## Florida House of Representatives - 1999 By Representatives Arnall, Feeney and Warner

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to ethics; amending s. 11.045, 3 F.S.; transferring jurisdiction over complaints 4 alleging a violation of the prohibition on 5 postemployment lobbying by certain legislative 6 employees to the Legislature; creating s. 7 11.046, F.S.; prohibiting certain legislative 8 employees from lobbying the Legislature for compensation for a period of 2 years following 9 10 legislative employment; providing exceptions; 11 providing penalties; amending s. 112.312, F.S.; 12 redefining the terms "business associate," 13 "gift," and "liability"; amending s. 112.313, 14 F.S.; redefining the term "employee"; 15 clarifying that conflict of interest provisions 16 apply to certain indirect business relationships; extending the prohibition 17 against the use of inside public information to 18 19 former officers and employees; modifying 20 exemptions to conflict of interest provisions of the ethics code and the prohibition against 21 22 doing business with one's own agency; clarifying the exemption for elected officers 23 24 who maintain an employment relationship with a 25 tax-exempt organization; redefining the term 26 "local government attorney"; amending s. 27 112.3144, F.S.; revising the reporting 28 requirements for full and public disclosure of 29 financial interests; transferring filing administration from the Secretary of State to 30 31 the Commission on Ethics; changing the filing

1

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HB 1763

location for officers from the Secretary of 1 2 State to the commission; establishing an 3 automatic fine system for delinquent filers and 4 nonfilers; requiring former officers and 5 employees to file a final disclosure of 6 financial interests no later than 60 days 7 following departure, with certain exceptions; 8 requiring the Commission on Ethics to adopt 9 rules and forms relating to filing amended full and public disclosure of financial interests; 10 amending s. 112.3145, F.S.; redefining the 11 terms "local officer" and "specified state 12 13 employee"; revising the reporting requirements 14 for limited statutory disclosure of financial 15 interests; transferring filing administration from the Secretary of State to the Commission 16 on Ethics; modifying the filing location for 17 state officers and specified state employees 18 19 from the Secretary of State to the commission; 20 modifying certification requirements of 21 supervisors of elections with regard to 22 delinquent filers and nonfilers; establishing an automatic fine system for delinquent filers 23 24 and nonfilers; requiring former officers and 25 employees to file a final statement of 26 financial interests within 60 days after 27 leaving office or employment, with certain 28 exceptions; modifying reporting dates for 29 filing quarterly reports of the names of clients represented before certain agencies for 30 31 a fee; requiring the Commission on Ethics to

HB 1763

2

1 adopt rules and forms relating to amended 2 financial disclosure filings; amending s. 3 112.3146, F.S.; specifying that certain 4 financial disclosure statements are public 5 records; amending s. 112.3147, F.S.; directing the Commission on Ethics to prescribe forms for 6 7 financial disclosure statements; amending s. 8 112.3148, F.S.; redefining the terms "reporting individual" and "procurement employee"; 9 establishing a reimbursement deadline with 10 11 regard to the valuation of gifts received by 12 reporting individuals; clarifying that the 13 gifts law applies to candidates; extending the 14 gifts law to include nonincumbents elected to 15 office for the period immediately following 16 election but before officially taking office; transferring the filing administration for gift 17 disclosure from the Secretary of State to the 18 Commission on Ethics; changing standards for 19 20 determining the value of gifts; authorizing the 21 Technological Research and Development 22 Authority to provide certain gifts for a public purpose; amending s. 112.3149, F.S.; redefining 23 24 the term "procurement employee"; transferring 25 filing administration for honoraria disclosure 26 from the Department of State to the Commission 27 on Ethics; repealing s. 112.3151, F.S., which 28 authorizes the Commission on Ethics to grant extensions of time for filing financial 29 disclosure statements; amending s. 112.317, 30 31 F.S.; authorizing the Commission on Ethics to

3

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HB 1763

1	recommend how restitution may be paid;
2	entitling the Attorney General to reimbursement
3	of fees and costs associated with collecting
4	civil and restitution penalties imposed for
5	ethics violations; removing a criminal penalty
6	related to the disclosure of confidential
7	information brought before the commission;
8	amending s. 112.3215, F.S.; redefining the term
9	"lobbyist"; modifying reporting period and
10	dates for filing executive branch lobbying
11	reports; revising fines for late-filed reports;
12	revising time periods related to payment or
13	dispute of fines; providing a procedure for
14	collection of delinquent fines; clarifying that
15	a person registered as a lobbyist must file
16	expenditure reports until registration is
17	withdrawn or ends; amending s. 112.322, F.S.;
18	deleting provisions which require the
19	Commission on Ethics to report certain
20	delinquent financial disclosure filers to the
21	Department of Community Affairs; providing for
22	rules; amending s. 112.324, F.S.; clarifying
23	that the proper sanction authority in the case
24	of a current state legislator who commits an
25	act in violation of the Ethics Code prior to
26	joining the Legislature is vested in the house
27	in which the legislator serves; authorizing the
28	Commission on Ethics to investigate alleged
29	ethics violations on its own authority under
30	certain circumstances; amending s. 213.053,
31	F.S.; authorizing the Commission on Ethics to
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1	access Department of Revenue information
2	received in connection with the administration
3	of taxes; creating s. 112.3232, F.S.;
4	authorizing the Commission on Ethics to seek
5	immunity for certain witnesses; amending s.
6	112.3185, F.S.; prohibiting retired employees
7	from certain representations of others;
8	amending s. 286.012, F.S.; prohibiting certain
9	public officials from voting on certain
10	matters; amending s. 440.442, F.S.;
11	transferring the filing location for public
12	financial reporting by judges of compensation
13	claims from the Secretary of State to the
14	Commission on Ethics; clarifying that the Code
15	of Judicial Conduct governs the reporting of
16	gifts for judges of compensation claims;
17	amending s. 914.21, F.S.; redefining the terms
18	"official proceeding" and "official
19	investigation"; extending the witness-tampering
20	laws to include Commission on Ethics
21	investigations and proceedings; repealing ss.
22	839.08, 839.09, 839.091, and 839.10, F.S.,
23	which provide criminal penalties for offenses
24	by public officers and employees relating to
25	the purchase of supplies or materials and the
26	bidding for public work; appropriating funds to
27	the Commission on Ethics; providing an
28	effective date.
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30	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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HB 1763

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HB 1763

1 Section 1. Subsection (6) of section 11.045, Florida 2 Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 3 11.045 Lobbyists; registration and reporting; 4 exemptions; penalties .--5 (6) The committee of either house shall investigate б any person engaged in legislative lobbying upon receipt of a 7 sworn complaint alleging a violation of this section, s. 8 11.046, s. 112.3148, or s. 112.3149 by such person. Such 9 proceedings shall be conducted pursuant to the rules of the respective houses. If the committee finds that there has been 10 a violation of this section, s. 112.3148, or s. 112.3149, it 11 shall report its findings to the President of the Senate or 12 13 the Speaker of the House of Representatives, as appropriate, 14 together with a recommended penalty, to include a fine of not more than \$5,000, reprimand, censure, probation, or 15 16 prohibition from lobbying for a period of time not to exceed 24 months. If the committee finds that there has been a 17 violation of s. 11.046, it shall report its findings to the 18 19 President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House of 20 Representatives, as appropriate, together with a recommended penalty as provided in s. 11.046.Upon the receipt of such 21 22 report, the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall cause the committee report and 23 recommendations to be brought before the respective house and 24 25 a final determination shall be made by a majority of said 26 house. 27 Section 2. Section 11.046, Florida Statutes, is 28 created to read: 29 11.046 Postemployment restrictions for legislative 30 employees.--31 (1) As used in this section, "employee" means: 6

(a) Any person employed in the legislative branch of 1 2 government, except a person employed by the Commission on Ethics or the Public Service Commission, holding a position in 3 4 the Senior Management Service as defined in s. 110.402. (b) The Auditor General, the director of the Office of 5 б Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, the 7 Sergeant at Arms and the Secretary of the Senate, and the 8 Sergeant at Arms and the Clerk of the House of 9 Representatives. 10 (c) The executive director of the Legislative 11 Committee on Intergovernmental Relations. 12 (d) An executive director, staff director, or deputy 13 staff director of each council, office, joint committee, standing committee, or select committee of the Legislature or 14 15 any person, hired on a contractual basis, having the power 16 normally conferred upon such persons, by whatever title. (e) An executive director, staff director, executive 17 assistant, analyst, or attorney of the Office of the President 18 19 of the Senate, the Office of the Speaker of the House of 20 Representatives, the Senate Majority Party Office, Senate Minority Party Office, House Majority Party Office, or House 21 22 Minority Party Office, or any person, hired on a contractual basis, having the power normally conferred upon such persons, 23 24 by whatever title. 25 (2) No employee shall personally represent another 26 person or entity for compensation before the Legislature for a 27 period of 2 years following vacation of position, unless 28 employed by another agency of state government. 29 (3) Any person violating this section shall be subject to the penalties provided in s. 112.317(1)(d) and a civil 30 31

penalty of an amount equal to the compensation which the 1 2 person receives for the prohibited conduct. 3 (4) This section is not applicable to a person 4 employed by the Legislature or other agency of state 5 government prior to July 1, 1989, whether or not the person б was a defined employee prior to July 1, 1989, and regardless 7 of continuity of service. 8 Section 3. Subsections (4), (12), and (14) of section 9 112.312, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 10 112.312 Definitions.--As used in this part and for purposes of the provisions of s. 8, Art. II of the State 11 12 Constitution, unless the context otherwise requires: 13 (4) "Business associate" means any person or entity 14 engaged in or carrying on a business enterprise with a public officer, public employee, or candidate as a partner, joint 15 16 venturer, corporate shareholder where the shares of such corporation are not listed on any national or regional stock 17 exchange, or coowner of property. When the public officer, 18 19 employee, or candidate is engaged in the business enterprise 20 through a corporation, partnership, or other entity in which the officer, employee, or candidate directly or indirectly 21 22 owns a material interest, rather than directly and personally, each such partner, joint venturer, corporate shareholder, or 23 coowner also is a "business associate" of the public officer, 24 25 employee, or candidate. 26 (12)(a) "Gift," for purposes of ethics in government 27 and financial disclosure required by law, means that which is 28 accepted by a donee or by another on the donee's behalf, or 29 that which is paid or given to another for or on behalf of a donee, directly, indirectly, or in trust for the donee's 30 31

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benefit or by any other means, for which equal or greater 1 2 consideration is not given within 90 days, including: 3 1. Real property. 2. The use of real property. 4 5 3. Tangible or intangible personal property. 4. The use of tangible or intangible personal 6 7 property. 8 5. A preferential rate or terms on a debt, loan, 9 goods, or services, which rate is below the customary rate and is not either a government rate available to all other 10 11 similarly situated government employees or officials or a rate which is available to similarly situated members of the public 12 13 by virtue of occupation, affiliation, age, religion, sex, or 14 national origin. 15 6. Forgiveness of an indebtedness. 16 7. Transportation, other than that provided to a public officer or employee by a governmental entity listed in 17 s. 112.3148(6)(a) an agency in relation to officially approved 18 19 governmental business, lodging, or parking. 20 8. Food or beverage. 21 9. Membership dues. 22 10. Entrance fees, admission fees, or tickets to events, performances, or facilities. 23 24 11. Plants, flowers, or floral arrangements. Services provided by persons pursuant to a 25 12. 26 professional license or certificate. 27 13. Other personal services for which a fee is 28 normally charged by the person providing the services. 29 Any other similar service or thing having an 14. attributable value not already provided for in this section. 30 31 (b) "Gift" does not include:

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Salary, benefits, services, fees, commissions, 1 1. 2 gifts, or expenses associated primarily with the donee's 3 employment, business, or service as an officer or director of 4 a corporation or organization. 5 2. Contributions or expenditures reported pursuant to б chapter 106, campaign-related personal services provided 7 without compensation by individuals volunteering their time, 8 or any other contribution or expenditure by a political party. 3. An honorarium or an expense related to an 9 honorarium event paid to a person or the person's spouse. 10 4. An award, plaque, certificate, or similar 11 12 personalized item given in recognition of the donee's public, 13 civic, charitable, or professional service. 14 An honorary membership in a service or fraternal 5. 15 organization presented merely as a courtesy by such 16 organization. The use of a public facility or public property, 17 6. made available by a governmental entity listed in s. 18 19 112.3148(6)(a)<del>agency</del>, for a public purpose. 20 Transportation provided to a public officer or 7. 21 employee by an agency in relation to officially approved 22 governmental business. 23 8. Gifts provided directly or indirectly by a state, regional, or national organization which promotes the exchange 24 25 of ideas between, or the professional development of, 26 governmental officials or employees, and whose membership is 27 primarily composed of elected or appointed public officials or 28 staff, to members of that organization or officials or staff 29 of a governmental agency that is a member of that organization. 30 31

1 (c) For the purposes of paragraph (a), "intangible 2 personal property" means property as defined in s. 3 192.001(11)(b). 4 (d) For the purposes of paragraph (a), the term 5 "consideration" does not include a promise to pay or otherwise 6 provide something of value unless the promise is in writing 7 and enforceable through the courts. 8 (14) "Liability" means any monetary debt or obligation 9 owed by the reporting person to another person, except for credit card and retail installment accounts, taxes owed, 10 11 indebtedness on a life insurance policy owed to the company of 12 issuance, contingent liabilities other than those liabilities 13 for which one is a guarantor, or accrued income taxes on net 14 unrealized appreciation. Each liability which is required to be disclosed by s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution shall 15 16 identify the name and address of the creditor. 17 Section 4. Subsections (7), (8), (9), (12), (15), and (16) of section 112.313, Florida Statutes, are amended to 18 19 read: 20 112.313 Standards of conduct for public officers, employees of agencies, and local government attorneys .--21 (7) CONFLICTING EMPLOYMENT OR CONTRACTUAL 22 23 RELATIONSHIP.--24 (a) No public officer or employee of an agency shall have or hold any employment or contractual relationship 25 26 directly, or indirectly through ownership of a majority 27 interest in a business entity, with any business entity or any 28 agency which is subject to the regulation of, or is doing 29 business with, an agency of which he or she is an officer or employee, excluding those organizations and their officers 30 31 who, when acting in their official capacity, enter into or

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negotiate a collective bargaining contract with the state or 1 2 any municipality, county, or other political subdivision of 3 the state; nor shall an officer or employee of an agency have or hold any employment or contractual relationship that will 4 5 create a continuing or frequently recurring conflict between б his or her private interests and the performance of his or her 7 public duties or that would impede the full and faithful 8 discharge of his or her public duties.

