1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to elections; amending s.
3	230.10, F.S.; providing for the election of
4	school board members in a nonpartisan election;
5	amending s. 105.031, F.S.; providing for
б	qualifying for nonpartisan office; directing
7	filing fees for nonpartisan candidates to the
8	Elections Commission Trust Fund; amending s.
9	105.035, F.S.; providing an alternative method
10	of qualifying for nonpartisan candidates;
11	eliminating the requirement for an undue burden
12	oath; amending s. 105.041, F.S.; revising
13	ballots for nonpartisan candidates; amending s.
14	105.051, F.S.; providing for determination of
15	election for nonpartisan candidates; amending
16	s. 105.061, F.S.; providing for the electors
17	that are eligible to vote for nonpartisan
18	candidates; amending s. 105.08, F.S.; providing
19	for reporting of contributions and expenditures
20	for nonpartisan candidates; amending ss.
21	99.061, 101.141, 101.151, 101.251, 230.061,
22	230.105, F.S.; conforming provisions; repealing
23	s. 230.08, F.S., relating to nomination of
24	candidates for school board; amending s.
25	228.053, F.S.; correcting a cross-reference;
26	providing an effective date.
27	
28	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
29	
30	Section 1. Section 230.10, Florida Statutes, is
31	amended to read:
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COD	ING:Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

1	230.10 Election of board by districtwide
2	voteNotwithstanding any provision of local law or any
3	county charter, the election of members of the school board
4	shall be by vote of the qualified electors of the entire
5	district in a nonpartisan election as provided in chapter 105.
6	Each candidate for school board member shall, at the time she
7	or he qualifies, be a resident of the school board member
8	residence area from which the candidate seeks election. Each
9	candidate who qualifies to have her or his name placed on the
10	ballot of the general election shall be listed according to
11	the school board member residence area in which she or he
12	resides. Each qualified elector of the district shall be
13	entitled to vote for one candidate from each school board
14	member residence area. The candidate from each school board
15	member residence area who receives the highest number of votes
16	in the general election shall be elected to the school board.
17	Section 2. Section 105.031, Florida Statutes, is
18	amended to read:
19	105.031 Qualification; filing fee; candidate's oath;
20	items required to be filed
21	(1) TIME OF QUALIFYINGExcept for candidates for
22	judicial office, nonpartisan candidates for multicounty office
23	shall qualify with the Division of Elections of the Department
24	of State and nonpartisan candidates for countywide or less
25	than countywide office shall qualify with the supervisor of
26	elections.Candidates for judicial office other than the
27	office of county court judge shall qualify with the Division
28	of Elections of the Department of State, and candidates for
29	the office of county court judge shall qualify with the
30	supervisor of elections of the county <u>.</u> -Candidates shall
31	\underline{q} ualify no earlier than noon of the 50th day, and no later
	2

than noon of the 46th day, before the first primary election. 1 Filing shall be on forms provided for that purpose by the 2 3 Division of Elections and furnished by the appropriate 4 qualifying officer. Any person seeking to qualify as a 5 candidate for circuit judge or county court judge by the 6 alternative method, if the person has submitted the necessary 7 petitions by the required deadline and is notified after the 8 fifth day prior to the last day for qualifying that the 9 required number of signatures has been obtained, shall be entitled to subscribe to the candidate's oath and file the 10 qualifying papers at any time within 5 days from the date he 11 12 or she is notified that the necessary number of signatures has been obtained. Any person other than a write-in candidate who 13 14 qualifies within the time prescribed in this subsection shall be entitled to have his or her name printed on the ballot. 15 (2) FILING IN GROUPS OR DISTRICTS.--Candidates shall 16 17 qualify in groups or districts where multiple judicial offices 18 are to be filled. 19 (3) QUALIFYING FEE.--Each candidate qualifying for 20 election to a nonpartisan judicial office, except write-in judicial candidates, shall, during the time for qualifying, 21 pay to the officer with whom he or she qualifies a qualifying 22 23 fee, which shall consist of a filing fee and an election assessment, or qualify by the alternative method. The amount 24 of the filing fee is 3 percent of the annual salary of the 25 26 office sought. The amount of the election assessment is 1 percent of the annual salary of the office sought. 27 The 28 qualifying officer shall forward all filing fees to the chief 29 financial officer Department of Revenue for deposit in the Elections Commission Trust General Revenue Fund. The election 30 assessment shall be deposited into the Elections Commission 31 3

Trust Fund. The annual salary of the office for purposes of
 computing the qualifying fee shall be computed by multiplying
 12 times the monthly salary authorized for such office as of
 July 1 immediately preceding the first day of qualifying.
 This subsection shall not apply to candidates qualifying for
 retention to judicial office.

