Florida House of Representatives - 1999 By Representative Crist

A bill to be entitled
An act relating to punishment of felons;
creating the "Three-Strike Violent Felony
Offender Act"; amending s. 775.084, F.S.,
relating to sentencing of habitual felony
offenders, habitual violent felony offenders,
and violent career criminals; redefining the
terms "habitual felony offender" and "habitual
violent felony offender"; revising the
alternative time periods within which the
habitual felony offender or habitual violent
felony offender could have committed the felony
to be sentenced; providing that the felony to
be sentenced could have been committed either
while the defendant was serving a prison
sentence or other sentence, or within 5 years
of the defendant's release from a prison
sentence, probation, community control, or
other sentence, under specified circumstances
when the sentence was imposed as a result of a
prior conviction for a felony, enumerated
felony, or other qualified offense; removing
certain references to "commitment" and
otherwise conforming terminology; revising
criteria for a prior conviction or a prior
felony for purposes of sentencing as a habitual
felony offender, habitual violent offender, or
violent career criminal; providing that the
placing of a person on probation without an
adjudication of guilt shall be treated as a
prior conviction regardless of when the

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1	subsequent offense was committed; removing
2	certain requirements that, in order to be
3	counted as a prior felony, the felony must have
4	resulted in prior conviction sentenced
5	separately from any other felony conviction
6	counted as a prior felony; defining "three-time
7	violent felony offender"; providing a category
8	of enumerated felony offenses within the
9	definition, including arson, sexual battery,
10	robbery, kidnapping, aggravated child abuse,
11	aggravated abuse of an elderly person or
12	disabled adult, aggravated assault, murder,
13	manslaughter, aggravated manslaughter of an
14	elderly person or disabled adult, aggravated
15	manslaughter of a child, unlawful throwing,
16	placing, or discharging of a destructive device
17	or bomb, armed burglary, aggravated battery,
18	aggravated stalking, or certain qualified
19	offenses; requiring the court to sentence a
20	defendant as a three-time violent felony
21	offender and impose certain mandatory minimum
22	terms of imprisonment under specified
23	circumstances when the defendant is to be
24	sentenced for committing, or conspiring or
25	attempting to commit, any of the enumerated
26	felony offenses and the defendant has
27	previously been convicted of committing, or
28	conspiring or attempting to commit, any two of
29	the enumerated felony offenses; providing
30	penalties; providing procedures and criteria
31	for court determination if the defendant is a
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1	three-time violent felony offender; providing
2	for sentencing as a three-time violent felony
3	offender; providing mandatory term of
4	imprisonment for life when the three-time
5	violent felony offense for which the defendant
6	is to be sentenced is a felony punishable by
7	life; providing mandatory prison term of 30
8	years when the three-time violent felony
9	offense is a first degree felony; providing
10	mandatory prison term of 15 years when the
11	three-time violent felony offense is a second
12	degree felony; providing mandatory prison term
13	of 5 years when the three-time violent felony
14	offense is a third degree felony; providing for
15	construction; providing that certain sentences
16	imposed before July 1, 1999, are not subject to
17	s. 921.002, F.S., relating to the Criminal
18	Punishment Code; requiring a three-time violent
19	felony offender to serve 100 percent of the
20	court-imposed sentence; providing for
21	ineligibility of a three-time violent felony
22	offender for parole, control release, or early
23	release; amending ss. 784.07 and 784.08, F.S.;
24	providing minimum terms of imprisonment for
25	persons convicted of aggravated assault or
26	aggravated battery of a law enforcement officer
27	or a person 65 years of age or older; amending
28	s. 790.235, F.S., relating to prohibitions
29	against, and penalties for, unlawful possession
30	or other unlawful acts involving firearm,
31	electric weapon or device, or concealed weapon
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1	by a violent career criminal; conforming cross
2	references to changes made by the act; creating
3	s. 794.0115, F.S.; defining "repeat sexual
4	batterer"; providing within the definition a
5	category of enumerated felony offenses in
6	violation of s. 794.011, F.S., relating to
7	sexual battery; requiring the court to sentence
8	a defendant as a repeat sexual batterer and
9	impose a 10-year mandatory minimum term of
10	imprisonment under specified circumstances when
11	the defendant is to be sentenced for
12	committing, or conspiring or attempting to
13	commit, any of the enumerated felony violations
14	of s. 794.011, F.S., and the defendant has
15	previously been convicted of committing, or
16	conspiring or attempting to commit, any one of
17	certain enumerated felony offenses involving
18	sexual battery; providing penalties; providing
19	procedures and criteria for court determination
20	if the defendant is a repeat sexual batterer;
21	providing for sentencing as a repeat sexual
22	batterer; providing for construction; amending
23	s. 794.011, F.S., to conform references to
24	changes made by the act; providing an effective
25	date.
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27	WHEREAS, in 1996, Florida had the highest violent crime
28	rate of any state in the nation, exceeding the national
29	average by 66 percent, and
30	WHEREAS, although this state possessed the highest
31	state violent crime rate in 1996 in the nation, the
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incarceration rate in this state in 1996 was less than the 1 incarceration rate in at least eleven other states, all of 2 3 which had a lower violent crime rate than the rate in this 4 state, and 5 WHEREAS, since 1988, criminals in this state have б committed at least 1.6 million violent crimes against 7 Floridians and visitors to this state, and 8 WHEREAS, the per capita violent crime rate has 9 increased 86 percent in this state in the last 25 years, and WHEREAS, in fiscal year 1996-1997, over 16,000 violent 10 11 felons in this state were sentenced to probation, community control, and other punishments that did not incarcerate the 12 13 violent felon for the maximum prison term authorized by law, 14 and WHEREAS, during that same fiscal year, less than 9,900 15 16 violent felons were sentenced to prison, while during that 17 same period criminals committed approximately 150,000 violent felonies, and 18 WHEREAS, in this state, as of June 30, 1997, more 19 20 violent felons were on probation, community control, control 21 release, or parole, than were in state prison, and 22 WHEREAS, in 1997, only 15.6 percent of all persons convicted of a felony were sentenced to state prison, the 23 second lowest rate of incarcerated felons since 1984, and 24 WHEREAS, the rate of incarcerated felons has declined 25 26 seven out of the last eight years, and 27 WHEREAS, since fiscal year 1993-1994, the per capita 28 prison population rate in this state has increased 10 percent 29 and the proportion of violent offenders incarcerated in state prison has increased 5 percent, and 30 31