1. When the agency referred to is that certain kind of 9 special tax district created by general or special law and is 10 11 limited specifically to constructing, maintaining, managing, 12 and financing improvements in the land area over which the 13 agency has jurisdiction, or when the agency has been organized 14 pursuant to chapter 298, then employment with, or entering into a contractual relationship with, such business entity by 15 16 a public officer or employee of such agency shall not be prohibited by this subsection or be deemed a conflict per se. 17 However, conduct by such officer or employee that is 18 19 prohibited by, or otherwise frustrates the intent of, this section shall be deemed a conflict of interest in violation of 20 the standards of conduct set forth by this section. 21

22 2. When the agency referred to is a legislative body and the regulatory power over the business entity resides in 23 another agency, or when the regulatory power which the 24 25 legislative body exercises over the business entity or agency 26 is strictly through the enactment of laws or ordinances, then 27 employment or a contractual relationship with such business 28 entity by a public officer or employee of a legislative body 29 shall not be prohibited by this subsection or be deemed a 30 conflict.

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(b) This subsection shall not prohibit a public
 officer or employee from practicing in a particular profession
 or occupation when such practice by persons holding such
 public office or employment is required or permitted by law or
 ordinance.

(8) DISCLOSURE OR USE OF CERTAIN INFORMATION. -- No б 7 current or former public officer, employee of an agency, or 8 local government attorney shall disclose or use information 9 not available to members of the general public and gained by reason of his or her official position, except for information 10 11 relating exclusively to governmental practices or procedures, 12 for his or her personal gain or benefit or for the personal 13 gain or benefit of any other person or business entity. 14 (9) POSTEMPLOYMENT RESTRICTIONS; STANDARDS OF CONDUCT 15 FOR ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICERS LEGISLATORS AND PUBLIC

16 **LEGISLATIVE** EMPLOYEES.--

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17 (a)1. It is the intent of the Legislature to implement
18 by statute the provisions of s. 8(e), Art. II of the State
19 Constitution relating to legislators, statewide elected
20 officers, appointed state officers, and designated public
21 employees.

2. As used in this paragraph:

a. "Employee" means:

(I) Any person employed in the executive or
legislative branch of government, or by the Commission on
Ethics or the Public Service Commission, holding a position in
the Senior Management Service as defined in s. 110.402 or any
executive branch employee person holding a position in the
Selected Exempt Service as defined in s. 110.602 or any person
having authority over policy or procurement employed by the
Department of the Lottery.

HB 1763

1 (II) The Auditor General, the Sergeant at Arms and 2 Secretary of the Senate, and the Sergeant at Arms and Clerk of 3 the House of Representatives. (II) (III) The executive director of the Legislative 4 5 Committee on Intergovernmental Relations and the executive director and deputy executive director of the Commission on 6 7 Ethics. 8 (IV) An executive director, staff director, or deputy 9 staff director of each joint committee, standing committee, or 10 select committee of the Legislature; an executive director, 11 staff director, executive assistant, analyst, or attorney of 12 the Office of the President of the Senate, the Office of the 13 Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Senate Majority Party Office, Senate Minority Party Office, House Majority 14 Party Office, or House Minority Party Office; or any person, 15 16 hired on a contractual basis, having the power normally conferred upon such persons, by whatever title. 17 (III)(V) The Chancellor and Vice Chancellors of the 18 19 State University System; the general counsel to the Board of 20 Regents; and the president, vice presidents, and deans of each 21 state university. 22 (IV) (VI) Any person having the power normally 23 conferred upon the positions referenced in this 24 sub-subparagraph. 25 "Appointed state officer" means any member of an b. 26 appointive board, commission, committee, council, or authority 27 of the executive or legislative branch of state government 28 whose powers, jurisdiction, and authority are not solely 29 advisory and include the final determination or adjudication of any personal or property rights, duties, or obligations, 30 31 other than those relative to its internal operations. 14

"State agency" means the Commission on Ethics, the 1 c. 2 Public Service Commission, or an entity of the legislative, 3 executive, or judicial branch of state government over which the Legislature exercises plenary budgetary and statutory 4 5 control. б 3. No member of the Legislature, appointed state 7 officer, or statewide elected officer shall personally 8 represent another person or entity for compensation before the government body or agency of which the individual was an 9 officer or member for a period of 2 years following vacation 10 11 of office. No member of the Legislature shall personally represent another person or entity for compensation during his 12 13 or her term of office before any state agency other than 14 judicial tribunals or in settlement negotiations after the 15 filing of a lawsuit. 16 4. No agency employee shall personally represent another person or entity for compensation before the agency 17

18 with which he or she was employed for a period of 2 years 19 following vacation of position, unless employed by another 20 agency of state government.

5. Any person violating this paragraph shall be subject to the penalties provided in s. 112.317 and a civil penalty of an amount equal to the compensation which the person receives for the prohibited conduct.

6. This paragraph is not applicable to:

a. A person employed by the Legislature or otheragency prior to July 1, 1989;

b. A person who was employed by the Legislature or
other agency on July 1, 1989, whether or not the person was a
defined employee on July 1, 1989;

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A person who was a defined employee of the State 1 c. 2 University System or the Public Service Commission who held 3 such employment on December 31, 1994; 4 d. A person who has reached normal retirement age as 5 defined in s. 121.021(29), and who has retired under the б provisions of chapter 121 by July 1, 1991; or 7 Any appointed state officer whose term of office e. 8 began before January 1, 1995, unless reappointed to that office on or after January 1, 1995. 9 10 (b) In addition to the provisions of this part which 11 are applicable to legislators and legislative employees by 12 virtue of their being public officers or employees, the 13 conduct of members of the Legislature and legislative 14 employees shall be governed by the ethical standards provided in the respective rules of the Senate or House of 15 16 Representatives which are not in conflict herewith. (12) EXEMPTION.--The requirements of subsections (3) 17 18 and (7) as they pertain to persons serving on advisory boards 19 may be waived in a particular instance by the body which 20 appointed the person to the advisory board, upon a full disclosure of the transaction or relationship to the 21 22 appointing body prior to the waiver and an affirmative vote in favor of waiver by two-thirds vote of that body. 23 In instances in which appointment to the advisory board is made by an 24 25 individual, waiver may be effected, after public hearing, by a 26 determination by the appointing person and full disclosure of 27 the transaction or relationship by the appointee to the 28 appointing person. In addition, no person shall be held in 29 violation of subsection (3) or subsection (7) if: (a) Within a city or county the business is transacted 30 under a rotation system whereby the business transactions are 31

16

HB 1763

rotated among all qualified suppliers of the goods or services
 within the city or county.

3 (b) The business is awarded by the agency under a
4 system of sealed, competitive bidding to the lowest or best
5 bidder and:

1. The official or the official's spouse or child has
in no way participated in the determination of the bid
specifications or the determination of the lowest or best
bidder;

The official or the official's spouse or child has
 in no way used or attempted to use the official's influence to
 persuade the agency or any personnel thereof to enter such a
 contract other than by the mere submission of the bid; and

14 The official, prior to or at the time of the 3. 15 submission of the bid, has filed a statement with the 16 Commission on Ethics Department of State, if the official is a state officer or employee, or with the supervisor of elections 17 of the county in which the agency has its principal office, if 18 19 the official is an officer or employee of a political 20 subdivision, disclosing the official's interest, or the interest of the official's spouse or child, and the nature of 21 22 the intended business.

(c) The purchase or sale by the agency is for legal
advertising in a newspaper, for any utilities service, or for
passage on a common carrier.

(d) An emergency purchase or contract which would otherwise violate a provision of subsection (3) or subsection (7) must be made <u>by the agency</u> in order to protect the health, safety, or welfare of the citizens of the state or any political subdivision thereof.

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(e) The business entity involved is the only source of 1 supply of the goods, property, or services being purchased by 2 3 the agency within the political subdivision of the officer or 4 employee and there is full disclosure by the officer or 5 employee of his or her interest in the business entity to the governing body of the political subdivision prior to the 6 7 purchase, rental, sale, leasing, or other business being 8 transacted.

9 (f) The total amount of the transactions in the 10 aggregate between the business entity and the agency does not 11 exceed \$500 per calendar year.

12 (g) The fact that a county or municipal officer or 13 member or employee of a public board or body, including a 14 district school officer or an officer of any district within a county, is a stockholder, officer, or director of a bank will 15 16 not bar such bank from qualifying as a depository of funds coming under the jurisdiction of any such public board or 17 body, provided it appears in the records of the agency that 18 19 the governing body of the agency has investigated and formally determined that such officer or member or employee of a public 20 21 board or body has not favored such bank over other qualified 22 banks.

(h) The transaction is made pursuant to s. 240.229 or s. 240.241 and is specifically approved by the president and the Chancellor. The Chancellor shall submit to the Governor and the Legislature by March 1 of each year a report of the transactions approved pursuant to this paragraph during the preceding year.

(i) The public officer or employee purchases in a
private capacity goods or services, at a price and upon terms
available to similarly situated members of the general public,

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from a business entity which is doing business with his or her 1 2 agency goods or services that are regularly provided by the 3 business entity to the general public. 4 (j) The public officer or employee in a private 5 capacity purchases goods or services from a business entity б which is subject to the regulation of his or her agency and: 7 The price and terms of the transaction are 1. 8 available to similarly situated members of the general public; 9 and 10 The officer or employee makes full disclosure of 2. 11 the relationship to the agency head or governing body prior to 12 the transaction. 13 (15) ADDITIONAL EXEMPTION. -- No elected public officer 14 shall be held in violation of subsection (7) if the officer maintains an employment relationship with an entity which is 15 16 currently a tax-exempt organization under s. 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code and which contracts with or otherwise 17 enters into a business relationship with the officer's agency 18 19 and: 20 (a) The officer's employment is not directly or 21 indirectly compensated as a result of such contract or 22 business relationship; 23 (b) The officer has in no way participated in the agency's decision to contract or to enter into the business 24 relationship with the entity his or her employer, whether by 25 26 participating in discussion at the meeting, by communicating 27 with officers or employees of the agency, or otherwise, unless 28 the agency's decision preceded the entity's offer of 29 employment to the officer by more than 1 year; and (c) The officer abstains from voting on any matter 30 31 which may come before the agency involving the officer's 19

1 employer, publicly states to the assembly the nature of the 2 officer's interest in the matter from which he or she is 3 abstaining, and files a written memorandum as provided in s. 4 112.3143.

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(16) LOCAL GOVERNMENT ATTORNEYS. --

6 (a) For the purposes of this section, "local 7 government attorney" means any individual who routinely serves 8 as the primary or principal attorney for a unit of local government. The term shall not include any person who renders 9 legal services to a unit of local government pursuant to 10 contract limited to a specific issue or subject, to specific 11 litigation, or to a specific administrative proceeding or an 12 13 assistant to the primary or principal attorney for the unit of local government. For the purposes of this section, "unit of 14 local government" includes, but is not limited to, 15 16 municipalities, counties, and special districts.

(b) It shall not constitute a violation of subsection 17 (3) or subsection (7) for a unit of local government to 18 19 contract with a law firm, operating as either a partnership or 20 a professional association, or in any combination thereof, or with a local government attorney who is a member of or is 21 22 otherwise associated with the law firm, to provide any or all legal services to the unit of local government, so long as the 23 local government attorney is not a full-time employee or 24 member of the governing body of the unit of local government. 25 26 However, the standards of conduct as provided in subsections 27 (2), (4), (5), (6), and (8) shall apply to any person who 28 serves as a local government attorney.

