## Florida Senate - 1999

## CS for CS for SB 864

By the Committees on Fiscal Policy and Natural Resources

	309-1987-99
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Fish and Wildlife
3	Conservation Commission; amending s. 20.325,
4	F.S.; specifying the divisions in the Fish and
5	Wildlife Conservation Commission; transferring
6	the duties of the Marine Fisheries Commission
7	assigned to the Board of Trustees of the
8	Internal Improvement Trust Fund to the
9	commission; transferring the duties of the Game
10	and Fresh Water Fish Commission to the Fish and
11	Wildlife Conservation Commission; transferring
12	certain duties of the Department of
13	Environmental Protection, Division of Marine
14	Resources and Division of Law Enforcement, to
15	the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission;
16	amending s. 20.255, F.S.; providing for the
17	organization and powers of the Department of
18	Environmental Protection; providing for a
19	transition advisory committee to determine the
20	appropriate number of support service personnel
21	to be transferred; amending s. 206.606, F.S.;
22	revising the distribution of funds; amending s.
23	259.101, F.S.; providing for the sale of
24	conservation lands; amending s. 370.0603, F.S.;
25	establishing the Marine Resources Conservation
26	Trust Fund in the Fish and Wildlife
27	Conservation Commission; amending s. 370.0608,
28	F.S.; revising the use of license fees by the
29	Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission;
30	amending s. 370.16; transferring certain
31	activities related to oysters and shellfish to
	1

1	the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission;
2	amending s. 370.26, F.S.; transferring certain
3	activities related to aquaculture to the Fish
4	and Wildlife Conservation Commission; amending
5	s. 932.7055, F.S.; providing for funds to be
6	deposited into the Forfeited Property Trust
7	Fund; amending ss. 20.055, 23.21, 120.52,
8	120.81, 163.3244, 186.003, 186.005, 229.8058,
9	240.155, 252.365, 253.05, 253.45, 253.75,
10	253.7829, 253.787, 255.502, 258.157, 258.397,
11	258.501, 259.035, 259.036, 282.1095, 282.404,
12	285.09, 285.10, 288.021, 288.975, 316.640,
13	320.08058, 327.02, 327.25, 327.26, 327.28,
14	327.30, 327.35215, 327.395, 327.41, 327.43,
15	327.46, 327.48, 327.70, 327.71, 327.731,
16	327.74, 327.803, 327.804, 327.90, 328.01,
17	339.281, 341.352, 369.20, 369.22, 369.25,
18	370.01, 370.021, 370.028, 370.06, 370.0605,
19	370.0615, 370.062, 370.063, 370.0805, 370.081,
20	370.092, 370.093, 370.1107, 370.1111, 370.12,
21	370.13, 370.14, 370.1405, 370.142, 370.1535,
22	370.17, 370.31, 372.001, 372.01, 372.0215,
23	372.0222, 372.0225, 372.023, 372.025, 372.03,
24	372.051, 372.06, 372.07, 372.071, 372.072,
25	372.0725, 372.073, 372.074, 372.105, 372.106,
26	372.12, 372.121, 372.16, 372.26, 372.265,
27	372.27, 372.31, 372.57, 372.5714, 372.5717,
28	372.5718, 372.574, 372.651, 372.653, 372.66,
29	372.661, 372.662, 372.663, 372.664, 372.6645,
30	372.667, 372.6672, 372.672, 372.673, 372.674,
31	372.70, 372.701, 372.7015, 372.7016, 372.72,

2

1	372.73, 372.74, 372.76, 372.761, 372.77,
2	372.7701, 372.771, 372.85, 372.86, 372.87,
3	372.88, 372.89, 372.901, 372.911, 372.912,
4	372.92, 372.921, 372.922, 372.97, 372.971,
5	372.98, 372.981, 372.99, 372.9901, 372.9903,
6	372.9904, 372.9906, 372.991, 372.992, 372.995,
7	373.453, 373.455, 373.4595, 373.465, 373.466,
8	373.591, 375.021, 375.311, 375.312, 376.121,
9	378.011, 378.036, 378.409, 380.061, 388.45,
10	388.46, 403.0752, 403.0885, 403.413, 403.507,
11	403.508, 403.518, 403.526, 403.527, 403.5365,
12	403.7841, 403.786, 403.787, 403.9325, 403.941,
13	403.9411, 403.961, 403.962, 403.972, 403.973,
14	487.0615, 581.186, 585.21, 597.003, 597.004,
15	597.006, 784.07, 790.06, 790.15, 828.122,
16	832.06, 843.08, 870.04, 943.1728, F.S.;
17	conforming provisions to the State Constitution
18	and this act; repealing s. 370.0205, F.S.,
19	which provides for the use of citizen support
20	organizations; repealing s. 370.025, F.S.,
21	which provides policies for the Marine
22	Fisheries Commission; repealing s. 370.026,
23	F.S., which provides for the creation of the
24	Marine Fisheries Commission; repealing s.
25	370.027, F.S., which provides for rulemaking
26	authority; repealing s. 372.021, F.S., which
27	provides for the powers of the Game and Fresh
28	Water Fish Commission; repealing s. 372.061,
29	F.S., which provides for meetings of the Game
30	and Fresh Water Fish Commission; repealing s.
31	373.1965, F.S., which creates the Coordinating

3

1	Council on the Restoration of the Kissimmee
2	River Valley and Taylor Creek-Nubbins Slough
3	Basin; repealing s. 373.197, F.S., which
4	provides direction for the Kissimmee River
5	Valley and Taylor Creek-Nubbins Slough Basin
6	restoration project; repealing s. 403.261,
7	F.S., which provides for the repeal of
8	rulemaking jurisdiction over air and water
9	pollution; creating s. 403.0611, F.S.;
10	providing for the use of citizen support
11	organizations; creating s. 406.0613, F.S.;
12	providing authorization for publications;
13	creating s. 403.0614, F.S.; providing for the
14	administration of Department of Environmental
15	Protection grant programs; amending ss.
16	161.031, 161.36, 252.937, 309.01, 370.023,
17	370.03, 370.0607, 370.0609, 370.061, 370.07,
18	370.071, 370.08, 370.0821, 370.10, 370.103,
19	370.135, 370.143, 370.15, 370.151, 370.153,
20	370.1603, 370.172, 370.18, 370.19, 370.20,
21	370.21, 372.107, 376.15, 823.11, F.S.;
22	conforming provisions to the State Constitution
23	and this act; authorizing the executive Office
24	of the Governor to transfer funds when
25	necessary because of the reorganization made by
26	this act, after prior consultation with
27	specified legislative committees; providing an
28	effective date.
29	
30	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
31	
	A

4

1 Section 1. Section 20.325, Florida Statutes, is 2 amended to read: 3 20.325 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission.--The Legislature, recognizing the Fish 4 5 and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission б as being specifically provided for and authorized by the State 7 Constitution under s. 9, Art. IV, grants rights and privileges to the commission, as contemplated by s. 6, Art. IV of the 8 State Constitution, equal to those of departments established 9 10 under this chapter, while preserving its constitutional 11 designation and title as a commission. (1) The head of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 12 Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission is the commission 13 appointed by the Governor as provided for in s. 9, Art. IV of 14 the State Constitution. 15 (2) The following divisions are established within the 16 17 commission: (a) Division of Administrative Services. 18 19 (b) Division of Law Enforcement. (c) Division of Freshwater Fisheries. 20 (d) Division of Wildlife. 21 (e) Division of Marine Resources. 22 The commission shall appoint an executive director 23 (3) who shall be subject to confirmation by the Florida Senate and 24 25 upon approval shall serve at the pleasure of the commission. The powers, duties, and functions of the commission shall be 26 27 as prescribed by law. 28 Section 2. The powers, duties, functions, and 29 jurisdiction as set forth in statutes in effect on March 1, 1998, and staff, equipment, and fund balances of the Marine 30 31 Fisheries Commission assigned to the Board of Trustees of the 5

1 Internal Improvement Trust Fund are transferred by a type two transfer, as defined in section 20.06, Florida Statutes, to 2 3 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission. 4 Section 3. The powers, duties, functions, staff, 5 equipment, and fund balances of the Game and Fresh Water Fish б Commission are transferred by a type two transfer, as defined 7 in section 20.06, Florida Statutes, to the Fish and Wildlife 8 Conservation Commission. 9 Section 4. The powers, duties, functions, staff, 10 equipment, facilities, and fund balances of the Department of 11 Environmental Protection, Division of Marine Resources, related to the Office of Fisheries Management, Bureau of 12 Marine Resources Regulation and Development, Bureau of 13 Protected Species Management, and the Florida Marine Research 14 Institute are transferred by a type two transfer, to the Fish 15 and Wildlife Conservation Commission. The remaining powers, 16 17 duties, functions, staff, equipment and fund balances of the Division of Marine Resources relating to the Bureau of Coastal 18 19 and Aquatic Managed Areas shall remain in the Department of Environmental Protection. 20 The powers, duties, functions, staff, 21 Section 5. equipment, facilities, and fund balances of the Department of 22 Environmental Protection, Division of Law Enforcement, related 23 24 to the Office of Enforcement Planning and Policy Coordination, 25 Bureau of Administrative Support, Bureau of Operational Support, and the Bureau of Environmental Law Enforcement, are 26 27 transferred by a type two transfer to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, except for those powers, duties, 28 29 functions, staff, equipment, facilities, and fund balances of the Bureau relating to the Florida Park Patrol, the Bureau of 30 Emergency Response, and the Office of Investigations, which 31

6

shall remain in the department's Division of Law Enforcement. 1 2 No duties or responsibilities relating to boating safety 3 matters shall remain in the Department of Environmental 4 Protection. 5 Section 6. Subsection (6) of section 20.255, Florida б Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended, present subsection (7) 7 of that section is redesignated as subsection (10), and new subsections (7), (8), and (9), are added to that section, to 8 9 read: 10 20.255 Department of Environmental Protection.--There 11 is created a Department of Environmental Protection. (6) The following divisions of the Department of 12 13 Environmental Protection are established: (a) Division of Administrative and Technical Services. 14 15 (b) Division of Air Resource Management. (c) Division of Water Resource Management Facilities. 16 17 (d) Division of Law Enforcement. (e) Division of Marine Resources. 18 19 (e)(f) Division of Waste Management. 20 (f)(g) Division of Recreation and Parks. (g)(h) Division of State Lands, the director of which 21 is to be appointed by the secretary of the department, subject 22 to confirmation by the Governor and Cabinet sitting as the 23 24 Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund. 25 (i) Division of Environmental Resource Permitting. 26 27 In order to ensure statewide and intradepartmental 28 consistency, the department's divisions shall direct the 29 district offices and bureaus on matters of interpretation and applicability of the department's rules and programs. 30 31 7

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

-	
1	(7) Law enforcement officers of the Department of
2	Environmental Protection are constituted law enforcement
3	officers of this state with full power to investigate and
4	arrest for any violation of the laws of this state and the
5	rules of the department under its jurisdiction and for
6	violations of chapter 253 and the rules adopted thereunder.
7	The general laws applicable to arrests by peace officers of
8	this state apply to such law enforcement officers. The law
9	enforcement officers may enter upon any land or waters of the
10	state in performing their lawful duties and may take with them
11	any necessary equipment; and this entry does not constitute a
12	trespass. It is lawful for any boat, motor vehicle, or
13	aircraft owned or chartered by the department or its agents or
14	employees to land on and depart from any of the beaches or
15	waters of this state. The law enforcement officers may arrest
16	any person in the act of violating any rule of the department
17	or any of the laws of this state. It is unlawful for any
18	person to resist arrest or in any manner interfere, either by
19	abetting or assisting the resistance or otherwise interfering,
20	with any law enforcement officer engaged in performing the
21	duties imposed upon him or her by law or rule of the
22	department.
23	(8) Records and documents of the Department of
24	Environmental Protection shall be retained by the department
25	as specified in record retention schedules established under
26	the general provisions of chapters 119 and 257. Further, the
27	department is authorized to:
28	(a) Destroy or otherwise dispose of those records and
29	documents in conformity with the approved retention schedules.
30	(b) Photograph, microphotograph, or reproduce such
31	records and documents on film, as authorized and directed by
	8

8

1 the approved retention schedules, in a manner such that each page will be exposed in exact conformity with the original 2 3 records and documents retained in compliance with the provisions of this section. Photographs or microphotographs in 4 5 the form of film or print of any records which are made in б compliance with the provisions of this section shall have the 7 same force and effect as the originals thereof would have and 8 shall be treated as originals for the purpose of their admissibility in evidence. Duly certified or authenticated 9 10 reproductions of such photographs or microphotographs shall be 11 admitted in evidence equally with the original photographs or microphotographs. The impression of the seal of the Department 12 of Environmental Protection on a certificate made by the 13 department and signed by the Secretary of Environmental 14 Protection entitles the certificate to be received in all 15 courts and in all proceedings in this state and is prima facie 16 17 evidence of all factual matters set forth in the certificate. A certificate may relate to one or more records as set forth 18 19 in the certificate or in a schedule attached to the 20 certificate. The Department of Environmental Protection may 21 (9) require that bond be given by any employee of the department, 22 payable to the Governor of the state and the Governor's 23 successor in office, for the use and benefit of those whom it 24 concerns, in such penal sums and with such good and sufficient 25 surety or sureties as are approved by the department, 26 27 conditioned upon the faithful performance of the duties of the employee. 28 29 Section 7. The Secretary of the Department of 30 Environmental Protection and the Executive Director of the 31 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission shall each appoint 9

1 three staff members to a transition advisory committee to review and determine the appropriate number of positions, up 2 3 to 60 positions and their related funding levels and sources from the Office of General Counsel and from the Division of 4 5 Administrative and Technical Services, to be transferred from б the Department of Environmental Protection to the Fish and 7 Wildlife Conservation Commission to provide legal services and 8 administrative and operational support services, including communications equipment involving the National Crime 9 10 Information System (NCIS) and the Florida Crime Information 11 System (FCIS) which were previously provided to the programs transferred by sections 4 and 5 of this act. The Governor 12 shall appoint a staff member from the Office of Planning and 13 Budget to chair the meetings of the transition advisory 14 15 committee and to assist in implementing these provisions as appropriate with adjustments in the operating budgets of the 16 17 two agencies involved during Fiscal Year 1999-2000 as provided by chapter 216, Florida Statutes, and providing consultation 18 19 with the Appropriations Committees in the Senate and the House 20 of Representatives. Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 206.606, Florida 21 Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 22 206.606 Distribution of certain proceeds.--23 24 (1) Moneys collected pursuant to ss. 206.41(1)(g) and 25 206.87(1)(e) shall be deposited in the Fuel Tax Collection Trust Fund created by s. 206.875. Such moneys, exclusive of 26 27 the service charges imposed by s. 215.20, and exclusive of refunds granted pursuant to s. 206.41, shall be distributed 28 29 monthly to the State Transportation Trust Fund, except that: 30 (a) \$7.55 million shall be transferred to the 31 Department of Environmental Protection in each fiscal year 10

and. The transfers must be made in equal monthly amounts 1 2 beginning on July 1 of each fiscal year. \$1.25 million of the 3 amount transferred shall be deposited annually in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund and must be used by the 4 5 department to fund special projects to provide recreational б channel marking, public launching facilities, and other 7 boating-related activities. The department shall annually 8 determine where unmet needs exist for boating-related 9 activities, and may fund such activities in counties where, 10 due to the number of vessel registrations, insufficient 11 financial resources are available to meet total water resource needs. The remaining proceeds of the annual transfer shall be 12 13 deposited in the Aquatic Plant Control Trust Fund to and must 14 be used for aquatic plant management, including nonchemical control of aquatic weeds, research into nonchemical controls, 15 and enforcement activities. Beginning in fiscal year 16 17 1993-1994, the department shall allocate at least \$1 million of such funds to the eradication of melaleuca. 18 19 (b) \$1.25 million shall be transferred to the State 20 Game Trust Fund in the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and 21 Fresh Water Fish Commission in each fiscal year. The transfers must be made in equal monthly amounts beginning on 22 July 1 of each fiscal year.and must be used for recreational 23 24 boating activities of a type consistent with projects eligible 25 for funding under the Florida Boating Improvement Program administered by the Department of Environmental Protection, 26 27 and freshwater fisheries management and research. 28 (c) 0.65 percent of moneys collected pursuant to s. 29 206.41(1)(g) shall be transferred to the Agricultural 30 Emergency Eradication Trust Fund. 31

11

1	Section 9. Paragraph (f) of subsection (3) and
2	subsection (6) of section 259.101, Florida Statutes, 1998
3	Supplement, are amended to read:
4	259.101 Florida Preservation 2000 Act
5	(3) LAND ACQUISITION PROGRAMS SUPPLEMENTEDLess the
6	costs of issuance, the costs of funding reserve accounts, and
7	other costs with respect to the bonds, the proceeds of bonds
8	issued pursuant to this act shall be deposited into the
9	Florida Preservation 2000 Trust Fund created by s. 375.045.
10	Ten percent of the proceeds of any bonds deposited into the
11	Preservation 2000 Trust Fund shall be distributed by the
12	Department of Environmental Protection to the Department of
13	Environmental Protection for the purchase by the South Florida
14	Water Management District of lands in Dade, Broward, and Palm
15	Beach Counties identified in s. 7, chapter 95-349, Laws of
16	Florida. This distribution shall apply for any bond issue for
17	the 1995-1996 fiscal year. For the 1997-1998 fiscal year only,
18	\$20 million per year from the proceeds of any bonds deposited
19	into the Florida Preservation 2000 Trust Fund shall be
20	distributed by the Department of Environmental Protection to
21	the St. Johns Water Management District for the purchase of
22	lands necessary to restore Lake Apopka. The remaining proceeds
23	shall be distributed by the Department of Environmental
24	Protection in the following manner:
25	(f) Two and nine-tenths percent to the Fish and
26	<u>Wildlife Conservation</u> Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission to
27	fund the acquisition of inholdings and additions to lands
28	managed by the commission which are important to the
29	conservation of fish and wildlife.
30	
31	
	10

1 Local governments may use federal grants or loans, private 2 donations, or environmental mitigation funds, including 3 environmental mitigation funds required pursuant to s. 4 338.250, for any part or all of any local match required for 5 the purposes described in this subsection. Bond proceeds б allocated pursuant to paragraph (c) may be used to purchase 7 lands on the priority lists developed pursuant to s. 259.035. Title to lands purchased pursuant to paragraphs (a), (d), (e), 8 9 (f), and (g) shall be vested in the Board of Trustees of the 10 Internal Improvement Trust Fund, except that title to lands, 11 or rights or interests therein, acquired by either the Southwest Florida Water Management District or the St. Johns 12 River Water Management District in furtherance of the Green 13 14 Swamp Land Authority's mission pursuant to s. 380.0677(3), 15 shall be vested in the district where the acquisition project is located. Title to lands purchased pursuant to paragraph 16 17 (c) may be vested in the Board of Trustees of the Internal 18 Improvement Trust Fund, except that title to lands, or rights 19 or interests therein, acquired by either the Southwest Florida 20 Water Management District or the St. Johns River Water 21 Management District in furtherance of the Green Swamp Land Authority's mission pursuant to s. 380.0677(3), shall be 22 vested in the district where the acquisition project is 23 24 located. This subsection is repealed effective October 1, 25 2000. Prior to repeal, the Legislature shall review the provisions scheduled for repeal and shall determine whether to 26 reenact or modify the provisions or to take no action. 27 28 (6) DISPOSITION OF LANDS.--29 (a) Any lands acquired pursuant to paragraph (3)(a), paragraph (3)(c), paragraph (3)(d), paragraph (3)(e), 30 31 paragraph (3)(f), or paragraph (3)(g), if title to such lands 13

1 is vested in the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement 2 Trust Fund, may be disposed of by the Board of Trustees of the 3 Internal Improvement Trust Fund in accordance with the 4 provisions and procedures set forth in s. 253.034(6)s. 5 253.034(5), and lands acquired pursuant to paragraph (3)(b) б may be disposed of by the owning water management district in 7 accordance with the procedures and provisions set forth in ss. 8 373.056 and 373.089 provided such disposition also shall 9 satisfy the requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c). 10 (b) Land acquired for conservation purposes may be 11 disposed of only after the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund or, in the case of water management 12 district lands, the owning water management district governing 13 14 board makes a determination that preservation of the land is no longer necessary for conservation purposes and only upon a 15 two-thirds vote of the appropriate governing board. Following 16 a determination by the governing board that the land is no 17 18 longer needed for conservation purposes, the governing board 19 must also make a determination that the land is of no further benefit to the public, as required by s. 253.034(6), or that 20 21 the land is surplus land under s. 373.089. Any lands eligible for disposal under these procedures also may be exchanged for 22 other lands described in the same paragraph of subsection (3) 23 as the lands disposed of. Before land can be determined to be 24 25 of no further benefit to the public as required by s. 253.034(5), or to be no longer required for its purposes under 26 27 s. 373.056(4), whichever may be applicable, there shall first 28 be a determination by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, or, in the case of water management 29 district lands, by the owning water management district, that 30 31 such land no longer needs to be preserved in furtherance of 14

1 the intent of the Florida Preservation 2000 Act. Any lands 2 eligible to be disposed of under this procedure also may be 3 used to acquire other lands through an exchange of lands, 4 provided such lands obtained in an exchange are described in 5 the same paragraph of subsection (3) as the lands disposed. б (c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b), no such 7 disposition of land shall be made if such disposition would 8 have the effect of causing all or any portion of the interest 9 on any revenue bonds issued to fund the Florida Preservation 10 2000 Act to lose their exclusion from gross income for 11 purposes of federal income taxation. Any revenue derived from the disposal of such lands may not be used for any purpose 12 except for deposit into the Florida Preservation 2000 Trust 13 Fund for recredit to the share held under subsection (3), in 14 which such disposed land is described. 15 Section 10. Subsection (1) of section 370.0603, 16 17 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18 370.0603 Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund; 19 purposes.--(1) The Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund 20 21 within the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of Environmental Protection shall serve as a 22 broad-based depository for funds from various marine-related 23 24 activities and shall be administered by the commission 25 department for the purposes of: (a) Funding for marine research. 26 27 Funding for fishery enhancement, including, but (b) 28 not limited to, fishery statistics development, artificial 29 reefs, and fish hatcheries. 30 Funding for marine law enforcement. (C) 31 15

1 (d) Funding for administration of licensing programs for recreational fishing, saltwater products sales, and 2 3 related information and education activities. 4 (e) Funding for the operations of the Fish and 5 Wildlife Conservation Marine Fisheries Commission. б (f) Funding for titling and registration of vessels. 7 Funding for marine turtle protection, research, (q) 8 and recovery activities from revenues that are specifically 9 credited to the trust fund for these purposes. 10 (h) Funding activities for rehabilitation of oyster 11 harvesting areas from which special oyster surcharge fees are collected, including relaying and transplanting live oysters. 12 Section 11. Section 370.0608, Florida Statutes, 1998 13 Supplement, is amended to read: 14 370.0608 Deposit of license fees; allocation of 15 federal funds. --16 17 (1) All license fees collected pursuant to s. 370.0605 18 shall be deposited into the Marine Resources Conservation 19 Trust Fund, to be used as follows: 20 (a) Not more than 5 percent of the total fees 21 collected shall be for the Marine Fisheries Commission to be 22 used to carry out the responsibilities of the commission and to provide for the award of funds to marine research 23 24 institutions in this state for the purposes of enabling such 25 institutions to conduct worthy marine research projects. (b) Not less than 2.5 percent of the total fees 26 27 collected shall be used for aquatic education purposes. 28 (c)1. The remainder of such fees shall be used by the 29 department for the following program functions: 30 31

1 (a)a. Not more than 12.5  $\frac{5}{5}$  percent of the total fees 2 collected, for administration of the licensing program and for 3 information and education. (b)<del>b.</del> Not more than 30 percent of the total fees 4 5 collected, for law enforcement. б (c)<del>c.</del> Not less than 27.5 percent of the total fees 7 collected, for marine research. 8 (d) d. Not less than 30 percent of the total fees 9 collected, for fishery enhancement, including, but not limited 10 to, fishery statistics development, artificial reefs, and fish 11 hatcheries. (2)<sup>2.</sup> The Legislature shall annually appropriate to 12 13 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of Environmental Protection from the General Revenue Fund for the 14 15 activities and programs specified in subsection (1) subparagraph 1.at least the same amount of money as was 16 17 appropriated to the Department of Environmental Protection from the General Revenue Fund for such activities and programs 18 19 for fiscal year 1988-1989, and the amounts appropriated to the 20 commission department for such activities and programs from 21 the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund shall be in 22 addition to the amount appropriated to the commission department for such activities and programs from the General 23 24 Revenue Fund. The proceeds from recreational saltwater fishing 25 license fees paid by fishers shall only be appropriated to the commission Department of Environmental Protection. 26 27 (3)(2) The Department of Environmental Protection and 28 the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission shall develop and 29 maintain a memorandum of understanding to provide for the 30 equitable allocation of federal aid available to Florida 31 pursuant to the Sport Fish Restoration Administration Funds. 17

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

24

Funds available from the Wallop-Breaux Aquatic Resources Trust
Fund shall be distributed between the department and the
commission in proportion to the numbers of resident fresh and
saltwater anglers as determined by the most current data on
license sales.Unless otherwise provided by federal law, the
department and the commission, at a minimum, shall provide the
following:

8 (a) Not less than 5 percent or more than 10 percent of 9 the funds allocated to <u>the commission</u> <del>each agency</del> shall be 10 expended for an aquatic resources education program; and

(b) Not less than 10 percent of the funds allocated to the commission each agency shall be expended for acquisition, development, renovation, or improvement of boating facilities. (4)(3) All license fees collected pursuant to s. 370.0605 shall be transferred to the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund within 7 days following the last

17 business day of the week in which the license fees were 18 received by the commission. One-fifth of the total proceeds 19 derived from the sale of 5-year licenses and replacement 20 5-year licenses, and all interest derived therefrom, shall be 21 available for appropriation annually.

