By the Committee on Education and Senator Sullivan

304-2129A-99

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to public schools; amending s. 231.085, F.S.; specifying principals' responsibility for assessing performance of school personnel and implementing the Sunshine State Standards; requiring school principals to prepare individualized professional development programs for instructional personnel; requiring a review of student progress as a basis for the design and evaluation of the programs; requiring a performance evaluation to include consideration of the quality of professional development activities; authorizing rules; creating a program to increase student achievement in certain schools; providing legislative intent; providing for the selection of eligible schools; requiring school districts to provide certain assistance to the schools; requiring a professional development program; requiring a needs analysis based upon student achievement; requiring certain components; requiring a plan to increase the number of master teachers at certain schools; encouraging certain services; requiring an evaluation; providing criteria; providing certain responsibilities of the Education Standards Commission and the Office of Program Policy and Government Accountability; requiring a report; authorizing bonuses for certain principals and teachers; authorizing rules; requiring that contracts with teachers contain certain

1 provisions relating to content area of advanced degrees; amending s. 236.08106, F.S.; 2 3 authorizing bonuses for certain principals and teachers; providing for the distribution of 4 5 Excellent Teaching Program Funds; deleting 6 certain district incentives; providing an 7 effective date. 8 9 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 10 11 Section 1. Section 231.085, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 12 231.085 Duties of principals. -- A district school board 13 14 shall employ, through written contract, public school 15 principals who shall supervise the operation and management of the schools and property as the board determines necessary. 16 17 (1) Each principal is responsible for the performance of all personnel employed by the school board and assigned to 18 19 the school to which the principal is assigned. The principal 20 shall faithfully and effectively apply the personnel-assessment system approved by the school board 21 pursuant to s. 231.29. Each principal shall base the 22 evaluation on reports of the progress of students in content 23 24 areas for which the teacher is responsible and may use 25 additional criteria as provided by rules or policies of the school district. Based upon this review, each principal shall 26 27 submit to the school board and the teacher an individualized professional development plan for each teacher. The report to 28 29 the district may be in the form of a summary of the required components and an estimate of the number of teachers who 30 31 require them. The principal shall certify that at least 50

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percent of any professional development program prescribed in the plan is based on the subject area content for which the teacher is responsible.

- (2) Each principal shall perform such duties as may be assigned by the superintendent pursuant to the rules of the school board. Such rules shall include, but not be limited to, rules relating to administrative responsibility, instructional leadership in implementing the Sunshine State Standards and of the overall educational program of the school to which the principal is assigned, submission of personnel recommendations to the superintendent, administrative responsibility for records and reports, administration of corporal punishment, and student suspension. Each principal shall provide leadership in the development or revision and implementation of a school improvement plan pursuant to s. 230.23(16).
- evaluates the performance of a principal pursuant to s.

 231.29, he or she shall consider the quality of the

 principal's efforts to upgrade the competency of the teachers

 at the school. A principal whose efforts are exemplary is

 eligible for a bonus as provided in s. 236.08106 and the

 annual Appropriations Act. Exemplary effort must be

 demonstrated by reports of student progress as well as by

 documentation of teachers' successful involvement in

 individualized professional development activities.
- (4) The Commissioner of Education shall adopt rules to assure that the conditions under which principals are eligible for bonuses for exemplary performance are meaningful and consistent statewide. The rules may categorize schools and identify the level of student progress and of staff

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participation in prescribed professional development activities that constitutes exemplary performance by the principal of each category of school.

Section 2. <u>Incentives for improvement of student</u> achievement in selected schools.--

- (1) The Legislature finds that some schools have a particularly acute need for teachers with excellent qualifications and motivations. Those schools have a large proportion of students whose performance is beneath the level expected for their age and grade or have a large proportion of students from families with economic disadvantages. Therefore, the Legislature intends to:
- (a) Provide rewards and incentives to principals and teachers who improve schools by improving student learning;
- (b) Focus those rewards upon schools that can most benefit from improvements in teaching and learning; and
- (c) Improve the preparation of all teachers through a concentration on subject matter content in professional development programs.
- that have acute need, using criteria that must include the socioeconomic status of students at the schools and the average scores on statewide student assessment instruments. The commissioner may also include criteria such as the number of students who are enrolled at the school for less than a full school year, the number whose native language is not English, the number of incidents of disruptive behavior at the school, or any other measure that the commissioner identifies as likely to make teaching and learning more difficult than it would be if the school did not possess that characteristic. The commissioner is not required to select only the schools

identified as critically low performing schools, but is encouraged to select as many schools for which an intensive effort in improvement is possible given the funds appropriated in any year.

