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1	
2	An act relating to limited liability companies;
3	amending ss. 608.401, 608.402, 608.403,
4	608.404, 608.406, 608.407, 608.408, 608.4081,
5	608.4082, 608.409, 608.4101, 608.411, 608.415,
6	608.416, 608.4211, 608.422, 608.4225, 608.423,
7	608.4231, 608.4232, 608.425, 608.426, 608.4261,
8	608.427, 608.428, 608.432, 608.433, 608.434,
9	608.436, 608.4362, 608.4363, 608.437, 608.438,
10	608.4381, 608.4383, 608.4384, 608.441,
11	608.4421, 608.444, 608.447, 608.448, 608.4481,
12	608.449, 608.4492, 608.4511, 608.452, 608.455,
13	608.463, 608.471, 608.502, 608.503, 608.504,
14	608.505, 608.507, 608.508, 608.512, 608.5135,
15	F.S.; revising provisions of chapter 608, F.S.,
16	relating to limited liability companies;
17	clarifying and updating such provisions to
18	reflect current operating procedures; providing
19	for requirements, limitations, procedures,
20	rights, liabilities, reports, fees, and
21	penalties; creating s. 608.4115, F.S.;
22	providing for correcting certain articles of
23	organization; providing for effect; creating s.
24	608.4226, F.S.; providing for resolving
25	conflicts of interest; creating s. 608.4235,
26	F.S.; providing for agency of members and
27	managers; creating s. 608.4236, F.S.; providing
28	for delegation of rights and powers to manage;
29	creating s. 608.4237, F.S.; providing for
30	membership termination upon bankruptcy;
31	creating s. 608.439, F.S.; providing for
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1	conversion of certain entities to a limited
2	liability company; creating s. 608.601, F.S.;
3	providing for member's derivative actions;
4	creating ss. 608.701, 608.702, and 608.703,
5	F.S.; providing for application of certain case
б	law for certain purposes; providing for
7	receiving certificates and certified copies
8	into evidence; providing for interrogatories by
9	the Department of State; repealing s. 608.4062,
10	F.S., relating to foreign limited liability
11	companies; repealing s. 608.412, F.S., relating
12	to supplemental affidavit of capital
13	contributions; repealing s. 608.424, F.S.,
14	relating to contracting debts; repealing s.
15	608.4494, F.S., relating to deposit with the
16	Department of Banking and Finance; providing an
17	effective date.
18	
19	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
20	
21	Section 1. Sections 608.401, 608.402, 608.403,
22	608.404, 608.408, 608.4081, 608.4082, 608.409, 608.4101,
23	608.411, 608.415, 608.416, 608.4211, 608.422, 608.4225,
24	608.423, 608.4231, 608.4232, 608.425, 608.426, 608.4261,
25	608.427, 608.428, 608.432, 608.433, 608.434, 608.441,
26	608.4421, 608.444, 608.447, 608.448, 608.4481, 608.449,
27	608.4492, 608.4511, 608.452, 608.455, 608.463, 608.502,
28	608.503, 608.504, 608.505, 608.507, 608.508, 608.512,
29	608.5135, Florida Statutes, and sections 608.406, 608.407,
30	608.438, 608.4381, 608.4383, 608.4384, and 608.471, Florida
31	Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended, sections 608.436,
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608.4362, 608.4363, and 608.437, Florida Statutes, are 1 renumbered as sections 608.4227, 608.4228, 608.4229, and 2 3 608.4238, Florida Statutes, respectively, and amended, and 4 sections 608.4115, 608.4226, 608.4235, 608.4236, 608.4237, 5 608.439, 608.601, 608.701, 608.702, and 608.703, Florida Statutes, are created, to read: 6 7 608.401 Short title.--Sections 608.401-608.703 8 608.514 may be cited as the "Florida Limited Liability Company 9 Act." 608.402 Definitions.--As used in this chapter: 10 (1) "Articles of merger" means initial, amended, and 11 12 restated articles of merger of a limited liability company 13 delivered to the Department of State in accordance with s. 14 608.4382. In the case of a foreign limited liability company, 15 the term includes all records serving a similar function 16 required to be filed with the Department of State or other 17 official having custody of company records in the state or country under whose law it is organized. 18 19 (2) "Articles of organization" means initial, amended, 20 and restated articles of organization of a limited liability 21 company, including initial, amended, or restated articles of merger, if any. In the case of a foreign limited liability 22 23 company, the term includes all records serving a similar function required to be filed with the Department of State or 24 other official having custody of company records in the state 25 26 or country under whose law it is organized. 27 (3) "Authorized representative" means one or more persons acting to form a limited liability company by 28 29 executing and filing the articles of organization of such 30 limited liability company in accordance with this chapter and authorized by a member identified in the articles of 31 3

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organization or operating agreement of such limited liability 1 company, which authorized representative may, but need not be, 2 3 a member of the limited liability company that the authorized 4 representative forms. 5 (4) (1) "Bankruptcy" means an event that causes a 6 person to cease to be a member as provided in s. 608.4237. 7 "Bankrupt" means a debtor under the federal bankruptcy law or insolvent under any state insolvency act. 8 9 (5)(2) "Business" means every trade, occupation, or profession and other lawful business, purpose, or activity, 10 whether or not carried on for profit. 11 (6)(3) "Capital account" means the agreed value of the 12 initial contributions as provided in s. 608.4211, increased by 13 14 the agreed value of subsequent contributions amounts subsequently contributed to capital, if any, and reduced by 15 distributions of capital, -unless otherwise provided in the 16 articles of organization or the operating agreement 17 regulations, additional contributions or distributions of 18 19 capital shall only be upon agreement of all the members. Unless otherwise provided in the articles of organization or 20 the regulations, the capital account of a member shall be 21 22 adjusted to reflect a default in the payment of any amount 23 previously agreed to be contributed. "Contribution" means any cash, property, or 24 (7) 25 services rendered or a promissory note or other obligation to 26 contribute cash or property or to perform services, which a person contributes to the limited liability company as a 27 28 member. 29 (8)(4) "Conveyance" means any assignment, transfer, 30 sale, lease, mortgage, hypothecation, or encumbrance. 31 4 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1	(9) (5) "Court" includes every court and judge having
2	jurisdiction in the action.
3	(10) "Distribution" means a direct or indirect
4	transfer of money or other property or incurrence of
5	indebtedness by a limited liability company to or for the
6	benefit of its members in respect of their economic interests.
7	<u>(11)(6) "Entity" means, without limitation, includes</u>
8	any corporation or foreign corporation, as such terms are
9	defined in s. 607.01401; unincorporated association or
10	business; limited liability company; business trust, real
11	estate <u>investment trust, common law trust, or other</u> ,
12	partnership, trust, general partnership, limited liability
13	partnership, limited partnership, limited liability limited
14	partnership, joint venture, or two or more persons having a
15	joint or common economic interest; <u>any</u> or state, local,
16	federal, or foreign government, governmental subdivision,
17	agency, or instrumentality; or any other domestic or foreign
18	entity that is formed pursuant to the provisions of applicable
19	law governments.
20	(12) "Foreign limited liability company" means a
21	limited liability company formed under the laws of any state
22	other than Florida or under the laws of any foreign country or
23	other foreign jurisdiction.
24	(13) (7) "Individual" means a natural person and
25	includes the estate of <u>a natural person</u> an incompetent or
26	deceased individual.
27	(14) "Insolvent" means the inability of a limited
28	liability company to pay the company's debts as they become
29	due in the ordinary course of business or that the fair value
30	of the company's total assets would be less than the sum of
31	its total liabilities plus the amount that would be needed, if
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the company were to be dissolved and terminated at the time of 1 the distribution, to satisfy the preferential distribution 2 3 rights of the company's members accrued through such dissolution and termination. 4 5 (15) "Knowledge" means a person's actual knowledge of 6 a fact, and does not include constructive knowledge of a fact. 7 (16)(8) "Limited liability company" or "company" means 8 a limited liability company organized and existing under this 9 chapter. (17) "Majority-in-interest of the members" means, 10 unless otherwise provided in the articles of organization or 11 12 operating agreement, members owning more than 50 percent of the then-current percentage or other interest in the profits 13 14 of the limited liability company. 15 (18) "Manager" means a person who is appointed or 16 elected to manage a manager-managed company and, unless 17 otherwise provided in the articles of organization or operating agreement, a manager may be, but need not be, a 18 19 member of the limited liability company. 20 (19) "Manager-managed company" means a limited 21 liability company which is designated to be managed by 22 managers in its articles of organization or operating 23 agreement. (20)(9) "Managing member" means, with respect to a 24 25 limited liability company that has set forth in its articles 26 of organization that it is to be managed by its members, a 27 member appointed or elected as a managing member of a 28 member-managed company the limited liability company pursuant 29 to and in accordance with the articles of organization or 30 regulations of the limited liability company. 31 6

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1	(21) (10) "Member" means any person who has been
2	admitted to a limited liability company as a member as
3	provided in s. 608.4232 and has an economic equity interest in
4	a limited liability company represented by a capital account
5	or, in the case of a foreign limited liability company, has
6	been admitted to a limited liability company as a member in
7	accordance with the laws of the state or foreign country or
8	other foreign jurisdiction under which the foreign limited
9	liability company is organized.
10	(22) "Member-managed company" means a limited
11	liability company other than a manager-managed company.
12	(23) "Membership interest," "member's interest," or
13	"interest" means a member's share of the profits and the
14	losses of the limited liability company, the right to receive
15	distributions of the limited liability company's assets,
16	voting rights, management rights, or any other rights under
17	this chapter or the articles of organization or operating
18	agreement.
19	(24)(13)"Operating agreement""Regulations"means
20	written or oral provisions which are adopted for the
21	management and regulation of the affairs of the limited
22	liability company and which set forth the relationships of the
23	members, managers, and limited liability company. The term
24	includes amendments to the operating agreement, subject to s.
25	608.423.
26	(25) (11) "Person" means an individual or an entity.
27	(26) "Personal or other legal representative" means,
28	as to a natural person, the executor, administrator, guardian,
29	conservator, or other legal representative of the natural
30	person and, as to a person other than a natural person, the
31	legal representative or successor of such person.
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1 "Real property" means land and any interest or (12)2 estate in land. 3 (14) "Relative capital account" means, for a member, a 4 ratio the numerator of which is the capital account of that 5 member and the denominator of which is the total of the 6 capital accounts of all members. 7 608.403 Purpose.--A limited liability company may be 8 organized under this chapter for any lawful purpose, but 9 remains subject to except that special statutes and regulations of the laws of this state for regulating the 10 regulation and controlling its control of specific types of 11 12 business, which shall control when in conflict with this chapter herewith. 13 14 608.404 Powers.--Unless its articles of organization or operating agreement regulations provide otherwise, each 15 16 limited liability company organized and existing under this chapter shall have the same powers as an individual to do all 17 things necessary to carry out its business and affairs, 18 19 including, without limitation, the power to: 20 Sue and or be sued, and or complain or defend, in (1) 21 its name. 22 (2) Purchase, take, receive, lease, subscribe for, or 23 otherwise acquire, own, hold, improve, vote, use, and or otherwise deal in or with real or personal property, or an 24 25 interest in real or personal property or any legal or 26 equitable interest in property, wherever located. 27 (3) Sell, convey, mortgage, grant pledge, create a security interest in, lease, exchange, and lend, or otherwise 28 29 encumber or dispose of-all or any part of its property or 30 assets. 31 8 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1	(4) Purchase, receive, subscribe for, or otherwise
2	acquire, own, hold, vote, use, sell, mortgage, lend, grant a
3	security interest in, or otherwise dispose of and deal in and
4	with, shares or other interests in or obligations of any other
5	entity.
6	(5) (4) Make contracts or guarantees, or incur
7	liabilities; borrow money; issue its notes, bonds, or other
8	obligations, which may be convertible into or include the
9	option to purchase other securities of the limited liability
10	<u>company</u> ; secure any of its obligations by mortgage or pledge
11	of all or any part of its property, franchises, and income; or
12	make contracts of guaranty and suretyship which are necessary
13	or convenient to the conduct, promotion, or attainment of the
14	business of a corporation the majority of the outstanding
15	stock of which is owned, directly or indirectly, by the
16	contracting limited liability company; a corporation which
17	owns, directly or indirectly, a majority of the outstanding
18	membership interests stock of the contracting limited
19	liability company; or a corporation the majority of the
20	outstanding stock of which is owned, directly or indirectly,
21	by a corporation which owns, directly or indirectly, the
22	majority of the outstanding membership interests stock of the
23	contracting limited liability company, which contracts of
24	guaranty and suretyship shall be deemed to be necessary or
25	convenient to the conduct, promotion, or attainment of the
26	business of the contracting limited liability company; or make
27	other contracts of guaranty and suretyship which are necessary
28	or convenient to the conduct, promotion, or attainment of the
29	business of the contracting limited liability company.
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1 (6) (5) Lend money, invest or reinvest its funds, and 2 or receive and hold real or personal property as security for 3 repayment. (7)(6) Conduct its business, locate offices, and 4 5 exercise the powers granted by this chapter within or without 6 this state. 7 (8)(7) Select Elect or appoint managers and appoint officers, directors, employees, and agents of the limited 8 9 liability company, define their duties, fix their compensation, and lend them money and credit. 10 (8) Make and amend its regulations, not inconsistent 11 12 with its articles of organization or with the laws of this state, for the administration and regulation of the affairs of 13 14 the company. 15 (9) Make donations for to the public welfare or for 16 charitable, scientific, or educational purposes. 17 (10) Indemnify a member or manager or any other person as provided in this chapter against expenses actually and 18 19 reasonably incurred by him or her or it in connection with the 20 defense of an action, suit, or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, in which he or she or it is made a party. 21 22 (11) Cease its activities and surrender its 23 certificate of organization. (12) Have and exercise all powers necessary or 24 convenient to effect any or all of the purposes for which the 25 26 company is organized. 27 (13) Transact any lawful business that will aid 28 governmental policy. 29 (10) (14) Pay pensions and establish pension plans, pension trusts, profit-sharing plans, bonus plans, option 30 plans, and benefit or other incentive plans for any or all of 31 10 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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its current or former managers, members, officers, agents, and 1 2 employees. 3 (11)(15) Be a promoter, incorporator, shareholder, partner, member, associate, or manager of any corporation, 4 5 partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, 6 joint venture, trust, or other entity. 7 (12)(16) Make payments or donations or do any other act not inconsistent with law that furthers the business and 8 9 affairs of the limited liability company. 608.406 Limited liability company name.--10 (1) A limited liability company name: 11 (a) Must contain the words "limited liability company" 12 or "limited company," or the abbreviations their abbreviation 13 14 "L.L.C." or "L.C.," or the designations "LLC" or "LC" as shall be the last words of the name of every limited liability 15 company formed under the provisions of this chapter. The word 16 17 "limited" may be abbreviated as "Ltd." and the word "company" may be abbreviated as "Co." Omission of the words "limited 18 19 liability company" or "limited company," the abbreviations "L.L.C." or "L.C.," or the designations "LLC" or "LC" in the 20 use of the name of the limited liability company shall render 21 any person who knowingly participates in the omission, or 22 23 knowingly acquiesces in the omission, liable for any indebtedness, damage, or liability caused by the omission. 24 25 (b)(2) The limited liability name May not contain 26 language stating or implying that the limited liability 27 company is organized for a purpose other than that permitted 28 in this chapter act and its articles of organization. 29 (c)(3) The limited liability name May not contain 30 language stating or implying that the limited liability company is connected with a state or federal government agency 31 11