Section 12. Section 370.16, Florida Statutes, 1998Supplement, is amended to read:

370.16 Oysters and shellfish; regulation.--

(1) LEASE, APPLICATION FORM; NOTICE TO RIPARIAN OWNER; LANDS LEASED TO BE COMPACT.--When any qualified person desires to lease a part of the bottom or bed of any of the water of this state, for the purpose of growing oysters or clams, as provided for in this section, he or she shall present to the <u>Department of Environmental Protection</u> Division of Marine Resources a written application setting forth the name and

18

1 address of the applicant, a reasonably definite description of 2 the location and amount of land covered by water desired, and 3 shall pray that the application be filed; that the water 4 bottoms be surveyed and a plat or map of the survey thereof be 5 made if no plat or map of such bottoms should have been so б made thereto; and that the water bottoms described be leased 7 to the applicant under the provisions of this section. Such applicant shall accompany with his or her written application 8 9 a sufficient sum to defray the estimated expenses of the 10 survey; thereupon the department division shall file such 11 application and shall direct the same surveyed and platted forthwith at the expense of the applicant. When applications 12 13 are made by two or more persons for the same lands, they shall 14 be leased to the applicant who first filed application for same; but to all applications for leases of any of the bottoms 15 of said waters owned under the riparian acts of the laws of 16 17 Florida, heretofore enacted, notice of such application shall be given the riparian owner, when known, and, when not known, 18 19 notice of such application shall be given by publication for 4 20 weeks in some newspaper published in the county in which the water bottoms lie; and when there is no newspaper published in 21 such county, then by posting the notice for 4 weeks at the 22 courthouse door of the county, and preference shall be given 23 24 to the riparian owners under the terms and conditions herein 25 created, when the riparian owner makes application for such water bottoms for the purpose of planting oysters or clams 26 before the same are leased to another. The lands leased shall 27 28 be as compact as possible, taking into consideration the shape 29 of the body of water and the condition of the bottom as to hardness, or soft mud or sand, or other conditions which would 30 31

19

render the bottoms desirable or undesirable for the purpose of
 oyster or clam cultivation.

3 (2) SURVEYS, PLATS, AND MAPS OF REEFS.--The Department 4 of Environmental Protection Division of Marine Resources shall 5 accept, adopt, and use official reports, surveys, and maps of б oyster, clam, or other shellfish grounds made under the 7 direction of any authority of the United States as prima facie evidence of the natural oyster and clam reefs, for the purpose 8 9 and intent of this chapter. The department said division may 10 also make surveys of any natural oyster or clam reefs when it 11 deems such surveys necessary and where such surveys are made pursuant to an application for a lease, the cost thereof may 12 13 be charged to the applicant as a part of the cost of his or 14 her application.

(3) EXECUTION OF LEASES; LESSEE TO STAKE OFF 15 BOUNDARIES; PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH 16 17 REGULATIONS. -- As soon as the survey has been made and the plat 18 or map thereof filed with the Department of Environmental 19 Protection Division of Marine Resources and the cost thereof 20 paid by the applicant, the department division may execute in duplicate a lease of the water bottoms to the applicant. 21 One 22 duplicate, with a plat or map of the water bottoms so leased, shall be delivered to the applicant, and the other, with a 23 24 plat or map of the bottom so leased, shall be retained by the 25 department division and registered in a lease book which shall be kept exclusively for that purpose by the department 26 division; thereafter the lessees shall enjoy the exclusive use 27 28 of the lands and all oysters and clams, shell, and cultch 29 grown or placed thereon shall be the exclusive property of such lessee as long as he or she shall comply with the 30 31 provisions of this chapter. The department division shall

20

1 require the lessee to stake off and mark the water bottoms 2 leased, by such ranges, monuments, stakes, buoys, etc., so 3 placed and made as not to interfere with the navigation, as it 4 may deem necessary to locate the same to the end that the 5 location and limits of the lands embraced in such lease be б easily and accurately found and fixed, and such lessee shall 7 keep the same in good condition during the open and closed oyster or clam season. All leases shall be marked according to 8 9 the standards derived from the uniform waterway markers for 10 safety and navigation as described in s. 327.40. The 11 department division may stipulate in each individual lease contract the types, shape, depth, size, and height of marker 12 or corner posts. Failure on the part of the lessee to comply 13 14 with the orders of the department division to this effect within the time fixed by it, and to keep the markers, etc., in 15 good condition during the open and closed oyster or clam 16 17 season, shall subject such lessee to a fine not exceeding \$100 for each and every such offense. All lessees shall cause the 18 19 area of the leased water bottoms and the names of the lessees 20 to be shown by signs as may be determined by the department division, if so required. 21

(4) LEASES IN PERPETUITY; RENT; STIPULATIONS; TAXES;
CULTIVATION, ETC.--

24 (a) All leases made under the provisions of this 25 chapter shall begin on the day executed and continue in perpetuity under such restrictions as shall herein be stated. 26 The rent for the first 10 years shall be \$5 per acre, or any 27 28 fraction of an acre, per year. The actual rate charged for 29 all leases shall consist of the minimum rate of \$15 per acre, or any fraction of an acre, per year and shall be adjusted on 30 31 January 1, 1995, and every 5 years thereafter, based upon the

21

5-year average change in the Consumer Price Index. However, the rent for any lease currently in effect shall not be increased during the first 10 years of said lease. This rent shall be paid in advance at the time of signing the lease up to January 1 following, and annually thereafter in advance on or before January 1, whether the lease be held by the original lessee or by an heir, assignee, or transferee.

(b) A surcharge of \$5 per acre, or any fraction of an 8 9 acre, per annum shall be levied upon each lease, other than a 10 perpetual lease granted pursuant to this subsection, and 11 deposited into the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund. The surcharge shall be levied until the balance of receipts 12 from the surcharge equals or exceeds \$30,000. For the fiscal 13 year immediately following the year in which the balance of 14 receipts from the surcharge equals or exceeds \$30,000, no 15 surcharge shall be levied unless the balance from receipts 16 17 from the surcharge is less than or equal to \$20,000. For the fiscal year immediately following the year in which the 18 19 balance of receipts from the surcharge is less than or equal 20 to \$20,000, the surcharge shall be and shall remain \$5 per acre, or any fraction of an acre, per annum until the balance 21 of receipts from the surcharge again is equal to or exceeds 22 The purpose of the surcharge is to provide a 23 \$30,000. 24 mechanism to have financial resources immediately available for cleanup and rehabilitation of abandoned or vacated lease 25 sites. The department is authorized to adopt rules necessary 26 to carry out the provisions of this subsection. 27

(c) Moneys in the fund that are not needed currently for cleanup and rehabilitation of abandoned or vacated lease sites shall be deposited with the Treasurer to the credit of the fund and may be invested in such manner as is provided for

22

1 by statute. Interest received on such investment shall be 2 credited to the fund. 3 (d) Funds from receipts from the surcharge within the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund from the surcharge 4 5 established by paragraph (b) shall be disbursed for the б following purposes and no others: 7 Administrative expenses, personnel expenses, and 1. 8 equipment costs of the department related to cleanup and 9 rehabilitation of abandoned or vacated aquaculture lease sites 10 and enforcement of provisions of subsections (1)-(13). 11 2. All costs involved in the cleanup and rehabilitation of abandoned or vacated lease sites. 12 13 3. All costs and damages which are the proximate results of lease abandonment or vacation. 14 The department shall recover to the use of the fund 15 4. from the person or persons abandoning or vacating the lease, 16 17 jointly and severally, all sums owed or expended from the 18 fund. Requests for reimbursement to the fund for the above 19 costs, if not paid within 30 days of demand, shall be turned 20 over to the Department of Legal Affairs for collection. (e) Effective cultivation shall consist of the growing 21 of the oysters or clams in a density suitable for commercial 22 harvesting over the amount of bottom prescribed by law. 23 This 24 commercial density shall be accomplished by the planting of 25 seed oysters, shell, and cultch of various descriptions. The Department of Environmental Protection Division of Marine 26 Resources may stipulate in each individual lease contract the 27 28 types, shape, depth, size, and height of cultch materials on 29 lease bottoms according to the individual shape, depth, location, and type of bottom of the proposed lease. Each 30 31 tenant leasing from the state water bottoms under the 23

provisions of this section shall have begun, within 1 year 1 from the date of such lease, bona fide cultivation of the 2 3 same, and shall, by the end of the second year from the 4 commencement of his or her lease, have placed under 5 cultivation at least one-fourth of the water bottom leased and б shall each year thereafter place in cultivation at least 7 one-fourth of the water bottom leased until the whole, suitable for bedding of oysters or clams, shall have been put 8 9 in cultivation by the planting thereon of not less than 200 10 barrels of oysters, shell, or its equivalent in cultch to the 11 acre. When leases are granted, or when grants have heretofore been made under existing laws for the planting of oysters or 12 13 clams, such lessee or grantee is authorized to plant the 14 leased or granted bottoms both in oysters and clams.

(f) These stipulations will apply to all leases granted after the passing of this section. All leases existing prior to the passing of this section will operate under the law which was in effect when the leases were granted.

(g) When evidence is gathered by the department and such evidence conclusively shows a lack of effective cultivation, the department may revoke leases and return the bottoms in question to the public domain.

24 (h) The department has the authority to adopt rules 25 and regulations pertaining to the water column over shellfish leases. All cultch materials in place 6 months after the 26 formal adoption and publication of rules and regulations 27 28 establishing standards for cultch materials on shellfish 29 leases which do not comply with such rules and regulations may be declared a nuisance by the department. The department 30 31 shall have the authority to direct the lessee to remove such

24

1 cultch in violation of this section. The department may 2 cancel a lease upon the refusal by the lessee violating such 3 rules and regulations to remove unlawful cultch materials, and 4 all improvements, cultch, marketable oysters, and shell shall 5 become the property of the state. The department shall have 6 the authority to retain, dispose of, or remove such materials 7 in the best interest of the state.

8 (5) INCREASE OF RENTALS AFTER 10 YEARS.--After 10 9 years from the execution of the lease, the rentals shall be 10 increased to a minimum of \$1 per acre per annum. The 11 department shall assess rental value on the leased water bottoms, taking into consideration their value as 12 13 oyster-growing or clam-growing water bottoms, their nearness 14 to factories, transportation, and other conditions adding 15 value thereto and placing such valuation upon them in shape of annual rental to be paid thereunder as said condition shall 16 17 warrant.

(6) LEASES TRANSFERABLE, ETC.--The leases shall be 18 19 inheritable and transferable, in whole or in part, and shall 20 also be subject to mortgage, pledge, or hypothecation and shall be subject to seizure and sale for debts as any other 21 22 property, rights, and credits in this state, and this provision shall also apply to all buildings, betterments, and 23 24 improvements thereon. Leases granted under this section cannot 25 be transferred, by sale or barter, in whole or in part, without the written, express acquiescence of the Department of 26 27 Environmental Protection Division of Marine Resources, and 28 such a transferee shall pay a \$50 transfer fee before 29 department division acquiescence may be given. No lease or part of a lease may be transferred by sale or barter until the 30 31 lease has been in existence at least 2 years and has been

25

1 cultivated according to the statutory standards found in 2 paragraph (4)(e), except as otherwise provided by regulation 3 adopted by the department <del>Division of Marine Resources</del>. No such inheritance or transfer shall be valid or of any force or 4 5 effect whatever unless evidenced by an authentic act, б judgment, or proper judicial deed, registered in the office of 7 the department division in a book to be provided for said The department division shall keep proper indexes so 8 purpose. 9 that all original leases and all subsequent changes and 10 transfers can be easily and accurately ascertained. 11 (7) PAYMENT OF RENT; FORFEITURE FOR NONPAYMENT; NOTICE, ETC. -- All leases shall stipulate for the payment of 12 the annual rent in advance on or before January 1 of each 13 year, and the further stipulation that the failure of the 14 15 tenant to pay the rent punctually on or before that day, or within 30 days thereafter shall ipso facto, and upon demand, 16 17 terminate and cancel said lease and forfeit to the state all the works, improvements, betterments, oysters, and clams on 18 19 the leased water bottoms, and authorize the Department of 20 Environmental Protection Division of Marine Resources to at 21 once enter on said water bottom and take possession thereof, and such water bottom shall then be open for lease as herein 22 provided; and the department division shall within 10 days 23 24 thereafter enter such termination, cancellation, and 25 forfeiture on its books and shall give such public notice thereof, and of the fact that the water bottoms are open to 26 lease, as it shall deem proper; provided, that the department 27 28 division may, in its discretion, waive such termination, 29 cancellation, and forfeiture when the rent due, with 10 percent additional, and all costs and expenses growing out of 30 31 such failure to pay, be tendered to it within 60 days after

26

1 the same became due; provided, that in all cases of 2 cancellation of lease, the department division shall, after 60 3 days' notice by publication in some newspaper published in the 4 state, having a general statewide circulation, which notice 5 shall contain a full description of the leased waters and beds б and any parts thereof, sell such lease to the highest and best 7 bidder; and all moneys received over and above the rents due to the state, under the terms of the lease and provisions 8 9 herein, and costs and expenses growing out of such failure to 10 pay, shall be paid to the lessee forfeiting his or her rights 11 therein. No leased water bottoms shall be forfeited for nonpayment of rent under the provisions of this section, 12 13 unless there shall previously have been mailed by the said 14 department division to the last known address of such tenant 15 according to the books of said department division, 30 days' notice of the maturity of such lease. Whenever any leased 16 17 water bottoms are forfeited for nonpayment of rent, and there is a plat or survey thereof in the archives of the department 18 19 division, when such bedding grounds are re-leased, no new survey thereof shall be made, but the original stakes, 20 monuments, and bounds shall be preserved, and the new lease 21 22 shall be based upon the original survey. This subsection shall also apply to all costs and expenses taxed against a 23 24 lessee by the department division under this section. 25 (8) CANCELLATION OF LEASES TO NATURAL REEFS. -- Any person, within 6 months from and after the execution of any 26 27 lease to water bottoms, may file a petition with the 28 Department of Environmental Protection Division of Marine 29 Resources for the purpose of determining whether a natural oyster or clam reef having an area of not less than 100 square 30 31 yards existed within the leased area on the date of the lease,

27

1 with sufficient natural or maternal oysters or clams thereon 2 (not including coon oysters) to have constituted a stratum 3 sufficient to have been resorted to by the public generally 4 for the purpose of gathering the same to sell for a 5 livelihood. The petition shall be in writing addressed to the б Division of Marine Resources of the Department of 7 Environmental Protection, verified under oath, stating the location and approximate area of the natural reef and the 8 claim or interest of the petitioner therein and requesting the 9 10 cancellation of the lease to the said natural reef. No 11 petition may be considered unless it is accompanied by a deposit of \$10 to defray the expense of examining into the 12 13 matter. The petition may include several contemporaneous natural reefs of oysters or clams. Upon receipt of such 14 petition, the department division shall cause an investigation 15 to be made into the truth of the allegations of the petition, 16 17 and, if found untrue, the \$10 deposit shall be retained by the department division to defray the expense of the 18 19 investigation, but should the allegations of the petition be 20 found true and the leased premises to contain a natural oyster or clam reef, as above described, the said \$10 shall be 21 returned to the petitioner and the costs and expenses of the 22 investigation taxed against the lessee and the lease canceled 23 24 to the extent of the natural reef and the same shall be marked 25 with buoys and stakes and notices placed thereon showing the same to be a public reef, the cost of the markers and notices 26 to be taxed against the lessee. 27

(9) WHEN NATURAL REEFS MAY BE INCLUDED IN LEASE.--When an application for oyster or clam bedding grounds is filed and upon survey of such bedding ground, it should develop that the area applied for contains natural oyster or clam reefs or beds

28

1 less in size than 100 square yards, or oyster or clam reefs or 2 bars of greater size, but not of sufficient quantity to 3 constitute a stratum, and it should further be made to appear 4 to the Department of Environmental Protection Division of 5 Marine Resources by the affidavit of the applicant, together б with such other proof as the department division may require, 7 that the natural reef, bed, or bar could not be excluded, and 8 the territory applied for properly protected or policed, the 9 department division may, if it deems it for the best interest 10 of the state and the oyster industry so to do, permit the 11 including of such natural reefs, beds, or bars; and it shall fix a reasonable value on the same, to be paid by the 12 applicant for such bedding ground; provided, that no such 13 natural reefs shall be included in any lease hereafter granted 14 to the bottom or bed of waters of this state contiguous to 15 Franklin County. There shall be no future oyster leases 16 17 issued in Franklin County except for purposes of oyster 18 aquaculture activities approved under ss. 253.67-253.75. 19 However, such aquaculture leases shall be for an area not 20 larger than 1 acre and shall not be transferred or subleased. Only the flexible belt system or off-bottom methods may be 21 used for aquaculture on these lease areas, and no cultch 22 materials shall be placed on the bottom of the lease areas. 23 24 Under no circumstances shall mechanical dredging devices be 25 used to harvest oysters on such lease areas. Oyster aquaculture leases issued in Franklin County shall be issued 26 27 only to Florida residents. 28 (10)SETTLEMENT OF BOUNDARY DISPUTES; REVIEW.--The 29 Department of Environmental Protection Division of Marine Resources shall determine and settle all disputes as to 30 31 boundaries between lessees of bedding grounds. The department

29

1 division shall, in all cases, be the judge as to whether any 2 particular bottom is or is not a natural reef or whether it is 3 suitable for bedding oysters or clams.

(11) TRESPASS ON LEASED BEDS; GATHERING OYSTERS AND 4 5 CLAMS BETWEEN SUNSET AND SUNRISE FROM NATURAL REEFS, ETC .-- Any б person who willfully takes oysters, shells, cultch, or clams 7 bedded or planted by a licensee under this chapter, or grantee under the provisions of heretofore existing laws, or riparian 8 9 owner who may have heretofore planted the same on his or her 10 riparian bottoms, or any oysters or clams deposited by anyone 11 making up a cargo for market, or who willfully carries or attempts to carry away the same without permission of the 12 13 owner thereof, or who willfully or knowingly removes, breaks 14 off, destroys, or otherwise injures or alters any stakes, 15 bounds, monuments, buoys, notices, or other designations of any natural oyster or clam reefs or beds or private bedding or 16 17 propagating grounds, or who willfully injures, destroys, or 18 removes any other protection around any oyster or clam beds, 19 or who willfully moves any bedding ground stakes, buoys, 20 marks, or designations, placed by the department division, or who gathers oysters or clams between sunset and sunrise from 21 22 the natural reefs or from private bedding grounds, is guilty of a violation of this section. 23 24 (12) PROTECTION OF OYSTER AND CLAM REEFS AND SHELLFISH.--25 The Department of Environmental Protection 26 (a) 27 Division of Marine Resources shall improve, enlarge, and 28 protect the natural oyster and clam reefs of this state to the 29 extent it may deem advisable and the means at its disposal will permit. 30

31

30

1 (b) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 2 division shall also, to the same extent, assist in protecting 3 shellfish aquaculture products produced on leased or granted 4 reefs in the hands of lessees or grantees from the state. 5 Harvesting shellfish is prohibited within a distance of 25 б feet outside lawfully marked lease boundaries or within 7 setback and access corridors within specifically designated 8 high-density aquaculture lease areas and aquaculture use 9 zones. 10 (c) The department, in cooperation with the 11 commission, division shall provide the Legislature annually 12 with recommendations as needed for the development and the 13 proper protection of the rights of the state and private 14 holders therein with respect to the oyster and clam business. (13) STAKING OFF WATER BOTTOMS OR BEDDING OYSTERS 15 WITHOUT OBTAINING LEASE .-- Any person staking off the water 16 17 bottoms of this state, or bedding oysters on the bottoms of the waters of this state, without previously leasing same as 18 19 required by law shall be guilty of a violation of this 20 section, and shall acquire no rights by reason of such staking off. This provision does not apply to grants heretofore made 21 under the provisions of any heretofore existing laws or to 22 artificial beds made heretofore by a riparian owner or his or 23 24 her grantees on the owner's riparian bottoms. (14) SHELLFISH HARVESTING SEASONS; DAYS: SPECIAL 25 PROVISIONS RELATING TO APALACHICOLA BAY .--26 27 The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (a) 28 Marine Fisheries Commission shall consider setting the 29 shellfish harvesting seasons in the Apalachicola Bay as 30 follows: 31

31

1 1. The open season shall be from October 1 to July 31 2 of each year. 3 The entire bay, including private leased or granted 2. grounds, shall be closed to shellfish harvesting from August 1 4 5 to September 30 of each year for the purpose of oyster б relaying and transplanting and shell planting. 7 (b) If the commission changes the harvesting seasons 8 by rule as set forth in this subsection, for 3 years after the 9 rule takes effect, the commission department shall monitor the 10 impacts of the new harvesting schedule on the bay and on local 11 shellfish harvesters to determine whether the new harvesting schedule should be discontinued, retained, or modified. 12 Tn 13 monitoring the new schedule and in preparing its report, the commission department shall consider the following: 14 Whether the bay benefits ecologically from being 15 1. closed to shellfish harvesting from August 1 to September 30 16 17 of each year. 2. Whether the new harvesting schedule enhances the 18 19 enforcement of shellfish harvesting laws in the bay. 20 Whether the new harvesting schedule enhances 3. 21 natural shellfish production, oyster relay and planting programs, and shell planting programs in the bay. 22 Whether the new harvesting schedule has more than a 23 4. 24 short-term adverse economic impact, if any, on local shellfish 25 harvesters. The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 26 (C) Marine Fisheries Commission by rule shall consider restricting 27 28 harvesting on shellfish grants or leases to the same days of 29 the week as harvesting on public beds. 30 (15) REMOVING OYSTERS, CLAMS, OR MUSSELS FROM NATURAL 31 REEFS; LICENSES, ETC., PENALTY.--32

1 (a) It is unlawful to use a dredge or any means or 2 implement other than hand tongs in removing oysters from the 3 natural or artificial state reefs. This restriction shall 4 apply to all areas of the Apalachicola Bay for all shellfish 5 harvesting, excluding private grounds leased or granted by the б state prior to July 1, 1989, if the lease or grant 7 specifically authorizes the use of implements other than hand 8 tongs for harvesting. Except in the Apalachicola Bay, upon the payment of \$25 annually, for each vessel or boat using a 9 10 dredge or machinery in the gathering of clams or mussels, a 11 special activity license may be issued by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission division pursuant to s. 12 13 370.06 for such use to such person. (b) Special activity licenses issued to harvest 14 shellfish by dredge or other mechanical means from privately 15 held shellfish leases or grants in Apalachicola Bay shall 16 17 include, but not be limited to, the following conditions: 1. The use of any mechanical harvesting device other 18 19 than ordinary hand tongs for taking shellfish for any purpose 20 from public shellfish beds in Apalachicola Bay shall be 21 unlawful. The possession of any mechanical harvesting device 22 2. on the waters of Apalachicola Bay from 5 p.m. until sunrise 23 24 shall be unlawful. 25 3. Leaseholders or grantees shall telephonically notify the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Division 26 27 of Law Enforcement and the Division of Marine Resources no 28 less than 48 hours prior to each day's use of a dredge or 29 scrape in order to arrange for a commission Marine Patrol officer to be present on the lease or grant area while a 30 31 dredge or scrape is used on the lease or grant. Under no 33

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

circumstances may a dredge or scrape be used without a
 commission Marine Patrol officer present.

