Bill No. CS for SB 748 Amendment No. CHAMBER ACTION Senate House 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Senator Diaz-Balart moved the following amendment: 11 12 13 Senate Amendment (with title amendment) Delete everything after the enacting clause 14 15 16 and insert: 17 Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Trooper 18 Robert Smith Act." 19 Section 2. Section 907.041, Florida Statutes, is 20 amended to read: 21 907.041 Pretrial detention and release .--22 (1) LEGISLATIVE INTENT.--It is the policy of this state that persons committing serious criminal offenses, 23 24 posing a threat to the safety of the community or the 25 integrity of the judicial process, or failing to appear at 26 trial be detained upon arrest. However, persons found to meet 27 specified criteria shall be released under certain conditions until proceedings are concluded and adjudication has been 28 29 determined. The Legislature finds that this policy of pretrial detention and release will assure the detention of those 30 persons posing a threat to society while reducing the costs 31 1 4:27 PM 04/20/99 s0748c1c-37c7y

1 for incarceration by releasing, until trial, those persons not 2 considered a danger to the community who meet certain 3 criteria. It is the intent of the Legislature that the 4 primary consideration be the protection of the community from 5 risk of physical harm to persons.

6 (2) RULES OF PROCEDURE.--Procedures for pretrial
7 release determinations shall be governed by rules adopted by
8 the Supreme Court.

9 (3) RELEASE ON NONMONETARY CONDITIONS. -- It is the 10 intent of the Legislature to create a presumption in favor of release on nonmonetary conditions for any person who is 11 12 granted pretrial release. Such person shall be released on monetary conditions only if it is determined that such 13 14 monetary conditions are necessary to assure the presence of 15 the person at trial or at other proceedings, to protect the 16 community from risk of physical harm to persons, to assure the 17 presence of the accused at trial, or to assure the integrity of the judicial process. 18

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(4) PRETRIAL DETENTION. --

20 (a) As used in this subsection, "dangerous crime" 21 means any of the following:

1. Arson;

2. Aggravated assault;

3. Aggravated battery;

4. Illegal use of explosives;

5. Child abuse or aggravated child abuse;

27 6. Abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult, or

28 aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult;

7. Hijacking;

- 30 8. Kidnapping;
- 31 9. Homicide;

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10. Manslaughter; 1 11. Sexual battery; 2 3 12. Robbery; 4 13. Carjacking; 5 Lewd, lascivious, or indecent assault or act upon 14. 6 or in presence of a child under the age of 16 years; 7 15. Sexual activity with a child, who is 12 years of age or older but less than 18 years of age, by or at 8 9 solicitation of person in familial or custodial authority; 10 16. Burglary of a dwelling; 17. Stalking and aggravated stalking; 11 12 18. Act of domestic violence as defined in s. 741.28; 13 and 14 19. Attempting or conspiring to commit any such crime; 15 and home-invasion robbery. 16 (b) The court may order pretrial detention if it finds 17 a substantial probability, based on a defendant's past and present patterns of behavior, the criteria in s. 903.046, and 18 any other relevant facts, that any of the following 19 20 circumstances exist: 21 The defendant has previously violated conditions of 1. release and that no further conditions of release are 22 reasonably likely to assure the defendant's appearance at 23 24 subsequent proceedings; The defendant, with the intent to obstruct the 25 2. judicial process, has threatened, intimidated, or injured any 26 27 victim, potential witness, juror, or judicial officer, or has 28 attempted or conspired to do so, and that no condition of release will reasonably prevent the obstruction of the 29 30 judicial process; 31 3. The defendant is charged with trafficking in 3 4:27 PM 04/20/99 s0748c1c-37c7y

controlled substances as defined by s. 893.135, that there is 1 2 a substantial probability that the defendant has committed the 3 offense, and that no conditions of release will reasonably 4 assure the defendant's appearance at subsequent criminal 5 proceedings; or 4. The defendant is charged with DUI manslaughter, as б 7 defined by s. 316.193, and that there is a substantial 8 probability that the defendant committed the crime and that the defendant poses a threat of harm to the community; 9 10 conditions that would support a finding by the court pursuant 11 to this subparagraph that the defendant poses a threat of harm 12 to the community include, but are not limited to, any of the following: 13 14 a. The defendant has previously been convicted of any 15 crime under s. 316.193, or of any crime in any other state or 16 territory of the United States that is substantially similar 17 to any crime under s. 316.193; 18 b. The defendant was driving with a suspended driver's license when the charged crime was committed; or 19 c. The defendant has previously been found guilty of, 20 21 or has had adjudication of guilt withheld for, driving while the defendant's driver's license was suspended or revoked in 22 violation of s. 322.34; 23 5.4. The defendant poses the threat of harm to the 24 25 community. The court may so conclude if it finds that the defendant is presently charged with a dangerous crime, that 26 27 there is a substantial probability that the defendant committed such crime, that the factual circumstances of the 28 crime indicate a disregard for the safety of the community, 29 30 and that there are no conditions of release reasonably 31 sufficient to protect the community from the risk of physical 4

