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A bill to be entitled An act relating to telecommunications companies; amending s. 364.0251, F.S.; providing for the commission to require local exchange companies to provide competitive provider information in bill inserts; creating s. 364.151, F.S.; providing standards for the interconnection of telecommunications companies; providing for obligations of local exchange companies; providing for negotiation and arbitration of agreements; creating s. 364.152, F.S.; providing procedures for negotiation, arbitration, and approval of agreements among companies; requiring approval by the commission; amending s. 364.16, F.S.; deleting local interconnection requirements; providing for access to local telephone numbering resources; amending s. 364.161, F.S.; revising requirements for unbundling and resale; amending s. 364.162, F.S.; revising requirements for interconnection and resale pricing; amending s. 364.285, F.S.; increasing administrative penalties; providing for damage suits and alternative penalties; amending s. 364.30, F.S.; directing the commission to resolve routing disputes; amending s. 364.3382, F.S.; providing for monthly bill inserts of pricing options; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 364.0251, Florida Statues, is amended to read:

364.0251 Competitive providers of local service; implementation of consumer information program required.--By January 1, 1996, the commission shall implement a consumer information program to inform subscribers of the existence
possibility under the law of competitive providers of local exchange telecommunications services, their rights as customers of these alternative providers, the commission's regulatory authority over the alternative providers, and any other information the commission deems appropriate. The commission shall may, pursuant to this program, require all companies providing local exchange telecommunications services to provide such information in the form of a bill insert.

Section 2. Section 364.151, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 364.151 Interconnection; negotiation and arbitration of agreements.--
- (1) GENERAL DUTY OF TELECOMMUNICATIONS CARRIERS.--Each telecommunications company shall interconnect directly or indirectly with the facilities and equipment of other telecommunications companies and may not install network features, functions, or capabilities that do not comply with the guidelines and standards established under commission rule.
- (2) OBLIGATIONS OF ALL LOCAL EXCHANGE COMPANIES.--Each local exchange company shall:
- (a) Not prohibit and not impose unreasonable or discriminatory conditions or limitations on the resale of its telecommunications services.

| (b) Provide, to the extent technically feasible, |
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| number portability in accordance with requirements prescribed |
| by the commission. |
| (c) Provide dialing parity to competing providers of |
| telephone exchange service and telephone toll service, and |
| permit all such providers to have nondiscriminatory access to |

(d) Afford access to the poles, ducts, conduits, and rights-of-way of the company to competing providers of telecommunications services under nondiscriminatory rates, terms, and conditions.

telephone numbers, operator services, directory assistance,

and directory listing, with no unreasonable dialing delays.

- (e) Establish reciprocal compensation arrangements for the transport and termination of telecommunications.
- (3) ADDITIONAL OBLIGATIONS OF LOCAL EXCHANGE

 TELECOMMUNICATIONS COMPANIES.--Each incumbent local exchange telecommunications company shall:
- (a) Negotiate in good faith the particular terms and conditions of agreements to fulfill the duties described in this section and s. 364.152. The requesting telecommunications company also has the duty to negotiate in good faith the terms and conditions of such agreements.
- (b) Provide, for the facilities and equipment of any requesting telecommunications company, interconnection with the local exchange company's network:
- 1. For the transmission and routing of telephone, exchange service, and exchange access;
- 2. At any technically feasible point within the company's network;
- 30 3. That is at least equal in quality to that provided by the local exchange company to itself or to any subsidiary,

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affiliate, or any other party to which the company provides interconnection; and