- (3) Each school district that contains a school selected by the commissioner pursuant to subsection (2) shall provide the principal of the school with additional staff positions to enable the teachers to participate in the professional development activities required by this section. The Department of Education shall quantify the number of additional staff required for each school selected by the commissioner, based upon the size of the school and the requirements of the professional development program.
- (4) The statewide network of professional development academies shall develop an intensive professional development program for the principals and teachers of the schools.
- (a) The program may include components of programs already in place in the school district, but it must also include components designed to meet the particular needs of instructional staff at the school. The needs must be identified using data on student performance in each teacher's classroom.
- (b) These components must be content-based and must focus on methods that have proved successful in improving student performance in a particular content area.
- (c) The professional development program must provide classroom support for each participating teacher or principal for at least 1 year after the formal participation is completed.
- 30 (5) The school district shall develop a plan to
 31 encourage teachers with demonstrated success in improving

student performance to remain at or transfer to schools
selected as provided in subsection (2).

- (a) If a teacher whose mastery has been formally recognized by the designation of Teacher of the Year at the district or state level, or who is certified by the National Board of Professional Teaching Standards, requests assignment to a school identified as provided in subsection (2), the school board and the principal shall make every practical effort to grant the request. Such a teacher is eligible for a bonus as provided in subsection (10) if he or she is assigned to a selected school.
- (b) The Department of Education may authorize additional criteria to identify teachers who are not eligible according to paragraph (a), but who may otherwise demonstrate mastery. Teachers identified under this paragraph may transfer to a school selected pursuant to subsection (2) or they may be teaching already at such a school and become eligible for bonuses.
- (6) The school district is encouraged to provide additional components of a comprehensive program of school improvement at schools selected pursuant to subsection (2). Those components may include visiting students' homes, assisting parents to oversee homework, creating tutorial programs, providing after-school programs, pairing of teachers with experience and mastery with other teachers for planning periods and mentoring, and lowering the ratio of students to teachers in classes that are difficult for students as revealed by performance data.
- (7) Each school selected as provided in subsection (2) must be evaluated annually according to a process to be planned and overseen by the Education Standards Commission and

the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government
Accountability. The evaluation must include an assessment of
student progress as measured by any combination of the
following criteria identified by the commission, depending
upon the grade levels of children at the school: student
assessment instruments, grades, number of absences or times
tardy, progression from grade to grade, number of students
over age for grade, discipline data, levels of courses taken,
standard diplomas granted, rate of enrollment in postsecondary
education, passing rate on the college entry level placement
test, and postsecondary education or employment levels
following high school graduation.

- (8) Annually the Department of Education shall report to the Legislature on the activities conducted as a result of appropriations to implement this section.
- (a) The report must list the schools identified pursuant to subsection (2), the number of teacher transfers effected by district and school, any increases or decreases in the number of master teachers at the school and how that status was determined, the number and types of professional development activities provided and their attendance rates, any class size increases or reductions, and any gains or losses in student performance during the year.
- (b) The department may also report on changes in other measures used in identifying schools for the program. The Legislature encourages the department to assess and report the effect of the program on a school's environment, such as the perceptions of the school's success by students, school personnel, and parents.
- (9) A principal of a school selected pursuant to paragraph (2) is eligible for a bonus as provided in sections

231.085 and 236.08106, Florida Statutes, if the performance of students at the school improves sufficiently after the professional development program has been in effect for 1 year or more.

- (10) A teacher at a school selected pursuant to subsection (2) is eligible for a bonus as provided in section 236.08106, Florida Statutes, if:
- (a) The teacher has achieved mastery as identified by a formal procedure such as the designation of Teacher of the Year at the district or state level or is certified by the National Board of Professional Teaching Standards. The bonus must be in addition to that provided because of the NBPTS certification and because of acting as a mentor teacher.
- (b) The teacher is recommended by the principal and demonstrates mastery by improvements in the achievement of students in his or her classes, as identified by rules adopted by the Commissioner of Education.
- (11) The Commissioner of Education shall adopt rules to define conditions under which a teacher or principal is eligible for a bonus as authorized by this section. The rules may define completion of a prescribed professional development program and provide a formula by which student progress may be measured and used to affirm that the teacher has demonstrated mastery. The rules must specify in full the criteria that constitute sufficient improvement in student performance to warrant the bonuses authorized by this section and sections 231.085 and 236.08106, Florida Statutes.

