Florida Senate - 1999

By Senators Dyer, Klein, Rossin, Kurth, Holzendorf and Jones

14-740A-99 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to public school choice; 3 amending s. 228.057, F.S.; providing a 4 declaration of public policy; providing that 5 school districts must offer controlled open 6 enrollment in the public schools; providing a 7 date of implementation; providing an exemption; providing a deadline for submitting revised 8 9 open enrollment plans to the Department of Education; requiring the department to 10 recommend incentives; providing an effective 11 12 date. 13 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 14 15 Section 1. Section 228.057, Florida Statutes, is 16 17 amended to read: 228.057 Public school parental choice.--18 19 The Legislature declares that it is the policy of (1) 20 this state to allow each student who chooses to attend public 21 schools, or whose parent or guardian chooses to have the 22 student attend public schools, to be provided with a public school controlled open enrollment option to the extent that it 23 is feasible for the school district to do so. 24 25 (2) (1) As used in this section, the term "controlled open enrollment" means a public education delivery system that 26 27 allows school districts to make student school assignments 28 using parents' indicated preferential school choice as a 29 significant factor. 30 (3)(a)(2) Beginning with the 2001-2002 1997-1998 31 school year, each district school board shall may offer 1 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 controlled open enrollment within the public schools. The 2 controlled open enrollment program shall be offered in 3 addition to the existing choice programs such as magnet 4 schools, alternative schools, special programs, advanced 5 placement, and dual enrollment. б (b) A school district that has fewer than 30,000 7 students may, but is not required to, offer controlled open 8 enrollment. 9 (4) (4) (3) Each district school board shall develop a 10 controlled open enrollment plan which describes the 11 implementation of paragraph (3)(a) subsection (2). (5)(4) School districts shall adhere to federal 12 13 desegregation requirements. No controlled open enrollment plan that conflicts with federal desegregation orders shall be 14 implemented. 15 (6)(5) Each school district shall develop a system of 16 17 priorities for its plan that includes consideration of the 18 following: 19 (a) An application process required to participate in 20 the controlled open enrollment program. 21 (b) A process that allows parents to declare school 22 preferences. 23 (c) A process that encourages placement of siblings 24 within the same school. 25 (d) A lottery procedure used by the school district to determine student assignment. 26 (e) An appeals process for hardship cases. 27 28 (f) The procedures to maintain socioeconomic, 29 demographic, and racial balance. 30 (g) The availability of transportation. 31 2

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1 (h) A process that promotes strong parental 2 involvement, including the designation of a parent liaison. 3 (i) A strategy that establishes a clearinghouse of information designed to assist parents in making informed 4 5 choices. 6 (7) (6) Plans shall be submitted to the Commissioner of 7 Education by June 30, 1997. The Commissioner of Education 8 shall develop an annual report on the status of school choice 9 and deliver the report to the Governor, the President of the 10 Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives at 11 least 90 days prior to the convening of the regular session of the Legislature. 12 13 (8) A school district that has an incomplete 14 controlled open enrollment plan or has a controlled open enrollment plan that cannot be implemented due to conflicts 15 with federal desegregation requirements shall develop a 16 17 revised plan by the 2000-2001 school year and shall submit the revised plan to the Department of Education by September 1, 18 19 2000. (9) (7) The Department of Education shall develop, 20 during the 1999-2000 1996-1997 school year, recommendations 21 for a public school parental choice incentive program to 22 benefit district school boards that implement a public school 23 24 parental choice plan pursuant to paragraph (3)(a) subsection 25 (2)for the 2001-2002 $\frac{1997-1998}{1997-1998}$ school year based on the date on which the district implemented controlled open enrollment, 26 with priority given to those districts that implemented 27 28 controlled open enrollment earliest and highest priority given 29 to those districts that implemented controlled open enrollment before the effective date of this act. In developing the 30 31 program, the department may consider financial, as well as

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other, incentives that best promote the intent of the Legislature relating to open enrollment in public schools. (10)(8) Notwithstanding any provision of this section, a school district with schools operating on both multiple session schedules and single session schedules shall afford б parents of students in multiple session schools preferred access to the controlled open enrollment program of the school district. Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law. SENATE SUMMARY Declares that it is the public policy of this state to allow a controlled open enrollment option to students who attend public schools. Requires each school district to offer controlled open enrollment, beginning with the 2001-2002 school year. Exempts each school district that has fewer than 30,000 students. Requires certain school districts to submit revised plans for controlled open enrollment to the Department of Education by September 1, 2000. Requires the department to recommend incentives.

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