Florida Senate - 1999

By Senators Dyer, Klein, Rossin, Kurth, Holzendorf and Jones

	14-1411-99
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to school safety; creating the
3	"Safe and Secure Schools Act"; providing
4	legislative intent; creating the Safe and
5	Secure Schools Commission for the purpose of
6	ensuring a safe environment in the public
7	schools; providing duties of the commission;
8	requiring that the commission prepare reports
9	and make recommendations to the Legislature;
10	providing for the membership of the commission;
11	providing for terms of office; providing for
12	per diem and travel expenses; requiring each
13	district school board to appoint a coordinator
14	of district schools security; providing duties
15	of the coordinator; requiring that the
16	coordinator maintain records and conduct onsite
17	school visits; providing for certain school
18	districts to employ a regional coordinator;
19	requiring the Department of Education to create
20	a uniform incident-reporting system for the
21	state; providing legislative intent; specifying
22	the offenses and incidents occurring on school
23	property which must be reported to the
24	Department of Education and the Safe and Secure
25	Schools Commission; requiring the reporting of
26	additional disciplinary incidents; providing
27	for an arrest of a student or staff member to
28	be reported to the principal; providing for the
29	collection and dissemination of school safety
30	data; amending s. 230.2316, F.S.; providing
31	additional eligibility criteria for a student
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1	to be enrolled in a dropout prevention program;
2	amending ss. 230.23175, 230.2318, F.S.;
3	providing for the coordinator of district
4	schools security to coordinate the duties of
5	the school safety officers and the school
6	resource officers; amending s. 230.23185, F.S.;
7	providing for telephone calls to be received
8	anonymously by a school safety hotline;
9	amending s. 231.087, F.S.; providing additional
10	duties of the Florida Council on Educational
11	Management with respect to the training
12	required to manage disciplinary and crisis
13	situations; amending s. 231.17, F.S.; providing
14	an additional minimum competency for teacher
15	certification; amending s. 231.24, F.S.;
16	providing for training in crisis management for
17	renewal of teacher certification; providing an
18	effective date.
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20	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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22	Section 1. Short titleThis act may be cited as the
23	Safe and Secure Schools Act.
24	Section 2. Legislative intentIt is the intent of
25	the Legislature that the state's public school students and
26	staff members be secure whenever they are on school premises
27	for school-sanctioned programs, events, or activities. To this
28	end, the state shall implement preventative and interventional
29	measures to ensure the safety and well-being of persons on
30	public school campuses by creating a uniform system of safety
31	and security. This uniform system is intended to promote
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1 shared knowledge concerning the prevention of crime, delinquency, disruptive behavior, and other crises in schools; 2 3 require accountability and responsibility in implementing school safety measures; and provide a physical atmosphere that 4 5 is conducive to successful learning in the state's public б schools. 7 Section 3. The Safe and Secure Schools 8 Commission.--The Safe and Secure Schools Commission is created 9 for the purpose of ensuring that the state is progressing towards providing the safest, most secure environment for 10 11 children, teachers, and staff in the public schools. (1)(a) The commission shall review programs in school 12 districts throughout the state which relate to school safety, 13 security, and discipline, and shall make recommendations to 14 school districts, the Department of Education, and the 15 Legislature for ensuring that districts are implementing 16 17 programs and policies that lessen the incidents of criminality and disruption on school campuses. The commission shall: 18 19 1. Conduct onsite visits of individual school districts and schools in order to evaluate the effectiveness 20 21 of the safety measures employed by the schools and the 22 districts. 23 2. Review financial records as necessary to determine 24 if moneys designated for school safety programs are being spent effectively and as intended. 25 26 The commission may recommend that the Office of (b) 27 Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability perform an onsite visit, conduct an audit, or contract with a public 28 29 or private entity that has appropriate experience and training 30 in determining the effectiveness of safety measures employed 31 by schools and school districts.

