Bill No. CS for CS for SB 2228

Amendment No. ____

	CHAMBER ACTION Senate House
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LO	
L1	Senator Campbell moved the following amendment:
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L3	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
L4	On page 33, between lines 9 and 10,
L5	
L6	insert:
L7	Section 14. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
L8	400.23, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:
L9	400.23 Rules; criteria; Nursing Home Advisory
20	Committee; evaluation and rating system; fee for review of
21	plans
22	(2) Pursuant to the intention of the Legislature, the
23	agency, in consultation with the Department of Health and
24	Rehabilitative Services and the Department of Elderly Affairs,
25	shall adopt and enforce rules to implement this part, which
26	shall include reasonable and fair criteria in relation to:
27	(a) The location and construction of the facility;
28	including fire and life safety, plumbing, heating, cooling,
29	lighting, ventilation, and other housing conditions which will
30	ensure the health, safety, and comfort of residents, including
31	an adequate call system. The agency shall establish standards
•	3:22 PM 04/26/99 1 s2228c2c-33x1f

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29 30 for facilities and equipment to increase the extent to which new facilities and a new wing or floor added to an existing facility after July 1, 1999, are structurally capable of serving as shelters only for residents, staff, and families of residents and staff, and equipped to be self-supporting during and immediately following disasters. The Agency for Health Care Administration shall work with facilities licensed under this part and report to the Governor and Legislature by April 1, 1999, its recommendations for cost-effective renovation standards to be applied to existing facilities. In making such rules, the agency shall be guided by criteria recommended by nationally recognized reputable professional groups and associations with knowledge of such subject matters. The agency shall update or revise such criteria as the need arises. All nursing homes must comply with those lifesafety code requirements and building code standards applicable at the time of approval of their construction plans. The agency may require alterations to a building if it determines that an existing condition constitutes a distinct hazard to life, health, or safety. The agency shall adopt fair and reasonable rules setting forth conditions under which existing facilities undergoing additions, alterations, conversions, renovations, or repairs shall be required to comply with the most recent updated or revised standards.

Section 15. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 400.441, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

400.441 Rules establishing standards.--

(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that rules published and enforced pursuant to this section shall include 31 | criteria by which a reasonable and consistent quality of

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29 30 resident care and quality of life may be ensured and the results of such resident care may be demonstrated. Such rules shall also ensure a safe and sanitary environment that is residential and noninstitutional in design or nature. further intended that reasonable efforts be made to accommodate the needs and preferences of residents to enhance the quality of life in a facility. In order to provide safe and sanitary facilities and the highest quality of resident care accommodating the needs and preferences of residents, the department, in consultation with the agency, the Department of Children and Family Services, and the Department of Health, shall adopt rules, policies, and procedures to administer this part, which must include reasonable and fair minimum standards in relation to:

- (a) The requirements for and maintenance of facilities, not in conflict with the provisions of chapter 553, relating to plumbing, heating, cooling, lighting, ventilation, living space, and other housing conditions, which will ensure the health, safety, and comfort of residents and protection from fire hazard, including adequate provisions for fire alarm and other fire protection suitable to the size of the structure. Uniform firesafety standards shall be established and enforced by the State Fire Marshal in cooperation with the agency, the department, and the Department of Health.
 - 1. Evacuation capability determination .--
- The provisions of the National Fire Protection Association, NFPA 101A, Chapter 5, 1995 edition, shall be used for determining the ability of the residents, with or without staff assistance, to relocate from or within a licensed 31 | facility to a point of safety as provided in the fire codes

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29 30 adopted herein. An evacuation capability evaluation for initial licensure shall be conducted within 6 months after the date of licensure. For existing licensed facilities that are not equipped with an automatic fire sprinkler system, the administrator shall evaluate the evacuation capability of residents at least annually. The evacuation capability evaluation for each facility not equipped with an automatic fire sprinkler system shall be validated, without liability, by the State Fire Marshal, by the local fire marshal, or by the local authority having jurisdiction over firesafety, before the license renewal date. If the State Fire Marshal, local fire marshal, or local authority having jurisdiction over firesafety has reason to believe that the evacuation capability of a facility as reported by the administrator may have changed, it may, with assistance from the facility administrator, reevaluate the evacuation capability through timed exiting drills. Translation of timed fire exiting drills to evacuation capability may be determined:

- (I) Three minutes or less: prompt.
- (II) More than 3 minutes, but not more than 13 minutes: slow.
 - (III) More than 13 minutes: impractical.
- b. The Office of the State Fire Marshal shall provide or cause the provision of training and education on the proper application of Chapter 5, NFPA 101A, 1995 edition, to its employees, to staff of the Agency for Health Care Administration who are responsible for regulating facilities under this part, and to local governmental inspectors. The Office of the State Fire Marshal shall provide or cause the provision of this training within its existing budget, but may 31 charge a fee for this training to offset its costs. The

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29 30 initial training must be delivered within 6 months after July 1, 1995, and as needed thereafter.

- c. The Office of the State Fire Marshal, in cooperation with provider associations, shall provide or cause the provision of a training program designed to inform facility operators on how to properly review bid documents relating to the installation of automatic fire sprinklers. The Office of the State Fire Marshal shall provide or cause the provision of this training within its existing budget, but may charge a fee for this training to offset its costs. initial training must be delivered within 6 months after July 1, 1995, and as needed thereafter.
- The administrator of a licensed facility shall sign an affidavit verifying the number of residents occupying the facility at the time of the evacuation capability evaluation.
 - 2. Firesafety requirements.--
- Except for the special applications provided herein, effective January 1, 1996, the provisions of the National Fire Protection Association, Life Safety Code, NFPA 101, 1994 edition, Chapter 22 for new facilities and Chapter 23 for existing facilities shall be the uniform fire code applied by the State Fire Marshal for assisted living facilities, pursuant to s. 633.022.
- b. Any new facility, regardless of size, that applies for a license on or after January 1, 1996, must be equipped with an automatic fire sprinkler system. The exceptions as provided in section 22-2.3.5.1, NFPA 101, 1994 edition, as adopted herein, apply to any new facility housing eight or fewer residents. On July 1, 1995, local governmental entities responsible for the issuance of permits for construction shall 31 inform, without liability, any facility whose permit for

construction is obtained prior to January 1, 1996, of this automatic fire sprinkler requirement. As used in this part, the term "a new facility" does not mean an existing facility that has undergone change of ownership.

- c. Notwithstanding any provision of s. 633.022 or of the National Fire Protection Association, NFPA 101A, Chapter 5, 1995 edition, to the contrary, any existing facility housing eight or fewer residents is not required to install an automatic fire sprinkler system, nor to comply with any other requirement in Chapter 23 of NFPA 101, 1994 edition, that exceeds the firesafety requirements of NFPA 101, 1988 edition, that applies to this size facility, unless the facility has been classified as impractical to evacuate. Any existing facility housing eight or fewer residents that is classified as impractical to evacuate must install an automatic fire sprinkler system within the timeframes granted in this section.
- d. Any existing facility that is required to install an automatic fire sprinkler system under this paragraph need not meet other firesafety requirements of Chapter 23, NFPA 101, 1994 edition, which exceed the provisions of NFPA 101, 1988 edition. The mandate contained in this paragraph which requires certain facilities to install an automatic fire sprinkler system supersedes any other requirement.
- e. This paragraph does not supersede the exceptions granted in NFPA 101, 1988 edition or 1994 edition.
- f. This paragraph does not exempt facilities from other firesafety provisions adopted under s. 633.022 and local building code requirements in effect before July 1, 1995.
- g. A local government may charge fees only in an amount not to exceed the actual expenses incurred by local

government relating to the installation and maintenance of an automatic fire sprinkler system in an existing and properly licensed assisted living facility structure as of January 1, 1996.