(c) No local government attorney or law firm in which
the local government attorney is a member, partner, or
employee shall represent a private individual or entity before

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the unit of local government to which the local government 1 2 attorney provides legal services. A local government attorney 3 whose contract with the unit of local government does not include provisions that authorize or mandate the use of the 4 5 law firm of the local government attorney to complete legal б services for the unit of local government shall not recommend 7 or otherwise refer legal work to that attorney's law firm to 8 be completed for the unit of local government. 9 Section 5. Section 112.3144, Florida Statutes, is 10 amended to read: 11 112.3144 Full and public disclosure of financial 12 interests.--13 (1) An officer who is required, pursuant to s. 8, Art. 14 II of the State Constitution, to file a full and public disclosure of financial interests for any calendar or fiscal 15 16 year shall file the disclosure with the Florida Commission on 17 Ethics. 18 (2) (1) A No person who is required, pursuant to s. 8, 19 Art. II of the State Constitution, to file a full and public 20 disclosure of financial interests and who has filed a full and public disclosure of financial interests for any calendar or 21 22 fiscal year shall not be required to file a statement of financial interests pursuant to s. 112.3145(2) and (3) for the 23 same year or for any part thereof notwithstanding any 24 requirement of this part, except that a candidate for office 25 26 shall file a copy of his or her disclosure with the officer 27 before whom he or she qualifies. 28 (3) (3) (2) For purposes of full and public disclosure 29 under s. 8(a), Art. II of the State Constitution, the following items, if not held for investment purposes and if 30

31 valued at over \$1,000 in the aggregate, may be reported in a

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lump sum and identified as "household goods and personal 1 2 effects": 3 (a) Jewelry; 4 (b) Collections of stamps, guns, and numismatic 5 properties; 6 (c) Art objects; 7 (d) Household equipment and furnishings; (e) Clothing; 8 (f) Other household items; and 9 (q) Vehicles for personal use. 10 (4) In addition to the requirements of s. 8, Art. II 11 12 of the State Constitution, any person required to file a full 13 and public disclosure of financial interests shall identify 14 the name of each business associate, as defined in s. 112.312, 15 and the name and address of the business enterprise associated therewith, along with a description, as clear as practicable, 16 17 of the principal type of business conducted by the business 18 enterprise. 19 (5)(a) Full and public disclosure filed pursuant to s. 20 8, Art. II of the State Constitution requires the reporting of net worth in one of the following dollar categories: 21 22 1. Less than one dollar. 23 2. \$1 to \$100,000. 24 3. \$100,001 to \$250,000. 25 4. \$250,001 to \$500,000. 26 5. \$500,001 to \$1,000,000. 27 6. \$1,000,001 to \$2,000,000. 28 7. Greater than \$2,000,000. 29 (b) Full and public disclosure filed pursuant to s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution requires the reporting of 30 31

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HB 1763

1 each asset and liability in excess of \$1,000 in one of the 2 following categories: 3 1. \$1,001 to \$5,000. 4 2. \$5,001 to \$10,000. 5 3. \$10,001 to \$25,000. 4. \$25,001 to \$50,000. б 7 5. \$50,001 to \$100,000. 8 6. \$100,001 to \$250,000. 9 7. \$250,001 to \$500,000. \$500,001 to \$1,000,000. 10 8. 11 9. Greater than \$1,000,000. 12 (6) (6) (3) Forms for compliance with the full and public 13 disclosure requirements of s. 8, Art. II of the State 14 Constitution, and a current list of persons required to file 15 full and public disclosure by s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution, or other state law, shall be created provided by 16 the Commission on Ethics. The commission to the Secretary of 17 State, who shall give notice of disclosure deadlines and 18 19 delinquencies and distribute forms in the following manner: 20 (a) Not later than May 1 of each year, the commission 21 on Ethics shall prepare a current list of the names and 22 addresses of and the offices held by every person required to file full and public disclosure annually by s. 8, Art. II of 23 the State Constitution, or other state law, and shall provide 24 25 the Secretary of State with the mailing list. In compiling the 26 list, the commission shall be assisted by each unit of 27 government in providing at the request of the commission the 28 name, address, and name of the office held by each public 29 official within the respective unit of government. (b) Not later than 30 days before July 1 of each year, 30 the commission Secretary of State shall mail a copy of the 31

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1 form prescribed for compliance with full and public disclosure 2 and a notice of the filing deadline to each person on the 3 mailing list.

4 (c) Not later than 30 days after July 1 of each year, 5 the commission Secretary of State shall determine which persons on the mailing list have failed to file full and 6 7 public disclosure and shall send delinquency notices by 8 certified mail to such persons. Each notice shall state that a grace period is in effect until September 1 of the current 9 year and that, if the statement is not filed by September 1 of 10 11 the current year, a \$25 fine for each day late will be 12 imposed, up to a maximum penalty of \$1,500; and that, if upon 13 the filing of a sworn complaint the commission finds that the 14 person has failed to timely file the statement within 60 days of September 1 of the current year, such person shall also be 15 16 subject to the penalties provided in s. 112.317 the Secretary 17 of State is required by law to notify the Commission on Ethics 18 of the delinquency. 19 (d) Statements shall be filed not later than 5 p.m. of 20 the due date. However, any statement that is postmarked by the United States Postal Service no later than midnight of the due 21 22 date shall be deemed to have been filed in a timely manner, and a certificate of mailing obtained from and dated by the 23 United States Postal Service at the time of the mailing, or a 24 receipt from an established courier company which bears a date 25 26 on or before the due date, shall be proof of mailing in a 27 timely manner. 28 (e) Any person who is required to file full and public 29 disclosure of financial interests and whose name is on the commission's mailing list but who fails to timely file is 30 assessed a fine of \$25 per day for each day late up to a 31 24

maximum of \$1,500; however, the \$1,500 maximum on automatic 1 2 fines shall not limit the civil penalty that may be imposed if 3 the statement is filed more than 60 days after the deadline 4 and a complaint is filed, as provided in s. 112.324. The 5 commission shall provide by rule a procedure by which each 6 person whose name is on the mailing list and who is determined 7 to have not filed in a timely manner shall be notified of 8 assessed fines. The rule shall provide for the following: 9 The amount of the fine due is based upon the earliest of the following: 10 11 a. When a statement is actually received by the 12 office. 13 b. When the statement is postmarked. 14 c. When the certificate of mailing is dated. 15 d. When the receipt from an established courier 16 company is dated. 2. Upon receipt of the disclosure statement or upon 17 accrual of the maximum penalty, whichever occurs first, the 18 19 commission shall determine the amount of the fine which is due 20 and shall notify the delinquent person. The notice shall include an explanation of the appeal procedure in subparagraph 21 3. Such fine shall be paid within 30 days after the notice of 22 payment due is transmitted, unless appeal is made to the 23 24 commission pursuant to subparagraph 3. The moneys shall be 25 deposited into the General Revenue Fund. 26 3. Any reporting person may appeal or dispute a fine, 27 based upon unusual circumstances surrounding the failure to 28 file on the designated due date, and may request and shall be entitled to a hearing before the commission, which shall have 29 the authority to waive the fine in whole or in part for good 30 cause shown. Any such request shall be made within 30 days 31

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HB 1763

after the notice of payment due is transmitted. In such case, 1 2 the reporting person shall, within the 30-day period, notify in writing the person designated to review the timeliness of 3 reports of his or her intention to bring the matter before the 4 5 commission. 6 (d) Not later than 30 days following September 1 of 7 each year, the Secretary of State shall certify to the 8 Commission on Ethics a list of the names and addresses of and 9 the offices held by all persons on the mailing list who have failed to timely file full and public disclosure. The 10 11 certification shall be on a form prescribed by the commission 12 and shall indicate whether the Secretary of State has provided 13 the disclosure forms and notice as required by this section to 14 all persons named on the delinquency list. 15 (f)(e) Any person subject to the annual filing of full and public disclosure under s. 8, Art. II of the State 16 Constitution, or other state law, whose name is not on the 17 commission's mailing list of persons required to file full and 18 public disclosure provided to the Secretary of State shall not 19 20 be subject to the fines or penalties provided in this part deemed delinquent for failure to file full and public 21 22 disclosure in any year in which the omission occurred, but nevertheless shall be required to file the disclosure 23 24 statement. 25 (g) (f) The notification requirements and fines of this 26 subsection do not apply to candidates or to the first filing 27 required of any person appointed to elective constitutional 28 office or other position required to file full and public 29 disclosure, unless the person's name is on the commission's notification list and the person received notification from 30 the commission. The appointing official shall notify such 31

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newly appointed person of the obligation to file full and 1 2 public disclosure by July 1. The notification requirements and 3 fines of this subsection do not apply to the final filing provided for in subsection (7). 4 5 (h) Notwithstanding any provision of chapter 120, any б fine imposed under this subsection that is not waived by final 7 order of the commission and that remains unpaid more than 60 8 days after the notice of payment due or more than 60 days after the commission renders a final order on the appeal shall 9 be submitted to the Department of Banking and Finance as a 10 claim, debt, or other obligation owed to the state, and the 11 department shall assign the collection of such fine to a 12 13 collection agent as provided in s. 17.20. 14 (7) Each person required to file full and public 15 disclosure of financial interests shall file a final 16 disclosure statement within 60 days after leaving his or her public position for the period between January 1 of the year 17 in which the person leaves office and the last day of office 18 19 or employment, unless within the 60-day period the person 20 takes another public position requiring financial disclosure under s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution, or otherwise is 21 22 required to file full and public disclosure for the final 23 disclosure period. 24 (8) The commission shall adopt rules and forms 25 specifying how a person required to file full and public 26 disclosure of financial interests may amend his or her 27 disclosure statement to report information that was not 28 included on the originally filed form. If the amendment is the subject of a complaint filed under this part, the commission 29 and the proper disciplinary official or body shall take into 30

31 account as a mitigating factor when considering appropriate

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HB 1763

disciplinary action the fact that the amendment was filed 1 2 before any complaint or other inquiry or proceeding, while recognizing that the public was deprived of access to 3 4 information to which it was entitled. Section 6. Section 112.3145, Florida Statutes, is 5 б amended to read: 7 112.3145 Disclosure of financial interests and clients 8 represented before agencies. --9 (1) For purposes of this section, unless the context 10 otherwise requires, the term: "Local officer" means: 11 (a) 1. Every person who is elected to office in any 12 13 political subdivision of the state, and every person who is 14 appointed to fill a vacancy for an unexpired term in such an 15 elective office. 16 2. Any appointed member of any of the following 17 boards, councils, commissions, authorities, or other bodies of any county, municipality, school district, independent special 18 19 district, or other political subdivision of the state: 20 a. The governing body of the political subdivision, if 21 appointed; 22 b. An expressway authority or transportation authority established by general law; 23 c. A community college or junior college district 24 25 board of trustees; 26 d. A board having the power to enforce local code 27 provisions; 28 e. A planning or zoning board, board of adjustment, board of appeals, or other board having the power to 29 recommend, create, or modify land planning or zoning within 30 the political subdivision, except for citizen advisory 31 28

committees, technical coordinating committees, and such other 1 2 groups who only have the power to make recommendations to 3 planning or zoning boards; 4 f. A pension board or retirement board having the 5 power to invest pension or retirement funds or the power to 6 make a binding determination of one's entitlement to or amount 7 of a pension or other retirement benefit; or 8 g. Any other appointed member of a local government 9 board who is required to file a statement of financial interests by the appointing authority or the enabling 10 11 12 board; commission; authority, including any expressway 13 authority or transportation authority established by general 14 law; community college district board of trustees; or council of any political subdivision of the state, excluding any 15 16 member of an advisory body. A governmental body with 17 land-planning, zoning, or natural resources responsibilities shall not be considered an advisory body. 18 19 3. Any person holding one or more of the following 20 positions: mayor; county or city manager; chief administrative employee of a county, municipality, or other political 21 22 subdivision; county or municipal attorney; chief county or municipal building inspector; county or municipal water 23 24 resources coordinator; county or municipal pollution control 25 director; county or municipal environmental control director; 26 county or municipal administrator, with power to grant or deny 27 a land development permit; chief of police; fire chief; 28 municipal clerk; district school superintendent; community college president; district medical examiner; or purchasing 29 agent having the authority to make any purchase exceeding 30 31

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1  $\frac{5,000}{1,000}$  for any political subdivision of the state or 2 any entity thereof.

(b) "Specified state employee" means:

Public counsel created by chapter 350, an assistant
 state attorney, an assistant public defender, a full-time
 state employee who serves as counsel or assistant counsel to
 any state agency, a judge of compensation claims, an
 administrative law judge, or a hearing officer.

9 2. Any person employed in the office of the Governor
10 or in the office of any member of the Cabinet if that person
11 is exempt from the Career Service System, except persons
12 employed in clerical, secretarial, or similar positions.

13 3. Each appointed secretary, assistant secretary, 14 deputy secretary, executive director, assistant executive director, or deputy executive director of each state 15 16 department, commission, board, or council; unless otherwise provided, the division director, assistant division director, 17 deputy director, bureau chief, and assistant bureau chief of 18 19 any state department or division; or any person having the 20 power normally conferred upon such persons, by whatever title.

4. The superintendent or institute director of a state
mental health institute established for training and research
in the mental health field or the superintendent or director
of any major state institution or facility established for
corrections, training, treatment, or rehabilitation.

5. Business managers, purchasing agents having the
power to make any purchase exceeding\$5,000\$1,000, finance
and accounting directors, personnel officers, or grants
coordinators for any state agency.

