A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to the Department of Health; 3 amending s. 20.43, F.S.; providing the 4 department with authority for certain 5 divisions; revising certain division names; 6 revising language with respect to the use of certain funds; amending s. 39.303, F.S.; 7 conforming titles relating to Children's 8 9 Medical Services; amending s. 110.205, F.S.; conforming language relating to exempt 10 positions with respect to the career service; 11 12 amending s. 120.80, F.S.; providing the department with contract authority for certain 13 14 administrative hearings; amending s. 154.504, 15 F.S.; providing requirements for provider contracts; amending s. 287.155, F.S.; providing 16 17 certain authority to purchase automotive equipment; amending s. 372.6672, F.S.; removing 18 19 responsibility regarding alligator management 20 and trapping from the Department of Health and 21 Rehabilitative Services; amending s. 381.0022, 22 F.S.; allowing the department to share certain confidential information relating to Medicaid 23 recipients for certain payment purposes; 24 25 amending s. 381.004, F.S.; revising 26 requirements relating to HIV tests on deceased 27 persons; amending s. 381.0051, F.S.; providing 28 the department with certain rulemaking 29 authority; amending s. 381.006, F.S.; providing the department with rulemaking authority 30 relating to inspection of certain group care 31

facilities under the environmental health program; amending s. 381.0061, F.S.; providing the department with authority to impose certain fines; amending s. 381.0062, F.S.; revising definitions to clarify differences in regulatory requirements for drinking water systems; amending s. 381.90, F.S.; revising membership and duties of the Health Information Systems Council; requiring a report; amending s. 382.003, F.S.; removing unnecessary language; providing for certain rules; amending s. 382.004, F.S.; revising language with respect to reproduction and destruction of certain records; amending s. 382.008, F.S.; removing language conflicting with federal law; amending s. 382.013, F.S.; providing certain requirements relating to birth registration; amending s. 382.015, F.S.; providing for technical changes with respect to certificates of live birth; amending s. 382.016, F.S.; providing for administrative procedures for acknowledging paternity; amending s. 382.019, F.S.; establishing certain requirements and rulemaking authority for registration; amending s. 382.025, F.S.; setting requirements for certain data; amending s. 382.0255, F.S.; revising requirements for fee transfer; amending s. 383.011, F.S.; clarifying Department of Health rulemaking authority relating to the Child Care Food Program; amending s. 383.14, F.S.; correcting the name

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of the WIC program to conform to federal law; amending s. 385.202, F.S.; removing certain department reimbursement requirements; amending s. 385.203, F.S.; revising requirements and membership for the Diabetes Advisory Council; amending s. 391.021, F.S.; conforming references to Children's Medical Services; amending s. 391.028, F.S.; providing the Director of Children's Medical Services with certain appointment authority; amending s. 391.0315, F.S.; providing requirements for benefits to children with special health care needs; amending ss. 391.221, 391.222, and 391.223, F.S.; conforming references to Children's Medical Services; amending s. 392.69, F.S.; authorizing the department to use certain excess money for improvements to facilities and establishing an advisory board for the A.G. Holley State Hospital; amending s. 409.912, F.S.; requiring the Agency for Health Care Administration to enter into certain agreements; amending s. 409.9126, F.S.; revising date requirements for certain capitation payments to Children's Medical Services; amending s. 455.564, F.S.; authorizing certain boards to require continuing education hours in certain areas; providing construction; authorizing certain boards within the Division of Medical Quality Assurance to adopt rules granting continuing education hours for certain activities;

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amending s. 455.5651, F.S.; prohibiting certain information from being included in practitioner profiles; amending s. 465.019, F.S.; authorizing certain nursing homes to purchase medical oxygen; amending ss. 468.304 and 468.306, F.S.; permitting the department to increase certain examination costs; amending s. 468.309, F.S.; providing the department with rulemaking authority for establishing expirations for radiologic technologists' certificates; amending s. 499.005, F.S.; requiring and clarifying certain prohibitions relating to sales of prescription drugs and legend devices; amending s. 499.007, F.S.; conforming prescription statement requirements to federal language; amending s. 499.028, F.S.; authorizing certain federal, state, or local government employees to possess drug samples; amending ss. 499.069 and 742.10, F.S.; conforming cross references; naming the Wilson T. Sowder, M.D., Building, the William G. "Doc" Myers, M.D., Building, and the E. Charlton Prather, M.D., Building; directing the Department of Children and Family Services and the Agency for Health Care Administration to develop a system for newborn Medicaid identification; repealing s. 381.731(3), F.S., relating to submission of the Healthy Communities, Healthy People Plan; repealing s. 383.307(5), F.S., relating to consultations between birth centers and the Department of

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1 Health; repealing s. 404.20(7), F.S., relating 2 to obsolete radioactive monitoring systems; 3 repealing s. 409.9125, F.S., relating to 4 Medicaid alternative service networks; 5 authorizing the Department of Health to become 6 an accrediting authority for environmental 7 laboratory standards; providing intent and 8 rulemaking authority for the department to 9 implement standards of the National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program; 10 providing an effective date. 11 12 13 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 14 15 Section 1. Subsection (3) and paragraphs (a) and (b) 16 of subsection (7) of section 20.43, Florida Statutes, 1998 17 Supplement, are amended to read: 18 20.43 Department of Health.--There is created a 19 Department of Health. 20 (3) The following divisions of the Department of 21 Health are established: 22 (a) Division of Administration. (b) Division of Environmental Health. 23 (c) Division of Disease Control. 24 25 (d) Division of Family Health Services. 26 (e) Division of Children's Medical Services Network. 27 (f) Division of Emergency Medical Services and 28 Community Health Resources Local Health Planning, Education, 29 and Workforce Development. 30 31 5

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 (g) Division of Medical Quality Assurance, which is 2 responsible for the following boards and professions 3 established within the division: 4 1. Nursing assistants, as provided under s. 400.211. 5 2. Health care services pools, as provided under s. 6 402.48. 7 3. The Board of Acupuncture, created under chapter 8 457. 9 4. The Board of Medicine, created under chapter 458. The Board of Osteopathic Medicine, created under 10 11 chapter 459. 12 6. The Board of Chiropractic Medicine, created under chapter 460. 13 14 7. The Board of Podiatric Medicine, created under 15 chapter 461. 16 Naturopathy, as provided under chapter 462. 8. 17 The Board of Optometry, created under chapter 463. The Board of Nursing, created under chapter 464. 18 10. 19 11. The Board of Pharmacy, created under chapter 465. The Board of Dentistry, created under chapter 466. 20 12. 21 Midwifery, as provided under chapter 467. 13. 22 14. The Board of Speech-Language Pathology and 23 Audiology, created under part I of chapter 468. The Board of Nursing Home Administrators, created 24 25 under part II of chapter 468. 26 The Board of Occupational Therapy, created under part III of chapter 468. 27 28 Respiratory therapy, as provided under part V of

18. Dietetics and nutrition practice, as provided

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chapter 468.

under part X of chapter 468.

1 19. Athletic trainers, as provided under part XIII of 2 chapter 468. 20. The Board of Orthotists and Prosthetists, created 3 4 under part XIV of chapter 468. 5 21. Electrolysis, as provided under chapter 478. 6 The Board of Massage Therapy, created under 7 chapter 480. 23. 8 The Board of Clinical Laboratory Personnel, 9 created under part III of chapter 483. Medical physicists, as provided under part IV of 10 11 chapter 483. 12 25. The Board of Opticianry, created under part I of chapter 484. 13 14 26. The Board of Hearing Aid Specialists, created under part II of chapter 484. 15 16 The Board of Physical Therapy Practice, created 27. 17 under chapter 486. 18 The Board of Psychology, created under chapter 28. 19 490. 20 29. School psychologists, as provided under chapter 21 490. 22 The Board of Clinical Social Work, Marriage and 23 Family Therapy, and Mental Health Counseling, created under chapter 491. 24 25 (h) Division of Children's Medical Services Prevention 26 and Intervention. (i) Division of Information Resource Management. 27 28 (j) Division of Health Awareness and Tobacco. 29 30 The department may contract with the Agency for Health Care

Administration who shall provide consumer complaint,

investigative, and prosecutorial services required by the Division of Medical Quality Assurance, councils, or boards, as appropriate.

(7) To protect and improve the public health, the department may use state or federal funds to:

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- (a) Provide incentives, including, but not limited to, the promotional items listed in paragraph (b) of this subsection, food and food coupons, and or payment for travel expenses, for encouraging healthy lifestyle and disease prevention behaviors and patient compliance with medical treatment, such as tuberculosis therapy and smoking cessation programs. Such incentives shall be intended to cause an individual to take action to improve his or her health. Any incentive for food, food coupons, or travel expenses shall not exceed the limitations in s. 112.061.
- (b) Plan and conduct health education campaigns for the purpose of protecting or improving public health. The department may purchase promotional items, such as, but not limited to, T-shirts, hats, sports items such as water bottles and sweat bands, calendars, nutritional charts, baby bibs, growth charts, and other items printed with health promotion messages, and advertising, such as space on billboards or in publications or radio or television time, for health information and promotional messages that recognize that the following behaviors, among others, are detrimental to public health: unprotected sexual intercourse, other than with one's spouse; cigarette and cigar smoking, use of smokeless tobacco products, and exposure to environmental tobacco smoke; alcohol consumption or other substance abuse during pregnancy; alcohol abuse or other substance abuse; lack of exercise and poor diet and nutrition habits; and failure to recognize and address a

genetic tendency to suffer from sickle-cell anemia, diabetes, high blood pressure, cardiovascular disease, or cancer. For purposes of activities under this paragraph, the Department of Health may establish requirements for local matching funds or in-kind contributions to create and distribute advertisements, in either print or electronic format, which are concerned with each of the targeted behaviors, establish an independent evaluation and feedback system for the public health communication campaign, and monitor and evaluate the efforts to determine which of the techniques and methodologies are most effective.

