# Florida Senate - 1999

#### CS for SB 2274

By the Committee on Regulated Industries and Senator Saunders

315-2083A-99

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to condominium associations;
3	amending s. 718.102, F.S.; providing an
4	additional purpose of ch. 718, F.S.; amending
5	s. 718.103, F.S.; revising definitions;
6	providing an additional definition; amending s.
7	718.104, F.S.; providing additional
8	requirements for a declaration of condominium;
9	providing for determining the percentage share
10	of liability for common expenses and ownership;
11	amending s. 718.106, F.S.; providing for the
12	right to assign exclusive use; providing for
13	the right to seek election; amending s.
14	718.110, F.S.; clarifying requirements for
15	amending and recording the declaration of
16	condominium; providing for determining the
17	percentage share of liability for common
18	expenses and ownership for purposes of
19	condominiums comprising a multicondominium
20	development; amending s. 718.111, F.S.;
21	clarifying an attorney-client privilege;
22	revising requirements for financial reports;
23	requiring the disclosure of reserves; revising
24	requirements for financial statements;
25	requiring the disclosure of revenues and common
26	expenses; revising certain limitations on the
27	commingling of funds maintained in the name of
28	a condominium association or multicondominium;
29	amending s. 718.112, F.S.; revising
30	requirements for budget meetings; providing
31	conditions under which a multicondominium
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1	association may waive or reduce its funding of
2	reserves; amending s. 718.113, F.S.; providing
3	certain limitations on making material
4	alterations or additions to multicondominiums;
5	providing a procedure for approving an
6	alteration or addition if not provided for in
7	the bylaws; revising requirements for
8	condominium boards with respect to installing
9	and maintaining hurricane shutters; specifying
10	expenses that constitute common expenses of a
11	multicondominium association; providing for an
12	association's bylaws to allow certain
13	educational expenses of the officers or
14	directors to be a permitted common expense;
15	amending s. 718.115, F.S.; providing for
16	determining the common surplus owned by a unit
17	owner of a multicondominium; amending s.
18	718.116, F.S.; revising circumstances under
19	which a developer may be excused from paying
20	certain common expenses and assessments;
21	providing for the developer's obligation for
22	such expenses with respect to a
23	multicondominium association; amending s.
24	718.117, F.S.; providing that certain
25	requirements governing the termination of a
26	condominium are inapplicable to the merger of a
27	condominium with one or more other
28	condominiums; creating s. 718.405, F.S.;
29	providing for the creation of
30	multicondominiums; providing requirements for
31	the declaration of condominium; providing
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1	notice requirements; providing for the merger
2	or consolidation of condominium associations
3	that are not controlled by a developer;
4	amending s. 718.5019, F.S.; providing for a
5	member's continued service until a replacement
6	has been appointed; amending s. 718.504, F.S.;
7	providing requirements for the prospectus or
8	offering circular for a condominium that is or
9	may become part of a multicondominium; amending
10	s. 624.462, F.S., relating to self-insurance
11	funds; conforming a cross-reference to changes
12	made by the act; requiring the Department of
13	Business and Professional Regulation to prepare
14	proposed legislation addressing master
15	condominium associations; providing criteria;
16	providing an effective date.
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18	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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20	Section 1. Section 718.102, Florida Statutes, is
21	amended to read:
22	718.102 PurposesThe purpose of this chapter is:
23	(1) To give statutory recognition to the condominium
24	form of ownership of real property.
25	(2) To establish procedures for the creation, sale,
26	and operation of condominiums.
27	(3) To provide information to condominium association
28	board members and unit owners to foster a better understanding
29	of their rights and responsibilities in the operation of their
30	condominium association.
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1 Every condominium created and existing in this state shall be 2 subject to the provisions of this chapter. 3 Section 2. Section 718.103, Florida Statutes, 1998 4 Supplement, is amended to read: 5 718.103 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the б term: 7 "Assessment" means a share of the funds which are (1)8 required for the payment of common expenses, which from time 9 to time is assessed against the unit owner. "Association" means, in addition to those entities 10 (2) 11 responsible for the operation of common elements owned in undivided shares by unit owners, any entity which operates or 12 13 maintains other real property in which condominium unit owners have use rights, where unit owner membership in the entity is 14 composed exclusively of condominium unit owners or their 15 elected or appointed representatives, and where membership in 16 17 the entity is a required condition of unit ownership. "Association property" means that property, real 18 (3) 19 and personal, which is owned or leased by, or is dedicated by 20 a recorded plat to, the association for the use and benefit of 21 its members. (4) "Board of administration" means the board of 22 directors or other representative body which is responsible 23 24 for administration of the association. 25 (5) "Buyer" means a person who purchases a condominium. The term "purchaser" may be used interchangeably 26 27 with the term "buyer." 28 "Bylaws" means the bylaws of the association as (6) 29 they exist from time to time. "Committee" means a group of board members, unit 30 (7) 31 owners, or board members and unit owners appointed by the 4 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

board or a member of the board to make recommendations to the 1 2 board regarding the association budget or take action on 3 behalf of the board. "Common elements" means the portions of the 4 (8) 5 condominium property which are not included in the units. б "Common expenses" means all expenses that and (9) 7 assessments which are properly incurred by the association in 8 the performance of its duties, as further defined in s. 9 718.115 for the condominium. 10 (10) "Common surplus" means the excess of all receipts 11 of the association collected on behalf of a condominium (including, but not limited to, assessments, rents, profits, 12 13 and revenues on account of the common elements) over the 14 common expenses. (11) "Condominium" means that form of ownership of 15 real property which is created pursuant to the provisions of 16 17 this chapter, which is comprised of units that may be owned by one or more persons, and in which there is, appurtenant to 18 19 each unit, an undivided share in common elements. (12) "Condominium parcel" means a unit, together with 20 21 the undivided share in the common elements which is 22 appurtenant to the unit. (13) "Condominium property" means the lands, 23 24 leaseholds, and personal property that are subjected to 25 condominium ownership, whether or not contiguous, and all improvements thereon and all easements and rights appurtenant 26 27 thereto intended for use in connection with the condominium. 28 (14) "Conspicuous type" means type in capital letters 29 no smaller than the largest type, exclusive of headings, on the page on which it appears and, in all cases, at least 30 31 10-point type. Where conspicuous type is required, it must be 5

separated on all sides from other type and print. Conspicuous
 type may be used in contracts for purchase or public offering
 statements only where required by law.

4 (15) "Declaration" or "declaration of condominium"
5 means the instrument or instruments by which a condominium is
6 created, as they are from time to time amended.

7 (16) "Developer" means a person who creates a 8 condominium or offers condominium parcels for sale or lease in 9 the ordinary course of business, but does not include an owner 10 or lessee of a condominium or cooperative unit who has 11 acquired the unit for his or her own occupancy, nor does it include a cooperative association which creates a condominium 12 13 by conversion of an existing residential cooperative after control of the association has been transferred to the unit 14 owners if, following the conversion, the unit owners will be 15 the same persons who were unit owners of the cooperative and 16 17 no units are offered for sale or lease to the public as part of the plan of conversion. 18

19 (17) "Division" means the Division of Florida Land
20 Sales, Condominiums, and Mobile Homes of the Department of
21 Business and Professional Regulation.