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(4) CANDIDATE'S OATH.--

8 (a) All candidates for judicial office shall subscribe 9 to an oath or affirmation in writing to be filed with the 10 appropriate qualifying officer upon qualifying. A printed 11 copy of the oath or affirmation shall be furnished to the 12 candidate by the qualifying officer and shall be in 13 substantially the following form:

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15 State of Florida

16 County of

17 Before me, an officer authorized to administer oaths, personally appeared ... (please print name as you wish it to 18 19 appear on the ballot)..., to me well known, who, being sworn, says he or she: is a candidate for the judicial office of 20; that his or her legal residence is County, Florida; 21 that he or she is a qualified elector of the state and of the 22 23 territorial jurisdiction of the court to which he or she seeks election; that he or she is qualified under the constitution 24 and laws of Florida to hold the judicial office to which he or 25 26 she desires to be elected or in which he or she desires to be 27 retained; that he or she has taken the oath required by ss. 876.05-876.10, Florida Statutes; that he or she has qualified 28 29 for no other public office in the state, the term of which office or any part thereof runs concurrent to the office he or 30 she seeks; and that he or she has resigned from any office 31

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which he or she is required to resign pursuant to s. 99.012, 1 2 Florida Statutes. 3 ... (Signature of candidate)... 4 ...(Address)... 5 6 Sworn to and subscribed before me this day of, 7 19...., at County, Florida. ... (Signature and title of officer administering oath)... 8 9 (b) Except as provided in paragraph (a), all nonpartisan candidates shall subscribe to the oath as 10 prescribed in s. 99.021. 11 (5) ITEMS REQUIRED TO BE FILED.--12 13 (a) In order for a nonpartisan candidate for judicial 14 office to be qualified, the following items must be received 15 by the filing officer by the end of the qualifying period: Except for candidates for retention to judicial 16 1. 17 office, For each candidate qualifying for the office of circuit judge or county court judge, a properly executed check 18 19 drawn upon the candidate's campaign account in an amount not less than the fee required by subsection (3) or, in lieu 20 thereof, the copy of the notice of obtaining ballot position 21 pursuant to s. 105.035. If a candidate's check is returned by 22 23 the bank for any reason, the filing officer shall immediately notify the candidate and the candidate shall, the end of 24 qualifying notwithstanding, have 48 hours from the time such 25 26 notification is received, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and 27 legal holidays, to pay the fee with a cashier's check purchased from funds of the campaign account. Failure to pay 28 29 the fee as provided in this subparagraph shall disqualify the 30 candidate. 31 5

1	2 The condidate is each nervined by subsection (4)
1	2. The candidate's oath required by subsection (4),
2	which must contain the name of the candidate as it is to
3	appear on the ballot; the office sought, including the
4	district or group number if applicable; and the signature of
5	the candidate, duly acknowledged.
6	3. The loyalty oath required by s. 876.05, signed by
7	the candidate and duly acknowledged.
8	4. The completed form for the appointment of campaign
9	treasurer and designation of campaign depository, as required
10	by s. 106.021.
11	5. The full and public disclosure of financial
12	interests required by s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution
13	or the statement of financial interests required by s.
14	112.3145, whichever is applicable.
15	(b) If the filing officer receives qualifying papers
16	that do not include all items as required by paragraph (a)
17	prior to the last day of qualifying, the filing officer shall
18	make a reasonable effort to notify the candidate of the
19	missing or incomplete items and shall inform the candidate
20	that all required items must be received by the close of
21	qualifying. A candidate's name as it is to appear on the
22	ballot may not be changed after the end of qualifying.
23	Section 3. Section 105.035, Florida Statutes, is
24	amended to read:
25	105.035 Alternative method of qualifying for
26	<u>nonpartisan</u> certain judicial offices
27	(1) A person seeking to qualify for election to
28	nonpartisan the office of circuit judge or county court judge
29	who is unable to pay the qualifying fee without imposing an
30	undue burden on his or her personal resources or on resources
31	otherwise available to him or her may qualify for election to
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such office by means of the petitioning process prescribed in 1 2 this section. A person qualifying by this alternative method 3 is not required to pay the qualifying fee required by this 4 chapter.A person using this petitioning process shall file an 5 oath with the officer before whom the candidate would qualify for the office stating that he or she intends to qualify for 6 7 the office sought and stating that he or she is unable to pay 8 the qualifying fee for the office without imposing an undue 9 burden on his or her resources or on resources otherwise available to him or her. Such oath shall be filed at any time 10 after the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January of 11 12 the year in which the election is held, but prior to the 21st day preceding the first day of the qualifying period for the 13 14 office sought. The form of such oath shall be prescribed by 15 the Division of Elections. No signatures shall be obtained until the person has filed the oath prescribed in this 16 17 subsection.