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WHEREAS, since 1995, the Florida Legislature has
 enacted stronger criminal punishment laws, including requiring
 all prisoners to serve 85 percent of their court-imposed
 sentences, and

5 WHEREAS, since 1994, the violent crime rate in this 6 state has decreased 9.8 percent, and

7 WHEREAS, the Legislature previously has found that a 8 substantial and disproportionate number of serious crimes are 9 committed in this state by a relatively small number of repeat and violent felony offenders, that priority should be given to 10 11 the incarceration of career criminals for extended prison 12 terms, and that, in the case of violent career criminals, such 13 extended terms must include substantial minimum terms of 14 imprisonment, and

WHEREAS, as of June 30, 1997, only 71 designated violent career criminals" have been sentenced to mandatory prison terms, out of a prison population of over 65,000 state inmates; and this number does not approach the true number of repeat violent felony offenders in this state, and

20 WHEREAS, to be sentenced as a "violent career 21 criminal," a felon must be convicted of at least four violent, 22 forcible, or serious felonies and must have served a prison 23 term, and

24 WHEREAS, current law does not require the courts to 25 impose mandatory prison terms on violent felons who commit 26 three violent felonies, and these three-time violent felony 27 offenders should be sentenced to mandatory maximum prison 28 terms to protect citizens of this state and visitors, and 29 WHEREAS, studies such as the recent report issued by 30 the National Center for Policy Analysis, "Does punishment 31

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deter?", indicate that recent crime rates have declined 1 because of the increasing number of incarcerated felons, and 2 3 WHEREAS, since California enacted "three strike" 4 legislation in 1994 that requires courts to impose mandatory 5 prison terms on repeat felony offenders convicted of three б serious crimes, that state has experienced significant 7 reductions in violent crime, and overall crime rates, and 8 WHEREAS, a study by the RAND Corporation estimates that 9 the enforcement of this California legislation will reduce serious crime in California committed by adults between 22 and 10 11 34 percent, and WHEREAS, the enactment and enforcement of legislation 12 13 in Florida that requires courts to impose mandatory prison 14 terms on three-time violent felony offenders will improve public safety by incapacitating repeat offenders who are most 15 16 likely to murder, rape, rob, or assault innocent victims in 17 our communities, and 18 WHEREAS, imposing mandatory prison terms on three-time 19 violent felony offenders will prevent such offenders from 20 committing more crimes in our communities, and likely accelerate recent declines in the violent crime rate in this 21 22 state, NOW, THEREFORE, 23 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 24 25 26 Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Three-Strike 27 Violent Felony Offender Act." 28 Section 2. Section 775.084, Florida Statutes, 1998 29 Supplement, is amended to read: 775.084 Violent career criminals; habitual felony 30 offenders and habitual violent felony offenders; three-time 31 7

1 violent felony offenders; definitions; procedure; enhanced 2 penalties or mandatory minimum prison terms .--3 (1) As used in this act: 4 (a) "Habitual felony offender" means a defendant for 5 whom the court may impose an extended term of imprisonment, as б provided in paragraph (4)(a), if it finds that: 7 1. The defendant has previously been convicted of any 8 combination of two or more felonies in this state or other 9 qualified offenses. 10 The felony for which the defendant is to be 2. 11 sentenced was committed: 12 a. While the defendant was serving a prison sentence 13 or other sentence commitment imposed as a result of a prior 14 conviction for a felony or other qualified offense; or 15 b. Within 5 years of the date of the conviction of the 16 defendant's last prior felony or other qualified offense, or within 5 years of the defendant's release from a prison 17 sentence, probation, community control, or other sentence 18 commitment imposed as a result of a prior conviction for a 19 20 felony or other qualified offense, whichever is later. The felony for which the defendant is to be 21 3. sentenced, and one of the two prior felony convictions, is not 22 a violation of s. 893.13 relating to the purchase or the 23 possession of a controlled substance. 24 25 4. The defendant has not received a pardon for any 26 felony or other qualified offense that is necessary for the 27 operation of this paragraph. 28 5. A conviction of a felony or other qualified offense 29 necessary to the operation of this paragraph has not been set aside in any postconviction proceeding. 30 31 8

