Bill No. HB 2029, 1st Eng.

Amendment No. ____

	CHAMBER ACTION
I	Senate • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
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11	Senator Carlton moved the following amendment:
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13	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
14	On page 8, between lines 4 and 5,
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16	insert:
17	Section 6. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 252.355,
18	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
19	252.355 Registry of disabled persons with special
20	needs; notice
21	(1) In order to meet the special needs of persons who
22	would need assistance during evacuations and sheltering
23	because of physical, mental, or sensory disabilities or mental
24	handicaps, each local emergency management agency in the state
25	shall maintain a registry of disabled persons <u>with special</u>
26	$\underline{ ext{needs}}$ located within the jurisdiction of the local agency.
27	The registration shall identify those persons in need of
28	assistance and plan for resource allocation to meet those
29	identified needs. To assist the local emergency management
30	agency in identifying such persons, the Department of Children
31	and Family Services, Department of Health, Department of Labor
•	1 10:08 AM 04/30/99 h2029c-2410a

and Employment Security, and Department of Elderly Affairs

Health and Rehabilitative Services shall provide registration information to all of their its special needs clients and to all incoming clients as a part of the intake process. The registry shall be updated annually. The registration program shall give disabled persons with special needs the option of preauthorizing emergency response personnel to enter their homes during search and rescue operations if necessary to assure their safety and welfare following disasters.

(3) All records, data, information, correspondence, and communications relating to the registration of disabled persons with special needs as provided in subsection (1) are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1), except that such information shall be available to other emergency response agencies, as determined by the local emergency management director.

Section 7. Section 381.0303, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

 $\underline{381.0303 \quad \text{Health practitioner recruitment for special}}$ needs shelters.--

- (1) PURPOSE.--The purpose of this section is to designate the Department of Health, through its county health departments, as the lead agency for coordination of the recruitment of health care practitioners to staff special needs shelters in times of emergency or disaster and to provide resources to the department to carry out this responsibility. However, nothing in this section prohibits a county health department from entering into an agreement with a local emergency management agency to assume the lead responsibility for recruiting health care practitioners.
 - (2) SPECIAL NEEDS SHELTER PLAN AND STAFFING.--Provided

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funds have been appropriated to support medical services disaster coordinator positions in county health departments, the department shall assume lead responsibility for the local coordination of local medical and health care providers, the American Red Cross, and other interested parties in developing a plan for the staffing and medical management of special needs shelters. The plan shall be in conformance with the local comprehensive emergency management plan.

- (a) County health departments shall, in conjunction with the local emergency management agencies, have the lead responsibility for coordination of the recruitment of health care practitioners to staff local special needs shelters. County health departments shall assign their employees to work in special needs shelters when needed to protect the health of patients.
- (b) The appropriate county health department and local emergency management agency shall jointly determine who has responsibility for medical supervision in a special needs shelter.
- (c) Local emergency management agencies shall be responsible for the designation and operation of special needs shelters during times of emergency or disaster. County health departments shall assist the local emergency management agency with regard to the management of medical services in special needs shelters.
- (3) REIMBURSEMENT TO HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONERS.--The Department of Health shall reimburse, subject to the availability of funds for this purpose, health care practitioners as defined in s. 455.501, provided the practitioner is not providing care to a patient under an 31 | existing contract, and emergency medical technicians and

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30 31 paramedics licensed pursuant to chapter 401 for medical care provided at the request of the department in special needs shelters or at other locations during times of emergency or major disaster. Reimbursement for health care practitioners, except for physicians, shall be based on the average hourly rate that such practitioners were paid according to the most recent survey of Florida hospitals conducted by the Florida Hospital Association. Reimbursement shall be requested on forms prepared by the Department of Health. If a Presidential Disaster Declaration has been made, and the Federal Government makes funds available, the department shall use such funds for reimbursement of eligible expenditures. In other situations, or if federal funds do not fully compensate the department for reimbursement made pursuant to this section, the department shall submit to the Cabinet or Legislature, as appropriate, a budget amendment to obtain reimbursement from the working capital fund. Travel expense and per diem costs shall be reimbursed pursuant to s. 112.061.