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Section 2. Section 39.303, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

39.303 Child protection teams; services; eligible cases .-- The Division of Children's Medical Services of the Department of Health shall develop, maintain, and coordinate the services of one or more multidisciplinary child protection teams in each of the service districts of the Department of Children and Family Services. Such teams may be composed of representatives of appropriate health, mental health, social service, legal service, and law enforcement agencies. The Legislature finds that optimal coordination of child protection teams and sexual abuse treatment programs requires collaboration between the Department of Health and the Department of Children and Family Services. The two departments shall maintain an interagency agreement that establishes protocols for oversight and operations of child protection teams and sexual abuse treatment programs. The Secretary of Health and the Director of Deputy Secretary for Children's Medical Services, in consultation with the Secretary of Children and Family Services, shall maintain the

responsibility for the screening, employment, and, if necessary, the termination of child protection team medical directors, at headquarters and in the 15 districts. Child protection team medical directors shall be responsible for oversight of the teams in the districts.

- (1) The Department of Health shall utilize and convene the teams to supplement the assessment and protective supervision activities of the family safety and preservation program of the Department of Children and Family Services.

 Nothing in this section shall be construed to remove or reduce the duty and responsibility of any person to report pursuant to this chapter all suspected or actual cases of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect or sexual abuse of a child. The role of the teams shall be to support activities of the program and to provide services deemed by the teams to be necessary and appropriate to abused, abandoned, and neglected children upon referral. The specialized diagnostic assessment, evaluation, coordination, consultation, and other supportive services that a child protection team shall be capable of providing include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (a) Medical diagnosis and evaluation services, including provision or interpretation of X rays and laboratory tests, and related services, as needed, and documentation of findings relative thereto.
- (b) Telephone consultation services in emergencies and in other situations.
- $\,$ (c) Medical evaluation related to abuse, abandonment, or neglect, as defined by policy or rule of the Department of Health.
- (d) Such psychological and psychiatric diagnosis and evaluation services for the child or the child's parent or

parents, legal custodian or custodians, or other caregivers, or any other individual involved in a child abuse, abandonment, or neglect case, as the team may determine to be needed.

(e) Expert medical, psychological, and related professional testimony in court cases.

- children whose cases have been referred to the team. A child protection team may provide consultation with respect to a child who is alleged or is shown to be abused, abandoned, or neglected, which consultation shall be provided at the request of a representative of the family safety and preservation program or at the request of any other professional involved with a child or the child's parent or parents, legal custodian or custodians, or other caregivers. In every such child protection team case staffing, consultation, or staff activity involving a child, a family safety and preservation program representative shall attend and participate.
- (g) Case service coordination and assistance, including the location of services available from other public and private agencies in the community.
- (h) Such training services for program and other employees of the Department of Children and Family Services, employees of the Department of Health, and other medical professionals as is deemed appropriate to enable them to develop and maintain their professional skills and abilities in handling child abuse, abandonment, and neglect cases.
- (i) Educational and community awareness campaigns on child abuse, abandonment, and neglect in an effort to enable citizens more successfully to prevent, identify, and treat child abuse, abandonment, and neglect in the community.

(2) The child abuse, abandonment, and neglect cases that are appropriate for referral by the family safety and preservation program to child protection teams of the Department of Health for support services as set forth in subsection (1) include, but are not limited to, cases involving:

- (a) Bruises, burns, or fractures in a child under the age of 3 years or in a nonambulatory child of any age.
- (b) Unexplained or implausibly explained bruises, burns, fractures, or other injuries in a child of any age.
- (c) Sexual abuse of a child in which vaginal or anal penetration is alleged or in which other unlawful sexual conduct has been determined to have occurred.
- (d) Venereal disease, or any other sexually transmitted disease, in a prepubescent child.
- (e) Reported malnutrition of a child and failure of a child to thrive.
- (f) Reported medical, physical, or emotional neglect of a child.
- (g) Any family in which one or more children have been pronounced dead on arrival at a hospital or other health care facility, or have been injured and later died, as a result of suspected abuse, abandonment, or neglect, when any sibling or other child remains in the home.
- (h) Symptoms of serious emotional problems in a child when emotional or other abuse, abandonment, or neglect is suspected.
- (3) In all instances in which a child protection team is providing certain services to abused, abandoned, or neglected children, other offices and units of the Department of Health, and offices and units of the Department of Children

and Family Services, shall avoid duplicating the provision of those services.

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- Section 3. Paragraphs (1), (p), and (s) of subsection (2) of section 110.205, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 110.205 Career service; exemptions.--
- (2) EXEMPT POSITIONS.—The exempt positions which are not covered by this part include the following, provided that no position, except for positions established for a limited period of time pursuant to paragraph (h), shall be exempted if the position reports to a position in the career service:
- (1) All assistant division director, deputy division director, and bureau chief positions in any department, and those positions determined by the department to have managerial responsibilities comparable to such positions, which positions include, but are not limited to, positions in the Department of Health, the Department of Children and Family Services, and Rehabilitative Services and the Department of Corrections that are assigned primary duties of serving as the superintendent of an institution: positions in the Department of Transportation that are assigned primary duties of serving as regional toll managers and managers of offices as defined in s. 20.23(3)(d)3. and (4)(d); positions in the Department of Environmental Protection that are assigned the duty of an Environmental Administrator or program administrator; and positions in the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services that are assigned the duties duty of an Environmental Administrator, Assistant County Health Department Director, and County Health Department Financial Administrator. Unless otherwise fixed by law, the department shall set the salary and benefits of these positions in

accordance with the rules established for the Selected Exempt Service.

- (p) The staff directors, assistant staff directors, district program managers, district program coordinators, district subdistrict administrators, district administrative services directors, district attorneys, county health department directors, county health department administrators, and the Deputy Director of Central Operations Services of the Department of Children and Family Services and the county health department directors and county health department administrators of the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services. Unless otherwise fixed by law, the department shall establish the salary range and benefits for these positions in accordance with the rules of the Selected Exempt Service.
- (s) The executive director of each board or commission established within the Department of Business and Professional Regulation and the Department of Health. Unless otherwise fixed by law, the department shall establish the salary and benefits for these positions in accordance with the rules established for the Selected Exempt Service.

Section 4. Subsection (15) of section 120.80, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

120.80 Exceptions and special requirements; agencies.--

(15) DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.--Notwithstanding s.
120.57(1)(a), formal hearings may not be conducted by the
Secretary of Health, the director of the Agency for Health
Care Administration, or a board or member of a board within
the Department of Health or the Agency for Health Care
Administration for matters relating to the regulation of
professions, as defined by part II of chapter 455.

Notwithstanding s. 120.57(1)(a), hearings conducted within the Department of Health in the execution of the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children; Child Care Food Program; Children's Medical Services program; and the exemption from disqualification reviews for the certified nursing assistants program need not be conducted by an administrative law judge assigned by the division. The Department of Health may contract with the Department of Children and Family Services for a hearing officer in these matters.

Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 154.504, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

154.504 Eligibility and benefits.--

(1) Any county or counties may apply for a primary care for children and families challenge grant to provide primary health care services to children and families with incomes of up to 150 percent of the federal poverty level. Participants shall pay no monthly premium for participation, but shall be required to pay a copayment at the time a service is provided. Copayments may be paid from sources other than the participant, including, but not limited to, the child's or parent's employer, or other private sources. Providers may enter into contracts pursuant to As used in s. 766.1115, provided that copayments the term "copayment" may not be considered and may not be used as compensation for services to health care providers, and all funds generated from copayments shall be used by the governmental contractor, and all other provisions in s. 766.1115 are met.

Section 6. Subsection (3) is added to section 287.155, Florida Statutes, to read:

287.155 Motor vehicles; purchase by Division of
Universities, Department of Health and Rehabilitative
Services, Department of Juvenile Justice, and Department of
Corrections.-
(3) The Department of Health is authorized, subject

(3) The Department of Health is authorized, subject to the approval of the Department of Management Services, to purchase automobiles, trucks, and other automotive equipment for use by county health departments.

Section 7. Subsection (3) of section 372.6672, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

372.6672 Alligator management and trapping program implementation; commission authority.--

(3) The powers and duties of the commission hereunder shall not be construed so as to supersede the regulatory authority or lawful responsibility of the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, or any local governmental entity regarding the processing or handling of food products, but shall be deemed supplemental thereto.

Section 8. Section 381.0022, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

381.0022 Sharing confidential or exempt information.--

(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the Department of Health and the Department of Children and Family Services may share confidential information or information exempt from disclosure under chapter 119 on any individual who is or has been the subject of a program within the jurisdiction of each agency. Information so exchanged remains confidential or exempt as provided by law.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the Department of Health may share confidential information or information exempt from disclosure under chapter 119 on any individual who is or has been a Medicaid recipient and is or was the subject of a program within the jurisdiction of the Department of Health for the purpose of requesting, receiving, or auditing payment for services.

Information so exchanged remains confidential or exempt as provided by law.

Section 9. Paragraphs (d) and (h) of subsection (3) of section 381.004, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to read:

- 381.004 Testing for human immunodeficiency virus.--
- (3) HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS TESTING; INFORMED CONSENT; RESULTS; COUNSELING; CONFIDENTIALITY.--
- (d) No test result shall be determined as positive, and no positive test result shall be revealed to any person, without corroborating or confirmatory tests being conducted except in the following situations:
- 1. Preliminary test results may be released to licensed physicians or the medical or nonmedical personnel subject to the significant exposure for purposes of subparagraphs (h)10., 11., and 12.
- 2. Preliminary test results may be released to health care providers and to the person tested when decisions about medical care or treatment of the person tested cannot await the results of confirmatory testing. Positive preliminary HIV test results shall not be characterized to the patient as a diagnosis of HIV infection. Justification for the use of preliminary test results must be documented in the medical record by the health care provider who ordered the test. This

subparagraph does not authorize the release of preliminary test results for the purpose of routine identification of HIV-infected individuals or when HIV testing is incidental to the preliminary diagnosis or care of a patient. Corroborating or confirmatory testing must be conducted as followup to a positive preliminary test. Results shall be communicated to the patient according to statute regardless of the outcome. Except as provided in this section, test results are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1).

