A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to sewage treatment, reuse, and 3 disposal; providing requirements for sewage 4 treatment, reuse, and disposal facilities and 5 onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems in 6 Monroe County; prohibiting new or expanded 7 discharges into surface waters; eliminating 8 existing surface water discharges by a specified date; requiring existing sewage 9 10 facilities that do not discharge to surface 11 waters and onsite sewage treatment and disposal 12 systems to meet certain treatment requirements 13 by a specified date; requiring new or expanded 14 discharges to other than surface waters and new 15 onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems to 16 meet certain treatment requirements; establishing requirements for Class V injection 17 wells; providing exceptions to requirements of 18 19 the act; providing for actions of the 20 Department of Environmental Protection to 21 ensure compliance with state water quality 22 standards; requiring all sewage treatment facilities and all new onsite sewage treatment 23 24 and disposal systems to monitor for nitrogen 25 and phosphorus; providing responsibilities of 26 the Department of Environmental Protection and 27 the Department of Health to ensure proper 28 operation of facilities and systems; requiring 29 adoption of rules; amending s. 381.0065, F.S.; deleting requirement for advanced waste 30 31 treatment by onsite sewage treatment and

disposal systems in the Florida Keys; requiring a report on sewage treatment technology and on water quality in Monroe County; requiring a report on sewage charges, fees, and assessments in Monroe County and on the Monroe County Wastewater Master Plan; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. <u>Sewage requirements in Monroe County.--The provisions of this section apply to all sewage treatment, reuse, and disposal facilities and all onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems in Monroe County, except as provided in subsection (8).</u>

- (1) As used in this section, the term "existing" means permitted by the Department of Environmental Protection or the Department of Health, as of the effective date of this act.
- (2) No new or expanded discharges shall be allowed into surface waters.
- (3) Existing surface water discharges shall be eliminated before July 1, 2006.
- (4) Existing sewage facilities that discharge to other than surface waters and existing onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems shall cease discharge or shall comply with the applicable treatment requirements of subsection (6) by July 1, 2010, and with the rules of the Department of Environmental Protection or the Department of Health, as applicable.
- (5) All new or expanded discharges into other than surface waters and all onsite sewage treatment and disposal

systems permitted after the effective date of this act shall comply with the requirements of subsection (6) and with the rules of the Department of Environmental Protection or the Department of Health, as applicable.

- (6)(a) Sewage facilities with design capacities greater than or equal to 100,000 gallons per day that do not discharge to surface waters shall provide basic disinfection as defined by Department of Environmental Protection rule and the level of treatment that will produce an effluent that contains not more, on a permitted annual average basis, than the following concentrations:
- 1. Biochemical Oxygen Demand (CBOD5) of 5 milligrams per liter.
 - 2. Suspended Solids of 5 milligrams per liter.
- 3. Total Nitrogen, expressed as N, of 3 milligrams per liter.
- 4. Total Phosphorus, expressed as P, of 1 milligram per liter.
- (b) Sewage facilities with design capacities less than 100,000 gallons per day that do not discharge to surface waters shall provide basic disinfection as defined by Department of Environmental Protection rule and the level of treatment that will produce an effluent that contains not more, on a permitted annual average basis, than the following concentrations:
- 1. Biochemical Oxygen Demand (CBOD5) of 10 milligrams per liter.
 - 2. Suspended Solids of 10 milligrams per liter.
- 3. Total Nitrogen, expressed as N, of 10 milligrams per liter. 30

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	4.	Total	Phosphor	cus,	expres	ssed	as	Ρ, 0	of	1	millig	grams
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	(c)	Onsite	sewage	trea	atment	and	dis	spos	al	sy	stems	shal

- (c) Onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems shall provide the level of treatment that will produce an effluent that contains not more, on a permitted annual average basis, than the following concentrations:
- $\underline{\text{1. Biochemical Oxygen Demand (CBOD5) of 10 milligrams}}$ per liter.
 - 2. Suspended Solids of 10 milligrams per liter.
- $\underline{\mbox{3. Total Nitrogen, expressed as N, of 10 milligrams}}$ per liter.
- 4. Total Phosphorus, expressed as P, of 1 milligram per liter.

