## Florida Senate - 1999

## CS for CS for CS for SB 2192

**By** the Committees on Fiscal Policy; Judiciary; Children and Families; and Senator Klein

	309-2137-99
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to civil commitment of sexually
3	violent predators; providing a directive to the
4	Division of Statutory Revision; transferring
5	provisions relating to civil commitment of
6	sexually violent predators to ch. 394, F.S.,
7	relating to mental health; amending s. 27.51,
8	F.S.; clarifying duty of the public defender to
9	represent sexually violent predators who are
10	indigent; prohibiting a public defender from
11	representing such persons in civil actions and
12	administrative proceedings; renumbering and
13	amending s. 916.31, F.S.; conforming
14	cross-references; creating s. 394.911, F.S.;
15	declaring legislative intent with respect to
16	procedures to be used for commitment of
17	sexually violent predators; renumbering and
18	amending s. 916.32, F.S.; defining the term
19	"secretary"; redefining the term "sexually
20	violent offense" to revise the applicability of
21	the act; clarifying the term "total
22	confinement" for purposes of the act;
23	renumbering and amending s. 916.33, F.S.;
24	prescribing additional notice requirements;
25	requiring additional information; revising
26	composition of multidisciplinary teams;
27	providing for additional elements of assessment
28	of offenders; providing clarification on
29	assessments and recommendations to state
30	attorneys; creating s. 394.9135, F.S.;
31	prescribing procedures to be followed for
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1	evaluation and filing petitions for offenders
2	being immediately released from confinement;
3	renumbering and amending s. 916.34, F.S.;
4	revising requirements for filing a petition;
5	renumbering and amending s. 916.35, F.S.;
6	revising procedures relating to determination
7	of probable cause; creating s. 394.9155, F.S.;
8	providing rules of procedure and evidence;
9	renumbering and amending s. 916.36, F.S.;
10	prescribing jury size in a trial to determine
11	whether a person is a sexually violent
12	predator; renumbering and amending s. 916.37,
13	F.S.; revising commitment procedures; providing
14	for payment for counsel and costs in cases
15	involving indigent defendants; renumbering and
16	amending s. 916.38, F.S.; conforming
17	cross-references; renumbering and amending s.
18	916.39, F.S.; conforming terminology;
19	renumbering and amending s. 916.40, F.S.;
20	revising procedures for petitioning for
21	release; renumbering and amending s. 916.41,
22	F.S.; revising guidelines relating to release
23	of records; renumbering and amending s. 916.42,
24	F.S.; conforming cross-references; renumbering
25	and amending s. 916.43, F.S.; conforming
26	cross-references; renumbering and amending s.
27	916.44, F.S.; conforming cross-references;
28	renumbering and amending s. 916.45, F.S.;
29	revising provision relating to applicability of
30	act; renumbering and amending s. 916.46, F.S.;
31	revising notice requirements upon release of

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1	persons committed as sexually violent
2	predators; renumbering and amending s. 916.47,
3	F.S.; providing requirement to notify specified
4	persons upon escape of person committed as
5	sexually violent predators; renumbering and
б	amending s. 916.48, F.S.; conforming
7	cross-references; renumbering and amending s.
8	916.49, F.S.; conforming cross-references;
9	creating s. 394.930, F.S.; directing the
10	Department of Children and Family Services to
11	adopt certain rules; requiring the Department
12	of Corrections to produce quarterly reports;
13	requiring the Office of Program Policy Analysis
14	and Government Accountability to conduct a
15	study and report to the Legislature; providing
16	an effective date.
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18	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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20	Section 1. The Division of Statutory Revision is
21	requested to designate sections 394.910-394.930, Florida
22	Statutes, as part V of chapter 394, Florida Statutes, and to
23	entitle such part as "Involuntary Civil Commitment of Sexually
24	Violent Predators."
25	Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 27.51, Florida
26	Statutes, is amended to read:
27	27.51 Duties of public defender
28	(1) The public defender shall represent, without
29	additional compensation, any person who is determined by the
30	court to be indigent as provided in s. 27.52 and who is:
31	(a) Under arrest for, or is charged with, a felony;
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1	(b) Under arrest for, or is charged with, a
2	misdemeanor, a violation of chapter 316 which is punishable by
3	imprisonment, criminal contempt, or a violation of a municipal
4	or county ordinance in the county court, unless the court,
5	prior to trial, files in the cause an order of no imprisonment
6	which states that the defendant will not be imprisoned if he
7	or she is convicted;
8	(c) Alleged to be a delinquent child pursuant to a
9	petition filed before a circuit court; or
10	(d) Sought by petition filed in such court to be
11	involuntarily placed as a mentally ill person or sexually
12	violent predator or involuntarily admitted to residential
13	services as a person with developmental disabilities. However,
14	a public defender does not have the authority to represent any
15	person who is a plaintiff in a civil action brought under the
16	Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, the Federal Rules of Civil
17	Procedure, or the Federal Statutes, or who is a petitioner in
18	an administrative proceeding challenging a rule under chapter
19	120, unless specifically authorized by statute.
20	Section 3. Section 916.31, Florida Statutes, 1998
21	Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 394.910,
22	Florida Statutes, and amended to read:
23	<u>394.910</u> <del>916.31</del> Legislative findings and intentThe
24	Legislature finds that a small but extremely dangerous number
25	of sexually violent predators exist who do not have a mental
26	disease or defect that renders them appropriate for
27	involuntary treatment under the Baker Act, <u>part I of this</u>
28	chapter ss. 394.451-394.4789, which is intended to provide
29	short-term treatment to individuals with serious mental
30	disorders and then return them to the community. In contrast
31	to persons appropriate for civil commitment under the Baker
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1 Act, sexually violent predators generally have antisocial 2 personality features which are unamenable to existing mental 3 illness treatment modalities, and those features render them likely to engage in criminal, sexually violent behavior. The 4 5 Legislature further finds that the likelihood of sexually б violent predators engaging in repeat acts of predatory sexual 7 violence is high. The existing involuntary commitment procedures under the Baker Act for the treatment and care of 8 9 mentally ill persons are inadequate to address the risk these 10 sexually violent predators pose to society. The Legislature 11 further finds that the prognosis for rehabilitating sexually violent predators in a prison setting is poor, the treatment 12 13 needs of this population are very long term, and the treatment 14 modalities for this population are very different from the traditional treatment modalities for people appropriate for 15 commitment under the Baker Act. It is therefore the intent of 16 17 the Legislature to create a civil commitment procedure for the long-term care and treatment of sexually violent predators. 18 19 Section 4. Section 394.911, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 20 394.911 Legislative intent.--The Legislature intends