(18) "Land" means, unless otherwise defined in the 22 declaration as hereinafter provided, the surface of a legally 23 24 described parcel of real property and includes, unless 25 otherwise specified in the declaration and whether separate from or including such surface, airspace lying above and 26 subterranean space lying below such surface. However, if so 27 28 defined in the declaration, the term "land" may mean all or 29 any portion of the airspace or subterranean space between two legally identifiable elevations and may exclude the surface of 30 31

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a parcel of real property and may mean any combination of the 1 2 foregoing, whether or not contiguous. 3 (19) "Limited common elements" means those common elements which are reserved for the use of a certain 4 5 condominium unit or units to the exclusion of other units, as specified in the declaration of condominium. б 7 (20) "Multicondominium" means a real estate 8 development that contains more than one condominium operated 9 by one condominium association. 10 (21)(20) "Operation" or "operation of the condominium" 11 includes the administration and management of the condominium 12 property. 13 (22)(21) "Rental agreement" means any written 14 agreement, or oral agreement if for less duration than 1 year, 15 providing for use and occupancy of premises. (23)(22) "Residential condominium" means a condominium 16 17 consisting of condominium units, any of which are intended for use as a private temporary or permanent residence, except that 18 19 a condominium is not a residential condominium if the use for 20 which the units are intended is primarily commercial or industrial and not more than three units are intended to be 21 used for private residence, and are intended to be used as 22 housing for maintenance, managerial, janitorial, or other 23 24 operational staff of the condominium. With respect to a 25 condominium that is not a timeshare condominium, a residential unit includes a unit intended as a private temporary or 26 permanent residence as well as a unit not intended for 27 28 commercial or industrial use. With respect to a timeshare 29 condominium, the timeshare instrument as defined in s. 721.05(30)s. 721.05(28)shall govern the intended use of each 30 31 unit in the condominium. If a condominium is a residential 7

1 condominium but contains units intended to be used for 2 commercial or industrial purposes, then, with respect to those 3 units which are not intended for or used as private 4 residences, the condominium is not a residential condominium. 5 A condominium which contains both commercial and residential б units is a mixed-use condominium subject to the requirements 7 of s. 718.404. (24)(23) "Special assessment" means any assessment 8 9 levied against unit owners other than the assessment required 10 by a budget adopted annually. 11 (25)(24) "Timeshare estate" means any interest in a unit under which the exclusive right of use, possession, or 12 13 occupancy of the unit circulates among the various purchasers of a timeshare plan pursuant to chapter 721 on a recurring 14 15 basis for a period of time. (26)(25) "Timeshare unit" means a unit in which 16 17 timeshare estates have been created. 18 (27)<del>(26)</del> "Unit" means a part of the condominium 19 property which is subject to exclusive ownership. A unit may 20 be in improvements, land, or land and improvements together, as specified in the declaration. 21 (28) (27) "Unit owner" or "owner of a unit" means a 22 23 record owner of legal title to a condominium parcel. 24 (29)(28) "Voting certificate" means a document which 25 designates one of the record title owners, or the corporate, 26 partnership, or entity representative, who is authorized to vote on behalf of a condominium unit that is owned by more 27 28 than one owner or by any entity. 29 (30)(29) "Voting interest" means the voting rights 30 distributed to the association members pursuant to s. 31 718.104(4)(i). In a multicondominium association the voting 8

1 interest of the association means the total votes in association affairs distributed to the owners of all units in 2 3 all condominiums operated by the association. When a vote of 4 the owners in any specific condominium on matters related to 5 that condominium is required or permitted, the voting interest б of the condominium means the total votes distributed to the 7 owners of units in that condominium. 8 Section 3. Paragraphs (f) and (g) of subsection (4) of 9 section 718.104, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are 10 amended to read: 11 718.104 Creation of condominiums; contents of declaration.--Every condominium created in this state shall be 12 13 created pursuant to this chapter. 14 (4) The declaration must contain or provide for the 15 following matters: (f) The undivided share of ownership of in the common 16 17 elements and common surplus of the condominium that is 18 appurtenant to each unit stated as a percentage or a fraction 19 of percentages or fractions, which, in the aggregate, must 20 equal the whole. In the declaration of condominium for residential condominiums created after April 1, 1992, the 21 ownership share of the common elements assigned to each 22 residential unit shall be based either upon the total square 23 24 footage of each residential unit in uniform relationship to the total square footage of each other residential unit in the 25 condominium or on an equal fractional basis. 26 27 (g) The percentage or fractional shares of liability 28 for the proportions or percentages of and manner of sharing 29 common expenses of the condominium and of ownership of the  $\frac{1}{2}$  owning common surplus, which, for all  $\frac{1}{2}$  residential units 30 31 condominium, must be the same as the undivided shares of 9

1 ownership in the common elements and common surplus 2 appurtenant to each unit under paragraph (f). If a developer 3 has reserved the right in a declaration recorded on or after 4 July 1, 1999, to create a multicondominium development, the 5 declaration of condominium for the first such condominium to б be created must state, or provide a specific formula for 7 determining, the fractional or percentage shares of liability 8 for the common expenses of the association and of ownership of 9 the common surplus of the association to be allocated to the 10 units in each condominium to be operated by the association. 11 If the first declaration as originally recorded fails to so provide, the share of liability for the common expenses of the 12 13 association and of ownership of the common surplus of the 14 association allocated to each unit in each condominium 15 operated by the association shall be a fraction of the whole, the numerator of which is the number "one" and the denominator 16 of which is the total number of units in all condominiums 17 operated by the association. 18 19 Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 718.106, Florida 20 Statutes, is amended to read: 718.106 Condominium parcels; appurtenances; possession 21 22 and enjoyment .--23 (2) There shall pass with a unit, as appurtenances 24 thereto: 25 (a) An undivided share in the common elements and 26 common surplus. 27 (b) The exclusive right to use such portion of the 28 common elements as may be provided by the declaration, 29 including the right to transfer such exclusive use rights to other units or unit owners to the extent authorized by the 30 31 original declaration or amendments to such declaration, which

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1 amendments may be adopted in the manner required for regular amendments to the declaration of condominium and not pursuant 2 3 to the percentage vote required to modify unit appurtenances. 4 This paragraph is intended to clarify existing law. 5 (c) An exclusive easement for the use of the airspace б occupied by the unit as it exists at any particular time and 7 as the unit may lawfully be altered or reconstructed from time 8 to time. An easement in airspace which is vacated shall be terminated automatically. 9 10 (d) Membership in the association designated in the 11 declaration, with the full voting rights appertaining thereto and the right to seek election to the board in a manner 12 consistent with s. 718.112(2)(d). 13 14 (e) Other appurtenances as may be provided in the declaration. 15 Section 5. Subsections (4) and (9) of section 718.110, 16 17 Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (12) is added to 18 that section, to read: 718.110 Amendment of declaration; correction of error 19 or omission in declaration by circuit court .--20 21 (4) Unless otherwise provided in the declaration as originally recorded, no amendment may change the configuration 22 or size of any condominium unit in any material fashion, 23 24 materially alter or modify the appurtenances to the unit, or 25 change the proportion or percentage by which the owner of the unit parcel shares the common expenses and owns the common 26 surplus unless the record owner of the unit and all record 27 28 owners of liens on it join in the execution of the amendment 29 and unless all the record owners of all other units in the 30 same condominium approve the amendment. The acquisition of 31 property by the association, and material alterations or 11

