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A bill to be entitled An act relating to agriculture; creating ss. 570.251-570.2815, F.S.; creating the "Florida Agricultural Finance Act"; providing legislative findings; providing definitions; establishing the Florida Agricultural Finance Authority; providing powers and duties; providing for membership of a board; providing for terms of board members; providing for organization of the board; providing general powers of the authority; providing for an executive director and specifying duties; requiring an annual report; providing for the use of surplus moneys by the authority; providing for combination of state and federal programs to facilitate the purposes of the authority; establishing a beginning farmer loan program; providing purposes of the loan program; authorizing the authority to participate in federal programs; requiring the authority to provide for loan criteria by rule; authorizing the authority to provide loan requirements; authorizing the authority to make loans to beginning farmers for agricultural land and improvements and depreciable agricultural property; authorizing the authority to make loans to mortgage lenders and other lenders; authorizing the authority to purchase mortgage loans and secured loans from mortgage lenders; providing powers of the authority relating to loans; providing for the

issuance of bonds and notes by the authority; 1 2 authorizing the authority to establish bond 3 reserve funds; providing remedies of 4 bondholders and holders of notes; providing for 5 the pledging of bonds by the state; providing that bonds and notes shall be considered legal 6 7 investments; providing requirements with 8 respect to funds of the authority; authorizing examination of accounts by the Auditor General; 9 requiring a report; providing limitation of 10 11 liability for members of the authority; 12 requiring the assistance of state officers, 13 agencies, and departments; providing for 14 construction of the act; requiring disclosure 15 of specified conflicts of interest; prohibiting 16 certain participation in the event of a conflict of interest; specifying conflicts of 17 interest with respect to the executive director 18 of the authority; providing exemption from 19 20 competitive bid laws; providing for receipt of 21 specified trust assets by the authority; 22 authorizing the authority to enter into specified agreements; providing for liability; 23 24 providing for additional beginning farmer and 25 loan assistance programs; authorizing 26 additional beginning farmer loan program; 27 requiring the authority to establish and 28 develop an agricultural loan assistance 29 program; providing program criteria; requiring the authority to create and develop alternative 30 31 agriculture assistance programs; providing for

the adoption of rules with respect to 1 2 enforcement of provisions relative to such 3 programs; authorizing the authority to bring 4 action for enforcement; creating s. 159.8082, 5 F.S.; establishing the agricultural development bond pool; amending s. 159.804, F.S.; providing 6 7 for specific allocations of state volume 8 limitations to the agricultural development 9 pool; amending s. 159.809; specifying provisions for bond issuance reports not 10 11 received; providing an appropriation; 12 authorizing the Florida Agricultural Finance 13 Authority to issue certain limited guarantees 14 of credit; providing limitations; providing an 15 effective date. 16 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 17 18 Section 1. Sections 570.251, 570.252, 570.253, 19 20 570.254, 570.255, 570.256, 570.257, 570.258, 570.259, 570.260, 570.261, 570.262, 570.263, 570.264, 570.265, 570.266, 570.267, 21 570.268, 570.269, 570.270, 570.271, 570.272, 570.273, 570.274, 22 570.275, 570.276, 570.277, 570.278, 570.279, 570.280 and 23 24 570.2815, Florida Statutes, are created to read: 25 570.251 Short title.--Sections 570.251-570.2815 may be 26 cited as the "Florida Agricultural Finance Act." 27 570.252 Legislative findings.--28 (1) The Legislature finds that the ability of 29 residents of the state to pursue agricultural enterprises or enterprises related to agribusiness has been detrimentally 30 affected by causes and events beyond their control or the

control of the state, including treaty-supported foreign 1 2 competition, termination of long-established federal subsidy programs, and a shortage of funds from private market sources 3 at rates of interest generally available under revenue bond 4 5 programs to nonagricultural industry. These conditions have detrimentally affected the rural agriculture industry in this 6 7 state and have made the sale and purchase of agricultural land 8 by and among family farmers impossible in many parts of this 9 state. The ordinary operation of private enterprise has not corrected this situation. Such conditions have worked to the 10 11 detriment of the economy and social welfare of the state and 12 threatens to destroy the basic fabric of rural agriculture, 13 such as the family farm and rural communities that depend on 14 agribusiness. The state's farm policy should enhance 15 opportunities for people to generate farm incomes comparable 16 to the incomes of other economic sectors. The United States Congress has recognized the need to provide assistance to the 17 rural segment of the national economy and has instituted 18 19 programs to assist family farmers and agribusiness by means of 20 tax policy as well as loans, grants, technology transfers, and credit enhancements to qualified state agencies. The 21 22 Legislature should also encourage, by all suitable means, intellectual, scientific, and agricultural improvement in the 23 rural parts of this state. The public good is served by a 24 policy of facilitating access to capital by beginning farmers, 25 26 existing farmers, and agribusinesses unable to obtain capital elsewhere. Therefore, the Legislature finds that conditions 27 28 exist in the state which require the creation of a body 29 politic having corporate power to issue notes, bonds, and other evidences of indebtedness in order to make or acquire 30 loans for the acquisition or development of agricultural

lands, improvements, and facilities. All of the purposes stated in this section are public purposes and uses for which public moneys may be borrowed, expended, advanced, loaned, or granted.

(2) The Legislature recognizes that many of the programs approved by Congress in the Federal Agricultural Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 which can supplement and enhance the authority's mission are being implemented.

Therefore, the authority is granted broad powers to adopt rules to carry out the purposes set forth in this act to maximize the benefits to the residents of this state from all available federal, state, local, or private programs.

570.253 Definitions.--As used in this act, the term:

- improvements, buildings, structures, or fixtures that are suitable for use in farming, producing, or processing agricultural products and are located on agricultural land in this state. The term includes both any single-family dwelling located on agricultural land which is or will be occupied by a beginning farmer and structures attached to or incidental to the use of the dwelling.
- (2) "Agricultural land" means land in this state suitable for use in farming, producing, or processing agricultural products, specifically including lands so designated by the Land Acquisition and Management Advisory Council established under to s. 259.035.
- (3) "Agricultural producer" means a person that engages in the business of producing and marketing agricultural produce in this state and includes a farmer.
- (4) "Agricultural processor" means a person that
 engages in the business of processing agricultural products

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commodities, agricultural byproducts, biomass energy and organic compost processing, and any and all products made or derived from agricultural or biomass stock as defined by the authority under rules adopted under chapter 120. (5) "Authority" means the Florida Agricultural Finance Authority established in s. 570.254. (6) "Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act" means the act cited as 50 Stat. 522 (1937), formerly codified as 7 U.S.C. s. 1000 et seq., repealed by Pub. L. No. 87-128 (1961). (7) "Beginning farmer" means an individual, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, limited agricultural association as defined in s. 604.11, or trust that engages in farming in this state, and includes: (a) First-time farmers and family farmers as described in Internal Revenue Code section 147(c)(2), as amended; (b) Existing farmers who have moved, or who intend to move, from existing agricultural activities to raising new or

within this state, including, without limitation, agricultural

(c) Such other farmers as are designated by rules adopted by the authority.