18 (2) Upon receipt of a written oath from a candidate, 19 the qualifying officer shall provide the candidate with petition forms in sufficient numbers to facilitate the 20 gathering of signatures pursuant to this section. 21 No signature shall be counted toward the number of signatures 22 23 required unless it is on a petition form prescribed pursuant to this subsection. Such forms shall be prescribed by the 24 Division of Elections. If the candidate is running for an 25 26 office which will be grouped on the ballot with two or more similar offices to be filled at the same election, the 27 candidate's petition must indicate, prior to the obtaining of 28 29 registered electors' signatures, for which group or district the candidate is running. 30

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(3) A nonpartisan candidate for the office of circuit 1 2 judge shall obtain the signature of a number of qualified 3 electors equal to at least 3 percent of the total number of 4 registered electors of the district, circuit, county, or other 5 geographical entity represented by the office sought judicial 6 circuit as shown by the compilation by the Department of State 7 for the last preceding general election. A candidate for the 8 office of county court judge shall obtain the signatures of a 9 number of qualified electors equal to at least 3 percent of 10 the total number of registered electors of the county, as shown by the compilation by the Department of State for the 11 12 last preceding general election. A separate petition shall be circulated for each candidate availing himself or herself of 13 14 the provisions of this section. (4)(a) Each candidate seeking to qualify for election 15 to a multicounty the office of circuit judge pursuant to this 16 17 section shall file a separate petition from each county from 18 which signatures are sought. Each petition shall be 19 submitted, prior to noon of the 21st day preceding the first day of the qualifying period for the office sought, to the 20 supervisor of elections of the county for which such petition 21 was circulated. Each supervisor of elections to whom a 22 petition is submitted shall check the signatures on the 23 petition to verify their status as electors of that county and 24 of the district, circuit, or other geographical entity 25 26 represented by the office sought within the judicial circuit. Prior to the first date for qualifying, the supervisor shall 27 28 certify the number shown as registered electors of that county 29 within the circuit and submit such certification to the Division of Elections. The division shall determine whether 30 the required number of signatures has been obtained for the 31 8

name of the candidate to be placed on the ballot and shall 1 notify the candidate. If the required number of signatures 2 3 has been obtained, the candidate shall, during the time 4 prescribed for qualifying for office, submit a copy of such 5 notice and file his or her qualifying papers and oath 6 prescribed in s. 105.031 with the Division of Elections. Upon 7 receipt of the copy of such notice and qualifying papers, the 8 division shall certify the name of the candidate to the 9 appropriate supervisor or supervisors of elections as having qualified for the office sought. 10 (b) Each candidate seeking to qualify for election to 11 a countywide the office or an office elected on less than a 12 countywide basis of county court judge pursuant to this 13 14 section shall submit his or her petition, prior to noon of the 15 21st day preceding the first day of the qualifying period for the office sought, to the supervisor of elections of the 16 17 county for which such petition was circulated. The supervisor 18 shall check the signatures on the petition to verify their 19 status as electors of the county and of the geographical 20 entity represented by the office sought. Prior to the first date for qualifying, the supervisor shall determine whether 21 the required number of signatures has been obtained for the 22 23 name of the candidate to be placed on the ballot and shall notify the candidate. If the required number of signatures 24 has been obtained, the candidate shall, during the time 25 26 prescribed for qualifying for office, submit a copy of such 27 notice and file his or her qualifying papers and oath prescribed in s. 105.031 with the qualifying officer 28 29 supervisor of elections. Upon receipt of the copy of such 30 notice and qualifying papers by the supervisor of elections, 31