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or a corporation or other entity chartered under the laws of 1 2 the United States. 3 (2) (4) The name of the limited liability company shall 4 be filed with the Department of State for public notice only 5 and shall not alone create any presumption of ownership beyond 6 that which is created under the common law. The Department of 7 State shall record the name without regard to any other name 8 recorded. The limited liability name must be distinguishable 9 upon the records of the Division of Corporations of the Department of State from all other entities or filings, except 10 fictitious name registrations pursuant to s. 865.09, organized 11 12 or registered under the laws of this state that are on file with the division. 13 14 (5) Omission of the words "limited liability company" or "limited company," or their abbreviation "L.L.C." or 15 'L.C.," in the use of the name of the limited liability 16 17 company shall render any person who participates in the omission, or knowingly acquiesces in it, liable for any 18 19 indebtedness, damage, or liability occasioned by the omission. 20 608.407 Articles of organization .--21 (1) In order to form a limited liability company, 22 articles of organization of a limited liability company shall 23 be executed and filed with the Department of State by one or more members or authorized representatives of the company. 24 25 The articles of organization shall set forth: 26 (a) The name of the limited liability company. 27 (b) The period of its duration, which may be 28 perpetual. 29 (b)(c) The mailing address and the street address of 30 the principal office of the limited liability company. 31 12 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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(c) (d) The name and street address of its initial 1 2 registered agent for service of process in the state. The 3 articles of organization shall include or be accompanied by the written statement required by s. 608.415.together with a 4 5 statement in writing in such form and manner as shall be 6 prescribed by the Department of State accepting the 7 appointment as a registered agent simultaneously with his or her being designated. Such statement of acceptance shall 8 9 state that the registered agent is familiar with, and accepts, the obligations of that position. 10 (e) The right, if given, of the members to admit 11 12 additional members and the terms and conditions of the 13 admissions. 14 (f) The right, if given, of the remaining members of the limited liability company to continue the business on the 15 16 death, retirement, resignation, expulsion, bankruptcy, or dissolution of a member or the occurrence of any other event 17 which terminates the continued membership of a member in the 18 19 limited liability company. 20 (d)(g)1. If the limited liability company is to be 21 managed by one a manager or more managers, a statement that 22 the company is to be a manager-managed company managed by a 23 manager or managers and the names and addresses of such 24 managers who are to serve as managers until the first annual meeting of members or until their successors are elected and 25 26 qualify. 27 2. If the management of a limited liability company is 28 reserved to the members, a statement to that effect and the 29 names and addresses of the managing members. 30 (e)(h) Any other matters that the members elect determine to include in the articles of organization therein. 31 13 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1 (2) An affidavit declaring that the limited liability 2 company has at least one member and setting forth the amount of the cash and a description and agreed value of property 3 4 other than cash contributed by the members and the amount 5 anticipated to be contributed by the members shall accompany 6 the articles of organization of a limited liability company. 7 (2) (3) A limited liability company is formed at the 8 time described in s. 608.409 if the person filing the articles of organization has substantially complied there has been 9 substantial compliance with the requirements of this section. 10 (3) (4) The articles of organization shall must be 11 12 executed by at least one member or the authorized representative of a member. 13 608.408 Execution of certificate or statement .--14 15 (1) A certificate or statement required by this 16 chapter to be filed with the Department of State must be executed in the following manner: 17 (a) If it is the articles an original certificate of 18 19 organization, an affidavit, a supplemental affidavit, a 20 certificate of conversion amendment, or a statement of change of registered agent or registered office, it must be signed by 21 a member or by the authorized representative of a member, and 22 by the new registered agent, if applicable; and 23 (b) If it is a certificate of dissolution or 24 revocation of dissolution, it must be signed by all members 25 26 having the same percentage of membership interests necessary to approve the dissolution or revocation of dissolution. 27 (2) Any person may sign a certificate through by an 28 29 attorney in fact, but a power of attorney to sign a 30 certificate or statement authorizing relating to the admission of a member must specifically describe the admission. 31 14 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1	(3) The execution of a certificate by a member
2	constitutes an affirmation by the person executing the
3	certificate, under the penalties of perjury, that the facts
4	stated therein are true.
5	(4) If the articles of organization contain or any
6	other document authorized or required to be filed under this
7	chapter contains a false statement, one who suffers loss by
8	reliance on the statement may recover damages for the loss
9	from a person who signed the record or caused another to sign
10	it on the person's behalf and knew the statement to be false
11	at the time the record was signed.
12	608.4081 Filing requirements
13	(1) To be filed by the Department of State, a document
14	must satisfy the following requirements, as supplemented or
15	modified by of this section and of any other section of this
16	<u>chapter:that adds to or varies these requirements to be</u>
17	entitled to filing by the Department of State.
18	<u>(a)</u> This <u>chapter</u> act must require or permit filing
19	the document \underline{by} in the office of the Department of State.
20	(b) (3) The document must be executed as required by s.
21	608.407 contain the information required by this act. It may
22	contain other information as well.
23	(c) The document must contain any information required
24	by this chapter and may contain other information the company
25	elects to include.
26	(d) (4) The document must be typewritten or printed and
27	must be legible.
28	(e) (5) The document must be in the English language.
29	A limited liability company name need not be in English if
30	written in English letters or Arabic or Roman numerals, and
31	the certificate of existence status required of <u>a</u> foreign
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limited liability company companies need not be in English if 1 accompanied by a reasonably authenticated English translation. 2 3 (f) (f) (f) If the Department of State has prescribed a mandatory form for the document, the document must be in or on 4 5 the prescribed form. 6 (g) (7) The document must be delivered to the office of 7 the Department of State for filing, may be accompanied by one 8 exact or conformed copy, and must be accompanied by the 9 correct filing fee and any other tax or penalty required by 10 this chapter act or other law. (2) The document may be accompanied by one exact or 11 12 conformed copy. 13 (3) Any signature on any certificate authorized to be 14 filed by the Department of State under any provision of this chapter may be a facsimile, a conformed signature, or an 15 16 electronically transmitted signature. 608.4082 Filing duties of Department of State .--17 (1) The Department of State files a document by 18 19 stamping or otherwise endorsing the document as "filed," 20 together with the Secretary of State's official title and the 21 date and time of receipt. After filing a document, the Department of State shall deliver an acknowledgment or 22 23 certified copy of the document to the domestic or foreign limited liability company or its representative. 24 (2) If The Department of State refuses to file a 25 26 document, it shall return any document the department refuses to file it to the domestic or foreign limited liability 27 company or its representative within 15 days after the 28 29 document was received for filing, together with a brief, written explanation of the reason for refusal. 30 31 16

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(3) If the applicant returns the document with 1 2 corrections in accordance with the rules of the Department of 3 State within 60 days after it was mailed to the applicant by 4 the Department of State and if at the time of return the 5 applicant so requests in writing, the filing date of the 6 document shall be the filing date that would have been applied 7 had the original document not been deficient, except as to 8 persons who justifiably relied on the record before correction 9 and were adversely affected thereby. (4) (4) (3) The Department of State's duty to file 10 documents under this section is ministerial. The Filing or 11 12 refusing to file a document does not: (a) Affect the validity or invalidity of the document 13 14 in whole or part; (b) Relate to the correctness or incorrectness of 15 16 information contained in the document; 17 (c) Create a presumption that the document is valid or invalid or that information contained in the document is 18 19 correct or incorrect. 20 (5) (4) If not otherwise provided by law and the provisions of this chapter act, the Department of State shall 21 determine, by rule, the appropriate format for, number of 22 23 copies of, manner of execution of, method of electronic transmission of, and amount of and method of payment of fees 24 for, any document placed under its jurisdiction. 25 26 (5) If a document is determined by the Department of 27 State to be incomplete and inappropriate for filing, the Department of State may return the document to the person or 28 29 limited liability company filing it, together with a brief written explanation of the reason for the refusal to file. If 30 the applicant returns the document with corrections in 31 17 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. ENROLLED 1999 Legislature

accordance with the rules of the department within 60 days 1 after it was mailed to the applicant by the department and if 2 3 at the time of return the applicant so requests in writing, 4 the filing date of the document will be the filing date that 5 would have been applied had the original document not been 6 deficient, except as to persons who justifiably relied on the 7 record before correction and were adversely affected thereby. 8 (6) Unless otherwise permitted by this act, a delayed 9 effective date for a document may not be later than the 90th day after the date on which it is filed. 10 608.409 Effect of filing and issuance of time and date 11 endorsement on the articles certificate of organization .--12 (1) Unless a delayed effective date is specified, the 13 14 limited liability company's existence begins at the date and time when the articles of organization are filed, as evidenced 15 by the Department of State's date and time endorsement on the 16 17 original document, or on a date specified in the articles of organization, if such date is within 5 business days prior to 18 19 the date of filing. 20 (2) The articles of organization may specify a delayed 21 effective time and date of commencement of the company's 22 existence, and if so specified they do, the articles of 23 organization shall become effective, and the company's existence shall commence, at the time and date specified. If a 24 25 delayed effective date, but no time, is specified, the 26 articles of organization shall become effective, and the company's existence shall commence, at the close of business 27 on the delayed effective that date. Unless otherwise permitted 28 29 by this chapter, a delayed effective date for a document may 30 not be later than the 90th day after the date on which the document is filed. 31 18

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1 The Department of State's filing of the articles (3) 2 of organization is conclusive proof that all conditions 3 precedent to organization have been satisfied except in a 4 proceeding by the state to cancel or revoke the organization 5 or to administratively dissolve the organization. 6 (4) A limited liability company shall not transact 7 business or incur indebtedness, except that which is incidental to its organization or to obtaining subscriptions 8 9 for or payment of contributions, until the articles of organization have been filed by the Department of State. 10 608.4101 Records to be kept; right to information .--11 12 (1) Each limited liability company shall keep at its principal registered office the following records: 13 14 (a) A current list of the full names and last known business, residence, or mailing addresses of all members and 15 16 managers. 17 (b) A copy of the articles of organization and all 18 certificates of conversion amendments thereto, together with 19 executed copies of any powers of attorney pursuant to which 20 any articles of organization or certificates were certificate 21 was executed. 22 (c) Copies of the limited liability company's federal, state, and local income tax returns and reports, if any, for 23 the 3 most recent years. 24 25 (d) Copies of any then-effective operating agreement 26 regulations and any financial statements of the limited liability company for the 3 most recent years. 27 (e) Unless contained in the articles of organization 28 29 or the operating agreement regulations, a writing setting out: 30 The amount of cash and a description and statement 1. of the agreed value of any the other property or services 31 19 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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contributed by each member and which each member has agreed to 1 2 contribute. 3 2. The times at which or events on the happening of which any additional contributions agreed to be made by each 4 member are to be made. 5 3. Any events upon the happening of which the limited 6 7 liability company is to be dissolved and its affairs wound up. 8 (2) A limited liability company shall provide members 9 and their agents and attorneys access to its records at the company's principal office or other reasonable locations 10 specified in the operating agreement. The company shall 11 12 provide former members and their agents and attorneys access 13 for proper purposes to records pertaining to the period during 14 which they were members. The right of access provides the 15 opportunity to inspect and copy records during ordinary business hours. The company may impose a reasonable charge, 16 17 limited to the costs of labor and material, for copies of records furnished. Records kept under this section are subject 18 19 to inspection and copying during ordinary business hours at 20 the reasonable request, and at the expense, of any member. 21 (3) A limited liability company shall furnish to a member, and to the legal representative of a deceased member 22 or member under legal disability: 23 (a) Without demand, information concerning the 24 25 company's business or affairs reasonably required for the 26 proper exercise of the member's rights and performance of the 27 member's duties under the operating agreement or this chapter; 28 and 29 (b) On demand, other information concerning the 30 company's business or affairs, except to the extent the demand 31 20 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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or the information demanded is unreasonable or otherwise 1 2 improper under the circumstances. 3 (4) Each manager shall have the right to examine all of the information described in subsection (1) for a purpose 4 5 reasonably related to his or her position as a manager. The 6 manager of a limited liability company shall have the right to 7 keep confidential from the members, for such period of time as the manager deems reasonable, any information which the 8 9 manager reasonably believes to be in the nature of trade secrets or other information the disclosure of which the 10 manager in good faith believes is not in the best interest of 11 12 the limited liability company or could damage the limited liability company or its business or which the limited 13 14 liability company is required by law or by agreement with a 15 third party to keep confidential. (5) A limited liability company may maintain its 16 17 records in other than a written form if such form is capable of conversion into written form within a reasonable time. 18 19 (6) Any action to enforce any right arising under this 20 section shall be brought in the appropriate circuit court. 21 608.411 Amendments to or restatements of articles of 22 organization.--(1) The articles of organization of a limited 23 liability company are amended by filing the articles a 24 25 certificate of amendment thereto with the Department of State. 26 The articles certificate of amendment shall set forth: 27 (a) The name of the limited liability company. 28 (b) The date of filing of the articles of 29 organization. 30 (c) The amendment to the articles of organization. 31 21 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1	(2) Within 30 days after the happening of any of the
2	following events, an amendment to the articles of
3	organization, indicating the occurrence of the event or
4	events, shall be filed:
5	(a) There is a change in the name of the limited
6	liability company.
7	(b) There is a false or erroneous statement in the
8	articles of organization.
9	(c) There is a change in the time as stated in the
10	articles of organization for the dissolution of the limited
11	liability company.
12	(d) A time is fixed for the dissolution of the limited
13	liability company, if no time is specified in the articles of
14	organization.
15	(e) The members desire to make a change in any other
16	statement in the articles of organization in order for it to
17	accurately represent the agreement between them.
18	(2) (3) Unless otherwise provided in this chapter or in
19	the <u>articles</u> certificate of amendment, <u>the articles</u> a
20	certificate of amendment shall be effective <u>when filed</u> at the
21	time of its filing with the Department of State.
22	(3) (4) A limited liability company may, whenever
23	desired, integrate into a single instrument all of the
24	provisions of its articles of organization which are then in
25	effect and operative as a result of there having theretofore
26	been filed with the department one or more certificates or
27	other instruments pursuant to any of the provisions referred
28	to in this section, and it may at the same time further amend
29	its articles of organization by adopting restated articles of
30	organization which meet all the requirements of s. 608.407.
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(4) (4) (5) If the restated articles of organization merely 1 2 restate and integrate but do not further amend the 3 then-effective initial articles of organization as theretofore 4 amended or supplemented by any instrument that was executed and filed pursuant to any of the provisions of this section, 5 the company it shall title the filing be specifically 6 7 designated in its heading as the "Restated Articles of Organization," together with such other words as the limited 8 9 liability company deems may deem appropriate, and shall be executed as provided in this chapter for articles of 10 organization and filed as provided by this chapter with the 11 12 department. If the restated articles restate and integrate and also further amend in any respect the then-effective 13 14 articles of organization, the company as theretofore amended or supplemented, they shall title the filing be specifically 15 designated in their heading as the "Amended and Restated 16 17 Articles of Organization," together with such other words as the limited liability company deems may deem appropriate. In 18 19 each case described in this subsection, the document and shall be executed as provided in this chapter for articles of 20 organization and filed as provided by this chapter with the 21 Department of State. 22 23 (5)(6) Restated articles of organization shall state, either in their heading or in an introductory paragraph, the 24 limited liability company's present name, and, if it has been 25 26 changed, the name under which it was originally filed; the date of filing of its original articles of organization with 27

the Department <u>of State</u>; and <u>any the</u> future effective date or time <u>if other than the date and time of</u>, which shall be a date or time certain, of the restated articles if it is not to be effective upon the filing of the restated articles <u>of</u>

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organization. Restated articles of organization shall also 1 2 state that they were duly executed and are being filed in 3 accordance with this section. If the restated articles of 4 organization only restate and integrate and do not further 5 amend the limited liability company's articles of organization 6 as theretofore amended or supplemented and there is no 7 discrepancy between those provisions and the restated articles 8 of organization, they shall state that fact as well. 9 (6) (7) Upon the filing of the restated articles of organization with the Department of State, or upon any the 10 future effective date or time provided in of restated articles 11 12 of organization as provided for therein, the initial articles 13 of organization existing prior to such filing, as theretofore 14 amended or supplemented, shall be superseded and; thenceforth, 15 the restated articles of organization, including any further amendment or changes made thereby, shall become be the 16 17 company's articles of organization.of the limited liability 18 company, but The original effective date of the company's 19 formation shall remain unchanged. 20 (7) (7) (8) Any amendment or change effected in connection 21 with the restatement and integration of the articles of organization shall be subject to any other provisions of this 22 chapter, not inconsistent with this section, which would apply 23 if a separate articles certificate of amendment were filed to 24 effect such amendment or change. 25 26 608.4115 Correcting the articles of organization filed 27 of record--. 28 (1) A limited liability company or foreign limited 29 liability company may correct the articles of organization 30 filed of record with the Department of State within 30 31 24

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business days after filing if the record contains a false or 1 2 erroneous statement or was defectively signed. 3 (2) The articles of organization filed of record are 4 corrected: 5 (a) By preparing articles of correction that: 6 1. Describe the articles of organization filed of 7 record, including their filing date, or attach a copy of the 8 articles of organization to the articles of correction. 9 2. Specify the incorrect statement and the reason the statement is incorrect or the manner in which the signing was 10 11 defective. 12 3. Correct the incorrect statement or defective 13 signing. 14 (b) By delivering the articles of correction to the 15 Department of State for filing. (3) The articles of correction are effective 16 17 retroactively to the effective date of the articles of 18 organization they correct except as to persons relying on the 19 uncorrected articles of organization and adversely affected by 20 the correction. As to those persons, the articles of 21 correction are effective when filed. 608.415 Registered office and registered agent .--22 23 (1) Each limited liability company shall have and continuously maintain in this state: 24 25 (a) A registered office, which may be the same as its 26 place of business; and (b) A registered agent, which agent may be either: 27 1. An individual who resides in this state whose 28 29 business office is identical with such registered office. 30 A foreign or domestic entity corporation or limited 2. liability company authorized to transact business in this 31 25 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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state, having a business office identical with such registered
 office.

3 (2) A registered agent or a successor registered agent 4 appointed pursuant to s. 608.416 on whom process may be served 5 shall each file a statement in writing with the Department of 6 State accepting the appointment as registered agent 7 simultaneously with being designated. Such statement or 8 acceptance shall state that the registered agent is familiar 9 with, and accepts, the obligations of that position as provided for in this chapter. 10

11 (3) The Department of State shall maintain an accurate 12 record of the registered agents and registered office for the 13 service of process and shall furnish any information disclosed 14 thereby promptly upon request and payment of the required fee.

(4) A limited liability company may not <u>prosecute</u>, maintain, or defend any action in any court until the limited liability company complies with the provisions of this section and pays to the Department of State a penalty of \$5 for each day it has failed to comply or \$500, whichever amount is less, and pays any other amount required under this chapter.

21 608.416 Change of registered office or registered 22 agent.--

(1) A limited liability company may change its
registered office or agent <u>by</u> upon filing with the Department
of State a statement setting forth:

(a) The name of the limited liability company.

(b) The street address of its current registeredoffice.

(c) If the street address of its registered office is
to be changed, the <u>new</u> street address to which the registered
office is to be changed.