alternative agricultural crops under rules adopted by the

- (8) "Bonds" means bonds issued by the authority.
- (9) "Conservation farm equipment" means the specialized planters, cultivators, and tillage equipment used for reduced tillage or no-till planting of crops, including anaerobic fermentation facilities, biomass processing facilities, and solid-waste and water-conservation equipment.
- (10) "Depreciable agricultural property" means
 personal property suitable for use in farming for which an

2 computing federal income tax under the Internal Revenue Code. 3 "FAIR Farm Act" means the Federal Agriculture 4 Improvement and Reform Act of 1996, 110 Stat. 889, et seq., as 5 amended. 6 (12) "Farming" means the cultivation of land in this 7 state for the production of agricultural crops, including 8 biomass and fiber crops, citrus crops, poultry and ratites, 9 eggs, milk, fruits, nuts, vegetables, flowers, ferns, or other horticultural crops, grazing and forage production, swine, 10 livestock, farm-raised deer, aquaculture, hydroponics, 11 12 organics, silviculture, forest products, or other such 13 activities designated by the authority by rule. 14 (13) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal 15 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. (14) "Lending institution" means a bank, credit union, 16 17 trust company, mortgage company, national banking association, savings and loan association, insurance company, any state or 18 19 federal governmental agency or instrumentality, including the 20 federal land bank or the consolidated farm service agency or any of its local associations, or any other financial 21

institution or entity authorized to make farm loans in this

of trust, or other instrument creating a first lien, subject

only to title exceptions and encumbrances acceptable to the

standing with or subordinate to the mortgage loan retained by a seller or conveyed to a mortgage lender, on a fee interest

authority, including any other mortgage liens of equal

in agricultural land and agricultural improvements.

(15) "Mortgage" means a mortgage, mortgage deed, deed

income tax deduction for depreciation is allowable in

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state.

- (16) "Mortgage lender" means a bank, trust company, mortgage company, national banking association, savings and loan association, insurance company, any state or federal governmental agency or instrumentality, including, without limitation, the federal land bank or any of its local associations or any other financial institution or public or private entity authorized to make mortgage loans or secured loans in this state.

 (17) "Mortgage loan" means a financial obligation secured by a mortgage.
- (18) "Note" means a bond anticipation note or other obligation or evidence of indebtedness issued by the authority.
- (19) "Soil and water conservation practices" has the meaning described in chapter 582, and includes solid-waste and waste-water disposal systems, anaerobic fermentation systems, and other facilities designed to process agricultural soil, water, and matter in an environmentally responsible manner.
- (20) "Secured loan" means a financial obligation secured by a chattel mortgage, security agreement, or other instrument creating a lien on an interest in depreciable agricultural property.
- (21) "State agency" means any board, commission, department, public officer, or other agency or authority of the state.

The authority may by rule define other terms applicable to this act and may clarify the definitions in this section to assure eligibility for funds, insurance, or guarantees available under federal, state, or local laws, to assure compliance with federal tax law and regulations under the

<u>Internal Revenue Code and applicable state statutes, and to carry out the public purposes of this act.</u>

570.254 Establishment of authority; powers and duties; board; earnings.--

- (1) There is created a corporation to be known as the Florida Agricultural Finance Authority. The authority is a public agency of the state exercising public and essential governmental functions. The authority shall establish programs that:
- (a) Assist farmers, beginning farmers, and agribusiness in purchasing, leasing, or otherwise acquiring agricultural land, improvements, technology, and depreciable agricultural property for farming, including aquaculture.
- (b) Provide financing to farmers for soil and water conservation practices.
- (c) Promote diversification of the farm economy in this state through the growth and development of new or alternative crops or livestock and other animals or ratites not customarily grown or produced in this state or that emphasize a vertical integration of agricultural products produced or raised in this state into a finished agricultural product or byproduct for consumption or use.
- (d) Assist in financing operating expenses and cash-flow requirements of farming.
- (e) Assist qualified producers, processors, and manufacturers of agriculture products and support organizations within the state with financing research and development and other capital requirements or operating expenses.
- 30 (2) The powers of the authority are vested in and 31 exercised by a board of eleven members, which shall include

the Governor, or the Governor's designee, who shall be an ex officio nonvoting member. There shall be six standing members of the board who shall be designated, one each, by the following institutions:

- (a) The Florida Farm Bureau Federation.
- (b) The Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences of the University of Florida.
- $\underline{\text{(c)}} \quad \text{The Florida Agricultural and Mechanical} \\ \text{University.}$
- (d) The Florida Agricultural Resources and Mobilization Foundation, Inc. (FARM Foundation).
- $\underline{\text{(e)} \ \ \text{The Technological Research and Development}}$ Authority.
 - (f) The Florida Bankers Association.

The Governor shall appoint three members to the board at large. The at-large members should be representative of financial institutions that have experience in agricultural lending, farmers, or beginning farmers or otherwise be persons specially interested in agriculture, rural initiatives, and family farm development and may include appointees of the Governor's Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development and Enterprise Florida, Inc.

(3) Initially, the six standing members of the board shall be appointed for terms of 4 years each and the three at-large members of the board shall be appointed for terms of 3 years each. Thereafter, each member shall be appointed for a 4-year term. Following the initial appointment of members to the board, each subsequent appointee must be confirmed by the serving members. A person appointed to fill a vacancy may serve only for the unexpired portion of the term. A member of

the board is eligible for reappointment. An appointed member may be removed from office by the Governor for misfeasance, malfeasance, or willful neglect of duty or other just cause, after notice and hearing, unless the notice and hearing is expressly waived in writing. An appointed board member may also serve as a member of any other authority or association.

- (4) The members shall elect a chair and a vice chair annually and other officers as necessary. The executive director of the authority shall serve as secretary to the board. Meetings of the board must be held at the call of the chair or upon the request of at least two members and may be held telephonically as provided in the bylaws of the authority. Any meeting at which official acts are to be taken or at which the public business of the authority is to be transacted or discussed must be open and noticed to the public.
- quorum, and the affirmative vote of a majority of the voting members is necessary for any substantive action taken by the board. The majority may not include any member who has a conflict of interest. A statement by a member that he or she has a conflict of interest is conclusive for this purpose. A vacancy in the membership does not impair the right of a quorum to exercise all rights and perform all duties of the board.
- (6) The members of the board may receive per diem and travel expenses as provided in s. 112.061 while in performance of their duties.
- (7) The members of the board shall give bond as required by law for public officers.

(8) The net earnings of the authority, beyond that necessary for retirement of its notes, bonds, or other obligations or to implement authorized public purposes and programs, may not inure to the benefit of any person other than the state. Upon termination of the existence of the authority, title to all property owned by the authority, including any net earnings, vests in the state.