3 4. Only two dredges or scrapes per lease or grant may4 be possessed or operated at any time.

5 5. Each vessel used for the transport or deployment of б a dredge or scrape shall prominently display the lease or 7 grant number or numbers, in numerals which are at least 12 8 inches high and 6 inches wide, in such a manner that the lease 9 or grant number or numbers are readily identifiable from both 10 the air and the water. The commission department shall apply 11 other statutes, rules, or conditions necessary to protect the environment and natural resources from improper transport, 12 13 deployment, and operation of a dredge or scrape. Any 14 violation of this paragraph or of any other statutes, rules, or conditions referenced in the special activity license shall 15 be considered a violation of the license and shall result in 16 17 revocation of the license and forfeiture of the bond submitted to the commission department as a prerequisite to the issuance 18 19 of this license.

(c) Oysters may be harvested from natural or public or private leased or granted grounds by common hand tongs or by hand, by scuba diving, free diving, leaning from vessels, or wading. In the Apalachicola Bay, this provision shall apply to all shellfish.

(16) FISHING FOR RELAYING OR TRANSPLANTING PURPOSES.-(a) Designation of areas for the taking of oysters and
clams to be planted on leases, grants, and public areas is to
be made by qualified personnel of the <u>Fish and Wildlife</u>
<u>Conservation Commission</u> Division of Marine Resources. Oysters,

30 clams, and mussels may be taken for relaying or transplanting31 at any time during the year so long as, in the opinion of the

34

1 commission division, the public health will not be endangered. The amount of oysters, clams, and mussels to be obtained for 2 3 relaying or transplanting, the area relayed or transplanted to, and relaying or transplanting time periods will be 4 5 established in each case by the commission division. б (b) Application for a special activity license issued 7 pursuant to s. 370.06 for obtaining oysters, clams, or mussels 8 for relaying from closed shellfish harvesting areas to 9 shellfish or aquaculture leases in open areas or certified 10 controlled purification plants or transplanting sublegal-sized 11 oysters, clams, or mussels to shellfish aquaculture leases for growout or cultivation purposes must be made to the commission 12 division. In return, the commission division may assign an 13 14 area and a period of time for the oysters, clams, or mussels to be relayed or transplanted to be taken. All relaying and 15 transplanting operations shall take place under the 16 17 surveillance of the commission division. 18 (c) Relayed oysters, clams, or mussels shall not be 19 subsequently harvested for any reason without written 20 permission or public notice from the commission division, if oysters, clams, or mussels were relayed from areas not 21 22 approved by the commission division as shellfish harvesting 23 areas. 24 (17) LICENSES; OYSTER, CLAM, AND MUSSEL 25 CANNERIES. -- Every person as a condition precedent to the operation of any oyster, clam, or mussel canning factory in 26 27 this state shall obtain a license pursuant to s. 370.071 and 28 pay a license fee of \$50. 29 (18) FALSE RETURNS AS TO OYSTERS OR CLAMS 30 HANDLED.--Each packer, canner, corporation, firm, commission 31 person, or dealer in fish shall, on the first day of each 35 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. **Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 month, make a return under oath to the Fish and Wildlife 2 Conservation Commission Division of Marine Resources, as to 3 the number of oysters, clams, and shellfish purchased, caught, 4 or handled during the preceding month. Whoever is found 5 guilty of making any false affidavit to any such report is б quilty of perjury and punished as provided by law, and any 7 person who fails to make such report shall be punished by a 8 fine not exceeding \$500 or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding 6 months. 9 10 (19) DEPOSIT OF SHELLFISH LEASE RENTAL FEES.--Rental 11 fees for shellfish leases issued under this section shall be deposited into the Land Acquisition Marine Resources 12 Conservation Trust Fund and used for shellfish-related 13 aquaculture activities, including research, lease compliance 14 inspections, mapping, and siting. 15 (20) WATER PATROL FOR COLLECTION OF TAX. --16 17 (a) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Division of Law Enforcement may establish and maintain 18 19 necessary patrols of the salt waters of Florida, with 20 authority to use such force as may be necessary to capture any vessel or person violating the provisions of the laws relating 21 22 to oysters and clams, and may establish ports of entry at convenient locations where the severance or privilege tax 23 24 levied on oysters and clams may be collected or paid and may 25 make such rules and regulations as it may deem necessary for the enforcement of such tax. 26 27 (b) Each person in any way dealing in shellfish shall 28 keep a record, on blanks or forms prescribed by the commission 29 Division of Marine Resources, of all oysters, clams, and shellfish taken, purchased, used, or handled by him or her, 30 31 with the name of the persons from whom purchased, if 36

purchased, together with the quantity and the date taken or 1 2 purchased, and shall exhibit this account at all times when 3 requested so to do by the commission division or any conservation agent; and he or she shall, on the first day of 4 5 each month, make a return under oath to the commission б division as to the number of oysters, clams, and shellfish 7 purchased, caught, or handled during the preceding month. The 8 commission division may require detailed returns whenever it 9 deems them necessary.

10 (21) SEIZURE OF VESSELS AND CARGOES VIOLATING OYSTER 11 AND CLAM LAWS, ETC.--Vessels, with their cargoes, violating the provisions of the laws relating to oysters and clams may 12 13 be seized by anyone duly and lawfully authorized to make arrests under this section or by any sheriff or the sheriff's 14 15 deputies, and taken into custody, and when not arrested by the sheriff or the sheriff's deputies, delivered to the sheriff of 16 17 the county in which the seizure is made, and shall be liable to forfeiture, on appropriate proceedings being instituted by 18 19 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Division of Marine Resources, before the courts of that county. In such 20 case the cargo shall at once be disposed of by the sheriff, 21 for account of whom it may concern. Should the master or any 22 of the crew of said vessel be found guilty of using dredges or 23 24 other instruments in fishing oysters on natural reefs contrary 25 to law, or fishing on the natural oyster or clam reefs out of 26 season, or unlawfully taking oysters or clams belonging to a lessee, such vessel shall be declared forfeited by the court, 27 28 and ordered sold and the proceeds of the sale shall be 29 deposited with the Treasurer to the credit of the General Revenue Fund; any person guilty of such violations shall not 30 31 be permitted to have any license provided for in this chapter

37

1 within a period of 1 year from the date of conviction. 2 Pending proceedings such vessel may be released upon the owner 3 furnishing bond, with good and solvent security in double the 4 value of the vessel, conditioned upon its being returned in 5 good condition to the sheriff to abide the judgment of the б court. 7 (22) OYSTER AND CLAM REHABILITATION. -- The board of 8 county commissioners of the several counties may appropriate 9 and expend such sums as it may deem proper for the purpose of 10 planting or transplanting oysters, clams, oyster shell, clam 11 shell, or cultch or to perform such other acts for the enhancement of the oyster and clam industries of the state, 12 13 out of any sum in the county treasury not otherwise 14 appropriated. (23) DREDGING OF DEAD SHELLS PROHIBITED. -- The dredging 15 of dead shell deposits is prohibited in the state. 16 17 (24) COOPERATION WITH UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE 18 SERVICE.--The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 19 Division of Marine Resources shall cooperate with the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, under existing federal laws, 20 rules, and regulations, and is authorized to accept donations, 21 grants, and matching funds from the Federal Government in 22 order to carry out its oyster resource and development 23 24 responsibilities. The commission division is further 25 authorized to accept any and all donations including funds, oysters, or oyster shells. 26 27 (25) OYSTER AND CLAM SHELLS PROPERTY OF DEPARTMENT 28 **DIVISION**.--29 (a) Except for oysters used directly in the half-shell 30 trade, 50 percent of all shells from oysters and clams shucked 31 commercially in the state shall be and remain the property of 38

1 the Department of Environmental Protection Division of Marine 2 Resources when such shells are needed and required for 3 rehabilitation projects and planting operations, in 4 cooperation with the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 5 Commission, when sufficient resources and facilities exist for б handling and planting said shell, and when the collection and 7 handling of such shell is practical and useful, except that bona fide holders of leases and grants may retain 75 percent 8 9 of such shell as they produce for planting purposes by 10 obtaining a special activity license from the commission 11 division pursuant to s. 370.06. Storage, transportation, and planting of shells so retained by lessees and grantees shall 12 13 be carried out under the surveillance of agents of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission division and be subject 14 15 to such reasonable time limits as the department division may fix. In the event of an accumulation of an excess of shells, 16 17 the department division is authorized to sell shells only to private growers for use in oyster or clam cultivation on bona 18 19 fide leases and grants. No profit shall accrue to the 20 department division in these transactions, and shells are to be sold for the estimated moneys spent by the department 21 division to gather and stockpile the shells. Planting of 22 shells obtained from the department division by purchase shall 23 24 be subject to the surveillance of the Fish and Wildlife 25 Conservation Commission division if the department division chooses to exercise its right of supervision. Any shells not 26 claimed and used by private oyster cultivators 10 years after 27 28 shells are gathered and stockpiled may be sold at auction to 29 the highest bidder for any private use. 30

31

39

1 (b) Whenever the department division determines that 2 it is unfeasible to collect oyster or clam shells, the shells 3 become the property of the producer. 4 (c) Whenever oyster or clam shells are owned by the 5 department division and it is not useful or feasible to use 6 them in the rehabilitation projects, and when no leaseholder has exercised his or her option to acquire them, the 7 8 department division may sell such shells for the highest price 9 obtainable. The shells thus sold may be used in any manner 10 and for any purpose at the discretion of the purchaser. 11 (d) Moneys derived from the sale of shell shall be deposited in the Land Acquisition Marine Resources 12 Conservation Trust Fund for shellfish programs. 13 14 (e) The department division shall annually publish notice, in a newspaper serving the county, of its intention to 15 collect the oyster and clam shells and shall notify, by 16 17 certified mail, each shucking establishment from which shells 18 are to be collected. The notice shall contain the period of 19 time the department division intends to collect the shells in 20 that county and the collection purpose. 21 (26) OYSTER CULTURE. -- The Fish and Wildlife 22 Conservation Commission Division of Marine Resources shall protect all oyster beds, oyster grounds, and oyster reefs from 23 24 damage or destruction resulting from improper cultivation, 25 propagation, planting, or harvesting and control the pollution of the waters over or surrounding oyster grounds, beds, or 26 reefs, and to this end the Department of Health and 27 Rehabilitative Services is authorized and directed to lend its 28 29 cooperation to the commission division, to make available to 30 it its laboratory testing facilities and apparatus. The 31 commission division may also do and perform all acts and

40

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 things within its power and authority necessary to the 2 performance of its duties. 3 (27) HEALTH PERMITS.--4 (a) Any person engaged in harvesting, handling, or 5 processing oysters for commercial use shall be required to б obtain a health permit from the county health department or 7 from a private physician. 8 (b) No person shall be employed or remain employed in 9 a certified oyster house without the possession of the 10 required health permit. 11 (c) For the purpose of this subsection, "commercial use" shall be a quantity of more than 4 bushels, or more than 12 2 gallons, of shucked oysters, per person or per boat, or any 13 number or quantity of oysters if the oysters are to be sold. 14 15 (28) REOUIREMENTS FOR OYSTER VESSELS. --(a) All vessels used for the harvesting, gathering, or 16 17 transporting of oysters for commercial use shall be 18 constructed and maintained to prevent contamination or 19 deterioration of oysters. To this end, all such vessels shall be provided with false bottoms and bulkheads fore and aft to 20 prevent oysters from coming in contact with any bilge water. 21 No dogs or other animals shall be allowed at any time on 22 vessels used to harvest or transport oysters. A violation of 23 24 any provision of this subsection shall result in at least the revocation of the violator's license. 25 (b) For the purpose of this subsection, "commercial 26 use" shall be a quantity of more than 4 bushels, or more than 27 28 2 gallons, of shucked oysters, per person or per boat, or any 29 number or quantity of oysters if the oysters are to be sold. 30 31 41

1 Section 13. Subsections (2), (3), (8), (9), (10), and (11) of section 370.26, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are 2 3 amended to read: 370.26 Aquaculture definitions; marine aquaculture 4 5 products, producers, and facilities.-б (2) The Department of Environmental Protection shall 7 encourage the development of aquaculture and the production of 8 aquaculture products. The department shall develop a process consistent with this section that would consolidate permits, 9 10 general permits, special activity licenses, and other 11 regulatory requirements to streamline the permitting process and result in effective regulation of aquaculture activities. 12 13 This process shall provide for a single application and application fee for marine aquaculture activities which are 14 regulated by the department. Procedures to consolidate 15 permitting actions under this section do not constitute rules 16 17 within the meaning of s. 120.52. (3) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer 18 19 Services shall act as a clearinghouse for aquaculture 20 applications, and act as a liaison between the Fish and 21 Wildlife Conservation Commission Division of Marine Resources, the Division of State Lands, the Department of Environmental 22 Protection district offices, other divisions within the 23 24 Department of Environmental Protection, and the water 25 management districts. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall be responsible for regulating marine 26 27 aquaculture producers, except as specifically provided herein. 28 (8) The department shall: 29 (a) Coordinate with the Aquaculture Review Council, 30 the Aquaculture Interagency Coordinating Council, and the 31

42

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services when 2 developing criteria for aquaculture general permits. 3 (b) Permit experimental technologies to collect and evaluate data necessary to reduce or mitigate environmental 4 5 concerns. 6 (c) Provide technical expertise and promote the 7 transfer of information that would be beneficial to the 8 development of aquaculture. 9 The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (9) 10 department shall encourage the development of aquaculture in 11 the state through the following: (a) Providing assistance in developing technologies 12 applicable to aquaculture activities, evaluating practicable 13 production alternatives, and providing management agreements 14 to develop innovative culture practices. 15 16 (b) Permitting experimental technologies to collect 17 and evaluate data necessary to reduce or mitigate 18 environmental concerns. 19 (c) Providing technical expertise and promoting the transfer of information that would be beneficial to the 20 21 development of aquaculture. 22 (b)(d) Facilitating aquaculture research on life histories, stock enhancement, and alternative species, and 23 24 providing research results that would assist in the evaluation, development, and commercial production of 25 candidate species for aquaculture, including: 26 27 Providing eggs, larvae, fry, and fingerlings to 1. 28 aquaculturists when excess cultured stocks are available from 29 the commission's department's facilities and the culture 30 activities are consistent with the commission's department's 31 stock enhancement projects. Such stocks may be obtained by 43

1 reimbursing the <u>commission</u> department for the cost of 2 production on a per-unit basis. Revenues resulting from the 3 sale of stocks shall be deposited into the trust fund used to 4 support the production of such stocks.

5 2. Conducting research programs to evaluate candidate6 species when funding and staff are available.

3. Encouraging the private production of marine fish
and shellfish stocks for the purpose of providing such stocks
for statewide stock enhancement programs. When such stocks
become available, the <u>commission</u> department shall reduce or
eliminate duplicative production practices that would result
in direct competition with private commercial producers.

4. Developing a working group, in cooperation with the
 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the
 Aquaculture Review Council, and the Aquaculture Interagency
 Coordinating Council, to plan and facilitate the development
 of private marine fish and nonfish hatcheries and to encourage
 private/public partnerships to promote the production of
 marine aquaculture products.

20 <u>(c)(e)</u> Coordinating with Cooperating with the Game and 21 Fresh Water Fish Commission and public and private research 22 institutions within the state to advance the aquaculture 23 production and sale of sturgeon as a food fish.

24 (10) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 25 department shall coordinate with the Aquaculture Review Council and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 26 27 Services to establish and implement grant programs to provide 28 funding for projects and programs that are identified in the 29 state's aquaculture plan, pending legislative appropriations. 30 The commission department and the Department of Agriculture 31 and Consumer Services shall establish and implement a grant

44

1 program to make grants available to qualified nonprofit, 2 educational, and research entities or local governments to 3 fund infrastructure, planning, practical and applied research, 4 development projects, production economic analysis, and 5 training and stock enhancement projects, and to make grants 6 available to counties, municipalities, and other state and 7 local entities for applied aquaculture projects that are 8 directed to economic development, pending legislative 9 appropriations. 10 (11) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 11 department shall provide assistance to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services in the development of an 12 13 aquaculture plan for the state. Section 14. Subsection (5) of section 932.7055, 14 15 Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 932.7055 Disposition of liens and forfeited 16 17 property.--18 (5) If the seizing agency is a state agency, all 19 remaining proceeds shall be deposited into the General Revenue 20 However, if the seizing agency is: Fund. (a) The Department of Law Enforcement, the proceeds 21 accrued pursuant to the provisions of the Florida Contraband 22 Forfeiture Act shall be deposited into the Forfeiture and 23 24 Investigative Support Trust Fund as provided in s. 943.362 or 25 into the department's Federal Law Enforcement Trust Fund as provided in s. 943.365, as applicable. 26 27 (b) The Department of Environmental Protection, the 28 proceeds accrued pursuant to the provisions of the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act shall be deposited into the 29 Forfeited Property Trust Fund Marine Resources Conservation 30 Trust Fund to be used for law enforcement purposes as provided 31 45

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 in ss. 370.021 and 370.061 or into the department's Federal 2 Law Enforcement Trust Fund as provided in s. 20.2553, as 3 applicable. (c) The Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco, 4 5 the proceeds accrued pursuant to the Florida Contraband 6 Forfeiture Act shall be deposited into the Alcoholic Beverage 7 and Tobacco Trust Fund or into the department's Federal Law 8 Enforcement Trust Fund as provided in s. 561.027, as 9 applicable. 10 (d) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor 11 Vehicles, the proceeds accrued pursuant to the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act shall be deposited into the 12 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles Law 13 Enforcement Trust Fund as provided in s. 932.705(1)(a) or into 14 the department's Federal Law Enforcement Trust Fund as 15 provided in s. 932.705(1)(b), as applicable. 16 17 (e) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh 18 Water Fish Commission, the proceeds accrued pursuant to the 19 provisions of the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act shall be 20 deposited into the State Game Trust Fund as provided in ss. 372.73, 372.9901, and 372.9904, into the Marine Resources 21 Conservation Trust Fund as provided in s. 370.061, or into the 22 commission's Federal Law Enforcement Trust Fund as provided in 23 24 s. 372.107, as applicable. (f) A state attorney's office acting within its 25 judicial circuit, the proceeds accrued pursuant to the 26 27 provisions of the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act shall be 28 deposited into the State Attorney's Forfeiture and 29 Investigative Support Trust Fund to be used for the investigation of crime and prosecution of criminals within the 30 31 judicial circuit.