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1 (2)(a) The commission shall research and prepare a comprehensive report on successful crime prevention, 2 3 intervention, and management practices for public schools. To the extent possible, the report must detail: 4 5 Successful programs employed by schools within the 1. б nation and the state. 7 The reasons for the success and failure of various 2. 8 programs. 9 3. The general profiles of schools that implement 10 successful programs. 11 4. The cost factors associated with implementing 12 individual programs. The commission shall research and prepare a report 13 (b) on the training needs of school principals and instructional 14 staff with respect to incident reporting, crisis prevention 15 and management, intervention, and other areas determined 16 appropriate by the commission. 17 The commission shall use information gathered for 18 (3) 19 the report as the basis for recommendations, as necessary, to school districts and schools as to how to improve school 20 21 safety and security. Schools and school districts are 22 encouraged to request site visits and program recommendations from the commission or its representatives at any mutually 23 24 agreed-upon time. (4) The commission shall, by January 1, 2001, make 25 recommendations to the President of the Senate and the Speaker 26 27 of the House of Representatives for implementing a system of performance-based funding measures and incentives to be used 28 29 in determining funding to enhance safety, discipline, and 30 security programs in public schools. 31

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1 (5) The commission shall consist of the following members: 2 3 Three educators who are not members of a school (a) board, to be appointed as follows: 4 5 One member appointed by the Governor from a school 1. б district of more than 100,000 students. One member appointed by the President of the Senate 7 2. 8 from a school district of 35,001 to 99,999 students. 9 3. One member appointed by the Speaker of the House of 10 Representatives from a school district of not more than 35,000 11 students. (b) Three members who have a background in law 12 enforcement or security, to be appointed as follows: 13 One member appointed by the Governor. 14 1. 15 2. One member appointed by the President of the 16 Senate. 17 3. One member appointed by the Speaker of the House of 18 Representatives. 19 (C) The president of the Parent-Teacher Association of 20 Florida, or his or her designee who must be a member of the 21 association. The coordinator of the Safe Schools Program for 22 (d) the Department of Education. 23 24 (e) An official of the Department of Education, 25 designated by the Commissioner of Education. 26 The director of security for the Department of Law (f) 27 Enforcement, or his or her designee. (6) Members appointed by the Governor, the President 28 29 of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives 30 shall be appointed to terms of 4 years each. However, the initial appointments shall be for staggered terms of office. 31 5

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1	(a) Any vacancy on the commission shall be filled in
2	the same manner as the original appointment, and any member
3	appointed to fill a vacancy occurring because of death,
4	resignation, or ineligibility for membership shall serve only
5	for the unexpired term of the member's predecessor. A member
6	is eligible for reappointment.
7	(b) Members of the commission shall serve without
8	compensation, but are entitled to reimbursement for per diem
9	and travel expenses as provided in section 112.061, Florida
10	Statutes.
11	(c) The commission shall designate a chairperson from
12	among its members. The commission shall meet at least
13	quarterly or upon the call of the chairperson.
14	Section 4. Coordinators of district schools
15	security
16	(1) Subject to legislative appropriation, each
17	district school board shall appoint a coordinator of district
18	schools security. To the extent possible, a coordinator must
19	have prior experience as a law enforcement officer, as defined
20	in section 943.10, Florida Statutes.
21	(2)(a) The coordinator shall oversee and maintain all
22	district programs that relate to student and staff safety
23	whenever students or staff are on school district property for
24	school purposes or activities. To that end, the coordinator
25	may recommend school safety programs to be approved by the
26	district school board.
27	(b) The coordinator shall coordinate programs with
28	officials of the United States Department of Education; the
29	state Department of Education; and other commissions, local
30	law enforcement agencies, and entities as necessary and as
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1 approved by the district school board to ensure the safety and security of district students and personnel. 2 3 (c) The coordinator shall maintain district records of incidents of crime, violence, or other reportable actions on 4 5 district property and school campuses. In addition, the б coordinator shall maintain records of off-campus offenses that 7 involve students enrolled in the district's public schools. 8 The coordinator shall conduct onsite visits to (d) 9 schools within the district to ensure that district safety and 10 security measures approved by the school board are being 11 implemented. (e) The coordinator shall coordinate the efforts of 12 school safety officers, as defined in section 230.23175, 13 Florida Statutes, and school resource officers, as defined in 14 section 230.2318, Florida Statutes, as specified by the 15 district school board, and in consultation with school 16 17 principals in order to aid in providing a uniform system of district security. 18 19 (f) The coordinator shall make recommendations to the school superintendent on training school principals in 20 21 reporting incidents and other training as is necessary to successfully implement the school safety program. 22 23 (3) School districts with fewer than 35,000 students 24 which are located in contiguous counties may, pursuant to agreement, employ a regional coordinator of district schools 25 security. The combined student population of school districts 26 27 that enter into an agreement as provided under this subsection 28 may not exceed 150,000 students. 29 Section 5. Uniform incident-reporting system .--30 (1) LEGISLATIVE INTENT. -- The Department of Education, in consultation with the Safe and Secure Schools Commission 31 7