- (4) HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONER REGISTRY.--The department may use the registries established in ss. 401.273 and 455.276 when health care practitioners are needed to staff special needs shelters or to staff disaster medical assistance teams.
- (5) SPECIAL NEEDS SHELTER INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE.--The Department of Health may establish a special needs shelter interagency committee, to be chaired and staffed by the department. The committee shall resolve problems related to special needs shelters not addressed in the state comprehensive emergency medical plan and shall serve as an oversight committee to monitor the planning and operation of special needs shelters.
 - (a) The committee may:

- 1 1. On or before January 1, 2000, resolve questions 2 concerning the roles and responsibilities of state agencies 3 and other organizations that are necessary to implement the 4 program. 5 2. On or before January 1, 2000, identify any issues 6 requiring additional legislation and funding. 7 3. Develop and negotiate any necessary interagency 8 agreements. 4. Undertake other such activities as the department 9 10 deems necessary to facilitate the implementation of this 11 section. 12 5. Submit recommendations to the Legislature as 13 necessary. (b) The special needs shelter interagency committee 14 15 shall be composed of representatives of emergency management, health, medical, and social services organizations. Membership 16 17 shall include, but shall not be limited to, the Departments of Community Affairs, Children and Family Services, Elderly 18 Affairs, Labor and Employment Security, and Education; the 19 Agency for Health Care Administration; the Florida Medical 20 21 Association; Associated Home Health Industries of Florida, Inc.; the Florida Nurses Association; the Florida Health Care 22 Association; the Florida Hospital Association; the Florida 23 24 Statutory Teaching Hospital Council; the Florida Association of Homes for the Aging; the Florida Emergency Preparedness 25 Association; the American Red Cross; Florida Hospices, Inc.; 26 27 the Association of Community Hospitals and Health Systems; the 28 Florida Association of Health Maintenance Organizations; the Florida League of Health Systems; Private Care Association; 29
 - (c) Meetings of the committee shall be held in

and the Salvation Army.

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Tallahassee and members of the committee shall serve at the
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    expense of the agencies or organizations they represent.
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          (6) RULES.--The department may adopt rules necessary
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    to implement this section.
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          (7) IMPLEMENTATION CONDITIONAL UPON
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    APPROPRIATION. -- The implementation of subsections (3), (4),
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    and (5) is conditional upon the receipt of an appropriation by
    the department to establish headquarters staff for special
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    needs shelter staffing coordination. The submission of
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    emergency management plans to county health departments by
    home health agencies, hospices, and nurse registries pursuant
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    to ss. 400.497(11)(c) and (d), 400.610(1)(b) and (c), and
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    400.506(16)(e) is conditional upon the receipt of an
    appropriation by the department to establish medical services
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    disaster coordinator positions in county health departments.
           Section 8. Section 400.492, Florida Statutes, is
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    created to read:
           400.492 Provision of services during an
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    emergency. -- Each home health agency shall prepare and maintain
    a comprehensive emergency management plan that is consistent
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    with the standards adopted by national accreditation
    organizations and consistent with the local special needs
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    plan. The plan shall be updated annually and shall provide for
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    continuing home health services during an emergency that
    interrupts patient care or services in the patient's home. The
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    plan shall describe how the home health agency establishes and
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    maintains an effective response to emergencies and disasters,
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    including: notifying staff when emergency response measures
    are initiated; providing for communication between staff
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    members, county health departments, and local emergency
   management agencies, including a backup system; identifying
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resources necessary to continue essential care or services or referrals to other organizations subject to written agreement; and prioritizing and contacting patients who need continued care or services.

- (1) Each patient record for patients who are listed in the registry established pursuant to s. 252.355 shall include a description of how care or services will be continued in the event of an emergency or disaster. The home health agency shall discuss the emergency provisions with the patient and the patient's caregivers, including where and how the patient is to evacuate, procedures for notifying the home health agency in the event that the patient evacuates to a location other than the shelter identified in the patient record, and a list of medications and equipment which must either accompany the patient or will be needed by the patient in the event of an evacuation.
- (2) Each home health agency shall maintain a current prioritized list of patients who need continued services during an emergency. The list shall indicate how services shall be continued in the event of an emergency or disaster for each patient and if the patient is to be transported to a special needs shelter, and shall indicate if the patient is receiving skilled nursing services and the patient's medication and equipment needs. The list shall be furnished to county health departments and to local emergency management agencies, upon request.
- (3) Home health agencies shall not be required to continue to provide care to patients in emergency situations that are beyond their control and that make it impossible to provide services, such as when roads are impassable or when patients do not go to the location specified in their patient

1 <u>records.</u>

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 400.464(2) or any other provision of law to the contrary, a home health agency may provide services in a special needs shelter located in any county.

Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 400.497, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (11) is added to that section, to read:

400.497 Rules establishing minimum standards.--The Agency for Health Care Administration shall adopt, publish, and enforce rules to implement this part, including, as applicable, ss. 400.506 and 400.509, which must provide reasonable and fair minimum standards relating to:

- (1) Scope of home health services to be provided, which shall include services to be provided during emergency evacuation and sheltering.
- (11) Preparation of a comprehensive emergency management plan pursuant to s. 400.492.
- (a) The Agency for Health Care Administration shall adopt rules establishing minimum criteria for the plan and plan updates, with the concurrence of the Department of Health and in consultation with the Department of Community Affairs.
- (b) The rules must address the requirements in s.

 400.492. In addition, the rules shall provide for the
 maintenance of patient-specific medication lists that can
 accompany patients who are transported from their homes.
- (c) The plan is subject to review and approval by the county health department. During its review, the county health department shall ensure that the following agencies, at a minimum, are given the opportunity to review the plan:
 - 1. The local emergency management agency.

1 2. The Agency for Health Care Administration. 2 The local chapter of the American Red Cross or 3 other lead sheltering agency. 4 4. The district office of the Department of Children 5 and Family Services. 6 7 The county health department shall complete its review within 60 days after receipt of the plan and shall either approve the 8 plan or advise the home health agency of necessary revisions. 9 10 (d) For any home health agency that operates in more than one county, the Department of Health shall review the 11 12 plan, after consulting with all of the county health departments, the agency, and all the local chapters of the 13 American Red Cross or other lead sheltering agencies in the 14 15 areas of operation for that particular hospice. The Department of Health shall complete its review within 90 days after 16 17 receipt of the plan and shall either approve the plan or advise the hospice of necessary revisions. The Department of 18 Health shall make every effort to avoid imposing differing 19 20 requirements based on differences between counties on the 21 hospice. (e) The requirements in this subsection do not apply 22 23 to: 1. A facility that is certified under chapter 651 and 24 25 has a licensed home health agency used exclusively by 26 residents of the facility; or 27 2. A retirement community that consists of residential 28 units for independent living and either a licensed nursing 29 home or an assisted living facility, and has a licensed home

retirement community; provided the comprehensive emergency

health agency used exclusively by the residents of the

management plan for the facility or retirement community provides for continuous care of all residents with special needs during an emergency.

Section 10. Present subsections (15), (16), and (17) of section 400.506, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are renumbered as subsections (17), (18), and (19), respectively, and new subsections (15) and (16) are added to that section to read:

400.506 Licensure of nurse registries; requirements; penalties.--

- (15) Nurse registries shall assist at-risk clients with special needs registration with the appropriate local emergency management agency pursuant to s. 252.355.
- (16) Each nurse registry shall prepare and maintain a comprehensive emergency management plan that is consistent with the criteria in this subsection and with the local special needs plan. The plan shall be updated annually. The plan shall specify how the nurse registry shall facilitate the provision of continuous care by persons referred for contract to persons who are registered pursuant to s. 252.355 during an emergency that interrupts the provision of care or services in private residencies.
- (a) All persons referred for contract who care for persons registered pursuant to s. 252.355 must include in the patient record a description of how care will be continued during a disaster or emergency that interrupts the provision of care in the patient's home. It shall be the responsibility of the person referred for contract to ensure that continuous care is provided.
- (b) Each nurse registry shall maintain a current prioritized list of patients in private residencies who are

registered pursuant to s. 252.355 and are under the care of persons referred for contract and who need continued services during an emergency. This list shall indicate, for each patient, if the client is to be transported to a special needs shelter and if the patient is receiving skilled nursing services. Nurse registries shall make this list available to county health departments and to local emergency management agencies upon request.

- (c) Each person referred for contract who is caring for a patient who is registered pursuant to s. 252.355 shall provide a list of their patient's medication and equipment needs to the nurse registry. Each person referred for contract shall make this information available to county health departments and to local emergency management agencies upon request.
- (d) Each person referred for contract shall not be required to continue to provide care to patients in emergency situations that are beyond their control and that make it impossible to provide services, such as when roads are impassable or when patients do not go to the location specified in their patient records.
- (e) The comprehensive emergency management plan required by this subsection is subject to review and approval by the county health department. During its review, the county health department shall ensure that, at a minimum, the local emergency management agency, the Agency for Health Care Administration and the local chapter of the American Red Cross or other lead sheltering agency are given the opportunity to review the plan. The county health department shall complete its review within 60 days after receipt of the plan and shall either approve the plan or advise the nurse registry of

necessary revisions.