1	(g) A school board security agency employing law
2	enforcement officers, the proceeds accrued pursuant to the
3	provisions of the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act shall be
4	deposited into the School Board Law Enforcement Trust Fund.
5	(h) One of the State University System police
6	departments acting within the jurisdiction of its employing
7	state university, the proceeds accrued pursuant to the
8	provisions of the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act shall be
9	deposited into that state university's special law enforcement
10	trust fund.
11	(i) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer
12	Services, the proceeds accrued pursuant to the provisions of
13	the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act shall be deposited into
14	the Agricultural Law Enforcement Trust Fund or into the
15	department's Federal Law Enforcement Trust Fund as provided in
16	s. 570.205, as applicable.
17	(j) The Department of Military Affairs, the proceeds
18	accrued from federal forfeiture sharing pursuant to 21 U.S.C.
19	ss. 881(e)(1)(A) and (3), 18 U.S.C. s. 981(e)(2), and 19
20	U.S.C. s. 1616a shall be deposited into the Armory Board Trust
21	Fund and used for purposes authorized by such federal
22	provisions based on the department's budgetary authority or
23	into the department's Federal Law Enforcement Trust Fund as
24	provided in s. 250.175, as applicable.
25	Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 20.055, Florida
26	Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:
27	20.055 Agency inspectors general
28	(1) For the purposes of this section:
29	(a) "State agency" means each department created
30	pursuant to this chapter, and also includes the Executive
31	Office of the Governor, the Department of Military Affairs,
	47
COD	<b>ING:</b> Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

1 the Parole Commission, the Board of Regents, the Fish and 2 Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, 3 the Public Service Commission, and the state courts system. 4 (b) "Agency head" means the Governor, a Cabinet 5 officer, a secretary as defined in s. 20.03(5), or an б executive director as defined in s. 20.03(6). It also includes 7 the chair of the Public Service Commission and the Chief 8 Justice of the State Supreme Court. Section 16. Subsection (1) of section 23.21, Florida 9 10 Statutes, is amended to read: 11 23.21 Definitions.--For purposes of this part: "Department" means a principal administrative unit 12 (1) 13 within the executive branch of state government, as defined in chapter 20, and includes the State Board of Administration, 14 15 the Executive Office of the Governor, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, the Parole 16 17 Commission, the Agency for Health Care Administration, the 18 Board of Regents, the State Board of Community Colleges, the 19 Justice Administrative Commission, the Capital Collateral 20 Representative, and separate budget entities placed for 21 administrative purposes within a department. 22 Section 17. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 120.52, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 23 24 120.52 Definitions.--As used in this act: 25 (1) "Agency" means: Each state officer and state department, 26 (b) 27 departmental unit described in s. 20.04, commission, regional 28 planning agency, board, multicounty special district with a 29 majority of its governing board comprised of nonelected persons, and authority, including, but not limited to, the 30 31 Commission on Ethics and the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 48

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission when acting pursuant to 2 statutory authority derived from the Legislature, educational 3 units, and those entities described in chapters 163, 298, 373, 4 380, and 582 and s. 186.504, except any legal entity or agency 5 created in whole or in part pursuant to chapter 361, part II, б an expressway authority pursuant to chapter 348, or any legal 7 or administrative entity created by an interlocal agreement pursuant to s. 163.01(7), unless any party to such agreement 8 9 is otherwise an agency as defined in this subsection. 10 (c) Each other unit of government in the state, 11 including counties and municipalities, to the extent they are expressly made subject to this act by general or special law 12 13 or existing judicial decisions. Section 18. Subsection (5) of section 120.81, Florida 14 Statutes, is amended to read: 15 16 120.81 Exceptions and special requirements; general 17 areas.--(5) HUNTING AND FISHING REGULATION. -- Agency action 18 19 which has the effect of altering established hunting or 20 fishing seasons, or altering established annual harvest limits for saltwater fishing if the procedure for altering such 21 22 harvest limits is set out by rule of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Marine Fisheries Commission, is not a rule as 23 24 defined by this chapter, provided such action is adequately 25 noticed in the area affected through publishing in a newspaper of general circulation or through notice by broadcasting by 26 27 electronic media. 28 Section 19. Subsection (6) of section 163.3244, 29 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 163.3244 Sustainable communities demonstration 30 31 project.--

_	
1	(6) The secretary of the Department of Environmental
2	Protection, the Secretary of Community Affairs, the Secretary
3	of Transportation, the Commissioner of Agriculture, the
4	executive director of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation $Game$
5	and Fresh Water Fish Commission, and the executive directors
6	of the five water management districts shall have the
7	authority to enter into agreements with landowners,
8	developers, businesses, industries, individuals, and
9	governmental agencies as may be necessary to effectuate the
10	provisions of this section.
11	Section 20. Subsection (6) of section 186.003, Florida
12	Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:
13	186.003 DefinitionsAs used in ss. 186.001-186.031
14	and 186.801-186.911, the term:
15	(6) "State agency" means each executive department,
16	the <u>Fish and Wildlife Conservation</u> Game and Fresh Water Fish
17	Commission, the Parole Commission, and the Department of
18	Military Affairs.
19	Section 21. Subsection (1) of section 186.005, Florida
20	Statutes, is amended to read:
21	186.005 Designation of departmental planning
22	officer
23	(1) The head of each executive department and the
24	Public Service Commission, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation
25	Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, the Parole Commission,
26	and the Department of Military Affairs shall select from
27	within such agency a person to be designated as the planning
28	officer for such agency. The planning officer shall be
29	responsible for coordinating with the Executive Office of the
30	Governor and with the planning officers of other agencies all
31	
	50

50

1 activities and responsibilities of such agency relating to 2 planning. 3 Section 22. Subsection (1) of section 229.8058, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 4 5 229.8058 Advisory Council on Environmental Education; б establishment; responsibilities.--7 (1) There is created within the Legislature the 8 Advisory Council on Environmental Education. The council shall have 14 voting members, including: 9 10 (a) Two members of the Senate, appointed by the 11 President of the Senate. (b) Two members of the House of Representatives, 12 appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. 13 Five members appointed by the Governor. 14 (C) 15 (d) A representative of the Department of Education. A representative of the Department of 16 (e) 17 Environmental Protection. 18 (f) A representative of the Fish and Wildlife 19 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. 20 A representative of the Executive Office of the (g) Governor. 21 (h) The chair of the Environmental Education 22 23 Foundation. 24 Section 23. Subsection (6) of section 240.155, Florida 25 Statutes, is amended to read: 240.155 Campus master plans and campus development 26 27 agreements. --28 (6) Before a campus master plan is adopted, a copy of 29 the draft master plan must be sent for review to the host and any affected local governments, the state land planning 30 31 agency, the Department of Environmental Protection, the 51

1 Department of Transportation, the Department of State, the 2 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 3 Commission, and the applicable water management district and 4 regional planning council. These agencies must be given 90 5 days after receipt of the campus master plans in which to 6 conduct their review and provide comments to the Board of 7 Regents. The commencement of this review period must be 8 advertised in newspapers of general circulation within the 9 host local government and any affected local government to 10 allow for public comment. Following receipt and consideration 11 of all comments, and the holding of at least two public hearings within the host jurisdiction, the Board of Regents 12 13 shall adopt the campus master plan. It is the intent of the Legislature that the Board of Regents comply with the notice 14 requirements set forth in s. 163.3184(15) to ensure full 15 public participation in this planning process. Campus master 16 17 plans developed under this section are not rules and are not 18 subject to chapter 120 except as otherwise provided in this 19 section. 20 Section 24. Subsection (1) of section 252.365, Florida 21 Statutes, is amended to read: 22 252.365 Designation of emergency coordination 23 officers.--24 (1) The head of each executive department, the 25 executive director of each water management district, the Public Service Commission, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 26 27 Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, and the Department of 28 Military Affairs shall select from within such agency a person 29 to be designated as the emergency coordination officer for the agency and an alternate. 30 31

52

1 Section 25. Section 253.05, Florida Statutes, is 2 amended to read: 3 253.05 Prosecuting officers to assist in protecting 4 state lands.--State attorneys, other prosecuting officers of 5 the state or county, wildlife officers of the Fish and б Wildlife Conservation Florida Game and Fresh Water Fish 7 Commission, conservation officers, together with the Secretary of Environmental Protection, and county sheriffs and their 8 9 deputies shall see that the lands owned by the state, as 10 described in ss. 253.01 and 253.03, shall not be the object of 11 damage, trespass, depredation, or unlawful use by any person. The said officers and their deputies shall, upon information 12 13 that unlawful use is being made of state lands, report the same, together with the information in their possession 14 15 relating thereto, to the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund and shall cooperate with the said board 16 17 in carrying out the purposes of ss. 253.01-253.04 and this section. State attorneys and other prosecuting officers of the 18 19 state or any county, upon request of the Governor or Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, shall 20 institute and maintain such legal proceedings as may be 21 22 necessary to carry out the purpose of said sections. Section 26. Subsection (1) of section 253.45, Florida 23 24 Statutes, is amended to read: 25 253.45 Sale or lease of phosphate, clay, minerals, etc., in or under state lands.--26 27 (1) The Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement 28 Trust Fund may sell or lease any phosphate, earth or clay, 29 sand, gravel, shell, mineral, metal, timber or water, or any other substance similar to the foregoing, in, on, or under, 30 31 any land the title to which is vested in the state, the 53

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 Department of Management Services, the Department of 2 Environmental Protection, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 3 Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, the State Board of 4 Education, or any other state board, department, or agency; 5 provided that the board of trustees may not grant such a sale б or lease on the land of any other state board, department, or 7 agency without first obtaining approval therefrom. No sale or 8 lease provided for in this section shall be allowed on 9 hard-surfaced beaches that are used for bathing or driving and 10 areas contiguous thereto out to a mean low-water depth of 3 11 feet and landward to the nearest paved public road. Any sale or lease provided for in this section shall be conducted by 12 13 competitive bidding as provided for in ss. 253.52, 253.53, and 253.54. The proceeds of such sales or leases are to be 14 credited to the board of trustees, board, department, or 15 agency which has title or control of the land involved. 16 17 Section 27. Section 253.75, Florida Statutes, is 18 amended to read: 19 253.75 Studies and recommendations by the department 20 and the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water 21 Fish Commission; designation of recommended traditional and other use zones; supervision of aquaculture operations .--22 (1) Prior to the granting of any lease under this act, 23 24 the board shall request a recommendation by the department, 25 when the application relates to tidal bottoms, and by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 26 Commission, when the application relates to bottom land 27 28 covered by fresh water. Such recommendations shall be based on 29 such factors as an assessment of the probable effect of the proposed leasing arrangement on the lawful rights of riparian 30 31 owners, navigation, commercial and sport fishing, and the

54

1 conservation of fish or other wildlife or other natural 2 resources, including beaches and shores. 3 (2) The department and the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission shall both 4 5 have the following responsibilities with respect to submerged б land and water column falling within their respective 7 jurisdictions: (a) To undertake, or cause to be undertaken, the 8 9 studies and surveys necessary to support their respective 10 recommendations to the board; 11 (b) To institute procedures for supervising the aquaculture activities of lessees holding under this act and 12 13 reporting thereon from time to time to the board; and (c) To designate in advance areas of submerged land 14 15 and water column owned by the state for which they recommend reservation for uses that may possibly be inconsistent with 16 17 the conduct of aquaculture activities. Such uses shall include, but not be limited to, recreational, commercial and 18 19 sport fishing and other traditional uses, exploration for petroleum and other minerals, and scientific instrumentation. 20 The existence of such designated areas shall be considered by 21 22 the board in granting leases under this act. Section 28. Subsection (3) of section 253.7829, 23 24 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 25 253.7829 Management plan for retention or disposition of former Cross Florida Barge Canal lands; authority to manage 26 27 lands until disposition .--28 (3)(a) Before taking any action to control the rhesus 29 monkey population located in Marion County, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Florida Game and Fresh Water Fish 30 31 Commission shall conduct a study of the options available to 55 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 them to deal with control of the rhesus monkeys located within 2 a 10-mile radius of the convergence of the Oklawaha and Silver 3 Rivers. The options studied shall include but not be limited 4 to: 5 Developing a management plan to allow the monkeys 1. б to remain in their present locations. 7 2. Relocating all or some of the monkeys to 8 appropriate private state or federal lands in the United 9 States. 10 3. Sterilizing all or some of the monkeys, regardless 11 of whether they remain in their present location or are relocated. 12 13 4. Euthanizing all or some of the monkeys. 14 (b) During the time the study is being conducted, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Florida Game and Fresh Water 15 Fish Commission may control monkeys that constitute a threat 16 17 to visitors to such area. Such control includes, but is not 18 limited to, the right to deny public access to any area where 19 the monkeys are known to congregate. The Fish and Wildlife 20 Conservation Florida Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission 21 shall post adequate warning signs in areas to which the public 22 is denied access. (c) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Florida Game 23 24 and Fresh Water Fish Commission may consult with any other 25 local or state agency while conducting the study and may subcontract with any such agency to complete the study. 26 27 (d) The study of the options shall be delivered to the 28 Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund. 29 (e) Nothing in this subsection affects the signed 30 agreement between the department and the Silver Springs 31 Attraction regarding the relocation of rhesus monkeys from

56

1 Silver River State Park to the attraction, and such agreement continues to be valid. 2 3 Section 29. Subsection (4) of section 253.787, Florida 4 Statutes, is amended to read: 5 253.787 Florida Greenways Coordinating Council; б composition; duties .--7 (4) The council is to be composed of 26 members, 8 consisting of: 9 (a) Four members appointed by the Governor, four 10 members appointed by the President of the Senate, and four 11 members appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. Each appointing authority must consider 12 13 ethnic and gender balance and appoint one member who is representative of: 14 1. Business interests; 15 2. The interests of landowners; 16 17 3. Conservation interests; and 4. Recreation interests. 18 19 20 The Governor shall designate one of his or her appointees as 21 chair of the council. (b) Six members appointed by the Governor with the 22 concurrence of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of 23 24 the House of Representatives, one of whom represents the 25 government of an urban county, one of whom represents the government of a rural county, two of whom represent a 26 municipal government, one of whom represents the state's water 27 28 management districts, and one of whom represents a federal 29 land management entity active in the state. (c) Eight ex officio members consisting of the head or 30 31 designee of the following state agencies: the Department of 57

1 Environmental Protection, the Department of Transportation, 2 the Department of Community Affairs, the Division of Forestry 3 of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the 4 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 5 Commission, the Department of Commerce, the Department of б Education, and the Division of Historical Resources of the 7 Department of State. 8 Section 30. Subsection (3) of section 255.502, Florida 9 Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 10 255.502 Definitions; ss. 255.501-255.525.--As used in 11 this act, the following words and terms shall have the following meanings unless the context otherwise requires: 12 13 (3) "Agency" means any department created by chapter 14 20, the Executive Office of the Governor, the Fish and 15 Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, the Parole Commission, the State Board of Administration, the 16 17 Department of Military Affairs, or the Legislative Branch or the Judicial Branch of state government. 18 19 Section 31. Subsection (2) of section 258.157, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 20 21 258.157 Prohibited acts in Savannas State Reserve.--(2) It is unlawful for any person, except a law 22 enforcement or conservation officer, to have in his or her 23 24 possession any firearm while within the Savannas except when 25 in compliance with regulations established by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Florida Game and Fresh Water Fish 26 Commission applying to lands within the described boundaries. 27 28 Section 32. Subsection (4) of section 258.397, Florida 29 Statutes, is amended to read: 258.397 Biscayne Bay Aquatic Preserve .--30 31 (4) RULES.--

1 (a) The board of trustees shall adopt and enforce 2 reasonable rules and regulations to carry out the provisions 3 of this section and specifically to provide: 4 1. Additional preserve management criteria as may be 5 necessary to accommodate special circumstances. б 2. Regulation of human activity within the preserve in 7 such a manner as not to interfere unreasonably with lawful and 8 traditional public uses of the preserve, such as fishing (both 9 sport and commercial), boating, and swimming. 10 (b) Other uses of the preserve, or human activity 11 within the preserve, although not originally contemplated, may be permitted by the board of trustees, but only subsequent to 12 13 a formal finding of compatibility with the purposes of this 14 section. Fishing involving the use of seines or nets is 15 (C) prohibited in the preserve, except when the fishing is for 16 17 shrimp or mullet and such fishing is otherwise permitted by 18 state law or rules promulgated by the Fish and Wildlife 19 Conservation Marine Fisheries Commission. As used in this 20 paragraph, the terms "seines" or "nets" shall not include 21 landing nets, cast nets, or bully nets. Section 33. Paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 22 258.501, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 23 24 258.501 Myakka River; wild and scenic segment .--(7) MANAGEMENT COORDINATING COUNCIL.--25 Upon designation, the department shall create a 26 (a) 27 permanent council to provide interagency and intergovernmental 28 coordination in the management of the river. The coordinating 29 council shall be composed of one representative appointed from each of the following: the department, the Department of 30 31 Transportation, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and 59

Fresh Water Fish Commission, the Department of Community 1 2 Affairs, the Division of Forestry of the Department of 3 Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Division of Historical 4 Resources of the Department of State, the Tampa Bay Regional 5 Planning Council, the Southwest Florida Water Management 6 District, the Southwest Florida Regional Planning Council, Manatee County, Sarasota County, Charlotte County, the City of 7 8 Sarasota, the City of North Port, agricultural interests, 9 environmental organizations, and any others deemed advisable 10 by the department. 11 Section 34. Subsection (1) of section 259.035, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 12 259.035 Advisory council; powers and duties .--13 (1) There is created a Land Acquisition and Management 14 Advisory Council to be composed of the secretary and a 15 designee of the department, the director of the Division of 16 17 Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 18 Services, the executive director of the Fish and Wildlife 19 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, the director of the Division of Historical Resources of the 20 Department of State, and the secretary of the Department of 21 Community Affairs, or their respective designees. The 22 chairmanship of the council shall rotate annually in the 23 24 foregoing order. The council shall hold periodic meetings at 25 the request of the chair. The department shall provide primary staff support to the council and shall ensure that council 26 meetings are electronically recorded. Such recordings shall be 27 28 preserved pursuant to chapters 119 and 257. The department has 29 authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 30 to implement the provisions of this section. 31

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 Section 35. Subsection (1) of section 259.036, Florida 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 259.036 Management review teams.--(1) To determine whether conservation, preservation, 4 5 and recreation lands titled in the name of the Board of б Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund are being 7 managed for the purposes for which they were acquired and in 8 accordance with a land management plan adopted pursuant to s. 259.032, the board of trustees, acting through the Department 9 10 of Environmental Protection, shall cause periodic management 11 reviews to be conducted as follows: (a) The department shall establish a regional land 12 management review team composed of the following members: 13 One individual who is from the county or local 14 1. community in which the parcel or project is located and who is 15 selected by the county commission in the county which is most 16 17 impacted by the acquisition. 2. One individual from the Division of Recreation and 18 19 Parks of the department. 20 3. One individual from the Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. 21 22 4. One individual from the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. 23 24 5. One individual from the department's district office in which the parcel is located. 25 A private land manager mutually agreeable to the 26 6. 27 state agency representatives. A member of the local soil and water conservation 28 7. 29 district board of supervisors. 30 8. A member of a conservation organization. 31

61

1 (b) The staff of the Division of State Lands shall act 2 as the review team coordinator for the purposes of 3 establishing schedules for the reviews and other staff functions. The Legislature shall appropriate funds necessary 4 5 to implement land management review team functions. б Section 36. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 7 282.1095, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 282.1095 State agency law enforcement radio system.--8 9 (2)(a) The Joint Task Force on State Agency Law 10 Enforcement Communications shall consist of eight members, as 11 follows: A representative of the Division of Alcoholic 12 1. Beverages and Tobacco of the Department of Business and 13 Professional Regulation who shall be appointed by the 14 secretary of the department. 15 2. A representative of the Division of Florida Highway 16 17 Patrol of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles 18 who shall be appointed by the executive director of the 19 department. 20 3. A representative of the Department of Law 21 Enforcement who shall be appointed by the executive director 22 of the department. 23 4. A representative of the Fish and Wildlife 24 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission who shall be appointed by the executive director of the commission. 25 5. A representative of the Division of Law Enforcement 26 of the Department of Environmental Protection who shall be 27 28 appointed by the secretary of the department. 29 6. A representative of the Department of Corrections 30 who shall be appointed by the secretary of the department. 31 62

1 7. A representative of the Division of State Fire 2 Marshal of the Department of Insurance who shall be appointed 3 by the State Fire Marshal. 8. A representative of the Department of 4 5 Transportation who shall be appointed by the secretary of the б department. 7 Section 37. Subsections (3) and (7) of section 8 282.404, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 9 282.404 Geographic information board; definition; 10 membership; creation; duties; advisory council; membership; 11 duties.--12 The board consists of the Director of Planning and (3) Budgeting within the Executive Office of the Governor, the 13 executive director of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game 14 and Fresh Water Fish Commission, the executive director of the 15 Department of Revenue, and the State Cadastral Surveyor, as 16 17 defined in s. 177.503, or their designees, and the heads of 18 the following agencies, or their designees: the Department of 19 Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Department of Community Affairs, the Department of Environmental Protection, the 20 21 Department of Transportation, and the Board of Professional Surveyors and Mappers. The Governor shall appoint to the board 22 one member each to represent the counties, municipalities, 23 24 regional planning councils, water management districts, and 25 county property appraisers. The Governor shall initially appoint two members to serve 2-year terms and three members to 26 27 serve 4-year terms. Thereafter, the terms of all appointed 28 members must be 4 years and the terms must be staggered. 29 Members may be appointed to successive terms and incumbent 30 members may continue to serve the board until a new 31 appointment is made.

## **Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 (7) The Geographic Information Advisory Council 2 consists of one member each from the Office of Planning and 3 Budgeting within the Executive Office of the Governor, the 4 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 5 Commission, the Department of Revenue, the Department of б Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Department of Community 7 Affairs, the Department of Environmental Protection, the 8 Department of Transportation, the State Cadastral Surveyor, 9 the Board of Professional Surveyors and Mappers, counties, 10 municipalities, regional planning councils, water management 11 districts, and property appraisers, as appointed by the corresponding member of the board, and the State Geologist. 12 13 The Governor shall appoint to the council one member each, as recommended by the respective organization, to represent the 14 Department of Children and Family Services, the Department of 15 Health, the Florida Survey and Mapping Society, Florida Region 16 17 of the American Society of Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing, Florida Association of Cadastral Mappers, the Florida 18 19 Association of Professional Geologists, Florida Engineering 20 Society, Florida Chapter of the Urban and Regional Information Systems Association, the forestry industry, the State 21 University System survey and mapping academic research 22 programs, and State University System geographic information 23 24 systems academic research programs; and two members 25 representing utilities, one from a regional utility, and one from a local or municipal utility. These persons must have 26 27 technical expertise in geographic information issues. The 28 Governor shall initially appoint six members to serve 2-year 29 terms and six members to serve 4-year terms. Thereafter, the 30 terms of all appointed members must be 4 years and must be 31 staggered. Members may be appointed to successive terms, and

64

1 incumbent members may continue to serve the council until a 2 successor is appointed. Representatives of the Federal 3 Government may serve as ex officio members without voting 4 rights. 5 Section 38. Subsection (2) of section 285.09, Florida б Statutes, is amended to read: 7 285.09 Rights of Miccosukee and Seminole Tribes with 8 respect to hunting, fishing, and frogging .--In addition, members of the Miccosukee Tribe may 9 (2) 10 take wild game and fish for subsistence purposes and take 11 frogs for personal consumption as food or for commercial purposes at any time within their reservation and the area 12 13 leased to the Miccosukee Tribe pursuant to the actions of the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund on 14 15 April 8, 1981. The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission may restrict, for wildlife 16 17 management purposes, the exercise of these rights in the area leased. Prior to placing restrictions upon hunting, fishing, 18 19 and frogging for subsistence purposes, the Fish and Wildlife 20 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission shall totally restrict nonsubsistence uses for the particular 21 22 species. Section 39. Section 285.10, Florida Statutes, is 23 24 amended to read: 25 285.10 No license or permit fees required; identification card required. -- Indians may exercise the 26 27 hunting, fishing, and frogging rights granted to them in those 28 areas specified by s. 285.09 without payment of licensing or 29 permitting fees. Each Indian exercising such rights shall be required to have an identification card issued without cost by 30 31 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 65

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 Commission through the chairs of the Miccosukee Tribe and Seminole Tribe. Each Indian is required to have the 2 3 identification card on his or her person at all times when exercising such rights and shall exhibit it to officers of the 4 5 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish б Commission upon the request of such officers. 7 Section 40. Subsection (1) of section 288.021, Florida 8 Statutes, is amended to read: 288.021 Economic development liaison.--9 10 (1)The heads of the Department of Transportation, the 11 Department of Environmental Protection and an additional member appointed by the secretary of the department, the 12 13 Department of Labor and Employment Security, the Department of Education, the Department of Community Affairs, the Department 14 of Management Services, and the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 15 Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission shall designate a 16 17 high-level staff member from within such agency to serve as 18 the economic development liaison for the agency. This person 19 shall report to the agency head and have general knowledge 20 both of the state's permitting and other regulatory functions and of the state's economic goals, policies, and programs. 21 This person shall also be the primary point of contact for the 22 agency with the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic 23 24 Development on issues and projects important to the economic 25 development of Florida, including its rural areas, to expedite project review, to ensure a prompt, effective response to 26 problems arising with regard to permitting and regulatory 27 28 functions, and to work closely with the other economic 29 development liaisons to resolve interagency conflicts. 30 31

1 Section 41. Subsections (8) and (9) of section 2 288.975, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to 3 read: 288.975 Military base reuse plans.--4 5 (8) At the request of a host local government, the б Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall 7 coordinate a presubmission workshop concerning a military base 8 reuse plan within the boundaries of the host jurisdiction. 9 Agencies that shall participate in the workshop shall include 10 any affected local governments; the Department of 11 Environmental Protection; the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development; the Department of Community Affairs; the 12 Department of Transportation; the Department of Health; the 13 Department of Children and Family Services; the Department of 14 Agriculture and Consumer Services; the Department of State; 15 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 16 17 Commission; and any applicable water management districts and 18 regional planning councils. The purposes of the workshop shall 19 be to assist the host local government to understand issues of 20 concern to the above listed entities pertaining to the 21 military base site and to identify opportunities for better coordination of planning and review efforts with the 22 information and analyses generated by the federal 23 24 environmental impact statement process and the federal 25 community base reuse planning process. (9) If a host local government elects to use the 26 27 optional provisions of this act, it shall, no later than 12 28 months after notifying the agencies of its intent pursuant to 29 subsection (3) either: 30 (a) Send a copy of the proposed military base reuse 31 plan for review to any affected local governments; the 67

1 Department of Environmental Protection; the Office of Tourism, 2 Trade, and Economic Development; the Department of Community 3 Affairs; the Department of Transportation; the Department of 4 Health; the Department of Children and Family Services; the 5 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; the 6 Department of State; the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 7 Florida Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission; and any 8 applicable water management districts and regional planning councils, or 9 10 (b) Petition the secretary of the Department of 11 Community Affairs for an extension of the deadline for submitting a proposed reuse plan. Such an extension request 12 13 must be justified by changes or delays in the closure process 14 by the federal Department of Defense or for reasons otherwise 15 deemed to promote the orderly and beneficial planning of the subject military base reuse. The secretary of the Department 16 17 of Community Affairs may grant extensions to the required 18 submission date of the reuse plan. 19 Section 42. Subsection (1) of section 316.640, Florida 20 Statutes, is amended to read: 21 316.640 Enforcement.--The enforcement of the traffic laws of this state is vested as follows: 22 (1) STATE.--23 (a)1.a. The Division of Florida Highway Patrol of the 24 25 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, the Division 26 of Law Enforcement of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 27 Commission Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, the Division 28 of Law Enforcement of the Department of Environmental 29 Protection, and law enforcement officers of the Department of Transportation each have authority to enforce all of the 30 31 traffic laws of this state on all the streets and highways 68

thereof and elsewhere throughout the state wherever the public
 has a right to travel by motor vehicle.

b. University police officers shall have authority to enforce all of the traffic laws of this state when such violations occur on or about any property or facilities that are under the guidance, supervision, regulation, or control of the State University System, except that traffic laws may be enforced off-campus when hot pursuit originates on-campus.