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1 "Habitual violent felony offender" means a (b) 2 defendant for whom the court may impose an extended term of 3 imprisonment, as provided in paragraph (4)(b), if it finds 4 that: 5 1. The defendant has previously been convicted of a б felony or an attempt or conspiracy to commit a felony and one 7 or more of such convictions was for: 8 a. Arson; 9 b. Sexual battery; 10 c. Robbery; 11 d. Kidnapping; 12 e. Aggravated child abuse; 13 f. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled 14 adult; 15 g. Aggravated assault; 16 h. Murder; 17 i. Manslaughter; j. Aggravated manslaughter of an elderly person or 18 19 disabled adult; 20 k. Aggravated manslaughter of a child; 1. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 21 22 destructive device or bomb; 23 m. Armed burglary; 24 n. Aggravated battery; or 25 o. Aggravated stalking. 26 2. The felony for which the defendant is to be 27 sentenced was committed: 28 While the defendant was serving a prison sentence a. 29 or other sentence commitment imposed as a result of a prior 30 conviction for an enumerated felony; or 31

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1 Within 5 years of the date of the conviction of the b. 2 last prior enumerated felony, or within 5 years of the 3 defendant's release from a prison sentence, probation, 4 community control, or other sentence commitment imposed as a 5 result of a prior conviction for an enumerated felony, б whichever is later. 7 The defendant has not received a pardon on the 3. 8 ground of innocence for any crime that is necessary for the 9 operation of this paragraph. 10 4. A conviction of a crime necessary to the operation 11 of this paragraph has not been set aside in any postconviction 12 proceeding. 13 (c) "Three-time violent felony offender" means a defendant for whom the court must impose a mandatory minimum 14 15 term of imprisonment, as provided in paragraph (4)(c), if it 16 finds that: 1. The defendant has previously been convicted as an 17 adult two or more times of a felony or an attempt or 18 19 conspiracy to commit a felony and two or more of such 20 convictions were for committing, or attempting or conspiring to commit, any of the following offenses or combination 21 22 thereof: 23 a. Arson; 24 b. Sexual battery; 25 c. Robbery; 26 d. Kidnapping; 27 e. Aggravated child abuse; 28 f. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled 29 adult; 30 g. Aggravated assault; 31 Murder; h.

1	i. Manslaughter;
2	j. Aggravated manslaughter of an elderly person or
3	disabled adult;
4	k. Aggravated manslaughter of a child;
5	1. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a
6	destructive device or bomb;
7	m. Armed burglary;
8	n. Aggravated battery;
9	o. Aggravated stalking; or
10	p. A qualified offense if the elements of the
11	qualified offense are substantially similar to the elements of
12	any felony offense enumerated in sub-subparagraphs ao., or
13	an attempt or conspiracy to commit any such felony offense.
14	2. The felony for which the defendant is to be
15	sentenced is one of the felonies enumerated in
16	sub-subparagraphs 1.ao. and was committed:
17	a. While the defendant was serving a prison sentence
18	or other sentence imposed as a result of a prior conviction
19	for any offense enumerated in sub-subparagraphs 1.ap.; or
20	b. Within 5 years after the date of the conviction of
21	the last prior offense enumerated in sub-subparagraphs
22	1.ap., or within 5 years after the defendant's release from
23	a prison sentence, probation, community control, or other
24	sentence imposed as a result of a prior conviction for any
25	offense enumerated in sub-subparagraphs 1.ap., whichever is
26	later.
27	3. The defendant has not received a pardon on the
28	ground of innocence for any crime that is necessary for the
29	operation of this paragraph.
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1 4. A conviction of a crime necessary to the operation 2 of this paragraph has not been set aside in any postconviction 3 proceeding. (d)(c) "Violent career criminal" means a defendant for 4 5 whom the court must impose imprisonment pursuant to paragraph 6 (4)(d) (c), if it finds that: 7 The defendant has previously been convicted as an 1. 8 adult three or more times for an offense in this state or 9 other qualified offense that is: Any forcible felony, as described in s. 776.08; 10 a. 11 b. Aggravated stalking, as described in s. 784.048(3) 12 and (4); 13 c. Aggravated child abuse, as described in s. 14 827.03(2); d. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled 15 16 adult, as described in s. 825.102(2); e. Lewd, lascivious, or indecent conduct, as described 17 in s. 800.04; 18 19 f. Escape, as described in s. 944.40; or 20 g. A felony violation of chapter 790 involving the use 21 or possession of a firearm. 22 2. The defendant has been incarcerated in a state prison or a federal prison. 23 24 The primary felony offense for which the defendant 3. 25 is to be sentenced is a felony enumerated in subparagraph 1. 26 and was committed on or after October 1, 1995, and: 27 While the defendant was serving a prison sentence a. 28 or other sentence commitment imposed as a result of a prior 29 conviction for an enumerated felony; or Within 5 years after the conviction of the last 30 b. 31 prior enumerated felony, or within 5 years after the 12

1 defendant's release from a prison sentence, probation, 2 community control, or other sentence commitment imposed as a 3 result of a prior conviction for an enumerated felony, 4 whichever is later.