570.255 General powers.--The authority is granted powers necessary to carry out its purposes and duties. It may:

- (1) Issue negotiable bonds and notes to finance its programs.
 - (2) Sue and be sued in its own name.
 - (3) Have and alter a corporate seal.
- $\underline{\mbox{(4)}}$ Make and alter bylaws for its management and programs.
- instruments with any public or private entity, including any federal governmental agency. The authority may enter into contracts with any firm of independent certified public accountants to prepare an annual report on behalf of the authority. The authority may enter into contracts with mortgage lenders, insurance companies, or others for the servicing of mortgages and secured loans. All political subdivisions, including federal, state, and local agencies, may enter into contracts and otherwise cooperate with the authority.
- (6) Lease, purchase, accept a gift or donation of, or otherwise acquire, use, own, hold, improve, or deal in or with, real or personal property, or sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, or otherwise dispose of any assets, loans or equity interests acquired in the financing of

projects funded by the authority, or any other property or interest in property, as the board considers necessary in the transaction of its business. The authority may not carry out a program of real estate investment.

- (7) Procure insurance against any loss in connection with its operations or property interests, including pool insurance on any group of mortgages or secured loans.
 - (8) Fix and collect fees and charges for its services.
- (9) Subject to an agreement with bondholders or noteholders, invest or deposit its moneys in a manner determined by the authority, notwithstanding the provisions of chapters 215 and 216.
- (10) Accept appropriations, gifts, grants, loans, or other aid from public or private entities. A record of all gifts or grants stating the type, amount, and donor must be clearly set out in the authority's annual report along with the record of other receipts.
- (11) Provide public and private entities with technical assistance, education, counseling, and grants to assist the authority in matters related to the authority's purposes.
- (12) In cooperation with other local, state, or federal governmental agencies or instrumentalities, conduct studies of the agricultural needs of the beginning farmer, agricultural producer, and processor and gather, compile, and exchange with similar authorities and agencies in other states data useful to facilitate decisionmaking.
- (13) Contract with accountants, architects, attorneys, economists, engineers, housing construction and finance experts, and other advisors, or enter into contracts for such services with local, state, or federal governmental agencies.

- instruments with any person, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, limited agricultural association, or trust, including, without limitation, any federal, state, or local governmental agency, and take actions necessary to accomplish any purpose for which the authority was organized or to exercise any power expressly granted to the authority.
 - (15) Adopt rules relating to:
- (a) Programs under the jurisdiction of the authority, including beginning farmer programs, additional beginning farmer loan programs, agricultural loan assistance programs, and alternative agricultural assistance programs.
 - (b) Definitions.

(c) Eligibility for programs, eligibility criteria and determinations, objective criteria and guidelines, and forms and documents required to implement the authority's programs.

570.256 Executive director.--

- (1) The board shall appoint the executive director of the authority who serves at the pleasure of the authority.

 The executive director must be selected for his or her administrative ability and knowledge in the field, without regard to political affiliation.
- (2) The executive director may not, directly or indirectly, exert influence to induce any other officer or employee of the state to adopt a political view or to favor a political candidate for office.
- (3) The executive director shall advise the authority on matters relating to agricultural land and property and finance; carry out all directives from the authority; and hire and supervise the authority's staff, which shall include a general counsel to advise and assist the executive director in

carrying out the purposes of this act, pursuant to the direction of the board.

(4) The executive director, as secretary of the authority, is custodian of all books, documents, minute books, seals, and papers filed with the authority. The executive director may authorize duplication of all minutes and other records and documents of the authority and shall give certificates under the seal of the authority that the copies are true copies and that all persons dealing with the authority may rely upon the certificates.

570.257 Annual report.--

- (1) The authority shall submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Auditor General by February 15 of each year, a complete and economically designed and reproduced report setting forth:
- $\underline{\mbox{(a)}}$ The operations and accomplishments of the authority.
- (b) The authority's receipts and expenditures during the fiscal year, in accordance with the classifications it establishes for its operating and capital accounts.
- (c) The authority's assets and liabilities at the end of its fiscal year and the status of reserve, special, and other funds.
- (d) A schedule of the authority's bonds and notes outstanding at the end of its fiscal year, together with a statement of the amounts redeemed and issued during its fiscal year.
- (e) A statement of the authority's proposed and projected activities.

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         (f) Recommendations to the Legislature, as the
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   authority determines necessary.
          (g) An analysis of the needs of beginning farmers and
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   other farmers in the state, as well as of agribusiness
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   projects funded by the authority.
          (2) The annual report, together with the authority's
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   audited annual statements of financial condition for the
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   period prepared by the authority's certified public
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   accountants, including, specifically, their review and
   comments on the authority's activities described in paragraphs
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   (1)(b), (c), and (d), must identify performance goals of the
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   authority and clearly indicate the extent of progress during
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   the reporting period in attaining the goals. When possible,
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   results must be expressed in terms of number of loans and
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   acres of agricultural land, establishment of new or
   alternative agricultural crops, and value-added programs for
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   farmers and agribusiness in the state.
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           570.258 Surplus moneys.--Moneys declared by the
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   authority to be surplus moneys that are not required to
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   service bonds and notes, to pay administrative expenses of the
   authority, or to accumulate necessary operating or loss
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   reserves must be used by the authority to provide loans,
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   grants, subsidies, and other services or assistance to
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   beginning farmers or agricultural producers through any of the
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   programs authorized in this act.
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           570.259 Combination programs. -- Programs authorized in
   this act may be combined with any other programs authorized by
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   law or authorized under any federal program or programs of any
   other state in order to facilitate the acquisition and
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   ownership of agricultural land and property by beginning or
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and water conservation practices, the implementation of new and alternative agricultural crops in this state, and the implementation of the technology transfer between the United States Department of Agriculture, the State of Florida, and the Technological Development Research Authority.

570.260 Beginning farmer loan program.--

- (1) The authority shall develop a beginning farmer loan program to facilitate the acquisition of agricultural land and improvements and depreciable agricultural property by beginning farmers. The authority shall exercise its powers in order to provide financial assistance to beginning farmers in the acquisition of agricultural land and improvements and depreciable agricultural property. The authority may participate in and cooperate with programs of the United States Department of Agriculture Consolidated Farm Service Agency, the federal land bank, or any other agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government, or with any program of any other state agency in the administration of the beginning farmer loan program and in the making or purchasing of bonds, notes, mortgages, or secured loans under this act.
- (2) The authority may participate in any federal programs designed to assist beginning farmers or in any related federal or state programs.
- (3) The authority shall by rule prescribe the criteria upon which loans to or on behalf of a beginning farmer program will be provided. These rules must comply with the requirements for "first-time farmers" under Section 147 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended.
- (4) The authority may provide in a mortgage or secured loan made or purchased under this act that the loan may not be assumed or that any interest in the agricultural land or

improvements or depreciable agricultural property may not be leased, sold, or otherwise conveyed without its prior written consent, and may provide a due-on-sale clause with respect to the occurrence of any of the foregoing events without its prior written consent. The authority may specify by rule the grounds for permitted assumptions of a mortgage or for the leasing, sale, or other conveyance of any interest in the agricultural land or improvements. The authority shall, however, reserve in a mortgage or secured loan its right to raise the interest rate of the loan to the prevailing market rate if the mortgage or secured loan is assumed by a farmer who is already established in that field at the time of the assumption of the loan.

