this paragraph may be in substantially the following form: 8 9 10 NOTICE OF NONPAYMENT 11 12 To ... (name of contractor and address)... 13 14 ... (name of surety and address)... 15 The undersigned notifies you that he or she has furnished 16 17 ...(describe labor, services, or materials)... for the improvement of the real property identified as ... (property 18 19 description).... The amount now due and unpaid is \$..... 20 ... (signature and address of lienor)... 21 22 (e) No action for the labor or materials or supplies 23 24 may be instituted or prosecuted against the contractor or 25 surety unless both notices have been given. No action shall be instituted or prosecuted against the contractor or against 26 the surety on the bond under this section after 1 year from 27 28 the performance of the labor or completion of delivery of the 29 materials and supplies. The time period for bringing an action against the contractor or surety on the bond shall be measured 30 from the last day of furnishing labor, services, or materials 31

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1 by the lienor and shall not be measured by other standards, such as the issuance of a certificate of occupancy or the 2 3 issuance of a certificate of substantial completion.A 4 contractor or the contractor's agent or attorney may elect to 5 shorten the prescribed time within which an action to enforce б any claim against a payment bond provided pursuant to this 7 section or s. 713.245 may be commenced by recording in the clerk's office a notice in substantially the following form: 8 9 10 NOTICE OF CONTEST OF CLAIM 11 AGAINST PAYMENT BOND 12 13 ... (Name and address of lienor)... то: 14 You are notified that the undersigned contests your 15 notice of nonpayment, dated, and served on the 16 undersigned on, and that the time within which you 17 may file suit to enforce your claim is limited to 60 days from the date of service of this notice. 18 19 20 DATED on, 21 22 Signed: ... (Contractor or Attorney)... 23 24 The claim of any lienor upon whom such notice is served and 25 who fails to institute a suit to enforce his or her claim 26 27 against the payment bond within 60 days after service of such 28 notice shall be extinguished automatically. The clerk shall 29 mail a copy of the notice of contest to the lienor at the address shown in the notice of nonpayment or most recent 30 31 amendment thereto and shall certify to such service on the 16

1 face of such notice and record the notice. Service is complete 2 upon mailing. 3 Section 8. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section 468.621, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to 4 5 read: б 468.621 Disciplinary proceedings.--7 (1) The following acts constitute grounds for which 8 the disciplinary actions in subsection (2) may be taken: 9 (q) Failing to properly enforce applicable building 10 codes by committing Committing willful misconduct, gross 11 negligence, gross misconduct, repeated negligence, or negligence resulting in a significant danger to life or 12 13 property by failure to properly enforce applicable building codes. 14 15 Section 9. The amendment to section 713.16, Florida Statutes, in this act is remedial in nature. The amendment is 16 17 consistent with plain meaning and the original intent of section 319 of chapter 94-119, Laws of Florida. Accordingly, 18 19 it is the intent of the Legislature that the amendment to section 713.16, Florida Statutes, in this act apply 20 retroactively to May 4, 1994. 21 Section 10. This act shall take effect October 1, 22 23 1999. 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 17

1	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
2	CS for Senate Bill 1206
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4 5	Provides that notices required or permitted under s. 255.05, F.S., may be served in accordance with s. 713.18, F.S., which provides for delivery, delivery by certified mail, and posting
6	in certain circumstances.
7	Removes a provision that would have permitted service of notices, claims of lien, affidavits, and other instruments by overnight or second-day delivery under s. 713.18, F.S.
8	Amends s. 713.16, F.S., to provide that the term "information"
9	means the nature and quantity of labor, services, and materials furnished or to be furnished and the amount paid,
10 11	the amount due, and the amount to become due on account and to provide that the term information does not mean or affect, in
12	any way, the requirement in this section that a statement of account must be given under oath. Provides that this revision to the statute is to be applied retroactively to 1994.
13	Removes a requirement that an issuing authority verify that the address of the contractor contained in the copy of the
14	notice of commencement is consistent with the building permit application.
15	Amends s. 468.621, F.S., to provide that failing to properly
16	Amends s. 468.621, F.S., to provide that failing to properly enforce applicable building codes by committing willful misconduct, gross negligence, gross misconduct, repeated
17	misconduct, gross negligence, gross misconduct, repeated negligence, or negligence resulting in a significant danger to life or property is a ground for disciplinary proceedings
18	against certain building code administrators and inspectors.
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