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such candidate shall be entitled to have his or her name 1 2 printed on the ballot. 3 Section 4. Section 105.041, Florida Statutes, is 4 amended to read: 5 105.041 Form of ballot.--6 (1) BALLOTS.--The names of candidates for nonpartisan 7 judicial office which appear on the ballot at the first 8 primary election shall either be grouped together on a 9 separate portion of the ballot or on a separate ballot. The names of candidates for nonpartisan judicial office which 10 appear on the ballot at the general election and the names of 11 12 justices and judges seeking retention to office shall be 13 grouped together on a separate portion of the general election 14 ballot. 15 (2) LISTING OF CANDIDATES. -- The order of nonpartisan offices appearing on the ballot shall be determined by the 16 17 Department of State. The names of all candidates for each 18 nonpartisan the office of circuit judge or the office of 19 county court judge shall be listed in alphabetical order. With respect to justices and judges of district courts of 20 appeal, the question "Shall Justice (or Judge) (name of 21 22 justice or judge) of the (name of the court) be retained in 23 office?" shall appear on the ballot and thereafter the words "Yes" and "No." 24 (3) REFERENCE TO PARTY AFFILIATION PROHIBITED. -- No 25 26 reference to political party affiliation shall appear on any 27 ballot with respect to any nonpartisan judicial office or 28 candidate. 29 (4) WRITE-IN CANDIDATES.--Space shall be made available on the general election ballot for an elector to 30 write in the name of a write-in candidate for nonpartisan 31 10 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

office judge of a circuit court or county court if a candidate 1 has qualified as a write-in candidate for such office pursuant 2 3 to s. 105.031. This subsection does not apply to the offices 4 of justices and judges seeking retention. 5 Section 5. Section 105.051, Florida Statutes, is 6 amended to read: 7 105.051 Determination of election to office.--8 (1)(a) The name of an unopposed candidate for 9 nonpartisan the office of circuit judge or county court judge 10 shall not appear on any ballot, and such candidate shall be deemed to have voted for himself or herself at the general 11 12 election. If two or more candidates, neither of whom is a 13 (b) 14 write-in candidate, qualify for such an office, the names of 15 those candidates shall be placed on the ballot at the first primary election. If any candidate for such office receives a 16 17 majority of the votes cast for such office in the first primary election, the name of the candidate who receives such 18 19 majority shall not appear on any other ballot unless a write-in candidate has qualified for such office. An 20 unopposed candidate shall be deemed to have voted for himself 21 or herself at the general election. If no candidate for such 22 23 office receives a majority of the votes cast for such office in the first primary election, the names of the two candidates 24 receiving the highest number of votes for such office shall be 25 26 placed on the general election ballot. If more than two candidates receive an equal and highest number of votes, the 27 name of each candidate receiving an equal and highest number 28 29 of votes shall be placed on the general election ballot. In any contest in which there is a tie for second place and the 30 candidate placing first did not receive a majority of the 31 11