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If its current registered agent is to be changed, 1 (d) 2 the name of the new registered agent and the new registered 3 agent's written consent to the appointment, either on the 4 statement or attached to it. 5 (e) That such change was authorized by affirmative 6 vote of a majority of the members or as otherwise provided in 7 the articles of organization or the operating agreement 8 regulations of the limited liability company. 9 (2) Any registered agent may resign his or her agency appointment by signing and delivering for filing with the 10 Department of State a statement of resignation and mailing a 11 12 copy of such statement to the limited liability company at its principal office address shown in its most recently filed 13 14 document. The agency is terminated and the registered office discontinued, if so provided, on the 31st day after the date 15 16 on which the statement was filed with the Department of State. 17 After receipt of the notice of the resignation of its registered agent, the limited liability company for which such 18 19 registered agent was acting shall obtain and designate a new 20 registered agent, to take the place of the resigning 21 registered agent. 22 (3) A registered agent may change the address of the 23 registered office of any limited liability company for which such agent his or hers is the registered agency by notifying 24 25 the limited liability company in writing of the change, 26 signing, either manually or in facsimile, and delivering to 27 the Department of State for filing a statement that complies with the requirements of paragraphs (1)(a)-(d), and reciting 28 29 that the limited liability company has been notified of the 30 change. 31 27

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1 608.4211 Contributions to capital and liability for 2 contribution.--3 (1) The contribution of a member may be in cash, 4 property, or services rendered, or a promissory note or other 5 obligation to contribute cash or property or to perform 6 services. 7 (2) A promise by a member to contribute to the limited 8 liability company is not enforceable unless it is set out in 9 writing signed by the member. (3) Unless otherwise Except as provided in the 10 articles of organization or operating agreement regulations, a 11 12 member is obligated to the limited liability company to perform any enforceable promise to contribute cash or property 13 14 or to perform services, even if the member he or she is unable to perform because of the member's his or her death or 15 16 disability or any other reason. If a member does not make the 17 required contribution of property or services, the member he or she is obligated, at the option of the limited liability 18 19 company, to contribute cash equal to that portion of the 20 agreed value, as stated in the records of the limited 21 liability company required to be kept pursuant to this 22 chapter, of the stated contribution that has not been made. 23 The foregoing option shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other rights, including the right to specific 24 25 performance, that the limited liability company may have 26 against such member under the articles of organization or operating agreement or applicable law. 27 (4) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of 28 29 organization or the operating agreement regulations, the 30 obligation of a member to make a contribution or return money or other property paid or distributed in violation of this 31 28

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chapter may be compromised only by consent of all the members. 1 Notwithstanding the compromise, the creditor of a limited 2 liability company, who extends credit or otherwise acts in 3 4 reasonable reliance upon that obligation after the member has 5 signed a writing that indicates the obligation and before the 6 amendment or cancellation of the writing to indicate the 7 compromise, may enforce the original obligation to the extent the creditor relied on the obligation when extending credit. 8 (5) The articles of organization or operating 9 agreement regulations of a limited liability company may 10 provide that the interest of any member who fails to make any 11 12 contribution that the member he or she is obligated to make shall be subject to specified penalties for, or specified 13 14 consequences of, such failure. Such penalties or consequences may take the form of reducing the defaulting member's 15 proportionate membership interest in the limited liability 16 company, subordinating the defaulting member's his or her 17 interest in the limited liability company to that of the 18 19 nondefaulting members, a forced sale of the defaulting member's membership limited liability company interest, the 20 21 forfeiture of the defaulting member's membership limited liability company interest, the lending by other members of 22 23 the amount necessary to meet the defaulting member's his or her commitment, a fixing of the value of the defaulting 24 25 member's membership limited liability company interest by 26 appraisal or by formula and redemption or sale of the defaulting member's membership limited liability company 27 28 interest at such value, or other penalties or consequences. 29 608.422 Management of limited liability company .--30 (1) The management of the limited liability company, Unless otherwise provided in its the articles of organization 31 29

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or the operating agreement, the company shall be a 1 member-managed company. regulations, shall be vested in its 2 3 members in proportion to their contributions to the capital of the limited liability company, as adjusted from time to time 4 5 to properly reflect any additional contributions or 6 withdrawals by the members; however, 7 (2) In a member-managed company: 8 (a) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of 9 organization or operating agreement, management shall be vested in its members in proportion to the then-current 10 percentage or other interest of members in the profits of the 11 12 limited liability company owned by all of the members. (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3) or 13 14 in this chapter, the decision of a majority-in-interest of the members shall be controlling. 15 (3) If the articles of organization or the operating 16 agreement provide for the management of the limited liability 17 company by a manager or managers, the management of the 18 19 limited liability company shall may be vested in a manager or 20 managers and the company shall be a manager-managed company. 21 who shall be elected annually by the members in the manner 22 prescribed by and provided in the articles of organization or the regulations of the limited liability company. The manager 23 or managers shall also hold the offices and have the 24 responsibilities accorded to them by the members and set out 25 26 in the articles of organization or the regulations of the 27 limited liability company. 28 (4) In a manager-managed company: (a) Each manager has equal rights in the management 29 30 and conduct of the company's business. 31 30

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(b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3) or 1 2 in this chapter, any matter relating to the business of the 3 company may be exclusively decided by the manager or, if there 4 is more than one manager, by a majority of the managers. 5 (c) A manager: 6 1. Must be designated, appointed, elected, removed, or 7 replaced by a vote, approval, or consent of a majority-in-interest of the members; and 8 9 2. Holds office until a successor has been elected and qualified, unless the manager sooner resigns or is removed. 10 (5) Action requiring the consent of members or 11 12 managers under this chapter may be taken without a meeting, subject to the limitations of s. 608.4231. 13 14 (6) A member or manager may appoint a proxy to vote or otherwise act for the member or manager by signing an 15 16 appointment instrument, either personally or by the member's 17 or manager's attorney-in-fact. 18 (7) The manager or managers may also hold the offices 19 and have such other responsibilities accorded to them by the 20 members and set out in the articles of organization or the 21 operating agreement of the limited liability company. 22 608.4225 General standards for managers and managing 23 members.--Subject to ss. 608.423 and 608.4226, each manager 24 (1)25 and managing member shall owe a duty of loyalty and a duty of 26 care to the limited liability company and the other members of 27 the limited liability company. A manager or managing member shall discharge his or her duties as a manager or managing 28 29 member, including his or her duties as a member of a 30 committee: The duty of loyalty includes, without limitation: 31 (a) 31 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1. Accounting to the limited liability company and 1 2 holding as trustee for the limited liability company any 3 property, profit, or benefit derived by such manager or managing member in the conduct or winding up of the limited 4 5 liability company business or derived from a use by such 6 manager or managing member of limited liability company 7 property, including the appropriation of a limited liability 8 company opportunity. 9 2. Refraining from dealing with the limited liability company in the conduct or winding up of the limited liability 10 company business as or on behalf of a party having an interest 11 12 adverse to the limited liability company. 3. Refraining from competing with the limited 13 14 liability company in the conduct of the limited liability company business before the dissolution of the limited 15 16 liability company. In good faith. 17 (b) The duty of care is limited to refraining from engaging in grossly negligent or reckless conduct, intentional 18 19 misconduct, or a knowing violation of law. With the care an 20 ordinarily prudent person in a like position would exercise 21 under similar circumstances. 22 (c) Each manager and managing member shall discharge the duties to the limited liability company and other members 23 under this chapter or under the articles of organization or 24 25 operating agreement and exercise any rights consistent with 26 the obligation of good faith and fair dealing. In a manner he or she reasonably believes to be in the best interests of the 27 28 limited liability company. 29 (d) A manager or managing member does not violate a 30 duty or obligation under this chapter or under the articles of organization or operating agreement merely because the 31 32

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manager's or managing member's conduct furthers such manager's 1 2 or managing member's own interest. 3 (e) A manager or managing member may lend money to and 4 transact other business with the company. As to each loan or 5 transaction, the rights and obligations of the manager or 6 managing member are the same as those of a person who is not a 7 member, subject to other applicable law. 8 (f) This section applies to a person winding up the 9 limited liability company business as the personal or other legal representative of the last surviving member as if such 10 person were a manager or managing member. 11 12 (2) In discharging a manager's or managing member's his or her duties, a manager or managing member is entitled to 13 14 rely on information, opinions, reports, or statements, 15 including financial statements and other financial data, if 16 prepared or presented by: (a) One or more members or employees of the limited 17 18 liability company whom the manager or managing member 19 reasonably believes to be reliable and competent in the 20 matters presented; 21 (b) Legal counsel, public accountants, or other persons as to matters the manager or managing member 22 23 reasonably believes are within the persons' professional or 24 expert competence; or (c) A committee of managers, members, or managing 25 26 members of which the affected manager or managing member he or 27 she is not a participant member if the manager or managing 28 member reasonably believes the committee merits confidence. 29 In discharging a manager's or managing member's (3) his or her duties, a manager or managing member may consider 30 such factors as the manager or managing member he or she deems 31 33 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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relevant, including the long-term prospects and interests of 1 2 the limited liability company and its members, and the social, 3 economic, legal, or other effects of any action on the 4 employees, suppliers, customers of the limited liability 5 company, the communities and society in which the limited 6 liability company operates, and the economy of the state and 7 the nation. 8 (4) A member, manager, or managing member is not 9 acting in good faith if the member, manager, or managing member he or she has knowledge concerning the matter in 10 question that makes reliance otherwise permitted by subsection 11 12 (2) unwarranted. (5) A manager or managing member is not liable for any 13 14 action taken as a manager or managing member, or any failure 15 to take any action, if the manager or managing member he or she performed the duties of the manager's or managing member's 16 17 his or her position in compliance with this section. 18 608.4226 Conflicts of interest. --19 (1) No contract or other transaction between a limited 20 liability company and one or more of its members, managers, or 21 managing members or any other limited liability company, corporation, firm, association, or entity in which one or more 22 23 of its members, managers, or managing members are managers, managing members, directors, or officers or are financially 24 25 interested shall be either void or voidable because of such 26 relationship or interest, because such members, managers, or 27 managing members are present at the meeting of the managers or 28 managing members or a committee thereof which authorizes, 29 approves, or ratifies such contract or transaction, or because 30 their votes are counted for such purpose, if: 31 34

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1	(a) The fact of such relationship or interest is
2	disclosed or known to the managers or managing members or
3	committee which authorizes, approves, or ratifies the contract
4	or transaction by a vote or consent sufficient for the purpose
5	without counting the votes or consents of such interested
6	members, managers, or managing members;
7	(b) The fact of such relationship or interest is
8	disclosed or known to the members entitled to vote and they
9	authorize, approve, or ratify such contract or transaction by
10	vote or written consent; or
11	(c) The contract or transaction is fair and reasonable
12	as to the limited liability company at the time it is
13	authorized by the managers, managing members, a committee, or
14	the members.
15	(2) For purposes of paragraph (1)(a) only, a conflict
16	of interest transaction is authorized, approved, or ratified
17	if it receives the affirmative vote of a majority of the
18	managers or managing members, or of the committee, who have no
19	relationship or interest in the transaction described in
20	subsection (1), but a transaction may not be authorized,
21	approved, or ratified under this section by a single manager
22	of a manager-managed company or a single managing member of a
23	member-managed company, unless the company is a single member
24	limited liability company. If a majority of the managers or
25	managing members who have no such relationship or interest in
26	the transaction vote to authorize, approve, or ratify the
27	transaction, a quorum is present for the purpose of taking
28	action under this section. The presence of, or a vote cast by,
29	a manager or managing member with such relationship or
30	interest in the transaction does not affect the validity of
31	any action taken under paragraph (1)(a) if the transaction is
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otherwise authorized, approved, or ratified as provided in 1 2 that subsection, but such presence or vote of those managers 3 or managing members may be counted for purposes of determining 4 whether the transaction is approved under other sections of 5 this chapter. 6 (3) For purposes of paragraph (1)(b), a conflict of 7 interest transaction is authorized, approved, or ratified if 8 it receives the vote of a majority-in-interest of the members 9 entitled to be counted under this subsection. Membership interests owned by or voted under the control of a manager or 10 managing member who has a relationship or interest in the 11 12 transaction described in subsection (1) may not be counted in 13 a vote of members to determine whether to authorize, approve, 14 or ratify a conflict of interest transaction under paragraph 15 (1)(b). The vote of those membership interests, however, is counted in determining whether the transaction is approved 16 17 under other sections of this act. A majority-in-interest of the members, whether or not present, that are entitled to be 18 19 counted in a vote on the transaction under this subsection 20 constitutes a quorum for the purpose of taking action under this section. 21 22 (Substantial rewording of section. See 23 s. 608.436, F.S., for present text.) 24 608.4227 Liability of members and managers.--(1) Except as provided in this chapter, neither the 25 26 members of a limited liability company nor the managers of a 27 limited liability company managed by a manager or managing member are liable, solely by reason of being a member or 28 29 serving as a manager or managing member, under a judgment, 30 decree, or order of a court, or in any other manner, for a 31 36
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debt, obligation, or liability of the limited liability 1 2 company; 3 (2) Any such member or manager or other person acting under the articles of organization or operating agreement of a 4 5 limited liability company shall not be liable to the limited 6 liability company or to any such other member or manager for 7 the member's or manager's or other person's good faith 8 reliance on the provisions of the limited liability company's 9 articles of organization or operating agreement; and (3) The member's or manager's or other person's duties 10 and liabilities may be expanded or restricted by provisions in 11 12 a limited liability company's articles of organization or 13 operating agreement. 14 (Substantial rewording of section. See 15 s. 608.4362, F.S., for present text.) 16 608.4228 Liability of managers and managing members.--17 (1) A manager or a managing member shall not be 18 personally liable for monetary damages to the limited 19 liability company or any other person for any statement, vote, 20 decision, or failure to act regarding management or policy 21 decisions by a manager or a managing member, unless: The manager or managing member breached or failed 22 (a) 23 to perform the duties as a manager or managing member; and The manager's or managing member's breach of, or 24 (b) 25 failure to perform, those duties constitutes any of the 26 following: 1. A violation of the criminal law, unless the manager 27 or managing member had a reasonable cause to believe his or 28 29 her conduct was lawful or had no reasonable cause to believe 30 such conduct was unlawful. A judgment or other final 31 adjudication against a manager or managing member in any 37 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. ENROLLED 1999 Legislature

criminal proceeding for a violation of the criminal law estops 1 2 that manager or managing member from contesting the fact that 3 such breach, or failure to perform, constitutes a violation of 4 the criminal law, but does not estop the manager or managing 5 member from establishing that he or she had reasonable cause 6 to believe that his or her conduct was lawful or had no 7 reasonable cause to believe that such conduct was unlawful. 8 2. A transaction from which the manager or managing 9 member derived an improper personal benefit, either directly 10 or indirectly. 3. A distribution in violation of s. 608.426. 11 12 4. In a proceeding by or in the right of the limited 13 liability company to procure a judgment in its favor or by or 14 in the right of a member, conscious disregard of the best 15 interest of the limited liability company, or willful 16 misconduct. 17 5. In a proceeding by or in the right of someone other than the limited liability company or a member, recklessness 18 19 or an act or omission which was committed in bad faith or with 20 malicious purpose or in a manner exhibiting wanton and willful 21 disregard of human rights, safety, or property. 22 (2) For the purposes of this section, the term 23 "recklessness" means acting, or failing to act, in conscious disregard of a risk known, or so obvious that it should have 24 been known, to the manager or managing member, and known to 25 26 the manager or managing member, or so obvious that it should 27 have been known, to be so great as to make it highly probable that harm would follow from such action or failure to act. 28 29 (3) A manager or managing member is deemed not to have derived an improper personal benefit from any transaction if 30 31 the transaction and the nature of any personal benefit derived 38

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by the manager or managing member are not prohibited by state 1 2 or federal law or the articles of organization or operating 3 agreement and, without further limitation, the transaction and 4 the nature of any personal benefit derived by a manager or 5 managing member are disclosed or known to the members, and the 6 transaction was authorized, approved, or ratified by the vote 7 of a majority-in-interest of the members other than the managing member, or the transaction was fair and reasonable to 8 9 the limited liability company at the time it was authorized by the manager or managing member, notwithstanding that a manager 10 or managing member received a personal benefit. 11 12 (4) The circumstances set forth in subsection (3) are 13 not exclusive and do not preclude the existence of other 14 circumstances under which a manager will be deemed not to have 15 derived an improper benefit. (Substantial rewording of section. See 16 17 s. 608.4363, F.S., for present text.) 608.4229 Indemnification of managers, managing 18 19 members, officers, employees, and agents .--20 (1) Subject to such standards and restrictions, if any, as are set forth in its articles of organization or 21 operating agreement, a limited liability company may, and 22 23 shall have the power to, but shall not be required to, 24 indemnify and hold harmless any member or manager or other person from and against any and all claims and demands 25 26 whatsoever. (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), indemnification or 27 advancement of expenses shall not be made to or on behalf of 28 29 any manager, managing member, officer, employee, or agent if a 30 judgment or other final adjudication establishes that the 31 actions, or omissions to act, of such manager, managing 39

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member, officer, employee, or agent were material to the cause 1 of action so adjudicated and constitute any of the following: 2 3 (a) A violation of criminal law, unless the manager, managing member, officer, employee, or agent had no reasonable 4 5 cause to believe such conduct was unlawful. 6 (b) A transaction from which the manager, managing 7 member, officer, employee, or agent derived an improper 8 personal benefit. 9 (c) In the case of a manager or managing member, a circumstance under which the liability provisions of s. 10 608.426 are applicable. 11 (d) Willful misconduct or a conscious disregard for 12 the best interests of the limited liability company in a 13 14 proceeding by or in the right of the limited liability company to procure a judgment in its favor or in a proceeding by or in 15 the right of a member. 16 608.423 Limited liability company operating agreement; 17 nonwaivable provisions regulations. --18 19 (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2), 20 all members of a limited liability company may enter into an 21 operating agreement, which need not be in writing, to regulate the affairs of the company and the conduct of its business, 22 23 establish duties in addition to those set forth in this chapter, and to govern relations among the members, managers, 24 and company. Any inconsistency between written and oral 25 26 operating agreements shall be resolved in favor of the written agreement. To the extent the operating agreement does not 27 otherwise provide, this chapter governs relations among the 28 29 members, managers, and company. 30 (2) The operating agreement may not: 31 40