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(f) The Agency for Health Care Administration shall adopt rules establishing minimum criteria for the comprehensive emergency management plan and plan updates required by this subsection, with the concurrency of the Department of Health and in consultation with the Department of Community Affairs.

Section 11. Paragraph (g) is added to subsection (1) of section 400.605, Florida Statutes, to read:

400.605 Administration; forms; fees; rules; inspections; fines. --

- (1) The department, in consultation with the agency, shall by rule establish minimum standards and licensure procedures for a hospice. The rules must include:
- (g) Components of a comprehensive emergency plan, developed in consultation with the Department of Health and the Department of Community Affairs.

Section 12. Paragraph (f) is added to subsection (5) of section 400.6095, Florida Statutes, to read:

400.6095 Patient admission; assessment; plan of care; discharge; death .--

- (5) Each hospice, in collaboration with the patient and the patient's primary or attending physician, shall prepare and maintain a plan of care for each patient, and the care provided to a patient must be in accordance with the plan of care. The plan of care shall be made a part of the patient's medical record and shall include, at a minimum:
- (f) A description of how needed care and services will be provided in the event of an emergency.

Section 13. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 31 400.610, Florida Statutes, is amended, paragraphs (c), (d),

and (e) of that subsection are redesignated as paragraphs (d),
(e), and (f), respectively, and a new paragraph (c) is added
to that subsection, to read:

400.610 Administration and management of a hospice. --

- (1) A hospice shall have a clearly defined organized governing body, consisting of a minimum of seven persons who are representative of the general population of the community served. The governing body shall have autonomous authority and responsibility for the operation of the hospice and shall meet at least quarterly. The governing body shall:
- management plan that provides for continuing hospice services in the event of an emergency that is consistent with local special needs plans. The plan shall include provisions for ensuring continuing care to hospice patients who go to special needs shelters. The plan is subject to review and approval by the county health department except as provided in paragraph (c). During its review, the county health department shall ensure that the department, the agency, and the local chapter of the American Red Cross or other lead sheltering agency have an opportunity to review and comment on the plan. The county health department shall complete its review within 60 days after receipt of the plan and shall either approve the plan or advise the hospice of necessary revisions. Prepare a disaster preparedness plan.
- (c) For any hospice that operates in more than one county, the Department of Health shall review the plan, after consulting with all of the county health departments, the agency, and all the local chapters of the American Red Cross or other lead sheltering agencies in the areas of operation for that particular hospice. The Department of Health shall

complete its review within 90 days after receipt of the plan and shall either approve the plan or advise the hospice of necessary revisions. The Department of Health shall make every effort to avoid imposing differing requirements based on differences between counties on the hospice.

(d) (c) Adopt an annual budget.

 $\underline{\text{(e)}(d)}$ Appoint a director who shall be responsible for the day-to-day management and operation of the hospice and who shall serve as the liaison between the governing body and the hospice staff.

 $\underline{\text{(f)}(e)}$ Undertake such additional activities as necessary to ensure that the hospice is complying with the requirements for hospice services as set forth in this part.

Section 14. Section 401.273, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

registry for disasters and emergencies.—The department shall include on its forms for the certification or recertification of emergency medical technicians and paramedics who could assist the department in the event of a disaster a question asking if the practitioner would be available to provide health care services in special needs shelters or to help staff disaster medical assistance teams during times of emergency or major disaster. The names of the emergency medical technicians and paramedics who answer affirmatively shall be maintained by the department as a registry for disasters and emergencies.