21 22 that persons who are subject to the civil commitment procedure for sexually violent predators under this part be subject to 23 24 the procedures established in this part and not to the 25 provisions of part I of this chapter. Less restrictive alternatives are not applicable to cases initiated under this 26 27 part. Section 5. Section 916.32, Florida Statutes, 1998 28 29 Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 394.912, Florida Statutes, and amended to read: 30 31

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1 394.912 <del>916.32</del> Definitions.--As used in this part <del>ss.</del> 2 916.31-916.49, the term: 3 (1) "Agency with jurisdiction" means the agency that 4 releases, upon lawful order or authority, a person who is 5 serving a sentence in the custody of the Department of б Corrections, a person who was adjudicated delinquent and is 7 committed to the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice, or a person who was involuntarily committed to the 8 9 custody of the Department of Children and Family Services upon 10 an adjudication of not guilty by reason of insanity. 11 (2) "Convicted of a sexually violent offense" means a 12 person who has been: (a) Adjudicated guilty of a sexually violent offense 13 after a trial, guilty plea, or plea of nolo contendere; 14 15 (b) Adjudicated not guilty by reason of insanity of a sexually violent offense; or 16 17 (c) Adjudicated delinquent of a sexually violent 18 offense after a trial, guilty plea, or plea of nolo 19 contendere. 20 "Department" means the Department of Children and (3) 21 Family Services. "Likely to engage in acts of sexual violence" 22 (4) means the person's propensity to commit acts of sexual 23 24 violence is of such a degree as to pose a menace to the health and safety of others. 25 "Mental abnormality" means a mental condition 26 (5) 27 affecting a person's emotional or volitional capacity which 28 predisposes the person to commit sexually violent offenses. 29 "Person" means an individual 18 years of age or (6) 30 older who is a potential or actual subject of proceedings 31 under this part <del>ss. 916.31-916.49</del>. 6

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1 (7) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Department 2 of Children and Family Services. 3 (8)(7) "Sexually motivated" means that one of the purposes for which the defendant committed the crime was for 4 5 sexual gratification. б (9)(8) "Sexually violent offense" means: 7 (a) Murder of a human being while engaged in sexual battery in violation of s. 782.04(1)(a)2.; 8 9 (b) Kidnapping of a child under the age of 13 16 and, 10 in the course of that offense, committing: 11 1. Sexual battery; or 2. A lewd, lascivious, or indecent assault or act upon 12 13 or in the presence of the child; (c) Committing the offense of false imprisonment upon 14 15 a child under the age of 13  $\frac{16}{16}$  and, in the course of that offense, committing: 16 17 1. Sexual battery; or 2. A lewd, lascivious, or indecent assault or act upon 18 19 or in the presence of the child; (d) Sexual battery in violation of s. 794.011; 20 (e) Lewd, lascivious, or indecent assault or act upon 21 or in presence of the child in violation of s. 800.04; 22 (f) An attempt, criminal solicitation, or conspiracy, 23 24 in violation of s. 777.04, of a sexually violent offense; (g) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at 25 any time before October 1, 1998, which is comparable to a 26 sexually violent offense under paragraphs (a)-(f) or any 27 28 federal conviction or conviction in another state for a felony 29 offense that in this state would be a sexually violent offense; or 30 31

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1 (h) Any criminal act that, either at the time of 2 sentencing for the offense or subsequently during civil 3 commitment proceedings under this part ss. 916.31-916.49, has been determined beyond a reasonable doubt to have been 4 5 sexually motivated. б (10)(9) "Sexually violent predator" means any person 7 who: 8 Has been convicted of a sexually violent offense; (a) 9 and 10 (b) Suffers from a mental abnormality or personality 11 disorder that makes the person likely to engage in acts of sexual violence if not confined in a secure facility for 12 long-term control, care, and treatment. 13 (11) "Total confinement" means that the person is 14 15 currently being held in any physically secure facility being operated or contractually operated for the Department of 16 17 Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the 18 Department of Children and Family Services. A person shall 19 also be deemed to be in total confinement for applicability of provisions under this part if the person is serving an 20 incarcerative sentence under the custody of the Department of 21 Corrections or the Department of Juvenile Justice and is being 22 held in any other secure facility for any reason. 23 24 Section 6. Section 916.33, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 394.913, 25 Florida Statutes, and amended to read: 26 27 394.913 916.33 Notice to state attorney and 28 multidisciplinary team of release of sexually violent 29 predator; establishing multidisciplinary teams; information to be provided to multidisciplinary teams team.--30 31