- 4. On rates, terms, and conditions that are just, reasonable, and nondiscriminatory, in accordance with the terms and conditions of the agreement and the requirements of this section and s. 364.152.
- (c) Provide, to any requesting telecommunications carrier for the provision of a telecommunications service, nondiscriminatory access to network elements on an unbundled basis at any technically feasible point on rates, terms, and conditions that are just, reasonable, and nondiscriminatory in accordance with the terms and conditions of the agreement and the requirements of this section and s. 364.152. An incumbent local exchange telecommunications company shall provide unbundled network elements in a manner that allows requesting companies to combine the elements in order to provide the telecommunications service. An incumbent local exchange carrier shall provide to any requesting telecommunications carrier the combination of network elements requested. The request must be honored whether it is a different service or whether it duplicates a service currently provided by the incumbent local exchange carrier.
- (d) Offer for resale at wholesale rates any telecommunications service that the company provides at retail to subscribers who are not telecommunications companies, but may not prohibit, nor impose unreasonable or discriminatory conditions or limitations on the resale of the telecommunications service, except that the commission may, consistent with rules adopted by the commission under this section, prohibit a reseller that obtains at wholesale rates a telecommunications service that is available at retail only to

<u>a category of subscribers from offering the service to a</u> different category of subscribers.

- (e) Provide reasonable public notice of changes in the information necessary for the transmission and routing of services using that local exchange company's facilities or networks, as well as of any other changes that would affect the interoperability of those facilities and networks.
- (f) Provide, on rates, terms, and conditions that are just, reasonable, and nondiscriminatory, for physical collocation of switching and other equipment necessary for the provision of telecommunication services at the premises of the local exchange carrier, except that the carrier may provide for virtual collocation if the local exchange carrier demonstrates to the commission that physical collocation is not practical for technical reasons or because of space limitations.
- (g) Provide to any requesting telecommunications
 carrier access and use in a nondiscriminatory manner, and
 identical to that which the incumbent local exchange carrier
 uses, the following five functions of operational support
 systems: preordering, ordering, provisioning, billing, and
 maintenance and repair. The incumbent local exchange carrier
 shall provide access and use to the databases associated with
 each of the identified functions.

An incumbent local exchange carrier is prohibited from selling an unbundled loop to any requesting telecommunications carrier at cost or at a rate greater than the retail price provided for the least expensive basic telephone service.

(4) IMPLEMENTATION.--The commission shall complete all actions necessary to establish rules to implement the

requirements of this section. In determining what network elements should be made available, the commission shall consider, at a minimum, whether access to the network elements that are proprietary in nature is necessary and whether the failure to provide access to those network elements would impair the ability of the telecommunications carrier seeking access to provide the services that it seeks to offer.

- (5) NUMBERING ADMINISTRATION. -- The commission shall create or designate one or more impartial entities to administer telecommunications numbering and to make the numbers available on an equitable basis. The cost of establishing telecommunications numbering administration arrangements and number portability shall be borne by all telecommunications carriers on a competitively neutral basis as determined by the commission.
 - (6) EXEMPTIONS, SUSPENSIONS, AND MODIFICATIONS.--
- (a)1. Subsection (3) does not apply to a rural telephone company until the company has received a bona fide request for interconnection, services, or network elements and the commission determines that the request is not unduly economically burdensome, is technically feasible, and is consistent with this chapter.
- 2. The party making a bona fide request of a rural telephone company for interconnection, services, or network elements shall submit a notice of its request to the commission. The commission shall conduct an inquiry for the purpose of determining whether to terminate the exemption under subparagraph 1. Within 120 days after the state commission receives notice of the request, the commission shall terminate the exemption if the request is not unduly economically burdensome, is technically feasible, and is

consistent with this chapter. Upon termination of the exemption, the commission shall establish an implementation schedule for compliance with the request that is consistent in time and manner with commission rules.

- 3. The exemption provided by this paragraph does not apply with respect to a request under subsection (3) from a cable operator providing video programming, and seeking to provide any telecommunications service, in the area in which the rural telephone company provides video programming. The limitation contained in this subparagraph does not apply to a rural telephone company that is providing video programming on October 1, 1999.
- (b) A local exchange carrier with fewer than 2 percent of the state's subscriber lines may petition the commission for a suspension or modification of the application of a requirement or requirements of subsection (2) or (3) to telephone exchange service facilities specified in the petition. The commission shall grant the petition to the extent that, and for such duration as, the commission determines that the suspension or modification:
 - 1. Is necessary to avoid:
- <u>a. A significant adverse economic impact on users of</u> telecommunications services generally;
- b. Imposing a requirement that is unduly economically burdensome; or
- c. Imposing a requirement that is technically infeasible; and
- 2. Is consistent with the public interest, convenience, and necessity.