9 c. Community college police officers shall have the 10 authority to enforce all the traffic laws of this state only 11 when such violations occur on any property or facilities that 12 are under the guidance, supervision, regulation, or control of 13 the community college system.

d. Police officers employed by an airport authority
shall have the authority to enforce all of the traffic laws of
this state only when such violations occur on any property or
facilities that are owned or operated by an airport authority.

The Office of Agricultural Law Enforcement of the 18 e. 19 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall have the 20 authority to enforce traffic laws of this state only as authorized by the provisions of chapter 570. However, nothing 21 in this section shall expand the authority of the Office of 22 Agricultural Law Enforcement at its agricultural inspection 23 24 stations to issue any traffic tickets except those traffic 25 tickets for vehicles illegally passing the inspection station. f. School safety officers shall have the authority to 26 enforce all of the traffic laws of this state when such 27 28 violations occur on or about any property or facilities which 29 are under the guidance, supervision, regulation, or control of the district school board. 30

31

69

1 2. An agency of the state as described in subparagraph 2 1. is prohibited from establishing a traffic citation quota. A 3 violation of this subparagraph is not subject to the penalties provided in chapter 318. 4 5 3. Any disciplinary action taken or performance б evaluation conducted by an agency of the state as described in 7 subparagraph 1. of a law enforcement officer's traffic 8 enforcement activity must be in accordance with written work-performance standards. Such standards must be approved by 9 10 the agency and any collective bargaining unit representing 11 such law enforcement officer. A violation of this subparagraph is not subject to the penalties provided in chapter 318. 12 13 (b)1. The Department of Transportation has authority to enforce on all the streets and highways of this state all 14 laws applicable within its authority. 15 2.a. The Department of Transportation shall develop 16 17 training and qualifications standards for toll enforcement 18 officers whose sole authority is to enforce the payment of 19 tolls pursuant to s. 316.1001. Nothing in this subparagraph 20 shall be construed to permit the carrying of firearms or other weapons, nor shall a toll enforcement officer have arrest 21 22 authority. 23 b. For the purpose of enforcing s. 316.1001, 24 governmental entities, as defined in s. 334.03, which own or 25 operate a toll facility may employ independent contractors or designate employees as toll enforcement officers; however, any 26 27 such toll enforcement officer must successfully meet the 28 training and qualifications standards for toll enforcement 29 officers established by the Department of Transportation. 30 31

70

1 Section 43. Subsections (1), (5), (18), (19), and (25) 2 of section 320.08058, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are 3 amended to read: 4 320.08058 Specialty license plates.--5 (1) MANATEE LICENSE PLATES.-б The department shall develop a manatee license (a) 7 plate to commemorate the official state marine mammal. The 8 word "Florida" must appear at the top of the plate, and the 9 words "Save the Manatee" must appear at the bottom of the 10 plate. 11 (b)1. The manatee license plate annual use fee must be deposited into the Save the Manatee Trust Fund, created within 12 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of 13 14 Environmental Protection. The funds deposited in the Save the Manatee Trust Fund may be used only for environmental 15 education; manatee research; facilities, as provided in s. 16 17 370.12(5)(b); and manatee protection and recovery. 2. For fiscal year 1996-1997, 25 percent of the 18 19 manatee license plate annual use fee must be deposited into 20 the Save the Manatee Trust Fund within the Department of 21 Environmental Protection and shall be used for manatee facilities as provided in s. 370.12(5)(b). 22 (5) FLORIDA PANTHER LICENSE PLATES.--23 24 (a) The department shall develop a Florida panther 25 license plate as provided in this section. Florida panther license plates must bear the design of a Florida panther and 26 the colors that department approves. In small letters, the 27 28 word "Florida" must appear at the bottom of the plate. 29 (b) The department shall distribute the Florida panther license plate annual use fee in the following manner: 30 31

71

1 1. Eighty-five percent must be deposited in the 2 Florida Panther Research and Management Trust Fund in the Fish 3 and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission to be used for education and programs to protect the 4 5 endangered Florida panther. б 2. Fifteen percent, but no less than \$300,000, must be 7 deposited in the Florida Communities Trust Fund to be used 8 pursuant to the Florida Communities Trust Act. 9 (c) A person or corporation that purchases 10,000 or 10 more panther license plates shall pay an annual use fee of \$5 11 per plate and an annual processing fee of \$2 per plate, in addition to the applicable license tax required under s. 12 13 320.08. (18) LARGEMOUTH BASS LICENSE PLATES.--14 15 (a) The department shall develop a Largemouth Bass license plate as provided in this section to commemorate the 16 17 official freshwater fish of this state. The word "Florida" 18 must appear at the top of the plate, the words "Go Fishing" 19 must appear at the bottom of the plate, and a representation 20 of a largemouth bass must appear to the left of the numerals. (b) The annual use fees shall be distributed to the 21 22 State Game Trust Fund and used by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission to fund 23 24 current conservation programs that maintain current levels of 25 protection and management of this state's fish and wildlife resources, including providing hunting, fishing, and 26 27 nonconsumptive wildlife opportunities. 28 (19) SEA TURTLE LICENSE PLATES.--29 (a) The department shall develop a Sea Turtle license plate as provided in this section. The word "Florida" must 30 31 appear at the top of the plate, the words "Helping Sea Turtles 72 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 Survive" must appear at the bottom of the plate, and the image 2 of a sea turtle must appear in the center of the plate. 3 (b) The annual use fees shall be deposited in the 4 Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund in the Fish and 5 Wildlife Conservation Commission Florida Department of б Environmental Protection. The first \$500,000 in annual revenue 7 shall be used by the Florida Marine Turtle Protection Program to conduct sea turtle protection, research, and recovery 8 9 programs. The remaining annual use proceeds shall be used by 10 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of 11 Environmental Protection for sea turtle conservation activities, except that up to 30 percent of the remaining 12 13 annual use fee proceeds shall be annually dispersed through 14 the marine turtle grants program as provided in s. 370.12(1)(h). 15 (25) CONSERVE WILDLIFE LICENSE PLATES.--16 17 (a) The department shall develop a Conserve Wildlife license plate. Conserve Wildlife license plates shall bear the 18 19 colors and design approved by the department. The word 20 "Florida" shall appear at the top of the plate, and the words "Conserve Wildlife" shall appear at the bottom of the plate. 21 22 The plate design shall include the likeness of a Florida black 23 bear. 24 (b) The proceeds of the Conserve Wildlife license plate annual use fee shall be forwarded to the Wildlife 25 Foundation of Florida, Inc., a citizen support organization 26 created pursuant to s. 372.0215. 27 Notwithstanding s. 320.08062, up to 10 percent of 28 1. 29 the proceeds from the annual use fee may be used for marketing the Conserve Wildlife license plate and administrative costs 30 31

1 directly related to the management and distribution of the 2 proceeds. 3 2. The remaining proceeds from the annual use fee 4 shall be used for programs and activities of the Fish and 5 Wildlife Conservation Florida Game and Fresh Water Fish б Commission that contribute to the health and well-being of 7 Florida black bears and other wildlife diversity. Section 44. Present subsection (5) of section 327.02, 8 9 Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is redesignated as 10 subsection (6), present subsection (6) is repealed, subsection 11 (7) is amended, and new subsection (5) is added to that section to read: 12 327.02 Definitions of terms used in this chapter and 13 14 in chapter 328.--As used in this chapter and in chapter 328, 15 unless the context clearly requires a different meaning, the 16 term: 17 "Commission" means the Fish and Wildlife (5) 18 Conservation Commission. 19 (7) "Division" means the Division of Law Enforcement 20 of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of Environmental Protection. 21 Section 45. Subsection (17) of section 327.25, Florida 22 Statutes, is amended to read: 23 327.25 Classification; registration; fees and charges; 24 25 surcharge; disposition of fees; fines; marine turtle stickers.--26 27 (17) MARINE TURTLE STICKER. -- The Department of Highway 28 Safety and Motor Vehicles Department of Environmental 29 Protection shall offer for sale with vessel registrations a waterproof sticker in the shape of a marine turtle at an 30 31 additional cost of \$5, the proceeds of which shall be 74

1 deposited in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund to 2 be used for marine turtle protection, research, and recovery 3 efforts pursuant to the provisions of s. 370.12(1). 4 Section 46. Section 327.26, Florida Statutes, is 5 amended to read: б 327.26 Stickers or emblems for the Save the Manatee 7 Trust Fund.--The commission department shall prepare stickers or emblems signifying support for the Save the Manatee Trust 8 9 Fund which shall be given to persons who contribute to the 10 Save the Manatee Trust Fund as provided in s. 327.25. The 11 commission department may accept stickers or emblems donated by any governmental or nongovernmental entity for the purposes 12 13 of this section. Section 47. Subsection (2) of section 327.28, Florida 14 15 Statutes, is amended to read: 327.28 Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund; 16 17 vessel registration funds; appropriation and distribution .--(2) All funds collected pursuant to s. 370.06(2) shall 18 19 be deposited in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund. 20 Such funds shall be used to pay the cost of implementing the saltwater products license program. Additional proceeds from 21 22 the licensing revenue shall be distributed among the following 23 program functions: 24 (a) No more than 15 percent nor less than the amount 25 deposited in the former Marine Fisheries Commission Trust Fund pursuant to this subsection in fiscal year 1987-1988 shall go 26 27 to the Marine Fisheries Commission for its operations; 28 (a) (b) No more than 15 percent shall go to law 29 enforcement; 30 (b) (c) No more than 25 percent shall go to the Florida 31 Saltwater Products Promotion Trust Fund within the Department 75

of Agriculture and Consumer Services for the purpose of 1 2 providing marketing and extension services including industry 3 information and education; and 4 (c)(d) The remainder, but at least 45 percent, shall 5 go to the Division of Marine Resources of the Fish and б Wildlife Conservation Commission, for use in marine research 7 and statistics development, including quota management. Section 48. Subsection (2) of section 327.30, Florida 8 Statutes, is amended to read: 9 10 327.30 Collisions, accidents, and casualties.--11 (2) In the case of collision, accident, or other casualty involving a vessel in or upon or entering into or 12 exiting from the water, including capsizing, collision with 13 14 another vessel or object, sinking, personal injury requiring medical treatment beyond immediate first aid, death, 15 disappearance of any person from on board under circumstances 16 17 which indicate the possibility of death or injury, or damage to any vessel or other property in an apparent aggregate 18 19 amount of at least \$500, the operator shall without delay, by 20 the quickest means available give notice of the accident to one of the following agencies: the Division of Law 21 22 Enforcement; the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission; the sheriff of the county within which 23 24 the accident occurred; or the police chief of the municipality within which the accident occurred, if applicable. 25 Section 49. Subsection (5) of section 327.35215, 26 Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 27 28 327.35215 Penalty for failure to submit to test.--29 (5) Moneys collected by the clerk of the court pursuant to this section shall be disposed of in the following 30 31 manner:

76

1 (a) If the arresting officer was employed or appointed 2 by a state law enforcement agency except the Fish and Wildlife 3 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, the moneys shall be deposited into the Marine Resources Conservation 4 5 Trust Fund or the State Game Trust Fund. б (b) If the arresting officer was employed or appointed 7 by a county or municipal law enforcement agency, the moneys 8 shall be deposited into the law enforcement trust fund of that 9 agency. 10 (c) If the arresting officer was employed or appointed 11 by the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, the money shall be deposited into the State Game Trust Fund. 12 13 Section 50. Section 327.395, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 14 327.395 Boating safety identification cards.--15 (1) Until October 1, 2001, a person born after 16 17 September 30, 1980, and on or after October 1, 2001, a person 18 21 years of age or younger may not operate a vessel powered by 19 a motor of 10 horsepower or greater unless such person has in 20 his or her possession aboard the vessel photographic 21 identification and a boater safety identification card issued by the commission department which shows that he or she has: 22 23 Completed a commission department-approved boater (a) 24 education course that meets the minimum 8-hour instruction requirement established by the National Association of State 25 Boating Law Administrators; 26 27 (b) Passed a course equivalency examination approved 28 by the commission department; or 29 (c) Passed a temporary certificate examination 30 developed or approved by the commission department. 31

77

1 (2) Any person may obtain a boater safety 2 identification card by complying with the requirements of this 3 section. The commission department may appoint liveries, 4 (3) 5 marinas, or other persons as its agents to administer the б course, course equivalency examination, or temporary 7 certificate examination and issue identification cards under 8 quidelines established by the commission department. An agent 9 must charge the \$2 examination fee, which must be forwarded to 10 the commission department with proof of passage of the 11 examination and may charge and keep a \$1 service fee. (4) An identification card issued to a person who has 12 13 completed a boating education course or a course equivalency examination is valid for life. A card issued to a person who 14 15 has passed a temporary certification examination is valid for 12 months from the date of issuance. 16 17 (5) A person is exempt from subsection (1) if he or 18 she: 19 (a) Is licensed by the United States Coast Guard to serve as master of a vessel. 20 21 Operates a vessel only on a private lake or pond. (b) Is accompanied in the vessel by a person who is 22 (C) exempt from this section or who holds an identification card 23 24 in compliance with this section, is 18 years of age or older, and is attendant to the operation of the vessel and 25 responsible for any violation that occurs during the 26 27 operation. 28 Is a nonresident who has in his or her possession (d) 29 proof that he or she has completed a boater education course or equivalency examination in another state which meets or 30 31 exceeds the requirements of subsection (1). 78 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 (e) Is exempted by rule of the commission department. 2 (6) A person who violates this section is guilty of a 3 noncriminal infraction, punishable as provided in s. 327.73. The commission department shall design forms and 4 (7) 5 adopt rules to administer this section. Such rules shall б include provision for educational and other public and private entities to offer the course and administer examinations. 7 8 (8) The commission <del>department</del> shall institute and 9 coordinate a statewide program of boating safety instruction 10 and certification to ensure that boating courses and 11 examinations are available in each county of the state. (9) The commission department is authorized to 12 establish and to collect a \$2 examination fee to cover 13 administrative costs. 14 Section 51. Section 327.41, Florida Statutes, is 15 amended to read: 16 17 327.41 Uniform waterway regulatory markers .--18 The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (1) 19 Department of Environmental Protection shall adopt rules and 20 regulations establishing a uniform system of regulatory 21 markers for the Florida Intracoastal Waterway, compatible with the system of regulatory markers prescribed by the United 22 States Coast Guard, and shall give due regard to the System of 23 24 Uniform Waterway Markers approved by the Advisory Panel of 25 State Officials to the Merchant Marine Council, United States Coast Guard. 26 27 (2) Any county or municipality which has been granted 28 a restricted area designation, pursuant to s. 327.46, for a 29 portion of the Florida Intracoastal Waterway within its 30 jurisdiction may apply to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 31 Commission Department of Environmental Protection for 79

1 permission to place regulatory markers within the restricted 2 area. 3 (3) Application for placing regulatory markers on the 4 Florida Intracoastal Waterway shall be made to the commission 5 Division of Marine Resources, accompanied by a map locating б the approximate placement of the markers, a statement of the 7 specification of the markers, a statement of purpose of the 8 markers, and a statement of the city or county responsible for 9 the placement and upkeep of the markers. 10 (4) No person or municipality, county, or other 11 governmental entity shall place any regulatory markers in, on, or over the Florida Intracoastal Waterway without a permit 12 from the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Division of 13 Marine Resources. 14 (5) Aquaculture leaseholds shall be marked as required 15 16 by this section, and the Department of Environmental 17 Protection may approve alternative marking requirements as a 18 condition of the lease pursuant to s. 253.68. The provisions 19 of this section notwithstanding, no permit shall be required 20 for the placement of markers required by such a lease. Section 52. Section 327.43, Florida Statutes, is 21 amended to read: 22 23 327.43 Silver Glen Run and Silver Glen Springs; 24 navigation channel; anchorage buoys; violations .--25 (1) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of Environmental Protection is hereby directed to 26 mark a navigation channel within Silver Glen Run and Silver 27 28 Glen Springs, located on the western shore of Lake George on 29 the St. Johns River. 30 31

80

1 (2) The commission department is further directed to 2 establish permanent anchorage buoys within Silver Glen Run and 3 Silver Glen Springs. (3) Vessel anchorage or mooring shall only be allowed 4 5 utilizing permanently established anchorage buoys. No vessel б shall anchor or otherwise attach, temporarily or permanently, 7 to the bottom within Silver Glen Run or Silver Glen Springs. 8 (4) Any violation of this act shall constitute a violation of the boating laws of this state and shall be 9 10 punishable by issuance of a uniform boating citation as 11 provided in s. 327.74. Any person who refuses to post a bond or accept and sign a uniform boating citation, as provided in 12 13 s. 327.73(3), commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 14 Section 53. Subsection (1) of section 327.46, Florida 15 Statutes, is amended to read: 16 17 327.46 Restricted areas.--(1) The commission department shall have the authority 18 19 for establishing, by rule, restricted areas on the waters of 20 the state for any purpose deemed necessary for the safety of 21 the public, including, but not limited to, boat speeds and boat traffic where such restrictions are deemed necessary 22 based on boating accidents, visibility, tides, congestion, or 23 24 other navigational hazards. Each such restricted area shall be developed in consultation and coordination with the 25 governing body of the county or municipality in which the 26 restricted area is located and, where required, with the 27 28 United States Army Corps of Engineers. Restricted areas shall 29 be established in accordance with procedures under chapter 30 120. 31

1 Section 54. Section 327.48, Florida Statutes, is 2 amended to read: 3 327.48 Regattas, races, marine parades, tournaments, 4 or exhibitions. -- Any person directing the holding of a 5 regatta, tournament, or marine parade or exhibition shall б secure a permit from the Coast Guard when such event is held 7 in navigable waters of the United States. A person directing 8 any such affair in any county shall notify the sheriff of the 9 county, or the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Game 10 and Fresh Water Fish Commission, or the department at least 15 11 days prior to any event in order that appropriate arrangements for safety and navigation may be assured. Any person or 12 13 organization sponsoring a regatta or boat race, marine parade, 14 tournament, or exhibition shall be responsible for providing 15 adequate protection to the participants, spectators, and other users of the water. 16 Section 55. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 327.70, 17 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18 327.70 Enforcement of this chapter and chapter 328.--19 20 (1) This chapter and chapter 328 shall be enforced by 21 the Division of Law Enforcement of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation department and its officers, the Game and Fresh 22 Water Fish Commission and its officers, the sheriffs of the 23 24 various counties and their deputies, and any other authorized law enforcement officer, all of whom may order the removal of 25 vessels deemed to be an interference or a hazard to public 26 safety, enforce the provisions of this chapter and chapter 27 28 328, or cause any inspections to be made of all vessels in 29 accordance with this chapter and chapter 328. 30 (3) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 31 department or any other law enforcement agency may make any

82

1 investigation necessary to secure information required to 2 carry out and enforce the provisions of this chapter and 3 chapter 328. 4 Section 56. Section 327.71, Florida Statutes, is 5 amended to read: б 327.71 Exemption.--The commission department may, if 7 it finds that federal law imposes less restrictive requirements than provided herein or if it determines that 8 9 boating safety will not be adversely affected, issue temporary 10 exemptions from any provision of this chapter or rules 11 established hereunder, on such terms and conditions as it 12 considers appropriate. 13 Section 57. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 14 327.731, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to 15 read: 327.731 Mandatory education for violators .--16 17 (1) Every person convicted of a criminal violation of this chapter, every person convicted of a noncriminal 18 19 infraction under this chapter if the infraction resulted in a 20 reportable boating accident, and every person convicted of two noncriminal infractions as defined in s. 327.73(1)(h) through 21 22 (k), (m) through (p), (s), and (t), said infractions occurring within a 12-month period, must: 23 24 (a) Enroll in, attend, and successfully complete, at 25 his or her own expense, a boating safety course that meets minimum standards established by the commission department by 26 rule; however, the commission department may provide by rule 27 28 for waivers of the attendance requirement for violators 29 residing in areas where classroom presentation of the course is not available; 30 31

83

1 (b) File with the commission department within 90 days 2 proof of successful completion of the course; 3 (c) Refrain from operating a vessel until he or she 4 has filed the proof of successful completion of the course 5 with the commission department. б 7 Any person who has successfully completed an approved boating 8 course shall be exempt from these provisions upon showing 9 proof to the commission department as specified in paragraph 10 (b). 11 The commission department shall print on the (3) reverse side of the defendant's copy of the boating citation a 12 notice of the provisions of this section. Upon conviction, the 13 clerk of the court shall notify the defendant that it is 14 unlawful for him or her to operate any vessel until he or she 15 has complied with this section, but failure of the clerk of 16 17 the court to provide such a notice shall not be a defense to a charge of unlawful operation of a vessel under subsection (2). 18 19 Section 58. Subsections (1), (2), (4), (6), and (10) of section 327.74, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 20 21 327.74 Uniform boating citations.--22 (1) The commission department shall prepare, and supply to every law enforcement agency in this state which 23 24 enforces the laws of this state regulating the operation of 25 vessels, an appropriate form boating citation containing a notice to appear (which shall be issued in prenumbered books 26 with citations in quintuplicate) and meeting the requirements 27 28 of this chapter or any laws of this state regulating boating, which form shall be consistent with the state's county court 29 rules and the procedures established by the commission 30 31 department.