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harm to persons. In addition, the court must find that at 1 2 least one of the following conditions is present: 3 a. The defendant has previously been convicted of a 4 crime punishable by death or life imprisonment. 5 b. The defendant has been convicted of a dangerous 6 crime within the 10 years immediately preceding the date of 7 his or her arrest for the crime presently charged. 8 6.c. The defendant was is on probation, parole, or other release pending completion of sentence or on pretrial 9 10 release for a dangerous crime at the time of the current 11 offense was committed; or arrest. 12 7. The defendant has violated one or more conditions 13 of pretrial release or bond for the offense currently before the court and the violation, in the discretion of the court, 14 15 supports a finding that no conditions of release can 16 reasonably protect the community from risk of physical harm to 17 persons or assure the presence of the accused at trial. 18 (c) Due to the dangerous or violent nature of the offenses described in paragraphs (a) and (b), public funds may 19 20 not be used to subsidize release of a person charged with such 21 an offense. (d) (d) (c) When a person charged with a crime for which 22 pretrial detention could be ordered is arrested, the arresting 23 24 agency shall promptly notify the state attorney of the arrest 25 and shall provide the state attorney with such information as the arresting agency has obtained relative to: 26 27 The nature and circumstances of the offense 1. charged; 28 The nature of any physical evidence seized and the 29 2. 30 contents of any statements obtained from the defendant or any 31 witness;

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3. The defendant's family ties, residence, employment, 1 2 financial condition, and mental condition; and 3 4. The defendant's past conduct and present conduct, 4 including any record of convictions, previous flight to avoid 5 prosecution, or failure to appear at court proceedings. 6 (e)(d) When a person charged with a crime for which 7 pretrial detention could be ordered is arrested, the arresting agency may detain such defendant, prior to the filing by the 8 9 state attorney of a motion seeking pretrial detention, for a 10 period not to exceed 24 hours. 11 (f)(e) The court shall order detention only after a 12 pretrial detention hearing. The pretrial detention hearing shall be held within 5 days of the filing by the state 13 attorney of a complaint to seek pretrial detention. The 14 15 defendant may request a continuance. No continuance shall be 16 for longer than 5 days unless there are extenuating 17 circumstances. The defendant may be detained pending the hearing. The state attorney shall be entitled to one 18 continuance for good cause. 19 20 (g) (f) The state attorney has the burden of showing 21 the need for pretrial detention. (h) (g) The defendant is entitled to be represented by 22 counsel, to present witnesses and evidence, and to 23 24 cross-examine witnesses. The court may admit relevant evidence without complying with the rules of evidence, but 25 evidence secured in violation of the United States 26 27 Constitution or the Constitution of the State of Florida shall 28 not be admissible. No testimony by the defendant shall be admissible to prove guilt at any other judicial proceeding, 29 30 but such testimony may be admitted in an action for perjury, 31 based upon the defendant's statements made at the pretrial

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1 detention hearing, or for impeachment.

2 (i)(h) The pretrial detention order of the court shall 3 be based solely upon evidence produced at the hearing and 4 shall contain findings of fact and conclusions of law to 5 support it. The order shall be made either in writing or 6 orally on the record. The court shall render its findings 7 within 24 hours of the pretrial detention hearing.

8 (i) If ordered detained pending trial pursuant to 9 subparagraph (b)4., the defendant may not be held for more 10 than 90 days. Failure of the state to bring the defendant to 11 trial within that time shall result in the defendant's release 12 from detention, subject to any conditions of release, unless 13 the trial delay was requested or caused by the defendant or 14 his or her counsel.

(j) A defendant convicted at trial following the issuance of a pretrial detention order shall have credited to his or her sentence, if imprisonment is imposed, the time the defendant was held under the order, pursuant to s. 921.161.

19 (k) The defendant shall be entitled to dissolution of
20 the pretrial detention order whenever the court finds that a
21 subsequent event has eliminated the basis for detention.

