Florida House of Representatives - 1999

CS/HB 417

By the Committee on Real Property & Probate and Representative J. Miller

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to real estate brokers and
3	salespersons; amending s. 475.01, F.S.;
4	eliminating the definition of the term "first
5	contact"; amending s. 475.011, F.S.; providing
6	a regulatory exemption for certain financial
7	institutions in connection with certain
8	transactions; amending s. 475.181, F.S.;
9	referencing certification requirements of the
10	Florida Real Estate Commission for licensure as
11	a broker or salesperson; amending s. 475.25,
12	F.S.; providing a ground for discipline
13	relating to designation of salespersons as
14	single agents for different customers in
15	certain transactions; providing penalties;
16	conforming cross references; amending s.
17	475.272, F.S.; revising intent of the Brokerage
18	Relationship Disclosure Act to eliminate
19	required disclosure of nonrepresentation;
20	amending ss. 475.274 and 475.2755, F.S.;
21	conforming cross references; repealing s.
22	475.276, F.S., relating to notice of
23	nonrepresentation; amending s. 475.278, F.S.;
24	requiring notice relating to disclosure of
25	information prior to engaging in an authorized
26	brokerage relationship; providing applicability
27	or nonapplicability of brokerage relationship
28	disclosure requirements to various real estate
29	transactions; amending s. 475.2801, F.S.;
30	removing a cross reference, to conform;
31	amending ss. 475.482 and 475.483, F.S.;
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1 revising eligibility requirements for recovery 2 from the Real Estate Recovery Fund; amending s. 3 475.5015, F.S.; removing a cross reference, to conform; providing an effective date. 4 5 б Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 7 8 Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 475.01, Florida 9 Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 10 475.01 Definitions.--11 (1) As used in this part: 12 "Broker" means a person who, for another, and for (a) 13 a compensation or valuable consideration directly or 14 indirectly paid or promised, expressly or impliedly, or with an intent to collect or receive a compensation or valuable 15 16 consideration therefor, appraises, auctions, sells, exchanges, buys, rents, or offers, attempts or agrees to appraise, 17 auction, or negotiate the sale, exchange, purchase, or rental 18 19 of business enterprises or business opportunities or any real 20 property or any interest in or concerning the same, including mineral rights or leases, or who advertises or holds out to 21 the public by any oral or printed solicitation or 22 representation that she or he is engaged in the business of 23 appraising, auctioning, buying, selling, exchanging, leasing, 24 or renting business enterprises or business opportunities or 25 26 real property of others or interests therein, including 27 mineral rights, or who takes any part in the procuring of 28 sellers, purchasers, lessors, or lessees of business enterprises or business opportunities or the real property of 29 another, or leases, or interest therein, including mineral 30 31 rights, or who directs or assists in the procuring of

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prospects or in the negotiation or closing of any transaction 1 2 which does, or is calculated to, result in a sale, exchange, 3 or leasing thereof, and who receives, expects, or is promised any compensation or valuable consideration, directly or 4 5 indirectly therefor; and all persons who advertise rental property information or lists. A broker renders a 6 7 professional service and is a professional within the meaning 8 of s. 95.11(4)(a). Where the term "appraise" or "appraising" appears in the definition of the term "broker," it 9 specifically excludes those appraisal services which must be 10 11 performed only by a state-licensed or state-certified appraiser, and those appraisal services which may be performed 12 13 by a registered assistant appraiser as defined in part II. 14 The term "broker" also includes any person who is a general partner, officer, or director of a partnership or corporation 15 16 which acts as a broker. The term "broker" also includes any person or entity who undertakes to list or sell one or more 17 18 timeshare periods per year in one or more timeshare plans on 19 behalf of any number of persons, except as provided in ss. 20 475.011 and 721.20. 21 (b) "Broker-salesperson" means a person who is 22 qualified to be issued a license as a broker but who operates as a salesperson in the employ of another. 23 24 "Commission" means the Florida Real Estate (C) 25 Commission. "Customer" means a member of the public who is or 26 (d) 27 may be a buyer or seller of real property and may or may not 28 be represented by a real estate licensee in an authorized

29 brokerage relationship.

30 (e) "Department" means the Department of Business and 31 Professional Regulation.

