A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to pawnbrokers; amending s. 3 539.001, F.S.; providing additional eligibility 4 requirements for licensure; requiring 5 electronic recordkeeping and transactions transfer; requiring notification of 6 7 transactions to law enforcement agencies under 8 certain circumstances; requiring pawnbrokers to install video surveillance equipment; providing 9 requirements relating to such equipment and 10 11 video tapes; requiring revocation of a 12 pawnbroker's license under certain 13 circumstances; requiring a pawnbroker to convey 14 certain goods to a claimant under certain 15 circumstances; clarifying pawnbroker remedies 16 relating to misappropriated property; providing additional criminal penalties under certain 17 circumstances; providing an effective date. 18 19 20 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 21 22 Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4), paragraph 23 (b) of subsection (7), subsection (9), subsection (15), and 24 subsection (17) of section 539.001, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 25 26 539.001 The Florida Pawnbroking Act.--27 (4) ELIGIBILITY FOR LICENSE. --28 (a) To be eligible for a pawnbroker's license, an 29 applicant must: 30 Be of good moral character;

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Have a net worth of at least \$50,000 or file with the agency a bond issued by a surety company qualified to do business in this state in the amount of \$10,000 for each license. In lieu of the bond required in this section, the applicant may establish a certificate of deposit or an irrevocable letter of credit in a Florida banking institution in the amount of the bond. The original bond, certificate of deposit, or letter of credit shall be filed with the agency, and the agency shall be the beneficiary to said document. The bond, certificate of deposit, or letter of credit shall be in favor of the agency for the use and benefit of any consumer who is injured by the fraud, misrepresentation, breach of contract, financial failure, or violation of any provision of this section by the pawnbroker. Such liability may be enforced either by proceeding in an administrative action or by filing a judicial suit at law in a court of competent jurisdiction. However, in such court suit, the bond, certificate of deposit, or letter of credit posted with the agency shall not be amenable or subject to any judgment or other legal process issuing out of or from such court in connection with such lawsuit, but such bond, certificate of deposit, or letter of credit shall be amenable to and enforceable only by and through administrative proceedings before the agency. It is the intent of the Legislature that such bond, certificate of deposit, or letter of credit shall be applicable and liable only for the payment of claims duly adjudicated by order of the agency. The bond, certificate of deposit, or letter of credit shall be payable on a pro rata basis as determined by the agency, but the aggregate amount may not exceed the amount of the bond, certificate of deposit, or letter of credit;

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- Not have been convicted of, or found guilty of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a felony within the last 10 years and not be acting as a beneficial owner for someone who has been convicted of, or found guilty of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a felony within the last 10 years; and
- 4. Not have been convicted of, or found guilty of, or pled nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime that the agency finds directly relates to the duties and responsibilities of a pawnbroker within the last 10 years, and not be acting as a beneficial owner for someone who has been convicted, of, or found guilty of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime that the agency finds directly relates to the duties and responsibilities of a pawnbroker within the last 10 years.
- 5. Have and maintain a computer and the necessary equipment required to electronically transfer pawn transactions to the appropriate law enforcement agency on a software program approved by the agency.
- 6. Install, maintain, and operate during business hours a surveillance camera capable of videotaping every pawn and sell transaction, including the clear facial identity of the pledgor or seller.
  - (7) ORDERS IMPOSING PENALTIES. --
- (a) The agency may enter an order imposing one or more of the penalties set forth in paragraph (b) if the agency finds that a pawnbroker:
- 1. Violated or is operating in violation of any of the provisions of this section or of the rules adopted or orders 31 issued thereunder;