In addition, onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems discharging to injection wells shall provide basic disinfection as defined by Department of Health rule.

- (7) Class V injection wells, as defined by Department of Environmental Protection or Department of Health rule, shall meet the following requirements and shall otherwise comply with Department of Environmental Protection or Department of Health rules, as applicable.
- (a) If the design capacity of the facility is less than 1 million gallons per day, the injection well shall be at least 90 feet deep and cased to a minimum depth of 60 feet or to such greater cased depth and total well depth as may be required by Department of Environmental Protection rule.
- (b) If the design capacity of the facility is equal to or greater than 1 million gallons per day, the injection well shall be cased to a minimum depth of 2,000 feet or to such

greater depth as may be required by Department of 1 2 Environmental Protection rule. The requirements of subsections (2)-(7) do not 3 4 apply to the following: 5 (a) Class I injection wells as defined by Department 6 of Environmental Protection rule, including any authorized 7 mechanical integrity tests; 8 (b) Authorized mechanical integrity tests associated 9 with Class V wells as defined by Department of Environmental 10 Protection rule; and 11 (c) The following types of reuse systems authorized by 12 Department of Environmental Protection domestic wastewater 13 rules: 14 1. Slow-rate land application systems. 15 2. Industrial uses of reclaimed water. 16 3. Use of reclaimed water for toilet flushing, fire protection, vehicle washing, construction dust control, and 17 decorative water features. 18 19 20 However, disposal systems serving as backups to reuse systems shall comply with the other provisions of this section. 21 22 (9) If it is demonstrated that a discharge, even if it 23 is otherwise in compliance with this section or chapter 403, 24 Florida Statutes, will cause or contribute to a violation of state water quality standards, the Department of Environmental 25 Protection shall: 26 27 (a) Require more stringent effluent limitations; 28 (b) Order the point or method of discharge changed; (c) Limit the duration or volume of the discharge; or 29 30 (d) Prohibit the discharge.

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- (10) All sewage treatment facilities shall monitor effluent for total nitrogen and total phosphorus concentrations as required by Department of Environmental Protection rule, beginning October 1, 1999. All onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems issued a construction permit after the effective date of this act shall be monitored for total nitrogen and total phosphorus concentrations as required by Department of Health rule.
- The Department of Environmental Protection shall require the levels of operator certification and staffing necessary to ensure proper operation and maintenance of sewage facilities. The Department of Health shall ensure proper operation and maintenance of onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems.
- (12) The Department of Environmental Protection and the Department of Health shall adopt rules necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.
- Section 2. Paragraph (k) of subsection (4) of section 381.0065, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:
- 381.0065 Onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems; regulation . --
- (4) PERMITS; INSTALLATION; AND CONDITIONS.--A person may not construct, repair, modify, abandon, or operate an onsite sewage treatment and disposal system without first obtaining a permit approved by the department. The department may issue permits to carry out this section. A construction permit is valid for 18 months from the issuance date and may be extended by the department for one 90-day period under rules adopted by the department. A repair permit is valid for 31 90 days from the date of issuance. An operating permit must be