(1) Nothing in this section shall be construed to
require the filing of a motion for pretrial detention as a
condition precedent to detaining the defendant if the
defendant is brought before the court for a bail hearing.
Notwithstanding paragraph (e), the state may orally move for
pretrial detention any time a defendant is before the court
for a bail hearing.

Section 3. For the purpose of incorporating the
amendment to section 907.041, Florida Statutes, in references
thereto, the following sections or subdivisions of Florida

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Statutes, or Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are reenacted 1 2 to read: 3 790.065 Sale and delivery of firearms.--4 (2) Upon receipt of a request for a criminal history record check, the Department of Law Enforcement shall, during 5 6 the licensee's call or by return call, forthwith: 7 (c)1. Review any records available to it to determine whether the potential buyer or transferee has been indicted or 8 9 has had an information filed against her or him for an offense 10 that is a felony under either state or federal law, or, as 11 mandated by federal law, has had an injunction for protection 12 against domestic violence entered against the potential buyer or transferee under s. 741.30, has had an injunction for 13 14 protection against repeat violence entered against the 15 potential buyer or transferee under s. 784.046, or has been 16 arrested for a dangerous crime as specified in s. 17 907.041(4)(a) or for any of the following enumerated offenses: a. Criminal anarchy under ss. 876.01 and 876.02. 18 b. Extortion under s. 836.05. 19 Explosives violations under s. 552.22(1) and (2). 20 c. 21 d. Controlled substances violations under chapter 893. Resisting an officer with violence under s. 843.01. 22 e. Weapons and firearms violations under this chapter. 23 f. 24 Treason under s. 876.32. g. Assisting self-murder under s. 782.08. 25 h. Sabotage under s. 876.38. 26 i. 27 Stalking or aggravated stalking under s. 784.048. j. 28 29 If the review indicates any such indictment, information, or arrest, the department shall provide to the licensee a 30 31 conditional nonapproval number.

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2. Within 24 working hours, the department shall
 determine the disposition of the indictment, information, or
 arrest and inform the licensee as to whether the potential
 buyer is prohibited from receiving or possessing a firearm.
 For purposes of this paragraph, "working hours" means the
 hours from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Monday through Friday, excluding
 legal holidays.

8 3. The office of the clerk of court, at no charge to 9 the department, shall respond to any department request for 10 data on the disposition of the indictment, information, or 11 arrest as soon as possible, but in no event later than 8 12 working hours.

4. The department shall determine as quickly as
 possible within the allotted time period whether the potential
 buyer is prohibited from receiving or possessing a firearm.

16 5. If the potential buyer is not so prohibited, or if
17 the department cannot determine the disposition information
18 within the allotted time period, the department shall provide
19 the licensee with a conditional approval number.

20 6. If the buyer is so prohibited, the conditional21 nonapproval number shall become a nonapproval number.

7. The department shall continue its attempts to
obtain the disposition information and may retain a record of
all approval numbers granted without sufficient disposition
information. If the department later obtains disposition
information which indicates:

a. That the potential buyer is not prohibited from
owning a firearm, it shall treat the record of the transaction
in accordance with this section; or

30 b. That the potential buyer is prohibited from owning31 a firearm, it shall immediately revoke the conditional

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1 approval number and notify local law enforcement.

8. During the time that disposition of the indictment,
 information, or arrest is pending and until the department is
 notified by the potential buyer that there has been a final
 disposition of the indictment, information, or arrest, the
 conditional nonapproval number shall remain in effect.

7 943.0585 Court-ordered expunction of criminal history records.--The courts of this state have jurisdiction over 8 9 their own procedures, including the maintenance, expunction, 10 and correction of judicial records containing criminal history 11 information to the extent such procedures are not inconsistent 12 with the conditions, responsibilities, and duties established 13 by this section. Any court of competent jurisdiction may 14 order a criminal justice agency to expunge the criminal 15 history record of a minor or an adult who complies with the requirements of this section. The court shall not order a 16 17 criminal justice agency to expunge a criminal history record 18 until the person seeking to expunge a criminal history record has applied for and received a certificate of eligibility for 19 20 expunction pursuant to subsection (2). A criminal history 21 record that relates to a violation of chapter 794, s. 800.04, s. 817.034, s. 827.071, chapter 839, s. 893.135, or a 22 violation enumerated in s. 907.041 may not be expunded, 23 24 without regard to whether adjudication was withheld, if the 25 defendant was found guilty of or pled guilty or nolo contendere to the offense, or if the defendant, as a minor, 26 27 was found to have committed, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to committing, the offense as a delinquent act. The court may 28 only order expunction of a criminal history record pertaining 29 30 to one arrest or one incident of alleged criminal activity, 31 except as provided in this section. The court may, at its sole