5 4. The defendant has not received a pardon for any
6 felony or other qualified offense that is necessary for the
7 operation of this paragraph.

8 5. A conviction of a felony or other qualified offense
9 necessary to the operation of this paragraph has not been set
10 aside in any postconviction proceeding.

11 (e)(d) "Qualified offense" means any offense, 12 substantially similar in elements and penalties to an offense 13 in this state, which is in violation of a law of any other 14 jurisdiction, whether that of another state, the District of Columbia, the United States or any possession or territory 15 16 thereof, or any foreign jurisdiction, that was punishable under the law of such jurisdiction at the time of its 17 commission by the defendant by death or imprisonment exceeding 18 19 1 year.

(2) For the purposes of this section, the placing of a
person on probation or community control without an
adjudication of guilt shall be treated as a prior conviction
if the subsequent offense for which the person is to be
sentenced was committed during such period of probation or
community control.

26 (3)(a) In a separate proceeding, the court shall 27 determine if the defendant is a habitual felony offender or a 28 habitual violent felony offender. The procedure shall be as 29 follows:

The court shall obtain and consider a presentence
 investigation prior to the imposition of a sentence as a

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habitual felony offender or a habitual violent felony
 offender.

2. Written notice shall be served on the defendant and the defendant's attorney a sufficient time prior to the entry of a plea or prior to the imposition of sentence in order to allow the preparation of a submission on behalf of the defendant.

8 3. Except as provided in subparagraph 1., all evidence
9 presented shall be presented in open court with full rights of
10 confrontation, cross-examination, and representation by
11 counsel.

4. Each of the findings required as the basis for such
sentence shall be found to exist by a preponderance of the
evidence and shall be appealable to the extent normally
applicable to similar findings.

16 5. For the purpose of identification of a habitual
17 felony offender or a habitual violent felony offender, the
18 court shall fingerprint the defendant pursuant to s. 921.241.

6. For an offense committed on or after October 1, 19 20 1995, if the state attorney pursues a habitual felony offender sanction or a habitual violent felony offender sanction 21 22 against the defendant and the court, in a separate proceeding pursuant to this paragraph, determines that the defendant 23 meets the criteria under subsection (1) for imposing such 24 sanction, the court must sentence the defendant as a habitual 25 26 felony offender or a habitual violent felony offender, subject 27 to imprisonment pursuant to this section unless the court 28 finds that such sentence is not necessary for the protection 29 of the public. If the court finds that it is not necessary for the protection of the public to sentence the defendant as 30 31 a habitual felony offender or a habitual violent felony

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offender, the court shall provide written reasons; a written 1 2 transcript of orally stated reasons is permissible, if filed 3 by the court within 7 days after the date of sentencing. Each month, the court shall submit to the Office of Economic and 4 5 Demographic Research of the Legislature the written reasons or 6 transcripts in each case in which the court determines not to 7 sentence a defendant as a habitual felony offender or a 8 habitual violent felony offender as provided in this 9 subparagraph. 10 (b) In a separate proceeding, the court shall determine if the defendant is a three-time violent felony 11 12 offender. The procedure shall be as follows: 13 1. The court shall obtain and consider a presentence 14 investigation prior to the imposition of a sentence as a 15 three-time violent felony offender. 16 2. Written notice shall be served on the defendant and 17 the defendant's attorney a sufficient time prior to the entry of a plea or prior to the imposition of sentence in order to 18 19 allow the preparation of a submission on behalf of the 20 defendant. 3. Except as provided in subparagraph 1., all evidence 21 22 presented shall be presented in open court with full rights of 23 confrontation, cross-examination, and representation by counsel. 24 25 4. Each of the findings required as the basis for such 26 sentence shall be found to exist by a preponderance of the 27 evidence and shall be appealable to the extent normally 28 applicable to similar findings. 29 5. For the purpose of identification of a three-time violent felony offender, the court shall fingerprint the 30 defendant pursuant to s. 921.241. 31

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1 6. For an offense committed on or after the effective 2 date of this act, if the state attorney pursues a three-time 3 violent felony offender sanction against the defendant and the 4 court, in a separate proceeding pursuant to this paragraph, 5 determines that the defendant meets the criteria under 6 subsection (1) for imposing such sanction, the court must 7 sentence the defendant as a three-time violent felony 8 offender, subject to imprisonment pursuant to this section as 9 provided in paragraph (4)(c). 10 (c) (b) In a separate proceeding, the court shall determine whether the defendant is a violent career criminal 11 with respect to a primary offense committed on or after 12 13 October 1, 1995. The procedure shall be as follows: 14 1. Written notice shall be served on the defendant and the defendant's attorney a sufficient time prior to the entry 15 16 of a plea or prior to the imposition of sentence in order to allow the preparation of a submission on behalf of the 17 defendant. 18 19 2. All evidence presented shall be presented in open 20 court with full rights of confrontation, cross-examination, 21 and representation by counsel. 22 3. Each of the findings required as the basis for such sentence shall be found to exist by a preponderance of the 23 evidence and shall be appealable only as provided in paragraph 24 (d)(c). 25 26 4. For the purpose of identification, the court shall 27 fingerprint the defendant pursuant to s. 921.241. 28 5. For an offense committed on or after October 1, 29 1995, if the state attorney pursues a violent career criminal sanction against the defendant and the court, in a separate 30 31 proceeding pursuant to this paragraph, determines that the 16 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