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1	(1) The agency with jurisdiction over a person who has
2	been convicted of a sexually violent offense shall give
3	written notice to the multidisciplinary team, and a copy to
4	the state attorney of the circuit where that person was last
5	convicted of a sexually violent offense. If the person has
6	never been convicted of a sexually violent offense in this
7	state but has been convicted of a sexually violent offense in
8	another state or in federal court, the agency with
9	jurisdiction shall give written notice to the
10	multidisciplinary team and a copy to the state attorney of the
11	circuit where the person was last convicted of any offense in
12	this state. If the person is being confined in this state
13	pursuant to interstate compact and has a prior or current
14	conviction for a sexually violent offense, the agency with
15	jurisdiction shall give written notice to the
16	multidisciplinary team and a copy to the state attorney of the
17	circuit where the person plans to reside upon release or, if
18	no residence in this state is planned, the state attorney in
19	the circuit where the facility from which the person to be
20	released is located. The written notice must be given to the
21	multidisciplinary team and the state attorney at least 365 <del>180</del>
22	days or, in the case of an adjudicated committed delinquent,
23	<u>at least</u> 90 days before:
24	(a) The anticipated release from total confinement of
25	a person who has been convicted of a sexually violent offense,
26	except that in the case of persons who have been returned to
27	total confinement for no more than 90 days, written notice
28	must be given as soon as practicable following the person's
29	return to confinement; or
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1	(b) The anticipated hearing regarding possible release
2	of a person who has been found not guilty by reason of
3	insanity or mental incapacity of a sexually violent offense.
4	(2) The agency with jurisdiction shall provide the
5	multidisciplinary team with the following information:
6	(a) The person's name; identifying characteristics;
7	anticipated future residence; the type of supervision the
8	person will receive in the community, if any; and the person's
9	offense history; <del>and</del>
10	(b) The person's criminal history, including police
11	reports, victim statements, presentence investigation reports,
12	post-sentence investigation reports, if available, and any
13	other documents containing facts of the person's criminal
14	incidents;
15	(c) Mental health, mental status, and medical records,
16	including all clinical records and notes concerning the
17	person;
18	(d)(b) Documentation of institutional adjustment and
19	any treatment received and, in the case of an adjudicated
20	delinquent committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice,
21	copies of the most recent performance plan and performance
22	summary; and.
23	(e) If the person was returned to custody after a
24	period of supervision, documentation of adjustment during
25	supervision and any treatment received.
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27	The provisions of this section are not jurisdictional, and
28	failure to comply with them in no way prevents the state
29	attorney from proceeding against a person otherwise subject to
30	the provisions of ss. 916.31-916.49.
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1	(3) <u>(a)</u> The secretary <del>of Children and Family Services</del>
2	shall establish a multidisciplinary team <u>or teams</u> , which shall
3	include two licensed psychiatrists or psychologists, or one
4	licensed psychiatrist and one licensed psychologist,
5	designated by the Secretary of Children and Family Services.
6	(b) Each team shall include, but is not limited to,
7	two licensed psychiatrists or psychologists or one licensed
8	psychiatrist and one licensed psychologist. The
9	multidisciplinary team shall assess and evaluate each person
10	referred to the team. The assessment and evaluation shall
11	include a review of the person's institutional history and
12	treatment record, if any, the person's criminal background,
13	and any other factor that is relevant to the determination of
14	whether such person is a sexually violent predator.
15	(c) Before recommending that a person meets the
16	definition of a sexually violent predator, the person must be
17	offered a personal interview. If the person agrees to
18	participate in a personal interview, at least one member of
19	the team who is a licensed psychiatrist or psychologist must
20	conduct a personal interview of the person. If the person
21	refuses to fully participate in a personal interview, the
22	multidisciplinary team may proceed with its recommendation
23	without a personal interview of the person.
24	(d) The Attorney General's Office shall serve as legal
25	counsel to the multidisciplinary team.
26	(e) The team, Within 45 days after receiving notice,
27	there shall <u>be a written assessment as to</u> <del>assess</del> whether the
28	person meets the definition of a sexually violent predator and
29	<u>a written recommendation, which shall be provided toprovide</u>
30	the state attorney <del>with its written assessment and</del>
31	recommendation. The written recommendation shall be provided
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1 by the Department of Children and Family Services and shall include the written report of the multidisciplinary team. 2 3 4 The provisions of this section are not jurisdictional, and 5 failure to comply with them in no way prevents the state б attorney from proceeding against a person otherwise subject to the provisions of this part. 7 8 Section 7. Section 394.9135, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 9 10 394.9135 Immediate releases from total confinement; 11 transfer of person to department; time limitations on assessment, notification, and filing petition to hold in 12 custody; filing petition after release. --13 (1) If the anticipated release from total confinement 14 of a person who has been convicted of a sexually violent 15 offense becomes immediate for any reason, the agency with 16 jurisdiction shall upon immediate release from total 17 confinement transfer that person to the custody of the 18 19 Department of Children and Family Services to be held in an 20 appropriate secure facility. (2) Within 72 hours after transfer, the 21 multidisciplinary team shall assess whether the person meets 22 the definition of a sexually violent predator. If the 23 24 multidisciplinary team determines that the person does not meet the definition of a sexually violent predator, that 25 person shall be immediately released. If the multidisciplinary 26 27 team determines that the person meets the definition of a sexually violent predator, the team shall provide the state 28 29 attorney, as designated by s. 394.913, with its written 30 assessment and recommendation within the 72-hour period or, if 31