The commission shall act upon any petition filed under this paragraph within 180 days after receiving the petition. 2 3 Pending action, the commission may suspend enforcement of the requirement or requirements to which the petition applies with 4 5 respect to the petitioning carrier or carriers. 6 (7) CONTINUED ENFORCEMENT OF EXCHANGE ACCESS AND 7 INTERCONNECTION REQUIREMENTS. -- On and after October 1, 1999, 8 each local exchange carrier, to the extent that it provides wireline services, shall provide exchange access, information 9 10 access, and exchange services for access to interexchange 11 carriers and information service providers in accordance with the same equal access and nondiscriminatory interconnection 12 restrictions and obligations, including receipt of 13 compensation, that apply to the carrier on the date 14 immediately preceding October 1, 1999, under any court order, 15 consent decree, or regulation, order, or policy of the 16 17 commission, until the restrictions and obligations are explicitly superseded by rules adopted by the commission after 18 19 October 1, 1999. During the period beginning October 1, 1999, 20 and until such restrictions and obligations are so superseded, 21 the restrictions and obligations are enforceable in the same manner as rules of the commission. 22 Section 3. Section 364.152, Florida Statutes, is 23 24 created to read: 25 364.152 Procedure for negotiation, arbitration, and 26 approval of agreements. --2.7 (1) AGREEMENTS ARRIVED AT THROUGH NEGOTIATION. --28 (a) Upon receiving a request for interconnection, services, or network elements under s. 364.151, an incumbent 29 30 local exchange telecommunications company may negotiate and 31 enter into a binding agreement with the requesting

telecommunications carrier or carriers without regard to the standards set forth in s. 364.151(2) and (3). The agreement must include a detailed schedule of itemized charges for interconnection and each service or network element included in the agreement.

- (b) Any party negotiating an agreement under this section may at any point in the negotiation ask the commission to participate in the negotiation and to mediate any differences arising in the course of the negotiation.
- (2) AGREEMENTS ARRIVED AT THROUGH COMPULSORY ARBITRATION.--
- (inclusive) after the date on which an incumbent local exchange carrier receives a request for negotiation under this section, the carrier or any other party to the negotiation may petition the commission to arbitrate any open issues.
- (b)1. A party that petitions the commission under paragraph (a) shall, at the same time as it submits the petition, provide the commission all relevant documentation concerning the unresolved issues, the position of each of the parties with respect to those issues, and any other issue discussed and resolved by the parties.
- 2. A party that petitions the commission under paragraph (a) shall provide a copy of the petition and any documentation to the other party or parties not later than the day on which the commission receives the petition.
- (c) A nonpetitioning party to a negotiation under this section may respond to the other party's petition and provide additional information as it wishes within 25 days after the commission receives the petition.

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The commission shall limit its consideration of any petition under paragraph (a) and any response thereto to the issues set forth in the petition and in the response, if any, filed under paragraph (c). The commission may require the petitioning party and the responding party to provide information as may be necessary for the commission to reach a decision on the unresolved issues. If any party refuses or fails unreasonably to respond on a timely basis to any reasonable request from the commission, then the commission may proceed on the basis of the best information available to it from whatever source derived. The commission shall resolve each issue set forth in the petition and the response, if any, by imposing appropriate conditions as required to implement subsection (3) upon the parties to the agreement, and shall conclude the resolution of any unresolved issues not later than 9 months after the date on which the local exchange telecommunications company received the request under this section.