84

1	(2) Courts, enforcement agencies, and the commission
2	department are jointly responsible to account for all uniform
3	boating citations in accordance with the procedures
4	promulgated by the <u>commission</u> <del>department</del> .
5	(4) The chief administrative officer of every law
6	enforcement agency shall require the return to him or her of
7	the <u>commission</u> <del>department</del> record copy of every boating
8	citation issued by an officer under his or her supervision to
9	an alleged violator of any boating law or ordinance and all
10	copies of every boating citation which has been spoiled or
11	upon which any entry has been made and not issued to an
12	alleged violator.
13	(6) The chief administrative officer shall transmit,
14	on a form approved by the <u>commission</u> <del>department</del> , the
15	commission department record copy of the uniform boating
16	citation to the <u>commission</u> <del>department</del> within 5 days after
17	submission of the original and one copy to the court. A copy
18	of such transmittal shall also be provided to the court having
19	jurisdiction for accountability purposes.
20	(10) Upon final disposition of any alleged offense for
21	which a uniform boating citation has been issued, the court
22	shall, within ten days, certify said disposition to the
23	commission department.
24	Section 59. Section 327.803, Florida Statutes, are
25	amended to read:
26	327.803 Boating Advisory Council
27	(1) The Boating Advisory Council is created within the
28	Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of
29	Environmental Protection and shall be composed of $\underline{15}$ $\underline{16}$
30	members. The initial members shall be appointed before August
31	1, 1994, and must include:
	85

1 (a) One representative from the Fish and Wildlife 2 Conservation Commission Department of Environmental 3 Protection, who shall serve as the chair of the council. 4 (b) One representative each from the Game and Fresh 5 Water Fish Commission, the United States Coast Guard б Auxiliary, the United States Power Squadron, and the inland 7 navigation districts. 8 (c) One representative of manatee protection interests, one representative of the marine industries, two 9 10 representatives of water-related environmental groups, one 11 representative of marine manufacturers, one representative of commercial vessel owners or operators, one representative of 12 13 sport boat racing, and two representatives of the boating public, each of whom shall be nominated by the Executive 14 Director of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 15 Secretary of Environmental Protection and appointed by the 16 17 Governor to serve staggered 2-year terms. 18 (d) One member of the House of Representatives, who 19 shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of 20 Representatives. 21 (e) One member of the Senate, who shall be appointed 22 by the President of the Senate. 23 (2) The council shall meet at the call of the chair, 24 at the request of a majority of its membership, or at such 25 times as may be prescribed by rule. (3) The purpose of the council is to make 26 27 recommendations to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 28 Commission Department of Environmental Protection and the 29 Department of Community Affairs regarding issues affecting the boating community, including, but not limited to, issues 30 31 related to: 86

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

```
CS for CS for SB 864
```

1 (a) Boating safety education. (b) Boating-related facilities, including marinas and 2 3 boat testing facilities. 4 (c) Boat usage. 5 б However, it is not the purpose of the council to make 7 recommendations to the Marine Fisheries Commission. (4) Members of the council shall serve without 8 9 compensation. 10 Section 60. Section 327.804, Florida Statutes, is 11 amended to read: 327.804 Compilation of statistics on boating accidents 12 and violations.--The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 13 14 Department of Environmental Protection shall compile statistics on boating accidents and boating violations of the 15 age groups of persons affected by chapter 96-187, Laws of 16 17 Florida. Section 327.90, Florida Statutes, is 18 Section 61. 19 amended to read: 20 327.90 Transactions by electronic or telephonic 21 means.--The commission department is authorized to accept any 22 application provided for under this chapter by electronic or telephonic means. 23 24 Section 62. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 328.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 25 328.01 Application for certificate of title.--26 27 (2) 28 In making application for an initial title, the (C) 29 owner of a homemade vessel shall establish proof of ownership 30 by submitting with the application: 31

87

1	1. A notarized statement of the builder or its
2	equivalent, whichever is acceptable to the Department of
3	Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, if the vessel is less than
4	16 feet in length; or
5	2. A certificate of inspection from the Division of
6	Law Enforcement of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation
7	Department of Environmental Protection or the Game and Fresh
8	Water Fish Commission and a notarized statement of the builder
9	or its equivalent, whichever is acceptable to the Department
10	of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, if the vessel is 16 feet
11	or more in length.
12	Section 63. Subsection (1) of section 339.281, Florida
13	Statutes, is amended to read:
14	339.281 Damage to transportation facility by vessel;
15	marine accident report; investigative authorities;
16	penalties
17	(1) Whenever any vessel has caused damage to a
18	transportation facility, the managing owner, agent, or master
19	of such vessel shall immediately, or as soon thereafter as
20	possible, report the same to the nearest Fish and Wildlife
21	Conservation Commission Officer Florida Marine Patrol, the
22	sheriff of the county wherein such accident occurred, <del>the Game</del>
23	and Fresh Water Fish Commission, or the Florida Highway
24	Patrol, who shall immediately go to the scene of the accident
25	and, if necessary, board the vessel subsequent to the accident
26	in pursuance of its investigation. The law enforcement agency
27	investigating the accident shall submit a copy of its report
28	to the department.
29	Section 64. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
30	341.352, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
31	341.352 Certification hearing
	88

1 (2)(a) The parties to the certification proceeding 2 are: 3 1. The franchisee. The Department of Commerce. 4 2. 5 The Department of Environmental Protection. 3. б 4. The Department of Transportation. 7 The Department of Community Affairs. 5. 8 6. The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. 9 10 7. Each water management district. 11 8. Each local government. 9. Each regional planning council. 12 13 10. Each metropolitan planning organization. Section 65. Subsection (3) of section 369.20, Florida 14 Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 15 369.20 Florida Aquatic Weed Control Act .--16 17 (3) It shall be the duty of the department to guide and coordinate the activities of all public bodies, 18 19 authorities, agencies, and special districts charged with the 20 control or eradication of aquatic weeds and plants. It may 21 delegate all or part of such functions to the Fish and 22 Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. Subsection (9) of section 369.22, Florida 23 Section 66. 24 Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 25 369.22 Nonindigenous aquatic plant control.--(9) The department may delegate various nonindigenous 26 aquatic plant control and maintenance functions to the Fish 27 28 and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 29 Commission. The commission shall, in accepting commitments to engage in nonindigenous aquatic plant control and maintenance 30 31 activities, be subject to the rules of the department, except 89

1 that the commission shall regulate, control, and coordinate 2 the use of any fish for aquatic weed control in fresh waters 3 of the state. In addition, the commission shall render technical and other assistance to the department in order to 4 5 carry out most effectively the purposes of s. 369.20. б However, nothing herein shall diminish or impair the 7 regulatory authority of the commission with respect to the powers granted to it by s. 9, Art. IV of the State 8 9 Constitution. 10 Section 67. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 11 369.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 369.25 Aquatic plants; definitions; permits; powers of 12 13 department; penalties.--(3) The department has the following powers: 14 15 (b) To establish by rule lists of aquatic plant species regulated under this section, including those exempted 16 17 from such regulation, provided the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 18 19 Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission approve such lists prior 20 to the lists becoming effective. Section 68. Section 370.01, Florida Statutes, 1998 21 22 Supplement, is amended to read: 370.01 Definitions.--In construing these statutes, 23 24 where the context does not clearly indicate otherwise, the 25 word, phrase, or term: (1) "Authorization" means a number issued by the Fish 26 27 and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 28 Commission, or its authorized agent, which serves in lieu of a 29 license or permits and affords the privilege purchased for a specified period of time. 30 31

1	(2) "Beaches" and "shores" shall mean the coastal and
2	intracoastal shoreline of this state bordering upon the waters
3	of the Atlantic Ocean, the Gulf of Mexico, the Straits of
4	Florida, and any part thereof, and any other bodies of water
5	under the jurisdiction of the State of Florida, between the
6	mean high-water line and as far seaward as may be necessary to
7	effectively carry out the purposes of this act.
8	(3) "Closed season" shall be that portion of the year
9	wherein the laws or rules of Florida forbid the taking of
10	particular species of game or varieties of fish.
11	(4) "Coastal construction" includes any work or
12	activity which is likely to have a material physical effect on
13	existing coastal conditions or natural shore processes.
14	(5) "Commission" shall mean the Fish and Wildlife
15	Conservation Commission.
16	(6) <del>(5)</del> "Common carrier" shall include any person,
17	firm, or corporation, who undertakes for hire, as a regular
18	business, to transport persons or commodities from place to
19	place offering his or her services to all such as may choose
20	to employ the common carrier and pay his or her charges.
21	<u>(7)</u> (6) "Coon oysters" are oysters found growing in
22	bunches along the shore between high-water mark and low-water
23	mark.
24	(8) (7) "Department" shall mean the Department of
25	Environmental Protection.
26	(9) <del>(8)</del> "Erosion control," "beach preservation," and
27	"hurricane protection" shall include any activity, work,
28	program, project, or other thing deemed necessary by the
29	<del>Division of Marine Resources of the</del> Department of
30	Environmental Protection to effectively preserve, protect,
31	
	91

1 restore, rehabilitate, stabilize, and improve the beaches and 2 shores of this state, as defined above. 3 (10)(9) "Exhibit" means to present or display upon 4 request. 5 (11)(10) "Finfish" means any member of the classes б Agnatha, Chondrichthyes, or Osteichthyes. 7 (12)<del>(11)</del> "Food fish" shall include mullet, trout, 8 redfish, sheepshead, pompano, mackerel, bluefish, red snapper, grouper, black drum, jack crevalle, and all other fish 9 10 generally used for human consumption. 11 (13)(12) "Guide" shall include any person engaged in the business of guiding hunters or hunting parties, fishers or 12 13 fishing parties, for compensation. 14 (14)(13) "Marine fish" means any saltwater species of 15 finfish of the classes Agnatha, Chondrichthyes, and Osteichthyes, and marine invertebrates in the classes 16 Gastropoda, Bivalvia, and Crustacea, or the phylum 17 18 Echinodermota, but does not include nonliving shells or 19 Echinoderms. 20 (15)(14) A "natural oyster or clam reef" or "bed" or "bar" shall be considered and defined as an area containing 21 not less than 100 square yards of the bottom where oysters or 22 clams are found in a stratum. 23 (16)(15) "Nonresident alien" shall mean those 24 25 individuals from other nations who can provide documentation from the Immigration and Naturalization Service evidencing 26 permanent residency status in the United States. For the 27 28 purposes of this chapter, a "nonresident alien" shall be 29 considered a "nonresident." (17) (16) "Open season" shall be that portion of the 30 31 year wherein the laws of Florida for the preservation of fish 92

and game permit the taking of particular species of game or
 varieties of fish.

3 <u>(18)</u>(17) "Reef bunch oysters" are oysters found
4 growing on the bars or reefs in the open bay and exposed to
5 the air between high and low tide.

6 <u>19(18)</u> "Resident" or "resident of Florida" includes 7 citizens of the United States who have continuously resided in 8 this state, next preceding the making of their application for 9 hunting, fishing, or other license, for the following period 10 of time, to wit: For 1 year in the state and 6 months in the 11 county when applied to all fish and game laws not related to 12 freshwater fish and game.

13 (20)(19) "Resident alien" shall mean those persons who 14 have continuously resided in this state for at least 1 year 15 and 6 months in the county and can provide documentation from 16 the Immigration and Naturalization Service evidencing 17 permanent residency status in the United States. For the 18 purposes of this chapter, a "resident alien" shall be 19 considered a "resident."

20 (21)(20) "Restricted species" means any species of 21 saltwater products for which the state by law, or the Fish and 22 Wildlife Conservation Marine Fisheries Commission by rule, has found it necessary to so designate. The term includes a 23 24 species of saltwater products designated by the commission as 25 restricted within a geographical area or during a particular time period of each year. Designation as a restricted species 26 does not confer the authority to sell a species pursuant to s. 27 28 370.06 if the law or rule prohibits the sale of the species. 29 (22)(21) "Salt water," except where otherwise provided by law, shall be all of the territorial waters of Florida 30 31 excluding all lakes, rivers, canals, and other waterways of

93

1 Florida from such point or points where the fresh and salt 2 waters commingle to such an extent as to become unpalatable 3 because of the saline content, or from such point or points as 4 may be fixed for conservation purposes by the Fish and 5 Wildlife Conservation Division of Marine Resources of the б Department of Environmental Protection and the Game and Fresh 7 Water Fish Commission, with the consent and advice of the board of county commissioners of the county or counties to be 8 9 affected. 10 (23)<del>(22)</del> "Saltwater fish" shall include all classes of 11 pisces, shellfish, sponges, and crustacea indigenous to salt 12 water. 13 (24)<del>(23)</del> "Saltwater license privileges," except where 14 otherwise provided by law, means any license, endorsement, 15 certificate, or permit issued pursuant to this chapter. (25)(24) "Saltwater products" means any species of 16 17 saltwater fish, marine plant, or echinoderm, except shells, and salted, cured, canned, or smoked seafood. 18 19 (26)(25) "Shellfish" shall include oysters, clams, and whelks. 20 (27)<del>(26)</del> "Transport" shall include shipping, 21 22 transporting, carrying, importing, exporting, receiving or 23 delivering for shipment, transportation or carriage or export. 24 Section 69. Section 370.021, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 25 370.021 Administration; rules, publications, records; 26 27 penalties; injunctions.--28 (1) RULES.--The Department of Environmental Protection 29 has authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement provisions of law conferring powers or 30 31 duties upon it. The director of each division shall submit to 94

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 the department suggested rules and regulations for that 2 division. Any person violating or otherwise failing to comply 3 with any of the rules and regulations adopted as aforesaid is 4 guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as 5 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, unless otherwise б provided by law. 7 (1)(2) PENALTIES.--Unless otherwise provided by law, 8 any person, firm, or corporation who is convicted for 9 violating any provision of this chapter, any rule of the 10 department adopted pursuant to this chapter, or any rule of 11 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Marine Fisheries Commission adopted pursuant to this chapter, shall be punished: 12 13 (a) Upon a first conviction, by imprisonment for a period of not more than 60 days or by a fine of not less than 14 \$100 nor more than \$500, or by both such fine and 15 16 imprisonment. 17 (b) On a second or subsequent conviction within 12 months, by imprisonment for not more than 6 months or by a 18 19 fine of not less than \$250 nor more than \$1,000, or by both 20 such fine and imprisonment. (2) (3) MAJOR VIOLATIONS. -- In addition to the penalties 21 22 provided in paragraphs(1)(a) and (b) $\frac{(2)(a)}{(2)(a)}$  and (b), the court shall assess additional penalties against any person, 23 24 firm, or corporation convicted of major violations as follows: 25 (a) For a violation involving more than 100 illegal blue crabs, crawfish, or stone crabs, an additional penalty of 26 \$10 for each illegal blue crab, crawfish, stone crab, or part 27 thereof. 28 29 (b) For a violation involving the taking or harvesting of shrimp from a nursery or other prohibited area, an 30 31

1 additional penalty of \$10 for each pound of illegal shrimp or 2 part thereof. 3 (c) For a violation involving the taking or harvesting 4 of oysters from nonapproved areas or the taking or possession 5 of unculled oysters, an additional penalty of \$10 for each б bushel of illegal oysters. 7 (d) For a violation involving the taking or harvesting 8 of clams from nonapproved areas, an additional penalty of \$100 9 for each 500 count bag of illegal clams. 10 (e) For a violation involving the taking, harvesting, 11 or possession of any of the following species, which are endangered, threatened, or of special concern: 12 13 Shortnose sturgeon (Acipenser brevirostrum); 1. Atlantic sturgeon (Acipenser oxyrhynchus); 14 2. 15 3. Common snook (Centropomus undecimalis); Atlantic loggerhead turtle (Caretta caretta 16 4. 17 caretta); Atlantic green turtle (Chelonia mydas mydas); 18 5. 19 6. Leatherback turtle (Dermochelys coriacea); 20 7. Atlantic hawksbill turtle (Eretmochelys imbricata 21 imbracata); 8. Atlantic ridley turtle (Lepidochelys kempi); or 22 9. West Indian manatee (Trichechus manatus 23 24 latirostris), 25 an additional penalty of \$100 for each unit of marine life or 26 27 part thereof. 28 (f) For a second or subsequent conviction within 24 29 months for any violation of the same law or rule involving the taking or harvesting of more than 100 pounds of any finfish, 30 31 an additional penalty of \$5 for each pound of illegal finfish. 96

1	(g) For any violation involving the taking,
1 2	harvesting, or possession of more than 1,000 pounds of any
∠ 3	illegal finfish, an additional penalty equivalent to the
4	wholesale value of the illegal finfish.
т 5	(h) The proceeds from the penalties assessed pursuant
6	to this subsection shall be deposited into the Marine
7	Resources Conservation Trust Fund to be used for marine
, 8	fisheries research or into the commission's department's
9	Federal Law Enforcement Trust Fund as provided in s. 372.107
10	s. $20.2553$ , as applicable.
11	(i) Permits issued to any person, firm, or corporation
12	by the commission <del>department</del> to take or harvest saltwater
13	products, or any license issued pursuant to s. 370.06 or s.
14	370.07 may be suspended or revoked by the commission
15	department, pursuant to the provisions and procedures of s.
16	120.60, for any major violation prescribed in this subsection:
17	1. Upon a second conviction for a violation which
18	occurs within 12 months after a prior violation, for up to 60
19	days.
20	2. Upon a third conviction for a violation which
20	occurs within 24 months after a prior violation, for up to 180
22	days.
23	3. Upon a fourth conviction for a violation which
24	occurs within 36 months after a prior violation, for a period
25	of 6 months to 3 years.
26	(j) Upon the arrest and conviction for a major
27	violation involving stone crabs, the licenseholder must show
28	just cause why his or her license should not be suspended or
29	revoked. For the purposes of this paragraph, a "major
30	violation means a major violation as prescribed for illegal
31	stone crabs; any single violation involving possession of more
<u> </u>	97

1 than 25 stone crabs during the closed season or possession of 2 25 or more whole-bodied or egg-bearing stone crabs; any 3 violation for trap molestation, trap robbing, or pulling traps 4 at night; or any combination of violations in any 5 3-consecutive-year period wherein more than 75 illegal stone 6 crabs in the aggregate are involved.

7 (k) Upon the arrest and conviction for a major 8 violation involving crawfish, the licenseholder must show just 9 cause why his or her license should not be suspended or 10 revoked. For the purposes of this paragraph, a "major 11 violation" means a major violation as prescribed for illegal crawfish; any single violation involving possession of more 12 13 than 25 crawfish during the closed season or possession of more than 25 wrung crawfish tails or more than 25 egg-bearing 14 or stripped crawfish; any violation for trap molestation, trap 15 robbing, or pulling traps at night; or any combination of 16 17 violations in any 3-consecutive-year period wherein more than 75 illegal crawfish in the aggregate are involved. 18

19 (1) Upon the arrest and conviction for a major violation involving blue crabs, the licenseholder shall show 20 21 just cause why his or her saltwater products license should 22 not be suspended or revoked. This paragraph shall not apply to an individual fishing with no more than five traps. 23 For 24 the purposes of this paragraph, a "major violation" means a 25 major violation as prescribed for illegal blue crabs, any single violation wherein 50 or more illegal blue crabs are 26 involved; any violation for trap molestation, trap robbing, or 27 28 pulling traps at night; or any combination of violations in 29 any 3-consecutive-year period wherein more than 100 illegal blue crabs in the aggregate are involved. 30

31

98

1	(m) Upon the conviction for a major violation
2	involving finfish, the licenseholder must show just cause why
3	his or her saltwater products license should not be suspended
4	or revoked. For the purposes of this paragraph, a major
5	violation is prescribed for the taking and harvesting of
6	illegal finfish, any single violation involving the possession
7	of more than 100 pounds of illegal finfish, or any combination
8	of violations in any 3-consecutive-year period wherein more
9	than 200 pounds of illegal finfish in the aggregate are
10	involved.
11	(n) Upon final disposition of any alleged offense for
12	which a citation for any violation of this chapter or the
13	rules of the <u>Fish and Wildlife Conservation</u> Marine Fisheries
14	Commission has been issued, the court shall, within 10 days,
15	certify the disposition to the <u>commission</u> <del>department</del> .
16	
17	Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 948.01, no court may
18	suspend, defer, or withhold adjudication of guilt or
19	imposition of sentence for any major violation prescribed in
20	this subsection.
21	(3)(4) PENALTIES FOR USE OF ILLEGAL NETS
22	(a) It shall be a major violation pursuant to
23	subsection (3) and shall be punished as provided below for any
24	person, firm, or corporation to be simultaneously in
25	possession of any species of mullet in excess of the
26	recreational daily bag limit and any gill or other entangling
27	net as defined in s. 16(c), Art. X of the State Constitution.
28	Simultaneous possession under this provision shall include
29	possession of mullet and gill or other entangling nets on
30	separate vessels or vehicles where such vessels or vehicles
31	are operated in coordination with one another including
	99

1 vessels towed behind a main vessel. This subsection does not 2 prohibit a resident of this state from transporting on land, 3 from Alabama to this state, a commercial quantity of mullet 4 together with a gill net if: 5 The person possesses a valid commercial fishing 1. б license that is issued by the State of Alabama and that allows 7 the person to use a gill net to legally harvest mullet in 8 commercial quantities from Alabama waters. 9 2. The person possesses a trip ticket issued in 10 Alabama and filled out to match the quantity of mullet being 11 transported, and the person is able to present such trip ticket immediately upon entering this state. 12 13 The mullet are to be sold to a wholesale saltwater 3. products dealer located in Escambia County or Santa Rosa 14 15 County, which dealer also possesses a valid seafood dealer's license issued by the State of Alabama. The dealer's name must 16 17 be clearly indicated on the trip ticket. The mullet being transported are totally removed 18 4. 19 from any net also being transported. 20 (b) In addition to being subject to the other penalties provided in this chapter, any violation of s. 16, 21 22 Art. X of the State Constitution, paragraph (b), or any rules of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Marine Fisheries 23 24 Commission which implement the gear prohibitions and 25 restrictions specified therein shall be considered a major violation; and any person, firm, or corporation receiving any 26 judicial disposition other than acquittal or dismissal of such 27 28 violation shall be subject to the following additional 29 penalties: 1. For a first major violation within a 7-year period, 30 31 a civil penalty of \$2,500 and suspension of all saltwater 100