(5) The authority may participate in any interest in any mortgage or secured loan made or purchased under this act with a mortgage or other lender. The participation interest may be on a parity with the interest in the mortgage or secured loan retained by the authority, equally and ratably secured by the mortgage or securing agreement securing the mortgage or secured loan.

570.261 Loans to beginning farmers.--

- (1) The authority may make mortgage or secured loans, including, but not limited to, mortgage or secured loans insured, guaranteed, or otherwise secured by the Federal Government or a federal governmental agency or instrumentality, a state agency, or private mortgage insurers, to beginning farmers to provide financing for agricultural land and improvements or depreciable agricultural property.
- (2) Mortgage or secured loans must contain terms and provisions, including interest rates, and be in a form established by rule of the authority. The authority may

require the beginning farmer to execute a note, loan agreement, or other evidence of indebtedness and furnish additional assurances and guarantees, including insurance, reasonably related to protecting the security of the mortgage or secured loan, as the authority deems necessary.

570.262 Loans to mortgage lenders and other lenders.--

- (1) The authority may make loans to mortgage lenders or other lenders on terms and conditions it determines are reasonably related to protecting the security of the authority's investment and to administering this act. Mortgage lenders may borrow from the authority under the provisions of this section and the rules of the authority.
- (2) The authority shall require as a condition of each loan to a mortgage lender that the mortgage lender, within a reasonable period after receipt of the loan proceeds as the authority prescribes by rule, enter into written commitments to make and, within a reasonable period thereafter as the authority prescribes by rule, disburse the loan proceeds in new mortgage or secured loans to beginning farmers in an aggregate principal amount of not less than the amount of the loan. New mortgage or secured loans must have such terms and conditions as the authority prescribes by rules and as are reasonably related to implementing the purposes of this act.

570.263 Purchase of loans.--

(1) The authority may purchase and make advance commitments to purchase mortgage or secured loans from mortgage lenders at prices and upon terms and conditions it determines. The total purchase price for all mortgage or secured loans that the authority commits to purchase from a mortgage lender at any one time may not exceed the total of the unpaid principal balances of the mortgage or secured loans

purchased. Mortgage lenders are authorized to sell mortgage or secured loans to the authority under the provisions of this section and the rules of the authority.

purchase of mortgage or secured loans from mortgage lenders that the mortgage lenders certify that the mortgage or secured loans purchased are loans made to beginning farmers. Mortgage or secured loans to be made by mortgage lenders must have such terms and conditions as the authority prescribes by rule. The authority may commit to purchase mortgage or secured loans from mortgage lenders in advance of the time the loans are made by mortgage lenders. The authority shall require as a condition of a commitment that mortgage lenders certify in writing that all mortgage or secured loans represented by the commitment will be made to beginning farmers and that the mortgage lender will comply with other requirements of the authority.

agreement with bondholders or noteholders, the authority may renegotiate a mortgage or secured loan or a loan to a mortgage lender in default, waive a default or consent to the modification of the terms of a mortgage or secured loan or a loan to a mortgage lender, forgive or forbear all or part of a mortgage or secured loan or a loan to a mortgage or secured loan or a loan to a mortgage lender, and commence, prosecute, and enforce a judgment in any action, including, but not limited to, a foreclosure action, to protect or enforce any right conferred upon it by law, mortgage or secured loan agreement, contract, or other agreement and, in connection with any action, bid for and purchase the property or acquire or take possession of it, complete, administer, pay the principal of and interest on any

obligations incurred in connection with the property, and dispose of and otherwise deal with the property in a manner the authority determines advisable to protect its interests.

4 <u>570.265 Bonds and notes.--</u> 5 <u>(1) The authority may issue its negotiable bonds and</u>

- notes in principal amounts that, in the opinion of the authority, are necessary to provide sufficient funds for achievement of its corporate purposes, the payment of interest on its bonds and notes, the establishment of reserves to secure its bonds and notes, and all other expenditures of the authority incident to and necessary or convenient to carry out its purposes and powers. The bonds and notes are to be investment securities and negotiable instruments within the meaning of and for all purposes of the Uniform Commercial Code.
- moneys, assets, or revenues of the authority and as provided in the agreement with bondholders or noteholders pledging any particular moneys, assets, or revenues. Bonds or notes are not an obligation of this state or any political subdivision of this state other than the authority within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory debt limitations, but are special obligations of the authority payable solely from the sources provided in this act, and the authority may not pledge the credit or taxing power of this state or any political subdivision of this state other than the authority or make its debts payable out of any moneys except those of the authority, except under the limited circumstances set forth in s.

 570.280.
- (3) Bonds and notes must be authorized by a resolution of the authority. A resolution authorizing the issuance of

bonds or notes may, however, delegate to an officer of the authority the power to negotiate and fix the details of an issue of bonds or notes by an appropriate certificate of the authorized officer.

- (4) In addition to any notice required under the Internal Revenue Code for federally tax exempt bonds, the authority shall publish a notice of intention to issue bonds or notes in a newspaper of general circulation published in the state. The notice must include a statement of the maximum amount of bonds or notes proposed to be issued and, in general, what net revenues will be pledged to pay the bonds or notes and interest thereon. An action may not be brought questioning the legality of the bonds or notes or the power of the authority to issue the bonds or notes or as to the legality of any proceedings in connection with the authorization or issuance of the bonds or notes after 60 days from the date of publication of the notice.
- (5) Bonds and notes issued by the authority for purposes of financing the beginning farmer loan program provided in s. 570.260 are exempt from all taxation by the state, including income taxes, documentary stamp taxes, and intangible taxes, and interest earned on the bonds and notes is deductible in determining net income for purposes of the corporate income tax under chapter 220.

570.266 Reserve funds and appropriations.--The authority may create and establish one or more special funds, each to be known as a "bond reserve fund," and shall pay into each bond reserve fund any moneys appropriated and made available by the state for the purpose of the fund, any proceeds of the sale of notes or bonds to the extent provided in the resolutions of the authority authorizing their

issuance, and any other moneys that are available to the authority for the purpose of the fund from any other sources.

Moneys held in a bond reserve fund, except as otherwise provided in this act, must be used as required solely for the payment of the principal of bonds secured in whole or in part by the fund or of the sinking fund payments with respect to the bonds, the purchase or redemption of the bonds, the payment of interest on the bonds, or the payments of any redemption premium required to be paid when the bonds are redeemed prior to maturity.

570.267 Remedies of bondholders and noteholders.--

- (1) If the authority defaults in the payment of principal or interest on an issue of bonds or notes at maturity or upon call for redemption and the default continues for a period of 30 days, or, if the authority fails or refuses to comply with the provisions of this act or defaults in an agreement made with the holders of an issue of bonds or notes, the holders of 25 percent in aggregate principal amount of bonds or notes of the issue then outstanding, by instrument filed in the office of the clerk of the county in which the principal office of the authority is located and proved or acknowledged in the same manner as a deed to be recorded, may appoint a trustee to represent the holders of the bonds or notes for the purposes provided in this section.
- (2) The authority or any trustee appointed under the indenture under which the bonds or notes are issued may, and upon written request of the holders of 25 percent in aggregate principal amount of the issue of bonds or notes then outstanding, shall:
- (a) Enforce all rights of the bondholders or noteholders, including the right to require the authority to

carry out its agreements with the holders and to perform its duties under this act.