- (e) The refusal of any other party to the negotiation to participate further in the negotiations, to cooperate with the commission in carrying out its function as an arbitrator, or to continue to negotiate in good faith in the presence, or with the assistance, of the commission is considered a failure to negotiate in good faith.
- (3) STANDARDS FOR ARBITRATION.--In resolving by arbitration under subsection (2) any open issues and imposing conditions upon the parties to the agreement, the commission shall:
- (a) Ensure that the resolution and conditions meet the requirements of s. 364.151, including the rules prescribed by the commission under that section;

- (b) Establish any rates for interconnection, services, or network elements according to subsection (4); and
- (c) Provide a schedule for implementation of the terms and conditions by the parties to the agreement.
 - (4) PRICING STANDARDS.--
- (a) Determinations by the commission of the just and reasonable rate for the interconnection of facilities and equipment for purposes of s. 364.151(3)(b), and the just and reasonable rate for network elements for purposes of s. 364.151(3)(c) shall be based on the cost, determined without reference to a rate-of-return or other rate-based proceeding, of providing the interconnection or network element, whichever is applicable, and nondiscriminatory, and may include a reasonable profit.
- (b) For the purposes of compliance by an incumbent local exchange carrier with s. 364.151(2)(e), the commission shall not consider the terms and conditions for reciprocal compensation to be just and reasonable unless the terms and conditions provide for the mutual and reciprocal recovery by each company of costs associated with the transport and termination on each company's network facilities of calls that originate on the network facilities of the other company and the terms and conditions determine those costs on the basis of a reasonable approximation of the additional costs of terminating the calls.
- (c) This subsection may not be construed to preclude arrangements that afford the mutual recovery of costs through the offsetting of reciprocal obligations, including arrangements that waive mutual recovery, such as bill-and-keep arrangements, or to authorize the commission to engage in any rate regulation proceeding to establish with particularity the

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additional costs of transporting or terminating calls, or to require carriers to maintain records with respect to the additional costs of the calls.

- (d) For the purposes of s. 364.151(3)(d), the commission shall determine wholesale rates on the basis of retail rates charged to subscribers for the telecommunications service requested, excluding the portion thereof attributable to any marketing, billing, collection, and other costs that will be avoided by the local exchange carrier.
 - (5) APPROVAL BY THE COMMISSION. --
- (a) Any interconnection agreement adopted by negotiation or arbitration shall be submitted for approval to the commission. The commission shall approve or reject the agreement with written findings as to any deficiencies.
 - The commission may only reject: (b)
- An agreement, or any portion thereof, adopted by negotiation under subsection (1) if it finds that:
- The agreement, or portion thereof, discriminates against a telecommunications carrier not a party to the agreement; or
- The implementation of such agreement or portion is not consistent with the public interest, convenience, and necessity; or
- 2. An agreement, or any portion thereof, adopted by arbitration under subsection (2) if it finds that the agreement does not meet the requirements of s. 364.151 including the rules adopted by the commission under s. 364.151 and this section or the standards set forth in subsection (4).
- This section does not prohibit the commission from establishing or enforcing other requirements of law in its review of an agreement, including requiring compliance with 31

intrastate telecommunications service quality standards or requirements.

- (d) If the commission does not act to approve or reject the agreement within 90 days after submission by the parties of an agreement adopted by negotiation under subsection (1), or within 30 days after submission by the parties of an agreement adopted by arbitration under subsection (2), the agreement is approved. The circuit court has jurisdiction to review the action of the commission in approving or rejecting an agreement under this section.
- of each agreement available for public inspection and copying within 10 days after the agreement or statement is approved.

 The commission may charge a reasonable and nondiscriminatory fee to the parties to the agreement or to the party filing the statement to cover the costs of approving and filing the agreement or statement.
- (7) AVAILABILITY TO OTHER TELECOMMUNICATIONS

 CARRIERS.--A local exchange carrier shall make available any interconnection, service, or network element provided under an agreement approved under this section to which it is a party to any other requesting telecommunications carrier upon the same terms and conditions as those provided in the agreement.