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1	(a) Unreasonably restrict a right to information or
2	access to records under s. 608.4101;
3	(b) Eliminate the duty of loyalty under s. 608.4225,
4	but the agreement may:
5	1. Identify specific types or categories of activities
6	that do not violate the duty of loyalty, if not manifestly
7	unreasonable; and
8	2. Specify the number or percentage of members or
9	disinterested managers that may authorize or ratify, after
10	full disclosure of all material facts, a specific act or
11	transaction that otherwise would violate the duty of loyalty;
12	(c) Unreasonably reduce the duty of care under s.
13	608.4225;
14	(d) Eliminate the obligation of good faith and fair
15	dealing under s. 608.4225, but the operating agreement may
16	determine the standards by which the performance of the
17	obligation is to be measured, if the standards are not
18	manifestly unreasonable;
19	(e) Vary the right to expel a member in an event
20	specified in this chapter;
21	(f) Vary the requirement to wind up the limited
22	liability company's business in a case specified in this
23	chapter; or
24	(g) Restrict rights of a person, other than a manager,
25	member, or transferee of a member's distributional interest,
26	under this chapter.
27	(3) (1) The power to adopt, alter, amend, or repeal the
28	operating agreement regulations of a limited liability company
29	shall be vested in the members of the company unless vested in
30	the manager or managers of the company by the articles of
31	organization or operating agreement, provided that any
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amendment to a written operating agreement shall be in 1 2 The operating agreement Regulations adopted by the writing. 3 members or by the manager or managers may be repealed or 4 altered; a new operating agreement regulations may be adopted 5 by the members; and the members may prescribe in any operating 6 agreement regulations made by them that such operating 7 agreement regulations may not be altered, amended, or repealed 8 by the manager or managers. The regulations may contain any 9 provisions for the regulation and management of the affairs of the limited liability company not inconsistent with law or the 10 articles of organization. 11 12 (4) (4) (2) Unless the articles of organization or the operating agreement provides regulations provide otherwise, if 13 14 the management of the limited liability company is vested in a 15 manager or managers, the managers may adopt an operating agreement regulations to be effective only in an emergency as 16 17 defined in subsection(7)(5). The emergency operating agreement regulations, which is are subject to amendment or 18 19 repeal by the members, may make all provisions necessary for 20 managing the limited liability company during an emergency, 21 including procedures for calling a meeting of the managers and 22 designation of additional or substitute managers. 23 (5) (3) All provisions of the regular operating agreement regulations consistent with the emergency 24 25 regulations remain effective during the emergency. The 26 emergency operating agreement is regulations are not effective 27 after the emergency ends. 28 (6)(4) Actions taken by the limited liability company 29 in good faith in accordance with the emergency operating 30 agreement regulations have the effect of binding the company 31 42

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and may not be used to impose liability on a manager, 1 2 employee, or agent of the company. (7) (7) (5) An emergency exists for purposes of this 3 section if the limited liability company's managers cannot 4 5 readily be assembled because of some catastrophic event. 6 (Substantial rewording of section. See 7 s. 608.4231, F.S., for present text.) 8 608.4231 Voting by members and managers. --9 (1) The articles of organization or operating agreement may provide for classes or groups of members having 10 such relative rights, powers, and duties as the articles of 11 12 organization or operating agreement may provide, and may make provision for the future creation in the manner provided in 13 14 the articles of organization or operating agreement of additional classes or groups of members having such relative 15 rights, powers, and duties as may from time to time be 16 17 established, including rights, powers, and duties senior to existing classes and groups of members. The articles of 18 19 organization or operating agreement may provide for the taking 20 of an action, including the amendment of the articles of 21 organization or operating agreement, without the vote or 22 approval of any member or class or group of members, including an action to create under the provisions of the articles of 23 organization or operating agreement a class or group of 24 25 limited liability company interests that was not previously 26 outstanding. The articles of organization or operating 27 agreement may provide that any member or class or group of 28 members shall have no voting rights. 29 The articles of organization or operating (2) 30 agreement may grant to all or certain identified members or a specified class or group of the members the right to vote 31 43

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separately or with all or any class or group of the members or 1 2 manager on any matter. Voting by members may be on a per 3 capita, number, financial interest, class, group, or any other basis. 4 5 (3) If no voting provision is contained in the 6 articles of organization or operating agreement: 7 (a) The members of a limited liability company shall 8 vote in proportion to their then-current percentage or other 9 interest in the profits of the limited liability company or, in the case of a member who has assigned the member's entire 10 economic interest in the limited liability company to a person 11 12 who has not been admitted as a member, in proportion to the then-current percentage or other interest in the profits of 13 14 the limited liability company that the assigning member would have, had the assignment not been made. 15 In all matters in which a vote is required, a vote 16 (b) 17 of a majority-in-interest of the members shall be sufficient unless provided otherwise in the company's articles of 18 19 organization or operating agreement or this chapter. 20 (4) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in the articles of organization or operating agreement, in no 21 event shall the articles of organization be amended by a vote 22 23 of less than a majority-in-interest of the members. (5) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in 24 the articles of organization or operating agreement, members 25 26 shall have the right to vote on a dissolution of the limited liability company as provided in s. 608.441 and on a merger of 27 the limited liability company as provided in s. 608.4381. 28 29 (6) Except as otherwise provided in the articles of organization or the operating agreement, if the members have 30 31 appointed more than one manager to manage the business of the 44

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limited liability company, decisions of the managers shall be 1 2 made by majority vote of the managers if at a meeting, or by 3 unanimous written consent. 4 (7) The articles of organization or operating agreement which grants a right to vote may set forth 5 6 provisions relating to notice of the time, place, or purpose 7 of any meeting at which any matter is to be voted on by any 8 members, waiver of any such notice, action by consent without 9 a meeting, the establishment of a record date, quorum requirements, voting in person or by proxy, or any other 10 matter with respect to the exercise of any such right to vote. 11 12 (8) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of organization or operating agreement, on any matter that is to 13 14 be voted on by members, the members may take such action 15 without a meeting, without prior notice, and without a vote if a consent or consents in writing, setting forth the action so 16 17 taken, are signed by the members having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to authorize 18 19 or take such action at a meeting, but in no event by a vote of 20 less than a majority-in-interest of the members that would be necessary to authorize or take such action at a meeting. 21 Unless otherwise provided in the articles of organization or 22 23 operating agreement, on any matter that is to be voted on by members or managers, the members or managers may vote in 24 person or by proxy. Within 10 days after obtaining such 25 26 authorization by written consent, notice must be given to those members who have not consented in writing or who are not 27 entitled to vote on the action. 28 29 608.4232 Admission of additional members.--Except as 30 otherwise provided in the articles of organization or the 31 operating agreement regulations, no person may be admitted as 45

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a member unless a majority-in-interest of the members consent 1 2 each member consents in writing to the admission of the 3 additional member. 4 608.4235 Agency of members and managers.--5 (1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3): 6 (a) In a member-managed company, each member is an 7 agent of the limited liability company for the purpose of its business, and an act of a member, including the signing of an 8 9 instrument in the company's name, for apparently carrying on in the ordinary course the company's business or business of 10 the kind carried on by the company binds the company, unless 11 12 the member had no authority to act for the company in the particular matter and the person with whom the member was 13 14 dealing knew or had notice that the member lacked authority. 15 (b) An act of a member which is not apparently for carrying on in the ordinary course the company's business or 16 17 business of the kind carried on by the company binds the 18 company only if the act was authorized by appropriate vote of 19 the other members. 20 (2) Subject to subsection (3), in a manager-managed 21 company: 22 (a) A member is not an agent of the company for the 23 purpose of its business solely by reason of being a member. Each manager is an agent of the company for the purpose of its 24 25 business, and an act of a manager, including the signing of an 26 instrument in the company's name, for apparently carrying on in the ordinary course the company's business or business of 27 28 the kind carried on by the company binds the company, unless 29 the manager had no authority to act for the company in the 30 particular matter and the person with whom the manager was dealing knew or had notice that the manager lacked authority. 31 46

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1	(b) An act of a manager which is not apparently for
2	carrying on in the ordinary course the company's business or
3	business of the kind carried on by the company binds the
4	company only if the act was authorized under s. 608.422.
5	(3) Unless the articles of organization or operating
б	agreement limit the authority of a member, any member of a
7	member-managed company or manager of a manager-managed company
8	may sign and deliver any instrument transferring or affecting
9	the company's interest in real property. The instrument is
10	conclusive in favor of a person who gives value without
11	knowledge of the lack of the authority of the person signing
12	and delivering the instrument.
13	608.4236 Delegation of rights and powers to
14	manageUnless otherwise provided in the limited liability
15	company's articles of organization or operating agreement, a
16	member or manager of a limited liability company has the power
17	and authority to delegate to one or more other persons the
18	member's or manager's, as the case may be, rights and powers
19	to manage and control the business and affairs of the limited
20	liability company, including the power and authority to
21	delegate to agents, boards of managers, managing members or
22	directors, officers and assistant officers, and employees of a
23	member or manager of the limited liability company, and the
24	power and authority to delegate by a management agreement or
25	another agreement with, or otherwise, to other persons. Unless
26	otherwise provided in the limited liability company's articles
27	of organization or operating agreement, such delegation by a
28	member or manager of a limited liability company shall not
29	cause the member or manager to cease to be a member or
30	manager, as the case may be, of the limited liability company.
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1	608.4237 Membership termination upon events of
2	bankruptcyA person ceases to be a member of a limited
3	liability company upon the occurrence of any of the following:
4	(1) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of
5	organization or operating agreement, or with the written
6	consent of all members, a member:
7	(a) Makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors;
8	(b) Files a voluntary petition in bankruptcy;
9	(c) Is adjudged a bankrupt or insolvent, or has
10	entered against the member an order for relief, in any
11	bankruptcy or insolvency proceeding;
12	(d) Files a petition or answer seeking for himself any
13	reorganization, arrangement, composition, readjustment,
14	liquidation, dissolution, or similar relief under any statute,
15	law, or regulation;
16	(e) Files an answer or other pleading admitting or
17	failing to contest the material allegations of a petition
18	filed against the member in any proceeding of this nature; or
19	(f) Seeks, consents to, or acquiesces in the
20	appointment of a trustee, receiver, or liquidator of the
21	member or of all or any substantial part of the member's
22	properties; or
23	(2) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of
24	organization or operating agreement, or with the written
25	consent of all members, 120 days after the commencement of any
26	proceeding against the member seeking reorganization,
27	arrangement, composition, readjustment, liquidation,
28	dissolution, or similar relief under any statute, law, or
29	regulation, if the proceeding has not been dismissed, or if
30	within 90 days after the appointment without the member's
31	consent or acquiescence of a trustee, receiver, or liquidator
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of the member or of all or any substantial part of the 1 2 member's properties, the appointment is not vacated or stayed, 3 or within 90 days after the expiration of any such stay, the 4 appointment is not vacated. 5 (Substantial rewording of section. see 6 s. 608.437, F.S., for present text.) 7 608.4238 Unauthorized assumption of powers.--All persons purporting to act as or on behalf of a limited 8 liability company, having actual knowledge that there was no 9 organization of a company under this chapter, are jointly and 10 severally liable for all liabilities created while so acting 11 12 except for any liability to any person who also had actual knowledge that there was no organization of a limited 13 14 liability company. 15 608.425 Limited liability company property .--16 (1) All property originally contributed to the limited 17 liability company or subsequently acquired by a limited 18 liability company by purchase or otherwise is limited 19 liability company property. 20 (2) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of 21 organization or the operating agreement regulations, property 22 acquired with limited liability company funds is limited 23 liability company property. (3) Instruments and documents providing for the 24 25 acquisition, mortgage, or disposition of property of the 26 limited liability company shall be valid and binding upon the 27 company, if they are executed in accordance with this chapter by the persons authorized in the articles of organization or 28 29 the regulations to execute such documents on behalf of the limited liability company, or, if the articles of organization 30 or the regulations do not provide for the execution of such 31 49

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documents, one or more managers of a limited liability company 1 2 having a manager or managers, or one or more members of a limited liability company in which management has been 3 4 retained in the members. 5 608.426 Distributions Distribution of property; 6 impairment of capital.--7 (1) The limited liability company may make 8 distributions, from time to time, distribute its property to 9 its members in accordance with the provisions contained in the operating agreement regulations, except that no distribution 10 may be made if after the distribution the limited liability 11 12 company would not be insolvent able to pay its debts as they become due in the usual course of business, or the limited 13 14 liability company's total assets would be less than the sum of its total liabilities (except liabilities to members on 15 account of their contributions, unless otherwise provided in 16 17 the articles of organization). If the operating agreement does regulations do not provide for the payment of distributions to 18 19 members, the distributions shall be made on the basis of the 20 agreed value, as stated in the records of the limited 21 liability company, of the contributions made by each member to the extent they have been received by the limited liability 22 23 company and have not been returned, when made, must be allocated on the basis of each member's relative capital 24 25 account. 26 (2) The managers or managing members of a limited 27 liability company may base a determination that a distribution is not prohibited under subsection (1) either on financial 28 29 statements prepared on the basis of accounting practices and principles that are reasonable in the circumstances or on a 30 fair valuation or other method that is reasonable in the 31

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circumstances. In the case of any distribution based upon such 1 financial statement or such a valuation, each such 2 3 distribution shall be identified as a distribution based upon 4 such financial statements or a fair current valuation of 5 assets, and the amount distributed shall be disclosed to the receiving members concurrent with their receipt of the б 7 distribution. 8 (3) A manager or managing member who votes for or 9 assents to a distribution made in violation of this section, the articles of incorporation, or the operating agreement 10 regulations, is personally liable to the limited liability 11 12 company for the amount of the distribution that exceeds what could have been distributed without such violation if it is 13 14 established that the manager or managing member he or she did not perform the manager's or managing member's his or her 15 duties in compliance with s. 608.4225. In any proceeding 16 17 commenced under this section, a manager or managing member has all of the defenses ordinarily available to a manager or 18 19 managing member. 20 (4) A manager or managing member held liable under subsection (3) for an unlawful distribution is entitled to 21 22 contribution: 23 (a) From every other manager or managing member who is also could be liable under subsection (3) for the unlawful 24 25 distribution; and 26 (b) From each member to the extent of for the amount the member accepted knowing the distribution was made in 27 28 violation of this section, the articles of incorporation, or 29 the operating agreement regulations. (5) A proceeding under this section is barred unless 30 it is commenced within 2 years after the date on which the 31 51 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1	distribution was made. In the case of a distribution in the
2	form of indebtedness, each payment of principal or interest is
3	treated as a distribution.
4	608.4261 Sharing of profits and lossesThe profits
5	and losses of the limited liability company shall be allocated
6	among the members in the manner provided in the articles of
7	organization or the <u>operating agreement</u> regulations. If the
8	articles of organization <u>do not</u> or the <u>operating agreement</u>
9	does regulations do not provide for the allocation of profits
10	and losses among members, profits and losses shall be
11	allocated on the basis of the agreed value, as stated in the
12	records of the limited liability company, of the contributions
13	made by each member to the extent such contributions have been
14	received by the limited liability company and have not been
15	returned each member's relative capital account.
16	608.427 Withdrawal of member and distribution upon
17	withdrawal or reduction of members' contributions to
18	capital
19	(1) <u>A member may withdraw from a limited liability</u>
20	company only at the time or upon the occurrence of an event
21	specified in the articles of organization or operating
22	agreement and in accordance with the articles of organization
23	or operating agreement. Notwithstanding anything to the
24	contrary under applicable law, unless the articles of
25	organization or operating agreement provides otherwise, a
26	member may not resign from a limited liability company prior
27	to the dissolution and winding up of the limited liability
28	company. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary under
29	applicable law, the articles of organization or operating
30	agreement may provide that a limited liability company
31	interest may not be assigned prior to the dissolution and
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winding up of the limited liability company. A member may 1 withdraw from a limited liability company at the time or upon 2 3 the happening of an event specified in the articles of 4 organization or the regulations. If the articles of 5 organization and regulations do not specify the time or the 6 events upon the happening of which a member may withdraw or a 7 definite time for the dissolution and the winding up of the limited liability company, a member may withdraw upon not less 8 than 6 months' prior written notice to each nonwithdrawing 9 member at his or her address as set forth in the records that 10 are required to be kept under s. 608.4101. 11 (2) Except as provided in subsection (3), Upon 12 withdrawal, a withdrawing member is entitled to receive any 13 distribution to which the withdrawing member he or she is 14 entitled under the articles of organization or operating 15 agreement regulations, and, if not otherwise provided in the 16 articles of organization and operating agreement regulations, 17 the withdrawing member he or she is entitled to receive, 18 19 within a reasonable time after withdrawal, the fair value of 20 the withdrawing member's interest in the limited liability 21 company as of the date of resignation based upon the 22 withdrawing member's right to share in distributions from the 23 limited liability company balance of his or her capital account. 24 (3) A member may not receive a distribution from a 25 26 limited liability company to the extent that, after giving effect to the distribution, all liabilities of the limited 27 liability company, other than liabilities to members on 28 29 account of their ownership interests in the limited liability company, exceed the value of the limited liability company's 30 31 assets. 53

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1	(3) (4) In the absence of a statement in the articles
2	of organization or the operating agreement regulations to the
3	contrary or the consent of all members of the limited
4	liability company, a member, irrespective of the nature of the
5	member's his or her or its contribution, has only the right to
6	demand and receive cash in return for the member's his or her
7	or its contribution to capital.
, 8	608.428 Liability upon wrongful distribution return of
9	contribution
10	(1)(a) If a member receives the return of any part of
11	his or her contribution without violation of the articles of
12	organization, the regulations, or this chapter, he or she is
13	liable to the limited liability company for a period of 1 year
14	thereafter for the amount of the returned contribution, but
15	only to the extent necessary to discharge the limited
16	liability company's liabilities to creditors who extended
17	credit to the limited liability company during the period the
18	contribution was held by the limited liability company.
10 19	(1) (b) If a member receives a distribution the return
20	of any part of his or her contribution in violation of the
20 21	articles of organization, the operating agreement regulations,
21	or this chapter, the member he or she is liable to the limited
22	
23 24	liability company for a period of $\frac{3}{6}$ years thereafter for the amount of the distribution contribution wrongfully made
24 25	returned.
26	(2) A member may not receive a distribution from a
20 27	liability company to the extent that, after giving effect to
27	the distribution, all liabilities of the limited liability
20 29	company, other than liabilities to members on account of their
30	membership interests in the limited liability company, exceed
31	the value of the limited liability company's assets. A member
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receives a return of his or her contribution to the extent 1 that a distribution to the member reduces his or her share of 2 3 the fair value of the net assets of the limited liability 4 company below the value, as set forth in the records that the 5 limited liability company is required to keep pursuant to s. 6 608.4101, of the member's contribution which has not been 7 distributed to him or her. (Substantial rewording of section. See 8 9 s. 608.432, F.S., for present text.) 608.432 Assignment of member's interest.--10 (1) A limited liability company interest is assignable 11 12 in whole or in part except as provided in the articles of organization or operating agreement. The assignee of a 13 14 member's interest shall have no right to participate in the 15 management of the business and affairs of a limited liability company except as provided in the articles of organization or 16 17 operating agreement and upon: (a) The approval of all of the members of the limited 18 19 liability company other than the member assigning the limited 20 liability company interest; or 21 (b) Compliance with any procedure provided for in the 22 limited liability company agreement. 23 (2) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of organization or operating agreement: 24 25 (a) An assignment of a membership interest does not 26 entitle the assignee to become or to exercise any rights or powers of a member; 27 28 (b) An assignment of a membership interest entitles 29 the assignee to share in such profits and losses, to receive such distribution or distributions, and to receive such 30 allocation of income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit or 31 55