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"Fiduciary" means a broker in a relationship of 1 (f) 2 trust and confidence between that broker as agent and the 3 seller or buyer as principal. The duties of the broker as a fiduciary are loyalty, confidentiality, obedience, full 4 5 disclosure, and accounting and the duty to use skill, care, and diligence. 6 7 (g) "First contact" means at the commencement of the 8 initial meeting of or communication between a licensee and a 9 seller or buyer; however, the term does not include: 10 1. A bona fide "open house" or model home showing that 11 does not involve eliciting confidential information; the 12 execution of a contractual offer or an agreement for representation; or negotiations concerning price, terms, or 13 14 conditions of a potential sale; 15 2. Unanticipated casual encounters between a licensee and a seller or buyer that do not involve eliciting 16 confidential information; the execution of a contractual offer 17 18 or an agreement for representation; or negotiations concerning 19 price, terms, or conditions of a potential sale; 20 3. Responding to general factual questions from a 21 prospective buyer or seller concerning properties that have 22 been advertised for sale; or 4. Situations in which a licensee's communications 23 with a customer are limited to providing general factual 24 25 information, oral or written, about the qualifications, background, and services of the licensee or the licensee's 26 27 brokerage firm. 28 29 In any of the situations described in subparagraphs 1.-4., "first contact" occurs when the communications between the 30 31 licensee and the prospective seller or buyer proceed in any 4

way beyond the conditions or limitations described in 1 subparagraphs 1.-4. 2 3 (g)(h) "Involuntarily inactive status" means the licensure status that results when a license is not renewed at 4 5 the end of the license period prescribed by the department. (h)(i) "Principal" means the party with whom a real 6 7 estate licensee has entered into a single agent relationship. 8 (i)(j) "Real property" or "real estate" means any 9 interest or estate in land and any interest in business enterprises or business opportunities, including any 10 assignment, leasehold, subleasehold, or mineral right; 11 however, the term does not include any cemetery lot or right 12 13 of burial in any cemetery; nor does the term include the 14 renting of a mobile home lot or recreational vehicle lot in a 15 mobile home park or travel park. 16 (j) "Salesperson" means a person who performs any act specified in the definition of "broker," but who performs 17 such act under the direction, control, or management of 18 another person. A salesperson renders a professional service 19 20 and is a professional within the meaning of s. 95.11(4)(a). 21 (k)(1) "Single agent" means a broker who represents, 22 as a fiduciary, either the buyer or seller but not both in the 23 same transaction. 24 (1)(m) "Transaction broker" means a broker who provides limited representation to a buyer, a seller, or both, 25 26 in a real estate transaction, but does not represent either in 27 a fiduciary capacity or as a single agent. 28 (m)(n) "Voluntarily inactive status" means the 29 licensure status that results when a licensee has applied to the department to be placed on inactive status and has paid 30 31 the fee prescribed by rule. 5

1 Section 2. Subsection (12) is added to section 2 475.011, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, to read: 3 475.011 Exemptions.--This part does not apply to: 4 (12) Any federally insured depository institution, and 5 any parent, subsidiary, or affiliate thereof, in connection 6 with the purchase or sale of a business enterprise, whether a 7 purchase or sale of stock or assets of the business 8 enterprise. This exemption shall not apply to the purchase or 9 sale of land, buildings, fixtures, or other improvements to the land which is not in connection with the purchase or sale 10 of a business enterprise. For purposes of this exemption, any 11 12 reference to purchase or sale shall be deemed to include a 13 lease transaction. 14 Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 475.181, Florida 15 Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 16 475.181 Licensure.--(1) The department shall license any applicant whom 17 the commission certifies, pursuant to subsection (2), to be 18 19 qualified to practice as a broker or salesperson. 20 (2) The commission shall certify for licensure any 21 applicant who satisfies the requirements of ss. 475.17, 475.175, and 475.180. The commission may refuse to certify any 22 applicant who has violated any of the provisions of s. 475.42 23 or who is subject to discipline under s. 475.25. The 24 25 application shall expire 1 year from the date received if the 26 applicant fails to take the appropriate examination. 27 Section 4. Paragraph (q) of subsection (1) of section 28 475.25, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 29 475.25 Discipline.--(1) The commission may deny an application for 30 31 licensure, registration, or permit, or renewal thereof; may 6