votes cast for such office, the name of the candidate placing 1 first and the name of each candidate tying for second shall be 2 3 placed on the general election ballot. 4 (c) The candidate who receives the highest number of 5 votes cast for the office in the general election shall be elected to such office. If the vote at the general election б 7 results in a tie, the outcome shall be determined by lot. (2) With respect to any justice of the Supreme Court 8 9 or judge of a district court of appeal who qualifies to run for retention in office, the question prescribed in s. 10 105.041(2) shall be placed on the ballot at the general 11 12 election. If a majority of the qualified electors voting on such question within the territorial jurisdiction of the court 13 14 vote for retention, the justice or judge shall be retained for 15 a term of 6 years commencing on the first Tuesday after the 16 first Monday in January following the general election. If 17 less than a majority of the qualified electors voting on such question within the territorial jurisdiction of the court vote 18 19 for retention, a vacancy shall exist in such office upon the expiration of the term being served by the justice or judge. 20 21 Section 6. Section 105.061, Florida Statutes, is 22 amended to read: 23 105.061 Electors qualified to vote.--Each qualified elector of the territorial jurisdiction of a nonpartisan 24 office court shall be eligible to vote for a candidate for 25 26 each such judicial office of such court or, in the case of a 27 justice of the Supreme Court or a judge of a district court of appeal, for or against retention of such justice or judge. 28 29 Section 7. Section 105.08, Florida Statutes, is 30 amended to read: 31 105.08 Campaign contribution and expense; reporting.--12 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	(1) A candidate for <u>nonpartisan</u> judicial office may
2	accept contributions and may incur only such expenses as are
3	authorized by law. Each such candidate shall keep an accurate
4	record of his or her contributions and expenses, and shall
5	file reports <u>pursuant to chapter 106</u> thereof on the same basis
6	as is required of a candidate for a nonjudicial state office.
7	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this
8	chapter or chapter 106, a candidate for retention as a justice
9	of the Supreme Court or a judge of a district court of appeal
10	who has not received any contribution or made any expenditure
11	may file a sworn statement at the time of qualifying that he
12	or she does not anticipate receiving contributions or making
13	expenditures in connection with the candidacy for retention to
14	office. Such candidate shall file a final report pursuant to
15	s. 106.141, within 90 days following the general election for
16	which the candidate's name appeared on the ballot for
17	retention. Any such candidate for retention to judicial office
18	who, after filing a statement pursuant to this subsection,
19	receives any contribution or makes any expenditure in
20	connection with the candidacy for retention shall immediately
21	file a statement to that effect with the qualifying officer
22	and shall begin filing reports as an opposed candidate
23	pursuant to s. 106.07.
24	Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 99.061, Florida
25	Statutes, is amended to read:
26	99.061 Method of qualifying for nomination or election
27	to federal, state, county, or district office
28	(1) The provisions of any special act to the contrary
29	notwithstanding, each person seeking to qualify for nomination
30	or election to a federal, state, or multicounty district
31	office, other than a <u>nonpartisan</u> judicial office as defined in
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chapter 105, shall file his or her qualification papers with, 1 and pay the qualifying fee, which shall consist of the filing 2 fee and election assessment, and party assessment, if any has 3 4 been levied, to, the Department of State, or qualify by the alternative method with the Department of State, at any time 5 after noon of the 1st day for qualifying, which shall be as 6 7 follows: the 120th day prior to the first primary, but not later than noon of the 116th day prior to the date of the 8 9 first primary, for persons seeking to qualify for nomination or election to federal office; and noon of the 50th day prior 10 to the first primary, but not later than noon of the 46th day 11 12 prior to the date of the first primary, for persons seeking to qualify for nomination or election to a state or multicounty 13 14 district office. However, the qualifying fee, if any, paid by 15 an independent candidate or a minor party candidate shall be 16 refunded to such candidate by the qualifying officer within 10 17 days from the date that the determination is made that such candidate or minor party failed to obtain the required number 18 19 of signatures. 20 Section 9. Subsection (4) of section 101.141, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 21 22 101.141 Specifications for primary election 23 ballot .-- In counties in which voting machines are not used, and in other counties for use as absentee ballots not designed 24 for tabulation by an electronic or electromechanical voting 25 26 system, the primary election ballot shall conform to the 27 following specifications: (4) The ballot shall have the headings, under which 28 29 appear the names of the offices and the candidates for the respective offices alphabetically arranged as to surnames, in 30 the following order: the heading "Congressional" and 31 14 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

thereunder the offices of United States Senator and 1 Representative in Congress; the heading "State" and thereunder 2 3 the offices of Governor and Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of 4 State, Attorney General, Comptroller, Treasurer, Commissioner 5 of Education, Commissioner of Agriculture, state attorney, and public defender; the heading "Legislative" and thereunder the б 7 offices of state senator and state representative; the heading "County" and thereunder clerk of the circuit court, clerk of 8 9 the county court (when authorized by law), sheriff, property 10 appraiser, tax collector, district superintendent of schools, and supervisor of elections. Thereafter follows: members of 11 12 the board of county commissioners, members of the district 13 school board, and such other county and district offices as 14 are involved in the primary election, in the order fixed by 15 the Department of State, followed, in the years of their election, by "Party offices," and thereunder the offices of 16 17 state and county party executive committee members. Immediately following the name of each office on the ballot 18 19 shall be printed, "Vote for One." When more than one candidate is to be nominated for office, the candidates for 20 such office shall qualify and run in a group or district. The 21 22 group or district number shall be printed beneath the name of 23 the office. The names of candidates in the respective group or district shall be arranged thereunder in alphabetical order 24 as to surnames, and following the group or district number 25 there shall be printed the words, "Vote for One." The name of 26 the office shall be printed over each numbered group or 27 district and each numbered group or district shall be clearly 28 29 separated from the next numbered group or district, the same as in the case of single offices. When two or more candidates 30 running for the same office have the same or similar surname 31

