Florida House of Representatives - 1999

HB 1749

By Representatives Farkas, Morroni, Jones, Pruitt, Sanderson and Rayson

A bill to be entitled
An act relating to service warranties; amending
s. 634.041, F.S.; modifying insurance
requirements for service agreement companies;
amending s. 634.081, F.S.; providing for
revocation of a service agreement company's
license if the ratio of unearned gross written
premiums written to net assets exceeds a
specified amount; amending s. 634.121, F.S.;
prescribing manner in which a service agreement
must identify restrictions or limitations on
benefits or the existence of a rental car
provision; amending s. 634.312, F.S.; requiring
home warranty contracts to state that the
warranty may not provide listing period
coverage free of charge; amending s. 634.401,
F.S.; redefining the term "service warranty";
providing an effective date.
Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
Section 1. Subsections (8) and (9) of section 634.041,
Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
634.041 Qualifications for licenseTo qualify for
and hold a license to issue service agreements in this state,
a service agreement company must be in compliance with this
part, with applicable rules of the department, with related
sections of the Florida Insurance Code, and with its charter
powers and must comply with the following:

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1 (8)(a) A service agreement company must establish and 2 maintain an unearned premium reserve in accordance with the 3 following:

It must consist of unencumbered assets equal to a
minimum of 50 percent of the unearned gross written premium on
each service agreement and must amortize this reserve pro rata
over the duration of the service agreement. Such assets must
be held in the form of cash or invested in securities for
investment under ss. 625.301-625.340.

10 2. In addition to the net asset requirements set forth 11 in subsection (6), a company utilizing the 50-percent reserve must not allow its ratio of gross written premium in force to 12 13 net assets to exceed 10 to 1. For companies that have 14 utilized both contractual liability insurance and the 15 50-percent reserve, this ratio must be calculated based only 16 on that portion of gross written premium in force which is covered by the 50-percent reserve. 17

3. A company that uses an unearned premium reserve 18 19 must deposit with the department securities of the type 20 eligible for deposit by insurers under s. 625.52 equal to 15 percent of the unearned premium reserve. This reserve deposit 21 22 may be included as an asset for calculating the requirement of subparagraph 1. A request for release of the reserve deposit 23 may be made quarterly only after the department has approved 24 25 the company's current quarterly or annual financial statement 26 and a statement sworn to by two officers of the company, 27 verifying that the release will not reduce the reserve deposit 28 to less than 15 percent of the unearned premium reserve. 29 (b) A service agreement company does not have to establish and maintain an unearned premium reserve if it 30 31

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1 purchases and maintains contractual liability insurance in 2 accordance with the following:

3 1. The insurance covers 100 percent of its claim 4 exposure and is obtained from an insurer approved by the 5 department which holds a certificate of authority to do б business within this state. The insurer may not delegate the 7 responsibility for maintaining claims reserves to the service 8 agreement company, and the insurer issuing the policy must 9 maintain adequate reserves to cover all claim exposure of the 10 service agreement company during the effective period of the 11 policy.

12 2. If the service agreement company does not meet its 13 contractual obligations, the contractual liability insurance 14 policy binds its issuer to pay or cause to be paid to the 15 service agreement holder all legitimate claims and cancellation refunds for all service agreements issued by the 16 service agreement company while the policy was in effect. 17 This requirement also applies to those service agreements for 18 19 which no premium has been remitted to the insurer.

20 3. If the issuer of the contractual liability policy 21 is fulfilling the service agreements covered by the 22 contractual liability policy and the service agreement holder cancels the service agreement, the issuer must make a full 23 refund of unearned premium to the consumer, subject to the 24 25 cancellation fee provisions of s. 634.121(5). The sales 26 representative and agent must refund to the contractual 27 liability policy issuer their unearned pro rata commission. 28 4. The policy may not be canceled, terminated, or 29 nonrenewed by the insurer or the service agreement company unless a 90-day written notice thereof has been given to the 30 31

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department by the insurer before the date of the cancellation,
termination, or nonrenewal.

3 5. The service agreement company must provide the4 department with the claims statistics.