- (b) Bring suit upon the bonds or notes.
- (c) By action, require the authority to account as if it were the trustee of an express trust for the holders.
- (d) By action, enjoin any acts or things that are unlawful or in violation of the rights of the holders.
- (e) Declare all the bonds or notes due and payable and, if all defaults are made good, then with the consent of the holders of 25 percent of the aggregate principal amount of the issue of bonds or notes then outstanding annul the declaration and its consequences.
- (3) The trustee has powers necessary for the exercise of functions specifically set forth or incident to the general representation of bondholders or noteholders in the enforcement and protection of their rights.
- (4) Before declaring the principal of bonds or notes due and payable, the trustee shall first give 30 days' notice in writing to the Governor, to the authority, and to the Attorney General.
- (5) The circuit court has jurisdiction of any action by the trustee on behalf of bondholders or noteholders. The venue of the action is in the county in which the principal office of the authority is located.

The bondholders or noteholders may, to the extent provided in the resolution to which the bonds or notes were issued or in its agreement with the authority, enforce any of the remedies in paragraphs (2)(a)-(e) or the remedies provided in such proceedings or agreements for and on their own behalf.

570.268 Agreement of the state. -- The state pledges and 1 2 agrees with the holders of any bonds or notes that the state 3 will not limit or alter the rights vested in the authority to fulfill the terms of agreements made with the holders of such 4 5 bonds or notes or in any way impair the rights and remedies of 6 the holders of such bonds or notes until the bonds or notes, 7 together with the interest thereon, plus interest on unpaid 8 installments of interest, and all costs and expenses in 9 connection with an action by or on behalf of the holders of such bonds are fully met and discharged. The authority may 10 11 include this pledge and agreement of the state in any 12 agreement with the holders of bonds or notes. 13 570.269 Bonds and notes as legal investments.--Bonds 14 and notes are securities in which public officers, state 15 departments and agencies, political subdivisions, pension and 16 retirement funds, insurance companies and other persons 17 carrying on an insurance business, banks, trust companies, savings and loan associations, investment companies, credit 18 19 unions, and other persons carrying on a banking business, 20 administrators, executors, guardians, conservators, trustees and other fiduciaries, and other persons authorized to invest 21 22 in bonds or other obligations of this state may legally invest funds, including capital in their control or belonging to 23 24 them. Bonds and notes are also securities that may be 25 deposited with and received by public officers, state 26 departments and agencies, and political subdivisions for any 27 purpose for which the deposit of bonds or other obligations of 28 this state is authorized. 570.270 Moneys of the authority.--29 (1) Moneys of the authority, except as otherwise 30 provided in this act, must be paid to the authority and must

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be deposited in a bank or other financial institution 1 designated by the authority. The moneys of the authority may 2 be withdrawn on the order of the person authorized by the 3 authority. Deposits must be secured in the manner determined 4 by the authority. The Auditor General shall annually examine 6 the accounts and books of the authority, including its 7 receipts, disbursements, contracts, leases, sinking funds, 8 investments, and any other records and papers relating to its 9 financial standing.

- (2) The authority may contract with holders of its bonds or notes as to the custody, collection, security, investment, and payment of moneys of the authority, of moneys held in trust or otherwise for the payment of bonds or notes and to carry out the contract. Moneys held in trust or otherwise for the payment of bonds or notes or in any way to secure bonds or notes and deposits of the moneys may be secured in the same manner as moneys of the authority, and banks and trust companies may give security for the deposits.
- (3) Subject to the provisions of any contract with bondholders or noteholders, the authority shall prescribe a system of accounts.
- (4) The authority shall submit to the Governor, the Auditor General, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives within 30 days of receipt by the authority a copy of the report of every external examination of the books and accounts of the authority other than copies of the reports of examinations made by the Auditor General.

570.271 Limitation of liability.--Members of the authority and persons acting in its behalf, while acting within the scope of their employment or agency, are not

subject to personal liability resulting from carrying out the powers and duties given in this act, and the authority may carry such insurance or other indemnification for any actions arising out of such duties.

570.272 Assistance by state officers, agencies, and departments.--State officers, departments, and agencies shall provide services to the authority within their respective functions as requested by the authority.

570.273 Liberal interpretation.--This act, being necessary for the welfare of this state and its inhabitants, must be liberally construed to effect its purposes.

570.274 Conflicts of interest.--

- (1) If a member or employee other than the executive director of the authority has an interest, either direct or indirect, in a contract to which the authority is a party or in a mortgage lender or other lender requesting a loan from or offering to sell mortgage or secured loans to the authority, the interest must be disclosed to the authority in writing and must be set forth in the minutes of the authority. The member or employee having the interest may not participate in an action by the authority with respect to such contract or mortgage lender or other lender.
- (2) This section does not limit the right of a member, officer, or employee of the authority to acquire an interest in bonds or notes or limit the right of a member or employee other than the executive director to have an interest in a bank, insurance company, or other financial institution in which the funds of the authority are deposited or which is acting as trustee or paying agent under a trust indenture to which the authority is a party; nor does this section, except as to the disclosures required by subsection (1), preclude an

 insurance company or financial institution in which an authority board member or employee, other than the executive director, has an interest from placing insurance, funding bonds, or acquiring or selling notes, mortgages, or other obligations of the authority.

a bank or other financial institution in which the funds of the authority are deposited or which is acting as trustee or paying agent under a trust indenture to which the authority is a party. The executive director may not receive, in addition to fixed salary or compensation, any money or valuable thing, either directly or indirectly or through any substantial interest in any other corporation or business unit, for negotiating, procuring, recommending, or aiding in any purchase or sale of property or loan made by the authority, nor may the executive director be pecuniarily interested, either as principal, co-principal, agent, or beneficiary, either directly or indirectly or through any substantial interest in any other corporation or business unit, in any purchase, sale, or loan.

570.275 Exemption from competitive bid laws.--The authority and all contracts made by it in carrying out its public and essential governmental functions are exempt from the laws of the state which provide for competitive bids in connection with such contracts.

570.276 Trust assets.--The authority shall apply to the United States Secretary of Agriculture, or any other proper federal official, pursuant and subject to the provisions of Pub. L. No. 499, s. 2(f), 64 Stat. 152 (1950), for the transfer of the trust assets held by the United States

 in trust for the State of Florida under the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, if any.

570.277 Agreements.--The authority may enter into agreements with the United States Secretary of Agriculture pursuant to Pub. L. No. 499 s. 2(f) (1950), upon terms and conditions and for periods of time mutually agreeable, authorizing the authority to accept, administer, expend, and use in this state all or any part of the trust assets or other funds in the state which have been appropriated for use in carrying out the purposes of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act and to do all things necessary to effectuate and carry out the purposes of such agreements.

