2-1248-99

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to insurance; amending s. 627.062, F.S.; requiring certain insurers to 3 4 maintain prescribed support information for 5 rates; providing that experience must be accumulated in at least three categories; 6 7 requiring use of generally accepted actuarial procedures; amending s. 627.171, F.S.; 8 9 increasing the percentage of commercial 10 insurance policies that an insurer may write 11 using rates with insured's consent; setting 12 standards for the use of excess rates; providing an effective date. 13 14 15 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 16 17 Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 627.062, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18 19 627.062 Rate standards.--(2) As to all such classes of insurance: 20 21 (e) After consideration of the rate factors provided 22 in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d), a rate may be found by the department to be excessive, inadequate, or unfairly 23 discriminatory based upon the following standards: 24 25 1. Rates shall be deemed excessive if they are likely to produce a profit from Florida business that is unreasonably 26 27 high in relation to the risk involved in the class of business 28 or if expenses are unreasonably high in relation to services 29 rendered. 30 2. Rates shall be deemed excessive if, among other

31 things, the rate structure established by a stock insurance

company provides for replenishment of surpluses from premiums, when the replenishment is attributable to investment losses.

- 3. Rates shall be deemed inadequate if they are clearly insufficient, together with the investment income attributable to them, to sustain projected losses and expenses in the class of business to which they apply.
- 4. A rating plan, including discounts, credits, or surcharges, shall be deemed unfairly discriminatory if it fails to clearly and equitably reflect consideration of the policyholder's participation in a risk management program adopted pursuant to s. 627.0625.
- 5. A rate shall be deemed inadequate as to the premium charged to a risk or group of risks if discounts or credits are allowed which exceed a reasonable reflection of expense savings and reasonably expected loss experience from the risk or group of risks.
- 6. A rate shall be deemed unfairly discriminatory as to a risk or group of risks if the application of premium discounts, credits, or surcharges among such risks does not bear a reasonable relationship to the expected loss and expense experience among the various risks.
- 7. With respect to commercial, property, and casualty insurance other than workers' compensation and residential property insurance, insurers or insurer groups must maintain supporting information, including the premiums, paid losses, reserved losses, and allocated loss-adjustment expenses paid or reserved, for analysis of subjective discount, credit, or surcharge rate modifications and the expected loss and expense experience for the exposures. Insurers who are affiliated with a licensed rating organization for filing purposes and use the rating organization's schedule rating plan may rely upon that

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29 30 organization. The experience must be accumulated in at least three categories, including debit-rated risks, credit-rated risks, and risks rated at the manual level. Generally accepted actuarial procedures must be used in the analysis of this experience. Each insurer shall consider its analysis of this experience in each base rate filing made with the department. Insurers may not be required to file reports on the application of filed and approved discounts, credits, or surcharges for individual policies or for all policies in any line of insurance in the aggregate and may not be limited by rules limiting the amount of discounts, credits, or surcharges for individual policies or for all policies in any line of insurance in the aggregate. This subparagraph does not prohibit the department from requiring the filing of the analysis required by this subsection in a base rate filing. Section 2. Section 627.171, Florida Statutes, is

627.171 Excess rates.--

amended to read:

- (1) With written consent of the insured signed prior to the policy inception date and filed with the insurer, the insurer may use a rate in excess of the otherwise applicable filed rate on any specific risk. The signed consent form must include the filed rate as well as the excess rate for the risk insured and a copy of the form must be maintained by the insurer for 3 years and be available for review by the department.
- (2) An insurer may not use excess rates pursuant to this section for more than 20 10 percent of its commercial insurance policies written or renewed in each calendar year for any line of commercial insurance or for more than 5 31 percent of its personal lines insurance policies written or

renewed in each calendar year for any line of personal insurance. (3) An insurer may not use an excess rate pursuant to this section unless the rate is based on underwriting considerations and is not based on arbitrary or unfairly discriminatory considerations. Section 3. This act shall take effect October 1, 1999. SENATE SUMMARY Revises provisions related to support information for rates on certain commercial, property, and casualty insurance. Increases the percentage of commercial insurance policies that an insurer may write using rates with the insured's consent. Provides standards for the use of excess rates.