1 substantial additions to such property or the common elements 2 by the association in accordance with s. 718.111(7) or s. 3 718.113, shall not be deemed to constitute a material 4 alteration or modification of the appurtenances to the units. 5 A declaration recorded after April 1, 1992, may not require б the approval of less than a majority of total voting interests 7 of the condominium for amendments under this subsection, 8 unless otherwise required by a any governmental entity. 9 (9) If there is an omission or error in a declaration 10 of condominium, or in any other document required by law to 11 establish the condominium, the association may correct the error or omission by an amendment to the declaration or to the 12 other document required to create a condominium in the manner 13 provided in the declaration to amend the declaration or, if 14 15 none is provided, by vote of a majority of the voting interests of the condominium. The amendment is effective when 16 17 passed and approved and a certificate of the amendment is 18 executed and recorded as provided in subsection (2)s. 19 <del>718.104</del>. This procedure for amendment cannot be used if such 20 an amendment would materially or adversely affect property 21 rights of unit owners, unless the affected unit owners consent in writing. This subsection does not restrict the powers of 22 the association to otherwise amend the declaration, or other 23 24 documentation, but authorizes a simple process of amendment 25 requiring a lesser vote for the purpose of curing defects, errors, or omissions when the property rights of unit owners 26 27 are not materially or adversely affected. 28 (12) Unless approval by a greater number is uniformly 29 required in the declarations of all condominiums comprising a 30 multicondominium development, an amendment may not change the fractional or percentage share of liability for the common 31

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1	expenses of the association and of ownership of the common
2	surplus of the association allocated to each unit as provided
3	in s. 718.104(4)(g) without the approval of at least a
4	majority of the total voting interests of each condominium
5	operated by the association. Unless a greater number is
6	expressly required in the declaration, the declaration of
7	condominium for any existing condominium may be amended upon
8	the approval of at least a majority of the total voting
9	interests of each condominium operated by the association, for
10	the purpose of causing it to conform to the requirements of s.
11	718.104(4)(f) as reasonably necessary to:
12	(a) Set forth in a declaration a formula that is
13	already in use, but not previously stated in the declaration,
14	for the sharing of common expenses and common surplus of the
15	association within an existing multicondominium development;
16	or
17	(b) Allow the creation or enlargement of a
18	multicondominium development by the merger or consolidation of
19	two or more condominium associations and change the name of
20	the association, as applicable.
21	Section 6. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (12)
22	and subsections (13), (14), and (15) of section 718.111,
23	Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to read:
24	718.111 The association
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~ ~	(12) OFFICIAL RECORDS
26	(12) OFFICIAL RECORDS (a) From the inception of the association, the
26 27	
	(a) From the inception of the association, the
27	(a) From the inception of the association, the association shall maintain each of the following items, when
27 28	(a) From the inception of the association, the association shall maintain each of the following items, when applicable, which shall constitute the official records of the
27 28 29	(a) From the inception of the association, the association shall maintain each of the following items, when applicable, which shall constitute the official records of the association:
27 28 29 30	<ul> <li>(a) From the inception of the association, the association shall maintain each of the following items, when applicable, which shall constitute the official records of the association:</li> <li>1. A copy of the plans, permits, warranties, and other</li> </ul>

1 2. A photocopy of the recorded declaration of 2 condominium of each condominium operated by the association 3 and of each amendment to each declaration. 4 3. A photocopy of the recorded bylaws of the 5 association and of each amendment to the bylaws. б 4. A certified copy of the articles of incorporation 7 of the association, or other documents creating the 8 association, and of each amendment thereto. 9 5. A copy of the current rules of the association. 10 6. A book or books which contain the minutes of all 11 meetings of the association, of the board of directors, and of unit owners, which minutes shall be retained for a period of 12 13 not less than 7 years. 7. A current roster of all unit owners and their 14 mailing addresses, unit identifications, voting 15 certifications, and, if known, telephone numbers. 16 17 8. All current insurance policies of the association and condominiums operated by the association. 18 19 9. A current copy of any management agreement, lease, 20 or other contract to which the association is a party or under which the association or the unit owners have an obligation or 21 22 responsibility. 23 10. Bills of sale or transfer for all property owned 24 by the association. 11. Accounting records for the association and 25 separate accounting records for each condominium which the 26 association operates, according to good accounting practices. 27 28 All accounting records shall be maintained for a period of not 29 less than 7 years. The accounting records shall include, but are not limited to: 30 31

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1 a. Accurate, itemized, and detailed records of all 2 receipts and expenditures. 3 b. A current account and a monthly, bimonthly, or 4 quarterly statement of the account for each unit designating 5 the name of the unit owner, the due date and amount of each б assessment, the amount paid upon the account, and the balance 7 due. 8 All audits, reviews, accounting statements, and с. 9 financial reports of the association or condominium. 10 d. All contracts for work to be performed. Bids for 11 work to be performed shall also be considered official records and shall be maintained for a period of 1 year. 12 12. Ballots, sign-in sheets, voting proxies, and all 13 other papers relating to voting by unit owners, which shall be 14 maintained for a period of 1 year from the date of the 15 election, vote, or meeting to which the document relates. 16 17 13. All rental records, when the association is acting as agent for the rental of condominium units. 18 19 14. A copy of the current question and answer sheet as described by s. 718.504. 20 15. All other records of the association not 21 specifically included in the foregoing which are related to 22 the operation of the association. 23 24 (c) The official records of the association are open to inspection by any association member or the authorized 25 representative of such member at all reasonable times. 26 The right to inspect the records includes the right to make or 27 28 obtain copies, at the reasonable expense, if any, of the 29 association member. The association may adopt reasonable rules regarding the frequency, time, location, notice, and 30 31 manner of record inspections and copying. The failure of an 15

1 association to provide the records within 10 working days 2 after receipt of a written request shall create a rebuttable 3 presumption that the association willfully failed to comply with this paragraph. A unit owner who is denied access to 4 5 official records is entitled to the actual damages or minimum б damages for the association's willful failure to comply with 7 this paragraph. The minimum damages shall be \$50 per calendar 8 day up to 10 days, the calculation to begin on the 11th 9 working day after receipt of the written request. The failure 10 to permit inspection of the association records as provided 11 herein entitles any person prevailing in an enforcement action to recover reasonable attorney's fees from the person in 12 control of the records who, directly or indirectly, knowingly 13 denied access to the records for inspection. The association 14 shall maintain an adequate number of copies of the 15 declaration, articles of incorporation, bylaws, and rules, and 16 17 all amendments to each of the foregoing, as well as the question and answer sheet provided for in s. 718.504 and 18 19 year-end financial information required in this section on the 20 condominium property to ensure their availability to unit owners and prospective purchasers, and may charge its actual 21 costs for preparing and furnishing these documents to those 22 requesting the same. Notwithstanding the provisions of this 23 24 paragraph, the following records shall not be accessible to 25 unit owners: Any document protected by the attorney-client 26 1. 27 privilege as described in s. 90.502, as well as material 28 protected by the work-product privilege which consists of any 29 record A record which was prepared by an association attorney or prepared at the attorney's express direction, which 30 31 reflects a mental impression, conclusion, litigation strategy, 16

or legal theory of the attorney or the association, and which
 was prepared exclusively for civil or criminal litigation or
 for adversarial administrative proceedings, or which was
 prepared in anticipation of imminent civil or criminal
 litigation or imminent adversarial administrative proceedings
 until the conclusion of the litigation or adversarial
 administrative proceedings.

8 2. Information obtained by an association in
9 connection with the approval of the lease, sale, or other
10 transfer of a unit.

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3. Medical records of unit owners.