5 (9) In meeting the requirements of this part, a б service agreement company may not utilize both the 50-percent 7 reserve and contractual liability insurance simultaneously, 8 unless the service agreement company complies with the requirements of this subsection. However, A company may have 9 contractual liability coverage on service agreements 10 11 previously sold and sell new service agreements covered by the 12 50-percent-reserve, and the converse of this is also allowed. 13 A service agreement company may simultaneously use a 50-per cent reserve and contractual liability insurance if: 14 15 (a) Each contractual liability policy clearly 16 identifies the service agreements that are covered; (b) The service agreement company separately reports 17 premiums written under each applicable contractual liability 18 19 policy and under the 50-percent reserve on all reports 20 required under s. 634.137; 21 (c) The service agreement company submits to the 22 department a plan to simultaneously use a 50-percent reserve 23 and contractual liability insurance for review and approval at 24 least 30-days before their implementation; and (d) Each licensed salesperson appointed by the service 25 26 agreement company sells service contracts covered exclusively 27 by the 50-percent reserve or covered exclusively by 28 contractual liability insurance, and the service contract agreement company maintains a record for each licensed sales 29 person which indicates which type of contract that salesperson 30 31 transacts.

1 2 A service agreement company must be able to distinguish how 3 each individual service agreement is covered. Section 2. Subsection (5) of section 634.081, Florida 4 5 Statutes, is amended to read: 634.081 Suspension or revocation of license; 6 7 grounds.--8 (5) The department shall suspend or revoke the license 9 of a company if it finds that the ratio of unearned gross written premiums written to net assets exceeds 10 to 1 unless 10 the company has in excess of \$750,000 in net assets and is 11 12 utilizing contractual liability insurance which cedes 100 13 percent of the service agreement company's claims liabilities 14 to the contractual liability insurer or is utilizing contractual liability insurance which reimburses the service 15 16 agreement company for 100 percent of its paid claims. However, if a service agreement company has been licensed by 17 the department in excess of 10 years, is in compliance with 18 19 all applicable provisions of this part, and has net assets at 20 all times in excess of \$3 million that comply with the provisions of part II of chapter 625, such company may not 21 22 exceed a ratio of gross written premiums written to net assets of 15 to 1. 23 24 Section 3. Subsections (9) and (12) of section 25 634.121, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 26 634.121 Filing of forms, required procedures, 27 provisions.--28 (9) Each service agreement form must contain in 29 conspicuous, boldfaced type any statement or clause that places restrictions or limitations on the benefits offered or 30 disclose such restrictions or limitations in regular typeface 31 5

in a section of the service agreement containing a 1 2 conspicuous, boldfaced-type heading. 3 (12) If a service agreement contains a rental car provision, it must disclose the terms and conditions of this 4 5 benefit in conspicuous, boldfaced type or disclose the terms and conditions of this benefit in regular typeface in a 6 7 section of the service agreement containing a conspicuous, 8 boldfaced-type heading. 9 Section 4. Subsection (6) is added to section 634.312, 10 Florida Statutes, to read: 11 634.312 Filing, approval of forms.--(6) All home warranty contracts must state in 12 13 conspicuous, boldfaced type that the home warranty may not provide listing period coverage free of charge. 14 15 Section 5. Subsection (14) of section 634.401, Florida 16 Statutes, is amended to read: 634.401 Definitions.--As used in this part, the term: 17 (14) "Service warranty" means any warranty, guaranty, 18 19 extended warranty or extended guaranty, contract agreement, or 20 other written promise to indemnify against the cost of repair 21 or replacement of a consumer product in return for the payment 22 of a segregated charge by the consumer, including, but not limited to, any agreement for a specified duration which 23 provides the consumer a discount in excess of 40 percent on 24 25 parts and labor during such period; however: 26 (a) Maintenance service contracts written for 1 year 27 which do not contain provisions for indemnification and which 28 provide only for regularly scheduled maintenance, motor 29 vehicle service agreements, transactions exempt under s. 624.125, and home warranties subject to regulation under parts 30 31

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I and II of this chapter are excluded from this definition; and The term "service warranty" does not include (b) service contracts between consumers and condominium associations. Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 1999. SENATE SUMMARY Modifies insurance requirements for service agreement companies. Provides for revocation of a service agreement company's license if the ratio of unearned gross written premiums written to net assets exceeds a specified amount. Prescribes the manner in which a service amount. Prescribes the manner in which a service agreement must identify restrictions or limitations on benefits or the existence of a rental car provision. Requires home warranty contracts to state in conspicuous boldfaced type that the warranty may not provide listing period coverage free of charge. Redefines the term "service warranty".