- (h) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a), informed consent is not required:
- 1. When testing for sexually transmissible diseases is required by state or federal law, or by rule including the following situations:
- a. HIV testing pursuant to s. 796.08 of persons convicted of prostitution or of procuring another to commit prostitution.
- b. Testing for HIV by a medical examiner in accordance with s. 406.11.
- 2. Those exceptions provided for blood, plasma, organs, skin, semen, or other human tissue pursuant to s. 381.0041.
- 3. For the performance of an HIV-related test by licensed medical personnel in bona fide medical emergencies when the test results are necessary for medical diagnostic purposes to provide appropriate emergency care or treatment to the person being tested and the patient is unable to consent, as supported by documentation in the medical record. Notification of test results in accordance with paragraph (c) is required.

4. For the performance of an HIV-related test by licensed medical personnel for medical diagnosis of acute illness where, in the opinion of the attending physician, obtaining informed consent would be detrimental to the patient, as supported by documentation in the medical record, and the test results are necessary for medical diagnostic purposes to provide appropriate care or treatment to the person being tested. Notification of test results in accordance with paragraph (c) is required if it would not be detrimental to the patient. This subparagraph does not authorize the routine testing of patients for HIV infection without informed consent.

- 5. When HIV testing is performed as part of an autopsy for which consent was obtained pursuant to s. 872.04.
- 6. For the performance of an HIV test upon a defendant pursuant to the victim's request in a prosecution for any type of sexual battery where a blood sample is taken from the defendant voluntarily, pursuant to court order for any purpose, or pursuant to the provisions of s. 775.0877, s. 951.27, or s. 960.003; however, the results of any HIV test performed shall be disclosed solely to the victim and the defendant, except as provided in ss. 775.0877, 951.27, and 960.003.
 - 7. When an HIV test is mandated by court order.
- 8. For epidemiological research pursuant to s. 381.0032, for research consistent with institutional review boards created by 45 C.F.R. part 46, or for the performance of an HIV-related test for the purpose of research, if the testing is performed in a manner by which the identity of the test subject is not known and may not be retrieved by the researcher.

9. When human tissue is collected lawfully without the consent of the donor for corneal removal as authorized by s. 732.9185 or enucleation of the eyes as authorized by s. 732.919.

- 10. For the performance of an HIV test upon an individual who comes into contact with medical personnel in such a way that a significant exposure has occurred during the course of employment or within the scope of practice and where a blood sample is available that was taken from that individual voluntarily by medical personnel for other purposes. "Medical personnel" includes a licensed or certified health care professional; an employee of a health care professional, health care facility, or blood bank; and a paramedic or emergency medical technician as defined in s. 401.23.
- a. Prior to performance of an HIV test on a voluntarily obtained blood sample, the individual from whom the blood was obtained shall be requested to consent to the performance of the test and to the release of the results. The individual's refusal to consent and all information concerning the performance of an HIV test and any HIV test result shall be documented only in the medical personnel's record unless the individual gives written consent to entering this information on the individual's medical record.
- b. Reasonable attempts to locate the individual and to obtain consent shall be made and all attempts must be documented. If the individual cannot be found, an HIV test may be conducted on the available blood sample. If the individual does not voluntarily consent to the performance of an HIV test, the individual shall be informed that an HIV test will be performed, and counseling shall be furnished as provided in

this section. However, HIV testing shall be conducted only after a licensed physician documents, in the medical record of the medical personnel, that there has been a significant exposure and that, in the physician's medical judgment, the information is medically necessary to determine the course of treatment for the medical personnel.

- c. Costs of any HIV test of a blood sample performed with or without the consent of the individual, as provided in this subparagraph, shall be borne by the medical personnel or the employer of the medical personnel. However, costs of testing or treatment not directly related to the initial HIV tests or costs of subsequent testing or treatment shall not be borne by the medical personnel or the employer of the medical personnel.
- d. In order to utilize the provisions of this subparagraph, the medical personnel must either be tested for HIV pursuant to this section or provide the results of an HIV test taken within 6 months prior to the significant exposure if such test results are negative.
- e. A person who receives the results of an HIV test pursuant to this subparagraph shall maintain the confidentiality of the information received and of the persons tested. Such confidential information is exempt from s. 119.07(1).
- f. If the source of the exposure will not voluntarily submit to HIV testing and a blood sample is not available, the medical personnel or the employer of such person acting on behalf of the employee may seek a court order directing the source of the exposure to submit to HIV testing. A sworn statement by a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 that a significant exposure has occurred and that, in the

physician's medical judgment, testing is medically necessary to determine the course of treatment constitutes probable cause for the issuance of an order by the court. The results of the test shall be released to the source of the exposure and to the person who experienced the exposure.

- 11. For the performance of an HIV test upon an individual who comes into contact with medical personnel in such a way that a significant exposure has occurred during the course of employment or within the scope of practice of the medical personnel while the medical personnel provides emergency medical treatment to the individual; or who comes into contact with nonmedical personnel in such a way that a significant exposure has occurred while the nonmedical personnel provides emergency medical assistance during a medical emergency. For the purposes of this subparagraph, a medical emergency means an emergency medical condition outside of a hospital or health care facility that provides physician care. The test may be performed only during the course of treatment for the medical emergency.
- a. An individual who is capable of providing consent shall be requested to consent to an HIV test prior to the testing. The individual's refusal to consent, and all information concerning the performance of an HIV test and its result, shall be documented only in the medical personnel's record unless the individual gives written consent to entering this information on the individual's medical record.
- b. HIV testing shall be conducted only after a licensed physician documents, in the medical record of the medical personnel or nonmedical personnel, that there has been a significant exposure and that, in the physician's medical judgment, the information is medically necessary to determine

the course of treatment for the medical personnel or nonmedical personnel.

- c. Costs of any HIV test performed with or without the consent of the individual, as provided in this subparagraph, shall be borne by the medical personnel or the employer of the medical personnel or nonmedical personnel. However, costs of testing or treatment not directly related to the initial HIV tests or costs of subsequent testing or treatment shall not be borne by the medical personnel or the employer of the medical personnel or nonmedical personnel.
- d. In order to utilize the provisions of this subparagraph, the medical personnel or nonmedical personnel shall be tested for HIV pursuant to this section or shall provide the results of an HIV test taken within 6 months prior to the significant exposure if such test results are negative.
- e. A person who receives the results of an HIV test pursuant to this subparagraph shall maintain the confidentiality of the information received and of the persons tested. Such confidential information is exempt from s. 119.07(1).
- f. If the source of the exposure will not voluntarily submit to HIV testing and a blood sample was not obtained during treatment for the medical emergency, the medical personnel, the employer of the medical personnel acting on behalf of the employee, or the nonmedical personnel may seek a court order directing the source of the exposure to submit to HIV testing. A sworn statement by a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 that a significant exposure has occurred and that, in the physician's medical judgment, testing is medically necessary to determine the course of treatment constitutes probable cause for the issuance of an

order by the court. The results of the test shall be released to the source of the exposure and to the person who experienced the exposure.

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- 12. For the performance of an HIV test by the medical examiner or attending physician upon an a deceased individual who is the source of a significant exposure to medical personnel or nonmedical personnel who provided emergency medical assistance and who expired or could not be resuscitated while receiving during treatment for the medical emergency medical assistance or care and who was the source of a significant exposure to medical or nonmedical personnel providing such assistance or care.
- a. HIV testing shall be conducted only after a licensed physician documents in the medical record of the medical personnel or nonmedical personnel that there has been a significant exposure and that, in the physician's medical judgment, the information is medically necessary to determine the course of treatment for the medical or nonmedical personnel.
- b. Costs of any HIV test performed pursuant to this subparagraph shall not be charged to the deceased or to the deceased person's family.
- c. For the provisions of this subparagraph to be applicable, the medical personnel or nonmedical personnel shall be tested for HIV pursuant to this section or shall provide the results of an HIV test taken within 6 months prior to the significant exposure if such test results are negative.
- $\underline{\text{d.}}$ A person who receives the results of an HIV test pursuant to this subparagraph shall comply with paragraph (e).
- 13. For the performance of an HIV-related test medically indicated by licensed medical personnel for medical

diagnosis of a hospitalized infant as necessary to provide appropriate care and treatment of the infant when, after a reasonable attempt, a parent cannot be contacted to provide consent. The medical records of the infant shall reflect the reason consent of the parent was not initially obtained. Test results shall be provided to the parent when the parent is located.

- 14. For the performance of HIV testing conducted to monitor the clinical progress of a patient previously diagnosed to be HIV positive.
- 15. For the performance of repeated HIV testing conducted to monitor possible conversion from a significant exposure.

Section 10. Subsection (7) is added to section 381.0051, Florida Statutes, to read:

381.0051 Family planning.--

(7) The department may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.54 and 120.536(1) to implement this section.

Section 11. Subsection (16) is added to section 381.006, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, to read:

381.006 Environmental health.--The department shall conduct an environmental health program as part of fulfilling the state's public health mission. The purpose of this program is to detect and prevent disease caused by natural and manmade factors in the environment. The environmental health program shall include, but not be limited to:

(16) A group care facilities function, where "group care facility" is defined as any public or private school, housing, building or buildings, section of a building, or distinct part of a building, or other place, whether operated for profit or not, which undertakes, through its ownership or

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management, to provide one or more personal services, care,
   protection, and supervision to persons who require such
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    services and who are not related to the owner or
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    administrator. The department may adopt rules necessary to
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    protect the health and safety of residents, staff, and patrons
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    of group care facilities, such as child care facilities,
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    family day care homes, assisted living facilities, adult day
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    care centers, adult family-care homes, hospice, residential
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    treatment facilities, crisis stabilization units, pediatric
    extended care centers, intermediate care facilities for the
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    developmentally disabled, group care homes, and, jointly with
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    the Department of Education, private and public schools. These
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    rules may include provisions relating to operation and
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   maintenance of facilities, buildings, grounds, equipment, and
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    furnishings; occupant space requirements; lighting; heating,
    cooling, and ventilation; water supply; plumbing; sewage;
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    sanitary facilities; insect and rodent control; garbage;
    safety; personnel health, hygiene, and work practices; and
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    such other matters as the department finds to be appropriate
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    or necessary to protect the safety and health of the
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    residents, staff, or patrons. The department may not adopt
    rules which conflict with rules adopted by the licensing or
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    certifying agency. The department may enter and inspect at
    reasonable hours to determine compliance with applicable
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    statutes or rules. In addition to any sanctions which the
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    department may impose for violations of rules adopted under
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    this section, the department shall also report such violations
    to any agency responsible for licensing or certifying the
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    group care facility. The licensing or certifying agency is
    also authorized to impose any sanction based solely on the
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    findings of the department.
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The department may adopt rules to carry out the provisions of this section.