(13) FINANCIAL REPORTS. --Within 90 60 days following 12 13 the end of the fiscal or calendar year, or annually on such 14 other date as may be is otherwise provided in the bylaws of the association, the board of administration of the 15 association shall have prepared mail or furnish by personal 16 17 delivery to each unit owner a complete financial report of 18 actual receipts and expenditures of the association for the 19 preceding fiscal year or the association may have prepared 20 previous 12 months, or a complete set of financial statements as provided in subsection (14), regardless of the number of 21 units operated by an association or the amount of revenues 22 earned by the association for the preceding fiscal year 23 24 prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting 25 principles. Within 14 days after receiving the financial report or financial statements, the association shall mail or 26 27 deliver a copy of the financial report or financial statements to all of the unit owners, or notify each of the unit owners 28 29 that a copy of the report or financial statements is available at no charge. The financial report must shall show the amounts 30 31 of receipts by accounts and receipt classifications and shall

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1 show the amounts of expenses by accounts and expense classifications for the association and each condominium 2 3 operated by a multicondominium association, including, if applicable, but not limited to, the following: 4 5 (a) Costs for security; б (b) Professional and management fees and expenses; 7 Taxes; (C) Costs for recreation facilities; 8 (d) 9 (e) Expenses for refuse collection and utility 10 services; 11 (f) Expenses for lawn care; Costs for building maintenance and repair; 12 (g) 13 (h) Insurance costs; (i) Administrative and salary expenses; and 14 15 Reserves accumulated and expended for capital (j) expenditures, deferred maintenance, and any other category for 16 17 which the association maintains a reserve account or accounts. For a multicondominium association, the reserve disclosures 18 19 must separately show reserves accumulated and expended on behalf of the unit owners of all condominiums and by the unit 20 21 owners of specific condominiums. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. -- The division shall adopt 22 (14)rules that, subject to the provisions of this section, 23 24 authorize which may require that the association to prepare, 25 within 90 days after the end of each fiscal year or annually on the date provided in the bylaws deliver to the unit owners, 26 27 in lieu of the financial report required by subsection (13), a 28 complete set of financial statements for the preceding fiscal 29 year in lieu of the financial report required by subsection (13). Within 14 days after the association's receipt of the 30 financial statements, the association shall mail or deliver a 31

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1 copy of the financial statements to all of the unit owners or notify each of the unit owners that a copy of the financial 2 3 statements is available at no charge. The financial statements shall be delivered within 90 days following the end of the 4 5 previous fiscal year or annually on such other date as б provided by the bylaws. The rules of the division may require 7 that the financial statements be compiled, reviewed, or 8 audited, based on the size of the association and the amount of revenues earned by the association and the rules shall take 9 10 into consideration the criteria set forth in s. 718.501(1)(j). 11 The requirement to have the financial statements compiled, reviewed, or audited does not apply to associations when a 12 majority of the voting interests of the association present at 13 a duly called meeting of the association have determined for a 14 fiscal year to waive this requirement. In an association in 15 which turnover of control by the developer has not occurred, 16 17 the developer may vote to waive the audit, review, or compilation requirement for the first 2 fiscal years of the 18 19 operation of the association, beginning with the date the initial declaration is recorded in the county records, after 20 21 which time waiver of an applicable audit, review, or compilation requirement shall be by a majority of voting 22 interests of the association, excluding other than the 23 24 developer voting interests. The meeting shall be held prior 25 to the end of the fiscal year, and the waiver shall be effective for only 1 fiscal year. This subsection does not 26 apply to an association that operates a condominium which 27 28 consists of 50 or fewer units. For a multicondominium 29 association, the financial statements may be presented on a 30 combined basis if the notes or supplementary information disclose the revenues, expenses, and changes in fund balances 31

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for the association and for each condominium. In addition, the 1 financial statements, notes, or supplementary information must 2 3 disclose the revenues and common expenses of the association and the method used to allocate the revenues, expenses, and 4 5 common surplus of the association to the unit owners. б (15) COMMINGLING OF FUNDS.--All funds shall be 7 maintained separately in the association's name. Reserve and 8 operating funds of the association shall not be commingled 9 unless combined for investment purposes. This subsection does 10 not is not meant to prohibit prudent investment of association 11 funds even if such investment involves combining combined with operating and or other reserve funds of the same association, 12 13 but the operating and reserve such funds must be accounted for 14 separately, and the combined account balance may not, at any time, be less than the amount identified as reserve funds in 15 the combined account. With respect to a multicondominium 16 17 association, this subsection does not prohibit commingling of the association's various operating funds or commingling of 18 19 the association's various reserve funds; however, each operating fund that is commingled, and each reserve fund that 20 is commingled, must be accounted for separately.A No manager 21 or business entity required to be licensed or registered under 22 s. 468.432, and an <del>no</del> agent, employee, officer, or director of 23 24 a condominium association may not shall commingle any 25 association funds with his or her funds or with the funds of any other condominium association or community association as 26 27 defined in s. 468.431. 28 Section 7. Paragraphs (d), (e), and (f) of subsection 29 (2) of section 718.112, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to read: 30 31 718.112 Bylaws.--

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1 (2) REQUIRED PROVISIONS. -- The bylaws shall provide for 2 the following and, if they do not do so, shall be deemed to 3 include the following: 4 (d) Unit owner meetings.--5 There shall be an annual meeting of the unit 1. б owners. Unless the bylaws provide otherwise, a vacancy on the 7 board of administration caused by the expiration of a 8 director's term shall be filled by electing a new board 9 member, and the election shall be by secret ballot; however, 10 if the number of vacancies equals or exceeds the number of 11 candidates, no election is required. If there is no provision in the bylaws for terms of the members of the board of 12 administration, the terms of all members of the board of 13 administration shall expire upon the election of their 14 15 successors at the annual meeting. Any unit owner desiring to be a candidate for board membership shall comply with 16 17 subparagraph 3. In order to be eligible for board membership, a person must meet the requirements set forth in the 18 19 declaration. A person who has been convicted of any felony by any court of record in the United States and who has not had 20 his or her right to vote restored pursuant to law in the 21 jurisdiction of his or her residence is not eligible for board 22 membership. The validity of an action by the board is not 23 24 affected if it is later determined that a member of the board 25 is ineligible for board membership due to having been convicted of a felony. 26 27 The bylaws shall provide the method of calling 2. 28 meetings of unit owners, including annual meetings. Written 29 notice, which notice must include an agenda, shall be mailed

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or delivered to each unit owner at least 14 days prior to the

31 annual meeting and shall be posted in a conspicuous place on

1 the condominium property at least 14 continuous days preceding 2 the annual meeting. Upon notice to the unit owners, the board 3 shall by duly adopted rule designate a specific location on 4 the condominium property or association property upon which 5 all notices of unit owner meetings shall be posted; however, б if there is no condominium property or association property 7 upon which notices can be posted, this requirement does not apply. Unless a unit owner waives in writing the right to 8 9 receive notice of the annual meeting by mail, the notice of 10 the annual meeting shall be sent by mail to each unit owner. 11 Where a unit is owned by more than one person, the association shall provide notice, for meetings and all other purposes, to 12 13 that one address which the developer initially identifies for that purpose and thereafter as one or more of the owners of 14 the unit shall so advise the association in writing, or if no 15 address is given or the owners of the unit do not agree, to 16 17 the address provided on the deed of record. An officer of the association, or the manager or other person providing notice 18 19 of the association meeting, shall provide an affidavit or 20 United States Postal Service certificate of mailing, to be included in the official records of the association affirming 21 that the notice was mailed or hand delivered, in accordance 22 with this provision, to each unit owner at the address last 23 24 furnished to the association.