30 6. Any person, other than a legislative assistant31 exempted by the presiding officer of the house by which the

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legislative assistant is employed, who is employed in the 1 2 legislative branch of government, except persons employed in 3 maintenance, clerical, secretarial, or similar positions. 7. Each employee of the Commission on Ethics. 4 5 (c) "State officer" means: 1. Any elected public officer, excluding those elected 6 7 to the United States Senate and House of Representatives, not 8 covered elsewhere in this part and any person who is appointed 9 to fill a vacancy for an unexpired term in such an elective office. 10 11 2. An appointed member of each board, commission, 12 authority, or council having statewide jurisdiction, excluding 13 a member of an advisory body. 14 A member of the Board of Regents, the Chancellor 3. and Vice Chancellors of the State University System, and the 15 16 president of a state university. (2)(a) A person seeking nomination or election to a 17 state or local elective office shall file a statement of 18 19 financial interests together with, and at the same time he or 20 she files, qualifying papers. (b) Each state or local officer and each specified 21 22 state employee shall file a statement of financial interests no later than July 1 of each year. Each former state or local 23 officer or specified state employee shall file a final 24 financial disclosure statement within 60 days after leaving 25 26 his or her public position for the period between January 1 of 27 the year in which the person leaves and the last day of office 28 or employment, unless within the 60-day period the person 29 takes another public position requiring disclosure under this section or s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution, or 30 otherwise is required to file full and public disclosure for 31

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the final reporting period. Each state or local officer who is 1 2 appointed and each specified state employee who is employed 3 shall file a statement of financial interests within 30 days from the date of appointment or, in the case of a specified 4 5 state employee, from the date on which the employment begins, except that any person whose appointment is subject to 6 7 confirmation by the Senate shall file prior to confirmation 8 hearings or within 30 days from the date of appointment, whichever comes first. 9

10 (c) State officers, persons qualifying for a state 11 office, and specified state employees shall file their statements of financial interests with the Commission on 12 13 Ethics Secretary of State. Local officers shall file their statements of financial interests with the supervisor of 14 elections of the county in which they permanently reside. 15 16 Local officers who do not permanently reside in any county in the state shall file their statements of financial interests 17 with the supervisor of elections of the county in which their 18 agency maintains its headquarters. Persons seeking to qualify 19 20 as candidates for local public office shall file their statements of financial interests with the officer before whom 21 22 they qualify.

(3) The statement of financial interests for state 23 24 officers, specified state employees, local officers, and 25 persons seeking to qualify as candidates for state or local 26 office shall be filed even if the reporting person holds no 27 financial interests requiring disclosure, in which case the 28 statement shall be marked "not applicable." Otherwise, the 29 statement of financial interests shall include: (a) All sources of income in excess of \$2,500 5 30

31 percent of the gross income received during the disclosure

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1 period by the person in his or her own name or by any other 2 person for his or her use or benefit, excluding public salary. 3 However, this shall not be construed to require disclosure of 4 a business partner's sources of income. The person reporting 5 shall list such sources in descending order of value with the 6 largest source first.

7 (b) All sources of income to a business entity in 8 excess of 10 percent of the gross income of a business entity 9 in which the reporting person held a material interest and from which he or she received gross income in excess of \$5,000 10 11 during the disclosure period an amount which was in excess of 12 10 percent of his or her gross income during the disclosure 13 period and which exceeds \$1,500. The period for computing the gross income of the business entity is the fiscal year of the 14 business entity which ended on, or immediately prior to, the 15 16 end of the disclosure period of the person reporting.

(c) The location or description of real property in 17 this state, except for residences and vacation homes, owned 18 19 directly or indirectly by the person reporting, when such 20 person owns in excess of 5 percent of the value of such real 21 property, and a general description of any intangible personal 22 property worth in excess of \$10,000 10 percent of such person's total assets. For the purposes of this paragraph, 23 indirect ownership does not include ownership by a spouse or 24 minor child. 25 26 (d) Every liability in excess of \$10,000 which in sum 27 equals more than the reporting person's net worth. 28 (e) The name of each business associate, as defined in 29 s. 112.312, and the name and address of the business enterprise associated therewith, along with a description, as 30

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1 clear as practicable, of the principal type of business 2 conducted by the business enterprise. 3 (4) Each elected constitutional officer, state 4 officer, local officer, and specified state employee shall 5 file a quarterly report of the names of clients represented б for a fee or commission, except for appearances in ministerial 7 matters, before agencies at his or her level of government. 8 For the purposes of this part, agencies of government shall be classified as state-level agencies or agencies below state 9 level. Each local officer shall file such report with the 10 11 supervisor of elections of the county in which the officer is 12 principally employed or is a resident. Each state officer, 13 elected constitutional officer, and specified state employee 14 shall file such report with the commission Secretary of State. 15 The report shall be filed only when a reportable 16 representation is made during the calendar quarter and shall be filed no later than the last day of each calendar quarter, 17 for the previous calendar 15 days after the last day of the 18 19 quarter. Representation before any agency shall be deemed to 20 include representation by such officer or specified state 21 employee or by any partner or associate of the professional 22 firm of which he or she is a member and of which he or she has actual knowledge. For the purposes of this subsection, the 23 24 term "representation before any agency" does not include 25 appearances before any court or Chief Judges of Compensation 26 Claims or judges of compensation claims or representations on 27 behalf of one's agency in one's official capacity. Such term 28 does not include the preparation and filing of forms and 29 applications merely for the purpose of obtaining or transferring a license based on a quota or a franchise of such 30 31 agency or a license or operation permit to engage in a

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profession, business, or occupation, so long as the issuance or granting of such license, permit, or transfer does not require substantial discretion, a variance, a special consideration, or a certificate of public convenience and necessity. If the name of the client is confidential under the laws applicable to the proceeding in which the client was represented, then the reporting person shall list the name of

8 the agency before which the representation was made and report 9 the name of the client as "anonymous."

10 (5) Each elected constitutional officer and each candidate for such office, any other public officer required 11 12 pursuant to s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution to file a 13 full and public disclosure of his or her financial interests, 14 and each state officer, local officer, specified state employee, and candidate for elective public office who is or 15 16 was during the disclosure period an officer, director, partner, proprietor, or agent, other than a resident agent 17 solely for service of process, of, or owns or owned during the 18 19 disclosure period a material interest in, any business entity 20 which is granted a privilege to operate in this state shall disclose such facts as a part of the disclosure form filed 21 pursuant to s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution or this 22 section, as applicable. The statement shall give the name, 23 address, and principal business activity of the business 24 entity and shall state the position held with such business 25 26 entity or the fact that a material interest is owned and the 27 nature of that interest.

(6) Forms for compliance with the disclosure
requirements of this section and a current list of persons
subject to disclosure shall be <u>created</u> provided by the
commission on Ethics to the Secretary of State and provided to

35

HB 1763

Florida House of Representatives - 1999 54-350-99

1 each supervisor of elections. The commission and each 2 supervisor of elections, who shall give notice of disclosure 3 deadlines and delinquencies and distribute forms in the 4 following manner:

5 (a)1. Not later than May 1 of each year, the б commission on Ethics shall prepare a current list of the names 7 and addresses of, and the offices or positions held by, every 8 state officer, local officer, and specified employee. In 9 compiling the list, the commission shall be assisted by each unit of government in providing, at the request of the 10 commission, the name, address, and name of agency of, and the 11 12 office or position held by, each state officer, local officer, 13 or specified state employee within the respective unit of 14 government.

15 2. Not later than May 15 of each year, the commission 16 shall provide the Secretary of State with a current mailing 17 list of all state officers and specified employees and shall 18 provide each supervisor of elections with a current mailing 19 list of all local officers required to file with such 20 supervisor of elections.

(b) Not later than 30 days before July 1 of each year, 21 the commission Secretary of State and each supervisor of 22 elections, as appropriate, shall mail a copy of the form 23 prescribed for compliance with subsection (3) and a notice of 24 25 all applicable disclosure forms and filing deadlines to each 26 person required to file a statement of financial interests. 27 (c) Not later than 30 days after July 1 of each year, 28 the commission Secretary of State and each supervisor of 29 elections shall determine which persons required to file a statement of financial interests in their respective offices 30 31 have failed to do so and shall send delinquency notices by

36
certified mail to such persons. Each notice shall state that 1 2 a grace period is in effect until September 1 of the current 3 year; that no investigative or disciplinary action based upon the delinquency will be taken by the agency head or Commission 4 5 on Ethics if the statement is filed by September 1 of the current year; that, if the statement is not filed by September 6 7 1 of the current year, a fine of \$25 for each day late will be 8 imposed, up to a maximum penalty of \$1,500; for notices sent 9 by a supervisor of elections, that he or she is required by law to notify the Commission on Ethics of the delinquency; and 10 11 that, if upon the filing of a sworn complaint the commission finds that the person has failed to timely file the statement 12 13 within 60 days after by September 1 of the current year, such 14 person shall also be subject to the penalties provided in s. 15 112.317.

16 (d) No later than November 15 of each year, Not later 17 than 30 days following September 1 of each year, the Secretary of State and the supervisor of elections in each county shall 18 19 certify to the commission on Ethics a list of the names and 20 addresses of, and the offices or positions held by, all persons who have failed to timely file the required statements 21 22 of financial interests. The certification must include the earliest of the dates described in subparagraph (f)1. The 23 24 certification shall be on a form prescribed by the commission 25 and shall indicate whether the supervisor of elections 26 respective certifying official has provided the disclosure 27 forms and notice as required by this subsection to all persons 28 named on the delinquency list. 29 (e) Statements shall be filed not later than 5 p.m. of the due date. However, any statement that is postmarked by the 30

31 United States Postal Service no later than midnight of the due

37

date shall be deemed to have been filed in a timely manner, 1 2 and a certificate of mailing obtained from and dated by the 3 United States Postal Service at the time of the mailing, or a receipt from an established courier company which bears a date 4 5 on or before the due date, shall be proof of mailing in a 6 timely manner. 7 (f) Any person who is required to file a statement of 8 financial interests and whose name is on the commission's 9 mailing list but who fails to timely file is hereby assessed a fine of \$25 per day for each day late up to a maximum of 10 11 \$1,500; however, the \$1,500 maximum on automatic fines shall not limit the civil penalty that can be imposed if the 12 13 statement is filed more than 60 days after the deadline and a 14 complaint is filed, as provided in s. 112.324. The commission shall provide by rule a procedure by which each person whose 15 16 name is on the mailing list and who is determined to have not 17 filed in a timely manner shall be notified of assessed fines. The rule shall provide for the following: 18 19 The amount of the fine due is based upon the 1. 20 earliest of the following: 21 a. When a statement is actually received by the office. 22 b. When the statement is postmarked. 23 24 c. When the certificate of mailing is dated. d. When the receipt from an established courier 25 26 company is dated. 27 For a specified state employee or a state officer, 2. 28 upon receipt of the disclosure statement by the commission or upon accrual of the maximum penalty, whichever occurs first, 29 and for a local officer upon receipt by the commission of the 30 certification from the local officer's supervisor of elections 31

pursuant to paragraph (d), the commission shall determine the 1 2 amount of the fine which is due and shall notify the delinquent person. The notice shall include an explanation of 3 the appeal procedure in subparagraph 3. Such fine shall be 4 5 paid within 30 days after the notice of payment due is 6 transmitted, unless appeal is made to the commission pursuant 7 to subparagraph 3. The moneys shall be deposited into the 8 General Revenue Fund. 9 3. Any reporting person may appeal or dispute a fine, based upon unusual circumstances surrounding the failure to 10 11 file on the designated due date, and may request and shall be 12 entitled to a hearing before the commission, which shall have 13 the authority to waive the fine in whole or in part for good 14 cause shown. Any such request shall be made within 30 days after the notice of payment due is transmitted. In such case, 15 16 the reporting person shall, within the 30-day period, notify 17 in writing the person designated to review the timeliness of reports of his or her intention to bring the matter before the 18 19 commission. 20 (g)(e) Any state officer, local officer, or specified 21 employee whose name is not on the mailing list of persons required to file statements of financial interests provided to 22 the Secretary of State or supervisor of elections is not 23 subject to the penalties provided in s. 112.317 or the fine 24 25 provided in this section for failure to timely file a 26 statement of financial interests in any year in which the 27 omission occurred, but nevertheless shall be required to file 28 the disclosure statement. 29 (h)(f) The notification requirements and fines of this 30 subsection do not apply to candidates or to the first or final 31

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1 filing required of any state officer, specified employee, or 2 local officer as provided in paragraph (2)(b).

3 (i) Notwithstanding any provision of chapter 120, any 4 fine imposed under this subsection that is not waived by final 5 order of the commission and that remains unpaid more than 60 6 days after the notice of payment due or more than 60 days 7 after the commission renders a final order on the appeal shall 8 be submitted to the Department of Banking and Finance as a 9 claim, debt, or other obligation owed to the state, and the department shall assign the collection of such fine to a 10 11 collection agent as provided in s. 17.20.

(7) The appointing official or body shall notify each 12 13 newly appointed local officer, state officer, or specified 14 state employee, not later than the date of appointment, of the officer's or employee's duty to comply with the disclosure 15 16 requirements of this section. The agency head of each employing agency shall notify each newly employed local 17 officer or specified state employee, not later than the day of 18 19 employment, of the officer's or employee's duty to comply with 20 the disclosure requirements of this section. The appointing 21 official or body or employing agency head may designate a 22 person to be responsible for the notification requirements of this section. 23

(8) A public officer who has filed a disclosure for any calendar or fiscal year shall not be required to file a second disclosure for the same year or any part thereof, notwithstanding any requirement of this act, except that any public officer who qualifies as a candidate for public office shall file a copy of the disclosure with the officer before whom he or she qualifies as a candidate at the time of qualification.