Section 15. Subsection (12) is added to section 408.15, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, to read:

408.15 Powers of the agency.--In addition to the powers granted to the agency elsewhere in this chapter, the

agency is authorized to: 2 (12) Establish, in coordination with the Department of 3 Health, uniform standards of care to be provided in special 4 needs units or shelters during times of emergency or major 5 disaster. Section 16. Section 455.276, Florida Statutes, is 6 7 created to read: 455.276 Health care practitioner registry for 8 disasters and emergencies. -- The Department of Health shall 9 10 include on its forms for the licensure or certification of physicians, physician assistants, certified nursing 11 12 assistants, licensed practical nurses, registered nurses, nurse practitioners, respiratory therapists, and other health 13 care practitioners who could assist the department in the 14 15 event of a disaster a question asking if the practitioner would be available to provide health care services in special 16 17 needs shelters or to help staff disaster medical assistance teams during times of emergency or major disaster. The names 18 of practitioners who answer affirmatively shall be maintained 19 by the department as a health care practitioner registry for 20 21 disasters and emergencies. Section 17. State agencies that contract with 22 providers for the care of persons with disabilities or 23 limitations that make such persons dependent upon the care of 24 25 others shall include emergency and disaster planning provisions in such contracts at the time the contracts are 26 27 initiated or upon renewal. These provisions shall include, but 28 shall not be limited to: 29 (1) The designation of an emergency coordinating 30 officer.

clients, on a priority basis, prior to and immediately 2 following an emergency or disaster. (3) A procedure to help at-risk clients register with 3 4 the special needs registry of the local emergency management 5 agency. 6 (4) A procedure to dispatch the emergency coordinating 7 officer or other staff members to special needs shelters to assist clients with special needs, if necessary. 8 (5) A procedure for providing the essential services 9 10 the organization currently provides to special needs clients in preparation for, and during and following, a disaster. 11 12 Section 18. Chapter 515, Florida Statutes, consisting 13 of sections 515.21, 515.23, 515.25, 515.27, 515.29, 515.31, 515.33, 515.35, and 515.37, is created to read: 14 15 515.21 Short title.--This chapter may be cited as the "Preston de Ibern/McKenzie Merriam Residential Swimming Pool 16 17 Safety Act." 18 515.23 Legislative findings and intent.--The Legislature finds that drowning is the leading cause of death 19 20 of young children in this state and is also a significant 21 cause of death for medically frail elderly persons in this state, that constant adult supervision is the key to 22 accomplishing the objective of reducing the number of 23 submersion incidents, and that when <u>lapses in supervision</u> 24 occur a pool safety feature designed to deny, delay, or detect 25 26 unsupervised entry to the swimming pool, spa, or hot tub will 27 reduce drowning and near-drowning incidents. In addition to 28 the incalculable human cost of these submersion incidents, the 29 health care costs, loss of lifetime productivity, and legal 30 and administrative expenses associated with drownings of young children and medically frail elderly persons in this state

each year and the lifetime costs for the care and treatment of young children who have suffered brain disability due to near-drowning incidents each year are enormous. Therefore, it is the intent of the Legislature that all new residential swimming pools, spas, and hot tubs be equipped with at least one pool safety feature as specified in this chapter. It is also the intent of the Legislature that the Department of Health be responsible for producing for the public a publication that provides information on drowning prevention and the responsibilities of pool ownership and also for developing a drowning prevention education program for the public and for persons violating the pool safety requirements of this chapter.

515.25 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the term:

- (1) "Approved safety pool cover" means a manually or power-operated safety pool cover that meets all of the performance standards of the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) in compliance with standard F1346-91.
- (2) "Barrier" means a fence, dwelling wall, or nondwelling wall, or any combination thereof, which completely surrounds the swimming pool and obstructs access to the swimming pool, especially access from the residence or from the yard outside the barrier.
 - (3) "Department" means the Department of Health.
- (4) "Exit alarm" means a device that makes audible, continuous alarm sounds when any door or window which permits access from the residence to any pool area that is without an intervening enclosure is opened or left ajar.
- (5) "Indoor swimming pool" means a swimming pool that is totally contained within a building and surrounded on all

four sides by walls of or within the building. 2 (6) "Medically frail elderly person" means any person 3 who is at least 65 years of age and has a medical problem that 4 affects balance, vision, or judgment, including, but not limited to, a heart condition, diabetes, or Alzheimer's 5 6 disease or any related disorder. 7 (7) "Outdoor swimming pool" means any swimming pool that is not an indoor swimming pool. 8 (8) "Portable spa" means a nonpermanent structure 9 10 intended for recreational bathing, in which all controls and 11 water-heating and water-circulating equipment are an integral 12 part of the product and which is cord-connected and not 13 permanently electrically wired. (9) "Public swimming pool" means a swimming pool, as 14 15 defined in s. 514.011(2), which is operated, with or without charge, for the use of the general public; however, the term 16 17 does not include a swimming pool located on the grounds of a 18 private residence. 19 (10) "Residential" means situated on the premises of a detached one-family or two-family dwelling or a one-family 20 21 townhouse not more than three stories high. (11) "Swimming pool" means any structure, located in 22 a residential area, that is intended for swimming or 23 recreational bathing and contains water over 24 inches deep, 24 including, but not limited to, in-ground, aboveground, and 25 on-ground swimming pools; hot tubs; and nonportable spas. 26 27 (12) "Young child" means any person under the age of 28 6 years.