3. The members of the board of administration shall be elected by written ballot or voting machine. Proxies shall in no event be used in electing the board of administration, either in general elections or elections to fill vacancies caused by recall, resignation, or otherwise, unless otherwise provided in this chapter. Not less than 60 days before a scheduled election, the association shall mail or deliver,

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whether by separate association mailing or included in another 1 2 association mailing or delivery including regularly published 3 newsletters, to each unit owner entitled to a vote, a first 4 notice of the date of the election. Any unit owner or other 5 eligible person desiring to be a candidate for the board of б administration must give written notice to the association not 7 less than 40 days before a scheduled election. Together with the written notice and agenda as set forth in subparagraph 2., 8 9 the association shall mail or deliver a second notice of the 10 election to all unit owners entitled to vote therein, together 11 with a ballot which shall list all candidates. Upon request of a candidate, the association shall include an information 12 13 sheet, no larger than 8 1/2 inches by 11 inches, which must be furnished by the candidate not less than 35 days before the 14 election, to be included with the mailing of the ballot, with 15 the costs of mailing or delivery and copying to be borne by 16 17 the association. However, the association has no liability for the contents of the information sheets prepared by the 18 19 candidates. In order to reduce costs, the association may print or duplicate the information sheets on both sides of the 20 paper. The division shall by rule establish voting procedures 21 consistent with the provisions contained herein, including 22 rules providing for the secrecy of ballots. Elections shall 23 24 be decided by a plurality of those ballots cast. There shall 25 be no quorum requirement; however, at least 20 percent of the eligible voters must cast a ballot in order to have a valid 26 election of members of the board of administration. No unit 27 28 owner shall permit any other person to vote his or her ballot, 29 and any such ballots improperly cast shall be deemed invalid. A unit owner who needs assistance in casting the ballot for 30 31 the reasons stated in s. 101.051 may obtain assistance in

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1 casting the ballot. Any unit owner violating this provision 2 may be fined by the association in accordance with s. 718.303. 3 The regular election shall occur on the date of the annual 4 meeting. The provisions of this subparagraph shall not apply 5 to timeshare condominium associations. Notwithstanding the б provisions of this subparagraph, an election and balloting are 7 not required unless more candidates file notices of intent to 8 run or are nominated than vacancies exist on the board.

9 4. Any approval by unit owners called for by this 10 chapter or the applicable declaration or bylaws, including, 11 but not limited to, the approval requirement in s. 718.111(8), shall be made at a duly noticed meeting of unit owners and 12 13 shall be subject to all requirements of this chapter or the applicable condominium documents relating to unit owner 14 decisionmaking, except that unit owners may take action by 15 written agreement, without meetings, on matters for which 16 17 action by written agreement without meetings is expressly 18 allowed by the applicable bylaws or declaration or any statute 19 that provides for such action.

20 5. Unit owners may waive notice of specific meetings
21 if allowed by the applicable bylaws or declaration or any
22 statute.

6. Unit owners shall have the right to participate in meetings of unit owners with reference to all designated agenda items. However, the association may adopt reasonable rules governing the frequency, duration, and manner of unit owner participation.

28 7. Any unit owner may tape record or videotape a
29 meeting of the unit owners subject to reasonable rules adopted
30 by the division.

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1	8. Unless otherwise provided in the bylaws, any
2	vacancy occurring on the board before the expiration of a term
3	may be filled by the affirmative vote of the majority of the
4	remaining directors, even if the remaining directors
5	constitute less than a quorum, or by the sole remaining
6	director. In the alternative, a board may hold an election to
7	fill the vacancy, in which case the election procedures must
8	conform to the requirements of subparagraph 3. unless the
9	association has opted out of the statutory election process,
10	in which case the bylaws of the association control. Unless
11	otherwise provided in the bylaws, a board member appointed or
12	elected under this section shall fill the vacancy for the
13	unexpired term of the seat being filled. Filling vacancies
14	created by recall is governed by paragraph (j) and rules
15	adopted by the division.
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17	Notwithstanding subparagraphs (b)2. and (d)3., an association
18	may, by the affirmative vote of a majority of the total voting
19	interests, provide for different voting and election
20	procedures in its bylaws, which vote may be by a proxy
21	specifically delineating the different voting and election
22	procedures. The different voting and election procedures may
23	provide for elections to be conducted by limited or general
24	proxy.
25	(e) Budget meetingThe board of administration shall
26	hand deliver to each unit owner, or mail to each unit owner at
27	the address last furnished to the association, a meeting
28	notice and copies of the proposed annual budget of common
29	expenses not less than 14 days prior to the meeting of the
30	unit owners or the board of administration at which the budget
31	will be considered. Evidence of compliance with this 14-day
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1 notice must be made by an affidavit executed by an officer of 2 the association or the manager or other person providing 3 notice of the meeting and filed among the official records of 4 the association. The meeting must be open to the unit owners. 5 If an adopted budget requires assessments against the unit б owners in any fiscal or calendar year which exceed 115 percent 7 of the assessments for the preceding year, the board, upon 8 written application to the board of 10 percent of the voting 9 interests of units subject to assessment under that budget to 10 the board, shall call a special meeting of the unit owners 11 within 30 days upon not less than 10 days' written notice to each unit owner. At the special meeting, the unit owners 12 subject to assessment under the budget may shall consider and 13 14 enact a different budget. Unless the bylaws require a larger 15 vote, the adoption of a different the budget by unit owners requires the affirmative a vote of at least not less than a 16 17 majority vote of all the voting interests subject to 18 assessment under that budget. The board of administration may 19 propose a budget to the unit owners at a meeting of the 20 members or in writing by mail, and if the budget or proposed 21 budget is approved by a majority of the voting interests of units subject to assessments under the <u>budget</u> the unit owners 22 at the meeting or by a majority of all the voting interests in 23 24 writing, the budget is adopted. If a meeting of the unit 25 owners has been called and a quorum is not attained or a substitute budget is not adopted by the unit owners, the 26 budget adopted by the board of directors goes into effect as 27 28 scheduled. In determining whether assessments exceed 115 29 percent of similar assessments in prior years, any authorized provisions for reasonable reserves for repair or replacement 30 31 of the condominium property, anticipated expenses by the

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1 condominium association which are not anticipated to be 2 incurred on a regular or annual basis, or assessments for 3 betterments to the condominium property must be excluded from 4 the computation. However, as long as the developer is in 5 control of the board of administration, the board may not б impose an assessment for any year greater than 115 percent of 7 the prior fiscal or calendar year's assessment without 8 approval of a majority of all the voting interests of units 9 subject to assessments under the budget. A multicondominium 10 association shall adopt a separate budget of common expenses 11 for each condominium it operates and shall adopt a separate budget of common expenses for the association. 12 13 (f) Annual budget.--14 1. The proposed annual budget of common expenses shall 15 be detailed and shall show the amounts budgeted by accounts and expense classifications, including, if applicable, but not 16 17 limited to, those expenses listed in s. 718.504(21)s. 718.504(20). In addition, if the association maintains limited 18 19 common elements with the cost to be shared only by those 20 entitled to use the limited common elements as provided for in s. 718.113(1), the budget or a schedule attached thereto shall 21 22 show amounts budgeted therefor. If, after turnover of control of the association to the unit owners, any of the expenses 23 24 listed in s. 718.504(21)s. 718.504(20) are not applicable, 25 they need not be listed. In addition to annual operating expenses, the 26 2. 27 budget shall include reserve accounts for capital expenditures 28 and deferred maintenance. These accounts shall include, but 29 are not limited to, roof replacement, building painting, and pavement resurfacing, regardless of the amount of deferred 30 31 maintenance expense or replacement cost, and for any other 27

1 item for which the deferred maintenance expense or replacement 2 cost exceeds \$10,000. The amount to be reserved shall be 3 computed by means of a formula which is based upon estimated 4 remaining useful life and estimated replacement cost or 5 deferred maintenance expense of each reserve item. The б association may adjust replacement reserve assessments 7 annually to take into account any changes in estimates or 8 extension of the useful life of a reserve item caused by 9 deferred maintenance. This subsection does not apply to 10 budgets in which the members of an association have, by a 11 majority vote at a duly called meeting of the association, and voting determined for a fiscal year to provide no reserves or 12 13 reserves less adequate than required by this subsection. However, prior to turnover of control of an association by a 14 developer to unit owners other than a developer pursuant to s. 15 718.301, the developer may vote to waive the reserves or 16 17 reduce the funding of reserves for the first 2 fiscal years of 18 the operation of the association, beginning with the date the 19 initial declaration is recorded in the county records, after 20 which time reserves may be waived or reduced only upon the vote of a majority of all nondeveloper voting interests voting 21 in person or by limited proxy at a duly called meeting of the 22 association. If a meeting of the unit owners has been called 23 24 to determine to provide no reserves or reserves less adequate 25 than required, and such result is not attained or a quorum is not attained, the reserves as included in the budget shall go 26 into effect. After the turnover, the developer may vote its 27 28 voting interest to waive or reduce the funding of reserves. 29 3. Reserve funds and any interest accruing thereon shall remain in the reserve account or accounts, and shall be 30 31 used only for authorized reserve expenditures unless their use