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similar item to which the assignor was entitled, to the extent 1 2 assigned; and 3 (c) A member ceases to be a member and to have the 4 power to exercise any rights or powers of a member upon assignment of all of the membership interest of such member. 5 6 Unless otherwise provided in the articles of organization or 7 operating agreement, the pledge of, or granting of a security 8 interest, lien, or other encumbrance in or against, any or all 9 of the membership interest of a member shall not cause the member to cease to be a member or to have the power to 10 exercise any rights or powers of a member. 11 12 (3) The articles of organization or operating agreement may provide that a member's interest in a limited 13 14 liability company may be evidenced by a certificate of membership interest issued by the limited liability company. 15 (4) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of 16 17 organization or operating agreement and except to the extent assumed by agreement, until an assignee of a membership 18 19 interest becomes a member, the assignee shall have no 20 liability as a member solely as a result of the assignment. 21 (5) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of 22 organization or operating agreement, a limited liability 23 company may acquire, by purchase, redemption, or otherwise, any membership interest or other interest of a member or 24 25 manager in the limited liability company. Unless otherwise 26 provided in the articles of organization or operating 27 agreement, any such interest so acquired by the limited 28 liability company shall be deemed canceled. 29 608.433 Right of assignee to become member .--30 (1) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of organization or operating agreement, an assignee of a limited 31 56 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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liability company interest may become a member only if all 1 2 other members other than the member assigning the interest 3 consent. 4 (2) An assignee who has become a member has, to the 5 extent assigned, the rights and powers, and is subject to the 6 restrictions and liabilities, of the assigning a member under 7 the articles of organization, the operating agreement 8 regulations, and this chapter. An assignce who becomes a 9 member also is liable for the obligations of the assignee's his or her assignor to make and return contributions as 10 provided in s.ss.608.4211 and wrongful distributions as 11 12 provided in s.608.428. However, the assignee is not obligated for liabilities which are unknown to the assignee at 13 14 the time the assignee he or she became a member and which could not be ascertained from the articles of organization or 15 16 the operating agreement regulations. (3) If an assignee of a limited liability company 17 interest becomes a member, the assignor is not released from 18 19 his or her liability to the limited liability company under 20 ss. 608.4211, 608.426, and 608.4228 608.4362. 21 (4) On application to a court of competent jurisdiction by any judgment creditor of a member, the court 22 23 may charge the limited liability company membership interest of the member with payment of the unsatisfied amount of the 24 25 judgment with interest. To the extent so charged, the judgment creditor has only the rights of an assignee of such the 26 27 limited liability company interest. This chapter does not 28 deprive any member of the benefit of any exemption laws 29 applicable to the member's his or her limited liability 30 company interest. 31 57

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608.434 Power of estate of deceased or incompetent 1 2 member; dissolved or terminated member. --3 (1) If a member who is an individual dies or if a 4 court of competent jurisdiction adjudges a member who is an 5 individual to be incompetent to manage the member's his or her 6 person or property, the member's executor, administrator, 7 guardian, conservator, or other legal representative may 8 exercise all the member's rights for the purpose of settling 9 the member's his or her estate or administering the member's his or her property, including any power the member had to 10 give an assignee the right to become a member. 11 12 (2) If a member is a corporation, limited liability company, trust, or other entity and is dissolved or 13 14 terminated, the powers of that member may be exercised by its 15 legal representative or successor. 608.438 Merger of limited liability company .--16 17 (1) As used in this section and ss. 608.4381-608.4384, the term "other business entity" includes a corporation, a 18 19 business trust or association, a real estate investment trust, a common law trust, an unincorporated business, a general 20 partnership, a limited partnership, a limited liability 21 22 company other than a limited liability company organized under 23 the laws of this chapter, or any other entity that is formed pursuant to the requirements of applicable law. 24 25 (2) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of 26 organization or the operating agreement regulations of a 27 limited liability company, pursuant to a plan of merger, a 28 limited liability company may merge with or into one or more 29 limited liability companies or other business entities formed, 30 organized, or incorporated under the laws of this state or any 31 58 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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other state, the United States, foreign country, or other 1 foreign jurisdiction, if: 2 3 (a) Each limited liability company that is a party to 4 the merger complies with the applicable provisions of this 5 chapter and complies with the terms of its articles of 6 organization and operating agreement regulations. 7 Each domestic partnership that is a party to the (b) 8 merger complies with the applicable provisions of chapter 620. 9 (C) Each domestic corporation that is a party to the merger complies with the applicable provisions of chapter 607. 10 The merger is permitted by the laws of the state, 11 (d) 12 country, or jurisdiction under which each other business 13 entity that is a party to the merger is formed, organized, or 14 incorporated, and each such other business entity complies 15 with such laws in effecting the merger. (3) The plan of merger shall set forth: 16 17 (a) The name of each limited liability company and the name and jurisdiction of formation, organization, or 18 19 incorporation of each other business entity planning to merge, 20 and the name of the surviving or resulting limited liability company or other business entity into which each other limited 21 22 liability company or other business entity plans to merge, 23 which is, in this section and in ss. 608.4381-608.4384, designated as the surviving entity. 24 The terms and conditions of the merger. 25 (b) 26 (C) The manner and basis of converting the interests of the members of each limited liability company that is a 27 28 party to the merger and the interests, partnership interests, 29 shares, obligations, or other securities of each other business entity that is a party to the merger into interests, 30 partnership interests, shares, obligations, or other 31 59

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securities of the surviving entity or any other limited 1 2 liability company or other business entity or, in whole or in 3 part, into cash or other property, and the manner and basis of 4 converting rights to acquire interests of each limited 5 liability company that is a party to the merger and rights to acquire interests, partnership interests, shares, obligations, 6 7 or other securities of each other business entity that is a party to the merger into rights to acquire interests, 8 9 partnership interests, shares, obligations, or other 10 securities of the surviving entity or any other limited liability company or other business entity or, in whole or in 11 12 part, into cash or other property. 13 (d) If a partnership is to be the surviving entity, 14 the names and business addresses of the general partners of 15 the surviving entity. (e) If a limited liability company is to be the 16 17 surviving entity, and management thereof is vested in one or more managers, the names and business addresses of such 18 19 managers. 20 (f) All statements required to be set forth in the plan of merger by the laws under which each other business 21 22 entity that is a party to the merger is formed, organized, or 23 incorporated. 24 (4) The plan of merger may set forth: (a) If a limited liability company is to be the 25 26 surviving entity, any amendments to, or a restatement of, the 27 articles of organization or the operating agreement regulations of the surviving entity, and such amendments or 28 29 restatement shall be effective at the effective date of the 30 merger. 31 60 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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(b) The effective date of the merger, which may be on 1 2 or after the date of filing the certificate of merger. 3 (c) A provision authorizing one or more of the limited 4 liability companies that are parties to the merger to abandon 5 the proposed merger pursuant to s. 608.4381(7). 6 (d) A statement of, or a statement of the method of 7 determining, the "fair value," as defined in s. 8 608.4384(1)(b), of an interest in any limited liability 9 company that is a party to the merger. (e) Other provisions relating to the merger. 10 608.4381 Action on plan of merger.--11 12 (1) Unless the articles of organization or the operating agreement regulations of a limited liability company 13 14 require a greater than majority vote, the plan of merger shall 15 be approved in writing by a majority of the managers who are members of a limited liability company that is a party to the 16 17 merger in which management is not reserved to its members. If no manager is a member, the plan of merger shall be approved 18 19 by vote of the members as set forth in this section. Unless 20 the articles of organization or the operating agreement regulations of a limited liability company require a greater 21 than majority vote or provide for another method of 22 23 determining the voting rights of each of its members, and whether or not management is reserved to its members, the plan 24 25 of merger shall be approved in writing by a 26 majority-in-interest majority of the members of a limited 27 liability company that is a party to the merger, and, if 28 applicable, the vote of each member shall be weighted in 29 accordance with s. 608.4231(1)(b); provided, unless the articles of organization or the operating agreement 30 regulations of the limited liability company require a greater 31 61

1 than majority vote or provide for another method of 2 determining the voting rights of each of its members, if there 3 is more than one class or group of members, the merger shall 4 be approved by a <u>majority-in-interest</u> majority of the members 5 of each such class or group, and, if applicable, the vote of 6 each member shall be weighted in accordance with s. 7 608.4231(1)(b).

(2) In addition to the approval required by subsection 8 9 (1), if the surviving entity is a partnership, no member of a 10 limited liability company that is a party to the merger shall, as a result of the merger, become a general partner of the 11 12 surviving entity unless such member specifically consents in 13 writing to becoming a general partner of the surviving entity 14 and unless such written consent is obtained from each such member who, as a result of the merger, would become a general 15 16 partner of the surviving entity, such merger shall not become 17 effective under s. 608.4383. Any member providing such consent in writing shall be deemed to have voted in favor of 18 19 the plan of merger for purposes of s. 608.4384.

(3) All members of each limited liability company that 20 is a party to the merger shall be given written notice of any 21 22 meeting or other action with respect to the approval of a plan 23 of merger as provided in subsection (4), not fewer than 30 or more than 60 days before the date of the meeting at which the 24 plan of merger shall be submitted for approval by the members 25 26 of such limited liability company; provided, if the plan of merger is submitted to the members of the limited liability 27 company for their written approval or other action without a 28 29 meeting, such notification shall be given to each member not fewer than 30 or more than 60 days before the effective date 30 of the merger. Pursuant to s. 608.455, the notification 31

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required by this subsection may be waived in writing by the 1 person or persons entitled to such notification. 2 3 (4) The notification required by subsection (3) shall 4 be in writing and shall include: 5 (a) The date, time, and place of the meeting, if any, 6 at which the plan of merger is to be submitted for approval by 7 the members of the limited liability company, or, if the plan 8 of merger is to be submitted for written approval or by other 9 action without a meeting, a statement to that effect. 10 (b) A copy or summary of the plan of merger. (c) A clear and concise statement that, if the plan of 11 12 merger is effected, members dissenting therefrom may be entitled, if they comply with the provisions of s. 608.4384 13 14 regarding the rights of dissenting members, to be paid the fair value of their interests, which shall be accompanied by a 15 copy of s. 608.4384. 16 17 (d) A statement of, or a statement of the method of determining, the "fair value," as defined in s. 18 19 608.4384(1)(b), of an interest in the limited liability company, in the case of a limited liability company in which 20 management is not reserved to its members, as determined by 21 the managers of such limited liability company, which 22 23 statement may consist of a reference to the applicable provisions of such limited liability company's articles of 24 organization or operating agreement regulations that determine 25 26 the fair value of an interest in the limited liability company for such purposes, and which shall constitute an offer by the 27 limited liability company to purchase at such fair value any 28 29 interests of a "dissenter," as defined in s. 608.4384(1)(a), unless and until such dissenter's right to receive the fair 30 31 63

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value of the dissenter's his interests in the limited 1 2 liability company is terminated pursuant to s. 608.4384(8). 3 (e) The date on which such notification was mailed or 4 delivered to the members. 5 (f) Any other information concerning the plan of 6 merger. 7 (5) The notification required by subsection (3) shall 8 be deemed to be given at the earliest date of: 9 (a) The date such notification is received; (b) Five days after the date such notification is 10 deposited in the United States mail addressed to the member at 11 12 the member's his address as it appears in the books and records of the limited liability company, with postage thereon 13 14 prepaid; 15 (c) The date shown on the return receipt, if sent by 16 registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, and 17 the receipt is signed by or on behalf of the addressee; or 18 (d) The date such notification is given in accordance 19 with the provisions of the articles of organization or the 20 operating agreement regulations of the limited liability 21 company. A plan of merger may provide for the manner, if 22 (6) 23 any, in which the plan of merger may be amended at any time before the effective date of the merger, except after the 24 approval of the plan of merger by the members of a limited 25 26 liability company that is a party to the merger, the plan of 27 merger may not be amended to: 28 (a) Change the amount or kind of interests, 29 partnership interests, shares, obligations, other securities, 30 cash, rights, or any other property to be received by the 31 64 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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members of such limited liability company in exchange for or 1 2 on conversion of their interests; 3 (b) If the surviving entity is a limited liability 4 company, change any term of the articles of organization or 5 the operating agreement regulations of the surviving entity, 6 except for changes that otherwise could be adopted without the 7 approval of the members of the surviving entity; 8 (c) If the surviving entity is not a limited liability 9 company, change any term of the articles of incorporation or comparable governing document of the surviving entity, except 10 for changes that otherwise could be adopted by the board of 11 12 directors or comparable representatives of the surviving 13 entity; or 14 (d) Change any of the terms and conditions of the plan of merger if any such change, alone or in the aggregate, would 15 materially and adversely affect the members, or any class or 16 17 group of members, of such limited liability company. 18 19 If an amendment to a plan of merger is made in accordance the plan and articles of merger have been filed with the 20 Department of State, amended articles of merger executed by 21 22 each limited liability company and other business entity that 23 is a party to the merger shall be filed with the Department of State prior to the effective date of the merger. 24 25 (7) Unless the limited liability company's articles of 26 organization or operating agreement regulations or the plan of 27 merger provide otherwise, notwithstanding the prior approval of the plan of merger by any limited liability company that is 28 29 a party to the merger in which management is not reserved to its members, and at any time prior to the filing of articles 30 of merger with the Department of State, the planned merger may 31 65 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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be abandoned, subject to any contractual rights, by any such 1 limited liability company by the affirmative vote of a 2 3 majority of its managers without further action by its 4 members, in accordance with the procedure set forth in the 5 plan of merger or, if none is set forth, in the manner 6 determined by the managers of such limited liability company. 7 608.4383 Effect of merger.--When a merger becomes 8 effective: 9 (1) Every limited liability company and other business 10 entity that is a party to the merger merges into the surviving entity and the separate existence of every limited liability 11 12 company and other business entity that is a party to the 13 merger, except the surviving entity, ceases. 14 (2) The title to all property other than real property 15 or any interest therein, owned by each domestic corporation and other business entity that is a party to the merger is 16 17 vested in the surviving entity without reversion or impairment. Title to real property or any interest therein 18 19 shall be conveyed by the recordation of a deed with payment of 20 applicable taxes thereon. 21 (3) The surviving entity shall thereafter be responsible and liable for all the liabilities and obligations 22 23 of each limited liability company and other business entity that is a party to the merger, including liabilities arising 24 out of the rights of dissenters with respect to such merger 25 26 under applicable law. (4) Any claim existing or action or proceeding pending 27 by or against any limited liability company or other business 28 29 entity that is a party to the merger may be continued as if 30 the merger did not occur or the surviving entity may be 31 66

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substituted in the proceeding for the limited liability 1 company or other business entity which ceased existence. 2 (5) Neither the rights of creditors nor any liens upon 3 4 the property of any limited liability company or other 5 business entity shall be impaired by such merger. (6) If a limited liability company is the surviving б 7 entity, the articles of organization and the operating 8 agreement regulations of such limited liability company in 9 effect immediately prior to the time the merger becomes effective shall be the articles of organization and the 10 operating agreement regulations of the surviving entity, 11 12 except as amended or restated to the extent provided in the 13 plan of merger. 14 (7) The interests, partnership interests, shares, 15 obligations, or other securities, and the rights to acquire interests, partnership interests, shares, obligations, or 16 17 other securities, of each limited liability company and other business entity that is a party to the merger shall be 18 19 converted into interests, partnership interests, shares, obligations, or other securities, or rights to such 20 securities, of the surviving entity or any other limited 21 22 liability company or other business entity or, in whole or in 23 part, into cash or other property as provided in the plan of merger, and the former holders of interests, partnership 24 interests, shares, obligations, or other securities, or rights 25 to such securities, shall be entitled only to the rights 26 27 provided in the plan of merger and to their rights as dissenters, if any, under s. 608.4384, ss. 607.1301-607.1320, 28 29 s. 620.205, or other applicable law. 608.4384 Rights of dissenting members .--30 (1) For purposes of this section, the term: 31 67

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"Dissenter" means a member of a limited liability 1 (a) 2 company who is a recordholder of the interests to which the 3 dissenter he seeks relief as of the date fixed for the 4 determination of members entitled to notice of a plan of 5 merger, who does not vote such interests in favor of the plan 6 of merger, and who exercises the right to dissent from the 7 plan of merger when and in the manner required by this 8 section.

9 (b) "Fair value," with respect to a dissenter's 10 interests, means the value of the interests in the limited 11 liability company that is a party to a plan of merger as of 12 the close of business of the day prior to the effective date 13 of the merger to which the dissenter objects, excluding any 14 appreciation or depreciation in anticipation of the merger, 15 unless such exclusion would be inequitable.

16 (2) Each member of a limited liability company that is 17 a party to a merger shall have the right to be paid the fair 18 value of <u>such member's</u> his interests as a dissenter only as 19 provided in this section.