defendant meets the criteria under subsection (1) for imposing 1 such sanction, the court must sentence the defendant as a 2 violent career criminal, subject to imprisonment pursuant to 3 this section unless the court finds that such sentence is not 4 5 necessary for the protection of the public. If the court finds that it is not necessary for the protection of the 6 7 public to sentence the defendant as a violent career criminal, 8 the court shall provide written reasons; a written transcript 9 of orally stated reasons is permissible, if filed by the court within 7 days after the date of sentencing. Each month, the 10 11 court shall submit to the Office of Economic and Demographic Research of the Legislature the written reasons or transcripts 12 13 in each case in which the court determines not to sentence a 14 defendant as a violent career criminal as provided in this 15 subparagraph.

16 (d) (d) (c) 1. A person sentenced under paragraph (4)(d) (c) as a violent career criminal has the right of direct appeal, 17 and either the state or the defendant may petition the trial 18 19 court to vacate an illegal sentence at any time. However, the 20 determination of the trial court to impose or not to impose a 21 violent career criminal sentence is presumed appropriate and 22 no petition or motion for collateral or other postconviction relief may be considered based on an allegation either by the 23 state or the defendant that such sentence is inappropriate, 24 25 inadequate, or excessive.

26 2. It is the intent of the Legislature that, with 27 respect to both direct appeal and collateral review of violent 28 career criminal sentences, all claims of error or illegality 29 be raised at the first opportunity and that no claim should be 30 filed more than 2 years after the judgment and sentence became 31 final, unless it is established that the basis for the claim

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could not have been ascertained at the time by the exercise of 1 2 due diligence. Technical violations and mistakes at trials and 3 sentencing proceedings involving violent career criminals that do not affect due process or fundamental fairness are not 4 5 appealable by either the state or the defendant. 6 3. It is the intent of the Legislature that no funds, 7 resources, or employees of the state or its political 8 subdivisions be used, directly or indirectly, in appellate or 9 collateral proceedings based on violent career criminal sentencing, except when such use is constitutionally or 10 11 statutorily mandated. 12 (4)(a) The court, in conformity with the procedure 13 established in paragraph (3)(a), may sentence the habitual 14 felony offender as follows: 15 In the case of a life felony or a felony of the 1. 16 first degree, for life. 2. In the case of a felony of the second degree, for a 17 term of years not exceeding 30. 18 19 In the case of a felony of the third degree, for a 3. 20 term of years not exceeding 10. (b) The court, in conformity with the procedure 21 22 established in paragraph (3)(a), may sentence the habitual violent felony offender as follows: 23 24 In the case of a life felony or a felony of the 1. first degree, for life, and such offender shall not be 25 26 eligible for release for 15 years. 27 2. In the case of a felony of the second degree, for a 28 term of years not exceeding 30, and such offender shall not be 29 eligible for release for 10 years. 30 31

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In the case of a felony of the third degree, for a 1 3. 2 term of years not exceeding 10, and such offender shall not be 3 eligible for release for 5 years. 4 (c)1. The court, in conformity with the procedure established in paragraph (3)(c), must sentence the three-time 5 6 violent felony offender to a mandatory minimum term of 7 imprisonment, as follows: 8 In the case of a felony punishable by life, to a a. 9 term of imprisonment for life; 10 b. In the case of a felony of the first degree, to a 11 term of imprisonment of 30 years; 12 c. In the case of a felony of the second degree, to a 13 term of imprisonment of 15 years; or 14 d. In the case of a felony of the third degree, to a 15 term of imprisonment of 5 years. 16 2. Nothing in this subsection shall prevent a court 17 from imposing a greater sentence of incarceration as 18 authorized by law. 19 (d) (d) (c) The court, in conformity with the procedure 20 established in paragraph (3)(c)(b), shall sentence the violent career criminal as follows: 21 1. In the case of a life felony or a felony of the 22 23 first degree, for life. 24 2. In the case of a felony of the second degree, for a 25 term of years not exceeding 40, with a mandatory minimum term 26 of 30 years' imprisonment. 27 3. In the case of a felony of the third degree, for a 28 term of years not exceeding 15, with a mandatory minimum term 29 of 10 years' imprisonment. (e)(d) If the court finds, pursuant to paragraph 30 31 (3)(a) or paragraph (3)(c) $\frac{(b)}{(b)}$, that it is not necessary for 19

the protection of the public to sentence a defendant who meets 1 2 the criteria for sentencing as a habitual felony offender, a 3 habitual violent felony offender, or a violent career criminal, with respect to an offense committed on or after 4 5 October 1, 1995, sentence shall be imposed without regard to б this section. 7 (f)(e) At any time when it appears to the court that 8 the defendant is eligible for sentencing under this section, 9 the court shall make that determination as provided in 10 paragraph (3)(a) or paragraph (3)(c)(b). 11 (g) (f) A sentence imposed under this section shall not 12 be increased after such imposition. 13 (h) (g) A sentence imposed under this section for an 14 offense committed before July 1, 1999, is not subject to s. 15 921.002. 16 (i)(h) The provisions of this section do not apply to 17 capital felonies, and a sentence authorized under this section does not preclude the imposition of the death penalty for a 18 capital felony. 19 20 (j)(i) The provisions of s. 947.1405 shall apply to persons sentenced as habitual felony offenders and persons 21 22 sentenced as habitual violent felony offenders. (k) (j)1. A defendant sentenced under this section as a 23 habitual felony offender, a habitual violent felony offender, 24 or a violent career criminal is eligible for gain-time granted 25 26 by the Department of Corrections as provided in s. 27 944.275(4)(b). 28 2. For an offense committed on or after October 1, 29 1995, a defendant sentenced under this section as a violent 30 career criminal is not eligible for any form of discretionary 31