1 and the Department of Juvenile Justice, shall create a uniform incident-reporting system for the state. The Legislature 2 3 intends that this system of reporting allow information to be obtained as immediately as possible by all school districts 4 5 and the department. In addition, the Legislature intends that б this system of reporting include all acts of criminality, 7 disorder, and disciplinary actions on school campuses, 8 including those that involve nonstudents. (2) REPORTABLE INCIDENTS. -- The following incidents of 9 crime, delinquency, disorder, and disruption which occur on 10 11 the grounds of a public school shall be reported to the Department of Education and the Safe and Secure Schools 12 13 Commission: (a) Alcohol possession. -- A violation of laws or 14 ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, 15 transportation, possession, or use of intoxicating alcoholic 16 17 beverages. Such a violation includes being intoxicated at school, at a school-sponsored event, or while riding a school 18 19 transportation vehicle. Use of alcohol shall be reported only if a student is caught in the act of using alcohol, is tested, 20 21 and is found to be using alcohol by a law enforcement officer or is discovered to have used alcohol during the course of an 22 investigation. This paragraph does not require that students 23 be tested for alcohol use, and a school need not report the 24 25 suspicion of alcohol use. (b) Arson.--The offense of arson, which includes 26 27 willfully and unlawfully, or while in the commission of any 28 felony, damaging by fire or explosion any: 29 Dwelling whether occupied or not, or its contents; 1. 30 2. Structure, or contents thereof, where persons are

