## Bill No. <u>CS/HB 363</u>

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

	CHAMBER ACTION House
	Senate House .
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11	Senator Geller moved the following amendment:
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13	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
14	On page 2, between lines 9 and 10,
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16	insert:
17	Section 2. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 162.09,
18	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
19	162.09 Administrative fines; costs of repair; liens
20	(2)(a) A fine imposed pursuant to this section shall
21	not exceed \$250 per day for a first violation and shall not
22	exceed \$500 per day for a repeat violation, and, in addition,
23	may include all costs of repairs pursuant to subsection (1).
24	However, if a code enforcement board finds the violation to be
25	irreparable or irreversible in nature, it may impose a fine
26	not to exceed \$5,000 per violation.
27	(b) In determining the amount of the fine, if any, the
28	enforcement board shall consider the following factors:
29	1. The gravity of the violation;
30	2. Any actions taken by the violator to correct the
31	violation; and
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- 3. Any previous violations committed by the violator.
- (c) An enforcement board may reduce a fine imposed pursuant to this section.
- (d) A county or a municipality having a population equal to or greater than 50,000 may adopt, by a vote of at least a majority plus one of the entire governing body of the county or municipality, an ordinance that gives code enforcement boards or special masters, or both, authority to impose fines in excess of the limits set forth in paragraph (a). Such fines shall not exceed \$1,000 per day per violation for a first violation, \$5,000 per day per violation for a repeat violation, and up to \$15,000 per violation if the code enforcement board or special master finds the violation to be irreparable or irreversible in nature. In addition to such fines, a code enforcement board or special master may impose additional fines to cover all costs incurred by the local government in enforcing its codes and all costs of repairs pursuant to subsection (1). Any ordinance imposing such fines shall include criteria to be considered by the code enforcement board or special master in determining the amount of the fines, including, but not limited to, those factors set forth in paragraph (b).
- (3) A certified copy of an order imposing a fine may be recorded in the public records and thereafter shall constitute a lien against the land on which the violation exists and upon any other real or personal property owned by the violator. Upon petition to the circuit court, such order may be enforced in the same manner as a court judgment by the sheriffs of this state, including levy against the personal property, but such order shall not be deemed to be a court 31 | judgment except for enforcement purposes. A fine imposed

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29 30 pursuant to this part shall continue to accrue until the violator comes into compliance or until judgment is rendered in a suit to foreclose on a lien filed pursuant to this section, whichever occurs first. A lien arising from a fine imposed pursuant to this section runs in favor of the local governing body, and the local governing body may execute a satisfaction or release of lien entered pursuant to this section. After 3 months from the filing of any such lien which remains unpaid, the enforcement board may authorize the local governing body attorney to foreclose on the lien or to sue to recover a money judgment for the amount of the lien plus accrued interest. No lien created pursuant to the provisions of this part may be foreclosed on real property which is a homestead under s. 4, Art. X of the State Constitution.

Section 3. Section 162.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

162.10 Duration of lien. -- No lien provided under the Local Government Code Enforcement Boards Act shall continue for a period longer than 20 years after the certified copy of an order imposing a fine has been recorded, unless within that time an action to foreclose on the lien is commenced in a court of competent jurisdiction. In an action to foreclose on a lien or for a money judgment, the prevailing party is entitled to recover all costs, including a reasonable attorney's fee, that it incurs in the foreclosure. The local governing body shall be entitled to collect all costs incurred in recording and satisfying a valid lien. The continuation of the lien effected by the commencement of the action shall not be good against creditors or subsequent purchasers for valuable consideration without notice, unless a notice of lis 31 pendens is recorded.

Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 2 162.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 162.12 Notices.--

- (2) In addition to providing notice as set forth in subsection (1), at the option of the code enforcement board, notice may also be served by publication or posting, as follows:
- (b)1. In lieu of publication as described in paragraph (a), such notice may be posted for at least 10 days in at least two locations, one of which shall be the property upon which the violation is alleged to exist and the other of which shall be, in the case of municipalities, at the primary municipal government office, and in the case of counties, at the front door of the courthouse or the main county governmental center in the said county.
- 2. Proof of posting shall be by affidavit of the person posting the notice, which affidavit shall include a copy of the notice posted and the date and places of its posting.

Evidence that an attempt has been made to hand deliver or mail notice as provided in subsection (1), together with proof of publication or posting as provided in subsection (2), shall be sufficient to show that the notice requirements of this part have been met, without regard to whether or not the alleged violator actually received such notice.

(Redesignate subsequent sections.)

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====== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= And the title is amended as follows: On page 1, line 8, after the semicolon, insert: amending ss. 162.09, 162.10, F.S.; authorizing certain counties or municipalities to adopt ordinances granting code enforcement boards or special masters authority to impose certain fines in excess of those authorized by law; specifying limitations; providing requirements; authorizing suits to recover money judgments and costs; amending s. 162.12, F.S.; authorizing posting of notices at county governmental centers;