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1 for other purposes is approved in advance by a majority vote 2 at a duly called meeting of the association. Prior to turnover 3 of control of an association by a developer to unit owners other than the developer pursuant to s. 718.301, the 4 5 developer-controlled association shall not vote to use б reserves for purposes other than that for which they were 7 intended without the approval of a majority of all 8 nondeveloper voting interests, voting in person or by limited 9 proxy at a duly called meeting of the association. 10 4. In a multicondominium association, the only voting 11 interests of the association which are eligible to vote on questions that involve waiving or reducing the funding of 12 reserves or using existing reserve funds for other purposes 13 14 are the voting interests of the units that are subject to 15 assessment to fund the reserves in question. Section 8. Subsection (2) of section 718.113, Florida 16 Statutes, is amended to read: 17 718.113 Maintenance; limitation upon improvement; 18 19 display of flag; hurricane shutters. --20 (2)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, 21 there shall be no material alteration or substantial additions to the common elements or to real property which is 22 association property, except in a manner provided in the 23 24 declaration. If the declaration does not specify the 25 procedure for approval of alterations or additions, 75 percent of the total voting interests of the association must approve 26 27 the alterations or additions. 28 There shall not be any material alteration or (b) 29 substantial addition made to the common elements of a 30 condominium or condominiums operated by a multicondominium 31 association unless approved in a manner provided in the 29

1 declaration of the affected condominium or condominiums. If a declaration does not specify a procedure for approving a 2 3 material alteration or substantial addition, the approval of 75 percent of the total voting interests of each affected 4 5 condominium is required. This subsection does not prohibit a б provision in any condominium document requiring the approval of unit owners in other condominiums or requiring the approval 7 8 of the board of directors before a material alteration or substantial addition to the common elements is permitted. 9 10 (C) There shall not be any material alteration or 11 substantial addition made to association real property operated by a multicondominium association, except as provided 12 in the articles of incorporation or bylaws. If the articles of 13 incorporation or bylaws do not specify the procedure for 14 approving a material alteration or substantial addition to 15 association real property, the approval of 75 percent of the 16 total voting interests of the association is required. 17 18 Section 9. Section 718.115, Florida Statutes, 1998 19 Supplement, is amended to read: 20 718.115 Common expenses and common surplus.--(1)(a) Common expenses include the expenses of the 21 operation, maintenance, repair, replacement, or protection of 22 the common elements and association property, costs of 23 24 carrying out the powers and duties of the association, and any 25 other expense, whether or not included in the foregoing, designated as common expense by this chapter, the declaration, 26 27 the documents creating the association, or the bylaws. Common 28 expenses also include reasonable transportation services, 29 insurance for directors and officers, road maintenance and 30 operation expenses, in-house communications, and security 31 services, which are reasonably related to the general benefit 30

1 of the unit owners even if such expenses do not attach to the 2 common elements or property of the condominium. However, such 3 common expenses must either have been services or items provided from the date the control of the board of 4 5 administration of the association was transferred from the б developer to the unit owners or must be services or items 7 provided for in the condominium documents or bylaws. With 8 respect to a multicondominium association, the common expenses 9 of the association are the common expenses that are not 10 directly attributable to the operation of a specific 11 condominium or condominiums, and common expenses of the condominium are the common expenses that are directly 12 attributable to the operation of a specific condominium or 13 condominiums. The common expenses of the association may 14 include categories of expenses related to the property or 15 common elements within a specific condominium or condominiums 16 if such property or common elements are within areas that all 17 members of the association have use rights or receive other 18 19 tangible economic benefits. Such common expenses of the association must be identified in the declaration or bylaws. 20 (b) If provided for in the declaration or bylaws, the 21 actual cost of registration or tuition, and reimbursement for 22 mileage at the rate allowed by the Internal Revenue Service at 23 24 the time the expense is incurred, is a permissible common 25 expense to pay for participation by officers or directors of the condominium in educational courses offered within the 26 27 state which relate to the provisions of this chapter and the administrative regulations adopted under this chapter. Such 28 29 reimbursement is limited to participation in educational programs while serving as an officer or director. The 30 declaration or bylaws may provide a limit on such educational 31

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1 expenditures. All expenses incurred must be documented by 2 contemporaneous receipts, which must be kept as part of the 3 official records of the association. When an educational 4 program is offered in multiple locations, course cost and 5 mileage reimbursement may only be made for the location 6 closest to the condominium association or to the location 7 closest to the attending officer or director.

(c)(b) If so provided in the declaration, the cost of 8 9 a master antenna television system or duly franchised cable 10 television service obtained pursuant to a bulk contract shall 11 be deemed a common expense. If the declaration does not provide for the cost of a master antenna television system or 12 13 duly franchised cable television service obtained under a bulk contract as a common expense, the board of administration may 14 enter into such a contract, and the cost of the service will 15 be a common expense but allocated on a per-unit basis rather 16 17 than a percentage basis if the declaration provides for other than an equal sharing of common expenses, and any contract 18 19 entered into before July 1, 1998, in which the cost of the 20 service is not equally divided among all unit owners, may be changed by vote of a majority of the voting interests present 21 at a regular or special meeting of the association, to 22 allocate the cost equally among all units. The contract shall 23 24 be for a term of not less than 2 years.

1. Any contract made by the board after the effective date hereof for a community antenna system or duly franchised cable television service may be canceled by a majority of the voting interests present at the next regular or special meeting of the association. Any member may make a motion to cancel said contract, but if no motion is made or if such motion fails to obtain the required majority at the next

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regular or special meeting, whichever is sooner, following the
 making of the contract, then such contract shall be deemed
 ratified for the term therein expressed.

4 2. Any such contract shall provide, and shall be 5 deemed to provide if not expressly set forth, that any hearing б impaired or legally blind unit owner who does not occupy the 7 unit with a non-hearing-impaired or sighted person may 8 discontinue the service without incurring disconnect fees, 9 penalties, or subsequent service charges, and as to such 10 units, the owners shall not be required to pay any common 11 expenses charge related to such service. If less than all members of an association share the expenses of cable 12 13 television, the expense shall be shared equally by all 14 participating unit owners. The association may use the provisions of s. 718.116 to enforce payment of the shares of 15 such costs by the unit owners receiving cable television. 16

17 (d)(c) The expense of installation, replacement, operation, repair, and maintenance of hurricane shutters by 18 19 the board pursuant to s. 718.113(5) shall constitute a common 20 expense as defined herein and shall be collected as provided in this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 21 718.116(9), a unit owner who has previously installed 22 hurricane shutters in accordance with s. 718.113(5) or 23 24 laminated glass architecturally designed to function as 25 hurricane protection which complies with the applicable building code shall receive a credit equal to the pro rata 26 portion of the assessed installation cost assigned to each 27 28 unit. However, such unit owner shall remain responsible for 29 the pro rata share of expenses for hurricane shutters installed on common elements and association property by the 30 31 board pursuant to s. 718.113(5), and shall remain responsible