20 (3) Not later than 20 days after the date on which the notification required by s. 608.4381(3) is given to the 21 members, or if such notification is waived in writing by the 22 dissenter, not later than 20 days after the date of such 23 written waiver, the dissenter shall deliver to the limited 24 liability company a written demand for payment to the 25 26 dissenter him of the fair value of the interests as to which the dissenter $\frac{1}{100}$ seeks relief that states the dissenter's $\frac{1}{100}$ 27 address, the number and class, if any, of those interests, 28 29 and, at the election of the dissenter, the amount claimed by the dissenter him as the fair value of the interests. 30 The statement of fair market value by the dissenter, if any, shall 31

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constitute an offer by the dissenter to sell the interests to 1 2 the limited liability company at such amount. A dissenter may 3 dissent as to less than all the interests registered in the 4 dissenter's his name. In such event, the dissenter's rights 5 shall be determined as if the interests as to which the 6 dissenter he has dissented and the dissenter's his remaining 7 interests were registered in the names of different members. 8 If the interests as to which a dissenter seeks relief are 9 represented by certificates, the dissenter shall deposit such 10 certificates with the limited liability company simultaneously with the delivery of the written demand for payment. Upon 11 12 receiving a demand for payment from a dissenter who is a recordholder of uncertificated interests, the limited 13 14 liability company shall make an appropriate notation of the 15 demand for payment in its records. The limited liability company may restrict the transfer of uncertificated interests 16 17 from the date the dissenter's written demand for payment is 18 delivered. A written demand for payment served on the limited 19 liability company in which the dissenter is a member shall constitute service on the surviving entity. 20 21 (4) The written demand for payment required by subsection (3) shall be deemed to be delivered to the limited 22 23 liability company at the earliest of: The date such written demand is received; 24 (a) (b) Five days after the date such written demand is 25 26 deposited in the United States mail addressed to the principal 27 business office of the limited liability company, with postage thereon prepaid; 28 29 (c) The date shown on the return receipt, if such 30 written demand is sent by registered or certified mail, return 31 69

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receipt requested, and the receipt is signed by or on behalf
 of the addressee; or

3 (d) The date such written demand is given in 4 accordance with the provisions of the limited liability 5 company's articles of organization or <u>operating agreement</u> 6 regulations.

7 (5) Unless the articles of organization or operating 8 agreement regulations of the limited liability company in 9 which the dissenter is a member provides provide a basis or method for determining and paying the fair value of the 10 interests as to which the dissenter seeks relief, or unless 11 12 the limited liability company or the surviving entity and the dissenter have agreed in writing as to the fair value of the 13 14 interests as to which the dissenter seeks relief, the 15 dissenter, the limited liability company, or the surviving entity, within 90 days after the dissenter delivers the 16 17 written demand for payment to the limited liability company, may file an action in any court of competent jurisdiction in 18 19 the county in this state where the registered office of the limited liability company is located or was located when the 20 plan of merger was approved by its members, or in the county 21 in this state in which the principal office of the limited 22 23 liability company that issued the interests is located or was located when the plan of merger was approved by its members 24 partners, requesting that the fair value of the dissenter's 25 26 interests be determined. The court shall also determine whether each dissenter that is a party to such proceeding, as 27 to whom the limited liability company or the surviving entity 28 29 requests the court to make such determination, is entitled to receive payment of the fair value for the dissenter's his 30 interests. Other dissenters, within the 90-day period after a 31

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dissenter delivers a written demand to the limited liability 1 company, may join such proceeding as plaintiffs or may be 2 3 joined in any such proceeding as defendants, and any two or 4 more such proceedings may be consolidated. If the limited 5 liability company or surviving entity commences such a 6 proceeding, all dissenters, whether or not residents of this 7 state, other than dissenters who have agreed in writing with 8 the limited liability company or the surviving entity as to 9 the fair value of the interests as to which such dissenters seek relief, shall be made parties to such action as an action 10 against their interests. The limited liability company or the 11 12 surviving entity shall serve a copy of the initial pleading in such proceeding upon each dissenter who is a party to such 13 14 proceeding and who is a resident of this state in the manner 15 provided by law for the service of a summons and complaint and upon each such dissenter who is not a resident of this state 16 17 either by registered or certified mail and publication or in such matter as is permitted by law. The jurisdiction of the 18 19 court in such a proceeding shall be plenary and exclusive. All 20 dissenters who are proper parties to the proceeding are entitled to judgment against the limited liability company or 21 22 the surviving entity for the amount of the fair value of their 23 interests as to which payment is sought hereunder. The court may, if it so elects, appoint one or more persons as 24 appraisers to receive evidence and recommend a decision on the 25 26 question of fair value. The appraisers shall have such power and authority as is specified in the order of their 27 appointment or an amendment thereof. The limited liability 28 29 company shall pay each dissenter the amount found to be due the dissenter him within 10 days after final determination of 30 the proceedings. Upon payment of the judgment, the dissenter 31

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shall cease to have any interest in the interests as to which
 payment is sought hereunder.

3 (6) The judgment may, at the discretion of the court,
4 include a fair rate of interest, to be determined by the
5 court.

(7) The costs and expenses of any such proceeding б 7 shall be determined by the court and shall be assessed against 8 the limited liability company or the surviving entity, but all 9 or any part of such costs and expenses may be apportioned and assessed as the court deems equitable against any or all of 10 the dissenters who are parties to the proceeding, to whom the 11 12 limited liability company or the surviving entity has made an offer to pay for the interests, if the court finds that the 13 14 action of such dissenters in failing to accept such offer was 15 arbitrary, vexatious, or not in good faith. Such expenses shall include reasonable compensation for, and reasonable 16 17 expenses of, the appraisers, but shall exclude the fees and expenses of counsel for, and experts employed by, any party. 18 19 If the fair value of the interests, as determined, materially exceeds the amount which the limited liability company or the 20 surviving entity offered to pay therefor, the court in its 21 22 discretion may award to any dissenter who is a party to the 23 proceeding such amount as the court determines to be reasonable compensation to any attorney or expert employed by 24 the dissenter in the proceeding. 25

(8) The right of a dissenter to receive fair value for and the obligation to sell such interests as to which <u>the</u> <u>dissenter</u> he seeks relief, and the right of the limited liability company or the surviving entity to purchase such interests and the obligation to pay the fair value of such interests, shall terminate if:

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The dissenter has not complied with this section, 1 (a) 2 unless the limited liability company or the surviving entity 3 waives, in writing, such noncompliance; 4 (b) The limited liability company abandons the merger 5 or is finally enjoined or prevented from carrying it out, or 6 the members rescind their adoption or approval of the merger; 7 (c) The dissenter withdraws the dissenter's his 8 demand, with the consent of the limited liability company or 9 the surviving entity; or (d)1. The articles of organization or the operating 10 agreement regulations of the limited liability company in 11 12 which the dissenter was a member does not provide a basis or method for determining and paying the dissenter the fair value 13 14 of the dissenter's his interests. 15 The limited liability company or the surviving 2. entity and the dissenter have not agreed upon the fair value 16 of the dissenter's interests. 17 3. Neither the dissenter, the limited liability 18 19 company, nor the surviving entity has filed or is joined in a complaint under subsection (5) within the 90-day period 20 21 provided in subsection (5). 22 (9) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of 23 organization or the operating agreement regulations of the limited liability company in which the dissenter was a member, 24 25 after the date the dissenter delivers the written demand for 26 payment in accordance with subsection (3) until either the termination of the rights and obligations arising under 27 subsection (3) or the purchase of the dissenter's interests by 28 29 the limited liability company or the surviving entity, the dissenter shall be entitled only to payment as provided in 30 this section and shall not be entitled to any other rights 31 73

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accruing from such interests, including voting or distribution 1 rights. If the right to receive fair value is terminated 2 3 other than by the purchase of the dissenter's interests by the 4 limited liability company or the surviving entity, all rights 5 of the dissenter as a member of the limited liability company 6 shall be reinstated effective as of the date the dissenter 7 delivered the written demand for payment, including the right 8 to receive any intervening payment or other distribution with 9 respect to the dissenter's interests in the limited liability company, or, if any such rights have expired or any such 10 distribution other than a cash payment has been completed, in 11 12 lieu thereof at the election of the surviving entity, the fair value thereof in cash as determined by the surviving entity as 13 14 of the time of such expiration or completion, but without prejudice otherwise to any action or proceeding of the limited 15 liability company that may have been taken by the limited 16 17 liability company on or after the date the dissenter delivered 18 the written demand for payment.

19 (10) A member who is entitled under this section to 20 demand payment for the member's his interests shall not have any right at law or in equity to challenge the validity of any 21 merger that creates the member's his entitlement to demand 22 23 payment hereunder, or to have the merger set aside or rescinded, except with respect to compliance with the 24 provisions of the limited liability company's articles of 25 26 organization or operating agreement regulations or if the merger is unlawful or fraudulent with respect to such member. 27 28 (11) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of 29 organization or the operating agreement regulations of the limited liability company in which the dissenter was a member, 30 this section does not apply with respect to a plan of merger 31

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if, as of the date fixed for the determination of members 1 2 entitled to notice of a plan of merger: 3 (a) The membership interests of the limited liability 4 company were held of record by not fewer than 500 members; or 5 (b) The membership interests were registered on a 6 national securities exchange or quoted on the National 7 Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation System. 8 608.439 Conversion of certain entities to a limited 9 liability company.--(1) As used in this section, the term "other entity" 10 means a business trust or association, a real estate 11 investment trust, a common-law trust, or any other 12 unincorporated business, including a partnership, whether 13 14 general (including a registered limited liability partnership) 15 or limited (including a registered limited liability limited partnership) or a foreign limited liability company. 16 17 (2) Any other entity may convert to a domestic limited 18 liability company by complying with subsection (8) and filing 19 in the Department of State in accordance with s. 608.4081: 20 (a) A certificate of conversion to a limited liability 21 company that has been executed by one or more authorized 22 persons in accordance with s. 608.408; and 23 (b) Articles of organization that comply with s. 608.407 and have been executed by one or more authorized 24 25 persons in accordance with s. 608.408. 26 (3) The certificate of conversion to a limited 27 liability company shall state: 28 (a) The date on which and jurisdiction in which the 29 other entity was first created, formed, or otherwise came into 30 being and, if it has changed, its jurisdiction immediately 31 75

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prior to its conversion to a domestic limited liability 1 2 company; 3 The name of the other entity immediately prior to (b) 4 the filing of the certificate of conversion to a limited 5 liability company; 6 The name of the limited liability company as set (C) 7 forth in its articles of organization filed in accordance with 8 subsection (2); and 9 (d) The future effective date or time (which shall be a date or time certain) of the conversion to a limited 10 liability company if it is not to be effective upon the filing 11 12 of the certificate of conversion to a limited liability company and the articles of organization. 13 14 (4) Upon the filing in the Department of State of the certificate of conversion to a limited liability company and 15 the articles of organization or upon the future effective date 16 17 or time of the certificate of conversion to a limited liability company and the articles of organization, the other 18 19 entity shall be converted into a domestic limited liability 20 company and the limited liability company shall thereafter be 21 subject to all of the provisions of this chapter, except that notwithstanding s. 608.409, the existence of the limited 22 23 liability company shall be deemed to have commenced on the date the other entity commenced its existence in the 24 25 jurisdiction in which the other entity was first created, formed, incorporated, or otherwise came into being. 26 (5) The conversion of any other entity into a domestic 27 limited liability company shall not affect any obligations or 28 29 liabilities of the other entity incurred prior to its 30 conversion to a domestic limited liability company or the 31 76

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1	personal liability of any person incurred prior to such
2	conversion.
3	(6) When any conversion becomes effective under this
4	section, for all purposes of the laws of this state, all of
5	the rights, privileges, and powers of the other entity that
6	has converted, and all property, real, personal, and mixed,
7	and all debts due to such other entity, as well as all other
8	things and causes of action belonging to such other entity,
9	shall be vested in the domestic limited liability company and
10	shall thereafter be the property of the domestic limited
11	liability company as they were of the other entity that has
12	converted, and the title to any real property vested by deed
13	or otherwise in such other entity shall not revert or be in
14	any way impaired by reason of this chapter, but all rights of
15	creditors and all liens upon any property of such other entity
16	shall be preserved unimpaired, and all debts, liabilities, and
17	duties of the other entity that has converted shall
18	thenceforth attach to the domestic limited liability company
19	and may be enforced against it to the same extent as if said
20	debts, liabilities, and duties had been incurred or contracted
21	by it.
22	(7) Unless otherwise agreed, or as required under
23	applicable non-Florida law, the converting entity shall not be
24	required to wind up its affairs or pay its liabilities and
25	distribute its assets, and the conversion shall not constitute
26	a dissolution of such entity and shall constitute a
27	continuation of the existence of the converting entity in the
28	form of a domestic limited liability company.
29	(8) Prior to filing a certificate of conversion to
30	limited liability company with the Department of State, the
31	conversion shall be approved in the manner provided for by the
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document, instrument, agreement, or other writing, as the case 1 may be, governing the internal affairs of the other entity and 2 3 the conduct of its business or by applicable law, as 4 appropriate, and the articles of organization or operating 5 agreement shall be approved by the same authorization required 6 to approve the conversion. 7 (9) The provisions of this section shall not be 8 construed to limit the accomplishment of a change in the law 9 governing, or the domicile of, any other entity to this state by any other means provided for in the articles of 10 organization or operating agreement or other agreement or as 11 12 otherwise permitted by law, including by the amendment of the articles of organization or operating agreement or other 13 14 agreement. 608.441 Dissolution.--15 (1) A limited liability company organized under this 16 17 chapter shall be dissolved, and the company's affairs shall be 18 concluded, upon the first to occur occurrence of any of the 19 following events: 20 (a) At the time specified in the articles of 21 organization or operating agreement, but if no such time is 22 set forth in the articles of organization or operating 23 agreement, then the limited liability company shall have a perpetual existence; When the period fixed for the duration of 24 25 the limited liability company expires. (b) Upon the occurrence of events specified in the 26 27 articles of organization or operating agreement; By the 28 unanimous written agreement of all members. 29 (c) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of 30 organization or operating agreement, upon the written consent of all of the members of the limited liability company; Upon 31 78

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the death, bankruptcy, or dissolution of a member or upon the 1 2 occurrence of any other event which terminates the continued membership of a member in the limited liability company, 3 4 unless the business of the limited liability company is 5 continued by the consent of all the remaining members or under 6 a right to continue stated in the articles of organization of 7 the limited liability company. 8 (d) At any time there are no members; however, unless otherwise provided in the articles of organization or 9 operating agreement, the limited liability company is not 10 dissolved and is not required to be wound up if, within 90 11 12 days, or such other period as provided in the articles of organization or operating agreement, after the occurrence of 13 14 the event that terminated the continued membership of the last remaining member, the personal or other legal representative 15 of the last remaining member agrees in writing to continue the 16 17 limited liability company and agrees to the admission of the personal representative of such member or its nominee or 18 19 designee to the limited liability company as a member, 20 effective as of the occurrence of the event that terminated 21 the continued membership of the last remaining member; or When a limited liability company has fewer than two members. 22 The entry of an order of dissolution by a circuit 23 (e) court pursuant to subsection (3). 24 (2) So long as the limited liability company continues 25 to have at least one remaining member, and except as otherwise 26 27 provided in the articles of organization or operating 28 agreement, the death, retirement, resignation, expulsion, 29 bankruptcy, or dissolution of any member or the occurrence of 30 any other event that terminates the continued membership of any member shall not cause the limited liability company to be 31 79

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dissolved, and upon the occurrence of any such event, the 1 2 limited liability company shall be continued without 3 dissolution. 4 (3) (3) (2) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of organization or operating agreement, on application by or for 5 6 a member, the circuit court may order dissolution of a limited 7 liability company if it is established by a preponderance of the evidence that it is not reasonably practicable to carry on 8 9 the business of the limited liability company in conformity with the articles of organization or the operating agreement 10 regulations. 11 12 (4) (4) (3) Following the occurrence of any of the events 13 specified in this section which cause the dissolution of the 14 limited liability company, the limited liability company shall 15 deliver articles of dissolution to the Department of State for filing. 16 17 608.4421 Claims against dissolved limited liability 18 company.--19 (1) A dissolved limited liability company may dispose 20 of the known claims against it by following the procedures 21 described in subsections (2), (3), and (4). (2) The dissolved limited liability company shall 22 deliver to each of its known claimants written notice of the 23 dissolution at any time after its effective date. The written 24 25 notice shall: 26 (a) Provide a reasonable description of the claim that 27 the claimant may be entitled to assert. 28 (b) State whether the claim is admitted or not 29 admitted, in whole or in part, and, if admitted: 30 The amount that is admitted, which may be as of a 1. 31 given date. 80

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2. Any interest obligation if fixed by an instrument
 of indebtedness.

3 (c) Provide a mailing address where a claim may be4 sent.

5 (d) State the deadline, which may not be fewer than 6 120 days after the effective date of the written notice, by 7 which confirmation of the claim must be delivered to the 8 dissolved limited liability company.

9 (e) State that the limited liability company may make
10 distributions thereafter to other claimants and its members or
11 former members without further notice.

12 (3) A dissolved limited liability company may reject, in whole or in part, any claim made by a claimant pursuant to 13 14 this subsection by mailing written notice of such rejection to 15 the claimant within 90 days after receipt of such claim and, in all events, at least 150 days before expiration of 3 years 16 17 following the effective date of dissolution. A notice sent by the limited liability company pursuant to this subsection 18 19 shall be accompanied by a copy of this section.

(4) A dissolved limited liability company electing to 20 follow the procedures described in subsections (2) and (3) 21 shall also give notice of the dissolution of the limited 22 23 liability company to persons with claims contingent upon the occurrence or nonoccurrence of future events or otherwise 24 conditional or unmatured, and request that such persons 25 26 present such claims in accordance with the terms of such 27 notice. Such notice shall be in substantially the form, and sent in the same manner, as described in subsection (2). 28 29 (5) A dissolved limited liability company shall offer any claimant whose claim is contingent, conditional, or 30 unmatured such security as the limited liability company 31

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determines is sufficient to provide compensation to the 1 claimant if the claim matures. The dissolved limited 2 liability company shall deliver such offer to the claimant 3 4 within 90 days after receipt of such claim and, in all events, 5 at least 150 days before expiration of 3 years following the 6 effective date of dissolution. If the claimant offered such 7 security does not deliver in writing to the dissolved limited 8 liability company a notice rejecting the offer within 120 days 9 after receipt of such offer for security, the claimant is deemed to have accepted such security as the sole source from 10 which to satisfy the claimant's his or her claim against the 11 12 limited liability company.