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early release, other than pardon or executive clemency, or 1 2 conditional medical release granted pursuant to s. 947.149. 3 3. For an offense committed on or after July 1, 1999, 4 a defendant sentenced under this section as a three-time 5 violent felony offender shall be released only by expiration 6 of sentence and shall not be eligible for parole, control 7 release, or any form of early release. Any person sentenced as 8 a three-time violent felony offender must serve 100 percent of 9 the court-imposed sentence. 10 (5) In order to be counted as a prior felony for 11 purposes of sentencing under this section, the felony must have resulted in a conviction sentenced separately prior to 12 13 the current offense and sentenced separately from any other 14 felony conviction that is to be counted as a prior felony. 15 (5) (5) (6) The purpose of this section is to provide 16 uniform punishment for those crimes made punishable under this section, and to this end, a reference to this section 17 constitutes a general reference under the doctrine of 18 incorporation by reference. 19 20 Section 3. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (2) of section 784.07, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended 21 22 to read: 784.07 Assault or battery of law enforcement officers, 23 firefighters, emergency medical care providers, public transit 24 25 employees or agents, or other specified officers; 26 reclassification of offenses; minimum sentences .--27 (2) Whenever any person is charged with knowingly 28 committing an assault or battery upon a law enforcement 29 officer, a firefighter, an emergency medical care provider, a traffic accident investigation officer as described in s. 30 31 316.640, a traffic infraction enforcement officer as described 21

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in s. 318.141, a parking enforcement specialist as defined in 1 2 s. 316.640, or a security officer employed by the board of 3 trustees of a community college, while the officer, firefighter, emergency medical care provider, intake officer, 4 5 traffic accident investigation officer, traffic infraction enforcement officer, parking enforcement specialist, public 6 7 transit employee or agent, or security officer is engaged in 8 the lawful performance of his or her duties, the offense for which the person is charged shall be reclassified as follows: 9 10 (c) In the case of aggravated assault, from a felony 11 of the third degree to a felony of the second degree. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any person 12 13 convicted of aggravated assault upon a law enforcement officer shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 3 14 15 years. 16 (d) In the case of aggravated battery, from a felony of the second degree to a felony of the first degree. 17 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any person 18 convicted of aggravated battery of a law enforcement officer 19 20 shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 5 21 years. 22 Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 784.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 23 24 784.08 Assault or battery on persons 65 years of age or older; reclassification of offenses; minimum sentence .--25 26 (1) A person who is convicted of an aggravated assault 27 or aggravated battery upon a person 65 years of age or older 28 shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 3 29 years pursuant to the Criminal Punishment Code and fined not more than \$10,000 and shall also be ordered by the sentencing 30 judge to make restitution to the victim of such offense and to 31 2.2

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perform up to 500 hours of community service work.
 Restitution and community service work shall be in addition to
 any fine or sentence which may be imposed and shall not be in
 lieu thereof.

5 Section 5. Section 790.235, Florida Statutes, is 6 amended to read:

7 790.235 Possession of firearm by violent career 8 criminal unlawful; penalty.--

9 (1) Any person who meets the violent career criminal criteria under s. 775.084(1)(d)(c), regardless of whether such 10 11 person is or has previously been sentenced as a violent career 12 criminal, who owns or has in his or her care, custody, 13 possession, or control any firearm or electric weapon or 14 device, or carries a concealed weapon, including a tear gas gun or chemical weapon or device, commits a felony of the 15 16 first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. A person convicted of a violation of 17 this section shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum of 15 18 19 years' imprisonment; however, if the person would be sentenced 20 to a longer term of imprisonment under s. 775.084(4)(d)(c), the person must be sentenced under that provision. A person 21 22 convicted of a violation of this section is not eligible for any form of discretionary early release, other than pardon, 23 executive clemency, or conditional medical release under s. 24 947.149. 25

(2) For purposes of this section, the previous felony convictions necessary to meet the violent career criminal criteria under s. 775.084(1)(d)(c)may be convictions for felonies committed as an adult or adjudications of delinquency for felonies committed as a juvenile. In order to be counted as a prior felony for purposes of this section, the felony