1	(9) The commission shall adopt rules and forms								
2	specifying how a state officer, local officer, or specified								
3	state employee may amend his or her statement of financial								
4	interests to report information that was not included on the								
5	originally filed form. If the amendment is the subject of a								
6	complaint filed under this part, the commission and the proper								
7	disciplinary official or body shall take into account as a								
8	mitigating factor when considering appropriate disciplinary								
9	action the fact that the amendment was filed before any								
10	complaint or other inquiry or proceeding, while recognizing								
11	that the public was deprived of access to information to which								
12	it was entitled.								
13	Section 7. Section 112.3146, Florida Statutes, is								
14	amended to read:								
15	112.3146 Public recordsThe statements required by								
16	ss. 112.313, <u>112.3144,</u> 112.3145, 112.3148, and 112.3149 shall								
17	be public records within the meaning of s. 119.01.								
18	Section 8. Section 112.3147, Florida Statutes, is								
19	amended to read:								
20	112.3147 FormsAll information required to be								
21	furnished by ss. 112.313, 112.3143, <u>112.3144,</u> 112.3145,								
22	112.3148, and 112.3149 and by s. 8, Art. II of the State								
23	Constitution shall be on forms prescribed by the Commission on								
24	Ethics.								
25	Section 9. Section 112.3148, Florida Statutes, 1998								
26	Supplement, is amended to read:								
27	112.3148 Reporting and prohibited receipt of gifts by								
28	individuals filing full or limited public disclosure of								
29	financial interests and by procurement employees								
30									
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(1) The provisions of this section do not apply to gifts solicited or accepted by a reporting individual or procurement employee from a relative.
(2) As used in this section:

(a) "Immediate family" means any parent, spouse,

child, or sibling.

(b)1. "Lobbyist" means any natural person who, for compensation, seeks, or sought during the preceding 12 months, to influence the governmental decisionmaking of a reporting individual or procurement employee or his or her agency or seeks, or sought during the preceding 12 months, to encourage

seeks, or sought during the preceding 12 months, to encoura the passage, defeat, or modification of any proposal or recommendation by the reporting individual or procurement employee or his or her agency.

15 With respect to an agency that has established by 2. 16 rule, ordinance, or law a registration process for persons seeking to influence decisionmaking or to encourage the 17 passage, defeat, or modification of any proposal or 18 19 recommendation by such agency or an employee or official of 20 the agency, the term "lobbyist" includes only a person who is 21 required to be registered as a lobbyist in accordance with 22 such rule, ordinance, or law or who was during the preceding 12 months required to be registered as a lobbyist in 23 accordance with such rule, ordinance, or law. At a minimum, 24 such a registration system must require the registration of, 25 26 or must designate, persons as "lobbyists" who engage in the 27 same activities as require registration to lobby the 28 Legislature pursuant to s. 11.045. 29 (c) "Person" includes individuals, firms, associations, joint ventures, partnerships, estates, trusts, 30

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HB 1763

business trusts, syndicates, fiduciaries, corporations, and 1 2 all other groups or combinations. 3 (d) "Reporting individual" means any individual, 4 including a candidate, who is required by law, pursuant to s. 5 8, Art. II of the State Constitution or s. 112.3145, to file full or limited public disclosure of his or her financial б 7 interests or any individual who has been elected to, but has 8 yet to officially assume the responsibilities of, public 9 office. For purposes of implementing this section, the 'agency" of a reporting individual who is not an officer or 10 11 employee in public service is the agency to which the 12 candidate seeks election, or in the case of an individual 13 elected to but yet to formally take office, the agency in 14 which the individual has been elected to serve. 15 (e) "Procurement employee" means any employee of an 16 officer, department, board, commission, or council of the executive branch or judicial branch of state government who 17 participates through decision, approval, disapproval, 18 19 recommendation, preparation of any part of a purchase request, 20 influencing the content of any specification or procurement standard, rendering of advice, investigation, or auditing or 21 22 in any other advisory capacity in the procurement of contractual services or commodities as defined in s. 287.012, 23 24 if the cost of such services or commodities exceeds\$5,000 25 <del>\$1,000</del> in any year. 26 (3) A reporting individual or procurement employee is 27 prohibited from soliciting any gift from a political committee 28 or committee of continuous existence, as defined in s. 29 106.011, or from a lobbyist who lobbies the reporting individual's or procurement employee's agency, or the partner, 30 31 firm, employer, or principal of such lobbyist, where such gift 43

is for the personal benefit of the reporting individual or
 procurement employee, another reporting individual or
 procurement employee, or any member of the immediate family of
 a reporting individual or procurement employee.

5 (4) A reporting individual or procurement employee or б any other person on his or her behalf is prohibited from 7 knowingly accepting, directly or indirectly, a gift from a 8 political committee or committee of continuous existence, as 9 defined in s. 106.011, or from a lobbyist who lobbies the 10 reporting individual's or procurement employee's agency, or 11 directly or indirectly on behalf of the partner, firm, 12 employer, or principal of a lobbyist, if he or she knows or 13 reasonably believes that the gift has a value in excess of 14 \$100; however, such a gift may be accepted by such person on behalf of a governmental entity or a charitable organization. 15 16 If the gift is accepted on behalf of a governmental entity or charitable organization, the person receiving the gift shall 17 not maintain custody of the gift for any period of time beyond 18 19 that reasonably necessary to arrange for the transfer of 20 custody and ownership of the gift.

(5)(a) A political committee or a committee of 21 continuous existence, as defined in s. 106.011; a lobbyist who 22 lobbies a reporting individual's or procurement employee's 23 agency; the partner, firm, employer, or principal of a 24 lobbyist; or another on behalf of the lobbyist or partner, 25 26 firm, principal, or employer of the lobbyist is prohibited 27 from giving, either directly or indirectly, a gift that has a 28 value in excess of \$100 to the reporting individual or procurement employee or any other person on his or her behalf; 29 however, such person may give a gift having a value in excess 30 31 of \$100 to a reporting individual or procurement employee if

44

the gift is intended to be transferred to a governmental
 entity or a charitable organization.

3 (b) However, a person who is regulated by this 4 subsection, who is not regulated by subsection (6), and who 5 makes, or directs another to make, an individual gift having a value in excess of \$25, but not in excess of \$100, other than 6 7 a gift which the donor knows will be accepted on behalf of a 8 governmental entity or charitable organization, must file a 9 report on the last day of each calendar quarter, for the 10 previous calendar quarter in which a reportable gift is made. 11 The report shall be filed with the Commission on Ethics 12 Secretary of State, except with respect to gifts to reporting 13 individuals of the legislative branch, in which case the 14 report shall be filed with the Division of Legislative Information Services in the Office of Legislative Services. 15 16 The report must contain a description of each gift, the monetary value thereof, the name and address of the person 17 making such gift, the name and address of the recipient of the 18 19 gift, and the date such gift is given. In addition, when a 20 gift is made which requires the filing of a report under this 21 subsection, the donor must notify the intended recipient at 22 the time the gift is made that the donor, or another on his or her behalf, will report the gift under this subsection. 23 Under this paragraph, a gift need not be reported by more than one 24 25 person or entity. 26 (6)(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection

(0)(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (5), an entity of the legislative or judicial branch, a department or commission of the executive branch, a water management district created pursuant to s. 373.069, <u>the</u> <u>Technological Research Development Authority, the</u> Tri-County Commuter Rail Authority, a county, a municipality, an airport

45

authority, or a school board may give, either directly or 1 2 indirectly, a gift having a value in excess of \$100 to any 3 reporting individual or procurement employee if a public purpose can be shown for the gift; and a direct-support 4 5 organization specifically authorized by law to support a governmental entity may give such a gift to a reporting 6 7 individual or procurement employee who is an officer or 8 employee of such governmental entity.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (4), 9 a reporting individual or procurement employee may accept a 10 gift having a value in excess of \$100 from an entity of the 11 12 legislative or judicial branch, a department or commission of 13 the executive branch, a water management district created 14 pursuant to s. 373.069, the Technological Research Development Authority, the Tri-County Commuter Rail Authority, a county, a 15 16 municipality, an airport authority, or a school board if a public purpose can be shown for the gift; and a reporting 17 individual or procurement employee who is an officer or 18 19 employee of a governmental entity supported by a 20 direct-support organization specifically authorized by law to 21 support such governmental entity may accept such a gift from 22 such direct-support organization.

23 (c) No later than March 1 of each year, each 24 governmental entity or direct-support organization 25 specifically authorized by law to support a governmental 26 entity which has given a gift to a reporting individual or 27 procurement employee under paragraph (a) shall provide the 28 reporting individual or procurement employee with a statement 29 of each gift having a value in excess of \$100 given to such reporting individual or procurement employee by the 30 31 governmental entity or direct-support organization during the

46

preceding calendar year. Such report shall contain a 1 2 description of each gift, the date on which the gift was 3 given, and the value of the total gifts given by the governmental entity or direct-support organization to the 4 5 reporting individual or procurement employee during the calendar year for which the report is made. A governmental 6 7 entity may provide a single report to the reporting individual 8 or procurement employee of gifts provided by the governmental 9 entity and any direct-support organization specifically 10 authorized by law to support such governmental entity.

11 (d) No later than July 1 of each year, each reporting 12 individual or procurement employee shall file a statement 13 listing each gift having a value in excess of \$100 received by 14 the reporting individual or procurement employee, either directly or indirectly, from a governmental entity or a 15 16 direct-support organization specifically authorized by law to support a governmental entity. The statement shall list the 17 name of the person providing the gift, a description of the 18 19 gift, the date or dates on which the gift was given, and the 20 value of the total gifts given during the calendar year for which the report is made. The reporting individual or 21 22 procurement employee shall attach to such statement any report received by him or her in accordance with paragraph (c), which 23 report shall become a public record when filed with the 24 statement of the reporting individual or procurement employee. 25 26 The reporting individual or procurement employee may explain 27 any differences between the report of the reporting individual 28 or procurement employee and the attached reports. The annual 29 report filed by a reporting individual shall be filed with the financial disclosure statement required by either s. 8, Art. 30 31 II of the State Constitution or s. 112.3145, as applicable to

47

HB 1763

the reporting individual. The annual report filed by a
 procurement employee shall be filed with the <u>Commission on</u>
 Ethics <del>Department of State</del>.

4 (7)(a) The value of a gift provided to a reporting 5 individual or procurement employee shall be determined using б fair market value actual cost to the donor, less taxes and 7 gratuities, except as otherwise provided in this subsection, 8 and, with respect to personal services provided by the donor, 9 the reasonable and customary charge regularly charged for such service in the community in which the service is provided 10 11 shall be used. If a gift is purchased in an arms-length 12 transaction, the amount paid for the gift shall be the fair 13 market value for such gift. If additional expenses are required as a condition precedent to eligibility of the donor 14 to purchase or provide a gift and such expenses are primarily 15 16 for the benefit of the donor or are of a charitable nature, such expenses shall not be included in determining the value 17 of the gift. 18

(b) Compensation provided by the donee to the donor, if provided within 90 days after receipt of the gift, shall be deducted from the value of the gift in determining the value of the gift.

(c) If the actual gift value attributable to individual participants at an event cannot be determined, the total costs shall be prorated among all invited persons, whether or not they are reporting individuals or procurement employees.

(d) Transportation shall be valued on a round-trip
basis unless only one-way transportation is provided.
Round-trip transportation expenses shall be considered a
single gift. Transportation provided in a private conveyance

48

HB 1763

shall be given the same value as transportation provided in a
 comparable commercial conveyance.

3 (e) Lodging provided on consecutive days shall be
4 considered a single gift. Lodging in a private residence
5 shall be valued at the per diem rate provided in s.
6 112.061(6)(a)1. less the meal allowance rate provided in s.
7 112.061(6)(b).

8 (f) Food and beverages which are not consumed at a 9 single sitting or meal and which are provided on the same 10 calendar day shall be considered a single gift, and the total 11 value of all food and beverages provided on that date shall be considered the value of the gift. Food and beverage consumed 12 13 at a single sitting or meal shall be considered a single gift 14 and the value of the food and beverage provided at that sitting or meal shall be considered the value of the gift. 15

16 (g) Membership dues paid to the same organization17 during any 12-month period shall be considered a single gift.

18 (h) Entrance fees, admission fees, or tickets shall be19 valued on the face value of the ticket or fee, or on a daily20 or per event basis, whichever is greater.

(i) Except as otherwise specified in this section, agift shall be valued on a per occurrence basis.

The value of a gift provided to several 23 (j) individuals may be attributed on a pro rata basis among all of 24 25 the individuals. If the gift is food, beverage, entertainment, 26 or similar items, provided at a function for more than 10 27 people, the value of the gift to each individual shall be the 28 total value of the items provided divided by the number of 29 persons invited to the function, unless the items are purchased on a per person basis, in which case the value of 30 31 the gift to each person is the per person cost.

49

(k) The value of a gift of an admission ticket shall not include that portion of the cost which represents a charitable contribution, if the gift is provided by the (8)(a) Each reporting individual or procurement employee shall file a statement with the Commission on Ethics Secretary of State on the last day of each calendar quarter, for the previous calendar quarter, containing a list of gifts which he or she believes to be in excess of \$100 in value, if any, accepted by him or her, for which compensation was not

13 except the following:

charitable organization.