place a licensee, registrant, or permittee on probation; may 1 2 suspend a license, registration, or permit for a period not 3 exceeding 10 years; may revoke a license, registration, or permit; may impose an administrative fine not to exceed \$1,000 4 5 for each count or separate offense; and may issue a reprimand, and any or all of the foregoing, if it finds that the 6 7 licensee, registrant, permittee, or applicant: 8 (q) Has violated any provision of s. 475.2755 475.276 9 or s. 475.278, including the duties owed under those sections. Section 5. Section 475.272, Florida Statutes, 1998 10 11 Supplement, is amended to read: 475.272 Purpose.--In order to eliminate confusion and 12 13 provide for a better understanding on the part of customers in 14 real estate transactions, the Legislature finds that the intent of the Brokerage Relationship Disclosure Act is to 15 16 provide that: 17 (1) Disclosed dual agency as an authorized form of 18 representation by a real estate licensee in this state is 19 expressly revoked; 20 (2) Real estate licensees be required to disclose to 21 customers upon first contact in residential real estate 22 transactions that they are not and will not be represented by 23 a licensee in a real estate transaction unless they engage a real estate licensee in an authorized form of representation, 24 25 either as a single agent or as a transaction broker; 26 (2) (3) Disclosure requirements for real estate 27 licensees relating to nonrepresentation and authorized forms 28 of brokerage representation are established; 29 (3) (4) Single agents may represent either a buyer or a seller, but not both, in a real estate transaction; and 30 31

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(4) (4) (5) Transaction brokers provide a limited form of 1 2 nonfiduciary representation to a buyer, a seller, or both in a 3 real estate transaction. 4 Section 6. Section 475.274, Florida Statutes, 1998 5 Supplement, is amended to read: б 475.274 Scope of coverage. -- The authorized brokerage 7 relationships described in ss. 475.2755 and 475.278 apply in 8 all brokerage activities as defined in s. 475.01(1)(a). The 9 disclosure requirements of s.<del>ss. 475.276 and</del> 475.278 apply only to residential sales as defined in s. 475.278(5)(a) 10 11 475.276. 12 Section 7. Section 475.2755, Florida Statutes, 1998 13 Supplement, is amended to read: 14 475.2755 Designated salesperson. --15 (1) For purposes of this part, in any real estate transaction other than a residential sale as defined in s. 16 475.278(5)(a)  $\frac{475.276}{a}$ , and where the buyer and seller have 17 assets of \$1 million or more, the broker at the request of the 18 19 customers may designate salespersons to act as single agents 20 for different customers in the same transaction. Such designated salespersons shall have the duties of a single 21 agent as outlined in s. 475.278(3), including disclosure 22 requirements in s. 475.278(3)(b) and (c). In addition to 23 disclosure requirements in s. 475.278(3)(b) and (c), the buyer 24 25 and seller as customers shall both sign disclosures stating 26 that their assets meet the threshold described in this 27 subsection and requesting that the broker use the designated 28 salesperson form of representation. In lieu of the transition 29 disclosure requirement in s. 475.278(3)(c)2., the required disclosure notice shall include the following: 30 31

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FLORIDA LAW PROHIBITS A DESIGNATED SALESPERSON FROM 1 2 DISCLOSING, EXCEPT TO THE BROKER OR PERSONS SPECIFIED BY THE 3 BROKER, INFORMATION MADE CONFIDENTIAL BY REQUEST OR AT THE INSTRUCTION OF THE CUSTOMER THE DESIGNATED SALESPERSON IS 4 5 REPRESENTING. HOWEVER, FLORIDA LAW ALLOWS A DESIGNATED б SALESPERSON TO DISCLOSE INFORMATION ALLOWED TO BE DISCLOSED OR 7 REQUIRED TO BE DISCLOSED BY LAW AND ALSO ALLOWS A DESIGNATED 8 SALESPERSON TO DISCLOSE TO HIS OR HER BROKER, OR PERSONS 9 SPECIFIED BY THE BROKER, CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION OF A CUSTOMER FOR THE PURPOSE OF SEEKING ADVICE OR ASSISTANCE FOR 10 11 THE BENEFIT OF THE CUSTOMER IN REGARD TO A TRANSACTION. 12 FLORIDA LAW REQUIRES THAT THE BROKER MUST HOLD THIS 13 INFORMATION CONFIDENTIAL AND MAY NOT USE SUCH INFORMATION TO 14 THE DETRIMENT OF THE OTHER PARTY. 15 16 (2) For purposes of this section, the term "buyer" 17 means a transferee or lessee in a real property transaction, and the term "seller" means the transferor or lessor in a real 18 19 property transaction. 20 Section 8. Section 475.276, Florida Statutes, 1998 21 Supplement, is repealed. 22 Section 9. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 475.278, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended, and subsection 23 (5) is added to said section, to read: 24 25 475.278 Authorized brokerage relationships; required 26 disclosures.--27 (2) TRANSACTION BROKER RELATIONSHIP.--28 (a) Transaction broker - duties of limited 29 representation .-- A transaction broker provides a limited form of representation to a buyer, a seller, or both in a real 30 31 estate transaction but does not represent either in a 9