31 normally present; or

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-	5. Other structure that the person knew of had
2	reasonable grounds to believe was occupied by a human being.
3	(c) BatteryThe offense of battery, which is the
4	actual and intentional touching or striking of another person
5	against his or her will or intentionally causing bodily harm
б	to an individual. This offense includes a physical attack by
7	one individual against another individual, an attack with a
8	weapon that causes serious bodily harm to the victim, or the
9	actual placement of a bomb or the sending of a bomb through
10	the mail, regardless of whether the bomb detonates.
11	(d) Disorderly conduct The offense of disorderly
12	conduct, which is any act that substantially disrupts the
13	orderly conduct of a school function; behavior that
14	substantially disrupts the orderly learning environment; or
15	conduct that poses a threat to the health, safety, or welfare
16	of students, staff, or others. If the action results in a more
17	serious offense being committed, the more serious offense must
18	be reported.
19	(e) Drug possessionA violation of laws relating to
20	drug possession, excluding alcohol offenses, which includes
21	the unlawful use, cultivation, manufacture, distribution,
22	sale, purchase, possession, transportation, or importation of
23	any controlled drug or narcotic substance, or of equipment or
24	a device used for preparing or taking drugs or narcotics. Such
25	a violation includes being under the influence of drugs at
26	school, at a school-sponsored event, or while riding a school
27	transportation vehicle. Use of drugs shall be reported only if
28	a student is caught in the act of using drugs, is tested, and
29	is found to be using drugs by a law enforcement officer or is
30	discovered to have used drugs during the course of an
31	investigation. This paragraph does not require that students
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be tested for drug use, and a school need not report the 1 suspicion of drug use. An over-the-counter medication shall be 2 3 considered a drug under this paragraph if the medication is misused by the student. The use of tobacco is not a drug 4 5 offense under this paragraph. б (f) Fighting.--The offense of fighting, which includes 7 mutual participation in a fight that involves physical 8 violence, involves more than one offender, and does not result in major injury. An offense under this paragraph does not 9 include a verbal confrontation, tussles, or other minor 10 11 confrontations. (g) Homicide.--The offense of homicide, which includes 12 murder; the unlawful killing of a human being; and 13 manslaughter, which is the killing of a human being by the act 14 of procurement or culpable negligence of another without 15 lawful justification. 16 17 (h) Kidnapping.--The offense of kidnapping, which includes forcibly, secretly, or by threat confining, 18 19 abducting, or imprisoning another person against his or her will and without lawful authority, with intent to: 20 Hold for ransom or reward or as a shield or 21 1. 22 hostage; 2. Commit or facilitate commission of any felony; 23 24 3. Inflict bodily harm upon or to terrorize the victim 25 or another person; or Interfere with the performance of any governmental 26 4. 27 or political function. (i) Motor vehicle theft.--The offense of motor vehicle 28 29 theft, which is the theft or attempted theft of a motor 30 vehicle. 31

1	(j) RobberyThe offense of robbery, which is the
2	taking or attempting to take anything of value which is owned
3	by another person or organization, under confrontational
4	circumstances, by force or violence or threat of force or
5	violence, or by putting the victim in fear. The offense of
6	robbery involves battery or a threat of battery.
7	(k) Larceny or theftThe offense of larceny or
8	theft, which is the unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or
9	riding away of property of another person without threat,
10	violence, or bodily harm. The offense includes pocket picking;
11	purse or backpack snatching, if the item taken is left
12	unattended or no force is used to take the item from the
13	owner; theft of accessories; theft of bicycles; theft from a
14	machine or device that is operated or activated by the use of
15	a coin or token; and all other types of larcenies. This
16	offense includes the theft of items such as a car stereo,
17	speakers, or hub caps.
18	(1) Sexual batteryThe offense of sexual battery,
19	which includes oral, anal, or vaginal penetration by, or union
20	with, the sexual organ of another or the anal or vaginal
21	penetration of another by any other object.
22	(m) Sexual harassmentThe offense of sexual
23	harassment, which is:
24	1. Discriminating against a student in any course or
25	program of study in any school, in evaluating academic
26	achievement, or providing benefits, privileges, and placement
27	services on the basis of that student's submission to or
28	rejection of sexual advances or requests for sexual favors by
29	administrators, staff, teachers, students, or other school
30	board employees.
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1	2. Creating or allowing to exist an atmosphere of
2	sexual harassment, consisting of deliberate, repeated, and
3	unsolicited physical actions, gestures, or verbal or written
4	comments of a sexual nature, when such conduct has the purpose
5	or effect of interfering with a student's academic performance
6	or creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive learning
7	environment.
8	(n) Sexual offensesSexual offenses, which includes
9	sexual intercourse, sexual conduct, or other unlawful behavior
10	or conduct intended to result in sexual gratification without
11	force or threat of force and where the victim is capable of
12	giving consent. The offense includes indecent exposure and
13	obscenity.
14	(o) Threats or intimidationThe use of verbal
15	threats or intimidation that unlawfully place another person
16	in fear of bodily harm, without displaying a weapon or
17	subjecting the person to actual physical attack.
18	(p) Tobacco useThe use of tobacco, which includes
19	possession, use, distribution, or sale of tobacco products on
20	school grounds, at school-sponsored events, or while riding a
21	school transportation vehicle.
22	(q) TrespassingThe offense of trespassing,
23	consisting of entering or remaining on a public school campus
24	or school board facility without authorization or invitation
25	and with no lawful purpose for entry, including trespassing by
26	a student under suspension or expulsion or an unauthorized
27	person who enters or remains on campus or within a school
28	board facility after being directed to leave by the chief
29	administrator or designee of the facility, campus, or
30	function.
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1 (r) Vandalism.--The offense of vandalism, which is the willful or malicious destruction, damage, or defacement of 2 3 public or private property, real or personal, without the 4 consent of the owner or the person who has custody or control 5 of the property. This offense includes the marking of б graffiti. 7 (s) Weapons possession. -- The offense of weapons 8 possession, which includes the possession of: 9 1. A firearm, as defined in Title 18, United States 10 Code, Section 921, which will, is designed to, or may readily 11 be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an 12 explosive. 2. Firearm components or attachments, or any 13 combination of parts, designed or intended for use in 14 converting any device into a destructive device that expels a 15 projectile, or an explosive, incendiary, or poison gas, and 16 17 from which a destructive device may be readily assembled. This 18 includes the frame or receiver of any weapon designed to be 19 converted to expel a projectile or any firearm muffler or 20 silencer. 21 3. An explosive, incendiary, or poison gas, including any chemical compound or mixture that has the property of 22 yielding readily to combustion or oxidation upon application 23 24 of heat, flame, or shock, including, but not limited to, dynamite, nitroglycerin, trinitrotoluene, ammonium nitrate 25 when combined with other ingredients to form an explosive 26 27 mixture, blasting caps, or detonators. 28 4. Any other weapon used or intended to be used as an 29 instrument or object to inflict harm on another person, or to 30 intimidate any person. 31