1

2 final disposition shall be imposed. 3 For a second major violation under this paragraph 2. charged within 7 years of a previous judicial disposition, 4 5 which results in a second judicial disposition other than б acquittal or dismissal, a civil penalty of \$5,000 and 7 suspension of all saltwater products license privileges for 12 8 months shall be imposed. 9 3. For a third and subsequent major violation under 10 this paragraph, charged within a 7-year period, resulting in a 11 third or subsequent judicial disposition other than acquittal or dismissal, a civil penalty of \$5,000, lifetime revocation 12 of the saltwater products license, and forfeiture of all gear 13 14 and equipment used in the violation shall be imposed. 15 A court may suspend, defer, or withhold adjudication of guilt 16 17 or imposition of sentence only for any first violation of s. 18 16, Art. X of the State Constitution, or any rule or statute 19 implementing its restrictions, determined by a court only 20 after consideration of competent evidence of mitigating circumstances to be a nonflagrant or minor violation of those 21 22 restrictions upon the use of nets. Any violation of s. 16, Art. X of the State Constitution, or any rule or statute 23 24 implementing its restrictions, occurring within a 7-year 25 period commencing upon the conclusion of any judicial proceeding resulting in any outcome other than acquittal shall 26 be punished as a second, third, or subsequent violation 27 28 accordingly. 29 (c) During the period of suspension or revocation of saltwater license privileges under this subsection, the 30 31 licensee may not participate in the taking or harvesting or 101 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

products license privileges for 90 calendar days following

1 attempt the taking or harvesting of saltwater products from 2 any vessel within the waters of the state, or any other 3 activity requiring a license, permit, or certificate issued 4 pursuant to this chapter. Any person who violates this 5 paragraph is: 6 1. Upon a first or second conviction, to be punished 7 as provided by  $paragraph(1)(a)\frac{(2)(a)}{(a)}$  or paragraph(1)(b)8 <del>(2)(b)</del>. 9 2. Upon a third or subsequent conviction, guilty of a 10 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 11 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. (d) Upon reinstatement of saltwater license privileges 12 13 suspended pursuant to a violation of this section, a licensee owning or operating a vessel containing or otherwise 14 transporting in or on Florida waters any gill net or other 15 entangling net, or containing or otherwise transporting in 16 17 nearshore and inshore Florida waters any net containing more than 500 square feet of mesh area shall remain restricted for 18 19 a period of 12 months following reinstatement, to operation 20 under the following conditions: 1. Vessels subject to this reinstatement period shall 21 be restricted to the corridors established by commission 22 23 department rule. 24 2. A violation of the reinstatement period provisions 25 shall be punishable pursuant to paragraphs(1)(a) and (b) (2)(a) and (b). 26 27 (e) Rescission and revocation proceedings under this 28 section shall be governed by chapter 120. 29 (4) (5) ADDITIONAL PENALTIES FOR MAJOR VIOLATIONS 30 INVOLVING CERTAIN FINFISH. -- It shall be a major violation 31 pursuant to this section and punishable pursuant to paragraph 102 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 (3)(b)<del>(4)(b)</del>for any person to be in possession of any species of trout, snook, or redfish which is three fish in 2 3 excess of the recreational or commercial daily bag limit. 4 (5)(6) BUYING SALTWATER PRODUCTS FROM UNLICENSED 5 SELLER.--In addition to being subject to other penalties provided in this chapter, any violation of s. 370.06 or s. б 7 370.07, or rules of the commission department implementing s. 370.06 or s. 370.07, involving buying saltwater products from 8 9 an unlicensed person, firm, or corporation, shall be a major 10 violation, and the commission department may assess the 11 following penalties: (a) For a first violation, the commission department 12 13 may assess a civil penalty of up to \$2,500 and may suspend the 14 wholesale or and/or retail dealer's license privileges for up to 90 calendar days. 15 (b) For a second violation occurring within 12 months 16 17 of a prior violation, the commission department may assess a 18 civil penalty of up to \$5,000 and may suspend the wholesale or 19 and/or retail dealer's license privileges for up to 180 20 calendar days. (c) For a third or subsequent violation occurring 21 within a 24-month period, the commission department shall 22 assess a civil penalty of \$5,000 and shall suspend the 23 24 wholesale or and/or retail dealer's license privileges for up to 24 months. 25 26 27 Any proceeds from the civil penalties assessed pursuant to 28 this subsection shall be deposited into the Marine Resources 29 Conservation Trust Fund and shall be used as follows: 40 percent for administration and processing purposes and 60 30 31 percent for law enforcement purposes. 103

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 (6)(7) RULES; ADMISSIBILITY AS EVIDENCE.--Rules and 2 regulations shall be admitted as evidence in the courts of the 3 state when accompanied by an affidavit from the executive director secretary of the commission department certifying 4 5 that the rule or regulation has been lawfully adopted, б promulgated, and published; and such affidavit shall be prima 7 facie evidence of proper adoption, promulgation, and 8 publication of the rule or regulation. 9 (7)(8) PUBLICATIONS BY COMMISSION DEPARTMENT. -- The 10 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission department through 11 the Division of Administration and Technical Services is given authority, from time to time in its discretion, to cause the 12 13 statutory laws under its jurisdiction, together with any rules 14 and regulations promulgated by it, to be published in pamphlet form for free distribution in this state. The commission 15 department is authorized to make charges for technical and 16 17 educational publications and mimeographed material of use for 18 educational or reference purposes. Such charges shall be made 19 at the discretion of the commission Division of Administration 20 and Technical Services. Such charges may be sufficient to cover cost of preparation, printing, publishing, and 21 distribution. All moneys received for publications shall be 22 deposited into the fund from which the cost of the publication 23 24 was paid. The commission department is further authorized to 25 enter into agreements with persons, firms, corporations, governmental agencies, and other institutions whereby 26 27 publications may be exchanged reciprocally in lieu of payments 28 for said publications. 29 (8)(9) POWERS OF OFFICERS.--30 (a) The department may designate such employees of the 31 several divisions, as it may deem necessary in its discretion, 104

1 as law enforcement officers, who shall meet the provisions of s. 943.13(1)-(10) and have the powers and duties conferred in 2 3 this subsection, except that such employees shall comply with the provisions of chapter 943. Such Law enforcement officers 4 5 of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and the 6 Director of the Division of Law Enforcement, are constituted 7 law enforcement officers of this state with full power to investigate and arrest for any violation of the laws of this 8 9 state and the rules and regulations of the commission 10 department under their jurisdiction.and for violations of 11 chapter 253 and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. The general laws applicable to arrests by peace 12 13 officers of this state shall also be applicable to such law enforcement officers of the commission. Such law enforcement 14 15 officers may enter upon any land or waters of the state for performance of their lawful duties and may take with them any 16 17 necessary equipment, and such entry will not constitute a trespass. It is lawful for any boat, motor vehicle, or 18 19 aircraft owned or chartered by the commission department or 20 its agents or employees to land on and depart from any of the beaches or waters of the state. Such law enforcement officers 21 22 have the authority, without warrant, to board, inspect, and search any boat, fishing appliance, storage or processing 23 24 plant, fishhouse, spongehouse, oysterhouse, or other 25 warehouse, building, or vehicle engaged in transporting or storing any fish or fishery products. Such authority to search 26 and inspect without a search warrant is limited to those cases 27 in which such law enforcement officers have reason to believe 28 29 that fish or any saltwater products are taken or kept for sale, barter, transportation, or other purposes in violation 30 31 of laws or rules promulgated under this law. Any such law 105

1 enforcement officer may at any time seize or take possession 2 of any saltwater products or contraband which have been 3 unlawfully caught, taken, or processed or which are unlawfully possessed or transported in violation of any of the laws of 4 5 this state or any rule or regulation of the commission б department. Such law enforcement officers may arrest any 7 person in the act of violating any of the provisions of this 8 law, the rules or regulations of the commission <del>department,</del> 9 the provisions of chapter 253 and the rules and regulations 10 promulgated thereunder, or any of the laws of this state. It 11 is hereby declared unlawful for any person to resist such arrest or in any manner interfere, either by abetting or 12 13 assisting such resistance or otherwise interfering, with any such law enforcement officer while engaged in the performance 14 15 of the duties imposed upon him or her by law or regulation of 16 the commission department.

17 The Legislature finds that the checking and (b) inspection of saltwater products aboard vessels is critical to 18 19 good fishery management and conservation and that, because 20 almost all saltwater products are either iced or cooled in closed areas or containers, the enforcement of seasons, size 21 limits, and bag limits can only be effective when inspection 22 of saltwater products so stored is immediate and routine. 23 24 Therefore, in addition to the authority granted in paragraph 25 (a), a law enforcement officer of the commission department who has probable cause to believe that the vessel has been 26 used for fishing prior to the inspection shall have full 27 28 authority to open and inspect all containers or areas where 29 saltwater products are normally kept aboard vessels while such vessels are on the water, such as refrigerated or iced 30 31 locations, coolers, fish boxes, and bait wells, but

106

1 specifically excluding such containers that are located in 2 sleeping or living areas of the vessel. 3 (10) DUTIES OF DEPARTMENT OF LEGAL AFFAIRS.--The 4 Department of Legal Affairs shall attend to the legal business 5 of the Department of Environmental Protection and its б divisions; but, if at any time any question of law or any 7 litigation arises and the Department of Legal Affairs is 8 otherwise occupied and cannot give the time and attention 9 necessary to such question of law or litigation as the 10 occasion demands, the several state attorneys shall attend to 11 any such question of law or litigation arising within their respective circuits; and, if such state attorney is otherwise 12 occupied and cannot give the time and attention necessary to 13 such question of law or litigation as the case may demand, the 14 Department of Environmental Protection may employ additional 15 counsel for that particular cause, with the advice and consent 16 of the Department of Legal Affairs. Such additional counsel's 17 18 fees shall be paid from the moneys appropriated to the 19 Department of Environmental Protection. (9)(11) RETENTION, DESTRUCTION, AND REPRODUCTION OF 20 21 RECORDS. -- Records and documents of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission <del>Department of Environmental Protection</del> 22 created in compliance with and in the implementation of this 23 24 chapter or former chapter 371 shall be retained by the 25 commission department as specified in record retention schedules established under the general provisions of chapters 26 27 119 and 257. Such records retained by the Department of 28 Environmental Protection on July 1, 1999, shall be transferred 29 to the commission.Further, the commission department is 30 authorized to: 31

107

(a) Destroy, or otherwise dispose of, those records
 and documents in conformity with the approved retention
 schedules.

4 (b) Photograph, microphotograph, or reproduce such 5 records and documents on film, as authorized and directed by б the approved retention schedules, whereby each page will be 7 exposed in exact conformity with the original records and documents retained in compliance with the provisions of this 8 9 section. Photographs or microphotographs in the form of film 10 or print of any records, made in compliance with the 11 provisions of this section, shall have the same force and effect as the originals thereof would have and shall be 12 13 treated as originals for the purpose of their admissibility in evidence. Duly certified or authenticated reproductions of 14 15 such photographs or microphotographs shall be admitted in evidence equally with the original photographs or 16 17 microphotographs. The impression of the seal of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of Environmental 18 19 Protection on a certificate made pursuant to the provisions 20 hereof and signed by the Executive Director of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Secretary of Environmental 21 Protection shall entitle the same to be received in evidence 22 in all courts and in all proceedings in this state and shall 23 24 be prima facie evidence of all factual matters set forth in 25 the certificate. A certificate may relate to one or more records, as set forth in the certificate, or in a schedule 26 continued on an attachment to the certificate. 27 28 (c) Furnish certified copies of such records for a fee 29 of \$1 which shall be deposited in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund. 30

31

108

1	(10) <del>(12)</del> COURTS OF EQUITY MAY ENJOINCourts of
2	equity in this state have jurisdiction to enforce the
3	conservation laws of this state by injunction.
4	(13) BOND OF EMPLOYEESThe department may require,
5	as it determines, that bond be given by any employee of the
6	department or divisions thereof, payable to the Governor of
7	the state and the Governor's successor in office, for the use
8	and benefit of those whom it may concern, in such penal sums
9	with good and sufficient surety or sureties approved by the
10	department conditioned for the faithful performance of the
11	duties of such employee.
12	(11) <del>(14)</del> REVOCATION OF LICENSESAny person licensed
13	under this chapter who has been convicted of taking
14	aquaculture species raised at a certified facility shall have
15	his or her license revoked for 5 years by the Fish and
16	Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of Environmental
17	<del>Protection</del> pursuant to the provisions and procedures of s.
18	120.60.
19	Section 70. Section 370.028, Florida Statutes, 1998
20	Supplement, is amended to read:
21	370.028 Enforcement of commission rules; penalties for
22	violation of ruleRules of the Fish and Wildlife
23	Conservation department and the Marine Fisheries Commission
24	shall be enforced by any law enforcement officer certified
25	pursuant to s. 943.13. Any person who violates or otherwise
26	fails to comply with any rule adopted by the commission shall
27	be punished pursuant to <u>s. 370.021(1)<del>s. 370.021(2)</del>.</u>
28	Section 71. Section 370.06, Florida Statutes, 1998
29	Supplement, is amended to read:
30	370.06 Licenses
31	
	109

(1) LICENSE ON PURSE SEINES.--There is levied, in
 addition to any other taxes thereon, an annual license tax of
 \$25 upon each purse seine used in the waters of this state.
 This license fee shall be collected in the manner provided in
 this section.

6

(2) SALTWATER PRODUCTS LICENSE. --

7 (a) Every person, firm, or corporation that sells, 8 offers for sale, barters, or exchanges for merchandise any 9 saltwater products, or which harvests saltwater products with 10 certain gear or equipment as specified by law, must have a 11 valid saltwater products license, except that the holder of an aquaculture certificate under s. 597.004 is not required to 12 13 purchase and possess a saltwater products license in order to 14 possess, transport, or sell marine aquaculture products. Each 15 saltwater products license allows the holder to engage in any of the activities for which the license is required. The 16 17 license must be in the possession of the licenseholder or aboard the vessel and shall be subject to inspection at any 18 19 time that harvesting activities for which a license is required are being conducted. A restricted species endorsement 20 on the saltwater products license is required to sell to a 21 licensed wholesale dealer those species which the state, by 22 law or rule, has designated as "restricted species." This 23 24 endorsement may be issued only to a person who is at least 16 25 years of age, or to a firm certifying that over 25 percent of its income or \$5,000 of its income, whichever is less, is 26 attributable to the sale of saltwater products pursuant to a 27 28 license issued under this paragraph or a similar license from 29 another state. This endorsement may also be issued to a for-profit corporation if it certifies that at least \$5,000 of 30 31 its income is attributable to the sale of saltwater products

110

1 pursuant to a license issued under this paragraph or a similar license from another state. However, if at least 50 percent of 2 3 the annual income of a person, firm, or for-profit corporation 4 is derived from charter fishing, the person, firm, or 5 for-profit corporation must certify that at least \$2,500 of 6 the income of the person, firm, or corporation is attributable 7 to the sale of saltwater products pursuant to a license issued under this paragraph or a similar license from another state, 8 9 in order to be issued the endorsement. Such income attribution 10 must apply to at least 1 year out of the last 3 years. For the 11 purpose of this section "income" means that income which is attributable to work, employment, entrepreneurship, pensions, 12 retirement benefits, and social security benefits. To renew an 13 14 existing restricted species endorsement, a marine aquaculture producer possessing a valid saltwater products license with a 15 restricted species endorsement may apply income from the sale 16 17 of marine aquaculture products to licensed wholesale dealers. The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 18 1. 19 department is authorized to require verification of such 20 income. Acceptable proof of income earned from the sale of 21 saltwater products shall be: Copies of trip ticket records generated pursuant to 22 a. this subsection (marine fisheries information system), 23 24 documenting qualifying sale of saltwater products; 25 Copies of sales records from locales other than b. Florida documenting qualifying sale of saltwater products; 26 27 A copy of the applicable federal income tax return, c. 28 including Form 1099 attachments, verifying income earned from 29 the sale of saltwater products; d. Crew share statements verifying income earned from 30 31 the sale of saltwater products; or 111

1 e. A certified public accountant's notarized statement 2 attesting to qualifying source and amount of income. 3 4 Any provision of this section or any other section of the 5 Florida Statutes to the contrary notwithstanding, any person б who owns a retail seafood market or <del>and/or</del> restaurant at a 7 fixed location for at least 3 years who has had an occupational license for 3 years prior to January 1, 1990, who 8 9 harvests saltwater products to supply his or her retail store 10 and has had a saltwater products license for 1 of the past 3 11 years prior to January 1, 1990, may provide proof of his or her verification of income and sales value at the person's 12 retail seafood market or and/or restaurant and in his or her 13 14 saltwater products enterprise by affidavit and shall thereupon be issued a restricted species endorsement. 15 16 2. Exceptions from income requirements shall be as 17 follows: 18 A permanent restricted species endorsement shall be a. 19 available to those persons age 62 and older who have qualified for such endorsement for at least 3 out of the last 5 years. 20 Active military duty time shall be excluded from 21 b. consideration of time necessary to qualify and shall not be 22 counted against the applicant for purposes of qualifying. 23 24 c. Upon the sale of a used commercial fishing vessel 25 owned by a person, firm, or corporation possessing or eligible for a restricted species endorsement, the purchaser of such 26 vessel shall be exempted from the qualifying income 27 28 requirement for the purpose of obtaining a restricted species 29 endorsement for a period of 1 year after purchase of the vessel. 30 31

112

1	
1	d. Upon the death or permanent disablement of a person
2	possessing a restricted species endorsement, an immediate
3	family member wishing to carry on the fishing operation shall
4	be exempted from the qualifying income requirement for the
5	purpose of obtaining a restricted species endorsement for a
б	period of 1 year after the death or disablement.
7	e. A restricted species endorsement may be issued on
8	an individual saltwater products license to a person age 62 or
9	older who documents that at least \$2,500 is attributable to
10	the sale of saltwater products pursuant to the provisions of
11	this paragraph.
12	f. A permanent restricted species endorsement may also
13	be issued on an individual saltwater products license to a
14	person age 70 or older who has held a saltwater products
15	license for at least 3 of the last 5 license years.
16	g. Any resident who is certified to be totally and
17	permanently disabled by a verified written statement, based
18	upon the criteria for permanent total disability in chapter
19	440 from a physician licensed in this state, by any branch of
20	the United States Armed Services, by the Social Security
21	Administration, or by the United States Department of Veterans
22	Affairs or its predecessor, or any resident who holds a valid
23	identification card issued by the Department of Veterans'
24	Affairs pursuant to s. 295.17, shall be exempted from the
25	income requirements if he or she also has held a saltwater
26	products license for at least 3 of the last 5 license years
27	prior to the date of the disability. A Disability Award Notice
28	issued by the United States Social Security Administration is
29	not sufficient certification for a resident to obtain the
30	income exemption unless the notice certifies that the resident
31	is totally and permanently disabled.

## 113

1 2 At least one saltwater products license bearing a restricted 3 species endorsement shall be aboard any vessel harvesting 4 restricted species in excess of any bag limit or when fishing 5 under a commercial quota or in commercial quantities, and such б vessel shall have a commercial vessel registration. This 7 subsection does not apply to any person, firm, or corporation licensed under s. 370.07(1)(a)1. or (b) for activities 8 9 pursuant to such licenses. A saltwater products license may be 10 issued in the name of an individual or a valid boat 11 registration number. Such license is not transferable. A decal shall be issued with each saltwater products license issued to 12 a valid boat registration number. The saltwater products 13 license decal shall be the same color as the vessel 14 registration decal issued each year pursuant to s. 327.11(5) 15 and shall indicate the period of time such license is valid. 16 17 The saltwater products license decal shall be placed beside the vessel registration decal and, in the case of an 18 19 undocumented vessel, shall be placed so that the vessel 20 registration decal lies between the vessel registration number and the saltwater products license decal. Any saltwater 21 products license decal for a previous year shall be removed 22 from a vessel operating on the waters of the state. A resident 23 24 shall pay an annual license fee of \$50 for a saltwater 25 products license issued in the name of an individual or \$100 for a saltwater products license issued to a valid boat 26 registration number. A nonresident shall pay an annual license 27 28 fee of \$200 for a saltwater products license issued in the name of an individual or \$400 for a saltwater products license 29 issued to a valid boat registration number. An alien shall pay 30 31 an annual license fee of \$300 for a saltwater products license 114

1 issued in the name of an individual or \$600 for a saltwater 2 products license issued to a valid boat registration number. 3 Any person who sells saltwater products pursuant to this 4 license may sell only to a licensed wholesale dealer. A 5 saltwater products license must be presented to the licensed б wholesale dealer each time saltwater products are sold, and an 7 imprint made thereof. The wholesale dealer shall keep records of each transaction in such detail as may be required by rule 8 9 of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of 10 Environmental Protection not in conflict with s. 370.07(6), 11 and shall provide the holder of the saltwater products license with a copy of the record. It is unlawful for any licensed 12 13 wholesale dealer to buy saltwater products from any unlicensed person under the provisions of this section, except that a 14 licensed wholesale dealer may buy from another licensed 15 wholesale dealer. It is unlawful for any licensed wholesale 16 17 dealer to buy saltwater products designated as "restricted species" from any person, firm, or corporation not possessing 18 19 a restricted species endorsement on his or her saltwater 20 products license under the provisions of this section, except that a licensed wholesale dealer may buy from another licensed 21 22 wholesale dealer. The commission Department of Environmental Protection shall be the licensing agency, may contract with 23 24 private persons or entities to implement aspects of the 25 licensing program, and shall establish by rule a marine fisheries information system in conjunction with the licensing 26 27 program to gather fisheries data. 28 (b) Any person who sells, offers for sale, barters, or 29 exchanges for merchandise saltwater products must have a method of catch preservation which meets the requirements and 30

31

115

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 standards of the seafood quality control code promulgated by 2 the commission <del>Department of Environmental Protection</del>. 3 (c) A saltwater products license is required to 4 harvest commercial quantities of saltwater products. Any 5 vessel from which commercial quantities of saltwater products б are harvested must have a commercial vessel registration. 7 Commercial quantities of saltwater products shall be defined 8 as: 9 1. With respect to those species for which no bag 10 limit has been established, more than 100 pounds per person 11 per day, provided that the harvesting of two fish or less per person per day shall not be considered commercial quantities 12 13 regardless of aggregate weight; and 14 2. With respect to those species for which a bag limit 15 has been established, more than the bag limit allowed by law or rule. 16 17 (d)1. In addition to the saltwater products license, a marine life fishing endorsement is required for the harvest of 18 19 marine life species as defined by rule of the Fish and 20 Wildlife Conservation Marine Fisheries Commission. This endorsement may be issued only to a person who is at least 16 21 years of age or older or to a corporation holding a valid 22 restricted species endorsement. 23 24 2.a. Effective July 1, 1998, and until July 1, 2002, a 25 marine life endorsement may not be issued under this paragraph, except that those endorsements that are active 26 during the 1997-1998 fiscal year may be renewed. 27 28 In 1998 persons or corporations holding a marine b. 29 life endorsement that was active in the 1997-1998 fiscal year or an immediate family member of that person must request 30 31 116

1 renewal of the marine life endorsement before December 31, 2 1998. 3 In subsequent years and until July 1, 2002, a c. marine life endorsement holder or member of his or her 4 5 immediate family must request renewal of the marine life б endorsement before September 30 of each year. 7 If a person or corporation holding an active marine d. 8 life fishing endorsement or a member of that person's 9 immediate family does not request renewal of the endorsement 10 before the applicable dates specified in this paragraph, the 11 commission department shall deactivate that marine life fishing endorsement. 12 13 e. In the event of the death or disability of a person holding an active marine life fishing endorsement, the 14 15 endorsement may be transferred by the person to a member of his or her immediate family or may be renewed by any person so 16 17 designated by the executor of the person's estate. f. Persons or corporations who hold saltwater product 18 19 licenses with marine life fishing endorsements issued to their 20 vessel registration numbers and who subsequently replace their existing vessels with new vessels may transfer the existing 21 22 marine life fishing endorsement to the new boat registration 23 numbers. 24 q. Persons or corporations who hold saltwater product 25 licenses with marine life fishing endorsements issued to their name and who subsequently incorporate or unincorporate may 26 27 transfer the existing marine life fishing endorsement to the 28 new corporation or person. 29 By July 1, 2000, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation h. 30 Marine Fisheries Commission shall prepare a report regarding 31 options for the establishment of a limited-entry program for 117

1 the marine life fishery and submit the report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of 2 3 Representatives, and the chairs of the Senate and House 4 committees having jurisdiction over marine resources. 5 The fee for a marine life fishery endorsement on a 3. б saltwater products license shall be \$75. These license fees 7 shall be collected and deposited in the Marine Resources 8 Conservation Trust Fund and used for the purchase and 9 installation of vessel mooring buoys at coral reef sites and 10 for research related to marine fisheries. 11 (3) NET LICENSES.--Except for cast nets and bait seines which are 100 feet in length or less and which have a 12 mesh that is 3/8 inch or less, all nets used to take 13 finfish, including, but not limited to, gill nets, trammel 14 nets, and beach seines, must be licensed or registered. Each 15 net used to take finfish for commercial purposes, or by a 16 17 nonresident, must be licensed under a saltwater products 18 license issued pursuant to subsection (2) and must bear the 19 number of such license. A noncommercial resident net 20 registration must be issued to each net used to take finfish for noncommercial purposes and may only be issued to residents 21 of the state. Each net so registered must bear the name of the 22 23 person in whose name the net is registered. 24 (4) SPECIAL ACTIVITY LICENSES.--25 (a) A special activity license is required for any person to use gear or equipment not authorized in this chapter 26 or rule of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Marine Fisheries 27 28 Commission for harvesting saltwater species. In accordance 29 with this chapter, s. 16, Art. X of the State Constitution,

30 and rules of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Marine

31 Fisheries Commission, the <u>commission</u> department may issue 118

1 special activity licenses for the use of nonconforming gear or 2 equipment, including, but not limited to, trawls, seines and 3 entangling nets, traps, and hook and line gear, to be used in harvesting saltwater species for scientific and governmental 4 5 purposes, and, where allowable, for innovative fisheries. The 6 commission department may prescribe by rule application 7 requirements and terms, conditions, and restrictions to be 8 incorporated into each special activity license. This 9 subsection does not apply to gear or equipment used by 10 certified marine aquaculturists to harvest marine aquaculture 11 products.

