## Amendment No. 01 (for drafter's use only)

| ı  | CHAMBER ACTION Senate House                                    |
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| 5  | ORIGINAL STAMP BELOW   |
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| 11 | The Committee on Judiciary offered the following:              |
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| 13 | Amendment (with title amendment)                               |
| 14 | On page 5, line 29, through page 9, line 6,                    |
| 15 | remove from the bill: all of the said lines                    |
| 16 |  |
| 17 | and insert in lieu thereof:                                    |
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| 19 | (c) The Legislature finds that the state has                   |
| 20 | traditionally provided foster care services to children who    |
| 21 | have been the responsibility of the state. As such, foster     |
| 22 | children have not had the right to recover for injuries beyond |
| 23 | the limitations specified in s. 768.28. The Legislature has    |
| 24 | determined that foster care and related services need to be    |
| 25 | privatized pursuant to s. 409.1671 and that the provision of   |
| 26 | such services is of paramount importance to the state. The     |
| 27 | purpose for such privatization is to increase the level of     |
| 28 | safety, security and stability of children who are or become   |
| 29 | the responsibility of the state. One of the components         |
| 30 | necessary to secure a safe and stable environment for such     |
| 31 | children is that private providers maintain liability          |

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insurance. As such, insurance needs to be available and remain available to non-governmental foster care and related services providers without the resources of such providers being significantly reduced by the cost of maintaining such insurance.

The Legislature further finds that, by requiring the following minimum levels of insurance, children in privatized foster care and related services will gain increased protection and rights of recovery in the event of injury than provided for in s. 768.28.

(d) Any eligible lead community-based provider, as defined in paragraph (b), or its employees or officers, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (e), must, as a part of its contract, obtain a minimum of \$1,000,000 per claim/\$3 million per incident in general liability insurance coverage. In any tort action brought against such an eligible lead community-based provider, net economic damages shall be limited to \$1 million per claim, including, but not limited to, past and future medical expenses, wage loss, and loss of earning capacity, offset by any collateral source payment paid or payable. In any tort action brought against such an eligible lead community-based provider, non-economic damages shall be limited to \$200,000 per claim. This paragraph does not preclude the filing of a claims bill pursuant to s. 768.28 by the claimant for any amount exceeding the limits specified in this paragraph. Any offset of collateral source payments made as of the date of the settlement or judgment shall be in accordance with s. 768.76. The lead community-based provider shall not be liable in tort for the acts or omissions of its subcontractors or the officers, agents, or employees of its subcontractors.

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The liability of an eligible lead community-based 1 2 provider described in this section shall be exclusive and in 3 place of all other liability of such provider. The same 4 immunities from liability enjoyed by such providers shall 5 extend as well to each employee of the provider when such 6 employee is acting in furtherance of the provider's business. 7 Such immunities shall not be applicable to a provider or an employee who acts in a culpably negligent manner or with 8 willful and wanton disregard or unprovoked physical aggression 9 10 when such acts result in injury or death or such acts proximately cause such injury or death; nor shall such 11 12 immunities be applicable to employees of the same provider 13 when each is operating in the furtherance of the provider's business, but they are assigned primarily to unrelated works 14 15 within private or public employment. The same immunity provisions enjoyed by a provider shall also apply to any sole 16 17 proprietor, partner, corporate officer or director, 18 supervisor, or other person who is in the course and scope of his or her duties act in a managerial or policymaking capacity 19 and the conduct which caused the alleged injury arose within 20 the course and scope of said managerial or policymaking 21 duties. Culpable negligence is defined as reckless 22 indifference or grossly careless disregard of human life. 23 24 (f) Any subcontractor of an eligible lead community-based provider, as defined in paragraph (b), which 25 is a direct provider of foster care and related services to 26 27 children and families, and its employees or officers, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (e), must, as a part of its 28 contract, obtain a minimum of \$1,000,000 per claim/\$3 million 29 30 per incident in general liability insurance coverage. In any 31 tort action brought against such subcontractor, net economic

damages shall be limited to \$1 million per claim, including, 1 2 but not limited to, past and future medical expenses, wage 3 loss, and loss of earning capacity, offset by any collateral 4 source payment paid or payable. In any tort action brought against such subcontractor, non-economic damages shall be 5 limited to \$200,000 per claim. This paragraph does not 6 7 preclude the filing of a claims bill pursuant to section s. 768.28 by the claimant for any amount exceeding the limits 8 specified in this paragraph. Any offset of collateral source 9 10 payments made as of the date of the settlement or judgment 11 shall be in accordance with s. 768.76. 12 The liability of a subcontractor of an eligible (g) lead community-based provider which is a direct provider of 13 foster care and related services as described in this section 14 15 shall be exclusive and in place of all other liability of such provider. The same immunities from liability enjoyed by such 16 17 subcontractor provider shall extend as well to each employee 18 of the subcontractor when such employee is acting in furtherance of the subcontractor's business. Such immunities 19 shall not be applicable to a subcontractor or an employee who 20 acts in a culpably negligent manner or with willful and wanton 21 22 disregard or unprovoked physical aggression when such acts result in injury or death or such acts proximately cause such 23 injury or death; nor shall such immunities be applicable to 24 25 employees of the same subcontractor when each is operating in the furtherance of the subcontractor's business, but they are 26 27 assigned primarily to unrelated works within private or public employment. The same immunity provisions enjoyed by a 28 29 subcontractor shall also apply to any sole proprietor, 30 partner, corporate officer or director, supervisor, or other 31 person who in the course and scope of his or her duties acts

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in a managerial or policymaking capacity and the conduct which 1 2 caused the alleged injury arose within the course and scope of 3 said managerial or policymaking duties. Culpable negligence is 4 defined as reckless indifference or grossly careless disregard 5 of human life. 6 The Legislature is cognizant of the increasing (h) 7 costs of goods and services each year and recognizes that 8 fixing a set amount of compensation actually has the effect of 9 a reduction in compensation each year. Accordingly, the 10 conditional limitations on damages in this section shall be 11 increased at the rate of 5 percent each year, prorated from 12 the effective date of this paragraph to the date at which 13 damages subject to such limitations are awarded by final 14 judgment or settlement. 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30

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