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1	(3) DOCUMENTATION REQUIREDEach school district
2	shall require each principal in grades kindergarten through
3	grade 12 within its jurisdiction to document all incidents of
4	crime, delinquency, disorder, or disruption that occur on
5	public school grounds or that involve a public school student
6	or district staff member. In addition to the offenses listed
7	in subsection (2), each school principal shall document:
8	(a) Incidents for which a student is referred for
9	disciplinary action;
10	(b) Noncriminal incidents that are instigated by
11	nonstudents or nonstaff persons on school property; and
12	(c) Incidents that the district is required to report
13	to a law enforcement agency under section 230.235, Florida
14	Statutes.
15	(4) REPORTS OF ARRESTS Subject to mutual agreement
16	between each school district and the county sheriff's office
17	or local police department and to the extent possible, any
18	arrest of a public school student or a district staff member
19	which occurs outside of school property shall be reported to
20	the principal of the school where the student is enrolled or
21	where the staff member is employed by the law enforcement
22	agency that makes the arrest. The principal shall document all
23	such reports of arrests.
24	(5) REPORTS TO SCHOOL DISTRICTSEach school
25	principal shall report all documented incidents to the
26	appropriate school district personnel responsible for
27	collecting and disseminating school safety data.
28	Section 6. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section
29	230.2316, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to
30	read:
31	230.2316 Dropout prevention
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1 (3) STUDENT ELIGIBILITY AND PROGRAM CRITERIA.--2 (c) A student shall be identified as being a potential 3 dropout based upon one of the following criteria: The student has shown a lack of motivation in 4 1. 5 school through grades which are not commensurate with б documented ability levels or high absenteeism or habitual 7 truancy as defined in s. 228.041(28). 8 2. The student has not been successful in school as determined by retentions, failing grades, or low achievement 9 10 test scores and has needs and interests that cannot be met 11 through traditional programs. The student has been identified as a potential 12 3. school dropout by student services personnel using district 13 criteria. District criteria that are used as a basis for 14 student referral to an educational alternatives program shall 15 identify specific student performance indicators that the 16 17 educational alternative program seeks to address. 18 The student has documented drug-related or 4. 19 alcohol-related problems, or has immediate family members with 20 documented drug-related or alcohol-related problems that 21 adversely affect the student's performance in school. The student has a history of disruptive behavior in 22 5. school or has committed an offense that warrants out-of-school 23 24 suspension or expulsion from school according to the district 25 code of student conduct. For the purposes of this program, "disruptive behavior" is behavior that: 26 27 Interferes with the student's own learning or the a. 28 educational process of others and requires attention and 29 assistance beyond that which the traditional program can 30 provide or results in frequent conflicts of a disruptive 31 15