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1 the 72-hour period ends on a weekend or holiday, within the next working day thereafter. 2 3 (3) Within 48 hours after receipt of the written 4 assessment and recommendation from the multidisciplinary team, 5 the state attorney, as designated in s. 394.913, may file a б petition with the circuit court alleging that the person is a 7 sexually violent predator and stating facts sufficient to 8 support such allegation. If a petition is not filed within 48 hours after receipt of the written assessment and 9 10 recommendation by the state attorney, the person shall be 11 immediately released. If a petition is filed pursuant to this section and the judge determines that there is probable cause 12 to believe that the person is a sexually violent predator, the 13 judge shall order the person be maintained in custody and held 14 in an appropriate secure facility for further proceedings in 15 accordance with this part. 16 17 (4) The provisions of this section are not jurisdictional, and failure to comply with the time 18 19 limitations, which results in the release of a person who has been convicted of a sexually violent offense, is not 20 dispositive of the case and does not prevent the state 21 attorney from proceeding against a person otherwise subject to 22 the provisions of this part. 23 24 Section 8. Section 916.34, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 394.914, 25 Florida Statutes, and amended to read: 26 27 394.914 916.34 Petition; time; contents.--Following 28 receipt of the written assessment and recommendation from the 29 multidisciplinary team, the state attorney, in accordance with 30 s. 394.913, in the judicial circuit where the person committed 31 the sexually violent offense may file a petition with the 13

circuit court alleging that the person is a sexually violent 1 2 predator and stating facts sufficient to support such 3 allegation. No fee shall be charged for the filing of a 4 petition under this section. 5 Section 9. Section 916.35, Florida Statutes, 1998 б Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 394.915, 7 Florida Statutes, and amended to read: 8 394.915 916.35 Determination of probable cause; 9 hearing; evaluation; respondent taken into custody; bail.--10 (1) When the state attorney files a petition seeking 11 to have a person declared a sexually violent predator, the judge shall determine whether probable cause exists to believe 12 13 that the person named in the petition is a sexually violent 14 predator. If the judge determines that there is probable cause 15 to believe that the person is a sexually violent predator, the judge shall order direct that the person remain in custody and 16 17 be immediately transferred to be taken into custody and held in an appropriate secure facility if the person's 18 19 incarcerative sentence expires. Upon the expiration of the incarcerative sentence 20 (2) and before the release from custody of a person whom the 21 multidisciplinary team recommends for civil commitment, but 22 after the state attorney files a petition under s. 394.914 s. 23 24 916.33, the state attorney may further petition the court for 25 an adversarial probable cause hearing. The person shall be provided with notice of, and an opportunity to appear in 26 27 person at, an adversarial hearing. At this hearing, the judge 28 shall: 29 (a) Receive evidence and hear argument from the person and the state attorney; and 30 31

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1 (b) Determine whether probable cause exists to believe 2 that the person is a sexually violent predator. 3 (3) At the adversarial probable cause hearing, the 4 person has the right to: 5 (a) Be represented by counsel; б (b) Present evidence; 7 (c) Cross-examine any witnesses who testify against 8 the person; and 9 (d) View and copy all petitions and reports in the 10 court file. 11 (4) If the court again concludes that there is probable cause to believe that the person is a sexually 12 violent predator, the court shall order <del>direct</del> that the person 13 14 be held in an appropriate secure facility upon the expiration 15 of his or her incarcerative sentence in the county where the 16 petition was filed for an evaluation by a mental health 17 professional. (5) After a court finds probable cause to believe that 18 19 the person is a sexually violent predator, the person must be 20 held in custody in a secure facility without opportunity for pretrial release or release during the trial proceedings. 21 Section 10. Section 394.9155, Florida Statutes, is 22 created to read: 23 24 394.9155 Rules of procedure and evidence.--In all 25 civil commitment proceedings for sexually violent predators under this part, the following shall apply. 26 27 The Florida Rules of Civil Procedure apply unless (1)28 otherwise specified in this part. 29 The Florida Rules of Evidence apply unless (2) 30 otherwise specified in this part. 31