1. Gifts from relatives.

15 2. Gifts prohibited by subsection (4) or s. 16 112.313(4).

3. Gifts otherwise required to be disclosed by this 17 18 section.

provided by the donee to the donor within 90 days after

receipt of the gift to reduce the value to \$100 or less,

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(b) The statement shall include:

20 1. A description of the gift, the monetary value of the gift, the name and address of the person making the gift, 21 and the dates thereof. If any of these facts, other than the 22 gift description, are unknown or not applicable, the report 23 24 shall so state.

25 2. A copy of any receipt for such gift provided to the reporting individual or procurement employee by the donor. 26 27 (c) The statement may include an explanation of any 28 differences between the reporting individual's or procurement 29 employee's statement and the receipt provided by the donor.

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(d) The reporting individual's or procurement 1 2 employee's statement shall be sworn to by such person as being 3 a true, accurate, and total listing of all such gifts. 4 (e) If a reporting individual or procurement employee 5 has not received any gifts described in paragraph (a) during a б calendar quarter, he or she is not required to file a 7 statement under this subsection for that calendar quarter. 8 (9) In addition to the prohibition of subsection (3), 9 each candidate, as defined in s. 112.312(6), is prohibited from soliciting any gift from a political committee or 10 committee of continuous existence, as defined in s. 106.011, 11 12 or from a lobbyist who lobbies the agency to which the 13 candidate seeks election, or the partner, firm, employer, or 14 principal of such lobbyist, where such gift is for the 15 personal benefit of the candidate or any member of the 16 immediate family of the candidate. (10) In addition to the other disclosures required by 17 this section, each candidate, as defined in s. 112.312(6), who 18 19 is not the incumbent of the office sought and who is elected 20 to office shall report all gifts which he or she believes to be in excess of \$100 in value and which were received between 21 22 the date the candidate qualifies for election and the date the candidate takes office, except for gifts from relatives, in 23 24 the manner described in subsection (8). 25 (11) (9) A person, other than a lobbyist regulated 26 under s. 11.045, who violates the provisions of subsection (5) 27 commits a noncriminal infraction, punishable by a fine of not 28 more than \$5,000 and by a prohibition on lobbying, or 29 employing a lobbyist to lobby, before the agency of the reporting individual or procurement employee to which the gift 30

31 was given in violation of subsection (5), for a period of not

51

more than 24 months. The state attorney, or an agency, if 1 2 otherwise authorized, may initiate an action to impose or 3 recover a fine authorized under this section or to impose or enforce a limitation on lobbying provided in this section. 4 5 (12) (10) A member of the Legislature may request an б advisory opinion from the general counsel of the house of 7 which he or she is a member as to the application of this 8 section to a specific situation. The general counsel shall 9 issue the opinion within 10 days after receiving the request. 10 The member of the Legislature may reasonably rely on such 11 opinion. 12 Section 10. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) and 13 subsection (6) of section 112.3149, Florida Statutes, are 14 amended to read: 15 112.3149 Solicitation and disclosure of honoraria.--(1) As used in this section: 16 "Procurement employee" means any employee of an 17 (e) officer, department, board, commission, or council of the 18 19 executive branch or judicial branch of state government who 20 participates through decision, approval, disapproval, 21 recommendation, preparation of any part of a purchase request, 22 influencing the content of any specification or procurement standard, rendering of advice, investigation, or auditing or 23 in any other advisory capacity in the procurement of 24 contractual services or commodities as defined in s. 287.012, 25 26 if the cost of such services or commodities exceeds\$5,000 27 <del>\$1,000</del> in any year. 28 (6) A reporting individual or procurement employee who 29 receives payment or provision of expenses related to any honorarium event from a person who is prohibited by subsection 30 31 (4) from paying an honorarium to a reporting individual or 52

procurement employee shall publicly disclose on an annual 1 2 statement the name, address, and affiliation of the person 3 paying or providing the expenses; the amount of the honorarium expenses; the date of the honorarium event; a description of 4 5 the expenses paid or provided on each day of the honorarium event; and the total value of the expenses provided to the 6 7 reporting individual or procurement employee in connection 8 with the honorarium event. The annual statement of honorarium expenses shall be filed by July 1 of each year for such 9 10 expenses received during the previous calendar year. The 11 reporting individual or procurement employee shall attach to 12 the annual statement a copy of each statement received by him 13 or her in accordance with subsection (5) regarding honorarium 14 expenses paid or provided during the calendar year for which the annual statement is filed. Such attached statement shall 15 16 become a public record upon the filing of the annual report. The annual statement of a reporting individual shall be filed 17 with the financial disclosure statement required by either s. 18 19 8, Art. II of the State Constitution or s. 112.3145, as 20 applicable to the reporting individual. The annual statement 21 of a procurement employee shall be filed with the Commission 22 on Ethics Department of State. 23 Section 11. Section 112.3151, Florida Statutes, is 24 repealed. 25 Section 12. Subsections (1), (2), (6), (7), and (8) of 26 section 112.317, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 27 112.317 Penalties.--28 (1) Violation of any provision of this part, 29

including, but not limited to, any failure to file any

disclosures required by this part or violation of any standard 30

31 of conduct imposed by this part, or violation of any provision

53

of s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution, in addition to any 1 2 criminal penalty or other civil penalty involved, shall, 3 pursuant to applicable constitutional and statutory procedures, constitute grounds for, and may be punished by, 4 5 one or more of the following: 6 (a) In the case of a public officer: 7 1. Impeachment. 8 2. Removal from office. 9 3. Suspension from office. 10 4. Public censure and reprimand. 11 5. Forfeiture of no more than one-third salary per 12 month for no more than 12 months. 13 6. A civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000. 14 7. Restitution of any pecuniary benefits received because of the violation committed. The commission may 15 16 recommend that the restitution penalty be paid to the agency of which the public officer was a member or to the General 17 Revenue Fund of the state. 18 19 (b) In the case of an employee or a person designated 20 as a public officer by this part who otherwise would be deemed 21 to be an employee: 22 1. Dismissal from employment. 23 Suspension from employment for not more than 90 2. 24 days without pay. 25 3. Demotion. 4. Reduction in salary level. 26 27 5. Forfeiture of no more than one-third salary per 28 month for no more than 12 months. 29 6. A civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000. Restitution of any pecuniary benefits received 30 7. 31 because of the violation committed. The commission may 54

HB 1763

recommend that the restitution penalty be paid to the agency 1 2 by which such employee was employed or by which such officer 3 was deemed to be an employee or to the General Revenue Fund of 4 the state. 5 8. Public censure and reprimand. (c) In the case of a candidate who violates the 6 7 provisions of this part or s. 8(a) and (h), Art. II of the 8 State Constitution: 9 1. Disgualification from being on the ballot. 2. Public censure. 10 11 3. Reprimand. 12 4. A civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000. 13 (d) In the case of a former public officer or employee 14 who has violated a provision applicable to former officers or employees or whose violation occurred prior to such officer's 15 16 or employee's leaving public office or employment: 1. Public censure and reprimand. 17 2. A civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000. 18 Restitution of any pecuniary benefits received 19 3. 20 because of the violation committed. The commission may 21 recommend that the restitution penalty be paid to the agency 22 of such public officer or employee or the General Revenue Fund 23 of the state. 24 (2) In any case in which the commission finds a violation of this part or of s. 8, Art. II of the State 25 26 Constitution and the proper disciplinary official or body 27 under s. 112.324 imposes recommends a civil penalty or 28 restitution penalty, the Attorney General shall bring a civil 29 action to recover such penalty. No defense may be raised in the civil action to enforce the civil penalty or order of 30 31 restitution that could have been raised by judicial review of

55

1 the administrative findings and recommendations of the 2 commission by certiorari to the district court of appeal. <u>The</u> 3 <u>Attorney General shall be entitled to collect any costs</u>, 4 <u>attorney's fees, expert witness fees, or other costs of</u> 5 collection incurred in bringing such actions.

(6) Any person who willfully discloses, or permits to 6 7 be disclosed, his or her intention to file a complaint, the 8 existence or contents of a complaint which has been filed with 9 the commission, or any document, action, or proceeding in 10 connection with a confidential preliminary investigation of 11 the commission, before such complaint, document, action, or proceeding becomes a public record as provided herein commits 12 13 a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in 14 s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

15 <u>(6)(7)</u> In any case in which the commission finds 16 probable cause to believe that a complainant has committed 17 perjury in regard to any document filed with, or any testimony 18 given before, the commission, it shall refer such evidence to 19 the appropriate law enforcement agency for prosecution and 20 taxation of costs.

(7)<del>(8)</del> In any case in which the commission determines 21 22 that a person has filed a complaint against a public officer or employee with a malicious intent to injure the reputation 23 of such officer or employee by filing the complaint with 24 knowledge that the complaint contains one or more false 25 26 allegations or with reckless disregard for whether the 27 complaint contains false allegations of fact material to a 28 violation of this part, the complainant shall be liable for 29 costs plus reasonable attorney's fees incurred in the defense of the person complained against, including the costs and 30 31 reasonable attorney's fees incurred in proving entitlement to

56

and the amount of costs and fees. If the complainant fails to pay such costs and fees voluntarily within 30 days following such finding by the commission, the commission shall forward such information to the Department of Legal Affairs, which shall bring a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction to recover the amount of such costs and fees awarded by the commission.

8 Section 13. Section 112.3215, Florida Statutes, is 9 amended to read:

10 112.3215 Lobbyists before the Executive Branch or the 11 Constitution Revision Commission; registration and reporting; 12 investigation by commission.--

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(1) For the purposes of this section:

(a) "Agency" means the Governor, Governor and Cabinet,
or any department, division, bureau, board, commission, or
authority of the executive branch. In addition, "agency"
shall mean the Constitution Revision Commission as provided by
s. 2, Art. XI of the State Constitution.

(b) "Expenditure" means a payment, distribution, loan,
advance, reimbursement, deposit, or anything of value made by
a lobbyist or principal for the purpose of lobbying.

(c) "Fund" means the Executive Branch LobbyRegistration Trust Fund.

24 "Lobbies" means seeking, on behalf of another (d) person, to influence an agency with respect to a decision of 25 26 the agency in the area of policy or procurement or an attempt 27 to obtain the goodwill of an agency official or employee. 28 "Lobbies" also means influencing or attempting to influence, on behalf of another, the Constitution Revision Commission's 29 action or nonaction through oral or written communication or 30 31

57

HB 1763

an attempt to obtain the goodwill of a member or employee of
 the Constitution Revision Commission.

3 (e) "Lobbyist" means a person who is employed and 4 receives payment, or who contracts for economic consideration, 5 for the purpose of lobbying, or a person who is principally 6 employed for governmental affairs by another person or 7 governmental entity to lobby on behalf of that other person or 8 governmental entity. "Lobbyist" does not include a person who 9 is:

1. An attorney, or any person, who represents a client
 in a judicial proceeding or in a formal administrative
 proceeding conducted pursuant to chapter 120 or any other
 formal hearing before an agency, board, commission, or
 authority of this state.

15 2. An employee of an agency <u>or of a legislative or</u>
16 <u>judicial branch entity</u> acting in the normal course of his or
17 her duties.

3. A confidential informant who is providing, or
wishes to provide, confidential information to be used for law
enforcement purposes.

4. A person who lobbies to procure a contract pursuant
to chapter 287 which contract is less than the threshold for
CATEGORY ONE as provided in s. 287.017(1)(a).

24 (f) "Principal" means the person, firm, corporation,25 or other entity which has employed or retained a lobbyist.

(2) The Executive Branch Lobby Registration Trust Fund
is hereby created within the commission to be used for the
purpose of funding any office established to administer the
registration of lobbyists lobbying an agency, including the
payment of salaries and other expenses. The trust fund is not
subject to the service charge to General Revenue provisions of

58

chapter 215. All annual registration fees collected pursuant 1 2 to this section shall be deposited into such fund. 3 (3) A person may not lobby an agency until such person 4 has registered as a lobbyist with the commission. Such 5 registration shall be due upon initially being retained to б lobby and is renewable on a calendar year basis thereafter. 7 Upon registration the person shall provide a statement signed 8 by the principal or principal's representative that the 9 registrant is authorized to represent the principal. The registration shall require the lobbyist to disclose, under 10 11 oath, the following information: 12 (a) Name and business address; 13 (b) The name and business address of each principal 14 represented; 15 (c) His or her area of interest; 16 (d) The agencies before which he or she will appear; 17 and (e) The existence of any direct or indirect business 18 19 association, partnership, or financial relationship with any 20 employee of an agency with which he or she lobbies, or intends 21 to lobby, as disclosed in the registration. 22 (4) The annual lobbyist registration fee shall be set by the commission by rule, not to exceed \$40 for each 23 24 principal represented. 25 (5)(a) A registered lobbyist must also submit to the 26 commission, biannually quarterly, a signed expenditure report 27 summarizing all lobbying expenditures by the lobbyist and the 28 principal for each 6-month period during any portion of which 29 the lobbyist is registered. All expenditures made by the lobbyist and the principal for the purpose of lobbying must be 30 31 reported. Reporting of expenditures shall be on an accrual 59

basis. The report of such expenditures must identify whether 1 2 the expenditure was made directly by the lobbyist, directly by 3 the principal, initiated or expended by the lobbyist and paid for by the principal, or initiated or expended by the 4 5 principal and paid for by the lobbyist. The principal is б responsible for the accuracy of the expenditures reported as 7 lobbying expenditures made by the principal. The lobbyist is 8 responsible for the accuracy of the expenditures reported as lobbying expenditures made by the lobbyist. Expenditures made 9 must be reported by the category of the expenditure, 10 including, but not limited to, the categories of food and 11 12 beverages, entertainment, research, communication, media 13 advertising, publications, travel, and lodging. Lobby 14 expenditures do not include a lobbyist's or principal's salary, office expenses, and personal expenses for lodging, 15 meals, and travel. 16

17 (b) A principal who is represented by two or more lobbyists shall designate one lobbyist whose expenditure 18 19 report shall include all lobbying expenditures made directly 20 by the principal and those expenditures of the designated lobbyist on behalf of that principal as required by paragraph 21 22 (a). All other lobbyists registered to represent that principal shall file a report pursuant to paragraph (a). The 23 report of lobbying expenditures by the principal shall be made 24 pursuant to the requirements of paragraph (a). The principal 25 26 is responsible for the accuracy of figures reported by the 27 designated lobbyist as lobbying expenditures made directly by 28 the principal. The designated lobbyist is responsible for the 29 accuracy of the figures reported as lobbying expenditures made by that lobbyist. 30

60

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31

1 (c) For each reporting period the commission shall 2 aggregate the expenditures of all lobbyists for a principal 3 represented by more than one lobbyist. Further, the commission 4 shall aggregate figures that provide a cumulative total of 5 expenditures reported as spent by and on behalf of each 6 principal for the calendar year.