- 2. Made a material false statement in any application, document, or record required to be submitted or retained under this section;
- 3. Refused or failed, or any of its principal officers has refused or failed, after notice, to produce any document or records or disclose any information required to be produced or disclosed under this section or the rules of the agency;
- 4. Made a material false statement in response to any request or investigation by the agency, the Department of Legal Affairs, or the state attorney; or
- 5. Has intentionally defrauded the public through dishonest or deceptive means.
- (b)  $\underline{1.}$  Upon a finding as set forth in paragraph (a), the agency may enter an order doing one or more of the following:
- $\underline{a.1.}$  Issuing a notice of noncompliance pursuant to s. 120.695.
- $\underline{\text{b.2.}}$  Imposing an administrative fine not to exceed \$5,000 for each act which constitutes a violation of this section or a rule or an order.
- $\underline{\text{c.3.}}$  Directing that the pawnbroker cease and desist specified activities.
- $\underline{\text{d.4.}}$  Refusing to license or revoking or suspending a license.
- $\underline{\text{e.5.}}$  Placing the licensee on probation for a period of time, subject to such conditions as the agency may specify.
- 2. Upon a third finding as set forth in paragraph (a), the agency shall revoke the pawnbroker's license.
  - (9) RECORDKEEPING; REPORTING; HOLD PERIOD. --
- (a) A pawnbroker must maintain a copy of eachcompleted pawnbroker transaction form on the pawnshop premises

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for at least 1 year after the date of the transaction. On or before the end of each business day, the pawnbroker must deliver to the appropriate law enforcement official the original pawnbroker transaction forms for each of the transactions occurring during the previous business day, unless other arrangements have been agreed upon between the pawnbroker and the appropriate law enforcement official. If the original transaction form is lost or destroyed by the appropriate law enforcement official, a copy may be used by the pawnbroker as evidence in court. When an electronic image of a pledgor or seller identification is accepted for a transaction, the pawnbroker must maintain the electronic image in order to meet the same recordkeeping requirements as for the original transaction form. If a criminal investigation occurs, the pawnbroker shall, upon request, provide a clear and legible copy of the image to the appropriate law enforcement official.

in good working order and shall on or before the end of each business day electronically transfer pawn transactions for each of the transactions occurring during the previous business day to the appropriate law enforcement agency on a software program approved by the agency. The pawn transaction records shall be electronically recorded and stored by the pawnbroker on an approved magnetic tape or as otherwise approved by the agency, on a daily basis and maintained for a period of not less than 3 years after the date of the transaction. If the appropriate law enforcement agency supplies the appropriate software and the pawnbroker presently has the computer ability, pawn transactions shall be electronically transferred. If a pawnbroker does not presently

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have the computer ability, the appropriate law enforcement agency may provide the pawnbroker with a computer and all necessary equipment for the purpose of electronically transferring pawn transactions. The appropriate law enforcement agency shall retain ownership of the computer, unless otherwise agreed upon. The pawnbroker shall maintain the computer in good working order, ordinary wear and tear excepted. In the event the pawnbroker transfers pawn transactions electronically, the pawnbroker is not required to also deliver to the appropriate law enforcement official the original or copies of the pawnbroker transaction forms. The appropriate law enforcement official may, for the purposes of a criminal investigation, request that the pawnbroker produce an original of a transaction form that has been electronically transferred. The pawnbroker shall deliver this form to the appropriate law enforcement official within 24 hours of the request.

(c) All goods delivered to a pawnbroker in a pawn or purchase transaction must be securely stored and maintained in an unaltered condition within the jurisdiction of the appropriate law enforcement official for a period of 30 calendar days after the transaction. Those goods delivered to a pawnbroker in a purchase transaction may not be sold or otherwise disposed of before the expiration of such period. The pawnbroker shall make all pledged and purchased goods and all records relating to such goods available for inspection by the appropriate law enforcement official during normal business hours throughout such period. The pawnbroker must store and maintain pledged goods for the period prescribed in subsection (10) unless the pledged goods are redeemed earlier; 31 provided, however, that within the first 30 days after the

original pawn, the pledged goods may be redeemed only by the pledgor or the pledgor's attorney in fact.

- (d) The pawnbroker shall be required to notify the appropriate law enforcement agency in writing or by electronic report within 24 hours after the latest pawn or sell transaction, in a form approved by the agency, of a pledgor or seller who conducts five or more pawn or sell transactions in any calendar month. The report shall include copies of all transaction forms for pawns or sales conducted within that month by that person.
- (e) A pawnbroker must install, maintain, and operate during business hours a surveillance camera capable of videotaping every pawn or sell transaction and the clear facial identity of the pledgor or seller, as approved by the agency. The pawnbroker shall maintain the video tapes for a calendar month and shall make those video tapes available to the appropriate law enforcement agency within 24 hours after the agency's request.
- (15) CLAIMS AGAINST PURCHASED GOODS OR PLEDGED GOODS HELD BY PAWNBROKERS.--
- (a) To obtain possession of purchased or pledged goods held by a pawnbroker which a claimant claims to be misappropriated, the claimant must notify the pawnbroker by certified mail, return receipt requested, or in person evidenced by signed receipt, of the claimant's claim to the purchased or pledged goods. The notice must contain a complete and accurate description of the purchased or pledged goods and must be accompanied by a legible copy of the applicable law enforcement agency's report on the misappropriation of such property. The claimant shall provide a proper receipt evidencing proof of purchase of the misappropriated purchased