1 nature while the student is under the jurisdiction of the 2 school either in or out of the classroom; or 3 Severely threatens the general welfare of students h or others with whom the student comes into contact. 4 5 The student is assigned to a program provided 6. б pursuant to chapter 39, chapter 984, or chapter 985 which is 7 sponsored by a state-based or community-based agency or is 8 operated or contracted for by the Department of Children and 9 Family Services or the Department of Juvenile Justice. 10 7. The student is the child of a custodial or 11 noncustodial parent or legal guardian who is currently incarcerated or has been determined to be an habitual felony 12 offender or a violent career criminal, as defined in s. 13 14 775.084. Section 7. Subsection (2) of section 230.23175, 15 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 16 17 230.23175 School safety officers.--18 (2) A district school board may commission one or more 19 school safety officers for the protection and safety of school 20 personnel, property, and students within the school district. The district school superintendent may recommend and the 21 school board may appoint one or more school safety officers. 22 The duties of the school safety officer shall be coordinated 23 24 by the school principal and the coordinator of district 25 schools security. Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 26 27 230.2318, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 28 230.2318 School resource officer program.--29 (2) SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICER CERTIFICATION; DUTIES AND 30 RESPONSIBILITIES. --31

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1	(b) School resource officers shall abide by school
2	board policies and shall consult with and coordinate
3	activities through the school principal and the coordinator of
4	district schools security, but shall be responsible to the law
5	enforcement agency in all matters relating to employment,
б	subject to agreements between a school board and a law
7	enforcement agency. Activities conducted by the school
8	resource officer which are part of the regular instructional
9	program of the school shall be under the direction of the
10	principal.
11	Section 9. Subsections (2) and (4) of section
12	230.23185, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
13	230.23185 Statewide crime watch program
14	(2) A toll-free school safety hotline may be created
15	and maintained to provide an avenue for students to report
16	criminal activity, such as violations of the code of student
17	conduct, and to enhance the safety and welfare of students,
18	faculty, and staff. A person who receives calls made to the
19	school safety hotline shall be anonymous and may not identify
20	the organization or agency that is responsible for receiving
21	the calls, except that the caller may be notified that the
22	organization or agency receiving the call is not a law
23	enforcement agency if that is in fact the case.
24	(4)(a) The department may contract with the Florida
25	Sheriffs Association to establish and operate a statewide
26	toll-free school safety hotline for the purpose of reporting
27	incidents that affect the safety and well-being of the
28	school's population.
29	(b) The toll-free school safety hotline is to be a
30	conduit for any person to anonymously report activity that
31	affects the safety and well-being of the school's population.
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A person who receives calls made to the school safety hotline shall be anonymous and may not identify the organization or agency that is responsible for receiving the calls, except that the caller may be notified that the organization or agency receiving the call is not a law enforcement agency if that is in fact the case.

7 (c) There may not be an award or monetary benefit for
8 reporting an incident through the toll-free school safety
9 hotline.

10 (d) The toll-free school safety hotline shall be 11 operated in a manner that ensures that a designated school official is notified of a complaint received through the 12 hotline if the complaint concerns that school. A complaint 13 that concerns an actionable offense must be reported to the 14 designated official within a reasonable time after the 15 complaint is made. An actionable offense is an incident that 16 17 could directly affect the safety or well-being of a person or 18 property within a school.