(6) A dissolved limited liability company which has 13 14 given notice in accordance with subsections (2) and (4) shall petition the circuit court in the county where the limited 15 liability company's principal office is located or was located 16 at the effective date of dissolution to determine the amount 17 and form of security that will be sufficient to provide 18 19 compensation to any claimant who has rejected the offer for security made pursuant to subsection (5). 20

21 (7) A dissolved limited liability company which has given notice in accordance with subsection (2) shall petition 22 the circuit court in the county where the limited liability 23 company's principal office is located or was located at the 24 effective date of dissolution to determine the amount and form 25 26 of security which will be sufficient to provide compensation to claimants whose claims are known to the limited liability 27 company but whose identities are unknown. The court shall 28 29 appoint a guardian ad litem to represent all claimants whose identities are unknown in any proceeding brought under this 30 subsection. The reasonable fees and expenses of such 31

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guardian, including all reasonable expert witness fees, shall 1 be paid by the petitioner in such proceeding. 2 3 (8) The giving of any notice or making of any offer 4 pursuant to the provisions of this section shall not revive 5 any claim then barred or constitute acknowledgment by the 6 dissolved limited liability company that any person to whom 7 such notice is sent is a proper claimant and shall not operate 8 as a waiver of any defense or counterclaim in respect of any 9 claim asserted by any person to whom such notice is sent. (9) A dissolved limited liability company which has 10 followed the procedures described in subsections (2)-(7): 11 12 (a) Shall pay the claims admitted or made and not rejected in accordance with subsection (3). 13 14 (b) Shall post the security offered and not rejected 15 pursuant to subsection (5). Shall post any security ordered by the circuit 16 (C) 17 court in any proceeding under subsections (6) and (7). 18 Shall pay or make provision for all other (d) 19 obligations of the limited liability company. 20 21 Such claims or obligations shall be paid in full, and any such 22 provision for payments shall be made in full if there are 23 sufficient funds. If there are insufficient funds, such claims and obligations shall be paid or provided for according 24 to their priority and, among claims of equal priority, ratably 25 26 to the extent of funds legally available therefor. Any remaining funds shall be distributed pursuant to s. 608.444; 27 however, such distribution may not be made before the 28 29 expiration of 150 days from the date of the last notice of 30 rejections given pursuant to subsection (3). 31 83 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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(10) A dissolved limited liability company which has 1 2 not followed the procedures described in subsections (2) and 3 (3) shall pay or make reasonable provision to pay all claims 4 and obligations, including all contingent, conditional, or 5 unmatured claims known to the limited liability company and 6 all claims which are known to the dissolved limited liability 7 company but for which the identity of the claimant is unknown. 8 Such claims shall be paid in full, and any such provision for 9 payment made shall be made in full if there are sufficient funds. If there are insufficient funds, such claims and 10 obligations shall be paid or provided for according to their 11 12 priority and, among claims of equal priority, ratably to the extent of funds legally available therefor. Any remaining 13 14 funds shall be distributed pursuant to s. 608.444. 15 (11) A member of a dissolved limited liability company, the assets of which were distributed pursuant to 16 17 subsection (9) or subsection (10) is not liable for any claim 18 against the limited liability company in an amount in excess 19 of such member's pro rata share of the claim or the amount distributed to the member, whichever is less. 20 21 (12) A member of a dissolved limited liability 22 company, the assets of which were distributed pursuant to 23 subsection (9) is not liable for any claim against the limited liability company on which a proceeding is not begun prior to 24 the expiration of 3 years following the effective date of 25 26 dissolution. 27 (13) The aggregate liability of any member of a dissolved limited liability company for claims against the 28 29 dissolved limited liability company may not exceed the amount 30 distributed to the member in dissolution. 31 84

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1 608.444 Distribution of assets upon dissolution.--In 2 settling accounts after dissolution of a limited liability company, the assets of the limited liability company must be 3 4 distributed in the following order: 5 (1) To creditors, including members who are creditors, 6 to the extent permitted by law in satisfaction of liabilities 7 of the limited liability company, whether by payment or establishment of reserves, other than liabilities for 8 distributions to members under s. 608.426 or s. 608.427. 9 (2) Except as provided in the operating agreement 10 regulations, to members and former members in satisfaction of 11 12 liabilities for distributions under s. 608.426 or s. 608.427. (3) Except as provided in the articles of organization 13 14 or the operating agreement regulations, to members pro rata in proportion to their then-current percentage, or other 15 16 interests in the profits, of the company respective capital 17 accounts. 608.447 Cancellation of articles certificate of 18 19 organization.--The articles certificate of organization of a 20 limited liability company shall be canceled by the Department 21 of State upon issuance of the certificate of dissolution. 22 608.448 Grounds for administrative dissolution .--23 (1) The Department of State may commence a proceeding under s. 608.4481 to administratively dissolve a limited 24 25 liability company if: 26 (a) The limited liability company has failed to file its annual report or pay the annual report filing fee within 27 28 the time required by this chapter. 29 (b) The limited liability company is without a 30 registered agent or registered office in this state for 30 31 days or more. 85

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The limited liability company does not notify the 1 (C) 2 Department of State within 30 days that its registered agent 3 or registered office has been changed, that its registered 4 agent has resigned, or that its registered office has been 5 discontinued. (d) The limited liability company has failed to answer 6 7 truthfully and fully, within 30 days after mailing or within 8 such additional time as fixed by the Department of State the 9 time prescribed by this chapter, interrogatories propounded by the Department of State. 10 (e) The limited liability company's period of duration 11 12 has expired. (2) The enumeration in subsection (1) of grounds for 13 14 administrative dissolution shall not exclude actions or special proceedings by the Department of Legal Affairs or any 15 state officials for the annulment or dissolution of a limited 16 17 liability company for other causes as provided in any other law of this state. 18 19 608.4481 Procedure for and effect of administrative 20 dissolution. --21 (1) If the Department of State determines that one or more grounds exist under s. 608.448 for dissolving a limited 22 23 liability company, it shall serve the limited liability company with written notice of its determination, stating the 24 grounds therefor. 25 26 (2) If the limited liability company does not correct each ground for dissolution or demonstrate to the reasonable 27 28 satisfaction of the Department of State that each ground 29 determined by the Department of State does not exist within 60 days after issuance of the notice, the Department of State 30 shall administratively dissolve the limited liability company 31 86

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by issuing a certificate of dissolution that recites the 1 2 ground or grounds for dissolution and its effective date. 3 (3) A limited liability company administratively 4 dissolved continues its existence but may not carry on any business except that necessary to wind up and liquidate its 5 6 business and affairs under s. 608.4431 and notify claimants 7 under s. 608.4421. 8 (4) A manager or member of a limited liability company 9 dissolved pursuant to this section, purporting to act on behalf of the limited liability company, is personally liable 10 for the debts, obligations, and liabilities of the limited 11 12 liability company arising from such action and incurred subsequent to the limited liability company's administrative 13 14 dissolution only if the manager or member he or she has actual notice of the administrative dissolution at the time such 15 action is taken; but such liability shall be terminated upon 16 the ratification of such action by the limited liability 17 company's members subsequent to the reinstatement of the 18 19 limited liability company under s. 608.4482. 20 (5) The administrative dissolution of a limited 21 liability company does not terminate the authority of its 22 registered agent. 23 608.449 Grounds for judicial dissolution.--A circuit court may dissolve a limited liability company: 24 (1)(a) In a proceeding by the Department of Legal 25 Affairs if it is established that: 26 The limited liability company obtained its articles 27 1. of organization through fraud; or 28 29 The limited liability company has continued to 2. 30 exceed or abuse the authority conferred upon it by law. 31 87

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1	(b) The enumeration in paragraph (a) of grounds for
2	involuntary dissolution does not exclude actions or special
3	proceedings by the Department of Legal Affairs or any state
4	official for the annulment or dissolution of a limited
5	liability company for other causes as provided in any other
6	law of this state.
7	(2) In a proceeding by a <u>manager or</u> member if it is
8	established that:
9	(a) The managers <u>or members</u> are deadlocked in the
10	management of the limited liability company affairs, the
11	members are unable to break the deadlock, and irreparable
12	injury to the limited liability company is threatened or being
13	suffered; or
14	(b) The limited liability company's assets are being
15	misappropriated misappointed or wasted.
16	(3) In a proceeding by a creditor if it is established
17	that:
18	(a) The creditor's claim has been reduced to judgment,
19	the execution on that judgment returned unsatisfied, and the
20	limited liability company is insolvent; or
21	(b) The limited liability company has admitted in
22	writing that the creditor's claim is due and owing and the
23	limited liability company is insolvent.
24	(4) In a proceeding by the limited liability company
25	to have its voluntary dissolution continued under court
26	supervision.
27	608.4492 Receivership or custodianship
28	(1) A court in a judicial proceeding brought to
29	dissolve a limited liability company may appoint one or more
30	receivers to wind up and liquidate, or one or more custodians
31	to manage, the business and affairs of the limited liability
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company. The court shall hold a hearing, after notifying all 1 parties to the proceeding and any interested persons 2 3 designated by the court, before appointing a receiver or 4 custodian. The court appointing a receiver or custodian has 5 exclusive jurisdiction over the limited liability company and 6 all of its property wherever located. 7 (2) The court may appoint a person authorized to act as a receiver or custodian. The court may require the 8 9 receiver or custodian to post bond, with or without sureties, in an amount the court directs. 10 (3) The court shall describe the powers and duties of 11 12 the receiver or custodian in its appointing order, which may be amended from time to time. Among other powers: 13 14 (a) The receiver: 15 1. May dispose of all or any part of the assets of the limited liability company wherever located, at a public or 16 17 private sale, if authorized by the court. May sue and defend in the receiver's his or her own 18 2. 19 name as receiver of the limited liability company in all courts of this state. 20 21 (b) The custodian may exercise all of the powers of 22 the limited liability company, through or in place of its 23 managers or members, to the extent necessary to manage the affairs of the limited liability company in the best interests 24 of its members and creditors. 25 26 (4) The court during a receivership may redesignate the receiver a custodian, and during a custodianship may 27 redesignate the custodian a receiver, if doing so is in the 28 29 best interests of the limited liability company and its members and creditors. 30 31 89 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1999 Legislature

1	(E) The court from time to time during the
1 2	(5) The court from time to time during the receivership or custodianship may order compensation paid and
3	expense disbursements or reimbursements made to the receiver
4	or custodian and <u>the receiver's or custodian's</u> his or her
5	counsel from the assets of the limited liability company or
6	proceeds from the sale of assets.
7	(6) The court has jurisdiction to appoint an ancillary
8	receiver for the assets and business of a limited liability
9	company. The ancillary receiver shall serve ancillary to a
10	receiver located in any other state, whenever the court deems
11	that circumstances exist requiring the appointment of such a
12	receiver. The court may appoint such an ancillary receiver for
13	a foreign limited liability company even though no receiver
14	has been appointed elsewhere. Such receivership shall be
15	converted into an ancillary receivership when an order entered
16	by a court of competent jurisdiction in the other state
17	provides for a receivership of the limited liability company.
18	608.4511 Annual report for Department of State
19	(1) Each domestic limited liability company and each
20	foreign limited liability company authorized to transact
21	business in this state shall deliver to the Department of
22	State for filing a sworn annual report on such forms as the
23	Department of State prescribes that sets forth:
24	(a) The name of the limited liability company and the
25	state or country under the law of which it is organized.
26	(b) The date of organization or, if a foreign limited
27	liability company, the date on which it was admitted to do
28	business in this state.
29	(c) The street address and the mailing address of its
30	principal office.
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1 The limited liability company's federal employer (d) 2 identification number or, if none, whether one has been applied for. 3 4 (e) The names and business, residence, or mailing 5 street address of its managing members or and managers. 6 (f) The street address of its registered office and 7 the name of its registered agent at that office in this state. 8 (g) Such additional information as may be necessary or 9 appropriate to enable the Department of State to carry out the provisions of this chapter. 10 (2) Proof to the satisfaction of the Department of 11 12 State that on or before May 1 such report was deposited in the United States mail in a sealed envelope, properly addressed 13 14 with postage prepaid, shall be deemed timely compliance with this requirement. 15 (3) If an annual report does not contain the 16 17 information required by this section, the Department of State 18 shall promptly notify the reporting domestic or foreign 19 limited liability company in writing and return the report to it for correction. If the report is corrected to contain the 20 information required by this section and delivered to the 21 Department of State within 30 days after the effective date of 22 23 notice, it is deemed to be timely filed. Each report shall be executed by the limited 24 (4) 25 liability company by a managing member or manager or, if the 26 limited liability company is in the hands of a receiver or trustee, shall be executed on behalf of the limited liability 27 company by such receiver or trustee, and the signing thereof 28 29 shall have the same legal effect as if made under oath, 30 without the necessity of appending such oath thereto. 31 91

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1	(5) The first annual report shall be delivered to the
2	Department of State between January 1 and May 1 of the year
3	following the calendar year in which a domestic limited
4	liability company was organized or a foreign limited liability
5	company was authorized to transact business. Subsequent
6	annual reports shall be delivered to the Department of State
7	between January 1 and May 1 of the subsequent calendar years.
8	(6) Information in the annual report shall be current
9	as of the date the annual report is executed on behalf of the
10	limited liability company.
11	(7) Any limited liability company failing to file an
12	annual report which complies with the requirements of this
13	section shall not be permitted to prosecute,maintain,or
14	defend any action in any court of this state until such report
15	is filed and all fees, penalties, and taxes due under this
16	chapter are paid and shall be subject to dissolution or
17	cancellation of its certificate of authority to do business as
18	provided in this chapter.
19	608.452 Fees of the Department of StateThe fees of
20	the Department of State under this chapter are as follows:
21	(1) For furnishing a certified copy, <u>\$30</u> \$52.50.
22	(2) For filing original articles of organization <u>,</u> or
23	articles of revocation of dissolution, or a foreign limited
24	liability company's application for a certificate of authority
25	to transact business, \$100 <mark>\$250</mark> .
26	(3) For filing articles of merger of limited liability
27	companies or other business entities, \$25 per constituent
28	party to the merger, unless a specific fee is required for a
29	<u>party in other applicable law</u> a supplemental affidavit
30	declaring the amount of capital contributions of the members
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when there is an increase in capital contribution beyond the 1 anticipated amount, \$250. 2 (4) For filing an annual report, \$50\$100. 3 4 (5) For filing an application for reinstatement after 5 an administrative or judicial dissolution or a revocation of 6 authority to transact business, \$100 \$500. 7 (6) For filing a certificate designating a registered 8 agent or changing a registered agent, \$25\$35. 9 (7) For filing a registered agent's statement of resignation from an active limited liability company, \$85 10 11 \$87.50. 12 (8) For filing a registered agent's statement of resignation from a dissolved limited liability company, \$25 13 14 \$35. 15 (9) For filing any other limited liability company 16 document, \$25 + 52.50. 17 (10) For furnishing a certificate of status, \$5 A 18 supplemental corporate fee imposed pursuant to s. 607.193. 19 608.455 Waiver of notice.--When, under the provisions 20 of this chapter or under the provisions of the articles of 21 organization or operating agreement regulations of a limited liability company, notice is required to be given to a member 22 23 of a limited liability company or to a manager of a limited liability company having a manager or managers, a waiver in 24 writing signed by the person or persons entitled to the 25 26 notice, whether made before or after the time for notice to be 27 given, is equivalent to the giving of notice. 28 608.463 Service of process.--29 (1) Process against a limited liability company may be 30 served: 31 93 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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In accordance with chapter 48 or chapter 49, as if 1 (a) 2 the company were a partnership. (b) Upon the registered agent at the agent's street 3 4 his or her business address. 5 (2) Any notice to or demand on a company organized 6 pursuant to this chapter may be made: 7 By delivery to a manager of the company, if the (a) 8 management of the limited liability company is vested in a 9 manager, or by delivery to a any member, if the management of the limited liability company is vested in the members. 10 By mailing a writing, which notice or demand in 11 (b) 12 writing is mailed to the registered office of the company in this state or to another address in this state which is the 13 14 principal office of the company. (3) Nothing contained in this section shall limit or 15 affect the right to serve, in any other manner now or 16 17 hereafter permitted by law, any process, notice, or demand 18 required or permitted by law to be served upon a limited 19 liability company. 20 608.471 Tax exemption on income of certain limited 21 liability companies.--22 (1) A limited liability company classified as a 23 partnership for federal income tax purposes, or a single member limited liability company which is disregarded as an 24 25 entity separate from its owner for federal income tax 26 purposes, and organized pursuant to this chapter or qualified to do business in this state as a foreign limited liability 27 company is not an "artificial entity" within the purview of s. 28 29 220.02 and is not subject to the tax imposed under chapter 30 220. If a single member limited liability company is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner for federal 31 94

income tax purposes, its activities are, for purposes of 1 2 taxation under chapter 220, treated in the same manner as a 3 sole proprietorship, branch, or division of the owner. 4 (2) The income of a limited liability company that is 5 classified as a partnership for federal income tax purposes 6 and that is organized pursuant to this chapter or is qualified 7 to do business in this state as a foreign limited liability 8 company shall not be subject to the Florida Income Tax Code 9 and the tax levied pursuant to chapter 220. (2) (3) For purposes of taxation under chapter 220, a 10 limited liability company formed in this state or authorized 11 12 to transact business in this state as a foreign limited liability company shall be classified as a partnership, or a 13 14 limited liability company which has only one member shall be disregarded as an entity separate from its owner for federal 15 income tax purposes, unless classified otherwise for federal 16 17 income tax purposes, in which case the limited liability company shall be classified identically to its classification 18 19 for federal income tax purposes. For purposes of taxation under chapter 220, a member or an assignee of a member of a 20 limited liability company formed in this state or qualified to 21 do business in this state as a foreign limited liability 22 23 company shall be treated as a resident or nonresident partner unless classified otherwise for federal income tax purposes, 24 in which case the member or assignee of a member shall have 25 26 the same status as such member or assignee of a member has for 27 federal income tax purposes. 608.502 Consequences of transacting business without 28 29 authority.--(1) A foreign limited liability company transacting 30 business in this state without a certificate of authority may 31 95 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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not maintain a proceeding in any court in this state until it
 obtains a certificate of authority.