fiduciary capacity or as a single agent. The duties of the 1 2 real estate licensee in this limited form of representation 3 include the following: 1. Dealing honestly and fairly; 4 5 2. Accounting for all funds; 3. Using skill, care, and diligence in the 6 7 transaction; 8 4. Disclosing all known facts that materially affect 9 the value of residential real property and are not readily 10 observable to the buyer; 11 5. Presenting all offers and counteroffers in a timely 12 manner, unless a party has previously directed the licensee 13 otherwise in writing; 14 6. Limited confidentiality, unless waived in writing by a party. This limited confidentiality will prevent 15 16 disclosure that the seller will accept a price less than the asking or listed price, that the buyer will pay a price 17 greater than the price submitted in a written offer, of the 18 motivation of any party for selling or buying property, that a 19 20 seller or buyer will agree to financing terms other than those 21 offered, or of any other information requested by a party to 22 remain confidential; and 7. Any additional duties that are mutually agreed to 23 24 with a party. 25 (b) Disclosure requirements. -- Duties of a transaction 26 broker must be fully described and disclosed in writing to a 27 buyer or seller either as a separate and distinct disclosure 28 document or included as part of another document such as a 29 listing agreement or agreement for representation. The disclosure must be made before, or at the time of, entering 30 31 into a listing agreement or an agreement for representation. 10

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When incorporated into other documents, the required notice 1 must be of the same size type, or larger, as other provisions 2 3 of the document and must be conspicuous in its placement so as to advise customers of the duties of limited representation, 4 5 except that the first sentence of the information identified in paragraph (c) must be printed in uppercase and bold type. б 7 (c) Contents of disclosure. -- The required notice given 8 under paragraph (b) must include the following information in 9 the following form: 10 11 IMPORTANT NOTICE 12 13 FLORIDA LAW REQUIRES THAT REAL ESTATE LICENSEES PROVIDE THIS 14 NOTICE TO ALL POTENTIAL SELLERS AND BUYERS OF REAL ESTATE. 15 16 You should not assume that any real estate broker or 17 salesperson represents you unless you agree to engage a real estate licensee in an authorized brokerage relationship, 18 19 either as a single agent or as a transaction broker. You are 20 advised not to disclose any information you want to be held in 21 confidence until you make a decision on representation. 22 TRANSACTION BROKER NOTICE 23 24 25 FLORIDA LAW REQUIRES THAT REAL ESTATE LICENSEES OPERATING AS 26 TRANSACTION BROKERS DISCLOSE TO BUYERS AND SELLERS THEIR ROLE 27 AND DUTIES IN PROVIDING A LIMITED FORM OF REPRESENTATION. 28 As a transaction broker, ..... (insert name of Real 29 30 Estate Firm and its Associates), provides to you a limited 31 form of representation that includes the following duties: 11 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 1. Dealing honestly and fairly; 2 2. Accounting for all funds; 3 3. Using skill, care, and diligence in the 4 transaction; 4. Disclosing all known facts that materially affect 5 б the value of residential real property and are not readily 7 observable to the buyer; 8 5. Presenting all offers and counteroffers in a timely 9 manner, unless a party has previously directed the licensee 10 otherwise in writing; 11 6. Limited confidentiality, unless waived in writing by a party. This limited confidentiality will prevent 12 13 disclosure that the seller will accept a price less than the 14 asking or listed price, that the buyer will pay a price greater than the price submitted in a written offer, of the 15 16 motivation of any party for selling or buying property, that a seller or buyer will agree to financing terms other than those 17 offered, or of any other information requested by a party to 18 19 remain confidential; and 20 7. Any additional duties that are entered into by this 21 or by separate written agreement. 22 23 Limited representation means that a buyer or seller is not responsible for the acts of the licensee. Additionally, 24 parties are giving up their rights to the undivided loyalty of 25 26 the licensee. This aspect of limited representation allows a 27 licensee to facilitate a real estate transaction by assisting 28 both the buyer and the seller, but a licensee will not work to 29 represent one party to the detriment of the other party when acting as a transaction broker to both parties. 30 31