Section 4. Section 364.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 364.16 Connection of lines and transfers; local interconnection; telephone number portability.--
- (1) Whenever the commission finds that connections between any two or more local exchange telecommunications companies, whose lines form a continuous line of communication or could be made to do so by the construction and maintenance

of suitable connections at common points, can reasonably be made and efficient service obtained, and that such connections are necessary, the commission may require such connections to be made, may require that telecommunications services be transferred, and may prescribe through lines and joint rates and charges to be made, used, observed, and in force in the future and fix the rates and charges by order to be served upon the company or companies affected.

company shall provide access to, and interconnection with, its telecommunications services to any other provider of local exchange telecommunications services requesting such access and interconnection at nondiscriminatory prices, terms, and conditions. If the parties are unable to negotiate mutually acceptable prices, terms, and conditions after 60 days, either party may petition the commission and the commission shall have 120 days to make a determination after proceeding as required by s. 364.162(6) pertaining to interconnection services.

(3) Each local exchange telecommunications company shall provide access to, and interconnection with, its telecommunications facilities to any other provider of local exchange telecommunications services requesting such access and interconnection at nondiscriminatory prices, rates, terms, and conditions established by the procedures set forth in s. 364.162.

(2)(a) No local exchange telecommunications company or alternative local exchange telecommunications company shall knowingly deliver traffic, for which terminating access service charges would otherwise apply, through a local

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interconnection arrangement without paying the appropriate charges for such terminating access service.

(b) Any party with a substantial interest may petition the commission for an investigation of any suspected violation of paragraph (a). In the event any certificated local exchange service provider knowingly violates paragraph (a), the commission shall have jurisdiction to arbitrate bona fide complaints arising from the requirements of this subsection and shall, upon such complaint, have access to all relevant customer records and accounts of any telecommunications company.

(3) $\frac{(4)}{(4)}$ In order to assure that consumers have access to different local exchange service providers without being disadvantaged, deterred, or inconvenienced by having to give up the consumer's existing local telephone number, all providers of local exchange services must have access to local telephone numbering resources and assignments on identical equitable terms that include a recognition of the scarcity of such resources and are in accordance with national assignment guidelines. Each local exchange provider, except small local exchange telecommunications companies under rate of return regulation, shall provide a temporary means of achieving telephone number portability. The parties, under the direction of the commission, shall set up a number portability standards group by no later than September 1, 1995, for the purposes of investigation and development of appropriate parameters, costs, and standards for number portability. If the parties are unable to successfully negotiate the prices, terms, and conditions of a temporary number portability solution, the commission shall establish a temporary number portability solution by no later than January 1, 1996. Each local

exchange service provider shall make necessary modifications to allow permanent portability of local telephone numbers between certificated providers of local exchange service as soon as reasonably possible after the development of national standards. The parties shall negotiate the prices, terms, and conditions for permanent telephone number portability arrangements. In the event the parties are unable to satisfactorily negotiate the prices, terms, and conditions, either party may petition the commission and the commission shall, after opportunity for a hearing, set the rates, terms, and conditions. The prices and rates shall not be below cost. Number portability between different certificated providers of local exchange service at the same location shall be provided temporarily no later than January 1, 1996.

(5) When requested, each certificated telecommunications company shall provide access to any poles, conduits, rights-of-way, and like facilities that it owns or controls to any local exchange telecommunications company or alternative local exchange telecommunications company pursuant to reasonable rates and conditions mutually agreed to which do not discriminate between similarly situated companies.

Section 5. Section 364.161, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

364.161 Unbundling and resale.--

(1) Upon request, each local exchange telecommunications company shall unbundle all of its network features, functions, and capabilities, including access to signaling databases, systems and routing processes, and offer them to any other telecommunications provider requesting such features, functions or capabilities for resale to the extent technically and economically feasible. The parties shall