(e) If a toll-free school safety hotline is 19 established by contract with the Florida Sheriffs Association, 20 21 the Florida Sheriffs Association shall produce a quarterly report that evaluates the incidents that have been reported to 22 the hotline. This report shall be forwarded to the coordinator 23 24 of district schools security and This information may be used 25 to evaluate future school safety educational needs and the need for prevention programs as the school board considers 26 27 necessary.

28 Section 10. Subsection (3) of section 231.087, Florida
29 Statutes, is amended to read:

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1 231.087 Management Training Act; Florida Council on 2 Educational Management; Florida Academy for School Leaders; 3 Center for Interdisciplinary Advanced Graduate Study .--(3) DUTIES OF COUNCIL. -- The council shall have the 4 5 following duties: 6 (a) To identify those competencies which characterize 7 high-performing principals and other managers in the public 8 schools of this state. 9 (b) To validate through scientific research the 10 identified competencies. 11 To identify standards and procedures for measuring (C) and evaluating performance of the identified competencies. 12 13 To identify the training processes required for (d) 14 school managers to acquire the identified competencies and to develop training materials which cannot be obtained from 15 16 existing sources. 17 (e) In consultation with the Safe and Secure Schools 18 Commission, to identify the training processes required for 19 school managers to effectively anticipate and manage 20 disciplinary and crisis situations or other situations that may affect the safety and security of students and staff and 21 22 the security of school campuses. 23 (f) (e) To identify the procedures necessary to develop 24 and implement a program of competency certification for school 25 managers. (g)(f) To develop the policies and procedures 26 27 necessary to adopt and implement a compensation program for 28 school managers which is based on successful performance of 29 the identified competencies. 30 (h)(g) To identify criteria for the screening, 31 selection, and appointment of school managers. 19

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(i)(h) To develop and approve guidelines for the approval of school district training programs used for the certification of principals.

4 <u>(j)(i)</u> To establish an educational management and
5 development network to facilitate communication, involvement,
6 and mutual assistance among the educational managers.

7 (k)(j) To serve as the Board of Directors of the
8 Florida Academy for School Leaders.

9 (1) (k) To report no later than September 1 of each 10 year for the previous fiscal year to the Commissioner of 11 Education, the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the chairs of the 12 13 Senate and House of Representatives committees on public school education on the expenditures, activities, and 14 15 accomplishments of the council, the academy, and the Center for Interdisciplinary Advanced Graduate Study. Such report 16 17 shall also include a statement of the objectives and overall program for the coming year, the recommended level of funding 18 19 for the overall program for that year, and any other 20 recommendations deemed by the council to be appropriate. (m)(1) To perform such additional studies and 21 22 activities as are necessary to achieve the purpose of this 23 act. 24 Section 11. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 25 231.17, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 231.17 Official statements of eligibility and 26 27 certificates granted on application to those meeting

28 prescribed requirements.--

29 (5) MINIMUM COMPETENCIES FOR PROFESSIONAL 30 CERTIFICATE.--

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1 (a) The state board must specify, by rule, the minimum 2 essential competencies that educators must possess and 3 demonstrate in order to qualify to teach students the standards of student performance adopted by the state board. 4 5 The minimum competencies must include but are not limited to б the ability to: 7 1. Write in a logical and understandable style with 8 appropriate grammar and sentence structure. 9 2. Read, comprehend, and interpret professional and 10 other written material. 11 3. Comprehend and work with fundamental mathematical 12 concepts. 13 4. Recognize the potential of and intervene in 14 disciplinary, disruptive, or crisis situations. This subparagraph applies to all applicants seeking certification 15 after September 1, 1999. 16 17 5.4. Recognize signs of severe emotional distress in students and apply techniques of crisis intervention with an 18 19 emphasis on suicide prevention and positive emotional 20 development. 6.5. Recognize signs of alcohol and drug abuse in 21 22 students and apply counseling techniques with emphasis on intervention and prevention of future abuse. 23 24 7.6. Recognize the physical and behavioral indicators 25 of child abuse and neglect, know rights and responsibilities regarding reporting, know how to care for a child's needs 26 after a report is made, and know recognition, intervention, 27 28 and prevention strategies pertaining to child abuse and 29 neglect which can be related to children in a classroom setting in a nonthreatening, positive manner. 30 31

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8.7. Comprehend patterns of physical, social, and
ic development in students, including exceptional

2 academic development in students, including exceptional 3 students in the regular classroom, and counsel these students 4 concerning their needs in these areas.