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1 . . . . . . . 2 Date Signature 3 4 5 Signature 6 7 (3) SINGLE AGENT RELATIONSHIP.--8 (a) Single agent - duties.--The duties of a real 9 estate licensee owed to a buyer or seller who engages the real estate licensee as a single agent include the following: 10 11 1. Dealing honestly and fairly; 12 2. Loyalty; 13 3. Confidentiality; 14 4. Obedience; 5. Full disclosure; 15 6. Accounting for all funds; 16 7. Skill, care, and diligence in the transaction; 17 Presenting all offers and counteroffers in a timely 18 8. 19 manner, unless a party has previously directed the licensee 20 otherwise in writing; and 9. Disclosing all known facts that materially affect 21 22 the value of residential real property and are not readily observable. 23 24 (b) Disclosure requirements.--1. Single agent disclosure. -- Duties of a single agent 25 26 must be fully described and disclosed in writing to a buyer or 27 seller either as a separate and distinct disclosure document 28 or included as part of another document such as a listing 29 agreement or other agreement for representation. The disclosure must be made before, or at the time of, entering 30 31 into a listing agreement or an agreement for representation. 13

When incorporated into other documents, the required notice 1 2 must be of the same size type, or larger, as other provisions 3 of the document and must be conspicuous in its placement so as to advise customers of the duties of a single agent, except 4 5 that the first sentence of the information identified in б paragraph (c) must be printed in uppercase and bold type. 7 Transition to transaction broker disclosure.--A 2. 8 single agent relationship may be changed to a transaction broker relationship at any time during the relationship 9 between an agent and principal, provided the agent gives the 10 11 disclosure required under paragraph (2)(b) and the principal gives to the agent consent as required under subparagraph 12 13 (c)2. before a change in relationship. This disclosure must be 14 in writing to the principal either as a separate and distinct document or included as part of other documents such as a 15 16 listing agreement or other agreements for representation. When incorporated into other documents, the required notice must be 17 of the same size type, or larger, as other provisions of the 18 19 document and must be conspicuous in its placement so as to 20 advise customers of the duties of limited representation, 21 except that the first sentence of the information identified 22 in subparagraph (c)2. must be printed in uppercase and bold 23 type. (c) Contents of disclosure.--24 Single agent duties disclosure. -- The notice 25 1. required under subparagraph (b)1. must include the following 26 27 information in the following form: 28 29

## IMPORTANT NOTICE

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1 FLORIDA LAW REQUIRES THAT REAL ESTATE LICENSEES PROVIDE THIS NOTICE TO ALL POTENTIAL SELLERS AND BUYERS OF REAL ESTATE. 2 3 4 You should not assume that any real estate broker or 5 salesperson represents you unless you agree to engage a real 6 estate licensee in an authorized brokerage relationship, 7 either as a single agent or as a transaction broker. You are 8 advised not to disclose any information you want to be held in 9 confidence until you make a decision on representation. 10 11 SINGLE AGENT NOTICE 12 13 FLORIDA LAW REQUIRES THAT REAL ESTATE LICENSEES OPERATING AS 14 SINGLE AGENTS DISCLOSE TO BUYERS AND SELLERS THEIR DUTIES. 15 16 As a single agent, ..... (insert name of 17 Real Estate Entity and its Associates) owe to you the following duties: 18 19 1. Dealing honestly and fairly; 20 2. Loyalty; 3. Confidentiality; 21 22 4. Obedience; 5. Full disclosure; 23 6. Accounting for all funds; 24 7. Skill, care, and diligence in the transaction; 25 26 8. Presenting all offers and counteroffers in a timely 27 manner, unless a party has previously directed the licensee 28 otherwise in writing; and 29 9. Disclosing all known facts that materially affect the value of residential real property and are not readily 30 31 observable.