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discretion, order the expunction of a criminal history record 1 2 pertaining to more than one arrest if the additional arrests 3 directly relate to the original arrest. If the court intends 4 to order the expunction of records pertaining to such additional arrests, such intent must be specified in the 5 6 order. A criminal justice agency may not expunge any record 7 pertaining to such additional arrests if the order to expunge does not articulate the intention of the court to expunge a 8 9 record pertaining to more than one arrest. This section does 10 not prevent the court from ordering the expunction of only a portion of a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest 11 12 or one incident of alleged criminal activity. Notwithstanding 13 any law to the contrary, a criminal justice agency may comply with laws, court orders, and official requests of other 14 15 jurisdictions relating to expunction, correction, or confidential handling of criminal history records or 16 17 information derived therefrom. This section does not confer any right to the expunction of any criminal history record, 18 and any request for expunction of a criminal history record 19 may be denied at the sole discretion of the court. 20 (1) PETITION TO EXPUNCE A CRIMINAL HISTORY 21 RECORD. -- Each petition to a court to expunge a criminal 22 history record is complete only when accompanied by: 23 24 (a) A certificate of eligibility for expunction issued 25 by the department pursuant to subsection (2). 26 (b) The petitioner's sworn statement attesting that 27 the petitioner: 28 Has never previously been adjudicated guilty of a 1. 29 criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation or 30 adjudicated delinquent for committing a felony or a 31 misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b). 11

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Has not been adjudicated guilty of, or adjudicated 1 2. 2 delinquent for committing, any of the acts stemming from the 3 arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition 4 pertains. 5 3. Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of 6 a criminal history record under this section, former s. 7 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058, or from any jurisdiction outside the state. 8 Is eligible for such an expunction to the best of 9 4. 10 his or her knowledge or belief and does not have any other 11 petition to expunge or any petition to seal pending before any 12 court. 13 14 Any person who knowingly provides false information on such 15 sworn statement to the court commits a felony of the third 16 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or 17 s. 775.084. (2) CERTIFICATE OF ELIGIBILITY FOR EXPUNCTION. -- Prior 18 to petitioning the court to expunge a criminal history record, 19 a person seeking to expunge a criminal history record shall 20 21 apply to the department for a certificate of eligibility for expunction. The department shall, by rule adopted pursuant to 22 chapter 120, establish procedures pertaining to the 23 24 application for and issuance of certificates of eligibility 25 for expunction. The department shall issue a certificate of eligibility for expunction to a person who is the subject of a 26 27 criminal history record if that person: 28 (a) Has obtained, and submitted to the department, a written, certified statement from the appropriate state 29 30 attorney or statewide prosecutor which indicates: That an indictment, information, or other charging 31 1. 12

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1 document was not filed or issued in the case.

That an indictment, information, or other charging
 document, if filed or issued in the case, was dismissed or
 nolle prosequi by the state attorney or statewide prosecutor,
 or was dismissed by a court of competent jurisdiction.

6 3. That the criminal history record does not relate to 7 a violation of chapter 794, s. 800.04, s. 817.034, s. 827.071, chapter 839, s. 893.135, or a violation enumerated in s. 8 9 907.041, where the defendant was found guilty of, or pled 10 guilty or nolo contendere to any such offense, or that the 11 defendant, as a minor, was found to have committed, or pled 12 guilty or nolo contendere to committing, such an offense as a 13 delinguent act, without regard to whether adjudication was 14 withheld.

(b) Remits a \$75 processing fee to the department for
placement in the Department of Law Enforcement Operating Trust
Fund, unless such fee is waived by the executive director.

18 (c) Has submitted to the department a certified copy19 of the disposition of the charge to which the petition to20 expunge pertains.

(d) Has never previously been adjudicated guilty of a criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation or adjudicated delinquent for committing a felony or a misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b).

(e) Has not been adjudicated guilty of, or adjudicated delinquent for committing, any of the acts stemming from the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to expunge pertains.

(f) Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of
a criminal history record under this section, former s.
893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058.

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(g) Is no longer under court supervision applicable to
 the disposition of the arrest or alleged criminal activity to
 which the petition to expunge pertains.