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negotiate the terms, conditions, and prices of any feasible unbundling request. If the parties cannot reach a satisfactory resolution within 60 days, either party may petition the commission to arbitrate the dispute and the commission shall make a determination within 120 days. In no event, however, shall the local exchange telecommunications company be required to offer such unbundled services, network features, functions or capabilities, or unbundled local loops at prices that are below cost. The prices, rates, terms, and conditions for the unbundled services shall be established by the procedure set forth in s. 364.162 and shall be equally applicable to both the local exchange telecommunications company and its affiliates in the provision of their own service, until such time as the local exchange telecommunications company petitions the commission and the commission determines otherwise, but in no event prior to July 1, 1999. (1) (1) (2) Other than ensuring that the resale is of the same class of service, no local exchange telecommunications company may impose any restrictions on the resale of its services or facilities except those the commission may determine are reasonable. The local exchange telecommunications company's currently tariffed, flat-rated, switched residential and business services shall not be required to be resold until the local exchange telecommunications company is permitted to provide inter-LATA services and video programming, but in no event before July 1, 1997. In no event shall the price of any service provided for resale be below cost. (2) Only after an alternative local exchange

 of last resort shall such company, upon request by another telecommunications provider, be required, for purposes of resale, to unbundle its local exchange services, network features, functions and capabilities, including its local loop, to the extent such unbundling is technically and economically feasible. The parties shall negotiate the terms, conditions, and prices of any feasible unbundling request. If the parties cannot reach a satisfactory resolution within 60 days, either party may petition the commission to arbitrate the dispute and the commission shall make a determination within 120 days. The prices shall not be below cost.

(3)(4) A local exchange telecommunications company shall provide unbundled network elements, services for resale, requested repairs, and necessary support services immediately in a timely manner. The Public Service Commission shall maintain a file of all complaints by alternative local exchange telecommunications companies against local exchange telecommunications companies regarding timeliness and adequacy of service. This information, including how and when each complaint was resolved, shall be included with the commission's annual report to the Legislature on competition.

Section 6. Section 364.162, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

364.162 Negotiated prices for interconnection and for the resale of services and facilities; commission rate setting.--

(1) Any party who, on July 1, 1995, has an application on file with the commission to become an alternative local exchange telecommunications company shall have until August 31, 1995, to negotiate with a local exchange telecommunications company mutually acceptable prices, terms,

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and conditions of interconnection and for the resale of services and facilities.

- (2) If a negotiated price is not established by August 31, 1995, either party may petition the commission to establish nondiscriminatory rates, terms, and conditions of interconnection and for the resale of services and facilities.
- (1) Whether set by negotiation or by the commission, interconnection and resale prices, rates, terms, and conditions shall be filed with the commission before their effective date. The commission shall have the authority to arbitrate any dispute regarding interpretation of interconnection or resale prices and terms and conditions.
- (3) In the event that the commission receives a single petition relating to either interconnection or resale of services and facilities, it shall vote, within 120 days following such filing, to set nondiscriminatory rates, terms, and conditions, except that the rates shall not be below cost. If the commission receives one or more petitions relating to both interconnection and resale of services and facilities, the commission shall conduct separate proceedings for each and, within 120 days following such filing, make two separate determinations setting such nondiscriminatory rates, terms, and conditions, except that the rates shall not be below cost.
- (2) (4) In setting the local interconnection charge, the commission shall determine that the charge is sufficient to cover the cost of furnishing interconnection.
- (5) The commission shall ensure that, if the rate it sets for a service or facility to be resold provides a discount below the tariff rate for such service or facility which appropriately reflects the local exchange telecommunications company's avoidance of the expense and cost

of marketing such service or facility to retail customers, such rate must not be below cost. The commission shall also assure that this rate is not set so high that it would serve as a barrier to competition.

company that did not have an application for certification on file with the commission on July 1, 1995, shall have 60 days from the date it is certificated to negotiate with a local exchange telecommunications company mutually acceptable prices, terms, and conditions of interconnection and for the resale of services and facilities. If a negotiated price is not established after 60 days, either party may petition the commission to establish nondiscriminatory rates, terms, and conditions of interconnection and for the resale of services and facilities. The commission shall have 120 days to make a determination after proceeding as required by subsection (3).

new local interconnection charge to be effective not earlier than July 1, 1999. If the parties cannot satisfactorily negotiate a new local interconnection charge, either party may petition the commission to resolve the matter. In the event any party, prior to July 1, 1999, believes that circumstances have changed substantially to warrant a different price for local interconnection, that party may petition the commission for a price change, but the commission shall grant such petition only after an opportunity for a hearing and a compelling showing of changed circumstances, including that the provider's customer population includes as many residential as business customers. The commission shall act on any such petition within 120 days.