570.278 Liability.--The United States, the authority, and the United States Secretary of Agriculture shall be held free from liability by virtue of the transfer of assets to the Florida Agricultural Finance Authority as specified in this act.

570.279 Additional beginning farmer loan program.-
(1) The authority may enter into a loan agreement with a beginning farmer to finance, in whole or in part, the acquisition by construction or purchase of agricultural land, agricultural improvements, or depreciable agricultural property in excess of the limits of s. 147 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. The repayment obligation of the beginning farmer may be unsecured or may be secured by a mortgage or security agreement or by other security as the authority determines advisable, and may be evidenced by one or more notes of the beginning farmer and may be in conjunction with other federal, state, or local loan programs or grants or by the authority alone. The loan agreement may contain terms

and conditions the authority determines advisable, as provided by rule.

(2) The authority may issue its bonds and notes for the purposes set forth in subsection (1) and may enter into a lending agreement or purchase agreement with one or more bondholders or noteholders containing the terms and conditions of the repayment of and the security for the bonds or notes.

Bonds and notes must be authorized by a resolution of the authority. The authority and the bondholders or noteholders may enter into such agreements as provided by rule.

570.280 Agricultural loan assistance program.--

- (1) The authority shall establish and develop an agricultural loan assistance program to facilitate the availability of affordable operating capital to farmers, agricultural producers, or agricultural processors by providing grants to lending or educational institutions as provided by this section and under the limited circumstances set forth in paragraphs (6)(c) and (7)(c), a guarantee by the authority to a lending institution for a portion of a farmer loan.
- (2) The authority shall make available to farmers and lending institutions eligibility application forms for the agricultural loan assistance program. Applications to the authority for assistance under this section must be executed jointly by the lending institution and the farmer upon approved forms.
- (3) The authority shall provide in the agricultural loan assistance program that a grant will be provided in conjunction with a farmer's operating loan only if:
 - (a) The farmer is a resident of the state.

(b) The farmer	is an in	dividual, a <u>r</u>	partnershi	.p,
corporation, limited	liability	corporation,	trust, c	or limited
agricultural associat	ion.			
(c) The farmin	g operati	on in which t	he farmer	will nge

- (c) The farming operation in which the farmer will use the loan is located within the state.
- (d) The loan will be used by the farmer for reasonable and necessary expenses and cash flow requirements of farming as defined by rules of the authority.
- (e) The farmer has made full disclosure of the farmer's finances to the lending institution and to the authority, to the extent required by the authority.
- (4) Additional requirements prescribed by the authority by rule may include, but are not limited to:
- (a) Participation in federal crop insurance programs, where available.
- (b) A consideration of the borrower's agreement to maintain farm management techniques and standards established by the authority.
- $\underline{\text{(c)}\quad \text{Participation in federal farm programs, when}}$ applicable.
- (d) The maximized use of available loan guarantees where applicable.
- (e) A consideration of factors demonstrating the farmer's need for loan assistance and the probability of success with the assistance in the farming operation in which the loan will be used, including net worth, debt-to-asset ratio, debt service coverage ratio, projected income, and projected cash flow under rules promulgated by the authority.
- (5) The authority may participate in and cooperate with programs of an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government in the administration of the agricultural loan

assistance program. The authority may provide in the agricultural loan assistance program that a grant may be provided in conjunction with a farmer's loan only if the farmer and lending institution participate in one or more loan assistance programs of an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government which are determined to be appropriate by the authority.

- (6) Upon approval of an eligibility application and a determination by the authority that assistance pursuant to the agricultural loan assistance program is needed to qualify a farmer and lending institution for participation in an appropriate loan assistance program of an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government, the authority may:
- institution and the farmer to supplement the assistance to be received pursuant to the federal program, in which agreement the lending institution shall agree to reduce for up to 3 years the interest rate on the farmer's operating loan to the rate determined by the authority to be necessary to qualify the farmer and lending institution for participation in the federal program, and the farmer shall agree to comply with the rules and requirements established by the authority.
- (b) Agree to give the lending institution, for the benefit of the farmer, a grant in an amount to be determined by the authority to partially reimburse the lending institution for the reduction of the interest rate on the farmer's operating loan under rules established by the authority.
- 29 (c) Agree to issue and to issue to the lending
 30 institution a guarantee by the authority of an amount not to
 31 exceed 10 percent of the loan amount of the lending

institution to the farmer or \$50,000, whichever is less, provided that the lending institution shall have submitted to the authority a letter certificate that such loan assistance will not be available to the farmer without such guarantee.

The total amount of the authority's guarantees under this paragraph for a fiscal year shall not exceed the total appropriated guarantee amount approved for such fiscal year by the Legislature.

- (7) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (5) and (6), upon approval of an eligibility application and a determination by the authority that operating loan assistance will not be available to an individual farmer and lending institution on a timely basis pursuant to an appropriate program of the Federal Government, the authority may:
- (a) Enter into an agreement with the lending institution and the farmer in which the lending institution shall agree to reduce for up to 3 years the interest rate on the farmer's operating loan to a rate, determined by the authority, below the lending institution's farm operating loan rate as certified to the authority, and the farmer shall agree to comply with the rules and requirements established by the authority.
- (b) Agree to give to the lending institution, for the benefit of the farmer, a grant in the amount, as determined by the authority, up to 3 percent per annum of up to \$100,000 of the principal balance of the farmer's operating loan outstanding from time to time, for the term of the loan or for 3 years, whichever is less, to partially reimburse the lending institution for the reduction of the interest rate on the borrower's operating loan. However, the grant must not exceed 50 percent of the amount of interest foregone by the lending

institution pursuant to the rate reduction under paragraph
(a).

- institution a guarantee by the authority of an amount not to exceed 10 percent of the lending institution's loan amount to the farmer or \$50,000, whichever is less, provided that the lending institution shall have submitted to the authority a letter certificate that such loan assistance will not be available to the farmer without such guarantee. The total amount of the authority's guarantees under this paragraph for a fiscal year shall not exceed the total appropriated guarantee amount approved for such fiscal year by the Legislature.
- (8) The authority may require a lending institution to submit evidence satisfactory to the authority that the lending institution has complied with the reduction in the interest rate as required by an agreement pursuant to subsection (6) or subsection (7). The authority may inspect any books and records of a lending institution which are pertinent to the administration of the agricultural loan assistance program.
- (9) In order to assure compliance with this section and rules adopted pursuant to this section, the authority may establish by rule appropriate enforcement provisions, including, but not limited to, the payment of civil penalties by a lending institution or farmer.
- (10) In no event may the authority or lending institution charge more than 1.5 percent on the amount of the loan as a one-time processing charge for any moneys loaned by the authority or lending institution to the farmer. In making any loan of the authority's or lending institution's funds

 under this act, no other fees or interest may be charged to the farmer for such a loan.

