1999 Legislature CS for SB 1598, 1st Engrossed

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1	No est veletion to termination of mucmonaics:	
2	An act relating to termination of pregnancies;	
3	creating s. 390.01115, F.S.; providing a short	
4	title; defining terms; prohibiting the	
5	performing or inducement of a termination of	
6	pregnancy upon a minor without specified	
7	notice; providing disciplinary action for	
8	violation; prescribing notice requirements;	
9	providing exceptions; prescribing procedure for	
10	judicial waiver of notice; providing for notice	
11	of right to counsel; providing for issuance of	
12	a court order authorizing consent to a	
13	termination of pregnancy without notification;	
14	providing for dismissal of petitions; requiring	
15	the issuance of written findings of fact and	
16	legal conclusions; providing for expedited	
17	appeal; providing for waiver of filing fees and	
18	court costs; precluding assumption of certain	
19	expenses by counties; requesting the Supreme	
20	Court to adopt rules; requiring the Supreme	
21	Court to report annually to the Governor and	
22	the Legislature; providing for severability;	
23	providing an effective date.	
24		
25	WHEREAS, the Legislature finds that immature minors	
26	often lack the ability to make fully informed choices that	
27	take into account both immediate and long-range consequences,	
28	and	
29	WHEREAS, the unique medical, emotional, and	
30	psychological consequences of abortion are sometimes serious	
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and can be lasting, particularly when the patient is immature, 1 2 and 3 WHEREAS, the capacity to become pregnant and the 4 capacity for mature judgment concerning the wisdom of an 5 abortion are not necessarily related, and WHEREAS, parents ordinarily possess information 6 7 essential to a physician's exercise of his or her best medical judgment concerning the child, and 8 9 WHEREAS, parents who are aware that their minor daughter has had an abortion may better ensure that she 10 receives adequate medical attention after her abortion, and 11 12 WHEREAS, parental consultation is usually desirable and 13 in the best interests of the minor, and 14 WHEREAS, the Legislature's purpose in enacting parental 15 notice legislation is to further the important and compelling 16 state interests of protecting minors against their own 17 immaturity, fostering family unity and preserving the family as a viable social unit, protecting the constitutional rights 18 19 of parents to rear children who are members of their 20 household, and reducing teenage pregnancy and unnecessary abortion, and 21 22 WHEREAS, further legislative purposes are to ensure 23 that parents are able to meet their high duty to seek out and follow medical advice pertaining to their children, stay 24 apprised of the medical needs and physical condition of their 25 26 children, and recognize complications that might arise 27 following medical procedures or services, to preserve the right of parents to pursue a civil action on behalf of their 28 child before expiration of the statute of limitations period, 29 if a facility or physician commits medical malpractice that 30 results in injury to a child, and to prevent, detect, and 31

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prosecute batteries, rapes, and other crimes committed upon 1 2 minors, and 3 WHEREAS, previous legislation requiring the consent of 4 parents before a physician performed an abortion on their 5 daughter was struck down by the Florida Supreme Court on the basis of the constitutional right of privacy, in the case of 6 7 In Re: T.W., and this legislation is designed to extend the protection of the law to minor girls and their parents in 8 9 accordance with the State Constitution, NOW, THEREFORE, 10 11 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 12 13 Section 1. Section 390.01115, Florida Statutes, is 14 created to read: 15 390.01115 Parental Notice of Abortion Act .--16 (1) SHORT TITLE.--This section may be cited as the 17 "Parental Notice of Abortion Act." (2) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term: 18 19 (a) "Actual notice" means notice that is given 20 directly, in person, or by telephone. 21 (b) "Child abuse" has the meaning ascribed in s. 39.0015(3) and refers to the acts of child abuse against a 22 23 minor by a family member as defined in s. 741.28(2). 24 (C) "Constructive notice" means notice that is given by certified mail to the last known address of the parent or 25 26 legal guardian of a minor, with delivery deemed to have 27 occurred 48 hours after the certified notice is mailed. "Medical emergency" means a condition that, on the 28 (d) 29 basis of a physician's good-faith clinical judgment, so complicates the medical condition of a pregnant woman as to 30 31 necessitate the immediate termination of her pregnancy to 3