Section 3. Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) of section 230.23, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

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- 230.23 Powers and duties of school board.--The school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all powers and perform all duties listed below:
- (5) PERSONNEL.--Designate positions to be filled, prescribe qualifications for those positions, and provide for the appointment, compensation, promotion, suspension, and dismissal of employees as follows, subject to the requirements of chapter 231:
- (c) Compensation and salary schedules. -- Adopt a salary schedule or salary schedules to be used as a basis for paying all school employees, such schedules to be arranged, insofar as practicable, so as to furnish incentive for improvement in training and for continued and efficient service and fix and authorize the compensation of school employees on the basis of such schedules. A district school board, in determining the salary schedule for instructional personnel, must base a portion of each employee's compensation on performance demonstrated under s. 231.29 and must consider the prior teaching experience of a person who has been designated state teacher of the year by any state in the United States. In developing the salary schedule, the school board shall seek input from parents, teachers, and representatives of the business community. By June 30, 2002, the salary schedule adopted by the school board must base at least 5 percent of the salary of school administrators and instructional personnel on annual performance measured under s. 231.29. The district's performance-pay policy is subject to negotiation as provided in chapter 447; however, the adopted salary schedule must allow employees who demonstrate outstanding performance to earn 5 percent of their individual salary. The Commissioner of Education shall determine whether the board's adopted

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salary schedule complies with the requirement for performance-based pay. If the board fails to comply by June 30, 2002, the commissioner shall withhold disbursements from the Education Enhancement Trust Fund to the district until compliance is verified. The Legislature intends that school districts provide fiduciary rewards to teachers who pursue graduate-level education and earn masters or doctorate degrees related to a content area for which they are responsible. Therefore, by June 30, 2002, each school district shall renegotiate any standard contracts with teachers so that its reward to a teacher who obtains an advanced degree will apply only to a degree that relates to a content area for which the teacher is responsible. The renegotiation process must not affect teachers who have benefitted from degrees earned June 30, 2002, or before. The school district must identify the advanced degrees that relate to each content area for which a teacher may be certified.

Section 4. Section 236.08106, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

236.08106 Excellent Teaching Program. --

- (1) The Legislature recognizes that teachers play a critical role in preparing students to achieve the high levels of academic performance expected by the Sunshine State Standards. The Legislature further recognizes the importance of identifying and rewarding teaching excellence and of encouraging good teachers to become excellent teachers.
- (a) The Legislature finds that the National Board of Professional Teaching Standards (NBPTS) has established high and rigorous standards for accomplished teaching and has developed a national voluntary system for assessing and

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certifying teachers who demonstrate teaching excellence by meeting those standards.

- (b) The Legislature further finds that principals and teachers meet high and rigorous standards when their schools and students make significant improvements in achievement as measured pursuant to s. 231.085 and section 2 of this act.
- (c) It is therefore the Legislature's intent to provide incentives for teachers to seek NBPTS certification and to reward teachers who demonstrate teaching excellence by attaining NBPTS certification or by achieving and maintaining the standards provided in sections 1 and 2 of this act. These incentives should continue for teachers who achieve excellence and share sharing their expertise with other teachers.
- The Excellent Teaching Program is created to provide categorical funding for monetary incentives and bonuses for teaching excellence. The Department of Education shall allocate and distribute to each school district or to the NBPTS an amount as prescribed annually by the Legislature for the Excellent Teaching Program. Unless otherwise provided in the General Appropriations Act, each distribution school district's annual allocation shall be the sum of the amounts earned for the following incentives and bonuses:
- (a) A fee subsidy to be paid by the Department of Education school district to the NBPTS on behalf of each individual who is an employee of a the district school board or a public school within the that school district, who is certified by the district to have demonstrated satisfactory teaching performance pursuant to s. 231.29 and who satisfies the prerequisites for participating in the NBPTS certification program, and who agrees, in writing, to pay 10 percent of the 31 | NBPTS participation fee and to participate in the NBPTS

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 certification program during the school year for which the fee subsidy is provided. The fee subsidy for each eligible participant shall be an amount equal to 90 percent of the fee charged for participating in the NBPTS certification program, but not more than \$1,800 per eligible participant. The fee subsidy is a one-time award and may not be duplicated for any individual.