or pledged goods. Upon presentation of such proof, the pawnbroker shall immediately convey such goods to the claimant. If the claimant does not have a proper receipt and if the claimant and the pawnbroker do not resolve the matter within 10 days after the pawnbroker's receipt of the notice, the claimant may petition the court to order the return of the property, naming the pawnbroker as a defendant, and must serve the pawnbroker with a copy of the petition. The pawnbroker shall hold the property described in the petition until the right to possession is resolved by the parties or by a court of competent jurisdiction. The court shall waive any filing fee for the petition to recover the property, and the sheriff shall waive the service fees.

- (b) If, after notice and a hearing, the court finds that the property was misappropriated and orders the return of the property to the claimant:
- 1. The claimant may recover from the pawnbroker the cost of the action, including the claimant's reasonable attorney's fees; and
- 2. The pawnbroker may petition the court for restitution from the conveying customer, naming the conveying customer as defendant, and must serve the pledgor or seller with a copy of the petition. The pawnbroker may recover from the conveying customer the cost of the action, including the pawnbroker's reasonable attorney's fees, the claimant's reasonable attorney's fees if they were paid by the pawnbroker and the full amount the conveying customer received from the pawnbroker for the property plus all applicable pawn service charges. If the conveying customer is convicted of theft, a violation of this section, or dealing in stolen property, the court shall order the conveying customer to repay the

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pawnbroker the full amount the conveying customer received from the pawnbroker for the property, plus all applicable pawn service charges. As used in this paragraph, the term "convicted of" includes a plea of nolo contendere to the charges or any agreement in which adjudication is withheld; and

- 3. The conveying customer shall be responsible to pay all attorney's fees and taxable costs incurred by the pawnbroker in defending a replevin action or any other civil matter wherein it is found that the conveying customer was in violation of this paragraph.
- (c) If the court finds that the claimant failed to comply with the requirements in paragraph (a) or otherwise finds against the claimant, the claimant is liable for the defendants' costs, including reasonable attorney's fees.
- (c)<del>(d)</del> The sale, pledge, or delivery of tangible personal property to a pawnbroker by any person in this state is considered to be:
- An agreement by the person who sells, pledges, or delivers the tangible personal property that the person is subject to the jurisdiction of the court in all civil actions and proceedings arising out of the pledge or sale transaction filed by either a resident or nonresident plaintiff;
- 2. An appointment of the Secretary of State by any nonresident of this state as that person's lawful attorney and agent upon whom may be served all process in suits pertaining to the actions and proceedings arising out of the sale, pledge, or delivery; and
- 3. An agreement by any nonresident that any process in any suit so served has the same legal force and validity as if 31 personally served in this state.

1	(17) CRIMINAL PENALTIES
2	(a) Any person who engages in business as a pawnbroker
3	without first securing a license commits a felony of the third
4	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or
5	s. 775.084.
6	(b) In addition to any other penalty, any person, who
7	willfully violates this section or who willfully makes a false
8	entry in any record specifically required by this section
9	commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as
10	provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
11	(c) Any person who has been convicted three times of
12	the offense described in paragraph (b) shall upon the third
13	conviction, be deemed to have committed a felony of the third
14	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or
15	<u>s. 775.084.</u>
16	Section 2. This act shall take effect October 1, 1999.
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19	HOUSE SUMMARY
20	Requires pawnbrokers to install and maintain computer
21	equipment to electronically transfer pawn transactions to law enforcement agencies and to install, operate, and
22	maintain videotape surveillance equipment and to make videotapes available to law enforcement. Increases a
23	penalty for multiple convictions.
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