1 2 3 . . . . . . . . 4 Date Signature 5 6 2. Transition disclosure. -- The notice required under 7 subparagraph (b)2. must include the following information in 8 the following form as well as the information required in 9 paragraph (2)(c): 10 11 CONSENT TO TRANSITION TO 12 TRANSACTION BROKER 13 14 FLORIDA LAW ALLOWS REAL ESTATE LICENSEES WHO REPRESENT A BUYER 15 OR SELLER AS A SINGLE AGENT TO CHANGE FROM A SINGLE AGENT RELATIONSHIP TO A TRANSACTION BROKERAGE RELATIONSHIP IN ORDER 16 FOR THE LICENSEE TO ASSIST BOTH PARTIES IN A REAL ESTATE 17 TRANSACTION BY PROVIDING A LIMITED FORM OF REPRESENTATION TO 18 19 BOTH THE BUYER AND THE SELLER. THIS CHANGE IN RELATIONSHIP 20 CANNOT OCCUR WITHOUT YOUR PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT. 21 22 .....I agree that my agent may assume the role and duties of a transaction broker. [must be initialed or signed] 23 24 25 (5) APPLICABILITY.--26 (a) Residential sales.--The real estate licensee 27 disclosure requirements of this section apply to all 28 residential sales. As used in this subsection, the term 29 "residential sale" means the sale of improved residential property of four units or fewer, the sale of unimproved 30 31

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residential property intended for use of four units or fewer, 1 2 or the sale of agricultural property of 10 acres or fewer. 3 (b) Disclosure limitations.--The real estate licensee 4 disclosure requirements of this section do not apply to: 5 nonresidential transactions; the rental or leasing of real 6 property, unless an option to purchase all or a portion of the 7 property improved with four or fewer residential units is 8 given; auctions; appraisals; and dispositions of any interest 9 in business enterprises or business opportunities, except for property with four or fewer residential units. 10 11 Section 10. Section 475.2801, Florida Statutes, 1998 12 Supplement, is amended to read: 13 475.2801 Rules.--The commission may adopt rules 14 establishing disciplinary guidelines, notices of noncompliance, and citations for violations of ss. 475.2755-15 16 475.276, and 475.278. Section 11. Subsection (1) of section 475.482, Florida 17 Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 18 19 475.482 Real Estate Recovery Fund.--There is created 20 the Florida Real Estate Recovery Fund as a separate account in 21 the Professional Regulation Trust Fund. 22 (1) The Florida Real Estate Recovery Fund shall be 23 disbursed as provided in s. 475.484, on order of the 24 commission, as reimbursement to any person, partnership, or corporation adjudged by a court of competent civil 25 26 jurisdiction in this state to have suffered monetary damages 27 by reason of any act committed, as a part of any real estate 28 brokerage transaction involving real property in this state, 29 by any broker or salesperson who: 30 31

1 (a) Was, at the time the alleged act was committed, 2 the holder of a current, valid, active real estate license 3 issued under this part; 4 (b) Was neither the seller, buyer, landlord, or tenant 5 in the transaction nor an officer or a director of a corporation, or a member of a partnership, a member of a 6 7 limited liability company, or a partner of a limited liability 8 partnership which was the seller, buyer, landlord, or tenant 9 in the transaction; and 10 (c) Was acting solely in the capacity of a real estate 11 licensee in the transaction; 12 13 provided the act was a violation proscribed in s. 475.25 or s. 14 475.42. 15 Section 12. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 16 475.483, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 475.483 Conditions for recovery; eligibility.--17 18 (1) Any person is eligible to seek recovery from the 19 Real Estate Recovery Fund if: 20 (a) Such person has received a final judgment in a 21 court of competent civil jurisdiction in this state against an 22 individual broker or salesperson in any action wherein the cause of action was based on a real estate brokerage 23 transaction. If such person is unable to secure a final 24 judgment against a licensee due to the death of the licensee, 25 the commission may waive the requirement for a final judgment. 26 27 The filing of a bankruptcy petition by a broker or salesperson 28 does not relieve a claimant from the obligation to obtain a 29 final judgment against the licensee. In this instance, the claimant must seek to have assets involving the real estate 30 31 transaction that gave rise to the claim removed from the 18

1 bankruptcy proceedings so that the matter might be heard in a 2 court of competent civil jurisdiction in this state. If, after 3 due diligence, the claimant is precluded by action of the 4 bankruptcy court from securing a final judgment against the 5 licensee, the commission may waive the requirement for a final 6 judgment.