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1 for a pro rata share of the expense of the replacement, operation, repair, and maintenance of such shutters. 2 3 (e)(d) If any unpaid share of common expenses or 4 assessments is extinguished by foreclosure of a superior lien 5 or by a deed in lieu of foreclosure thereof, the unpaid share б of common expenses or assessments are common expenses 7 collectible from all the unit owners in the condominium in 8 which the unit is located. (2) Except as otherwise provided by this chapter, 9 10 funds for the payment of common expenses of each condominium 11 shall be collected by assessments against the units in that condominium unit owners in the proportions or percentages 12 13 provided in the declaration. In a residential condominium, or mixed-use condominium created after January 1, 1996, each 14 unit's share of unit owners' shares of common expenses and 15 common surplus shall be the same as the in the same 16 17 proportions as their ownership interest in the common 18 elements. In a multicondominium association, the total common 19 surplus owned by a unit owner consists of that unit owner's share of the common surplus of the association as provided in 20 21 s. 718.104(4)(g) and that owner's share of the common surplus 22 of the condominium in which the owner's unit is located. (3) Common surplus is owned by unit owners in the same 23 24 shares as their ownership interest in the common elements. Section 10. Subsection (9) of section 718.116, Florida 25 Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 26 27 718.116 Assessments; liability; lien and priority; interest; collection. --28 29 (9)(a) A No unit owner may not be excused from the payment of the unit's his or her share of the common expenses 30 31 expense of a condominium unless all unit owners are likewise 34 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 proportionately excused from payment, except as provided in 2 subsection (1) and in the following cases: 3 If the declaration so provides, a developer or 1. 4 other person who is offering owns condominium units offered 5 for sale may elect to be excused from the payment of the share б of the common expenses and assessments related to those units 7 for a stated period of time subsequent to the recording of the declaration of condominium. The period must terminate no 8 later than the first day of the fourth calendar month 9 10 following the month in which the first closing of the purchase 11 and sale of a unit in that the first condominium unit occurs. However, the developer must pay those common expenses incurred 12 13 during that period which exceed the amount assessed against other unit owners. Notwithstanding this limitation, if a 14 developer-controlled association has maintained all insurance 15 coverages required by s. 718.111(11)(a), the common expenses 16 17 incurred during the foregoing period resulting from a natural disaster or an act of God, which are not covered by insurance 18 19 proceeds from the insurance maintained by the association, may 20 be assessed assigned against all unit owners of owning units on the date of such natural disaster or act of God, and their 21 22 successors and assigns, including the developer with respect to units owned by the developer. In the event of such an 23 24 assessment, all units shall be assessed in accordance with 25 their ownership interest in the common elements as required by s. 718.115(2). 26 A developer or other person who owns condominium 27 2. 28 units and is offering the units for sale or who has an 29 obligation to pay common condominium expenses may be excused from paying the payment of his or her share of the common 30

31 <u>expenses</u> expense which would <u>otherwise be</u> have been assessed

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1 against those units during the period of time that such person 2 he or she has guaranteed to each purchaser in the purchase 3 contract, declaration, or prospectus, or by agreement between 4 the developer and a majority of the unit owners other than the 5 developer, that assessments the assessment for common expenses б of the condominium imposed upon the unit owners would not 7 increase over a stated dollar amount, and such person has obligated himself or herself to pay any amount of common 8 9 expenses incurred during that period and not produced by the 10 assessments at the guaranteed level receivable from other unit 11 owners in the same condominium. Notwithstanding this limitation, if a developer-controlled association has 12 13 maintained all insurance coverages required by s. 718.111(11)(a), the common expenses incurred during the 14 guarantee period resulting from a natural disaster or an act 15 of God, which are not covered by insurance proceeds from the 16 17 insurance maintained by the association, may be assessed 18 against all unit owners of owning units on the date of such 19 natural disaster or act of God, and their successors and 20 assigns, including the developer with respect to units owned by the developer. In the event of such an assessment, all 21 units shall be assessed in accordance with their ownership 22 interest in the common elements as required by s. 718.115(2). 23 24 The guarantee may provide that after an initial stated period, 25 the developer has an option or options to extend the guarantee for one or more additional stated periods. 26 (b) If the purchase contract, declaration, prospectus, 27 28 or agreement between the developer and a majority of unit

29 owners other than the developer provides for the developer or

30 another person to be excused from the payment of assessments

31 pursuant to paragraph (a), no funds which are receivable from

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1	unit purchasers or owners and payable to the association or
2	collected by the developer on behalf of the association, other
3	than regular periodic assessments for common expenses as
4	provided in the declaration and disclosed in the estimated
5	operating budget pursuant to s. 718.503(1)(b)6. or s.
6	<u>718.504(21)(b)</u> . 718.504(20)(b), shall be used for payment of
7	common expenses prior to the expiration of the period during
8	which the developer or other person is so excused. This
9	restriction applies to funds including, but not limited to,
10	capital contributions or startup funds collected from unit
11	purchasers at closing.
12	(c) In a multicondominium situation, if a developer is
13	excused from paying assessments under paragraph (a), the
14	developer's financial obligation to the multicondominium
15	association shall consist of two parts as follows:
16	1. The developer shall pay those common expenses of
17	the condominium affected by the guarantee, including the
18	funding of reserves as included in the adopted budget of that
19	condominium, in excess of the amount assessed against the
20	nondeveloper units within that condominium through regular
21	periodic assessments related to the adopted budget of that
22	condominium.
23	2. The developer shall pay the portion of the common
24	expenses of the association, including the funding of reserves
25	as included in the adopted budget of the association,
26	allocated to the units within the condominium affected by the
27	guarantee which is in excess of the amount assessed against
28	the nondeveloper units within that condominium through regular
29	periodic assessments related to the adopted budget of the
30	association.
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1 Section 11. Subsection (11) is added to section 2 718.117, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, to read: 3 718.117 Termination.--4 (11) This section does not apply to the termination of 5 a condominium incident to a merger of that condominium with б one or more other condominiums under s. 718.110(7). 7 Section 12. Section 718.405, Florida Statutes, is 8 created to read: 9 718.405 Multicondominiums.--10 (1) An association may operate more than one 11 condominium if the declaration of condominium for each condominium to be operated by that association provides for 12 multicondominium development, in conformity with this section, 13 14 and discloses or describes: (a) The manner or formula by which the assets, 15 liabilities, and the common expenses of the association will 16 17 be apportioned among the various units within the condominiums operated by the association, consistent with s. 718.104(4)(g). 18 19 (b) Whether unit owners in other condominiums, or any other persons, will or may have the right to use recreational 20 21 areas or any other facilities or amenities that are common elements of the condominium, and, if so, the specific formula 22 by which the other users will share the common expenses 23 24 related to those facilities or amenities. 25 (c) The recreational and other commonly used facilities or amenities that the developer has committed to 26 27 provide and that are owned or leased by the association but 28 are not included within any condominium. The developer may 29 reserve the right to add additional facilities or amenities if 30 the prospectus for each condominium to be operated by the association contains the following statement in conspicuous 31