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1 and one candidate is currently holding that office, the word 2 "Incumbent" shall be printed next to the incumbent's name. If 3 in any primary election all the offices as above set forth are 4 not involved, those offices to be filled shall be arranged on 5 the ballot in the order named.

6 Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section7 101.151, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

8 101.151 Specifications for general election 9 ballot.--In counties in which voting machines are not used, 10 and in other counties for use as absentee ballots not designed 11 for tabulation by an electronic or electromechanical voting 12 system, the general election ballot shall conform to the 13 following specifications:

14 (3)(a) Beneath the caption and preceding the names of 15 candidates shall be the following words: "To vote for a candidate whose name is printed on the ballot, place a cross 16 17 (X) mark in the blank space at the right of the name of the candidate for whom you desire to vote. To vote for a write-in 18 19 candidate, write the name of the candidate in the blank space provided for that purpose." The ballot shall have headings 20 under which shall appear the names of the offices and names of 21 22 duly nominated candidates for the respective offices in the 23 following order: the heading "Electors for President and Vice President" and thereunder the names of the candidates for 24 President and Vice President of the United States nominated by 25 26 the political party which received the highest vote for 27 Governor in the last general election of the Governor in this state, above which shall appear the name of said party. 28 Then 29 shall appear the names of other candidates for President and Vice President of the United States who have been properly 30 nominated. Votes cast for write-in candidates for President 31

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and Vice President shall be counted as votes cast for the 1 presidential electors supporting such candidates. Then shall 2 3 follow the heading "Congressional" and thereunder the offices 4 of United States Senator and Representative in Congress; then 5 the heading "State" and thereunder the offices of Governor and Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney General, 6 Comptroller, Treasurer, Commissioner of Education, 7 Commissioner of Agriculture, state attorney, and public 8 9 defender, together with the names of the candidates for each office and the title of the office which they seek; then the 10 heading "Legislative" and thereunder the offices of state 11 12 senator and state representative; then the heading "County" and thereunder clerk of the circuit court, clerk of the county 13 14 court (when authorized by law), sheriff, property appraiser, 15 tax collector, district superintendent of schools, and supervisor of elections. Thereafter follows: members of the 16 17 board of county commissioners, members of the district school board, and such other county offices as are involved in the 18 19 general election, in the order fixed by the Department of State. When a write-in candidate has qualified for any 20 office, a subheading "Write-in Candidate for ... (name of 21 office)... " shall be provided followed by a blank space in 22 23 which to write the name of the candidate. With respect to write-in candidates, if two or more candidates are seeking 24 election to one office, only one blank space shall be 25 26 provided. 27 Section 11. Subsection (2) of section 101.251, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 28 29 101.251 Information which supervisor of elections must 30 print on ballots.--31 17 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	(2) In addition to the names printed on the ballot as
2	provided in subsection (1), the supervisor of elections of
3	each county shall have printed on the general election ballot
4	to be used in the county the names of the <u>nonpartisan</u>
5	candidates judicial officers, as defined in chapter 105,who
6	are entitled to have their names printed on the ballot, and
7	minor party and independent candidates who have obtained a
8	position on the general election ballot in compliance with the
9	requirements of this code.
10	Section 12. Subsection (1) of section 230.061, Florida
11	Statutes, is amended to read:
12	230.061 School board member residence areas
13	(1) For the purpose of nominating and electing school
14	board members, each district shall be divided into at least
15	five district school board member residence areas, which shall
16	be numbered one to five, inclusive, and which shall, as nearly
17	as practicable, be equal in population.
18	(a) For those school districts, which have seven
19	school board members, the district may be divided into five
20	district school board member residence areas, with two school
21	board members elected at large, or the district may be divided
22	into seven district school board member residence areas. In
23	the latter case, the residence areas shall be numbered one to
24	seven inclusive and shall be equal in population as nearly as
25	practicable.
26	(b) For those school districts which have seven school
27	board members, the number of district school board member
28	residence areas shall be determined by resolution passed by a
29	majority vote of the district school board. No district
30	school board shall be required to change the boundaries of the
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district school board member residence areas in accordance
 with the provisions of this act prior to July 1, 1981.