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must have resulted in a conviction sentenced separately, or an 1 2 adjudication of delinquency entered separately, prior to the 3 current offense, and sentenced or adjudicated separately from any other felony that is to be counted as a prior felony. 4 5 (3) This section shall not apply to a person whose б civil rights and firearm authority have been restored. 7 Section 6. Section 794.0115, Florida Statutes, is 8 created to read: 9 794.0115 Repeat sexual batterers; definition; 10 procedure; enhanced penalties. --11 (1) As used in this act, "repeat sexual batterer" 12 means a defendant for whom the court must impose a mandatory 13 minimum term of imprisonment, as provided in subsection (3), 14 if it finds that: 15 (a) The defendant has previously been convicted of a 16 felony or an attempt or conspiracy to commit a felony and one or more of such convictions was for: 17 1. Any felony offense in violation of s. 18 19 794.011(2)(b), (3), (4), or (5), or an attempt or conspiracy 20 to commit the felony offense. 2. A qualified offense as defined in s. 775.084(1)(e), 21 22 if the elements of the qualified offense are substantially similar to the elements of a felony offense in violation of s. 23 24 794.011(2)(b), (3), (4), or (5), or an attempt or conspiracy 25 to commit the felony offense. 26 (b) The felony for which the defendant is to be 27 sentenced is one of the felonies enumerated in subparagraph 28 (a)1. or 2. and was committed: 29 1. While the defendant was serving a prison sentence or other sentence imposed as a result of a prior conviction 30 31 for any offense enumerated in subparagraph (a)1. or 2.; or 24

1	2. Within 10 years after the date of the conviction of
2	the last prior offense enumerated in subparagraph (a)1. or 2.,
3	or within 10 years after the defendant's release from a prison
4	sentence, probation, community control, or other sentence
5	imposed as a result of a prior conviction for any offense
6	enumerated in subparagraph (a)1. or 2., whichever is later.
7	(c) The defendant has not received a pardon on the
8	ground of innocence for any crime that is necessary for the
9	operation of this subsection.
10	(d) A conviction of a crime necessary to the operation
11	of this subsection has not been set aside in any
12	postconviction proceeding.
13	(2) In a separate proceeding, the court shall
14	determine if the defendant is a repeat sexual batterer. The
15	procedure shall be as follows:
16	(a) The court shall obtain and consider a presentence
17	investigation prior to the imposition of a sentence as a
18	repeat sexual batterer.
19	(b) Written notice shall be served on the defendant
20	and the defendant's attorney a sufficient time prior to the
21	entry of a plea or prior to the imposition of sentence in
22	order to allow the preparation of a submission on behalf of
23	the defendant.
24	(c) Except as provided in paragraph (a), all evidence
25	presented shall be presented in open court with full rights of
26	confrontation, cross-examination, and representation by
27	counsel.
28	(d) Each of the findings required as the basis for
29	such sentence shall be found to exist by a preponderance of
30	the evidence and shall be appealable to the extent normally
31	applicable to similar findings.
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CODING:Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

1 (e) For the purpose of identification of a repeat 2 sexual batterer, the court shall fingerprint the defendant 3 pursuant to s. 921.241. 4 (f) For an offense committed on or after the effective date of this act, if the state attorney pursues a repeat 5 6 sexual batterer sanction against the defendant and the court, 7 in a separate proceeding pursuant to this subsection, 8 determines that the defendant meets the criteria under 9 subsection (1) for imposing such sanction, the court must sentence the defendant as a repeat sexual batterer, subject to 10 11 imprisonment pursuant to this section as provided in 12 subsection (3). 13 (3)(a) The court, in conformity with the procedure 14 established in subsection (2), must sentence the repeat sexual 15 batterer to a mandatory minimum term of 10 years' 16 imprisonment. 17 (b) Nothing in this subsection shall prevent a court from imposing a greater sentence of incarceration as 18 19 authorized by law. 20 Section 7. Section 794.011, Florida Statutes, is 21 amended to read: 22 794.011 Sexual battery.--(1) As used in this chapter: 23 24 "Consent" means intelligent, knowing, and (a) voluntary consent and does not include coerced submission. 25 26 "Consent" shall not be deemed or construed to mean the failure 27 by the alleged victim to offer physical resistance to the 28 offender. 29 "Mentally defective" means a mental disease or (b) defect which renders a person temporarily or permanently 30 31 incapable of appraising the nature of his or her conduct. 26

"Mentally incapacitated" means temporarily 1 (C) 2 incapable of appraising or controlling a person's own conduct 3 due to the influence of a narcotic, anesthetic, or intoxicating substance administered without his or her consent 4 5 or due to any other act committed upon that person without his б or her consent. 7 "Offender" means a person accused of a sexual (d) 8 offense in violation of a provision of this chapter. 9 "Physically helpless" means unconscious, asleep, (e) 10 or for any other reason physically unable to communicate 11 unwillingness to an act. (f) "Retaliation" includes, but is not limited to, 12 13 threats of future physical punishment, kidnapping, false 14 imprisonment or forcible confinement, or extortion. 15 (g) "Serious personal injury" means great bodily harm 16 or pain, permanent disability, or permanent disfigurement. "Sexual battery" means oral, anal, or vaginal 17 (h) penetration by, or union with, the sexual organ of another or 18 the anal or vaginal penetration of another by any other 19 20 object; however, sexual battery does not include an act done 21 for a bona fide medical purpose. 22 (i) "Victim" means a person who has been the object of a sexual offense. 23 24 "Physically incapacitated" means bodily impaired (j) 25 or handicapped and substantially limited in ability to resist 26 or flee. 27 (2)(a) A person 18 years of age or older who commits 28 sexual battery upon, or in an attempt to commit sexual battery 29 injures the sexual organs of, a person less than 12 years of age commits a capital felony, punishable as provided in ss. 30 775.082 and 921.141. 31