5 <u>9.8</u>. Recognize and be aware of the instructional needs
6 of exceptional students.

7 <u>10.9.</u> Comprehend patterns of normal development in
8 students and employ appropriate intervention strategies for
9 disorders of development.

10 <u>11.10.</u> Identify and comprehend the codes and standards 11 of professional ethics, performance, and practices adopted 12 pursuant to s. 231.546(2)(b), the grounds for disciplinary 13 action provided by s. 231.28, and the procedures for resolving 14 complaints filed pursuant to this chapter, including appeal 15 processes.

16 <u>12.11.</u> Recognize and demonstrate awareness of the 17 educational needs of students who have limited proficiency in 18 English and employ appropriate teaching strategies.

19 <u>13.12.</u> Use appropriate technology in teaching and 20 learning processes.

21 <u>14.13.</u> Use assessment strategies to assist the 22 continuous development of the learner.

23 <u>15.14.</u> Use teaching and learning strategies that
24 include considering each student's culture, learning styles,
25 special needs, and socioeconomic background.

26 <u>16.15.</u> Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the 27 subject matter that is aligned with the subject knowledge and 28 skills specified in the student performance standards approved 29 by the state board.

30 Section 12. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 31 231.24, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

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following requirements must be met:

certificates.--

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231.24 Process for renewal of professional (3) For the renewal of a professional certificate, the

5 (a) The applicant must earn a minimum of 6 college 6 credits or 120 inservice points or a combination thereof. For 7 each area of specialization to be retained on a certificate, 8 the applicant must earn at least 3 of the required credit 9 hours or equivalent inservice points in the specialization 10 area. Education in "clinical educator" training pursuant to s. 11 240.529(5)(b) and credits or points that provide training in the area of exceptional student education, normal child 12 13 development, and the disorders of development may be applied toward any specialization area. Credits or points that provide 14 training in the areas of the prevention of drug abuse, child 15 abuse, and neglect; - strategies in teaching students having 16 17 limited proficiency in English; , or dropout prevention; or the 18 management of crisis situations; - or training in areas 19 identified in the educational goals and performance standards 20 adopted pursuant to ss. 229.591(3) and 229.592 may be applied 21 toward any specialization area. Applicants are highly 22 encouraged to earn credits or points in these areas, and a school principal or supervisor must earn at least one credit, 23 24 or the equivalent points, in at least one of these areas. 25 Credits or points earned through approved summer institutes may be applied toward the fulfillment of these requirements. 26 27 Inservice points may also be earned by participation in 28 professional growth components approved by the State Board of 29 Education and specified pursuant to s. 236.0811 in the district's approved master plan for inservice educational 30 31 training, including, but not limited to, serving as a trainer

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in an approved teacher training activity, serving on an instructional materials committee or a state board or commission that deals with educational issues, or serving on an advisory council created pursuant to s. 229.58. Section 13. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law. SENATE SUMMARY Creates the "Safe and Secure Schools Act." Establishes the Safe and Secure Schools Commission. Requires that the commission prepare reports and make recommendations to commission prepare reports and make recommendations to the Legislature for ensuring a safe environment in the public schools. Provides for district school boards to appoint a coordinator of district schools security, subject to legislative appropriation. Requires that the coordinator maintain records and conduct onsite school visits. Requires that the Department of Education create a uniform incident-reporting system for the state. Specifies the offenses and incidents occurring on school property that must be reported to the Department of property that must be reported to the Department of Education and to the Safe and Secure Schools Commission. Requires that school safety data be collected and disseminated. (See bill for details.)