4 Is not required to wait a minimum of 10 years (h) 5 prior to being eligible for an expunction of such records 6 because all charges related to the arrest or criminal activity 7 to which the petition to expunge pertains were dismissed prior to trial, adjudication, or the withholding of adjudication. 8 Otherwise, such criminal history record must be sealed under 9 10 this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 for at least 10 years before such record is eligible 11 12 for expunction.

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(3) PROCESSING OF A PETITION OR ORDER TO EXPUNGE. --

14 (a) In judicial proceedings under this section, a copy 15 of the completed petition to expunge shall be served upon the 16 appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and 17 upon the arresting agency; however, it is not necessary to 18 make any agency other than the state a party. The appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and the arresting 19 20 agency may respond to the court regarding the completed 21 petition to expunge.

If relief is granted by the court, the clerk of 22 (b) the court shall certify copies of the order to the appropriate 23 24 state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and the arresting 25 agency. The arresting agency is responsible for forwarding the order to any other agency to which the arresting agency 26 27 disseminated the criminal history record information to which 28 the order pertains. The department shall forward the order to expunge to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The clerk of 29 30 the court shall certify a copy of the order to any other 31 agency which the records of the court reflect has received the

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1 criminal history record from the court.

2 (c) For an order to expunge entered by a court prior 3 to July 1, 1992, the department shall notify the appropriate 4 state attorney or statewide prosecutor of an order to expunge 5 which is contrary to law because the person who is the subject 6 of the record has previously been convicted of a crime or 7 comparable ordinance violation or has had a prior criminal history record sealed or expunged. Upon receipt of such 8 9 notice, the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor 10 shall take action, within 60 days, to correct the record and petition the court to void the order to expunge. The 11 12 department shall seal the record until such time as the order is voided by the court. 13

(d) On or after July 1, 1992, the department or any 14 15 other criminal justice agency is not required to act on an 16 order to expunge entered by a court when such order does not 17 comply with the requirements of this section. Upon receipt of such an order, the department must notify the issuing court, 18 the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor, the 19 20 petitioner or the petitioner's attorney, and the arresting 21 agency of the reason for noncompliance. The appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor shall take action within 60 22 days to correct the record and petition the court to void the 23 24 order. No cause of action, including contempt of court, shall 25 arise against any criminal justice agency for failure to comply with an order to expunge when the petitioner for such 26 27 order failed to obtain the certificate of eligibility as 28 required by this section or such order does not otherwise comply with the requirements of this section. 29

30 (4) EFFECT OF CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD EXPUNCTION. -- Any
 31 criminal history record of a minor or an adult which is

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ordered expunged by a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant 1 2 to this section must be physically destroyed or obliterated by 3 any criminal justice agency having custody of such record; 4 except that any criminal history record in the custody of the 5 department must be retained in all cases. A criminal history 6 record ordered expunged that is retained by the department is 7 confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1)and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and not 8 9 available to any person or entity except upon order of a court 10 of competent jurisdiction. A criminal justice agency may 11 retain a notation indicating compliance with an order to 12 expunge.

(a) The person who is the subject of a criminal history record that is expunged under this section or under other provisions of law, including former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, and former s. 943.058, may lawfully deny or fail to acknowledge the arrests covered by the expunged record, except when the subject of the record:

1. Is a candidate for employment with a criminal
 justice agency;

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2. Is a defendant in a criminal prosecution;

22 3. Concurrently or subsequently petitions for relief23 under this section or s. 943.059;

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4. Is a candidate for admission to The Florida Bar;

5. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by or to contract with the Department of Children and Family Services or the Department of Juvenile Justice or to be employed or used by such contractor or licensee in a sensitive position having direct contact with children, the developmentally disabled, the aged, or the elderly as provided in s. 110.1127(3), s. 393.063(14), s. 394.4572(1), s. 397.451, s.

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1 402.302(8), s. 402.313(3), s. 409.175(2)(i), s. 415.102(4), s. 2 415.1075(4), s. 985.407, or chapter 400; or

6. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by the Office
of Teacher Education, Certification, Staff Development, and
Professional Practices of the Department of Education, any
district school board, or any local governmental entity that
licenses child care facilities.

8 (b) Subject to the exceptions in paragraph (a), a 9 person who has been granted an expunction under this section, 10 former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 may 11 not be held under any provision of law of this state to commit 12 perjury or to be otherwise liable for giving a false statement 13 by reason of such person's failure to recite or acknowledge an 14 expunged criminal history record.

