Florida House of Representatives - 1999 By Representative Harrington

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to children and families;
3	amending s. 39.01, F.S.; including references
4	to great-grandparents in definitions relating
5	to dependent chldren; amending s. 39.509, F.S.;
6	providing for great-grandparents visitation
7	rights; amending ss. 39.801 and 63.0425, F.S.;
8	providing for a great-grandparent's right to
9	adopt; amending s. 61.13, F.S.; providing for
10	great-grandparents visitation rights and
11	standing with regard to evaluating custody
12	arrangements; amending s. 63.172, F.S.;
13	conforming references relating to
14	great-grandparental visitation rights under ch.
15	752, F.S.; amending ss. 984.03 and 985.03,
16	F.S.; including references to
17	great-grandparents in definitions relating to
18	delinquent children; providing an effective
19	date.
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21	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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23	Section 1. Subsections (48) and (50) of section 39.01,
24	Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to read:
25	39.01 DefinitionsWhen used in this chapter, unless
26	the context otherwise requires:
27	(48) "Next of kin" means an adult relative of a child
28	who is the child's brother, sister, grandparent,
29	great-grandparent, aunt, uncle, or first cousin.
30	(50) "Participant," for purposes of a shelter
31	proceeding, dependency proceeding, or termination of parental
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rights proceeding, means any person who is not a party but who 1 2 should receive notice of hearings involving the child, 3 including foster parents or caregivers, identified prospective parents, grandparents or great-grandparents entitled to 4 5 priority for adoption consideration under s. 63.0425, actual б custodians of the child, and any other person whose 7 participation may be in the best interest of the child. 8 Participants may be granted leave by the court to be heard without the necessity of filing a motion to intervene. 9 Section 2. Section 39.509, Florida Statutes, 1998 10 11 Supplement, is amended to read: 12 39.509 Grandparents and great-grandparents 13 rights.--Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a 14 maternal or paternal grandparent or great-grandparent, as well as a stepgrandparent or step-great-grandparent, is entitled to 15 reasonable visitation with his or her grandchild or 16 17 great-grandchild who has been adjudicated a dependent child and taken from the physical custody of the parent, custodian, 18 19 legal guardian, or caregiver unless the court finds that such 20 visitation is not in the best interest of the child or that such visitation would interfere with the goals of the case 21 22 plan. Reasonable visitation may be unsupervised and, where appropriate and feasible, may be frequent and continuing. 23 24 (1) Grandparent or great-grandparent visitation may 25 take place in the home of the grandparent or great-grandparent 26 unless there is a compelling reason for denying such a 27 visitation. The department's caseworker shall arrange the 28 visitation to which a grandparent or great-grandparent is 29 entitled pursuant to this section. The state shall not charge a fee for any costs associated with arranging the visitation. 30 31 However, the grandparent or great-grandparent shall pay for 2

the child's cost of transportation when the visitation is to 1 2 take place in the grandparent's or great-grandparent's home. 3 The caseworker shall document the reasons for any decision to restrict a grandparent's or great-grandparent's visitation. 4 5 (2) A grandparent or great-grandparent entitled to б visitation pursuant to this section shall not be restricted 7 from appropriate displays of affection to the child, such as 8 appropriately hugging or kissing his or her grandchild or great-grandchild. Gifts, cards, and letters from the 9 10 grandparent or great-grandparent and other family members 11 shall not be denied to a child who has been adjudicated a 12 dependent child. 13 (3) Any attempt by a grandparent or great-grandparent 14 to facilitate a meeting between the child who has been adjudicated a dependent child and the child's parent, 15 16 custodian, legal guardian, or caregiver in violation of a court order shall automatically terminate future visitation 17 rights of the grandparent or great-grandparent. 18 19 (4) When the child has been returned to the physical

20 custody of his or her parent or permanent custodian, legal 21 guardian, or caregiver, the visitation rights granted pursuant 22 to this section shall terminate.

(5) The termination of parental rights does not affect the rights of grandparents <u>or great-grandparents</u> unless the court finds that such visitation is not in the best interest of the child or that such visitation would interfere with the goals of permanency planning for the child.