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avert her death, or for which a delay in the termination of 1 2 her pregnancy will create serious risk of substantial and 3 irreversible impairment of a major bodily function. 4 (e) "Sexual abuse" has the meaning ascribed in s. 5 39.01 and refers to the acts of sexual abuse against a minor 6 by a family member as defined in s. 741.28(2). 7 (3) NOTIFICATION REQUIRED. --8 (a) A termination of pregnancy may not be performed or 9 induced upon a minor unless the physician performing or inducing the termination of pregnancy has given at least 48 10 hours' actual notice to one parent or to the legal guardian of 11 12 the pregnant minor of his or her intention to perform or induce the termination of pregnancy. The notice may be given 13 14 by a referring physician. The physician who performs the 15 termination of pregnancy must receive the written statement of 16 the referring physician certifying that the referring 17 physician has given notice. If actual notice is not possible after a reasonable effort has been made, the physician or his 18 19 or her agent must give 48 hours' constructive notice. 20 (b) Notice is not required if: 1. A medical emergency exists and there is 21 insufficient time for the attending physician to comply with 22 23 the notification requirements. If a medical emergency exists, the physician may proceed but must document reasons for the 24 medical necessity in the patient's medical records; 25 26 2. Notice is waived in writing by the person who is 27 entitled to notice; 3. Notice is waived by the minor who is or has been 28 29 married or has had the disability of nonage removed under s. 743.015 or a similar statute of another state; 30 31 4

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1	4. Notice is waived by the patient because the patient
2	has a minor child dependent on her; or
3	5. Notice is waived under subsection (4).
4	(c) Violation of this subsection by a physician
5	constitutes grounds for disciplinary action under s. 458.331
6	or s. 459.015.
7	(4) PROCEDURE FOR JUDICIAL WAIVER OF NOTICE
8	(a) A minor may petition any circuit court for a
9	waiver of the notice requirements of subsection (3) and may
10	participate in proceedings on her own behalf. The petition
11	must include a statement that the petitioner is pregnant and
12	notice has not been waived. The court may appoint a guardian
13	ad litem for her. A guardian ad litem appointed under this
14	subsection shall act to maintain the confidentiality of the
15	proceedings. The circuit court shall advise the minor that she
16	has a right to court-appointed counsel and shall provide her
17	with counsel upon her request.
18	(b) Court proceedings under this subsection must be
19	given precedence over other pending matters to the extent
20	necessary to ensure that the court reaches a decision
21	promptly. The court shall rule, and issue written findings of
22	fact and conclusions of law, within 48 hours after the
23	petition is filed, except that the 48-hour limitation may be
24	extended at the request of the minor. If the court fails to
25	rule within the 48-hour period and an extension has not been
26	requested, the petition is granted, and the notice requirement
27	is waived.
28	(c) If the court finds, by clear evidence, that the
29	minor is sufficiently mature to decide whether to terminate
30	her pregnancy, the court shall issue an order authorizing the
31	minor to consent to the performance or inducement of a
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termination of pregnancy without the notification of a parent 1 or guardian. If the court does not make the finding specified 2 3 in this paragraph or paragraph (d), it must dismiss the 4 petition. 5 (d) If the court finds, by clear evidence, that there 6 is evidence of child abuse or sexual abuse of the petitioner 7 by one or both of her parents or her guardian, or that the 8 notification of a parent or guardian is not in the best 9 interest of the petitioner, the court shall issue an order authorizing the minor to consent to the performance or 10 inducement of a termination of pregnancy without the 11 12 notification of a parent or guardian. If the court does not make the finding specified in this paragraph or paragraph (c), 13 14 it must dismiss the petition. (e) A court that conducts proceedings under this 15 section shall provide for a written transcript of all 16 17 testimony and proceedings and issue written and specific factual findings and legal conclusions supporting its decision 18 19 and shall order that a confidential record of the evidence and 20 the judge's findings and conclusions be maintained. At the hearing, the court shall hear evidence relating to the 21 emotional development, maturity, intellect, and understanding 22 23 of the minor. (f) An expedited confidential appeal shall be 24 available, as the Supreme Court provides by rule, to any minor 25 26 to whom the circuit court denies a waiver of notice. An order 27 authorizing a termination of pregnancy without notice is not subject to appeal. 28 29 (g) No filing fees or court costs shall be required of 30 any pregnant minor who petitions a court for a waiver of 31 6

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parental notification under this subsection at either the 1 2 trial or the appellate level. 3 (h) No county shall be obligated to pay the salaries, 4 costs, or expenses of any counsel appointed by the court under 5 this subsection. 6 (5) PROCEEDINGS. -- The Supreme Court is requested to 7 adopt rules and forms for petitions to ensure that proceedings 8 under subsection (4) are handled expeditiously and in a manner 9 that will satisfy the requirements of state and federal 10 courts. (6) REPORT.--The Supreme Court, through the Office of 11 12 the State Courts Administrator, shall report by February 1 of each year to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and 13 14 the Speaker of the House of Representatives on the number of 15 petitions filed under subsection (4) for the preceding year, and the timing and manner of disposal of such petitions by 16 17 each circuit court. Section 2. If any provision of this act or the 18 19 application thereof to any person or circumstance is held 20 invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect without the 21 invalid provision or application, and to this end the 22 23 provisions of this act are declared severable. Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 1999. 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 7 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.