(1) In order to pass final inspection and receive a

515.27 Residential swimming pool safety feature

options; penalties.--

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certificate of completion, a residential swimming pool must 1 2 meet at least one of the following requirements relating to 3 pool safety features: 4 (a) The pool must be isolated from access to a home by 5 an enclosure that meets the pool barrier requirements of s. 6 515.29; 7 (b) The pool must be equipped with an approved safety 8 pool cover; (c) All doors and windows providing direct access from 9 10 the home to the pool must be equipped with an exit alarm that 11 has a minimum sound pressure rating of 85 dB A at 10 feet; or 12 (d) All doors providing direct access from the home to 13 the pool must be equipped with a self-closing, self-latching 14 device with a release mechanism placed no lower than 54 inches 15 above the floor. 16 (2) A person who fails to equip a new residential 17 swimming pool with at least one pool safety feature as 18 required in subsection (1) commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, 19 except that no penalty shall be imposed if the person, within 20 21 45 days after arrest or issuance of a summons or a notice to appear, has equipped the pool with at least one safety feature 22 as required in subsection (1) and has attended a drowning 23 24 prevention education program as established by s. 515.31. However, the requirement of attending a drowning prevention 25 education program is waived if such program is not offered 26 27 within 45 days after issuance of the citation. 515.29 Residential swimming pool barrier 28 29 requirements. --

(1) A residential swimming pool barrier must have all

of the following characteristics:

- (a) The barrier must be at least 4 feet high on the outside.
- (b) The barrier may not have any gaps, openings, indentations, protrusions, or structural components that could allow a young child to crawl under, squeeze through, or climb over the barrier.
- (c) The barrier must be placed around the perimeter of the pool and must be separate from any fence, wall, or other enclosure surrounding the yard unless the fence, wall, or other enclosure or portion thereof is situated on the perimeter of the pool, is being used as part of the barrier, and meets the barrier requirements of this section.
- (d) The barrier must be placed sufficiently away from the water's edge to prevent a young child or medically frail elderly person who may have managed to penetrate the barrier from immediately falling into the water.
- (2) The structure of an aboveground swimming pool may be used as its barrier or the barrier for such a pool may be mounted on top of its structure; however, such structure or separately mounted barrier must meet all barrier requirements of this section. In addition, any ladder or steps that are the means of access to an aboveground pool must be capable of being secured, locked, or removed to prevent access or must be surrounded by a barrier that meets the requirements of this section.
- open outwards away from the pool and be self-closing and equipped with a self-latching locking device, the release mechanism of which must be located on the pool side of the gate and so placed that it cannot be reached by a young child over the top or through any opening or gap.

(4) A wall of a dwelling may serve as part of the 1 2 barrier if it does not contain any door or window that opens 3 to provide access to the swimming pool. 4 (5) A barrier may not be located in a way that allows 5 any permanent structure, equipment, or similar object to be 6 used for climbing the barrier. 7 515.31 Drowning prevention education program; public information publication. --8 (1) The department shall develop a drowning 9 10 prevention education program, which shall be made available to the public at the state and local levels and which shall be 11 12 required as set forth in s. 515.27(2) for persons in violation of the pool safety requirements of this chapter. The 13 department may charge a fee, not to exceed \$100, for 14 15 attendance at such a program. The drowning prevention education program shall be funded using fee proceeds, state 16 17 funds appropriated for such purpose, and grants. The department, in lieu of developing its own program, may adopt a 18 nationally recognized drowning prevention education program to 19 20 be approved for use in local safety education programs, as 21 provided by rule of the department. (2) The department shall also produce, for 22 23 distribution to the public at no charge, a publication that provides information on drowning prevention and the 24 responsibilities of pool ownership. The department, in lieu of 25 26 developing its own publication, may adopt a nationally 27 recognized drowning prevention and responsibilities of pool ownership publication, as provided by rule of the department. 28 29 515.33 Information required to be furnished to 30 buyers.--A licensed pool contractor, on entering into an agreement with a buyer to build a residential swimming pool,

or a licensed home builder or developer, on entering into an agreement with a buyer to build a house that includes a residential swimming pool, must give the buyer a document containing the requirements of this chapter and a copy of the publication produced by the department under s. 515.31 that provides information on drowning prevention and the responsibilities of pool ownership.