(6) In determining whether grandparental or
great-grandparental visitation is not in the child's best
interest, consideration may be given to the finding of guilt,
regardless of adjudication, or entry or plea of guilty or nolo

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contendere to charges under the following statutes, or similar 1 2 statutes of other jurisdictions: s. 787.04, relating to 3 removing minors from the state or concealing minors contrary to court order; s. 794.011, relating to sexual battery; s. 4 5 798.02, relating to lewd and lascivious behavior; chapter 800, relating to lewdness and indecent exposure; or chapter 827, 6 7 relating to the abuse of children. Consideration may also be 8 given to a finding of confirmed abuse, abandonment, or neglect 9 under ss. 415.101-415.113 or this chapter. Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 10 11 39.801, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 12 39.801 Procedures and jurisdiction; notice; service of 13 process.--14 (3) Before the court may terminate parental rights, in addition to the other requirements set forth in this part, the 15 16 following requirements must be met: (a) Notice of the date, time, and place of the 17 18 advisory hearing for the petition to terminate parental rights and a copy of the petition must be personally served upon the 19 20 following persons, specifically notifying them that a petition has been filed: 21 22 1. The parents of the child. The caregivers or legal custodians of the child. 23 2. If the parents who would be entitled to notice are 24 3. 25 dead or unknown, a living relative of the child, unless upon 26 diligent search and inquiry no such relative can be found. 27 Any person who has physical custody of the child. 4. 28 5. Any grandparent or great-grandparent entitled to priority for adoption under s. 63.0425. 29 Any prospective parent who has been identified 30 6. 31 under s. 39.503 or s. 39.803. Δ

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The guardian ad litem for the child or the 1 7. 2 representative of the guardian ad litem program, if the 3 program has been appointed. 4 5 The document containing the notice to respond or appear must б contain, in type at least as large as the type in the balance 7 of the document, the following or substantially similar 8 language: "FAILURE TO PERSONALLY APPEAR AT THIS ADVISORY HEARING CONSTITUTES CONSENT TO THE TERMINATION OF PARENTAL 9 RIGHTS OF THIS CHILD (OR CHILDREN)." 10 11 Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2), paragraph 12 (c) of subsection (4), and subsections (6) and (7) of section 13 61.13, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to read: 14 61.13 Custody and support of children; visitation 15 rights; power of court in making orders .--16 (2) (b)1. The court shall determine all matters relating 17 to custody of each minor child of the parties in accordance 18 19 with the best interests of the child and in accordance with 20 the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction Act. It is the public 21 policy of this state to assure that each minor child has 22 frequent and continuing contact with both parents after the parents separate or the marriage of the parties is dissolved 23 and to encourage parents to share the rights and 24 responsibilities, and joys, of childrearing. After considering 25 26 all relevant facts, the father of the child shall be given the 27 same consideration as the mother in determining the primary 28 residence of a child irrespective of the age or sex of the 29 child. 30 2. The court shall order that the parental 31 responsibility for a minor child be shared by both parents 5

unless the court finds that shared parental responsibility 1 2 would be detrimental to the child. Evidence that a parent has 3 been convicted of a felony of the third degree or higher involving domestic violence, as defined in s. 741.28 and 4 5 chapter 775, or meets the criteria of s. 39.806(1)(d), creates б a rebuttable presumption of detriment to the child. If the 7 presumption is not rebutted, shared parental responsibility, 8 including visitation, residence of the child, and decisions 9 made regarding the child, may not be granted to the convicted parent. However, the convicted parent is not relieved of any 10 11 obligation to provide financial support. If the court determines that shared parental responsibility would be 12 13 detrimental to the child, it may order sole parental 14 responsibility and make such arrangements for visitation as will best protect the child or abused spouse from further 15 16 harm. Whether or not there is a conviction of any offense of domestic violence or child abuse or the existence of an 17 injunction for protection against domestic violence, the court 18 19 shall consider evidence of domestic violence or child abuse as 20 evidence of detriment to the child. 21 a. In ordering shared parental responsibility, the 22 court may consider the expressed desires of the parents and may grant to one party the ultimate responsibility over 23 specific aspects of the child's welfare or may divide those 24

responsibilities between the parties based on the best interests of the child. Areas of responsibility may include primary residence, education, medical and dental care, and any other responsibilities that the court finds unique to a particular family.

30 b. The court shall order "sole parental

31 responsibility, with or without visitation rights, to the

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1 other parent when it is in the best interests of" the minor 2 child.

3 The court may award the grandparents and с. great-grandparents visitation rights with a minor child if it 4 5 is in the child's best interest. Grandparents and б great-grandparents have legal standing to seek judicial 7 enforcement of such an award. This section does not require 8 that grandparents or great-grandparents be made parties or given notice of dissolution pleadings or proceedings, nor do 9 10 grandparents or great-grandparents have legal standing as "contestants" as defined in s. 61.1306. A court may not order 11 12 that a child be kept within the state or jurisdiction of the 13 court solely for the purpose of permitting visitation by the 14 grandparents or great-grandparents.

3. Access to records and information pertaining to a
minor child, including, but not limited to, medical, dental,
and school records, may not be denied to a parent because the
parent is not the child's primary residential parent.