15 (c) Information relating to the existence of an 16 expunged criminal history record which is provided in 17 accordance with paragraph (a) is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the 18 State Constitution, except that the department shall disclose 19 the existence of a criminal history record ordered expunged to 20 21 the entities set forth in subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., and 6.for their respective licensing and employment purposes, and to 22 criminal justice agencies for their respective criminal 23 24 justice purposes. It is unlawful for any employee of an 25 entity set forth in subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)4., subparagraph (a)5., or subparagraph (a)6. to disclose 26 27 information relating to the existence of an expunged criminal 28 history record of a person seeking employment or licensure 29 with such entity or contractor, except to the person to whom 30 the criminal history record relates or to persons having 31 direct responsibility for employment or licensure decisions.

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Any person who violates this paragraph commits a misdemeanor
 of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or
 s. 775.083.

4 943.059 Court-ordered sealing of criminal history records.--The courts of this state shall continue to have 5 jurisdiction over their own procedures, including the 6 7 maintenance, sealing, and correction of judicial records containing criminal history information to the extent such 8 procedures are not inconsistent with the conditions, 9 10 responsibilities, and duties established by this section. Any court of competent jurisdiction may order a criminal justice 11 12 agency to seal the criminal history record of a minor or an 13 adult who complies with the requirements of this section. The court shall not order a criminal justice agency to seal a 14 15 criminal history record until the person seeking to seal a 16 criminal history record has applied for and received a 17 certificate of eligibility for sealing pursuant to subsection 18 (2). A criminal history record that relates to a violation of chapter 794, s. 800.04, s. 817.034, s. 827.071, chapter 839, 19 s. 893.135, or a violation enumerated in s. 907.041 may not be 20 sealed, without regard to whether adjudication was withheld, 21 if the defendant was found guilty of or pled guilty or nolo 22 contendere to the offense, or if the defendant, as a minor, 23 24 was found to have committed or pled guilty or nolo contendere 25 to committing the offense as a delinquent act. The court may only order sealing of a criminal history record pertaining to 26 27 one arrest or one incident of alleged criminal activity, except as provided in this section. The court may, at its sole 28 discretion, order the sealing of a criminal history record 29 30 pertaining to more than one arrest if the additional arrests 31 directly relate to the original arrest. If the court intends

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to order the sealing of records pertaining to such additional 1 2 arrests, such intent must be specified in the order. Α 3 criminal justice agency may not seal any record pertaining to 4 such additional arrests if the order to seal does not articulate the intention of the court to seal records 5 pertaining to more than one arrest. This section does not 6 7 prevent the court from ordering the sealing of only a portion of a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest or one 8 incident of alleged criminal activity. Notwithstanding any law 9 10 to the contrary, a criminal justice agency may comply with laws, court orders, and official requests of other 11 12 jurisdictions relating to sealing, correction, or confidential handling of criminal history records or information derived 13 therefrom. This section does not confer any right to the 14 15 sealing of any criminal history record, and any request for 16 sealing a criminal history record may be denied at the sole 17 discretion of the court. (1) PETITION TO SEAL A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD.--Each 18 petition to a court to seal a criminal history record is 19 20 complete only when accompanied by: 21 (a) A certificate of eligibility for sealing issued by 22 the department pursuant to subsection (2). 23 (b) The petitioner's sworn statement attesting that 24 the petitioner: 1. Has never previously been adjudicated guilty of a 25 criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation or 26 27 adjudicated delinquent for committing a felony or a misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b). 28 2. Has not been adjudicated guilty of or adjudicated 29 30 delinquent for committing any of the acts stemming from the 31 arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to 19

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seal pertains. 1 2 3. Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of 3 a criminal history record under this section, former s. 4 893.14, former s. 901.33, former s. 943.058, or from any 5 jurisdiction outside the state. 6 4. Is eligible for such a sealing to the best of his 7 or her knowledge or belief and does not have any other 8 petition to seal or any petition to expunge pending before any 9 court. 10 Any person who knowingly provides false information on such 11 12 sworn statement to the court commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or 13 14 s. 775.084. 15 (2) CERTIFICATE OF ELIGIBILITY FOR SEALING. -- Prior to 16 petitioning the court to seal a criminal history record, a 17 person seeking to seal a criminal history record shall apply to the department for a certificate of eligibility for 18 sealing. The department shall, by rule adopted pursuant to 19 chapter 120, establish procedures pertaining to the 20 21 application for and issuance of certificates of eligibility for sealing. The department shall issue a certificate of 22 eligibility for sealing to a person who is the subject of a 23 24 criminal history record provided that such person: 25 (a) Has submitted to the department a certified copy of the disposition of the charge to which the petition to seal 26 27 pertains. 28 (b) Remits a \$75 processing fee to the department for placement in the Department of Law Enforcement Operating Trust 29 30 Fund, unless such fee is waived by the executive director. 31 (c) Has never previously been adjudicated guilty of a 20 4:27 PM 04/20/99

criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation or
 adjudicated delinquent for committing a felony or a
 misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b).