1 (3) The psychotherapist-patient privilege under s. 90.503 does not exist or apply for communications relevant to 2 3 an issue in proceedings to involuntarily commit a person under 4 this part. 5 (4) The court may consider evidence of prior behavior б by a person who is subject to proceedings under this part if 7 such evidence is relevant to proving that the person is a 8 sexually violent predator. 9 (5) Hearsay evidence, including reports of a member of 10 the multidisciplinary team or reports produced on behalf of 11 the multidisciplinary team, is admissible in proceedings under this part unless the court finds that such evidence is not 12 reliable. In a trial, however, hearsay evidence may not be 13 used as the sole basis for committing a person under this 14 15 part. (6) Rules adopted under s. 394.930 shall not 16 17 constitute: (a) An evidentiary predicate for the admission of any 18 19 physical evidence or testimony; 20 (b) A basis for excluding or otherwise limiting the 21 presentation of any physical evidence or testimony in judicial proceedings under this part; or 22 23 (c) Elements of the cause of action that the state needs to allege or prove in judicial proceedings under this 24 25 part. (7) If the person who is subject to proceedings under 26 27 this part refuses to be interviewed by or fully cooperate with 28 members of the multidisciplinary team or any state mental 29 health expert, the court may, in its discretion: 30 (a) Order the person to allow members of the 31 multidisciplinary team and any state mental health experts to

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1 review all mental health reports, tests, and evaluations by 2 the person's mental health expert or experts; or 3 (b) Prohibit the person's mental health experts from 4 testifying concerning mental health tests, evaluations, or 5 examinations of the person. б 7 The failure of any party to comply with such rules shall not 8 constitute a defense in any judicial proceedings under this 9 part. 10 Section 11. Section 916.36, Florida Statutes, 1998 11 Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 394.916, Florida Statutes, and amended to read: 12 13 394.916 916.36 Trial; counsel and experts; indigent 14 persons; jury.--(1) Within 30 days after the determination of probable 15 cause, the court shall conduct a trial to determine whether 16 17 the person is a sexually violent predator. (2) The trial may be continued upon the request of 18 19 either party and a showing of good cause, or by the court on 20 its own motion in the interests of justice, when the person 21 will not be substantially prejudiced. (3) At all adversarial proceedings under this act, the 22 person subject to this act is entitled to the assistance of 23 24 counsel, and, if the person is indigent, the court shall 25 appoint the public defender or, if a conflict exists, other counsel to assist the person. 26 27 (4) If the person is subjected to a mental health 28 examination under this part chapter, the person also may 29 retain experts or mental health professionals to perform an 30 examination. If the person wishes to be examined by a 31 professional of the person's own choice, the examiner must be 17

1 provided reasonable access to the person, as well as to all 2 relevant medical and mental health records and reports. In the 3 case of a person who is indigent, the court, upon the person's 4 request, shall determine whether such an examination is 5 necessary. If the court determines that an examination is б necessary, the court shall appoint a mental health 7 professional and determine the reasonable compensation for the 8 professional's services, which shall be paid by the state. 9 (5) The person or the state attorney has the right to 10 demand that the trial be before a jury of six members. A 11 demand for a jury trial must be filed, in writing, at least 5 days before the trial. If no demand is made, the trial shall 12 13 be to the court. Section 12. Section 916.37, Florida Statutes, 1998 14 15 Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 394.917,

17 <u>394.917</u> <del>916.37</del> Determination; commitment procedure; 18 mistrials; housing; counsel and costs in indigent appellate 19 cases.--

Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

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20 (1) The court or jury shall determine by clear and convincing evidence whether the person is a sexually violent 21 predator. If the determination is made by a jury, the verdict 22 decision must be unanimous. If the jury is unable to reach a 23 24 unanimous verdict, the court must declare a mistrial and poll 25 the jury. If a majority of the jury would find the person is a 26 sexually violent predator If a majority of the jury finds that the person is a sexually violent predator, but the decision is 27 28 not unanimous, the state attorney may refile the petition and 29 proceed according to the provisions of this part ss. 916.31-916.49. Any retrial must occur within 90 days after the 30 31 previous trial, unless the subsequent proceeding is continued

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1 in accordance with s. 394.916(2)<del>s. 916.36(2)</del>. The 2 determination that a person is a sexually violent predator may 3 be appealed. (2) If the court or jury determines that the person is 4 5 a sexually violent predator, upon the expiration of the б incarcerative portion of all criminal sentences and 7 disposition of any detainers other than detainers for 8 deportation by the United States Immigration and 9 Naturalization Service, the person shall be committed to the 10 custody of the Department of Children and Family Services for 11 control, care, and treatment until such time as the person's mental abnormality or personality disorder has so changed that 12 13 it is safe for the person to be at large. At all times, sexually violent predators who are committed for control, 14 15 care, and treatment by the Department of Children and Family Services under this section shall be kept in a secure facility 16 17 segregated from patients who are not committed under this 18 section. 19 (3) The public defender of the circuit in which a person was determined to be a sexually violent predator shall 20 21 be appointed to represent the person on appeal. That public defender may request the public defender who handles criminal 22 appeals for the circuit to represent the person on appeal in 23 the manner provided in s. 27.51(4). If the public defender is 24 25 unable to represent the person on appeal due to a conflict, the court shall appoint other counsel, who shall be 26 27 compensated at a rate not less than that provided for 28 appointed counsel in criminal cases. Filing fees for indigent 29 appeals under this act are waived. Costs and fees related to 30 such appeals, including the amounts paid for records, 31 transcripts, and compensation of appointed counsel, shall be