570.2815 Alternative agriculture assistance programs.--

- (1) The authority shall create and develop programs to assist farmers, agricultural producers, and agricultural processors who have established or intend to establish in this state alternative agriculture production operations.
- (2) The authority shall develop an insurance or loan guarantee program to provide for the insuring or guaranteeing of all or part of a loan made to an agricultural producer for the acquisition of seed or root stock to establish or expand an alternative agriculture operation.
- contracting with a participating lending institution and a qualified agricultural producer to reduce the interest rate charged on a loan for the acquisition of seed or root stock to establish or expand an alternative agriculture operation. The authority shall determine the amount by which the rate is reduced by considering the lending institution's customary loan rate for the acquisition of seed or root stock as certified to the authority by the lending institution. As part of the contract, in order to partially reimburse the lending institution for the reduction of the interest rate on the loan, the authority may agree to grant the lending institution any amount foregone by reducing the interest rate on that portion of the loan which is \$100,000 or less. The amount reimbursed may not be more than the lesser of the following:
- (a) Three percent per annum of the principal balance of the loan outstanding at any time for the term of the loan

or within 1 year from the loan initiation date as defined by rules adopted by the authority, whichever is less.

- (b) Fifty percent of the amount of interest foregone by the lending institution on the loan.
- producer to reimburse the producer for the cost of converting land planted in row crops or pasture to alternative agricultural crops. The amount reimbursed must not be more than \$250 per acre converted, or 50 percent of the conversion costs, whichever is less. The contract must apply to not more than 500 acres of crop or pasture land converted to alternative agricultural crops. The converted land must be used in alternative agriculture production for a minimum of 5 years. The amount to be reimbursed must be reduced by the amount that the farmer, agricultural producer, or agricultural processor receives under any other state or federal program that contributes toward the cost of converting the same land from established to alternative agricultural crops.
- instrumentality of the Federal Government or with any state agency, including any state university or those associations organized for the purpose of assisting agricultural producers involved in alternative agriculture production, or with any farm management company if such company specializes in alternative agriculture production or in assisting alternative agriculture producers, as prescribed by rules adopted by the authority, shall establish programs to train and assist agricultural producers to effectively manage alternative agriculture production operations.

- (6) An agricultural producer or processor is eligible to participate in a program established under this section based upon criteria established by rules of the authority.
- (7) The authority shall adopt rules to enforce the provisions of this section or the terms of a contract to which the authority is a party. The authority may also enforce the provisions of this section or terms of the contract by bringing an action in any court of competent jurisdiction to recover damages. As a condition of entering into the program, the authority may require that the agricultural producer consent to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state to hear any matter arising from the provisions of this section.

Section 2. Section 159.8082, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

159.8082 Agricultural development bond pool.--

(1) There is established the agricultural development bond pool. The agricultural development bond pool is available solely to provide written confirmations for private activity bonds to the Florida Agricultural Finance Authority to finance agricultural development as described in ss. 570.251 - 570.2815. Allocations from this pool must be awarded for use on a statewide basis pursuant to the procedures specified in s. 159.805, except that the provisions of s. 159.805(2) and (3) do not apply. In issuing written confirmations of allocations for agricultural development projects, the division must use the agricultural development bond pool. If allocation is not available from the agricultural development bond pool, the division must issue written confirmations of allocations for agricultural development projects under s. 159.806 or s. 159.807, in that

order. For the purposes of determining priority within a

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regional allocation pool or the state allocation pool, notices of intent to issue bonds for agricultural development projects to be issued from a regional allocation pool or the state allocation pool are considered to have been received by the division at the time it is determined by the division that the agricultural development bond pool is unavailable to issue confirmation for such agricultural development project.

(2) Any written confirmation issued by the director pursuant to this section has no effect unless the bonds to which such confirmation applies have been issued by the Florida Agricultural Finance Authority and written notice of such issuance has been provided to the director on or before November 15, unless a carryforward has been granted for the allocation.

Section 3. Section 159.804, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

159.804 Allocation of state volume limitation. -- The division shall annually determine the amount of private activity bonds permitted to be issued in this state under the Code and shall make such information available upon request to any person or agency. The total amount of private activity bonds authorized to be issued in this state pursuant to the Code shall be initially allocated as follows on January 1 of each year:

(1)(a) On January 1, 1993, the first \$75 million of the state volume limitation shall be allocated to the manufacturing facility pool established pursuant to s. 159.8081. This allocation shall be increased in subsequent years in increments of \$7.5 million as follows: On January 1 of each year, if at least 75 percent of the preceding year's 31 allocation under this subsection was used to issue bonds by

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November 15 of that year, the allocation to the pool for the current year must equal the sum of the amount that was allocated to the pool in the preceding year plus an additional \$7.5 million. If, however, 75 percent of the preceding year's allocation was not used to issue bonds by November 15, the allocation to the pool for the current year must be the same amount as that allocated to the pool in the preceding year.

(b) On January 1, 2000, the next \$10 million of the state volume limitation must be allocated to the agricultural development pool established under s. 159.8082. This allocation must be increased in subsequent years in increments of \$2 million as follows: on January 1 of each year, if at least 75 percent of the preceding year's allocation under this subsection was used to issue bonds by November 15 of that year, the allocation to the pool for the current year must equal the sum of the amount that was allocated to the pool in the preceding year plus an additional \$2 million; if, however, 75 percent of the preceding year's allocation was not used to issue bonds by November 15, the allocation to the pool for the current year must be the same amount as that allocated to the pool in the preceding year.

(c)(b) If on January 1 of any year, under federal law, bonds for manufacturing facilities or agricultural development no longer require or are eligible for an allocation pursuant to s. 146 of the Code or if a separate volume cap is established for agricultural development bonds under federal law, the allocation of the state volume limitation in the manufacturing facility pool or agricultural development pool, or both, if applicable shall be divided among the remaining pools in the following manner: 50 percent to be shared by the 31 | 16 regions for use in the manner prescribed in subsection (2);

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25 percent for use by the Florida Housing Finance Agency in the manner prescribed in subsection (3); 5 percent for use in the state allocation pool in the manner prescribed in subsection (4); and 20 percent for use in the Florida First Business allocation pool in the manner prescribed in subsection (5).

(d) (c) If the state volume limitation imposed on private activity bonds under s. 146 of the Code is decreased, the amount allocated to the manufacturing facility pool shall be decreased in proportion to the percentage the state volume limitation is decreased.

- (2)(a) Fifty percent of the state volume limitation remaining after the allocations allocation made pursuant to subsection (1) shall be allocated among the regions established in paragraph (b) for use by all agencies whose boundaries are coterminous with or contained within each region. The volume limitation for each regional allocation pool must be an amount that bears the same ratio to 50 percent of the state volume limitation remaining after the allocation made pursuant to subsection (1) for such calendar year as the population of the region bears to the population of the entire state.
- (b) The following regions are established for the purposes of this allocation:
- Region 1 consisting of Bay, Escambia, Holmes, Okaloosa, Santa Rosa, Walton, and Washington Counties.
- Region 2 consisting of Calhoun, Franklin, Gadsden, Gulf, Jackson, Jefferson, Leon, Liberty, and Wakulla Counties.
- Region 3 consisting of Alachua, Bradford, Columbia, Dixie, Gilchrist, Hamilton, Lafayette, Madison, Suwannee, 31 Taylor, and Union Counties.