- If a licensed facility undergoes major reconstruction or addition to an existing building on or after January 1, 1996, the entire building must be equipped with an automatic fire sprinkler system. Major reconstruction of a building means repair or restoration that costs in excess of 50 percent of the value of the building as reported on the tax rolls, excluding land, before reconstruction. Multiple reconstruction projects within a 5-year period the total costs of which exceed 50 percent of the initial value of the building at the time the first reconstruction project was permitted are to be considered as major reconstruction. Application for a permit for an automatic fire sprinkler system is required upon application for a permit for a reconstruction project that creates costs that go over the 50-percent threshold.
- Any facility licensed before January 1, 1996, that is required to install an automatic fire sprinkler system shall ensure that the installation is completed within the following timeframes based upon evacuation capability of the facility as determined under subparagraph 1.:
 - (I) Impractical evacuation capability, 24 months.
 - (II) Slow evacuation capability, 48 months.
 - (III) Prompt evacuation capability, 60 months.

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The beginning date from which the deadline for the automatic fire sprinkler installation requirement must be calculated is 31 upon receipt of written notice from the local fire official

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29 30 that an automatic fire sprinkler system must be installed. The local fire official shall send a copy of the document indicating the requirement of a fire sprinkler system to the Agency for Health Care Administration.

- It is recognized that the installation of an automatic fire sprinkler system may create financial hardship for some facilities. The appropriate local fire official shall, without liability, grant two 1-year extensions to the timeframes for installation established herein, if an automatic fire sprinkler installation cost estimate and proof of denial from two financial institutions for a construction loan to install the automatic fire sprinkler system are submitted. However, for any facility with a class I or class II, or a history of uncorrected class III, firesafety deficiencies, an extension must not be granted. The local fire official shall send a copy of the document granting the time extension to the Agency for Health Care Administration.
- A facility owner whose facility is required to be equipped with an automatic fire sprinkler system under Chapter 23, NFPA 101, 1994 edition, as adopted herein, must disclose to any potential buyer of the facility that an installation of an automatic fire sprinkler requirement exists. The sale of the facility does not alter the timeframe for the installation of the automatic fire sprinkler system.
- Existing facilities required to install an automatic fire sprinkler system as a result of construction-type restrictions in Chapter 23, NFPA 101, 1994 edition, as adopted herein, or evacuation capability requirements shall be notified by the local fire official in writing of the automatic fire sprinkler requirement, as well 31 \boldsymbol{I} as the appropriate date for final compliance as provided in

this subparagraph. The local fire official shall send a copy of the document to the Agency for Health Care Administration. 3 Except in cases of life-threatening fire hazards, 4 if an existing facility experiences a change in the evacuation 5 capability, or if the local authority having jurisdiction 6 identifies a construction-type restriction, such that an 7 automatic fire sprinkler system is required, it shall be afforded time for installation as provided in this 8 9 subparagraph. 10 Facilities that are fully sprinkled and in compliance with 11 12 other firesafety standards are not required to conduct more 13 than one of the required fire drills between the hours of 11 14 p.m. and 7 a.m., per year. In lieu of the remaining drills, 15 staff responsible for residents during such hours may be 16 required to participate in a mock drill that includes a review 17 of evacuation procedures. Such standards must be included or referenced in the rules adopted by the State Fire Marshal. 18 Pursuant to s. 633.022(1)(b), the State Fire Marshal is the 19 final administrative authority for firesafety standards 20 21 established and enforced pursuant to this section. All licensed facilities must have an annual fire inspection 22 conducted by the local fire marshal or authority having 23 24 jurisdiction. 25 26 (Redesignate subsequent sections.) 27 28 ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= 29 30 And the title is amended as follows: On page 3, line 22, after the semicolon 31

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Amendment No. ____

1	insert:
2	amending ss. 400.23, 400.441, F.S.; requiring
3	that rules adopted by the Agency for Health
4	Care Administration and the Department of
5	Elderly Affairs include provisions governing
6	the cooling of facilities; providing an
7	effective date.
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