mathematics skills.

2-1244-99 See HB

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to remedial instruction; amending s. 232.245, F.S.; providing 3 4 legislative intent; requiring the provision of 5 remedial instruction to certain students; providing requirements regarding 6 7 teacher-to-student ratios in remedial instruction classrooms; amending s. 236.0841, 8 9 F.S.; revising provisions relating to the 10 expenditure of funds for remedial programs; providing an effective date. 11 12 13 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 14 Section 1. Present subsections (6) through (8) of 15 16 section 232.245, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (8) through (10), respectively, subsection (1) is 17 amended, and new subsections (6) and (7) are added to that 18 19 section, to read: 20 232.245 Pupil progression; remedial instruction; 21 reporting requirements. --22 (1) It is the intent of the Legislature that each 23 student's progression from one grade to another be determined, in part, upon proficiency in reading, writing, and 24 mathematics; that school district policies facilitate such 25 proficiency; and that each student and his or her parent or 26 27 legal guardian be informed of that student's academic 28 progress. It is further the intent of the Legislature that early intervention through identification and remediation be 29 30 provided to students who are deficient in reading, writing, or 1

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- (4) Any student who exhibits substantial deficiency in reading skills, based on locally determined assessments conducted before the end of grade 1, grade 2, and grade 3, or based on teacher recommendation, must be given intensive reading instruction immediately following the identification of the reading deficiency. The student's reading proficiency must be reassessed by locally determined assessment or based on teacher recommendation at the beginning of the grade following the intensive reading instruction, and the student must continue to be given intensive reading instruction until the reading deficiency is remedied. If the student's reading deficiency, as determined by the locally determined assessment, is not remedied by the end of grade 2 or grade 3, or if the student scores below the specific level of performance, determined by the local school board, on the statewide assessment test in reading and writing given in elementary school, the student must be retained. school board may exempt a student from mandatory retention for good cause.
- (5) Beginning with the 1997-1998 school year, any student who exhibits substantial deficiency in reading skills, based on locally determined assessments conducted at the beginning of grade 2, grade 3, and grade 4, or based on teacher recommendation, must be given intensive reading instruction immediately following the identification of the reading deficiency. The student's reading proficiency must be reassessed by locally determined assessment or based on teacher recommendation at the beginning of the grade following the intensive reading instruction, and the student must continue to be given intensive reading instruction until the reading deficiency is remedied. If the student's reading

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deficiency is not remedied by the end of grade 5, the student may be retained.

- (6) Beginning with the 1999-2000 school year, any student in kindergarten through grade 3 identified by his or her teacher as exhibiting substantial deficiency in writing or mathematics must be provided intensive remedial instruction in the area of deficiency.
- <u>(7) The teacher-to-student ratio in a remedial</u> <u>instruction classroom for students in kindergarten through</u> grade 3 may not exceed one teacher per five students.

Section 2. Section 236.0841, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

236.0841 Student enrichment, remedial, and dropout prevention programs. -- Each school district may provide any amount from current operation funds of the Florida Education Finance Program for salaries of personnel who are employed, pursuant to regulations of the commissioner, to provide supplementary enrichment, remedial, and dropout prevention activities pursuant to s. 230.2316. The enrichment, remedial, and dropout prevention activities, when offered, must be provided to students during periods of time supplemental to or beyond the required 180 days of instruction, except that remedial activities provided for students in kindergarten through grade 3 shall be provided during that period of time the subject in which the student is deficient is taught. Each school district must provide an amount from current operation funds sufficient to provide personnel dedicated specifically to the provision of remedial instruction to students in kindergarten through grade 3 and to meet the requirements of s. 232.245 regarding class size. This does not prohibit a district from allocating resources and personnel so that a

teacher is responsible for providing remedial instruction to the students of more than one school. Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 1999. LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY Provides legislative intent. Requires the provision of remedial instruction to certain students. Provides requirements regarding teacher-to-student ratios of remedial instruction classrooms. Revises provisions relating to the expenditure of funds for remedial programs.