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1 authorized by the trial court and paid from state funds that 2 are appropriated for such purposes. 3 Section 13. Section 916.38, Florida Statutes, 1998 4 Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 394.918, 5 Florida Statutes, and amended to read: б 394.918 916.38 Examinations; notice; court hearings 7 for release of committed persons; burden of proof .--8 (1) A person committed under this part ss. 9 916.31-916.49 shall have an examination of his or her mental 10 condition once every year or more frequently at the court's 11 discretion. The person may retain or, if the person is 12 indigent and so requests, the court may appoint, a qualified 13 professional to examine the person. Such a professional shall have access to all records concerning the person. The results 14 15 of the examination shall be provided to the court that committed the person under this part ss. 916.31-916.49. Upon 16 17 receipt of the report, the court shall conduct a review of the person's status. 18 19 (2) The department shall provide the person with 20 annual written notice of the person's right to petition the 21 court for release over the objection of the director of the facility where the person is housed. The notice must contain a 22 waiver of rights. The director of the facility shall forward 23 24 the notice and waiver form to the court. (3) The court shall hold a limited hearing to 25 determine whether there is probable cause to believe that the 26 27 person's condition has so changed that it is safe for the 28 person to be at large and that the person will not engage in 29 acts of sexual violence if discharged. The person has the right to be represented by counsel at the probable cause 30 31 hearing, but the person is not entitled to be present. If the

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court determines that there is probable cause to believe it is
 safe to release the person, the court shall set a trial before
 the court on the issue.

4 (4) At the trial before the court, the person is 5 entitled to be present and is entitled to the benefit of all б constitutional protections afforded the person at the initial 7 trial, except for the right to a jury. The state attorney shall represent the state and has the right to have the person 8 9 examined by professionals chosen by the state. At the hearing, 10 the state bears the burden of proving, by clear and convincing 11 evidence, that the person's mental condition remains such that it is not safe for the person to be at large and that, if 12 13 released, the person is likely to engage in acts of sexual 14 violence.

Section 14. Section 916.39, Florida Statutes, 1998
Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 394.919,
Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

18 <u>394.919</u> <del>916.39</del> Authorized petition for release; 19 procedure.--

20 (1) If the secretary of Children and Family Services or the secretary's designee at any time determines that the 21 22 person is not likely to commit acts of sexual violence if conditionally discharged, the secretary or the secretary's 23 24 designee shall authorize the person to petition the court for 25 The petition shall be served upon the court and the release. state attorney. The court, upon receipt of such a petition, 26 shall order a trial before the court within 30 days, unless 27 28 continued for good cause.

(2) The state attorney shall represent the state, and
has the right to have the person examined by professionals of
the state attorney's choice. The state bears the burden of

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proving, by clear and convincing evidence, that the person's 1 2 mental condition remains such that it is not safe for the 3 person to be at large and that, if released, the person is likely to engage in acts of sexual violence. 4 5 Section 15. Section 916.40, Florida Statutes, 1998 б Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 394.920, 7 Florida Statutes, and amended to read: 8 394.920 916.40 Petition for release.--Sections 9 916.31-916.49 do not prohibit A person is not prohibited from 10 filing a petition for discharge at any time after commitment 11 under this part. However, if the person has previously filed such a petition without the approval of the secretary of 12 13 Children and Family Services or the secretary's designee and the court determined that the petition was without merit, a 14 subsequent petition shall be denied unless the petition 15 contains facts upon which a court could find that the person's 16 17 condition has so changed that a probable cause hearing is 18 warranted. 19 Section 16. Section 916.41, Florida Statutes, 1998 20 Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 394.921, 21 Florida Statutes, and amended to read: 22 394.921 916.41 Release of records to agencies, multidisciplinary teams, and state attorney .--23 24 (1)In order to protect the public, relevant 25 information and records that are otherwise confidential or privileged shall be released to the agency with having 26 jurisdiction, to a multidisciplinary team, or to the state 27 28 attorney for the purpose of meeting the notice requirements of 29 this part ss. 916.31-916.49 and determining whether a person is or continues to be a sexually violent predator. A person, 30 31 agency, or entity receiving information under this section

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1 which is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) must maintain the confidentiality of that 2 3 information. Such information does not lose its confidential status due to its release under this section. 4 5 (2) Psychological or psychiatric reports, drug and 6 alcohol reports, treatment records, medical records, or victim 7 impact statements that have been submitted to the court or 8 admitted into evidence under this part ss. 916.31-916.49 shall be part of the record but shall be sealed and may be opened 9 10 only pursuant to a court order. 11 Section 17. Section 916.42, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 394.922, 12 Florida Statutes, and amended to read: 13 394.922 916.42 Constitutional requirements.--The 14 15 long-term control, care, and treatment of a person committed under this part ss. 916.31-916.49 must conform to 16 17 constitutional requirements. Section 18. Section 916.43, Florida Statutes, 1998 18 19 Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 394.923, Florida Statutes, and amended to read: 20 21 394.923 916.43 Immunity from civil liability.--The agency with jurisdiction and its officers and employees; the 22 department and its officers and employees; members of the 23 24 multidisciplinary team; the state attorney and the state attorney's employees; and those involved in the evaluation, 25 care, and treatment of sexually violent persons committed 26 under this part ss. 916.31-916.49 are immune from any civil 27 28 liability for good faith conduct under this part ss. 29 916.31 - 916.49. 30 31