7 (d) The reporting statements shall be filed no later
8 than 45 days after the end of each reporting period and shall
9 include the expenditures for the period from January 1 through
10 March 31, April 1 through June 30, and July 1 through
11 September 30, and October 1 through December 31, respectively.

12 (e) Reports shall be filed not later than 5 p.m. of 13 the report due date. However, any report that is postmarked 14 by the United States Postal Service no later than midnight of 15 the due date shall be deemed to have been filed in a timely 16 manner, and a certificate of mailing obtained from and dated by the United States Postal Service at the time of the 17 mailing, or a receipt from an established courier company 18 19 which bears a date on or before the due date, shall be proof 20 of mailing in a timely manner.

(f) The commission shall provide by rule a procedure by which a lobbyist who fails to timely file a report shall be notified and assessed fines. The rule shall provide for the following:

1. Upon determining that the report is late, the person designated to review the timeliness of reports shall immediately notify the lobbyist as to the failure to timely file the report and that a fine is being assessed for each late day. The fine shall be<u>\$25</u><del>\$50</del> per day per report for each late day, up to a maximum of \$1,500 per late report.

61

1 Upon receipt of the report, the person designated 2. 2 to review the timeliness of reports shall determine the amount 3 of the fine due based upon the earliest of the following: 4 When a report is actually received by the lobbyist a. 5 registration and reporting office. 6 When the report is postmarked. b. 7 When the certificate of mailing is dated. с. 8 d. When the receipt from an established courier 9 company is dated. 10 3. Such fine shall be paid within 30 <del>20</del> days after receipt of the notice of payment due is transmitted by the 11 lobbyist registration and reporting office, unless appeal is 12 13 made to the commission. The moneys shall be deposited into 14 the Executive Branch Lobby Registration Trust Fund. 15 4. A fine shall not be assessed against a lobbyist the first time any reports for which the lobbyist is responsible 16 are not timely filed. However, to receive the one-time fine 17 waiver, all reports for which the lobbyist is responsible must 18 19 be filed within 30  $\frac{20}{20}$  days after the receipt of notice that 20 any reports have not been timely filed is transmitted by the lobbyist registration and reporting office. A fine shall be 21 22 assessed for any subsequent late-filed reports. 23 5. Any lobbyist may appeal or dispute a fine, based 24 upon unusual circumstances surrounding the failure to file on 25 the designated due date, and may request and shall be entitled 26 to a hearing before the commission, which shall have the 27 authority to waive the fine in whole or in part for good cause 28 shown. Any such request shall be made within 30 20 days after 29 receipt of the notice of payment due is transmitted by the lobbyist registration and reporting office. In such case, the 30 31 lobbyist shall, within the 30-day <del>20-day</del> period, notify the

62

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HB 1763

HB 1763

1 person designated to review the timeliness of reports in 2 writing of his or her intention to bring the matter before the 3 commission.

6. The person designated to review the timeliness of
reports shall notify the commission of the failure of a
lobbyist to file a report after notice or of the failure of a
lobbyist to pay the fine imposed.

8 7. Notwithstanding any provision of chapter 120, any fine imposed under this subsection that is not waived by final 9 order of the commission and that remains unpaid more than 60 10 11 days after the notice of payment due or more than 60 days 12 after the commission renders a final order on the lobbyist's 13 appeal shall be submitted to the Department of Banking and 14 Finance as a claim, debt, or other obligation owed to the 15 state, and the department shall assign the collection of such 16 fine to a collection agent as provided in s. 17.20.

17 (g) The commission shall adopt a rule which allows18 reporting statements to be filed by electronic means, when19 feasible.

20 (h) Each lobbyist and each principal shall preserve for a period of 4 years all accounts, bills, receipts, 21 computer records, books, papers, and other documents and 22 records necessary to substantiate lobbying expenditures. Any 23 documents and records retained pursuant to this section may be 24 25 inspected under reasonable circumstances by any authorized 26 representative of the commission. The right of inspection may 27 be enforced by appropriate writ issued by any court of 28 competent jurisdiction.

29 (6) A lobbyist shall promptly send a written statement
30 to the commission canceling the registration for a principal
31 upon termination of the lobbyist's representation of that

63

principal. Notwithstanding this requirement, the commission 1 2 may remove the name of a lobbyist from the list of registered 3 lobbyists if the principal notifies the office that a person is no longer authorized to represent that principal. Each 4 5 lobbyist is responsible for filing an expenditure report for 6 each period during any portion of which he or she was 7 registered, and each principal is responsible for seeing that 8 an expenditure report is filed for each period during any 9 portion of which the principal was represented by a registered 10 lobbyist.

11 (7) The commission shall investigate every sworn 12 complaint that is filed with it alleging that a person covered 13 by this section has failed to register, has failed to submit 14 an expenditure report, or has knowingly submitted false information in any report or registration required in this 15 16 section. All proceedings, the complaint, and other records relating to the investigation are confidential and exempt from 17 the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the 18 19 State Constitution, and any meetings held pursuant to an 20 investigation are exempt from the provisions of s. 286.011(1) and s. 24(b), Art. I of the State Constitution either until 21 22 the alleged violator requests in writing that such investigation and associated records and meetings be made 23 public or until the commission determines, based on the 24 25 investigation, whether probable cause exists to believe that a 26 violation has occurred. 27 (8) If the commission finds no probable cause to

28 believe that a violation of this section occurred, it shall 29 dismiss the complaint, whereupon the complaint, together with 30 a written statement of the findings of the investigation and a 31 summary of the facts, shall become a matter of public record,

64

and the commission shall send a copy of the complaint, 1 2 findings, and summary to the complainant and the alleged 3 violator. If the commission finds probable cause to believe that a violation occurred, it shall report the results of its 4 5 investigation to the Governor and Cabinet and send a copy of the report to the alleged violator by certified mail. 6 Such 7 notification and all documents made or received in the 8 disposition of the complaint shall then become public records. Upon request submitted to the Governor and Cabinet in writing, 9 any person whom the commission finds probable cause to believe 10 11 has violated any provision of this section shall be entitled 12 to a public hearing. Such person shall be deemed to have 13 waived the right to a public hearing if the request is not 14 received within 14 days following the mailing of the probable cause notification. However, the Governor and Cabinet may on 15 16 its own motion require a public hearing and may conduct such further investigation as it deems necessary. 17

18 (9) If the Governor and Cabinet finds that a violation 19 occurred, it may reprimand the violator, censure the violator, 20 or prohibit the violator from lobbying all agencies for a 21 period not to exceed 2 years.

22 (10) Any person, when in doubt about the applicability and interpretation of this section to himself or herself in a 23 24 particular context, may submit in writing the facts of the 25 situation to the commission with a request for an advisory 26 opinion to establish the standard of duty. An advisory 27 opinion shall be rendered by the commission and, until amended 28 or revoked, shall be binding on the conduct of the person who 29 sought the opinion, unless material facts were omitted or misstated in the request. 30

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1 (11) Agencies shall be diligent to ascertain whether 2 persons required to register pursuant to this section have 3 complied. An agency may not knowingly permit a person who is not registered pursuant to this section to lobby the agency. 4 5 (12) Upon discovery of violations of this section an 6 agency or any person may file a sworn complaint with the 7 commission. 8 (13) The commission shall adopt rules to administer 9 this section, which shall prescribe forms for registration and expenditure reports, procedures for registration, and 10 11 procedures that will prevent disclosure of information that is 12 confidential as provided in this section. 13 Section 14. Subsections (9) and (10) of section 14 112.322, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 15 112.322 Duties and powers of commission .--16 (9) The Commission on Ethics shall report to the Special District Information Program of the Department of 17 18 Community Affairs, by November 1 each year, the names of 19 special district local officers certified as delinquent in 20 filing financial disclosure. 21 (9)<del>(10)</del> The commission is authorized to make such 22 rules not inconsistent with law as are necessary to carry out the duties and authority conferred upon the commission by s. 23 24 8, Art. II of the State Constitution or by this part. Such 25 rules shall be limited to: 26 (a) Rules providing for the practices and procedures 27 of the commission. 28 (b) Rules interpreting the disclosures and 29 prohibitions established by s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution and by this part. 30 31

66

HB 1763

1 (c) Such other rules as are specifically authorized by this part. 2 3 Section 15. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section 4 112.324, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 5 112.324 Procedures on complaints of violations.-б (1) Upon a written complaint executed on a form 7 prescribed by the commission and signed under oath or 8 affirmation by any person, or upon receipt of reliable and publicly disseminated information which at least seven of the 9 members of the commission deem sufficient to indicate a breach 10 11 of the public trust, the commission shall investigate any 12 alleged violation of this part or any other alleged breach of 13 the public trust within the jurisdiction of the commission as 14 provided in s. 8(f), Art. II of the State Constitution in accordance with procedures set forth herein. Within 5 days 15 16 after receipt of a complaint by the commission or after determination by the commission that information received is 17 deemed sufficient, a copy shall be transmitted to the alleged 18 violator. All proceedings, the complaint, and other records 19 20 relating to the preliminary investigation as provided herein, 21 or as provided by a Commission on Ethics and Public Trust 22 established by any county defined in s. 125.011(1), shall be confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1), 23 and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, either until 24 25 the alleged violator requests in writing that such 26 investigation and records be made public records or the 27 preliminary investigation is completed, notwithstanding any 28 provision of chapter 120 or s. 286.011 and s. 24(b), Art. I of the State Constitution. In no event shall a complaint under 29 this part against a candidate in any general, special, or 30 31 primary election be filed or any intention of filing such a 67

1 complaint be disclosed on the day of any such election or 2 within the 5 days immediately preceding the date of the 3 election. <u>The confidentiality provisions of</u> this subsection 4 <u>are is</u> repealed October 2, 2002, and must be reviewed by the 5 Legislature before that date in accordance with s. 119.15, the 6 Open Government Sunset Review Act of 1995.

7 (2) A preliminary investigation shall be undertaken by 8 the commission of each legally sufficient complaint over which the commission has jurisdiction to determine whether there is 9 probable cause to believe that a violation has occurred. If, 10 upon completion of the preliminary investigation, the 11 12 commission finds no probable cause to believe that this part 13 has been violated or that any other breach of the public trust 14 has been committed, the commission shall dismiss the complaint or proceeding with the issuance of a public report to the 15 16 complainant and the alleged violator, stating with particularity its reasons for dismissal of the complaint. At 17 that time, the complaint, the proceeding, and all materials 18 19 relating to the complaint and proceeding shall become a matter 20 of public record. If the commission finds from the preliminary investigation probable cause to believe that this part has 21 22 been violated or that any other breach of the public trust has been committed, it shall so notify the complainant and the 23 alleged violator in writing. Such notification and all 24 25 documents made or received in the disposition of the complaint 26 or proceeding shall then become public records. Upon request 27 submitted to the commission in writing, any person who the 28 commission finds probable cause to believe has violated any 29 provision of this part or has committed any other breach of the public trust shall be entitled to a public hearing. 30 Such 31 person shall be deemed to have waived the right to a public

68

hearing if the request is not received within 14 days 1 2 following the mailing of the probable cause notification 3 required by this subsection. However, the commission may on its own motion, require a public hearing, may conduct such 4 5 further investigation as it deems necessary, and may enter б into such stipulations and settlements as it finds to be just 7 and in the best interest of the State. The commission is 8 without jurisdiction to, and no respondent may voluntarily or involuntarily, enter into a stipulation or settlement which 9 imposes any penalty, including, but not limited to, a sanction 10 11 or admonition or any other penalty contained in s. 112.317. 12 Penalties shall be imposed only by the appropriate 13 disciplinary authority as designated in this section.