20 (c) When a custodial parent refuses to honor a

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21 noncustodial parent's<u>, or</u> grandparent's<u>, or</u> 22 <u>great-grandparent's</u> visitation rights without proper cause, 23 the court shall, after calculating the amount of visitation 24 improperly denied, award the noncustodial parent, or

25 grandparent, or great-grandparent a sufficient amount of extra 26 visitation to compensate the noncustodial parent, or

27 grandparent, or great-grandparent, which visitation shall be

28 ordered as expeditiously as possible in a manner consistent

29 with the best interests of the child and scheduled in a manner

30 that is convenient for the person deprived of visitation. In

31 ordering any makeup visitation, the court shall schedule such

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visitation in a manner that is consistent with the best 1 2 interests of the child or children and that is convenient for 3 the noncustodial parent, or great-grandparent. In addition, the court: 4 5 1. May order the custodial parent to pay reasonable б court costs and attorney's fees incurred by the noncustodial 7 parent, or great-grandparent to enforce their 8 visitation rights or make up improperly denied visitation; May order the custodial parent to attend the 9 2. 10 parenting course approved by the judicial circuit; 11 3. May order the custodial parent to do community

12 service if the order will not interfere with the welfare of 13 the child;

4. May order the custodial parent to have the
financial burden of promoting frequent and continuing contact
when the custodial parent and child reside further than 60
miles from the noncustodial parent;

18 5. May award custody, rotating custody, or primary 19 residence to the noncustodial parent, upon the request of the 20 noncustodial parent, if the award is in the best interests of 21 the child; or

6. May impose any other reasonable sanction as aresult of noncompliance.

24 (d) A person who violates this subsection may be
25 punished by contempt of court or other remedies as the court
26 deems appropriate.

27 (6) In any proceeding under this section, the court 28 may not deny shared parental responsibility, custody, or 29 visitation rights to a parent, or grandparent, or

30 great-grandparent solely because that parent, or grandparent,

31 or great-grandparent is or is believed to be infected with

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human immunodeficiency virus; but the court may condition such 1 2 rights upon the parent's, or grandparent's, or 3 great-grandparent's agreement to observe measures approved by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention of the United 4 5 States Public Health Service or by the Department of Health б and Rehabilitative Services for preventing the spread of human 7 immunodeficiency virus to the child. 8 (7) In any case where the child is actually residing 9 with a grandparent or great-grandparent in a stable relationship, whether or not the court has awarded custody to 10 11 the grandparent or great-grandparent or not, the court may 12 recognize the grandparents or great-grandparents as having the 13 same standing as parents for evaluating what custody 14 arrangements are in the best interest of the child. 15 Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 63.0425, Florida 16 Statutes, is amended to read: 63.0425 Grandparent's or great-grandparent's right to 17 18 adopt.--19 (1) When a child who has lived with a grandparent or 20 great-grandparent for at least 6 months is placed for adoption, the agency or intermediary handling the adoption 21 22 shall notify that grandparent or great-grandparent of the impending adoption before the petition for adoption is filed. 23 24 If the grandparent or great-grandparent petitions the court to 25 adopt the child, the court shall give first priority for 26 adoption to that grandparent or great-grandparent. 27 Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 63.172, Florida 28 Statutes, is amended to read: 63.172 Effect of judgment of adoption .--29 (2) If one or both parents of a child die without the 30 31 relationship of parent and child having been previously 9

terminated and a spouse of the living parent or a close 1 2 relative of the child thereafter adopts the child, the child's 3 right of inheritance from or through the deceased parent is unaffected by the adoption and, unless the court orders 4 5 otherwise, the adoption will not terminate any grandparental б or great-grandparental rights delineated under chapter 752. 7 For purposes of this subsection, a close relative of a child 8 is the child's brother, sister, grandparent, 9 great-grandparent, aunt, or uncle. Section 7. Subsections (40) and (42) of section 10 11 984.03, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to 12 read: 13 984.03 Definitions.--When used in this chapter, the 14 term: 15 "Next of kin" means an adult relative of a child (40) 16 who is the child's brother, sister, grandparent, 17 great-grandparent, aunt, uncle, or first cousin. (42) "Participant," for purposes of a shelter 18 19 proceeding, means any person who is not a party but who should 20 receive notice of hearings involving the child, including 21 foster parents, identified prospective parents, grandparents 22 or great-grandparents entitled to priority for adoption consideration under s. 63.0425, actual custodians of the 23 child, and any other person whose participation may be in the 24 best interest of the child. Participants may be granted leave 25 26 by the court to be heard without the necessity of filing a 27 motion to intervene. 28 Section 8. Subsection (41) of section 985.03, Florida 29 Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 30 985.03 Definitions.--When used in this chapter, the 31 term:

(41) "Next of kin" means an adult relative of a child who is the child's brother, sister, grandparent, great-grandparent, aunt, uncle, or first cousin. Section 9. This act shall take effect October 1 of the year in which enacted. б HOUSE SUMMARY Provides for great-grandparents visitation rights, adoption rights, and standing for evaluating custody arrangements, with respect to dependent children. Conforms references relating to delinquent children.

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