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Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 364.285, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (3) is added to that section, to read:

364.285 Penalties.--

- (1) The commission shall have the power to impose upon any entity subject to its jurisdiction under this chapter which is found to have refused to comply with or to have willfully violated any lawful rule or order of the commission or any provision of this chapter a penalty for each offense of not more than \$100,000\$\$\frac{25,000}{25,000}\$, which penalty shall be fixed, imposed, and collected by the commission; or the commission may, for any such violation, amend, suspend, or revoke any certificate issued by it. Each day that such refusal or violation continues constitutes a separate offense. Each penalty shall be a lien upon the real and personal property of the entity, enforceable by the commission as a statutory lien under chapter 85. Collected penalties shall be deposited in the General Revenue Fund unallocated.
- otherwise precludes, any entity from bringing an action for damages against any other entity, whether arising under state or federal law. Any entity may file suit in the circuit court against any other entity for damages arising from a violation of this chapter; and, in any such suit, deference must be given to decisions of the Federal Communications Commission, the commission, and the federal courts in interpreting those obligations imposed by this chapter. Any suit for damages under this section may be combined with an enforcement proceeding brought by a nongovernmental person under s.

 120.69. When any entity has willfully refused to comply with any lawful rule or order of the commission, a nongovernmental

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entity bringing suit under s. 120.69 may also seek, and the circuit court may impose, those penalties set forth in 2 3 subsection (1) for every day of noncompliance. Fifty-percent of the amount of the penalties collected by the 4 5 nongovernmental entity shall be provided to the General 6 Revenue Fund unallocated, and the remainder may be retained by 7 the entity seeking enforcement as additional compensation. In 8 any suit to enforce compliance under s. 120.69, the court 9 shall award the enforcing party costs and reasonable 10 attorney's fees associated with any compliance ordered by the 11 court. Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 364.30, Florida 12 13 Statutes, is amended to read: 364.30 Telecommunications companies; points of 14 15

connection. --

(1) Any telecommunications company operating within the state subject to the provisions of this chapter, having more than one point of connection with or through any other telecommunications company, is hereby authorized and permitted to use and enjoy any of its points of connection on any call at any time such points of connection are not in use, and the company with which the call is initiated shall be the sole judge in each instance as to whether the convenience and necessity of its own subscribers, the facility with which the connection and call may be completed, and its financial welfare are best served by the routing selected by the company receiving any such individual call. A local exchange telecommunications company shall give consideration to an alternative local exchange company's request for routing, and any dispute shall be resolved by the commission. Any telecommunications company having two or more points of

1 connection with any other company may not be required by the 2 connecting company to route all or any specific number of its 3 calls through any one connection at the will of the connecting 4 company. 5 Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 364.3382, Florida 6 Statutes, is amended to read: 7 364.3382 Disclosure.--8 (1) A local exchange telecommunications company, when 9 a residential customer initially requests service, shall 10 advise each residential customer of the least-cost service 11 available to that customer. Monthly Annually, in the form of a bill insert, the local exchange telecommunications company 12 13 shall advise each residential customer of the price of each 14 service option selected by that customer and also the prices 15 for those or similar services provided by any alternative local exchange telecommunications companies serving that same 16 17 area. The requirement of an annual notice through a bill insert does not apply to interexchange service. 18 19 Section 10. This act shall take effect October 1, 1999. 20 21 22 23 SENATE SUMMARY Provides for the regulation of local exchange telecommunications companies. Creates new standards for interconnections and procedures for negotiation, arbitration, and approval of agreements among companies. 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31