14 (3) If, in cases pertaining to current members of the 15 Legislature, upon completion of a full and final investigation 16 by the commission, the commission finds that there has been a violation of this part or of any provision of s. 8, Art. II of 17 the State Constitution, irrespective of whether the violative 18 19 act or omission occurred before or during the current member's 20 term of office, the commission shall forward a copy of the 21 complaint and its findings by certified mail to the President 22 of the Senate or the Speaker of the House of Representatives, whichever is applicable, who shall refer the complaint to the 23 appropriate committee for investigation and action which shall 24 be governed by the rules of its respective house. It shall be 25 the duty of the committee to report its final action upon the 26 27 complaint to the commission within 90 days of the date of 28 transmittal to the respective house. Upon request of the 29 committee, the commission shall submit a recommendation as to what penalty, if any, should be imposed. In the case of a 30 31 member of the Legislature, the house in which the member

HB 1763

serves shall have the power to invoke the penalty provisions 1 2 of this part. 3 Section 16. Subsection (6) of section 213.053, Florida 4 Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 5 213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing .-б (6) Any information received by the Department of 7 Revenue in connection with the administration of taxes, 8 including, but not limited to, information contained in 9 returns, reports, accounts, or declarations filed by persons subject to tax, shall be made available by the department to 10 11 the Auditor General or his or her authorized agent, the 12 Comptroller or his or her authorized agent, the Insurance 13 Commissioner or his or her authorized agent, the Treasurer or 14 his or her authorized agent, the Commission on Ethics or its authorized agent, or a property appraiser or tax collector or 15 16 their authorized agents pursuant to s. 195.084(1), in the performance of their official duties, or to designated 17 employees of the Department of Education solely for 18 19 determination of each school district's price level index 20 pursuant to s. 236.081(2); however, no information shall be disclosed to the Auditor General or his or her authorized 21 agent, the Comptroller or his or her authorized agent, the 22 Insurance Commissioner or his or her authorized agent, the 23 24 Treasurer or his or her authorized agent, the Commission on 25 Ethics or its authorized agent, or to a property appraiser or 26 tax collector or their authorized agents, or to designated 27 employees of the Department of Education if such disclosure is 28 prohibited by federal law. The Auditor General or his or her 29 authorized agent, the Comptroller or his or her authorized agent, the Treasurer or his or her authorized agent, the 30 Commission on Ethics or its authorized agent, and the property 31 70

appraiser or tax collector and their authorized agents, or 1 2 designated employees of the Department of Education shall be 3 subject to the same requirements of confidentiality and the 4 same penalties for violation of the requirements as the 5 department. For the purpose of this subsection, "designated б employees of the Department of Education" means only those 7 employees directly responsible for calculation of price level 8 indices pursuant to s. 236.081(2). It does not include the supervisors of such employees or any other employees or 9 elected officials within the Department of Education. 10 11 Section 17. Section 112.3232, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 12 13 112.3232 Compelled testimony.--If any person called to testify in a commission proceeding shall refuse to testify 14 15 because of a claim of possible self-incrimination, the 16 commission, after consultation with the appropriate state 17 attorney, may apply to the chief judge of the appropriate judicial circuit for a judicial grant of immunity ordering the 18 19 testimony of such person notwithstanding his or her objection, 20 but in such case no testimony or other information compelled under the order, or any information directly or indirectly 21 22 derived from such testimony or other information, may be used 23 against the witness in any criminal prosecution or commission 24 proceeding. 25 Section 18. Present subsections (7) and (8) of section 26 112.3185, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (8) 27 and (9), respectively, and a new subsection (7) is added to 28 that section to read: 29 112.3185 Additional standards for state agency 30 employees Contractual services. --

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

71

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1 (7) No agency employee shall, after retirement or 2 termination, represent another person or entity, except the 3 state, in any matter in which the employee participated 4 personally and substantially in his or her official capacity 5 through decision, approval, disapproval, recommendation, 6 rendering of advice, investigation, or otherwise while an 7 employee. 8 (8) (7) A violation of any provision of this section is punishable in accordance with s. 112.317. 9 10 (9)(8) This section is not applicable to any employee 11 of the Public Service Commission who was so employed on or before December 31, 1994. 12 13 Section 19. Section 286.012, Florida Statutes, is 14 amended to read: 15 286.012 Voting requirement at meetings of governmental 16 bodies.--No member of any state, county, or municipal governmental board, commission, or agency who is present at 17 any meeting of any such body at which an official decision, 18 19 ruling, or other official act is to be taken or adopted may 20 abstain from voting in regard to any such decision, ruling, or act; and a vote shall be recorded or counted for each such 21 member present, except when, with respect to any such member, 22 there is, or appears to be, a possible conflict of interest 23 under the provisions of part III of chapter 112 s. 112.311, s. 24 25 112.313, or s. 112.3143. If the member abstains from voting 26 on such a ground In such cases, said member shall comply with 27 the disclosure requirements of s. 112.3143. This section shall 28 not be construed as requiring a member to vote when the member is disqualified from participation under s. 120.665 or any 29 similar requirement of law. 30 31

72

HB 1763

Florida House of Representatives - 1999 54-350-99

1 Section 20. Subsection (6) of section 440.442, Florida 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 440.442 Code of Judicial Conduct. -- The Chief Judge, 3 4 and judges of compensation claims shall observe and abide by 5 the Code of Judicial Conduct as provided in this section. Any б material violation of a provision of the Code of Judicial 7 Conduct shall constitute either malfeasance or misfeasance in 8 office and shall be grounds for suspension and removal of such 9 Chief Judge, or judge of compensation claims by the Governor. 10 (6) FISCAL MATTERS OF JUDGES.--Fiscal matters of a 11 judge should be conducted in a manner that will not give the 12 appearance of influence or impropriety. A judge should 13 regularly file public reports as required by s. 8, Art. II of 14 the State Constitution, and should publicly report gifts. 15 (a) Compensation for quasi-judicial and extrajudicial 16 services and reimbursement of expenses. -- A judge may receive compensation and reimbursement of expenses for the 17 quasi-judicial and extrajudicial activities permitted by this 18 19 section, if the source of such payments does not give the 20 appearance of influencing the judge in his or her judicial 21 duties or otherwise give the impression of impropriety subject 22 to the following restrictions: 23 1. Compensation: Compensation should not exceed a 24 reasonable amount nor should it exceed what a person who is 25 not a judge would receive for the same activity. 26 2. Expense reimbursement: Expense reimbursement 27 should be limited to the actual cost of travel, food, and 28 lodging reasonably incurred by the judge and, where 29 appropriate to the occasion, to his or her spouse. Any payment in excess of such an amount is compensation. 30 31 (b) Public financial reporting.--73

1 Income and assets: A judge shall file such public 1. 2 reports as may be required by law for all public officials to 3 comply fully with the provisions of s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution. The form for public financial disclosure shall 4 5 be that recommended or adopted by the Florida Commission on б Ethics for use by all public officials. The form shall be 7 filed in the office of the Commission on Ethics Secretary of 8 State on the date prescribed by law. 9 2. Gifts: A judge shall file a public report of all gifts which are required to be disclosed under Canon 5D(5)(h) 10 11 s. 112 [Canon 5C(4)(c) of the Code of Judicial Conduct]. The 12 report of gifts received in the preceding calendar year shall 13 be filed in the office of the Commission on Ethics Secretary 14 of State on or before July 1 of each year. 15 Section 21. Section 914.21, Florida Statutes, is 16 amended to read: 914.21 Definitions.--As used in ss. 914.22-914.24, the 17 18 term: 19 "Bodily injury" means: (1) 20 (a) A cut, abrasion, bruise, burn, or disfigurement; 21 (b) Physical pain; 22 (C) Illness; Impairment of the function of a bodily member, 23 (d) organ, or mental faculty; or 24 25 Any other injury to the body, no matter how (e) 26 temporary. 27 "Misleading conduct" means: (2) 28 (a) Knowingly making a false statement; 29 Intentionally omitting information from a (b) 30 statement and thereby causing a portion of such statement to 31

HB 1763

be misleading, or intentionally concealing a material fact and 1 2 thereby creating a false impression by such statement; 3 (c) With intent to mislead, knowingly submitting or 4 inviting reliance on a writing or recording that is false, 5 forged, altered, or otherwise lacking in authenticity; (d) With intent to mislead, knowingly submitting or 6 7 inviting reliance on a sample, specimen, map, photograph, 8 boundary mark, or other object that is misleading in a 9 material respect; or 10 (e) Knowingly using a trick, scheme, or device with 11 intent to mislead. 12 (3) "Official investigation" means any investigation 13 instituted by a law enforcement agency or prosecuting officer 14 of the state or a political subdivision of the state, or any investigation conducted by the Florida Commission on Ethics. 15 16 (4) "Official proceeding" means: 17 (a) A proceeding before a judge or court or a grand 18 jury; 19 (b) A proceeding before the Legislature; or 20 (c) A proceeding before a federal agency which is 21 authorized by law. 22 (d) A proceeding before the Florida Commission on 23 Ethics. 24 "Physical force" means physical action against (5) 25 another and includes confinement. 26 Section 22. Sections 839.08, 839.09, 839.091, and 27 839.10, Florida Statutes, are repealed. 28 Section 23. The sum of \$193,950 is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Commission on Ethics to 29 administer the responsibilities imposed by the act. 30 31

1		Section	24.	This	act	shall	take	effect	January	1,
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2	HOUSE SUMMARY
3	Revises provisions relating to ethics to:
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5	<ol> <li>Transfer jurisdiction over complaints alleging a violation of the prohibition on postemployment lobbying by certain legislative employees to the Legislature.</li> </ol>
6	2. Prohibit certain legislative employees from lobbying the Legislature for compensation for a period of
7	2 years following legislative employment. 3. Revise the reporting requirements for full and
8	public disclosure of financial interests; transfer filing administration from the Secretary of State to the
9	Commission on Ethics; modify the filing location for officers from the Secretary of State to the commission;
10 11	establish an automatic fine system for delinquent filers and nonfilers; require former officers and employees to file a final disclosure of financial interests no later
12	than 60 days following departure; and require the commission to adopt rules and forms relating to filing
13	amended full and public disclosure of financial interests.
14	4. Revise the reporting requirements for limited statutory disclosure of financial interests; transfer
15	filing administration from the Secretary of State to the Commission on Ethics; modify the filing location for
16	state officers and specified state employees from the Secretary of State to the commission; modify
17	certification requirements of supervisors of elections with regard to delinquent filers and nonfilers; establish
18	an automatic fine system for delinquent filers and nonfilers; require former officers and employees to file
19	a final statement of financial interests within 60 days after leaving office or employment; modify reporting
20	dates for filing quarterly reports of the names of clients represented before certain agencies for a fee;
21	and require the commission to adopt rules and forms relating to amended financial disclosure filings.
22	5. Direct the commission to prescribe forms for financial disclosure statements.
23	6. Establish a reimbursement deadline with regard to the valuation of gifts received by reporting individuals: clarify that the gifts law applies to
24	individuals; clarify that the gifts law applies to candidates; extend the gifts law to include nonincumbents
25	elected to office for the period immediately following election but before officially taking office; transfer
26	the filing administration for gift disclosure from the Secretary of State to the commission; change standards
27	for determining the value of gifts; and authorize the Technological Research and Development Authority to
28	provide certain gifts for a public purpose. 7. Transfer filing administration for honoraria
29	disclosure from the Department of State to the commission.
30	8. Clarify that the proper sanction authority in the case of a current state legislator who commits an act
31	in violation of the ethics code prior to joining the Legislature is vested in the house in which the legislator serves; and authorize the commission to 77

1 investigate alleged ethics violations on its own authority under certain circumstances. 9. Extend the witness-tampering laws to include 2 Commission on Ethics investigations and proceedings. 3 10. Repeal provisions which authorize the Commission on Ethics to grant extensions of time for filing financial disclosure statements. 11. Authorize the Commission on E 4 Authorize the Commission on Ethics to recommend how restitution may be paid; entitle the Attorney General to reimbursement of fees and costs associated with collecting civil and restitution penalties imposed for 5 6 ethics violations; and remove a criminal penalty related to the disclosure of confidential information brought before the commission. 7 12. Modify reporting period and dates for filing executive branch lobbying reports. 13. Authorize the Commission on Ethics to access 8 9 13. Authorize the Commission on Ethics to access Department of Revenue information received in connection with the administration of taxes. 14. Transfer the filing location for public financial reporting by judges of compensation claims from the Secretary of State to the Commission on Ethics; and clarify that the Code of Judicial Conduct governs the reporting of gifts for judges of compensation claims. 15. Repeal provisions which provide criminal penalties for offenses by public officers and employees relating to the purchase of supplies or materials and the bidding for public work. 16. Clarify that conflict of interest provisions 10 11 12 13 14 bldding for public work. 16. Clarify that conflict of interest provisions apply to certain indirect business relationships; extend the prohibition against the use of inside public information to former officers and employees; modify exemptions to the conflict of interest provision of the othics code and the prohibition against doing business 15 16 17 ethics code and the prohibition against doing business with one's own agency; and clarify the conflict of interest exemption for elected officers who maintain an 18 employment relationship with a tax-exempt organization. 17. Authorize the commission to seek immunity for 19 Authorize the commission to seek immunity for certain witnesses. 18. Prohibit 20 18. Prohibit retired employees from certain representations of others. 19. Prohibit certain public officials from voting 21 22 on certain matters. 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31