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Section 12. Subsection (1) of section 381.0061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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381.0061 Administrative fines.--

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13 14 (1) In addition to any administrative action authorized by chapter 120 or by other law, the department may impose a fine, which shall not exceed \$500 for each violation, for a violation of s. 381.006(16),s. 381.0065, s. 381.0066, s. 381.0072, or part III of chapter 489, for a violation of any rule adopted under this chapter, or for a violation of any of the provisions of chapter 386. Notice of intent to impose such fine shall be given by the department to the alleged violator. Each day that a violation continues may constitute

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a separate violation.

Section 13. Subsections (2), (3), (4), and (5) of section 381.0062, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to read:

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381.0062 Supervision; private and certain public water systems.--

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(2) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section:

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(a) "Contaminant" means any physical, biological, chemical, or radiological substance or matter in water.

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(b) "Department" means the Department of Health, including the county health departments.

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(c) "Florida Safe Drinking Water Act" means part VI of chapter 403.

29 30 (d) "Health hazard" means any condition, contaminant, device, or practice in a water system or its operation which

will create or has the potential to create an acute or chronic threat to the health and well-being of the water consumer.

- (e) "Limited use commercial public water system" means a public water system not covered or included in the Florida Safe Drinking Water Act, which serves one or more nonresidential establishments and provides piped water.
- (f) "Limited use community public water system" means a public water system not covered or included in the Florida Safe Drinking Water Act, which serves five or more private residences or two or more rental residences, and provides piped water.
- (g) "Maximum contaminant level" means the maximum permissible level of a contaminant in potable water delivered to consumers.
- (h) "Multifamily water system" means a water system that provides piped water for three to four residences, one of which may be a rental residence.
- (i)(h) "Person" means an individual, public or private corporation, company, association, partnership, municipality, agency of the state, district, federal, or any other legal entity, or its legal representative, agent, or assignee.
- $\underline{(j)}$ "Potable water" means water that is satisfactory for human consumption, dermal contact, culinary purposes, or dishwashing as approved by the department.
- (k)(j) "Private water system" means a water system that provides piped water for one or two residences, one of which may be a rental residence, or for a church located more than 200 feet from a water system covered under the Florida Safe Drinking Water Act no more than four nonrental residences.

(1)(k) "Public consumption" means oral ingestion or physical contact with water by a person for any purpose other than cleaning work areas or simple handwashing. Examples of public consumption include, when making food or beverages available to the general public, water used for washing food, cooking utensils, or food service areas and water used for preparing food or beverages; washing surfaces accessed by children as in a child care center or similar setting; washing medical instruments or surfaces accessed by a patient; any water usage in health care facilities; emergency washing devices such as eye washing sinks; washing in food processing plants or establishments like slaughterhouses and packinghouses; and water used in schools.

 $\underline{\text{(m)}(1)}$ "Public water system" means a water system that is not included or covered under the Florida Safe Drinking Water Act, provides piped water to the public, and is not a private or multifamily water system. For purposes of this section, public water systems are classified as limited use community or limited use commercial.

(n)(m) "Supplier of water" means the person, company, or corporation that owns or operates a limited use community or limited use commercial public water system, a multifamily water system, or a private water system.

 $\underline{\text{(o)}}$ "Variance" means a sanction from the department affording a supplier of water an extended time to correct a maximum contaminant level violation caused by the raw water or to deviate from construction standards established by rule of the department.

(3) SUPERVISION.--The department and its agents shall have general supervision and control over all private water systems, multifamily water systems, and public water systems

not covered or included in the Florida Safe Drinking Water Act (part VI of chapter 403), and over those aspects of the public water supply program for which it has the duties and responsibilities provided for in part VI of chapter 403. The department shall:

- (a) Administer and enforce the provisions of this section and all rules and orders adopted or issued under this section, including water quality and monitoring standards.
- (b) Require any person wishing to construct, modify, or operate a limited use community or limited use commercial public water system or a <u>multifamily private</u> water system to first make application to and obtain approval from the department on forms adopted by rule of the department.
- (c) Review and act upon any application for the construction, modification, operation, or change of ownership of, and conduct surveillance, enforcement, and compliance investigations of, limited use community and limited use commercial public water systems, and <u>multifamily</u> private water systems.
- (d) Require a fee from the supplier of water in an amount sufficient to cover the costs of reviewing and acting upon any application for the construction, modification, or operation of a limited use community and limited use commercial public water system, of not less than \$10 or more than \$90 annually.
- (e) Require a fee from the supplier of water in an amount sufficient to cover the costs of reviewing and acting upon any application for the construction or change of ownership of a <u>multifamily</u> private water system serving more than one residence, of not less than \$10 or more than \$90.

(f) Require a fee from the supplier of water in an amount sufficient to cover the costs of sample collection, review of analytical results, health-risk interpretations, and coordination with other agencies when such work is not included in paragraphs (b) and (c) and is requested by the supplier of water, of not less than \$10 or more than \$90.

- (g) Require suppliers of water to collect samples of water, to submit such samples to a department-certified drinking water laboratory for contaminant analysis, and to keep sampling records as required by rule of the department.
- (h) Require all fees collected by the department in accordance with the provisions of this section to be deposited in an appropriate trust fund of the department, and used exclusively for the payment of costs incurred in the administration of this section.
- (i) Prohibit any supplier of water from, intentionally or otherwise, introducing any contaminant which poses a health hazard into a drinking water system.
- (j) Require suppliers of water to give public notice of water problems and corrective measures under the conditions specified by rule of the department.
- (k) Require a fee to cover the cost of reinspection of any system regulated under this section, which may not be less than \$25 or more than \$40.
- (4) RIGHT OF ENTRY.--For purposes of this section, department personnel may enter, at any reasonable time and if they have reasonable cause to believe a violation of this section is occurring or about to occur, upon any and all parts of the premises of such limited use public and <u>multifamily</u> private drinking water systems serving more than one residence, to make an examination and investigation to

determine the sanitary and safety conditions of such systems. Any person who interferes with, hinders, or opposes any employee of the department in the discharge of his or her duties pursuant to the provisions of this section is subject to the penalties provided in s. 381.0025.

(5) ENFORCEMENT AND PENALTIES. --

- (a) Any person who constructs, modifies, or operates a limited use community or limited use commercial public water system, a multifamily, or a private water system, without first complying with the requirements of this section, who operates a water system in violation of department order, or who maintains or operates a water system after revocation of the permit is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (b) This section and rules adopted pursuant to this section may be enforced by injunction or restraining order granted by a circuit court as provided in s. 381.0012(2).
- (c) Additional remedies available to county health department staff through any county or municipal ordinance may be applied, over and above the penalties set forth in this section, to any violation of this section or the rules adopted pursuant to this section.

Section 14. Subsection (3) of section 381.90, Florida Statutes, is amended, paragraph (c) of subsection (7) is redesignated as paragraph (d), and a new paragraph (c) is added to said subsection, to read:

- 381.90 Health Information Systems Council; legislative intent; creation, appointment, duties.--
- (3) The council shall be composed of the following members or their senior executive-level designees:
 - (a) The secretary of the Department of Health;

1	(b) The secretary of the Department of Business and
2	Professional Regulation;
3	(c) The secretary of the Department of Children and
4	Family Services;
5	(d) The director of the Agency for Health Care
6	Administration;
7	(e) The secretary of the Department of Corrections;
8	(f) The Attorney General;
9	(g) The executive director of the Correctional Medical
10	Authority;
11	(h) Two members representing county health
12	departments, one from a small county and one from a large
13	county, appointed by the Governor; and
14	(i) A representative from the Florida Association of
15	Counties:
16	(j) The State Treasurer/Insurance Commissioner;
17	(k) A representative from the Florida Healthy Kids
18	Corporation;
19	(1) A representative from a school of public health
20	chosen by the Board of Regents;
20 21	<pre>chosen by the Board of Regents; (m) The Commissioner of Education;</pre>
21	(m) The Commissioner of Education;
21 22	(m) The Commissioner of Education; (n) The secretary of the Department of Elderly
21 22 23	(m) The Commissioner of Education; (n) The secretary of the Department of Elderly Affairs; and
21 22 23 24	(m) The Commissioner of Education; (n) The secretary of the Department of Elderly Affairs; and (o) The secretary of the Department of Juvenile
21 22 23 24 25	(m) The Commissioner of Education; (n) The secretary of the Department of Elderly Affairs; and (o) The secretary of the Department of Juvenile
21 22 23 24 25 26	(m) The Commissioner of Education; (n) The secretary of the Department of Elderly Affairs; and (o) The secretary of the Department of Juvenile Justice.
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(m) The Commissioner of Education; (n) The secretary of the Department of Elderly Affairs; and (o) The secretary of the Department of Juvenile Justice. Representatives of the Federal Government may serve without
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	(m) The Commissioner of Education; (n) The secretary of the Department of Elderly Affairs; and (o) The secretary of the Department of Juvenile Justice. Representatives of the Federal Government may serve without voting rights.
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	<pre>(m) The Commissioner of Education; (n) The secretary of the Department of Elderly Affairs; and (o) The secretary of the Department of Juvenile Justice. Representatives of the Federal Government may serve without voting rights. (7) The council's duties and responsibilities include,</pre>

(c) To develop a review process to ensure cooperative planning among agencies that collect or maintain health-related data. The council shall submit a report on the implementation of this requirement to the Executive Office of the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate by January 1, 2000.