obtained prior to the use of any aerobic treatment unit or if 1 2 the establishment generates commercial waste. Buildings or 3 establishments that use an aerobic treatment unit or generate commercial waste shall be inspected by the department at least 4 5 annually to assure compliance with the terms of the operating permit. The operating permit is valid for 1 year from the date 6 of issuance and must be renewed annually. If all information 8 pertaining to the siting, location, and installation 9 conditions or repair of an onsite sewage treatment and 10 disposal system remains the same, a construction or repair 11 permit for the onsite sewage treatment and disposal system may be transferred to another person, if the transferee files, 12 13 within 60 days after the transfer of ownership, an amended 14 application providing all corrected information and proof of ownership of the property. There is no fee associated with 15 16 the processing of this supplemental information. A person may 17 not contract to construct, modify, alter, repair, service, abandon, or maintain any portion of an onsite sewage treatment 18 and disposal system without being registered under part III of 19 20 chapter 489. A property owner who personally performs construction, maintenance, or repairs to a system serving his 21 22 or her own owner-occupied single-family residence is exempt from registration requirements for performing such 23 construction, maintenance, or repairs on that residence, but 24 is subject to all permitting requirements. A municipality or 25 26 political subdivision of the state may not issue a building or 27 plumbing permit for any building that requires the use of an 28 onsite sewage treatment and disposal system unless the owner 29 or builder has received a construction permit for such system from the department. A building or structure may not be 30 31 occupied and a municipality, political subdivision, or any

state or federal agency may not authorize occupancy until the department approves the final installation of the onsite sewage treatment and disposal system. A municipality or political subdivision of the state may not approve any change in occupancy or tenancy of a building that uses an onsite sewage treatment and disposal system until the department has reviewed the use of the system with the proposed change, approved the change, and amended the operating permit.

(k) For the Florida Keys, the department shall adopt a special rule for the construction, installation, modification, operation, repair, maintenance, and performance of onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems which considers the unique soil conditions and which considers water table elevations, densities, and setback requirements. On lots where a setback distance of 75 feet from surface waters, saltmarsh, and buttonwood association habitat areas cannot be met, an injection well, approved and permitted by the department, may be used for disposal of effluent from onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems. The department shall require effluent from onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems to meet advanced waste treatment concentrations, as defined in s. 403.086.

Section 3. No later than January 1, 2003, the

Department of Environmental Protection and the Department of

Health shall report to the Governor, the President of the

Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on the

then-current state of sewage treatment technology. The report

shall address the treatment capabilities and operational and

maintenance requirements of various sizes and types of sewage

facilities and onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems,

with special attention given to individual systems and

facilities designed to treat 100,000 gallons per day or less of sewage. The report shall also address the status of research on the fate and transport of nutrients after injection, and shall provide an overall assessment of water quality in Monroe County and include recommendations for changes to the sewage collection, treatment, and disposal requirements in Monroe County. Section 4. No later than January 1, 2003, Monroe County and the Florida Keys Aqueduct Authority shall report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on the implementation of charges, fees, and assessments related to sewage collection, treatment, and disposal in Monroe County, and on implementation of the Monroe County Wastewater Master Plan. Section 5. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

HOUSE SUMMARY Revises requirements for sewage treatment, reuse, and disposal facilities and onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems in Monroe County. Prohibits new or disposal systems in Monroe County. Prohibits new or expanded discharges into surface waters, eliminates existing permitted surface water discharges by July 1, 2006, and requires other existing facilities and systems to comply with described requirements, as applicable, by July 1, 2010. Provides requirements for Class V injection wells. Specifies exceptions to requirements of the act. Provides authority of the Department of Environmental Protection to take certain actions to ensure compliance with state water quality standards. Requires monitoring of sewage treatment facilities, beginning October 1, 1999, and new onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems permitted after the effective date of the act, for nitrogen and phosphorus concentrations. Requires the Departments of Environmental Protection and Health to ensure proper operation of facilities and systems and to Departments of Environmental Protection and Health to ensure proper operation of facilities and systems and to adopt rules to implement the act. Requires a report by the departments, by January 1, 2003, on the then-current state of sewage treatment technology and on water quality in Monroe County. Requires a report by Monroe County and the Florida Keys Aqueduct Authority by January 1, 2003, on sewage charges, fees, and collections in Monroe County and on the Monroe County Wastewater Master Plan. See bill or details or details.