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1 (b) A person less than 18 years of age who commits 2 sexual battery upon, or in an attempt to commit sexual battery 3 injures the sexual organs of, a person less than 12 years of age commits a life felony, punishable as provided in s. 4 5 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, or s. 794.0115. (3) A person who commits sexual battery upon a person 6 7 12 years of age or older, without that person's consent, and 8 in the process thereof uses or threatens to use a deadly weapon or uses actual physical force likely to cause serious 9 personal injury commits a life felony, punishable as provided 10 11 in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, or s. 794.0115. 12 (4) A person who commits sexual battery upon a person 13 12 years of age or older without that person's consent, under 14 any of the following circumstances, commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 15 775.083, or s. 775.084, or s. 794.0115: 16 (a) When the victim is physically helpless to resist. 17 When the offender coerces the victim to submit by 18 (b) 19 threatening to use force or violence likely to cause serious 20 personal injury on the victim, and the victim reasonably 21 believes that the offender has the present ability to execute 22 the threat. 23 (c) When the offender coerces the victim to submit by 24 threatening to retaliate against the victim, or any other 25 person, and the victim reasonably believes that the offender 26 has the ability to execute the threat in the future. 27 (d) When the offender, without the prior knowledge or 28 consent of the victim, administers or has knowledge of someone 29 else administering to the victim any narcotic, anesthetic, or other intoxicating substance which mentally or physically 30 incapacitates the victim. 31 28

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(e) When the victim is mentally defective and the
 offender has reason to believe this or has actual knowledge of
 this fact.

(f) When the victim is physically incapacitated.

5 (q) When the offender is a law enforcement officer, correctional officer, or correctional probation officer as 6 7 defined by s. 943.10(1), (2), (3), (6), (7), (8), or (9), who 8 is certified under the provisions of s. 943.1395 or is an 9 elected official exempt from such certification by virtue of s. 943.253, or any other person in a position of control or 10 authority in a probation, community control, controlled 11 release, detention, custodial, or similar setting, and such 12 13 officer, official, or person is acting in such a manner as to 14 lead the victim to reasonably believe that the offender is in 15 a position of control or authority as an agent or employee of government. 16

17 (5) A person who commits sexual battery upon a person 18 12 years of age or older, without that person's consent, and 19 in the process thereof does not use physical force and 20 violence likely to cause serious personal injury commits a 21 felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 22 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, or s. 794.0115.

(6) The offense described in subsection (5) is
included in any sexual battery offense charged under
subsection (3) or subsection (4).

26 (7) A person who is convicted of committing a sexual 27 battery on or after October 1, 1992, is not eligible for basic 28 gain-time under s. 944.275. This subsection may be cited as 29 the "Junny Rios-Martinez, Jr. Act of 1992."

30 (8) Without regard to the willingness or consent of31 the victim, which is not a defense to prosecution under this

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1 subsection, a person who is in a position of familial or 2 custodial authority to a person less than 18 years of age and 3 who:

4 (a) Solicits that person to engage in any act which
5 would constitute sexual battery under paragraph (1)(h) commits
6 a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s.
7 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

8 (b) Engages in any act with that person while the 9 person is 12 years of age or older but less than 18 years of 10 age which constitutes sexual battery under paragraph (1)(h) 11 commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided 12 in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(c) Engages in any act with that person while the person is less than 12 years of age which constitutes sexual battery under paragraph (1)(h), or in an attempt to commit sexual battery injures the sexual organs of such person commits a capital or life felony, punishable pursuant to subsection (2).

(9) For prosecution under paragraph (4)(g), acquiescence to a person reasonably believed by the victim to be in a position of authority or control does not constitute consent, and it is not a defense that the perpetrator was not actually in a position of control or authority if the circumstances were such as to lead the victim to reasonably believe that the person was in such a position.

(10) Any person who falsely accuses any person listed in paragraph (4)(g) or other person in a position of control or authority as an agent or employee of government of violating paragraph (4)(g) is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 1999. HOUSE SUMMARY Creates the "Three-Strike Violent Felony Offender Act." Redefines the terms "habitual felony offender" and "habitual violent felony offender." Revises the alternative time periods within which the habitual felony offender or habitual violent felony offender could have committed the felony to be sentenced. Revises criteria for a prior conviction or a prior felony for purposes of sentencing as a habitual felony offender, habitual violent offender, or violent career criminal. Provides that the placing of a person on probation without an adjudication of guilt shall be treated as a prior conviction regardless of when the subsequent offense was committed. Removes certain requirements that, in order to be counted as a prior felony, the felony must have resulted in prior conviction sentenced separately from any other felony conviction counted as a prior felony. Specifies minimum terms of imprisonment for convictions of aggravated assault or aggravated battery of a law of aggravated assault or aggravated battery of a law enforcement officer and for aggravated assault or battery on a person 65 years of age or older. Defines "three-time violent felony offender" and "repeat sexual batterer." Requires the court to sentence a defendant as a three-time violent felony offender or repeat sexual batterer and impose certain mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment under specified circumstances. Provides procedures and penalties. Provides for ineligibility of a three-time violent felony offender for parole, control release, or early release. Conforms references. See bill for details.