4 (d) Has not been adjudicated guilty of or adjudicated
5 delinquent for committing any of the acts stemming from the
6 arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to
7 seal pertains.

8 (e) Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of
9 a criminal history record under this section, former s.
10 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058.

(f) Is no longer under court supervision applicable to the disposition of the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to seal pertains.

(3) PROCESSING OF A PETITION OR ORDER TO SEAL.--14 15 (a) In judicial proceedings under this section, a copy 16 of the completed petition to seal shall be served upon the 17 appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and upon the arresting agency; however, it is not necessary to 18 make any agency other than the state a party. The appropriate 19 20 state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and the arresting 21 agency may respond to the court regarding the completed petition to seal. 22

(b) If relief is granted by the court, the clerk of 23 24 the court shall certify copies of the order to the appropriate 25 state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and to the arresting agency. The arresting agency is responsible for 26 27 forwarding the order to any other agency to which the arresting agency disseminated the criminal history record 28 information to which the order pertains. The department shall 29 30 forward the order to seal to the Federal Bureau of 31 Investigation. The clerk of the court shall certify a copy of

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1 the order to any other agency which the records of the court 2 reflect has received the criminal history record from the 3 court.

4 (c) For an order to seal entered by a court prior to 5 July 1, 1992, the department shall notify the appropriate 6 state attorney or statewide prosecutor of any order to seal 7 which is contrary to law because the person who is the subject of the record has previously been convicted of a crime or 8 9 comparable ordinance violation or has had a prior criminal 10 history record sealed or expunged. Upon receipt of such 11 notice, the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor 12 shall take action, within 60 days, to correct the record and 13 petition the court to void the order to seal. The department shall seal the record until such time as the order is voided 14 15 by the court.

(d) On or after July 1, 1992, the department or any 16 17 other criminal justice agency is not required to act on an order to seal entered by a court when such order does not 18 comply with the requirements of this section. Upon receipt of 19 20 such an order, the department must notify the issuing court, 21 the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor, the petitioner or the petitioner's attorney, and the arresting 22 agency of the reason for noncompliance. The appropriate state 23 24 attorney or statewide prosecutor shall take action within 60 25 days to correct the record and petition the court to void the order. No cause of action, including contempt of court, shall 26 27 arise against any criminal justice agency for failure to comply with an order to seal when the petitioner for such 28 order failed to obtain the certificate of eligibility as 29 30 required by this section or when such order does not comply 31 with the requirements of this section.

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An order sealing a criminal history record 1 (e) 2 pursuant to this section does not require that such record be 3 surrendered to the court, and such record shall continue to be 4 maintained by the department and other criminal justice 5 agencies. 6 (4) EFFECT OF CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD SEALING. -- A 7 criminal history record of a minor or an adult which is ordered sealed by a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant 8 to this section is confidential and exempt from the provisions 9 10 of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and is available only to the person who is the subject of the 11 12 record, to the subject's attorney, to criminal justice 13 agencies for their respective criminal justice purposes, or to those entities set forth in subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., and 14 15 6. for their respective licensing and employment purposes. 16 (a) The subject of a criminal history record sealed 17 under this section or under other provisions of law, including former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, and former s. 943.058, may 18 lawfully deny or fail to acknowledge the arrests covered by 19 20 the sealed record, except when the subject of the record: 21 Is a candidate for employment with a criminal 1. 22 justice agency; Is a defendant in a criminal prosecution; 23 2. 24 3. Concurrently or subsequently petitions for relief under this section or s. 943.0585; 25 Is a candidate for admission to The Florida Bar; 26 4. 27 Is seeking to be employed or licensed by or to 5. 28 contract with the Department of Children and Family Services or the Department of Juvenile Justice or to be employed or 29 30 used by such contractor or licensee in a sensitive position 31 having direct contact with children, the developmentally 23

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Bill No. <u>CS for SB 748</u>