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- Region 4 consisting of Baker, Clay, Flagler, Nassau, Putnam, and St. Johns Counties.
- Region 5 consisting of Citrus, Hernando, Levy, Marion, Pasco, and Sumter Counties.
- 6. Region 6 consisting of Brevard, Lake, Osceola, Seminole, and Volusia Counties.
- Region 7 consisting of DeSoto, Hardee, Highlands, Manatee, Okeechobee, and Polk Counties.
- 8. Region 8 consisting of Charlotte, Collier, Glades, Hendry, Lee, Monroe, and Sarasota Counties.
- 9. Region 9 consisting of Indian River, Martin, and St. Lucie Counties.
 - 10. Region 10 consisting of Broward County.
 - 11. Region 11 consisting of Dade County.
 - 12. Region 12 consisting of Duval County.
 - 13. Region 13 consisting of Hillsborough County.
 - 14. Region 14 consisting of Orange County.
 - 15. Region 15 consisting of Palm Beach County.
 - 16. Region 16 consisting of Pinellas County.
- (3)(a) Twenty-five percent of the state volume limitation remaining after the allocations allocation made pursuant to subsection (1) shall be allocated to the Florida Housing Finance Agency for use in connection with the issuance of housing bonds of that agency or its assigns.
- (b) The Florida Housing Finance Agency need not apply to the division for an allocation of its volume limitation granted under paragraph (a) for bonds it issues prior to July 1 of any year and is not subject to the fee required under s. 159.811. However, for bonds it intends to issue between July 1 and September 29 of any year, utilizing the allocation 31 | granted under paragraph (a), the Florida Housing Finance

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Agency must submit a notice of intent to issue to the division not later than June 30 of such year, and a written confirmation of allocation shall be granted if a sufficient amount of that allocation is available.

- (c) The Florida Housing Finance Agency, in its discretion, may, prior to July 1 of each year, assign any portion of the Florida Housing Finance Agency allocation to any agency for the issuance of housing bonds, taking into consideration the ability of the agency to timely issue such bonds, the need and public purpose to be served by the issue, and the ability of the agency to comply with the requirements of federal and state law. Such assignment is not effective until receipt by the division of notification of the assignment. A separate allocation from the division is not needed for bonds issued prior to July 1 utilizing such an assignment. An agency that intends to utilize such an assignment to issue housing bonds between July 1 and September 29 of any year must submit a notice of intent to issue to the division for the amount of such assignment not later than June 30, and a written confirmation of allocation shall be granted if a sufficient amount of the allocation under paragraph (a) is available. Any amounts representing assignments of which the division had been notified by the Florida Housing Finance Agency but for which an issuance report or notice of intent to issue pursuant to this subsection has not been received by the division by June 30 of any year shall be reallocated to the state allocation pool on July 1 of that year.
- (4) Five percent of the state volume limitation remaining after the allocations allocation made pursuant to subsection (1) shall be allocated to the state allocation 31 pool, for use as provided in s. 159.807.

remaining after the <u>allocations</u> allocation made pursuant to subsection (1) shall be allocated to the Florida First Business allocation pool, to be used as provided in s. 159.8083.

Section 4. Subsection (3) of section 159.809, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

159.809 Recapture of unused amounts.-
(3) On November 16 of each year, any portion of the initial allocation, made pursuant to s. 159.804(1), s. 159.804(5), or subsection (1) or subsection (2), other than as provided in <u>ss. 159.8082</u> and <u>s. 159.8083</u>, for which an issuance report for bonds utilizing such an allocation has not been received by the division prior to that date shall be added to the state allocation pool.

Section 5. <u>The sum of \$500,000 is appropriated from</u>

(5) Twenty percent of the state volume limitation

Section 5. The sum of \$500,000 is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund for purposes of funding the establishment of the Florida Agricultural Finance Authority and startup costs in fiscal year 1999-2000. In addition, the authority shall have the power to issue up to \$3 million in limited guarantees of credit pursuant to s. 570.280(6)(c) and (7)(c), Florida Statutes, during fiscal year 1999-2000. Such guarantee must not be exceeded without prior appropriation by the Legislature, but any unused portion of the fiscal year 1999-2000 appropriation may be used in subsequent years, together with any reductions of guarantees by the authority by reason of satisfactions of guarantees by the lending institution or otherwise.

Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 1999.

HOUSE SUMMARY

Creates the "Florida Agricultural Finance Act."
Provides legislative findings. Defines terms for purposes of the act. Establishes the Florida Agricultural Finance Authority for the purpose of undertaking programs to assist farmers, beginning farmers, and agribusiness concerns in the purchase, lease, and acquisition of agricultural land, improvements, and technology, programs aimed at soil and water conservation, and programs that promote diversification of Florida's farm economy.

Provides powers and duties of the authority. Provides for membership of a board. Provides for terms of board members and for organization of the board. Provides for the appointment of an executive director and specifies duties. Requires an annual report. Provides for the use of surplus moneys by the authority. Provides for combination of state and federal programs to facilitate the purposes of the authority.

Establishes a beginning farmer loan program. Provides purposes of the loan program. Authorizes the authority to participate in federal programs. Requires the authority to provide for loan criteria by rule. Authorizes the authority to provide loan requirements. Authorizes the authority to make loans to beginning farmers for agricultural land and improvements and depreciable agricultural property. Authorizes the authority to make loans to mortgage lenders and other lenders. Authorizes the authority to purchase mortgage loans and secured loans from mortgage lenders. Provides powers of the authority relating to loans.

Provides for the issuance of bonds and notes by the authority. Authorizes the authority to establish bond reserve funds. Provides remedies of bondholders and holders of notes.

Provides requirements with respect to funds of the authority. Authorizes examination of accounts by the Auditor General. Requires a report. Provides limitation of liability for members of the authority. Requires the assistance of state officers, agencies, and departments. Requires disclosure of specified conflicts of interest and prohibits certain participation in the event of a conflict of interest. Specifies conflicts of interest with respect to the executive director of the authority. Provides exemption from competitive bidding laws. Provides for receipt of specified trust assets by the authority. Authorizes the authority to enter into specified agreements.

Provides for additional beginning farmer and loan assistance programs. Requires the authority to establish and develop an agricultural loan assistance program. 44

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Provides program criteria. Requires the authority to create and develop alternative agriculture assistance programs. Provides for the adoption of rules with respect to enforcement of provisions relative to such programs. Authorizes the authority to bring action for enforcement. Establishes the agricultural development bond pool to provide written confirmations for private activity bonds to the authority to finance agricultural development. Prescribes procedures for allocations from the pool. Provides for future increases in the state volume limitation allocated to the pool. Appropriates \$500,000 from the General Revenue Fund to finance the establishment and initial year startup costs of the Florida Agricultural Finance Authority. Authorizes the authority to issue up to \$3 million in limited guarantees of credit in its initial year.