3 (2) The successor to a foreign limited liability 4 company that transacted business in this state without a 5 certificate of authority and the assignee of a cause of action 6 arising out of that business may not maintain a proceeding 7 based on that cause of action in any court in this state until 8 the foreign limited liability company or its successor obtains 9 a certificate of authority.

10 (3) A court may stay a proceeding commenced by a 11 foreign limited liability company or its successor or assignee 12 until it determines whether the foreign limited liability 13 company or its successor requires a certificate of authority. 14 If it so determines, the court may further stay the proceeding 15 until the foreign limited liability company or its successor 16 obtains the certificate.

17 (4) A foreign limited liability company which transacts business in this state without authority to do so 18 19 shall be liable to this state for the years or parts thereof during which it transacted business in this state without 20 authority in an amount equal to all fees, penalties, and taxes 21 22 which would have been imposed by this chapter upon such 23 limited liability company had it duly applied for and received authority to transact business in this state as required by 24 this chapter. In addition to the payments thus prescribed, 25 26 such limited liability company shall be liable for a civil 27 penalty of not less than \$500 or more than \$1,000 for each year or part thereof during which it transacts business in 28 29 this state without a certificate of authority. The Department of State may collect all penalties due under this subsection. 30 31

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1	(5) Notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2), the
2	failure of a foreign limited liability company to obtain a
3	certificate of authority does not impair the validity of any
4	of its contracts, deeds, mortgages, security interests, or
5	acts or prevent it from defending any proceeding in this
6	state.
7	(6) A member or a manager of a foreign limited
8	liability company is not liable for the obligations of the
9	foreign limited liability company solely by reason of the
10	limited liability company's having transacted business in this
11	state without a certificate of authority.
12	(7) If a foreign limited liability company transacts
13	business in this state without a certificate of authority, the
14	foreign limited liability company appoints the Secretary of
15	State as its agent for substitute service of process pursuant
16	to s. 48.181 for claims arising out of the transaction of
17	business in this state.
18	608.503 Application for certificate of authority
19	(1) A foreign limited liability company may apply for
20	a certificate of authority to transact business in this state
21	by delivering an application to the Department of State for
22	filing. Such application shall be made on forms prescribed and
23	furnished by the Department of State and shall set forth:
24	(a) The name of the foreign limited liability company,
25	which shall satisfy the requirements of s. 608.506.
26	(b) The jurisdiction under the law of which it is
27	organized.
28	(c) Its date of organization and period of duration.
29	(d) The street address of its principal office.
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The street address of its registered office in 1 (e) 2 this state and the name of its registered agent at that 3 office. 4 (f) Whether or not the limited liability company is 5 manager-managed and, if so, the names and usual business 6 addresses of its managing members or managers. 7 (g) The nature of the business or purposes to be 8 conducted or promoted in this state. 9 (h) (g) Such additional information as may be necessary or appropriate in order to enable the Department of State to 10 determine whether such limited liability company is entitled 11 12 to file an application for authority to transact business in this state and to determine and assess the fees, penalties, 13 14 and taxes payable as prescribed in this chapter. (2) The foreign limited liability company shall 15 16 deliver with the completed application an affidavit as 17 provided in s. 608.407(2), as well as a certificate of 18 existence, or a document of similar import, duly authenticated 19 by the official having custody of records in the jurisdiction 20 under the law of which it is organized, not more than 90 days prior to delivery of the application to the Department of 21 State, by the Secretary of State or other official having 22 23 custody of records in the jurisdiction under the law of which it is incorporated. A translation of the certificate, under 24 oath of the translator, shall be attached to a certificate 25 26 which is in a language other than the English language. 27 (3) A foreign limited liability company shall not be denied authority to transact business in this state by reason 28 29 of the fact that the laws of the jurisdiction under which such 30 limited liability company is organized governing its 31 98

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organization and internal affairs differ from the laws of this 1 2 state. 608.504 Amended certificate of authority .--3 4 (1) A foreign limited liability company authorized to transact business in this state shall make application to the 5 6 Department of State to obtain an amended certificate of 7 authority if any statement in the company's application was 8 false or becomes false due to change in circumstances or if 9 the foreign limited liability company it changes: 10 Its limited liability company name. (a) The period of its duration. 11 (b) 12 (C) The jurisdiction of its organization. Such application shall be made within 30 days 13 (2) 14 after the occurrence of any change set forth in subsection (1), shall be made on forms prescribed by the Department of 15 State, shall be executed and filed in the same manner as an 16 17 original application for authority, and shall set forth: 18 (a) The name of the foreign limited liability company 19 as it appears on the records of the Department of State. The jurisdiction of its organization. 20 (b) 21 The date it was authorized to do business in this (C) 22 state. 23 (d) If the name of the foreign limited liability company has been changed, the name relinquished, the new name, 24 a statement that the change of name has been effected under 25 26 the laws of the jurisdiction of its organization, and the date the change was effected. 27 28 (e) If the amendment changes its period of duration, a 29 statement of such change. 30 (f) If the amendment changes the jurisdiction of its 31 organization, a statement of such change. 99 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1 The requirements of s. 608.503 for obtaining an (3) 2 original certificate of authority apply to obtaining an amended certificate under this section. 3 4 608.505 Effect of certificate of authority .--5 (1) A certificate of authority authorizes the foreign 6 limited liability company to which it is issued to transact 7 business in this state subject, however, to the right of the 8 Department of State to suspend or revoke the certificate as 9 provided in this chapter. (2) A foreign limited liability company with a valid 10 certificate of authority has the same but no greater rights 11 12 and privileges than a domestic limited liability company. Unless has the same but no greater privileges as, and, except 13 14 as otherwise provided by this chapter, a foreign limited 15 liability company is subject to the same duties, restrictions, 16 penalties, and liabilities now or later imposed on, a domestic 17 limited liability company of like character. 18 (3) This chapter does not authorize this state to 19 regulate the organization or internal affairs of a foreign 20 limited liability company authorized to transact business in 21 The laws of the state or other jurisdiction under this state. which a foreign limited liability company is organized govern 22 23 the foreign limited liability company's organization, internal affairs, and the liability of its managers, members, and their 24 25 transferees. 26 608.507 Registered office and registered agent of 27 foreign limited liability company.--Each foreign limited 28 liability company authorized to transact business in this 29 state must continuously maintain in this state: 30 (1) A registered office that may be the same as any of its places of business. 31 100

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1 (2) A registered agent, who may be: 2 (a) An individual who resides in this state and whose business office is identical with the registered office; 3 4 (b) A domestic corporation or domestic limited 5 liability company the business office of which is identical 6 with the registered office; or 7 (c) A foreign corporation or foreign limited liability 8 company authorized to transact business in this state the 9 business office of which is identical with the registered office. 10 608.508 Change of registered office and registered 11 12 agent of foreign limited liability company .--(1) A foreign limited liability company authorized to 13 14 transact business in this state may change its registered 15 office or registered agent by delivering to the Department of State for filing a statement of change which satisfies the 16 17 requirements of s. 608.408 and sets forth: 18 (a) Its name. 19 (b) The street address of its current registered 20 office. 21 (c) If the current registered office is to be changed, 22 the street address of its new registered office. 23 (d) The name of its current registered agent. (e) If the current registered agent is to be changed, 24 25 the name of its new registered agent and the new agent's 26 written consent, either on the statement or attached to it, to the appointment. 27 28 (f) That, after the change or changes are made, the 29 street address of its registered office and the business 30 office of its registered agent will be identical. 31 101 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1	(2) If a registered agent changes the street address
2	of <u>such agent's</u> his or her business office, <u>the registered</u>
3	agent he or she may change the street address of the
4	registered office of any foreign limited liability company for
5	which <u>the agent</u> he or she is the registered agent by notifying
6	the limited liability company in writing of the change and
7	signing, either manually or in facsimile, and delivering to
8	the Department of State for filing a statement of change that
9	complies with the requirements of paragraphs $(1)(a)-(f)$ and
10	recites that the limited liability company has been notified
11	of the change.
12	608.512 Grounds for revocation of authority to
13	transact businessThe Department of State may commence a
14	proceeding under s. 608.513 to revoke the certificate of
15	authority of a foreign limited liability company authorized to
16	transact business in this state if:
17	(1) The foreign limited liability company has failed
18	to file its annual report with the Department of State within
19	the time required by this chapter.
20	(2) The foreign limited liability company does not
21	pay, within the time required by this chapter, any fees,
22	taxes, or penalties imposed by this chapter or other law.
23	(3) The foreign limited liability company is without a
24	registered agent or registered office in this state for 30
25	days or more.
26	(4) The foreign limited liability company does not
27	notify the Department of State under s. 608.508 or s. 608.509
28	that its registered agent has resigned or that its registered
29	office has been discontinued within 30 days after the
30	resignation or discontinuance.
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(5) The foreign limited liability company's period of 1 2 duration has expired. 3 (6) A member, manager, or agent of the foreign limited 4 liability company signed a document the member, manager, or 5 agent he or she knew was false in any material respect with 6 intent that the document be delivered to the Department of 7 State for filing. 8 (7) The Department of State receives a duly 9 authenticated certificate from the Secretary of State or other official having custody of records in the jurisdiction under 10 the law of which the foreign limited liability company is 11 12 incorporated stating that it has been dissolved or disappeared as a result of a merger. 13 14 (8) The foreign limited liability company has failed to answer truthfully and fully, within the time prescribed in 15 16 s. 608.448 by this chapter, interrogatories propounded by the Department of State. 17 18 (9) The foreign limited liability company failed to 19 amend its certificate of authority as required by s. 608.504. 20 608.5135 Revocation; application for reinstatement .--21 (1)(a) If A foreign limited liability company the certificate of authority of a limited liability company which 22 has been revoked, the foreign limited liability company 23 pursuant to s. 608.513 may apply to the Department of State 24 25 for reinstatement at any time after the effective date of revocation of authority. The application must: 26 1. Recite the name of the foreign limited liability 27 28 company and the effective date of its revocation of authority; 29 State that the ground or grounds for revocation of 2. 30 authority either did not exist or have been eliminated and 31 103

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that no further grounds currently exist for revocation of 1 authority; 2 3 3. State that the foreign limited liability company's 4 name satisfies the requirements of s. 608.506; and 5 4. State that all taxes, fees, and penalties owed by 6 the limited liability company and computed at the rate 7 provided by law at the time the foreign limited liability 8 company applies for reinstatement have been paid; or 9 (b) As an alternative, the foreign limited liability company may submit a current annual report, signed by the 10 registered agent and a manager or managing member, which 11 12 substantially complies with the requirements of paragraph (a). If the Department of State determines that the 13 (2) 14 application contains the information required by subsection (1) and that the information is correct, it shall cancel the 15 certificate of revocation of authority. 16 (3) When the reinstatement is effective, it relates 17 back to and takes effect as of the effective date of the 18 19 revocation of authority, and the foreign limited liability company resumes carrying on its business as if the revocation 20 21 of authority had never occurred. (4) The name of the foreign limited liability company 22 23 the certificate of authority of which has been revoked is not available for assumption or use by another limited liability 24 25 company until 1 year after the effective date of revocation of 26 authority unless the limited liability company provides the Department of State with an affidavit executed as required by 27 s. 608.408 permitting the immediate assumption or use of its 28 29 name by another limited liability company. (5) If the name of the foreign limited liability 30 company has been lawfully assumed in this state by another 31 104

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1	limited liability company, the Department of State shall
2	require the foreign limited liability company to comply with
3	s. 608.506 before accepting its application for reinstatement.
4	608.601 Member's derivative actions
5	(1) A person may not commence a proceeding in the
6	right of a domestic or foreign limited liability company
7	unless the person was a member of the limited liability
8	company when the transaction complained of occurred or unless
9	the person became a member through transfer by operation of
10	law from one who was a member at that time.
11	(2) A complaint in a proceeding brought in the right
12	of a limited liability company must be verified and allege
13	with particularity the demand made to obtain action by the
14	managing members of a member-managed company or the managers
15	of a manager-managed company and that the demand was refused
16	or ignored. If the limited liability company commences an
17	investigation of the charges made in the demand or complaint,
18	the court may stay any proceeding until the investigation is
19	completed.
20	(3) The court may dismiss a derivative proceeding if,
21	on motion by the limited liability company, the court finds
22	that one of the groups specified in paragraphs (a)-(c) has
23	made a determination in good faith after conducting a
24	reasonable investigation upon which its conclusions are based
25	that the maintenance of the derivative suit is not in the best
26	interests of the limited liability company. The limited
27	liability company shall have the burden of proving the
28	independence and good faith of the group making the
29	determination and the reasonableness of the investigation. The
30	determination shall be made by:
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1	(a) A majority vote of independent managing members of
2	a member-managed company or of independent managers of a
3	manager-managed company present at a meeting of the managing
4	members of a member-managed company or of managers of a
5	manager-managed company, if the independent managing members
6	or managers, as applicable, constitute a quorum;
7	(b) A majority vote of a committee consisting of two
8	or more independent managing members of a member-managed
9	company or of independent managers of a manager-managed
10	company appointed by a majority vote of independent managing
11	members or managers, as applicable, present at a meeting of
12	the managing members of a member-managed company or of
13	managers of a manager-managed company, whether or not such
14	independent managing members or managers, as applicable,
15	constitute a quorum; or
16	(c) A panel of one or more independent persons
17	appointed by the court upon motion by the limited liability
18	company.
19	(4) A proceeding commenced under this section may not
20	be discontinued or settled without the court's approval. If
21	the court determines that a proposed discontinuance or
22	settlement will substantially affect the interest of the
23	limited liability company's members or a class, series, or
24	voting group of members, the court shall direct that notice be
25	given to the members affected. The court may determine which
26	party or parties to the proceeding shall bear the expense of
27	giving the notice.
28	(5) On termination of the proceeding, the court may
29	require the plaintiff to pay any defendant's reasonable
30	expenses, including reasonable attorney's fees, incurred in
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defending the proceeding if it finds that the proceeding was 1 2 commenced without reasonable cause. 3 The court may award reasonable expenses for (6) maintaining the proceeding, including reasonable attorney's 4 fees, to a successful plaintiff or to the person commencing 5 6 the proceeding who receives any relief, whether by judgment, 7 compromise, or settlement, and require that the person account 8 for the remainder of any proceeds to the limited liability 9 company; however, this subsection does not apply to any relief rendered for the benefit of injured members only and limited 10 to a recovery of the loss or damage of the injured members. 11 12 (7) For purposes of this section, "member" includes a beneficial owner whose limited liability company interests are 13 14 held in a voting trust or held by a nominee on the member's 15 behalf. 608.701 Application of corporation case law to set 16 17 aside limited liability .-- In any case in which a party seeks 18 to hold the members of a limited liability company personally 19 responsible for the liabilities or alleged improper actions of 20 the limited liability company, the court shall apply the case law which interprets the conditions and circumstances under 21 which the corporate veil of a corporation may be pierced under 22 23 the law of this state. 608.702 Certificates and certified copies to be 24 25 received in evidence. -- All certificates issued by the 26 Department of State in accordance with this chapter, and all copies of records filed in the Department of State in 27 28 accordance with this chapter when certified by the Department 29 of State, shall be taken and received in all courts, public offices, and official bodies as prima facie evidence of the 30 facts therein stated. A certificate under the seal of the 31 107

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Department of State, as to the existence or nonexistence of 1 the facts relating to a limited liability company or foreign 2 3 limited liability company, shall be taken and received in all courts, public offices, and official bodies as prima facie 4 5 evidence of the existence or nonexistence of the facts therein 6 stated. 7 608.703 Interrogatories by Department of State .--(1) The Department of State may direct to any limited 8 9 liability company or foreign limited liability company subject to this chapter, and to any member or manager of any limited 10 liability company or foreign limited liability company subject 11 12 to this chapter, any interrogatories reasonably necessary and proper to enable the Department of State to ascertain whether 13 14 the limited liability company or foreign limited liability company has complied with all of the provisions of this 15 chapter applicable to the limited liability company or foreign 16 17 limited liability company. The interrogatories shall be answered within 30 days after the date of mailing, or within 18 19 such additional time as fixed by the Department of State. The 20 answers to the interrogatories shall be full and complete and 21 shall be made in writing and under oath. If the 22 interrogatories are directed to an individual, they shall be answered by the individual, and if directed to a limited 23 liability company or foreign limited liability company, they 24 25 shall be answered by a manager of a manager-managed company, a 26 member of a member-managed company, or a fiduciary if the company is in the hands of a receiver, trustee, or other 27 28 court-appointed fiduciary. 29 (2) The Department of State need not file any record 30 in a court of competent jurisdiction to which the interrogatories relate until the interrogatories are answered 31 108 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. ENROLLED 1999 Legislature

as provided in this chapter, and not then if the answers 1 2 thereto disclose that the record is not in conformity with the 3 requirements of this chapter or if the Department of State has 4 determined that the parties to such document have not paid all 5 fees, taxes, and penalties due and owing this state. The 6 Department of State shall certify to the Department of Legal 7 Affairs, for such action as the Department of Legal Affairs 8 may deem appropriate, all interrogatories and answers which 9 disclose a violation of this chapter. (3) The Department of State may, based upon its 10 findings hereunder or as provided in s. 213.053(14), bring an 11 12 action in circuit court to collect any penalties, fees, or taxes determined to be due and owing the state and to compel 13 14 any filing, qualification, or registration required by law. In connection with such proceeding, the department may, without 15 prior approval by the court, file a lis pendens against any 16 17 property owned by the corporation and may further certify any findings to the Department of Legal Affairs for the initiation 18 19 of any action permitted pursuant to this chapter which the 20 Department of Legal Affairs may deem appropriate. 21 (4) The Department of State shall have the power and authority reasonably necessary to enable it to administer this 22 23 chapter efficiently, to perform the duties herein imposed upon it, and to adopt reasonable rules necessary to carry out its 24 duties and functions under this chapter. 25 26 Section 2. Sections 608.4062, 608.412, 608.424, and 608.4494, Florida Statutes, are repealed. 27 28 Section 3. This act shall take effect October 1, 1999. 29 30 31 109 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.