Section 15. Subsection (10) of section 382.003, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (11) is added to said section, to read:

382.003 Powers and duties of the department.--The department may:

- (10) Adopt, promulgate, and enforce rules necessary for the creation, issuance, recording, rescinding, maintenance, and processing of vital records and for carrying out the provisions of ss. 382.004-382.014 and ss. 382.016-382.019.
- (11) By rule, require that forms, documents, and information submitted to the department in anticipation of the creation or amendment of a vital record be under oath.

Section 16. Subsection (3) of section 382.004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

382.004 Reproduction and destruction of records. --

(3) Photographs, microphotographs, or reproductions of any record in the form of film, prints, or electronically produced certifications made in compliance with the provisions of this chapter and certified by the department shall have the same force and effect as the originals thereof, shall be treated as originals for the purpose of their admissibility in any court or case, and shall be prima facie evidence in all courts and cases of the facts stated therein.

Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 382.008, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

382.008 Death and fetal death registration.--

- (1) A certificate for each death and fetal death which occurs in this state shall be filed on a form prescribed by the department with the local registrar of the district in which the death occurred within 5 days after such death and prior to final disposition, and shall be registered by such registrar if it has been completed and filed in accordance with this chapter or adopted rules. The certificate shall include the decedent's social security number, if available. Disclosure of social security numbers obtained through this requirement shall be limited to the purpose of administration of the Title IV-D program for child support enforcement and as otherwise provided by law. In addition, each certificate of death or fetal death:
- (a) If requested by the informant, shall include aliases or "also known as" (AKA) names of a decedent in addition to the decedent's name of record. Aliases shall be entered on the face of the death certificate in the space provided for name if there is sufficient space. If there is not sufficient space, aliases may be recorded on the back of the certificate and shall be considered part of the official record of death;
- (b) If the place of death is unknown, shall be registered in the registration district in which the dead body or fetus is found within 5 days after such occurrence; and
- (c) If death occurs in a moving conveyance, shall be registered in the registration district in which the dead body was first removed from such conveyance.

Section 18. Section 382.013, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

382.013 Birth registration.--A certificate for each live birth that occurs in this state shall be filed within 5 days after such birth with the local registrar of the district in which the birth occurred and shall be registered by the local registrar if the certificate has been completed and filed in accordance with this chapter and adopted rules. The information regarding registered births shall be used for comparison with information in the state case registry, as defined in chapter 61.

(1) FILING. --

- (a) If a birth occurs in a hospital, birth center, or other health care facility, or en route thereto, the person in charge of the facility shall be responsible for preparing the certificate, certifying the facts of the birth, and filing the certificate with the local registrar. Within 48 hours after the birth, the physician, midwife, or person in attendance during or immediately after the delivery shall provide the facility with the medical information required by the birth certificate.
- (b) If a birth occurs outside a facility and a Florida licensed physician, certified nurse midwife, Florida licensed midwife, or a public health nurse employed by the department was in attendance during or immediately after the delivery, then such individual shall prepare and file the certificate. and the child is not taken to the facility within 3 days after delivery, the certificate shall be prepared and filed by one of the following persons in the indicated order of priority:
- 1. The physician or midwife in attendance during or immediately after the birth.

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2. In the absence of persons described in subparagraph 1., any other person in attendance during or immediately after the birth.

- 3. In the absence of persons described in subparagraph 2., the father or mother.
- 4. In the absence of the father and the inability of the mother, the person in charge of the premises where the birth occurred.
- (c) If a birth occurs outside a facility and the delivery is not attended by one of the individuals described in paragraph (b), then the person in attendance or the mother or the father shall report the birth to the registrar and provide proof of the facts of birth. The department may require that such documents be presented and such proof be filed as it deems necessary and sufficient to establish the truth of the facts to be recorded by the certificate and may withhold registering the birth until its requirements are met.
- $\underline{(d)(e)}$ If a birth occurs in a moving conveyance and the child is first removed from the conveyance in this state, the birth shall be filed and registered in this state and the place to which the child is first removed shall be considered the place of birth.
- (e)(d) The mother or the father At least one of the parents of the child shall attest to the accuracy of the personal data entered on the certificate in time to permit the timely registration of the certificate.
- $\underline{(f)}$ (e) If a certificate of live birth is incomplete, the local registrar shall immediately notify the health care facility or person filing the certificate and shall require the completion of the missing items of information if they can

be obtained prior to issuing certified copies of the birth certificate.

 $\underline{(g)}(f)$ Regardless of any plan to place a child for adoption after birth, the information on the birth certificate as required by this section must be as to the child's birth parents unless and until an application for a new birth record is made under s. 63.152.

(2) PATERNITY.--

- (a) If the mother is married at the time of birth, the name of the husband shall be entered on the birth certificate as the father of the child, unless paternity has been determined otherwise by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), if the husband of the mother dies while the mother is pregnant but before the birth of the child, the name of the deceased husband shall be entered on the birth certificate as the father of the child, unless paternity has been determined otherwise by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (c) If the mother is not married at the time of birth, the name of the father may not be entered on the birth certificate without the execution of a consenting affidavit signed by both the mother and the person to be named as the father. After giving notice orally or through the use of video or audio equipment, and in writing, of the alternatives to, the legal consequences of, and the rights, including, if one parent is a minor, any rights afforded due to minority status, and responsibilities that arise from signing an acknowledgment of paternity, the facility shall provide the mother and the person to be named as the father with the affidavit, as well as information provided by the Title IV-D agency established pursuant to s. 409.2557, regarding the

benefits of voluntary establishment of paternity. Upon request of the mother and the person to be named as the father, the facility shall assist in the execution of the affidavit.

- (d) If the paternity of the child is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction as provided under s. 382.015, the name of the father and the surname of the child shall be entered on the certificate in accordance with the finding and order of the court. If the court fails to specify a surname for the child, the surname shall be entered in accordance with subsection (3).
- (e) If the father is not named on the certificate, no other information about the father shall be entered on the certificate.
 - (3) NAME OF CHILD.--

- (a) If the mother is married at the time of birth, the mother and father whose names are entered on the birth certificate shall select the given names and surname of the child if both parents have custody of the child, otherwise the parent who has custody shall select the child's name.
- (b) If the mother and father whose names are entered on the birth certificate disagree on the surname of the child and both parents have custody of the child, the surname selected by the father and the surname selected by the mother shall both be entered on the birth certificate, separated by a hyphen, with the selected names entered in alphabetical order. If the parents disagree on the selection of a given name, the given name may not be entered on the certificate until a joint agreement that lists the agreed upon given name and is notarized by both parents is submitted to the department, or until a given name is selected by a court.

- (c) If the mother is not married at the time of birth, the parent who will have custody of the child shall select the child's given name and surname.
- (d) If multiple names of the child exceed the space provided on the face of the birth certificate they shall be listed on the back of the certificate. Names listed on the back of the certificate shall be part of the official record.
- (4) UNDETERMINED PARENTAGE. -- The person having custody of a child of undetermined parentage shall register a birth certificate shall be registered for every child of undetermined parentage showing all known or approximate facts relating to the birth. To assist in later determination, information concerning the place and circumstances under which the child was found shall be included on the portion of the birth certificate relating to marital status and medical details. In the event the child is later identified to the satisfaction of the department, a new birth certificate shall be prepared which shall bear the same number as the original birth certificate, and the original certificate shall be sealed and filed, shall be confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1), and shall not be opened to inspection by, nor shall certified copies of the same be issued except by court order to, any person other than the registrant if of legal age.
- (5) DISCLOSURE.--The original certificate of live birth shall contain all the information required by the department for legal, social, and health research purposes. However, all information concerning parentage, marital status, and medical details shall be confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1), except for health research

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purposes as approved by the department, nor shall copies of the same be issued except as provided in s. 382.025.

Section 19. Section 382.015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

382.015 New certificates of live birth; duty of clerks of court and department.—The clerk of the court in which any proceeding for adoption, annulment of an adoption, affirmation of parental status, or determination of paternity is to be registered, shall within 30 days after the final disposition, forward to the department a certified court-certified copy of the court order decree, or a report of the proceedings upon a form to be furnished by the department, together with sufficient information to identify the original birth certificate and to enable the preparation of a new birth certificate.

- (1) ADOPTION AND ANNULMENT OF ADOPTION. --
- (a) Upon receipt of the report or certified copy of an adoption decree, together with the information necessary to identify the original certificate of live birth, and establish a new certificate, the department shall prepare and file a new birth certificate, absent objection by the court decreeing the adoption, the adoptive parents, or the adoptee if of legal age. The certificate shall bear the same file number as the original birth certificate. All names and identifying information relating to the adoptive parents entered on the new certificate shall refer to the adoptive parents, but nothing in the certificate shall refer to or designate the parents as being adoptive. All other items not affected by adoption shall be copied as on the original certificate, including the date of registration and filing.

- (b) Upon receipt of the report or certified copy of an annulment-of-adoption decree, together with the sufficient information to identify the original certificate of live birth, the department shall, if a new certificate of birth was filed following an adoption report or decree, remove the new certificate and restore the original certificate to its original place in the files, and the certificate so removed shall be sealed by the department.
- (c) Upon receipt of a report or certified copy of an adoption decree or annulment-of-adoption decree for a person born in another state, the department shall forward the report or decree to the state of the registrant's birth. If the adoptee was born in Canada, the department shall send a copy of the report or decree to the appropriate birth registration authority in Canada.

(2) DETERMINATION OF PATERNITY. --

(a) Upon receipt of the report or a certified copy of a final decree of determination of paternity, or upon written request and receipt of a consenting affidavit signed by both parents acknowledging the paternity of the registrant, together with sufficient information to identify the original certificate of live birth, the department shall prepare and file a new birth certificate which shall bear the same file number as the original birth certificate. If paternity has been established pursuant to court order, The registrant's name shall be entered as decreed by the court. Otherwise, the surname of the registrant may be changed from that shown on the original birth certificate at the request of the parents or the registrant if of legal age. The names and identifying information of the parents shall be entered as of the date of the registrant's birth.