515.35 Rulemaking authority.--The department shall adopt rules pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act establishing the fees required to attend drowning prevention education programs and setting forth the information required under this chapter to be provided by licensed pool contractors and licensed home builders or developers.

515.37 Exemptions.--This chapter does not apply to:

- (1) Any system of sumps, irrigation canals, or irrigation flood control or drainage works constructed or operated for the purpose of storing, delivering, distributing, or conveying water.
- (2) Stock ponds, storage tanks, livestock operations, livestock watering troughs, or other structures used in normal agricultural practices.
 - (3) Public swimming pools.
- (4) Any political subdivision that has adopted or adopts a residential pool safety ordinance, provided the ordinance is equal to or more stringent than the provisions of this chapter.
- (5) Any portable spa with a safety cover that complies with ASTM F1346-91(Standard Performance Specification for Safety Covers and Labeling Requirements for All Covers for Swimming Pools, Spas and Hot Tubs).
 - (6) Small, temporary pools without motors, which are

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commonly referred to or known as "kiddy pools."
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           Section 19. Implementation of sections 6 through 17 of
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   this act is contingent upon a specific appropriation for
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   Fiscal Year 1999-2000.
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          Section 20. All sections of this act shall take effect
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   July 1, 1999, unless otherwise specified.
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   ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========
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   And the title is amended as follows:
          On page 2, line 18, after the semicolon
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   insert:
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          amending s. 252.355, F.S.; revising provisions
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          relating to registration of persons requiring
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           special needs assistance in emergencies;
           creating s. 381.0303, F.S.; providing for
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          recruitment of health care practitioners for
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           special needs shelters; providing for
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          reimbursement; providing duties of the
          Department of Health, the county health
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          departments, and the local emergency management
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          agencies; authorizing use of a health care
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          practitioner registry; authorizing
           establishment of a special needs shelter
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26
           interagency committee; providing membership and
27
          responsibilities; providing that implementing
28
           certain provisions is conditional upon the
          receipt of appropriations as specified;
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30
          providing for rules; amending s. 400.506, F.S.;
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           requiring nurse registries to assist at-risk
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clients with special needs registration and to prepare a comprehensive emergency management plan; specifying plan requirements; providing for plan review and approval; creating s. 400.492, F.S.; requiring home health agencies to prepare a comprehensive emergency management plan; specifying plan requirements; amending ss. 400.497 and 400.610, F.S.; providing minimum requirements for home health agency and hospice comprehensive emergency management plans; providing for rules; providing for plan review and approval; providing for plan review and approval for hospices operating in more than one county; providing for plan review and approval for home health agencies operating in more than one county; amending s. 400.506, F.S.; requiring nurse registries to assist at-risk clients with special needs registration and to prepare a comprehensive emergency management plan; specifying plan requirements; providing for plan review and approval; creating s. 401.273, F.S.; amending s. 400.605, F.S.; requiring the Department of Elderly Affairs to include components for comprehensive emergency management plan in its rules establishing minimum standards for a hospice; amending s. 400.6095, F.S.; requiring that certain emergency care and service information be included in hospice patients' medical records; providing for establishment of a registry of emergency medical technicians and

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paramedics for disasters and emergencies; amending s. 408.15, F.S.; authorizing the Agency for Health Care Administration to establish uniform standards of care for special needs shelters; creating s. 455.276, F.S.; providing for establishment of a health practitioner registry for disasters and emergencies; requiring emergency and disaster planning provisions in certain state agency provider contracts; specifying minimum contract requirements; creating ch. 515, F.S., the "Preston de Ibern/ McKenzie Merriam Residential Swimming Pool Safety Act"; providing legislative findings and intent; providing definitions; providing pool safety feature requirements and options; providing penalties; providing pool barrier requirements; providing for a drowning prevention education program and a public information publication; providing for a fee; requiring pool contractors, home builders, and developers to provide buyers with certain information; providing rulemaking authority; providing exemptions; making the implementation of part of the act contingent upon a specific appropriation; providing an appropriation; providing an effective date.