1 Section 19. Section 916.44, Florida Statutes, 1998 2 Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 394.924, 3 Florida Statutes, and amended to read: 394.924 916.44 Severability.--If any section, 4 5 subsection, or provision of this part ss. 916.31-916.49 is 6 held to be unconstitutional or invalid by a court of competent 7 jurisdiction, the remaining portions of this part ss. 8 916.31-916.49 shall be unaffected because the Legislature declares that the provisions of this part ss. 916.31-916.49 9 10 are severable from each other. 11 Section 20. Section 916.45, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 394.925, 12 Florida Statutes, and amended to read: 13 394.925 916.45 Applicability of act.--This part 14 applies Sections 916.31-916.49 apply to all persons currently 15 in custody who have been convicted of a sexually violent 16 17 offense, as that term is defined in s. 394.912(9)s. 916.32(8), as well as to all persons convicted of a sexually 18 19 violent offense and sentenced to total confinement in the 20 future. 21 Section 21. Section 916.46, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 394.926, 22 Florida Statutes, and amended to read: 23 24 394.926 916.46 Notice to victims of release of persons 25 committed as sexually violent predators; notice to Department 26 of Corrections and Parole Commission .--27 (1) As soon as is practicable, the department shall 28 give written notice of the release of a person committed as a 29 sexually violent predator to any victim of the committed 30 person who is alive and whose address is known to the 31 department or, if the victim is deceased, to the victim's 24

1 family, if the family's address is known to the department. 2 Failure to notify is not a reason for postponement of release. 3 This section does not create a cause of action against the state or an employee of the state acting within the scope of 4 5 the employee's employment as a result of the failure to notify б pursuant to this part ss. 916.31-916.49. 7 (2) If a sexually violent predator who has an active 8 or pending term of probation, community control, parole, conditional release, or other court-ordered or post-prison 9 10 release supervision is released from custody, the department 11 must immediately notify the Department of Corrections' Office of Community Corrections in Tallahassee. The Parole Commission 12 must also be immediately notified of any releases of a 13 sexually violent predator who has an active or pending term of 14 parole, conditional release, or other post-prison release 15 supervision that is administered by the Parole Commission. 16 17 Section 22. Section 916.47, Florida Statutes, 1998 18 Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 394.927, 19 Florida Statutes, and amended to read: 20 394.927 916.47 Escape while in lawful custody; notice 21 to victim; notice to the Department of Corrections and Parole 22 Commission. --(1) A person who is held in lawful custody pursuant to 23 24 a judicial finding of probable cause under s. 394.915 <del>s.</del> 25 916.35 or pursuant to a commitment as a sexually violent predator under s. 394.916 <del>s. 916.36</del> and who escapes or 26 27 attempts to escape while in such custody commits a felony of 28 the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 29 775.083, or s. 775.084. 30 (2) If a person who is held in custody pursuant to a 31 finding of probable cause or commitment as a sexually violent 25

predator escapes while in custody, the department shall 1 immediately notify the victim in accordance with s. 394.926. 2 3 The state attorney that filed the petition for civil 4 commitment of the escapee must also be immediately notified by 5 the department. If the escapee has an active or pending term б of probation, community control, parole, conditional release, 7 or other court-ordered or post-prison release supervision, the 8 department shall also immediately notify the Department of 9 Corrections' Office of Community Corrections in Tallahassee. 10 The Parole Commission shall also be immediately notified of an 11 escape if the escapee has an active or pending term of parole, 12 conditional release, or other post-prison release supervision 13 that is administered by the Parole Commission. 14 Section 23. Section 916.48, Florida Statutes, 1998 15 Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 394.928, Florida Statutes, and amended to read: 16 17 394.928 916.48 Subsistence fees and costs of treatment.--18 19 (1) In recognition of the fact that persons committed 20 under this part ss. 916.31-916.49 may have sources of income 21 and assets, which may include bank accounts, inheritances, real estate, social security payments, veteran's payments, and 22 other types of financial resources, and in recognition of the 23 24 fact that the daily subsistence cost and costs of treatment of 25 persons committed under this part ss. 916.31-916.49 are a burden on the taxpayers of the state, each person so committed 26 27 shall: 28 (a) Upon order of the court committing the person, 29 disclose all revenue or assets to the department. (b) Pay from such income and assets, except where such 30 31 income is exempt by state or federal law, all or a fair 26

portion of the person's daily subsistence and treatment costs, 1 2 based upon the person's ability to pay, the liability or 3 potential liability of the person to the victim or the guardian or the estate of the victim, and the needs of his or 4 5 her dependents. 6 (2)(a) Any person who is directed to pay all or a fair 7 portion of daily subsistence and treatment costs is entitled to reasonable advance notice of the assessment and shall be 8 9 afforded an opportunity to present reasons for opposition to 10 the assessment. 11 (b) An order directing payment of all or a fair portion of a person's daily subsistence costs may survive 12 13 against the estate of the person. Section 24. Section 916.49, Florida Statutes, 1998 14 15 Supplement, is transferred, renumbered as section 394.929, Florida Statutes, and amended to read: 16 17 394.929 916.49 Department of Children and Family 18 Services responsible for costs. -- The Department of Children 19 and Family Services is responsible for all costs relating to the evaluation and treatment of persons committed to the 20 department's custody as sexually violent predators. A county 21 is not obligated to fund costs for psychological examinations, 22 expert witnesses, court-appointed counsel, or other costs 23 24 required by this part ss. 916.31-916.49. Other costs for 25 psychological examinations, expert witnesses, and court-appointed counsel required by this part ss. 26 27 916.31-916.49 shall be paid from state funds appropriated by 28 general law. 29 Section 25. Section 394.930, Florida Statutes, is 30 created to read: 31