7 (b) At the time the action was commenced, such person
8 gave notice thereof to the commission by certified mail;
9 except that, if no notice has been given to the commission,
10 the claim can still be honored if, in the opinion of the
11 commission, the claim is otherwise valid.

12 (c) A claim for recovery is made within 2 years from 13 the time of the act giving rise to the claim or within 2 years 14 from the time the act is discovered or should have been 15 discovered with the exercise of due diligence. In no event may 16 a claim for recovery be made more than 4 years after the date 17 of the act giving rise to the claim.

(d)1. Such person has caused to be issued a writ of execution upon such judgment, and the person has executed an affidavit showing that no personal or real property of the judgment debtor liable to be levied upon in satisfaction of the judgment can be found or that the amount realized on the sale of the judgment debtor's property pursuant to such execution was insufficient to satisfy the judgment; or

25 2. If such person is unable to comply with 26 subparagraph 1. for a valid reason to be determined by the 27 commission, such person has made all reasonable searches and 28 inquiries to ascertain whether the judgment debtor is 29 possessed of real or personal property or other assets subject 30 to being sold or applied in satisfaction of the judgment and 31 by her or his search the person has discovered no property or

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assets or she or he has discovered property and assets and has 1 2 taken all necessary action and proceedings for the application 3 thereof to the judgment but the amount thereby realized was insufficient to satisfy the judgment. 4 5 (e) Any amounts recovered by such person from the б judgment debtor, or from any other source, have been applied 7 to the damages awarded by the court. 8 (f) Such person is not a person who is precluded by 9 this act from making a claim for recovery. 10 (g) Such person has executed an affidavit showing that the final judgment is not on appeal or, if it was the subject 11 12 of an appeal, that the appellate proceedings have concluded 13 and the outcome of the appeal. 14 (2) A person is not qualified to make a claim for recovery from the Real Estate Recovery Fund, if: 15 16 (a) Such person is the spouse of the judgment debtor or a personal representative of such spouse; 17 (b) Such person is a licensed broker or salesperson 18 19 who acted as a single the agent or transaction broker in the 20 transaction that is the subject of the claim; 21 (c) Such person's claim is based upon a real estate 22 transaction in which the licensed broker or salesperson was the owner of or controlled the property involved in the 23 transaction; in which the licensee was dealing for the 24 25 licensee's own account; or in which the licensee was not 26 acting as a broker or salesperson; 27 Such person's claim is based upon a real estate (d) 28 transaction in which the broker or salesperson did not hold a 29 valid, current, and active license at the time of the real estate transaction; or 30 31

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1 (e) The judgment is against a real estate brokerage 2 corporation, or partnership, limited liability company, or 3 limited liability partnership. 4 Section 13. Section 475.5015, Florida Statutes, 1998 5 Supplement, is amended to read: б 475.5015 Brokerage business records.--Each broker 7 shall keep and make available to the department such books, 8 accounts, and records as will enable the department to determine whether such broker is in compliance with the 9 provisions of this chapter. Each broker shall preserve at 10 least one legible copy of all books, accounts, and records 11 12 pertaining to her or his real estate brokerage business for at 13 least 5 years from the date of receipt of any money, fund, 14 deposit, check, or draft entrusted to the broker or, in the event no funds are entrusted to the broker, for at least 5 15 16 years from the date of execution by any party of any listing agreement, offer to purchase, rental property management 17 agreement, rental or lease agreement, or any other written or 18 19 verbal agreement which engages the services of the broker. If 20 any brokerage record has been the subject of or has served as evidence for litigation, relevant books, accounts, and records 21 22 must be retained for at least 2 years after the conclusion of the civil action or the conclusion of any appellate 23 proceeding, whichever is later, but in no case less than a 24 25 total of 5 years as set above. Disclosure documents required 26 under ss. 475.2755, 475.276, and 475.278 shall be retained by 27 the real estate licensee in all transactions that result in a 28 written contract to purchase and sell real property. 29 Section 14. This act shall take effect October 1, 1999. 30 31

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