- (b) A portfolio-preparation incentive of \$150 paid by the Department of Education to for each teacher employed by a the district school board or a public school within a school the district who is participating in the NBPTS certification program. The portfolio-preparation incentive is a one-time award paid during the school year for which the NBPTS fee subsidy is provided.
- (c) An annual bonus equal to 10 percent of the prior fiscal year's statewide average salary for classroom teachers to be distributed to the school district to be paid to each individual who holds NBPTS certification and is employed by the district school board or by a public school within the that school district that holds NBPTS certification or meets the criteria for a bonus pursuant to s. 231.085(3) or section 2 of this act. The district school board shall distribute the annual bonus to each individual who meets the requirements of this paragraph and who is certified annually by the district to have demonstrated satisfactory teaching performance pursuant to s. 231.29 and s. 231.085. The annual bonus may be paid as a single payment or divided into not more than three payments.
- (d) An annual bonus equal to 10 percent of the prior fiscal year's statewide average salary for classroom teachers to be distributed to the school district to be paid to each

individual who meets the requirements of paragraph (c) and agrees, in writing, to provide the equivalent of 12 workdays of mentoring and related services to public school teachers within the district who do not hold NBPTS certification and who have not demonstrated excellence as provided in s. 231.085 and section 2 of this act. The district school board shall distribute the annual bonus in a single payment following the completion of all required mentoring and related services for the year. It is not the intent of the Legislature to remove excellent teachers from their assigned classrooms; therefore, credit may not be granted by a school district or public school for mentoring or related services provided during the regular school day or during the 196 days of required service for the school year.

(e) The district shall receive an amount equal to 50 percent of the teacher bonuses provided under paragraphs (c) and (d), which shall be used by the district for professional development of teachers. The district must give priority to using all funds received pursuant to this paragraph for professional development of teachers employed at schools identified as performing at critically low levels.

A teacher for whom the state pays the certification fee and who does not complete the certification program or does not teach in a public school of this state for a least 1 year after completing the certification program must repay the amount of the certification fee to the state. However, a teacher who completes the certification program but fails to be awarded NBPTS certification is not required to repay the amount of the certification fee if the teacher meets the 1-year teaching requirement. Repayment is not required of a

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teacher who does not complete the certification program or fails to fulfill the teaching requirement because of the teacher's death or disability or because of other extenuating circumstances as determined by the State Board of Education.

(3)(a) In addition to any other remedy available under the law, any person who is a recipient of a certification fee subsidy paid to the NBPTS and who is an employee of the state or any of its political subdivisions is considered to have consented, as a condition of employment, to the voluntary or involuntary withholding of wages to repay to the state the amount of such a certification fee subsidy awarded under this section. Any such employee who defaults on the repayment of such a certification fee subsidy must, within 60 days after service of a notice of default by the Department of Education to the employee, establish a repayment schedule, which must be agreed to by the department and the employee, for repaying the defaulted sum through payroll deductions. The department may not require the employee to pay more than 10 percent of the employee's pay per pay period under such a repayment schedule or plan. If the employee fails to establish a repayment schedule within the specified period of time or fails to meet the terms and conditions of the agreed-upon or approved repayment schedule as authorized by this subsection, the employee has breached an essential condition of employment and is considered to have consented to the involuntary withholding of wages or salary for the repayment of the certification fee subsidy.

(b) A person who is employed by the state or any of its political subdivisions may not be dismissed for having defaulted on the repayment of the certification fee subsidy to the state.

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                           (4) The State Board of Education may adopt rules as
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          necessary to implement the provisions for payment of the fee
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           subsidies, incentives, and bonuses and for the repayment of
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           defaulted certification fee subsidies under this section.
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                             Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 1999.
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                                STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
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                                                                                    SB 2370
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          The Committee Substitute:
         Incorporates into s. 231.085, F.S., the requirements for principals in section 1 of the bill, and also incorporates changes made to that section by the Florida Senate on April 16, 1999, in CS/SB 1646 and in the amendment to CS/HB 751. These include requiring principals to apply the personnel system approved by the school board and to abide by the rules for instructional leadership in implementing the Sunshine
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          State Standards.
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         Incorporates into s. 230.23, F.S., the requirements for renegotiation of teachers' contracts to require compensated graduate-level work to be content-based, and also incorporates changes made to that section by the Florida Senate on April 16, 1999, in CS/SB 1646 and in the amendment to CS/HB 751.
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         These changes include requiring school boards to comply with the required performance-based pay or risk losing their lottery funds. The date by which renegotiation is required is June 30, 2002, which is the same date school boards must
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          comply with performance-based salary schedules.
         Amends s. 236.08106, F.S., to incorporate changes made to this section in CS/SB 1646 and the amendment to CS/HB 751. These changes include deleting the incentives for school districts to encourage teachers to apply for national-board certification and authorizing the Department of Education to employ standard enforcement measures for teachers who default on funds they are required to pay back if they fail to meet their agreement in regard to payment of application fees for national-board certification
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