- (b) If the parents marry each other at any time after the registrant's birth, the department shall, upon request of the parents or registrant if of legal age and proof of the marriage, amend the certificate with regard to the parent's marital status as though the parents were married at the time of birth.
- (c) If a father's name is already listed on the birth certificate, the birth certificate may only be amended to add a different father's name upon court order. If a change in the registrant's surname is also desired, such change must be included in the court order determining paternity or the name must be changed pursuant to s. 68.07.
- (3) AFFIRMATION OF PARENTAL STATUS.--Upon receipt of an order of affirmation of parental status issued pursuant to s. 742.16, together with sufficient information to identify the original certificate of live birth, the department shall prepare and file a new birth certificate which shall bear the same file number as the original birth certificate. The names and identifying information of the registrant's parents entered on the new certificate shall be the commissioning couple, but the new certificate may not make reference to or designate the parents as the commissioning couple.
- (4) SUBSTITUTION OF NEW CERTIFICATE OF BIRTH FOR ORIGINAL.--When a new certificate of birth is prepared, the department shall substitute the new certificate of birth for the original certificate on file. All copies of the original certificate of live birth in the custody of a local registrar or other state custodian of vital records shall be forwarded to the State Registrar. Thereafter, when a certified copy of the certificate of birth of such person or portion thereof is issued, it shall be a copy of the new certificate of birth or

portion thereof, except when a court order requires issuance of a certified copy of the original certificate of birth. In an adoption, change in paternity, affirmation of parental status, undetermined parentage, or court-ordered substitution, the department shall place the original certificate of birth and all papers pertaining thereto under seal, not to be broken except by order of a court of competent jurisdiction or as otherwise provided by law.

- (5) FORM.--Except for certificates of foreign birth which are registered as provided in s. 382.017, and delayed certificates of birth which are registered as provided in ss. 382.019 and 382.0195, all original, new, or amended certificates of live birth shall be identical in form, regardless of the marital status of the parents or the fact that the registrant is adopted or of undetermined parentage.
- (6) RULES.--The department shall adopt and enforce all rules necessary for carrying out the provisions of this section.

Section 20. Subsections (3), (4), and (5) are added to section 382.016, Florida Statutes, to read:

382.016 Amendment of records.--

(3) Upon written request and receipt of an affidavit signed by the mother and father acknowledging the paternity of a registrant born out of wedlock, together with sufficient information to identify the original certificate of live birth, the department shall prepare a new birth certificate which shall bear the same file number as the original birth certificate. The names and identifying information of the parents shall be entered as of the date of the registrant's birth. The surname of the registrant may be changed from that shown on the original birth certificate at the request of the

mother and father of the registrant or the registrant if of legal age. If the mother and father marry each other at any time after the registrant's birth, the department shall, upon request of the mother and father or registrant if of legal age and proof of the marriage, amend the certificate with regard to the parents' marital status as though the parents were married at the time of birth.

- pursuant to subsection (3), the department shall substitute the new certificate of birth for the original certificate on file. All copies of the original certificate of live birth in the custody of a local registrar or other state custodian of vital records shall be forwarded to the State Registrar.

 Thereafter, when a certified copy of the certificate of birth or portion thereof is issued, it shall be a copy of the new certificate of birth or portion thereof, except when a court order requires issuance of a certified copy of the original certificate of birth. The department shall place the original certificate of birth and all papers pertaining thereto under seal, not to be broken except by order of a court of competent jurisdiction or as otherwise provided by law.
- (5) If a father's name is listed on the birth certificate, the birth certificate may only be amended to remove the father's name or to add a different father's name upon court order. If a change in the registrant's surname is also desired, such change must be included in the court order or the name must be changed pursuant to s. 68.07.

Section 21. Subsection (1) of section 382.019, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (8) is added to said section, to read:

382.019 Delayed registration; administrative procedures.--

- (1) Registration after 1 year is a delayed registration, and the department may, upon receipt of <u>an</u> <u>application and</u> the fee required under s. 382.0255, and proof of the birth, death, or fetal death as prescribed by this section or rule, register a delayed certificate if the department does not already have a certificate of the birth, death, or fetal death on file.
- (8) In addition to the rulemaking authority found in s. 382.003(10), the department may, by rule, provide for the dismissal of an application which is not pursued within 1 year.

Section 22. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 382.025, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

382.025 Certified copies of vital records; confidentiality; research.--

- (1) BIRTH RECORDS.--Except for birth records over 100 years old and not under seal pursuant to court order, all birth records of this state shall be confidential and are exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1).
- (a) Certified copies of the original birth certificate or a new or amended certificate, or affidavits thereof, are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and, upon receipt of a request and payment of the fee prescribed in s. 382.0255, shall be issued only as authorized by the department and in the form prescribed by the department, and only:
 - 1. To the registrant, if of legal age;
- 2. To the registrant's parent or guardian or other legal representative;

3. Upon receipt of the registrant's death certificate, to the registrant's spouse or to the registrant's child, grandchild, or sibling, if of legal age, or to the legal representative of any of such persons;

- 4. To any person if the birth record is over 100 years old and not under seal pursuant to court order;
 - 5. To a law enforcement agency for official purposes;
- 6. To any agency of the state or the United States for official purposes upon approval of the department; or
 - 7. Upon order of any court of competent jurisdiction.
- (b) To protect the integrity of vital records and prevent the fraudulent use of the birth certificates of deceased persons, the department shall match birth and death certificates and post the fact of death to the appropriate birth certificate. Except for a commemorative birth certificate, any A certification of a birth certificate of a deceased registrant shall be marked "deceased." In the case of a commemorative birth certificate, such indication of death shall be made on the back of the certificate.
- (c) The department shall issue, upon request and upon payment of an additional fee as prescribed under s. 382.0255, a commemorative birth certificate representing that the birth of the person named thereon is recorded in the office of the registrar. The certificate issued under this paragraph shall be in a form consistent with the need to protect the integrity of vital records but shall be suitable for display. It may bear the seal of the state printed thereon and may be signed by the Governor.
 - (2) OTHER RECORDS. --
- (a) The department shall authorize the issuance of a certified copy of all or part of any marriage, dissolution of

marriage, or death or fetal death certificate, excluding that portion which is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) as provided under s. 382.008, to any person requesting it upon receipt of a request and payment of the fee prescribed by this section. A certification of the death or fetal death certificate which includes the confidential portions shall be issued only:

- 1. To the registrant's spouse or parent, or to the registrant's child, grandchild, or sibling, if of legal age, or to any <u>person family member</u> who provides a will <u>which has been executed pursuant to s. 732.502</u>, insurance policy, or other document that demonstrates <u>his or her the family member's</u> interest in the estate of the registrant, or to any person who provides documentation that he or she is acting on behalf of any of them;
- 2. To any agency of the state or local government or the United States for official purposes upon approval of the department; or
 - 3. Upon order of any court of competent jurisdiction.
- (b) All portions of a certificate of death shall cease to be exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) 50 years after the date of death.
- (c) The department shall issue, upon request and upon payment of an additional fee prescribed by this section, a commemorative marriage license representing that the marriage of the persons named thereon is recorded in the office of the registrar. The certificate issued under this paragraph shall be in a form consistent with the need to protect the integrity of vital records but shall be suitable for display. It may bear the seal of the state printed thereon and may be signed by the Governor.

Section 23. Subsection (2) of section 382.0255, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

382.0255 Fees.--

certification of a birth record issued by the department or by the local registrar shall be subject to an additional fee of \$4 which shall be deposited in the appropriate departmental trust fund. On a quarterly basis, the department shall transfer \$2 of this additional fee to the General Revenue Fund and \$1.50 to the Child Welfare Training Trust Fund created in s. 402.40. Fifty cents of the fee shall be available for appropriation to the department for administration of this chapter.

Section 24. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 383.011, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

383.011 Administration of maternal and child health programs.--

- (2) The Department of Health shall follow federal requirements and may adopt any rules necessary for the implementation of the maternal and child health care program, the WIC program, and the Child Care Food Program.
- (c) With respect to the Child Care Food Program, the department shall adopt rules that interpret and implement relevant federal regulations, including 7 C.F.R. part 226. The rules <u>may must</u> address at least those program requirements and procedures identified in paragraph (1)(i).

Section 25. Paragraph (e) of subsection (3) of section 383.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1 383.14 Screening for metabolic disorders, other 2 hereditary and congenital disorders, and environmental risk 3 factors.--

- (3) DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH; POWERS AND DUTIES.--The department shall administer and provide certain services to implement the provisions of this section and shall:
- (e) Supply the necessary dietary treatment products where practicable for diagnosed cases of phenylketonuria and other metabolic diseases for as long as medically indicated when the products are not otherwise available. Provide nutrition education and supplemental foods to those families eligible for the Special Supplemental <u>Nutrition</u> Food Program for Women, Infants, and Children as provided in s. 383.011.

All provisions of this subsection must be coordinated with the provisions and plans established under this chapter, chapter

Section 26. Subsection (4) of section 385.202, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

385.202 Statewide cancer registry.--

411, and Pub. L. No. 99-457.

(4) Funds appropriated for this section shall be used for establishing, administering, compiling, processing, and providing biometric and statistical analyses to the reporting facilities. Funds may also be used to ensure the quality and accuracy of the information reported and to provide management information to the reporting facilities. Such reporting hospitals shall be reimbursed for reasonable costs.

Section 27. Section 385.203, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

385.203 Diabetes Advisory Council; creation; function; membership.--

- (1) To guide a statewide comprehensive approach to diabetes prevention, diagnosis, education, care, treatment, impact, and costs thereof, there is created a Diabetes Advisory Council that serves as the advisory unit to the diabetes centers, the Board of Regents, and the Department of Health, other governmental agencies, professional and other organizations, and the general public. The council shall:
- (a) <u>Provide statewide leadership to continuously</u> improve the lives of all Floridians with diabetes and reduce the burden of diabetes.
- (b) Serve as a forum for the discussion and study of issues related to the <u>public health approach for the</u> delivery of health care services to persons with diabetes.
- (b) Provide advice and consultation to the deans of the medical schools in which are located diabetes centers, and by June 30 of each year, the council shall submit written recommendations to the deans regarding the need for diabetes education, treatment, and research activities to promote the prevention and control of diabetes.
- (c) By June 30 of each year, meet with the secretary of the Department of Health or \underline{a} his or her designee to make specific recommendations regarding the public health aspects of the prevention and control of diabetes.
- (2) The members of the council shall be appointed by the Governor with advice from nominations by the Board of Regents, the Board of Trustees of the University of Miami, and the secretary of the Department of Health. Members shall serve 4-year terms or until their successors are appointed or qualified.
- (3) The council shall be composed of $\underline{25}$ $\underline{18}$ citizens of the state who have knowledge of or work in the area of

diabetes mellitus as follows: four practicing physicians; one representative from each medical school; seven interested citizens, at least three of whom shall be persons who have or have had diabetes mellitus or who have a child with diabetes mellitus; the Secretary of Health or his or her designee; one representative from the Division of Children's Medical Services of the Department of Health; and one professor of nutrition.