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1 394.930 Authority to adopt rules.--The Department of 2 Children and Family Services shall adopt rules for: 3 (1) Procedures that must be followed by members of the multidisciplinary teams when assessing and evaluating persons 4 5 subject to this part; б (2) The criteria that must exist in order for a 7 multidisciplinary team to recommend to a state attorney that a 8 petition should be filed to involuntarily commit a person 9 under this part. The criteria shall include, but are not 10 limited to, whether: 11 (a) The person has a propensity to engage in future acts of sexual violence; 12 The person should be placed in a secure, 13 (b) 14 residential facility; and The person needs long-term treatment and care. 15 (C) The designation of secure facilities for sexually 16 (3) 17 violent predators who are subject to involuntary commitment 18 under this part; 19 (4) The components of the basic treatment plan for all committed persons under this part; 20 21 The protocol to inform a person that he or she is (5) 22 being examined to determine whether he or she is a sexually violent predator under this part. 23 24 Section 26. Beginning July 1, 1999, the Department of Corrections shall collect information and compile quarterly 25 reports with statistics profiling inmates released the 26 27 previous quarter who fit the criteria and were referred to the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to this 28 29 act. The quarterly reports must be produced beginning October 30 1, 1999. At a minimum, the information that must be collected 31 and compiled for inclusion in the reports includes: whether

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1 the qualifying offense was the current offense or the prior offense; the most serious sexual offense; the total number of 2 3 distinct victims of the sexual offense; whether the victim was known to the offender; whether the sexual act was consensual; 4 5 whether the sexual act involved multiple victims; whether б direct violence was involved in the sexual offense; the age of 7 each victim at the time of the offense; the age of the 8 offender at the time of the first sexual offense; whether a weapon was used; length of time since the most recent sexual 9 10 offense; and the total number of prior and current 11 sexual-offense convictions. Section 27. (1) The Office of Program Policy Analysis 12 and Government Accountability shall conduct a study on the 13 implementation of this act by the Department of Children and 14 Family Services and shall report its findings and make 15 recommendations to the Legislature by March 1, 2000. 16 (2) The study must include, but <u>need not be limited</u> 17 to, the following issues: 18 19 (a) The procedures used in assigning persons to a multidisciplinary team and in assigning a team to a case for 20 21 evaluation and assessment. The activities performed by multidisciplinary 22 (b) teams in conducting evaluations and assessments. 23 24 (C) The average length of time between the referral of 25 a case by an agency with jurisdiction to the Department of Children and Family Services and the department's 26 27 recommendation to the state attorney to file a petition or its 28 decision not to make a recommendation to the state attorney to 29 file a petition. 30 (d) The number of cases referred to the Department of Children and Family Services, the number of cases it 31

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recommends to the state attorney for filing, and the number of cases that did not result in a recommendation to the state attorney to file a petition. (e) A profile of the number of cases and the location of cases that are assigned to the persons who are serving as б members of the multidisciplinary teams. (f) From each of a sample of persons who are serving as members of a multidisciplinary team, the education, professional qualifications, prior work experience, prior and current testimonies as an expert in criminal cases by type of case, and number of cases for which he or she is currently serving as a member of a multidisciplinary team. Section 28. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law. 

1	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
2	CS/CS/SB 2192
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4	Clarifies that public defenders are specifically designated as legal counsel for indigent persons who are subject to
5	proceedings under the Jimmy Ryce Act.
6 7	The definition of "total confinement" would be clarified. Persons who qualify for a referral to the Department of Children and Families because of a conviction for a sexually
, 8	violent offense, may be temporarily housed in a local detention facility or other secure facility while technically
9	serving an incarcerative sentence under the custody of the Department of Corrections (DOC) or Department of Juvenile Justice (DJJ).
10	Explicitly states that a personal interview with the person
11	subject to the sexually violent predator civil commitment law is required. A personal interview would be offered to any
12	person who meets the definition of a sexually violent predator and is recommended by a multidisciplinary team to the state
13	attorney to be the subject of a petition for civil commitment.
14	Requires that the multidisciplinary team must evaluate and
15	prepare a written assessment as to whether the person meets the definition of a sexually violent predator and that the
16	written recommendation must be provided by the Department of Children and Family Services and State Attorney.
17	The court would expressly be allowed to consider evidence of
18	prior behavior by a person who is subject to proceedings for involuntary civil commitment if the evidence is relevant to proving the person is a sexually violent predator.
19	States that hearsay evidence would be admissible unless the
20	court finds that such evidence is not reliable.
21 22	The evidence section created in this bill would clarify that the administrative rules promulgated pursuant to this bill are
22	not to be construed as creating an evidentiary predicate for the admission of any physical evidence or testimony in any judicial proceedings under the Jimmy Ryce Act.
24	Places the state and the respondent (a person who is subject
25	to possible civil commitment) on the same level with regard to offering expert testimony.
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