By the Committee on Judiciary and Senator Grant

308-1887-99

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to notaries public and civil-law notaries; amending s. 117.103, F.S.; providing for the issuance of certified copies of certificates of commission; amending s. 118.10, F.S.; clarifying the definition and purposes of authentic acts; providing for a presumption of correctness; expanding and clarifying the Secretary of State's rulemaking powers with regard to authentic acts; acknowledgments, oaths, solemnizations of marriage, and discipline, testing, bonding, and insurance requirements for civil-law notaries; creating s. 118.12, F.S.; authorizing the issuance of certificates of notarial authority and Apostilles to civil-law notaries; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 117.103, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

117.103 Certification of notary's authority by Secretary of State.—A notary public is not required to record his or her notary public commission in an office of a clerk of the circuit court. If certification of the notary public's commission is required, it must be obtained from the Secretary of State. Upon the receipt of a written request, the notarized document, and a fee of \$10 payable to the Secretary of State, the Secretary of State shall provide a certified copy of the notary public's original certificate of commission, which

shall be legally sufficient to establish the notary public's authority to provide the services specifically authorized for a notary public by the Florida Statutes and which may be used in support of domestic transactions certificate of notarial authority. Documents destined for countries participating in an International Treaty called the Hague Convention require an Apostille, and that requirement shall be determined by the Secretary of State.

Section 2. Section 118.10, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

118.10 Civil-law notary.--

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Authentic act" means an instrument executed by a civil-law notary referencing this section, which includes the particulars and capacities to act of the transacting party or parties, a confirmation of the full text of the instrument, the signatures of the party or parties or legal equivalent thereof, and the signature and seal of a civil-law notary as prescribed by the Florida Secretary of State.
- (b) "Civil-law notary" means a person who is a member in good standing of The Florida Bar, who has practiced law for at least 5 years, and who is appointed by the Secretary of State as a civil-law notary.
- (c) "Protocol" means a registry maintained by a civil-law notary in which the acts of the civil-law notary are archived.
- (2) The Secretary of State shall have the power to appoint civil-law notaries and administer this section.
- (3) A civil-law notary is authorized to issue authentic acts and thereby may authenticate or certify any document, transaction, event, condition, or occurrence. The

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contents of an authentic act and matters incorporated therein shall be presumed correct. A civil-law notary may also administer an oath and make a certificate thereof when it is necessary for execution of any writing or document to be attested, protested, or published under the seal of a notary public. A civil-law notary may also take acknowledgements of deeds and other instruments of writing for record, and solemnize the rites of matrimony, as fully as other officers of this state. A civil-law notary is not authorized to issue authentic acts for use in a jurisdiction if the United States Department of State has determined that the jurisdiction does not have diplomatic relations with the United States or is a terrorist country, or if trade with the jurisdiction is prohibited under the Trading With the Enemy Act of 1917, as amended, 50 U.S.C. ss. 1, et seq.

- (4) The authentic acts, oaths and acknowledgements, and solemnizations of a civil-law notary shall be recorded in the civil-law notary's protocol in a manner prescribed by the Secretary of State.
- (5) The Secretary of State may adopt rules prescribing:
- (a) The form and content of authentic acts, oaths, acknowledgements, solemnizations, and signatures and seals or their legal equivalents for authentic acts;
- (b) Procedures for the permanent archiving of authentic acts, maintaining records of acknowledgments, oaths and solemnizations, and procedures for the administration of oaths and taking of acknowledgments and for solemnizations;
- (c) The charging of reasonable fees to be retained by the Secretary of State for the purpose of administering this 31 section;

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(d) Educational requirements and procedures for testing applicants' knowledge of all matters relevant to the appointment, authority, duties or legal or ethical responsibilities of a civil-law notary the effects and consequences associated with authentic acts;

- (e) Procedures for the disciplining of civil-law notaries, including, but not limited to, the suspension and revocation of appointments for failure to comply with the requirements of chapter 118 or the rules of the Department of State, or for misrepresentation or fraud regarding the civil-law notary's authority, the effect of the civil-law notary's authentic acts, or the identities or acts of the parties to a transaction; and
- (f) Bonding or errors and omissions insurance requirements, or both, for civil-law notaries; and (g) (f) Other matters necessary for administering this section.
- (6) The Secretary of State shall not regulate, discipline, or attempt to discipline, or establish any educational requirements for any civil-law notary for, or with regard to, any action or conduct that would constitute the practice of law in this state, except by agreement with The Florida Bar. The Secretary of State shall not establish as a prerequisite to the appointment of a civil-law notary any test containing any question that inquires of the applicant's knowledge regarding the practice of law in the United States, unless such test is offered in conjunction with an educational program approved by The Florida Bar for continuing legal education credit except by agreement with The Florida Bar.

1 (7) The powers of civil-law notaries include, but are 2 not limited to, all of the powers of a notary public under any 3 law of this state. (8) This section shall not be construed as abrogating 4 5 the provisions of any other act relating to notaries public, 6 attorneys, or the practice of law in this state. 7 Section 3. Section 118.12, Florida Statutes, is 8 created to read: 9 118.12 Certification of civil-law notary's authority; 10 Apostilles.--If certification of a civil-law notary's 11 authority is necessary for a particular document or transaction, it must be obtained from the Secretary of State. 12 Upon the receipt of a written request from a civil-law notary, 13 a copy of the document, and a fee of \$10 payable to the 14 Secretary of State, the Secretary of State shall provide a 15 certification of the civil-law notary's authority which may be 16 17 used in support of the document submitted and any related transaction. Documents destined for countries participating in 18 19 an International Treaty called the Hague Convention may require an Apostille, and the Secretary of State shall, upon 20 receiving a written request from a civil-law notary, a copy of 21 the document, and a fee of \$10 payable to the Secretary of 22 State, provide an Apostille conforming to the requirements of 23 24 the Hague Convention and including such other matters as the 25 Secretary of State establishes by rule. Section 4. This act shall take effect September 1, 26 27 1999. 28 29 30 31

1	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN
2	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SB 2242
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4	Amends s. 117.103, F.S., to require the Secretary of State to
5	issue, upon written request and payment, a certified copy of a notary public's certificate of commission to establish the notary public's authority under the chapter.
6	Amends s. 118.10, F.S.:
7	To authorize civil-law notaries to authenticate any
8	document, transaction, event, condition or occurrence;
9	To provide a presumption of correctness regarding the authentic act;
10	To clarify and expand the Secretary of State's authority to adopt rules relating to form and content of certain
11 12	acts, civil-law notary educational requirements, disciplinary grounds, and requirements for bond or
13	insurance.
14	Creates s. 118.12, F.S., to authorize the Secretary of State to provide, upon written request and payment, a certification
15	of civil-law notary's authority, and to provide an Apostille as required under the Hague Convention, for certain documents
16	to be authenticated.
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