(a) Five interested citizens, three of whom are affected by diabetes.

- (b) Twenty members representing nursing with diabetes educator certification; dietetics with diabetes educator certification; podiatry; ophthalmology/optometry; psychology; pharmacy; adult endocrinology; pediatric endocrinology; the American Diabetes Association; the Juvenile Diabetes Foundation; community health centers; county health departments; American Diabetes Association-recognized community education programs; each Florida medical school; the insurance industry; Children's Medical Services diabetes regional programs; and employers.
- (c) One or more representatives from the Department of Health shall serve on the council as ex officio members.
- (4)(a) The council shall annually elect from its members a chair and <u>vice chair</u> a secretary. The council shall meet at the chair's discretion; however, at least three meetings shall be held each year.
- (b) In conducting its meetings, the council shall use accepted rules of procedure. A majority of the members of the council constitutes a quorum, and action by a majority of a quorum is necessary for the council to take any official action. The <u>Department of Health</u> secretary shall keep a

complete record of the proceedings of each meeting. The record shall show the names of the members present and the actions taken. The records shall be kept on file with the department, and these and other documents about matters within the jurisdiction of the council may be inspected by members of the council.

- (5) Members of the council shall serve without remuneration but may be reimbursed for per diem and travel expenses as provided in s. 112.061, to the extent resources are available.
- (6) The department shall serve as an intermediary for the council if the council coordinates, applies for, or accepts any grants, funds, gifts, or services made available to it by any agency or department of the Federal Government, or any private agency or individual, for assistance in the operation of the council or the diabetes centers established in the various medical schools.

Section 28. Subsection (8) of section 391.021, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

- 391.021 Definitions.--When used in this act, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
- (8) "Program" means the Children's Medical Services program established in the Division of Children's Medical Services of the department.

Section 29. Section 391.028, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

- 391.028 Administration.--The Children's Medical Services program shall have a central office and area offices.
- (1) The Director of the Division of Children's Medical Services must be a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 who has specialized training and experience in the

provision of health care to children and who has recognized skills in leadership and the promotion of children's health programs. The division director shall be the deputy secretary and the Deputy State Health Officer for Children's Medical Services and is appointed by and reports to the secretary. The director may appoint division directors subject to the approval of the secretary.

- (2) The division director shall designate Children's Medical Services area offices to perform operational activities, including, but not limited to:
- (a) Providing case management services for the network.
 - (b) Providing local oversight of the program.
- (c) Determining an individual's medical and financial eligibility for the program.
- (d) Participating in the determination of a level of care and medical complexity for long-term care services.
- (e) Authorizing services in the program and developing spending plans.
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- (g) Taking part in the resolution of complaints and grievances from participants and health care providers.
- (3) Each Children's Medical Services area office shall be directed by a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 who has specialized training and experience in the provision of health care to children. The director of a Children's Medical Services area office shall be appointed by the division director from the active panel of Children's Medical Services physician consultants.

Section 30. Section 391.0315, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

391.0315 Benefits.--Benefits provided under the program for children with special health care needs shall be the same benefits provided to children as specified in ss. 409.905 and 409.906. The department may offer additional benefits for early intervention services, respite services, genetic testing, genetic and nutritional counseling, and parent support services, if such services are determined to be medically necessary. No child or person determined eligible for the program who is eligible under Title XIX or Title XXI of the Social Security Act shall receive any service other than an initial health care screening or treatment of an emergency medical condition as defined in s. 395.002, until such child or person is enrolled in Medicaid or a Title XXI program.

Section 31. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 391.221, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

391.221 Statewide Children's Medical Services Network Advisory Council.--

- (1) The secretary of the department may appoint a Statewide Children's Medical Services Network Advisory Council for the purpose of acting as an advisory body to the department. Specifically, the duties of the council shall include, but not be limited to:
- (b) Making recommendations to the director of the Division of Children's Medical Services concerning the selection of health care providers for the Children's Medical Services network.

Section 32. Subsection (1) of section 391.222, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

391.222 Cardiac Advisory Council.--

- (1) The secretary of the department may appoint a Cardiac Advisory Council for the purpose of acting as the advisory body to the <u>Department of Health</u> Division of Children's Medical Services in the delivery of cardiac services to children. Specifically, the duties of the council shall include, but not be limited to:
- (a) Recommending standards for personnel and facilities rendering cardiac services for the Division of Children's Medical Services;
- (b) Receiving reports of the periodic review of cardiac personnel and facilities to determine if established standards for the Division of Children's Medical Services cardiac services are met;
- (c) Making recommendations to the division director as to the approval or disapproval of reviewed personnel and facilities;
- (d) Making recommendations as to the intervals for reinspection of approved personnel and facilities; and
- (e) Providing input to the Division of Children's Medical Services on all aspects of Children's Medical Services cardiac programs, including the rulemaking process.

Section 33. Section 391.223, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

391.223 Technical advisory panels.--The secretary of the department may establish technical advisory panels to assist the Division of Children's Medical Services in developing specific policies and procedures for the Children's Medical Services program.

Section 34. Subsection (3) of section 392.69, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (4) is added to said section, to read:

392.69 Appropriation, sinking, and maintenance trust funds; additional powers of the department.--

- (3) In the execution of its public health program functions, notwithstanding s. 216.292(5) (b), the department is hereby authorized to use any sums of money which it may heretofore have saved or which it may hereafter save from its regular operating appropriation, or use any sums of money acquired by gift or grant, or any sums of money it may acquire by the issuance of revenue certificates of the hospital to match or supplement any state or federal funds, or any moneys received by said department by gift or otherwise, for the construction or maintenance of additional facilities or improvement to existing facilities, as the department deems necessary.
- (4) The department shall appoint an advisory board, which shall meet quarterly to review and make recommendations relating to patient care at A.G. Holley State Hospital.

 Members shall be appointed for a term of 3 years, with such appointments being staggered so that the terms of no more than two members expire in any one year. Members shall serve without remuneration, but may be reimbursed for per diem and travel expenses as provided in s. 112.061.

Section 35. Subsection (36) is added to section 409.912, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, to read:

409.912 Cost-effective purchasing of health care.--The agency shall purchase goods and services for Medicaid recipients in the most cost-effective manner consistent with the delivery of quality medical care. The agency shall

maximize the use of prepaid per capita and prepaid aggregate fixed-sum basis services when appropriate and other alternative service delivery and reimbursement methodologies, including competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, designed to facilitate the cost-effective purchase of a case-managed continuum of care. The agency shall also require providers to minimize the exposure of recipients to the need for acute inpatient, custodial, and other institutional care and the inappropriate or unnecessary use of high-cost services.

(36) The agency shall enter into agreements with not-for-profit organizations based in the state for the purpose of vision screening.

Section 36. Subsection (3) of section 409.9126,
Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:
409.9126 Children with special health care needs.--

Services network shall be reimbursed on a fee-for-service basis and shall utilize a primary care case management process. Starting July 1, 1999, the Florida Medicaid program shall phase in by geographical area capitation payments to Children's Medical Services for services provided to Medicaid-eligible children with special health care needs. By January 1, 2001, the Agency for Health Care Administration shall make capitation payments for Children's Medical Services enrollees statewide, to the extent permitted by federal law. However, effective July 1, 1999, reimbursement to the Children's Medical Services program for services provided to Medicaid-eligible children with special health care needs through the Children's Medical Services network shall be on a capitated basis.

Section 37. Subsection (6) of section 455.564, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

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455.564 Department; general licensing provisions.--(6) As a condition of renewal of a license, the Board of Medicine, the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, the Board of Chiropractic Medicine, and the Board of Podiatric Medicine shall each require licensees which they respectively regulate to periodically demonstrate their professional competency by completing at least 40 hours of continuing education every 2 years, which may include up to 1 hour of risk management or cost containment and up to 2 hours of other topics related to the applicable medical specialty, if required by board rule. The boards may require by rule that up to 1 hour of the required 40 or more hours be in the area of risk management or cost containment. This provision shall not be construed to limit the number of hours that a licensee may obtain in risk management or cost containment to be credited towards satisfying the 40 or more required hours. This provision shall not be construed to require the boards to impose any requirement on licensees other than the completion of at least 40 hours of continuing education every 2 years. Each of such boards shall determine whether any specific continuing education course requirements not otherwise mandated by law shall be mandated and shall approve criteria for, and the content of, any continuing education course mandated by such board. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the board, or the department when there is no board, may approve by rule alternative methods of obtaining continuing education credits in risk management. The alternative methods may include attending a board meeting at which another $\frac{1}{2}$ licensee is disciplined, serving as a volunteer expert witness for the

department in a disciplinary case, or serving as a member of a 2 probable cause panel following the expiration of a board member's term. Other boards within the Division of Medical 3 4 Quality Assurance, or the department if there is no board, may 5 adopt rules granting continuing education hours in risk 6 management for attending a board meeting at which another 7 licensee is disciplined, serving as a volnteer expert witness 8 for the department in a disciplinary case, or serving as a 9 member of a probable cause panel following the expiration of a board member's term. 10

Section 38. Subsection (8) is added to section 455.5651, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, to read:

455.5651 Practitioner profile; creation.--

(8) The Department of Health shall not include disciplinary action taken by a licensed hospital or an ambulatory surgical center in the practitioner profile.