3 Section 13. Subsection (2) of section 230.105, Florida4 Statutes, is amended to read:

5 230.105 Alternate procedure for the election of
6 district school board members to provide for single-member
7 representation.--

8 (2) District school board members shall be nominated 9 and elected to office in accordance with the provisions of ss. 10 230.061 and 230.10, or as otherwise provided by law, unless a 11 proposition calling for single-member representation within 12 the residence areas of the district is submitted to and 13 approved by a majority of the qualified electors voting on 14 such proposition in the manner provided in subsection (3).

(a) If the school board is composed of five members, such proposition shall provide that the five members shall reside one in each of five residence areas, the areas together covering the entire district and as nearly equal in population as practicable, pursuant to s. 230.061, each of whom shall be nominated and elected only by the qualified electors who reside in the same residence area as the member.

(b) If the school board is composed of seven members, at the option of the school board, such proposition shall provide that:

Five of the seven members shall reside one in each
 of five residence areas, the areas together covering the
 entire district and as nearly equal in population as
 practicable, pursuant to s. 230.061, each of whom shall be
 nominated and elected only by the qualified electors who
 reside in the same residence area as the member, and two of
 the seven members shall be nominated and elected at large; or

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1	2. All seven members shall reside one in each of seven
2	residence areas, the areas together covering the entire
3	district and as nearly equal in population as practicable,
4	pursuant to s. 230.061, each of whom shall be nominated and
5	elected only by the qualified electors who reside in the same
6	residence area as the member.
7	(c) All members shall be elected for 4-year terms, but
8	such terms shall be staggered so that, alternately, one more
9	or one less than half of the members elected from residence
10	areas and, if applicable, one of the members elected at large
11	from the entire district are elected every 2 years. Any
12	member may be elected to an initial term of less than 4 years
13	if necessary to achieve or maintain such system of staggered
14	terms.
15	Section 14. Section 230.08, Florida Statutes, is
16	repealed.
17	Section 15. Paragraph (a) of subsection (12) of
18	section 228.053, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
19	228.053 Developmental research schools
20	(12) EXCEPTIONS TO LAWTo encourage innovative
21	practices and facilitate the mission of the developmental
22	research schools, in addition to the exceptions to law
23	specified in s. 229.592(6), the following exceptions shall be
24	permitted for developmental research schools:
25	(a) The methods and requirements of the following
26	statutes shall be held in abeyance: ss. 230.01; 230.02;
27	230.03; 230.04; 230.05; 230.061; 230.08; 230.10; 230.105;
28	230.11; 230.12; 230.15; 230.16; 230.17; 230.173; 230.18;
29	230.19; 230.201; 230.202; 230.21; 230.22; 230.2215; 230.2318;
30	230.232; 230.24; 230.241; 230.26; 230.28; 230.30; 230.303;
31	230.31; 230.32; 230.321; 230.33; 230.35; 230.39; 230.63;
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1	230.64; 230.643; 234.01; 234.021; 234.112; 236.25; 236.261;
2	236.29; 236.31; 236.32; 236.35; 236.36; 236.37; 236.38;
3	236.39; 236.40; 236.41; 236.42; 236.43; 236.44; 236.45;
4	236.46; 236.47; 236.48; 236.49; 236.50; 236.51; 236.52;
5	236.55; 236.56; 237.051; 237.071; 237.091; 237.201; 237.40;
6	and 316.75. With the exception of subsection (16) of s.
7	230.23, s. 230.23 shall be held in abeyance. Reference to
8	school boards in s. 230.23(16) shall mean the president of the
9	university or the president's designee.
10	Section 16. This act shall take effect January 1,
11	2000.
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COD	ING:Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.