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1 type and in substantially the following form: RECREATIONAL FACILITIES MAY BE EXPANDED OR ADDED WITHOUT CONSENT OF UNIT 2 3 OWNERS OR THE ASSOCIATION. The voting rights of the owners of each unit in 4 (d) 5 the election of directors and in other association affairs б when a vote of the owners is taken, including, but not limited 7 to, a statement as to whether each unit owner will have a 8 right to personally cast his or her own vote in all matters 9 voted upon. 10 (2) If any declaration requires a developer to convey 11 any additional lands or facilities to the association and the developer fails to do so within the time specified, or within 12 a reasonable time if none is specified, any owner of a unit or 13 the association may enforce such obligation against the 14 developer or bring an action against the developer for 15 specific performance or for damages that result from the 16 17 developer's failure or refusal to convey such additional lands or facilities. 18 19 (3) The declaration that creates each condominium to be operated by the association may not, at the time of its 20 21 initial recording, contain any provision with respect to the allocation of the assets, liabilities, or common expenses of 22 the association which is inconsistent with this chapter or the 23 24 provisions of the declaration of condominium for any other 25 condominium then being operated by the association. This section does not prevent or restrict the 26 (4) 27 formation of a multicondominium development by the merger or consolidation of two or more condominium associations. Such 28 29 mergers or consolidations shall be accomplished in accordance 30 with the condominium documents of the condominiums involved and in accordance with chapter 617, which governs the merger 31

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1 or consolidation of corporations, as applicable. Section 2 718.110(4) does not apply to amendments to the declarations of 3 condominium necessary to effect the merger or consolidation. Section 13. Subsection (1) of section 718.5019, 4 5 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: б 718.5019 Advisory council; membership; functions.--7 (1) There is created the Advisory Council on 8 Condominiums. The council shall consist of seven members. Two 9 shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of 10 Representatives, two shall be appointed by the President of 11 the Senate, and three members shall be appointed by the Governor. At least one member shall represent timeshare 12 13 condominiums. Members shall be appointed to 2-year terms. 14 Members shall continue to serve until their replacement has 15 been appointed. In addition to these appointed members, the director of the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, 16 17 and Mobile Homes shall serve as an ex officio member of the council. It is the intent of the Legislature that the 18 19 appointments to this council be geographically distributed 20 across the state and represent a cross section of persons interested in condominium issues and include unit-owner and 21 board representatives and a representative from at least one 22 association with less than 100 units. For administrative 23 24 purposes, the commission shall be located in the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, and Mobile Homes of the 25 Department of Business and Professional Regulation. Members of 26 the council shall serve without compensation, but shall be 27 28 entitled to receive per diem and travel expenses pursuant to 29 s. 112.061 while on official business. Section 14. Present subsections (15) through (27) of 30 31 section 718.504, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are

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1 redesignated as subsections (16) through (28), respectively, 2 and a new subsection (15) is added to that section, to read: 3 718.504 Prospectus or offering circular.--Every developer of a residential condominium which contains more 4 5 than 20 residential units, or which is part of a group of 6 residential condominiums which will be served by property to 7 be used in common by unit owners of more than 20 residential units, shall prepare a prospectus or offering circular and 8 9 file it with the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, 10 and Mobile Homes prior to entering into an enforceable 11 contract of purchase and sale of any unit or lease of a unit for more than 5 years and shall furnish a copy of the 12 13 prospectus or offering circular to each buyer. In addition to 14 the prospectus or offering circular, each buyer shall be 15 furnished a separate page entitled "Frequently Asked Questions and Answers," which shall be in accordance with a format 16 17 approved by the division and a copy of the financial 18 information required by s. 718.111. This page shall, in 19 readable language, inform prospective purchasers regarding 20 their voting rights and unit use restrictions, including restrictions on the leasing of a unit; shall indicate whether 21 and in what amount the unit owners or the association is 22 obligated to pay rent or land use fees for recreational or 23 24 other commonly used facilities; shall contain a statement 25 identifying that amount of assessment which, pursuant to the budget, would be levied upon each unit type, exclusive of any 26 special assessments, and which shall further identify the 27 28 basis upon which assessments are levied, whether monthly, 29 quarterly, or otherwise; shall state and identify any court cases in which the association is currently a party of record 30 31 in which the association may face liability in excess of

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1 \$100,000; and which shall further state whether membership in 2 a recreational facilities association is mandatory, and if so, 3 shall identify the fees currently charged per unit type. The division shall by rule require such other disclosure as in its 4 5 judgment will assist prospective purchasers. The prospectus or б offering circular may include more than one condominium, 7 although not all such units are being offered for sale as of 8 the date of the prospectus or offering circular. The 9 prospectus or offering circular must contain the following 10 information: 11 (15) If the condominium is or may become part of a multicondominium development, the following information must 12 13 be provided: 14 (a) A statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form: THIS CONDOMINIUM IS (MAY BE) PART OF A 15 MULTICONDOMINIUM DEVELOPMENT IN WHICH OTHER CONDOMINIUMS WILL 16 17 (MAY) BE OPERATED BY THE SAME ASSOCIATION. Immediately following this statement, the location in the prospectus or 18 19 offering circular and its exhibits where the multicondominium aspects of the offering are described must be stated. 20 (b) A summary of the provisions in the declaration and 21 bylaws which establish and provide for the operation of the 22 multicondominium development, including a statement as to 23 24 whether unit owners in the condominium will have the right to use recreational or other facilities located or planned to be 25 located in other condominiums operated by the same 26 27 association, and the manner of sharing the common expenses 28 related to such facilities. 29 (c) A statement of the minimum and maximum number of 30 condominiums, and the minimum and maximum number of units in each of those condominiums, which will or may be operated by 31 42

1 the association, and the latest date by which the exact numbers will be finally determined. 2 3 (d) A statement as to whether any of the condominiums may include units intended to be used for nonresidential 4 5 purposes, and, if so, the purpose or purposes permitted for б such use. (e) A general description of the location and 7 8 approximate acreage of any land on which any additional 9 condominiums to be operated by the association may be located. 10 Section 15. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 11 624.462, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 624.462 Commercial self-insurance funds.--12 (2) As used in ss. 624.460-624.488, "commercial 13 self-insurance fund" or "fund" means a group of members, 14 operating individually and collectively through a trust or 15 corporation, that must be: 16 17 (a) Established by: 18 1. A not-for-profit trade association, industry 19 association, or professional association of employers or 20 professionals which has a constitution or bylaws, which is 21 incorporated under the laws of this state, and which has been organized for purposes other than that of obtaining or 22 providing insurance and operated in good faith for a 23 24 continuous period of 1 year; 2. A self-insurance trust fund organized pursuant to 25 26 s. 627.357 and maintained in good faith for a continuous 27 period of 1 year for purposes other than that of obtaining or 28 providing insurance pursuant to this section. Each member of 29 a commercial self-insurance trust fund established pursuant to 30 this subsection must maintain membership in the self-insurance 31 trust fund organized pursuant to s. 627.357; or

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1	3. A not-for-profit group <u>composed</u> <del>comprised</del> of no
2	fewer $\frac{1}{1}$ than 10 condominium associations as defined in <u>s.</u>
3	718.103(11) <del>s. 718.103(2),</del> which is incorporated under the
4	laws of this state, which restricts its membership to
5	condominium associations only, and which has been organized
6	and maintained in good faith for a continuous period of 1 year
7	for purposes other than that of obtaining or providing
8	insurance.
9	Section 16. The Department of Business and
10	Professional Regulation shall prepare legislation for
11	consideration at the 2000 Regular Session of the Legislature
12	regarding master condominium associations. Such legislation
13	may address the powers and duties of a master condominium
14	association; requirements regarding association meetings,
15	membership, voting, records, elections, documents, merger,
16	assessments, financial reporting, budget, and turnover; basic
17	rights and obligations of members and affected persons;
18	definitions; powers and duties as well as regulatory and
19	rulemaking responsibilities of the department; and such other
20	matters as the department deems necessary to address master
21	condominium association concerns. Such draft legislation
22	shall be presented to the President of the Senate and the
23	Speaker of the House of Representatives on or before November
24	<u>15, 1999.</u>
25	Section 17. This act shall take effect July 1, 1999.
26	
27	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN
28	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR <u>SB 2274</u>
29	
30	Deletes all provisions relating to master associations.
31	
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