Section 39. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 465.019, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

465.019 Institutional pharmacies; permits.--

- (2) The following classes of institutional pharmacies are established:
- (a) "Class I institutional pharmacies" are those institutional pharmacies in which all medicinal drugs are administered from individual prescription containers to the individual patient and in which medicinal drugs are not dispensed on the premises, except that nursing homes licensed under part II of chapter 400 may purchase medical oxygen for administration to residents. No medicinal drugs may be dispensed in a Class I institutional pharmacy.

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Section 40. Section 468.304, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

468.304 Certification examination; admission.--The department shall admit to examination for certification any applicant who pays to the department a nonrefundable fee not to exceed \$100 plus the actual per-applicant cost to the department for the purchase of the examination from a national organization and submits satisfactory evidence, verified by oath or affirmation, that she or he:

- (1) Is at least 18 years of age at the time of application;
- (2) Is a high school graduate or has successfully completed the requirements for a graduate equivalency diploma (GED) or its equivalent;
 - (3) Is of good moral character; and
- (4)(a) Has successfully completed an educational program, which program may be established in a hospital licensed pursuant to chapter 395 or in an accredited postsecondary academic institution which is subject to approval by the department as maintaining a satisfactory standard; or
- (b)1. With respect to an applicant for a basic X-ray machine operator's certificate, has completed a course of study approved by the department with appropriate study material provided the applicant by the department;
- 2. With respect to an applicant for a basic X-ray machine operator-podiatric medicine certificate, has completed a course of study approved by the department, provided that such course of study shall be limited to that information necessary to perform radiographic procedures within the scope

of practice of a podiatric physician licensed pursuant to chapter 461;

- 3. With respect only to an applicant for a general radiographer's certificate who is a basic X-ray machine operator certificateholder, has completed an educational program or a 2-year training program that takes into account the types of procedures and level of supervision usually and customarily practiced in a hospital, which educational or training program complies with the rules of the department; or
- 4. With respect only to an applicant for a nuclear medicine technologist's certificate who is a general radiographer certificateholder, has completed an educational program or a 2-year training program that takes into account the types of procedures and level of supervision usually and customarily practiced in a hospital, which educational or training program complies with the rules of the department.

No application for a limited computed tomography certificate shall be accepted. All persons holding valid computed tomography certificates as of October 1, 1984, are subject to the provisions of s. 468.309.

Section 41. Subsection (4) of section 468.306, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

468.306 Examinations.--All applicants, except those certified pursuant to s. 468.3065, shall be required to pass an examination. The department is authorized to develop or use examinations for each type of certificate.

(4) A nonrefundable fee not to exceed \$75 <u>plus the</u> actual per-applicant cost to the department for the purchase of the examination from a national organization shall be charged for any subsequent examination.

Section 42. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 468.309, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.309 Certificate; duration; renewal; reversion to inactive status.--

(1)(a) A radiologic technologist's certificate issued in accordance with this part automatically expires as specified in rules adopted by the department establishing a procedure for biennial renewal of certificates on December 31 of the year following the year of issuance. A certificate shall be renewed by the department for a period of 2 years upon payment of a renewal fee in an amount not to exceed \$75 and upon submission of a renewal application containing such information as the department deems necessary to show that the applicant for renewal is a radiologic technologist in good standing and has completed any continuing education requirements which may be established by the department.

Section 43. Subsections (14), (15), (16), (19), and (22) of section 499.005, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended, and subsection (24) is added to said section, to read:

499.005 Prohibited acts.--It is unlawful to perform or cause the performance of any of the following acts in this state:

- (14) The purchase or receipt of a legend drug from a person that is not authorized under this chapter the law of the state in which the person resides to distribute legend drugs.
- (15) The sale or transfer of a legend drug to a person that is not authorized under the law of the jurisdiction in which the person $\underline{\text{receives the drug}}$ $\underline{\text{resides}}$ to purchase or possess legend drugs.

1 (16) The purchase or receipt of a compressed medical 2 gas from a person that is not authorized under this chapter 3 the law of the state in which the person resides to distribute 4 compressed medical gases. 5 (19) Providing the department with false or fraudulent 6 records, or making false or fraudulent statements, regarding 7 any matter within the provisions of this chapter a drug, 8 device, or cosmetic. 9 (22) Failure to obtain a permit or registration, or 10 operating without a valid permit, when a permit or registration is as required by ss. 499.001-499.081 for that 11 12 activity. 13 (24) The distribution of a legend device to the 14 patient or ultimate consumer without a prescription or order 15 from a practitioner licensed by law to use or prescribe the 16 device. 17 Section 44. Subsections (13) of section 499.007, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18 19 499.007 Misbranded drug or device. -- A drug or device 20 is misbranded: 21 (13) If it is a drug that is subject to paragraph 22 (12)(a), and if, at any time before it is dispensed, its label 23 fails to bear the statement: "Caution: Federal Law Prohibits Dispensing 24 25 Without Prescription"; "Rx Only" or the prescription symbol 26 followed by the word "Only";or 27 "Caution: State Law Prohibits Dispensing Without 28 Prescription." 29 30 A drug dispensed by filling or refilling a written or oral

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prescription of a practitioner licensed by law to prescribe

such drug is exempt from the requirements of this section, except subsections (1), (8), (10), and (11) and the packaging requirements of subsections (6) and (7), if the drug bears a label that contains the name and address of the dispenser or seller, the prescription number and the date the prescription was written or filled, the name of the prescriber and the name of the patient, and the directions for use and cautionary statements. This exemption does not apply to any drug dispensed in the course of the conduct of a business of dispensing drugs pursuant to diagnosis by mail or to any drug dispensed in violation of subsection (12). The department may, by rule, exempt drugs subject to ss. 499.062-499.064 from subsection (12) if compliance with that subsection is not necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare.

Section 45. Subsection (15) of section 499.028, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

499.028 Drug samples or complimentary drugs; starter packs; permits to distribute.--

- (15) A person may not possess a prescription drug sample unless:
- (a) The drug sample was prescribed to her or him as evidenced by the label required in s. 465.0276(5).
- (b) She or he is the employee of a complimentary drug distributor that holds a permit issued under ss. 499.001-499.081.
- (c) She or he is a person to whom prescription drug samples may be distributed pursuant to this section.
- (d) She or he is an officer or employee of a federal, state, or local government acting within the scope of employment.

Section 46. Subsection (1) of section 499.069, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

499.069 Punishment for violations of s. 499.005; dissemination of false advertisement.--

(1) Any person who violates any of the provisions of s. 499.005 is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083; but, if the violation is committed after a conviction of such person under this section has become final, such person is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083 or as otherwise provided in ss. 499.001-499.081, except that any person who violates subsection (8), subsection (10), subsection (14), subsection (15), subsection (16), or subsection (17) of s. 499.005 is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, or as otherwise provided in ss. 499.001-499.081.

Section 47. Subsection (1) of section 742.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

742.10 Establishment of paternity for children born out of wedlock.--

(1) This chapter provides the primary jurisdiction and procedures for the determination of paternity for children born out of wedlock. When the establishment of paternity has been raised and determined within an adjudicatory hearing brought under the statutes governing inheritance, or dependency under workers' compensation or similar compensation programs, or when an affidavit acknowledging paternity or a stipulation of paternity is executed by both parties and filed with the clerk of the court, or when a consenting affidavit as provided for in s. 382.013 or s. 382.016 s. 382.015 is

executed by both parties, it shall constitute the establishment of paternity for purposes of this chapter. If no adjudicatory proceeding was held, a voluntary acknowledgment of paternity shall create a rebuttable presumption, as defined by s. 90.304, of paternity and is subject to the right of any signatory to rescind the acknowledgment within 60 days of the date the acknowledgment was signed or the date of an administrative or judicial proceeding relating to the child, including a proceeding to establish a support order, in which the signatory is a party, whichever is earlier. Both parents are required to provide their social security numbers on any acknowledgment of paternity, consent affidavit, or stipulation of paternity. Except for consenting affidavits under seal pursuant to ss.s.382.015 and 382.016, the Office of Vital Statistics shall provide certified copies of affidavits to the Title IV-D agency upon request. Section 48. The building that is known as the 1911

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Section 48. The building that is known as the 1911

State Board of Health Building, which is part of a

multibuilding complex with the address of 1217 Pearl Street,

Jacksonville, Florida, shall be known as the Wilson T. Sowder,

M.D., Building.

Section 49. The building authorized by chapter 98-307, Laws of Florida, that will be located at the University of South Florida, which will house laboratory facilities for the Department of Health, shall be known as the William G. "Doc" Myers, M.D., Building.

Section 50. The Department of Health headquarters
building that will comprise approximately 100,000 square feet
that is authorized by item 1986 in the 1998-1999
Appropriations Act shall be known as the E. Charlton Prather,
M.D., Building.

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Section 51. The Department of Children and Family
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    Services and the Agency for Health Care Administration shall,
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    by October 1, 1999, develop a system to allow unborn children
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    of Medicaid-eligible mothers to be issued a Medicaid number
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    which shall be used for billing purposes and for monitoring of
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    care for the child beginning with the child's date of birth.
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                        Subsection (3) of section 381.731, Florida
           Section 52.
    Statutes, 1998 Supplement, as transferred from section
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    408.601, Florida Statutes, by chapter 98-224, Laws of Florida,
    is repealed.
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           Section 53.
                        Subsection (5) of section 383.307, Florida
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    Statutes, is repealed.
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           Section 54.
                        Subsection (7) of section 404.20, Florida
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    Statutes, is repealed.
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           Section 55. Section 409.9125, Florida Statutes, is
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    repealed.
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           Section 56. The Department of Health may apply for and
    become a National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation
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    program accrediting authority. The Department of Health, as an
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    accrediting entity, may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1)
    and 120.54, Florida Statutes, to implement standards of the
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    National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program,
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    including standards for proficiency testing providers, and
    other rules not inconsistent with this section, including
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    fees, application procedures, standards applicable to
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26
    environmental or public water supply laboratories, and
27
    compliance.
28
           Section 57. This act shall take effect July 1, 1999.
29
30
31
                                  68
```

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.