Amendment No. ____

disabled, the aged, or the elderly as provided in s. 1 2 110.1127(3), s. 393.063(14), s. 394.4572(1), s. 397.451, s. 3 402.302(8), s. 402.313(3), s. 409.175(2)(i), s. 415.102(4), s. 4 415.103, s. 985.407, or chapter 400; or 5 Is seeking to be employed or licensed by the Office 6. of Teacher Education, Certification, Staff Development, and 6 7 Professional Practices of the Department of Education, any district school board, or any local governmental entity which 8 9 licenses child care facilities. 10 (b) Subject to the exceptions in paragraph (a), a person who has been granted a sealing under this section, 11 12 former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 may 13 not be held under any provision of law of this state to commit perjury or to be otherwise liable for giving a false statement 14 15 by reason of such person's failure to recite or acknowledge a 16 sealed criminal history record. 17 (c) Information relating to the existence of a sealed criminal record provided in accordance with the provisions of 18 paragraph (a) is confidential and exempt from the provisions 19 of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State 20 21 Constitution, except that the department shall disclose the sealed criminal history record to the entities set forth in 22 subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., and 6. for their respective 23 24 licensing and employment purposes. It is unlawful for any 25 employee of an entity set forth in subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)4., subparagraph (a)5., or subparagraph (a)6. 26 27 to disclose information relating to the existence of a sealed criminal history record of a person seeking employment or 28 licensure with such entity or contractor, except to the person 29 30 to whom the criminal history record relates or to persons 31 having direct responsibility for employment or licensure

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decisions. Any person who violates the provisions of this 1 2 paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, 3 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 4 Section 4. Rules 3.131 and 3.132, Florida Rules of 5 Criminal Procedure, are hereby repealed to the extent that 6 they are inconsistent with this act. 7 Section 5. Section 903.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 8 9 903.31 Canceling the bond.--10 (1) Within 10 business days after the conditions of a bond have been satisfied or the forfeiture discharged or 11 12 remitted, the court shall order the bond canceled and, if the surety has attached a certificate of cancellation to the 13 original bond, shall furnish an executed certificate of 14 15 cancellation to the surety without cost. An adjudication of 16 guilt or innocence of the defendant shall satisfy the 17 conditions of the bond. The original appearance bond shall not be construed to guarantee deferred sentences, appearance 18 during or after a presentence investigation, appearance during 19 20 or after appeals, conduct during or appearance after admission 21 to a pretrial intervention program, payment of fines, or attendance at educational or rehabilitation facilities the 22 court otherwise provides in the judgment. 23 24 (2) In any case where no formal charges have been 25 brought against defendant within 365 days after arrest, the 26 court shall order the bond canceled unless good cause is shown 27 by the state. Section 6. This act shall take effect October 1, 1999, 28 except that section 4 shall take effect only if this act is 29 30 passed by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the membership 31 of each house of the Legislature.

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1 2 And the title is amended as follows: 3 Delete everything before the enacting clause 4 5 and insert: 6 A bill to be entitled 7 An act relating to pretrial detention; providing a short title; amending s. 907.041, 8 F.S.; revising criteria for pretrial detention; 9 10 permitting the court to order pretrial detention under specified circumstances when it 11 12 finds a substantial probability that a 13 defendant committed the charged crime of DUI manslaughter as defined by s. 316.193, F.S., 14 15 relating to driving under the influence, and that the defendant poses the threat of harm to 16 17 the community; specifying certain conditions that would support a finding that the defendant 18 poses the threat of harm to the community; 19 deleting requirement for additional court 20 21 findings for pretrial detention; permitting pretrial detention for any violation of 22 conditions of pretrial release or bond which, 23 24 in the discretion of the court, supports a finding that no condition of release can 25 26 reasonably protect the community from physical 27 harm, assure the presence of the accused at trial, or assure the integrity of the judicial 28 process; deleting limitation upon detention 29 30 period when detention is based on threat of harm to the community; authorizing a court to 31

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1	detain a defendant at a bail hearing without
2	separate hearing or motion for pretrial
3	detention; authorizing the state to orally move
4	for pretrial detention any time the defendant
5	is before the court for a bail hearing;
6	providing for construction; reenacting s.
7	790.065(2)(c), F.S., relating to sale and
8	delivery of firearms, s. 943.0585, F.S.,
9	relating to court-ordered expunction of
10	criminal history records, and s. 943.059, F.S.,
11	relating to court-ordered sealing of criminal
12	history records, to incorporate said amendment
13	in references; repealing Rules 3.131 and 3.132,
14	Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure, relating
15	to pretrial release and pretrial detention, to
16	the extent of inconsistency with the act;
17	amending s. 903.31, F.S.; providing for
18	cancellation of bond under certain
19	circumstances; providing an effective date.
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