12 (b) The <u>commission</u> department is authorized to issue 13 special activity licenses in accordance with this section and 14 s. 370.31, to permit the importation, possession, and 15 aquaculture of anadromous sturgeon. The special activity 16 license shall provide for specific management practices to 17 prevent the release and escape of cultured anadromous sturgeon 18 and to protect indigenous populations of saltwater species.

19 (c) The commission department is authorized to issue special activity licenses, in accordance with s. 370.071, to 20 21 permit the harvest or cultivation of oysters, clams, mussels, and crabs when such activities relate to quality control, 22 sanitation, public health regulations, innovative technologies 23 24 for aquaculture activities, or the protection of shellfish 25 resources provided in this chapter, unless such authority is delegated to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 26 27 Services, pursuant to a memorandum of understanding.

(d) The conditions and specific management practices established in this section may be incorporated into permits and authorizations issued pursuant to chapter 253, chapter 31 373, chapter 403, or this chapter, when incorporating such

119

1 provisions is in accordance with the aquaculture permit 2 consolidation procedures. No separate issuance of a special 3 activity license is required when conditions and specific management practices are incorporated into permits or 4 5 authorizations under this paragraph. Implementation of this 6 section to consolidate permitting actions does not constitute 7 rules within the meaning of s. 120.52. 8 (e) The commission department is authorized to issue 9 special activity licenses in accordance with ss. 370.071, 10 370.101, and this section; aquaculture permit consolidation 11 procedures in s. 370.26(3)(a); and rules of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Marine Fisheries Commission to permit 12 the capture and possession of saltwater species protected by 13 law and used as stock for artificial cultivation and 14 propagation. 15 (f) The commission department is authorized to adopt 16 17 rules to govern the administration of special activities 18 licenses as provided in this chapter and rules of the 19 commission Marine Fisheries Commission. Such rules may 20 prescribe application requirements and terms, conditions, and restrictions for any such special activity license requested 21 22 pursuant to this section. (5) APALACHICOLA BAY OYSTER HARVESTING LICENSE.--23 24 (a) For purposes of this section, the following 25 definitions shall apply: "Person" means an individual. 26 1. 27 "Resident" means any person who has: 2. 28 Continuously resided in this state for 6 months a. 29 immediately preceding the making of his or her application for 30 an Apalachicola Bay oyster harvesting license; or 31 120

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 b. Established a domicile in this state and evidenced that domicile as provided in s. 222.17. 2 3 (b) No person shall harvest oysters from the 4 Apalachicola Bay without a valid Apalachicola Bay oyster 5 harvesting license issued by the Fish and Wildlife б Conservation Commission department. This requirement shall not 7 apply to anyone harvesting noncommercial quantities of oysters 8 in accordance with chapter 46-27, Florida Administrative Code, 9 or to any person less than 18 years old. 10 (c) Any person wishing to obtain an Apalachicola Bay 11 oyster harvesting license shall submit an annual fee for the license during a 45-day period from May 17 to June 30 of each 12 13 year preceding the license year for which the license is valid. Failure to pay the annual fee within the required time 14 period shall result in a \$500 late fee being imposed before 15 issuance of the license. 16 17 (d) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission department shall collect an annual fee of \$100 from residents 18 19 and \$500 from nonresidents for the issuance of an Apalachicola 20 Bay oyster harvesting license. The license year shall begin on July 1 of each year and end on June 30 of the following year. 21 The license shall be valid only for the licensee. Only bona 22 fide residents of Florida may obtain a resident license 23 24 pursuant to this subsection. 25 (e) Each person who applies for an Apalachicola Bay oyster harvesting license shall, before receiving the license, 26 27 attend an educational seminar of not more than 16 hours 28 length, developed and conducted jointly by the Apalachicola 29 National Estuarine Research Reserve, the commission's department's Division of Law Enforcement, and the commission's 30 31 department's Apalachicola District Shellfish Environmental 121

1 Assessment Laboratory. The seminar shall address, among other 2 things, oyster biology, conservation of the Apalachicola Bay, 3 sanitary care of oysters, small business management, and water 4 safety. The seminar shall be offered five times per year, and 5 each person attending shall receive a certificate of 6 participation to present when obtaining an Apalachicola Bay 7 oyster harvesting license.

8 (f) Each person, while harvesting oysters in 9 Apalachicola Bay, shall have in possession a valid 10 Apalachicola Bay oyster harvesting license, or proof of having 11 applied for a license within the required time period, and 12 shall produce such license or proof of application upon 13 request of any law enforcement officer.

Each person who obtains an Apalachicola Bay oyster 14 (q) harvesting license shall prominently display the license 15 number upon any vessel the person owns which is used for the 16 17 taking of oysters, in numbers which are at least 10 inches high and 1 inch wide, so that the permit number is readily 18 19 identifiable from the air and water. Only one vessel 20 displaying a given number may be used at any time. A licensee 21 may harvest oysters from the vessel of another licensee.

(h) Any person holding an Apalachicola Bay oyster
harvesting license shall receive credit for the license fee
against the saltwater products license fee.

(i) The proceeds from Apalachicola Bay oyster harvesting license fees shall be deposited in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund and, less reasonable administrative costs, shall be used or distributed by the <u>commission department</u> for the following purposes in Apalachicola Bay:

31 1. Relaying and transplanting live oysters.

122

1 2. Shell planting to construct or rehabilitate oyster 2 bars. 3 Education programs for licensed oyster harvesters 3. 4 on oyster biology, aquaculture, boating and water safety, 5 sanitation, resource conservation, small business management, б marketing, and other relevant subjects. 7 4. Research directed toward the enhancement of oyster 8 production in the bay and the water management needs of the 9 bay. 10 (j) Any person who violates any of the provisions of 11 paragraphs (b) and (d)-(g) commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in ss. 775.082 and 775.083. 12 13 Nothing in this subsection shall limit the application of 14 existing penalties. (6) LICENSE YEAR.--The license year on all licenses 15 relating to saltwater products dealers, seafood dealers, 16 17 aliens, residents, and nonresidents, unless otherwise 18 provided, shall begin on July 1 of each year and end on June 19 30 of the next succeeding year. All licenses shall be so 20 dated. However, if the commission department determines that 21 it is in the best interest of the state to issue a license required under this chapter to an individual on the birthday 22 of the applicant, the commission department may establish by 23 24 rule a procedure to do so. This section does not apply to 25 licenses and permits when their use is confined to an open 26 season. 27 (7) LICENSES SUBJECT TO INSPECTION; NONTRANSFERABLE; 28 EXCEPTION. -- Licenses of every kind and nature granted under 29 the provisions of the fish and game laws of this state are at all times subject to inspection by the police officers of this 30 31 state and, the wildlife officers of the Fish and Wildlife 123 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, and the officers of the Marine Patrol. Such licenses are not 2 3 transferable unless otherwise provided by law. (8) COLLECTION OF LICENSES, FEES.--Unless otherwise 4 5 provided by law, all license taxes or fees provided for in б this chapter shall be collected by the commission department 7 or its duly authorized agents or deputies to be deposited by 8 the Comptroller in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust 9 Fund. The commission department may by rule establish a 10 reasonable processing fee for any free license or permit 11 required under this chapter. Section 72. Section 370.0605, Florida Statutes, 1998 12 13 Supplement, is amended to read: 370.0605 Saltwater fishing license required; fees.--14 15 (1)(a) No person, except as provided in this section, 16 may take, attempt to take, or possess any marine fish for 17 noncommercial purposes unless the person has been issued an 18 authorization, or has obtained a license pursuant to paragraph 19 (2)(a) and any required permits under ss. 370.1111 and 370.14, 20 nor may any person operate any vessel wherein a fee is paid either directly or indirectly for the purpose of taking, 21 22 attempting to take, or possessing any marine fish for noncommercial purposes, unless he or she has been issued an 23 24 authorization or has obtained a license for each vessel for 25 that purpose and has paid the license fee pursuant to subparagraphs (2)(b)1. and 2. for such vessel. One-year 26 27 licenses must be dated when issued and remain valid for 12 months after the date of issuance. Each license must bear on 28 29 its face, in indelible ink, the name of the person to whom it is issued and other information required by the department, 30 31 and, if the license is issued to the owner, operator, or

124

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 custodian of a vessel, the vessel registration number or 2 federal documentation number must be included. Licenses, 3 permits, and authorizations are not transferable. 4 (b) Any required license, permit, or authorization 5 must be in the personal possession of the person taking, б attempting to take, or possessing marine fish or in the 7 possession of the person operating any vessel wherein a fee is 8 paid, either directly or indirectly, for the purpose of taking 9 or attempting to take marine fish for noncommercial purposes 10 and must be exhibited to any authorized law enforcement 11 officer upon his or her request. A positive form of identification is required when using an authorization. 12 13 (c)1. The 5-year licenses provided herein shall be 14 embossed with the applicant's name, date of birth, and other 15 pertinent information as deemed necessary by the commission 16 department. 17 2. A resident 5-year license which was purchased by a 18 resident of this state who subsequently resides in another 19 state will be honored for activities authorized by the 20 license. A positive form of identification is required when 21 3. 22 using a 5-year license. (2) Saltwater fishing license fees are as follows: 23 24 (a)1. For a resident of the state, \$12 for a 1-year 25 license. 2. For a resident of the state, \$60 for 5 consecutive 26 years from the date of purchase. 27 28 3. For a nonresident of the state, \$5 for a 3-day 29 license, \$15 for a 7-day license, and \$30 for a 1-year 30 license. 31

```
125
```

1 4. For purposes of this section, "resident" has the 2 same meaning as that found in s. 372.001. 3 (b)1. For any person who operates any vessel licensed to carry more than 10 customers wherein a fee is paid, either 4 5 directly or indirectly, for the purpose of taking or б attempting to take marine fish, \$800 per year. The license 7 must be kept aboard the vessel at all times. 8 2. For any person who operates any vessel licensed to carry no more than 10 customers, or for any person licensed to 9 10 operate any vessel carrying 6 or fewer customers, wherein a 11 fee is paid, either directly or indirectly, for the purpose of taking or attempting to take marine fish, \$400 per year; 12 13 provided any person licensed to operate any vessel carrying 6 or fewer customers but who operates a vessel carrying 4 or 14 fewer customers, wherein a fee is paid, either directly or 15 indirectly, for such purposes, \$200 per year. The license must 16 17 be kept aboard the vessel at all times. 3. A person who operates a vessel required to be 18 19 licensed pursuant to subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. may 20 obtain a license in his or her own name, and such license shall be transferable and apply to any vessel operated by the 21 22 purchaser, provided that the purchaser has paid the appropriate license fee. 23 24 4. For any pier fixed to the land for the purpose of 25 taking or attempting to take marine fish therefrom, \$500 per year. Owners, operators, or custodians of piers have the 26 discretion to buy the annual \$500 license. Those who elect to 27 28 purchase such license must have the license available for 29 inspection at all times. 5. For a recreational vessel not for hire and for 30 31 which no fee is paid either directly or indirectly by guests, 126 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. 1 for the purpose of taking or attempting to take marine fish 2 noncommercially, \$2,000 per year. The license may be purchased 3 at the option of the vessel owner and must be kept aboard the 4 vessel at all times. A log of species taken and the date the 5 species were taken shall be maintained and a copy of the log 6 filed with the Department of Environmental Protection at the 7 time of renewal of the license.

8 (c) The department is authorized to reduce the fees 9 for licenses under this section for residents of those states 10 with which the department has entered into reciprocal 11 agreements with respect to such fees.

(d) License fees paid pursuant to this subsection are 12 13 nonrefundable and may not be used as credit toward any other license fee required by this chapter. No other license fee 14 paid pursuant to this chapter shall be used as credit towards 15 the license fees required by this subsection. The owner, 16 17 operator, or custodian of a vessel the operator of which has 18 been licensed pursuant to subsection (1) must maintain and 19 report such statistical data as required by, and in a manner 20 set forth in, the rules of the commission department.

21 22

29

(3) A saltwater fishing license is not required for:

(a) Any person under 16 years of age.

(b) Any Florida resident fishing in salt water fromland or from a structure fixed to the land.

(c) Any person fishing from a vessel the operator ofwhich is licensed pursuant to subsection (1).

27 (d) Any person who holds a valid saltwater products28 license issued pursuant to s. 370.06(2).

(e) Any resident 65 years of age or older.

30 (f) Any resident who is a member of the Armed Forces 31 of the United States, who is not stationed in this state, when 127

1 fishing while home on leave for 30 days or less, upon 2 submission of orders. 3 (g) Any person who has been accepted by the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services for developmental 4 5 services or any licensed provider of services to the State of б Florida through contract with the Department of Health and 7 Rehabilitative Services, where such service involves the need, normally, for possession of a saltwater fishing license and 8 9 such service is provided as part of a court-decided 10 rehabilitation program involving training in Florida's aquatic 11 resources. 12 (h) Any person fishing from a pier licensed pursuant 13 to subparagraph (2)(b)4. (i) Any person fishing from a vessel which is licensed 14 15 pursuant to subparagraph (2)(b)5. Any Florida resident who is fishing for mullet in 16 (j) 17 fresh water and has a valid Florida freshwater fishing 18 license. 19 (k) Any Florida resident fishing for a saltwater 20 species in fresh water from land or from a structure fixed to 21 the land. (4) A saltwater fishing license must be issued, 22 without license fee, to any resident who is certified to be 23 24 totally and permanently disabled by the verified written 25 statement which is based upon the criteria for permanent total disability in chapter 440 of a physician licensed in this 26 state, by any branch of the United States Armed Services, by 27 28 the Social Security Administration, or by the United States 29 Department of Veterans Affairs or its predecessor or who holds a valid identification card issued by the Department of 30 31 Veterans' Affairs pursuant to s. 295.17. A Disability Award 128

1 Notice issued by the United States Social Security 2 Administration is not sufficient certification for obtaining a 3 permanent fishing license under this section unless the notice 4 certifies a resident is totally and permanently disabled. Any 5 license issued after January 1, 1997, expires after 5 years 6 and must be reissued, upon request, every 5 years thereafter. 7 (5) The Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission may issue 8 temporary fishing licenses, upon request, to governmental or 9 nonprofit organizations that sponsor 1-day special events in 10 fishing management areas for individuals with physical, 11 mental, or emotional disabilities, or for the economically disadvantaged. There shall be no fee for such temporary 12 13 The temporary license shall be valid for 1 day and license. 14 shall designate the date and maximum number of individuals. (6)(a) The Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, all 15 county tax collectors, or any appointed subagent may sell 16 17 licenses and permits and collect fees pursuant to this 18 section. 19 (b) The commission is the issuing department for the purpose of issuing licenses and permits and collecting fees 20 21 pursuant to this section. (c) In addition to the license and permit fee 22 collected, the sum of \$1.50 shall be charged for each license. 23 24 Such charge shall be for the purpose of, and the source from which is subtracted, all administrative costs of issuance, 25 including, but not limited to, printing, distribution, and 26 credit card fees. Tax collectors may retain \$1.50 for each 27 license sold. 28 29 (d)1. Each county tax collector shall maintain records of all such licenses, permits, and stamps that are sold, 30 31 voided, stolen, or lost. Licenses and permits must be issued 129 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. and reported, and fees must be remitted, in accordance with
 the procedures established in chapter 372.

2. Not later than August 15 of each year, each county tax collector shall submit to the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission all unissued stamps for the previous fiscal year along with a written audit report, on forms prescribed or approved by the Game and Freshwater Fish Commission, as to the numbers of the unissued stamps.

9 (e) A license or permit to replace a lost or destroyed 10 license or permit may be obtained by submitting an application 11 for replacement. The fee is \$10 for each application for replacement of a lifetime license and \$2 for each application 12 13 for replacement for any other license or permit. Such fees shall be for the purpose of, and the source from which is 14 subtracted, all administrative costs of issuing the license or 15 permit, including, but not limited to, printing, distribution, 16 17 and credit card fees. Tax collectors may retain \$1 for each 18 application for a replacement license or permit processed.

19 (7)(a) Each county tax collector, as issuing agent for 20 the department, shall submit to the department by January 31, 21 1997, a report of the sale of, and payment for, all licenses and permits sold between June 1, 1996, and December 31, 1996. 22 23 (b) By March 15, 1997, each county tax collector shall 24 provide the department with a written report, on forms 25 provided by the department, of the audit numbers of all unissued licenses and permits for the period of June 1, 1996, 26 27 to December 31, 1996. Within 30 days after the submission of 28 the annual audit report, each county tax collector shall 29 provide the department with a written audit report of unissued, sold, and voided licenses, permits, and stamps, 30

31 together with a certified reconciliation statement prepared by

130

30

31

it is issued use the license.

1 a certified public accountant. Concurrent with the submission of the certification, the county tax collector shall remit to 2 3 the department the monetary value of all licenses, permits, and stamps that are unaccounted for. Each tax collector is 4 5 also responsible for fees for all licenses, permits, and 6 stamps distributed by him or her to subagents, sold by him or 7 her, or reported by him or her as lost. 8 (7)(a) Each county tax collector, as issuing agent for the department, shall submit to the department by January 31, 9 1997, a report of the sale of, and payment for, all licenses 10 11 and permits sold between June 1, 1996, and December 31, 1996. (b) By March 15, 1997, each county tax collector shall 12 provide the department with a written report, on forms 13 provided by the department, of the audit numbers of all 14 unissued licenses and permits for the period of June 1, 1996, 15 to December 31, 1996. Within 30 days after the submission of 16 17 the annual audit report, each county tax collector shall provide the department with a written audit report of 18 19 unissued, sold, and voided licenses, permits, and stamps, 20 together with a certified reconciliation statement prepared by 21 a certified public accountant. Concurrent with the submission of the certification, the county tax collector shall remit to 22 the department the monetary value of all licenses, permits, 23 24 and stamps that are unaccounted for. Each tax collector is also responsible for fees for all licenses, permits, and 25 stamps distributed by him or her to subagents, sold by him or 26 27 her, or reported by him or her as lost. 28 (7) (8) A person may not alter or change in any manner, 29 or loan or transfer to another, any license issued pursuant to

131

this section, nor may any person other than the person to whom

1 (8) (9) It is unlawful for any person to knowingly and willfully enter false information on, or allow or cause false 2 3 information to be entered on or shown upon, any license issued pursuant to this section in order to avoid prosecution or to 4 5 assist another to avoid prosecution or for any other wrongful б purpose. 7 (9)<del>(10)</del> The Fish and Wildlife Conservation <del>department,</del> 8 the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, or any other law 9 enforcement agency may make any investigation necessary to 10 secure information required to carry out and enforce this 11 section. (10)(11) It is unlawful for any person to make, forge, 12 13 counterfeit, or reproduce a saltwater fishing license unless authorized by the commission department. It is unlawful for 14 15 any person knowingly to have in his or her possession a forged, counterfeit, or imitation of such license, unless 16 17 possession by such person has been fully authorized by the commission department. Any person who violates this 18 19 subsection is guilty of a felony of the third degree, 20 punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 21 775.084. 22  $(11)\frac{(12)}{(12)}(a)$  Any person cited for a violation of the license requirements of subsection (1) or the stamp 23 24 requirements of s. 370.1111(1)(a) or s. 370.14(11)(a) is 25 guilty of a noncriminal infraction, shall be cited for such an infraction, and shall be cited to appear before the county 26 court. The civil penalty for any such infraction is \$50, in 27 addition to the cost of the amount of the annual license fee 28 29 or stamp involved in the infraction, except as otherwise provided in this section. The civil penalty for any other 30 31

132

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 noncriminal infraction shall be \$50, except as otherwise 2 provided in this section. 3 (b) Any person cited for an infraction under this 4 section may: 5 1. Post a bond, which shall be equal in amount to the б applicable civil penalty; or 7 Sign and accept a citation indicating a promise to 2. 8 appear before the county court. 9 10 The officer may indicate on the citation the time and location 11 of the scheduled hearing and shall indicate the applicable 12 civil penalty. 13 (c) Any person who willfully refuses to post a bond or accept and sign a citation is guilty of a misdemeanor of the 14 second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 15 775.083. 16 17 (d) Any person charged with a noncriminal infraction 18 under this section may: 19 1. Pay the civil penalty, either by mail or in person, 20 within 30 days after the date of receiving the citation; or 21 If the person has posted bond, forfeit bond by not 2. 22 appearing at the designated time and location. 23 24 If the person cited follows either procedure prescribed in 25 this paragraph, he or she has admitted the infraction and waives his or her right to a hearing on the issue of 26 27 commission of the infraction. Such admission may not be used 28 as evidence in any other proceedings. 29 (e) Any person who elects to appear before the county court or who is required so to appear waives the limitations 30 31 of the civil penalty specified in paragraph (a). The court, 133

1 after a hearing, shall make a determination as to whether an 2 infraction has been committed. If the commission of an 3 infraction is proved, the court may impose a civil penalty not 4 to exceed \$500.

5 (f) At a hearing under this subsection, the commission
6 of a charged infraction must be proved beyond a reasonable
7 doubt.

8 (g) If a person is found by the hearing official to 9 have committed an infraction, he or she may appeal that 10 finding to the circuit court.

(h) Effective October 1, 1991, any person who fails to pay the civil penalty specified in paragraph (a) within 30 days or who fails to appear before the court is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(12)(13) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation department 16 17 or the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission may designate by rule no more than 2 consecutive or nonconsecutive days in each 18 19 year as "Disabled Angler Fishing Days." Notwithstanding any 20 other provision of this chapter, any disabled person may take marine fish for noncommercial purposes on a Disabled Angler 21 Fishing Day without obtaining or possessing a license or 22 paying a license fee as prescribed in this section. A 23 24 disabled person who takes marine fish on a Disabled Angler 25 Fishing Day without obtaining a license or paying a fee must comply with all laws and regulations governing holders of a 26 license and all other conditions and limitations regulating 27 28 the taking of marine fish as are imposed by law or rule. 29 Section 73. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and 30 subsections (3) and (8) of section 370.0615, Florida Statutes, 31 are amended to read:

1 370.0615 Lifetime licenses.--2 (1) A resident lifetime saltwater fishing license 3 authorizes the holder to engage in the following noncommercial 4 activities: 5 (a) To take or attempt to take or possess marine fish б consistent with state and federal regulations and rules of the 7 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Department of Environmental 8 Protection or the Marine Fisheries Commission. 9 (3) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh 10 Water Fish Commission shall be the issuing agent for all 11 lifetime licenses and all replacement lifetime licenses, and is authorized to collect the fees therefor. 12 (8) License moneys collected for lifetime licenses and 13 replacement lifetime licenses, along with a report of funds 14 collected and other required documentation, shall be remitted 15 to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water 16 17 Fish Commission within 10 days after the moneys are collected. Section 74. Section 370.062, Florida Statutes, 1998 18 Supplement, is amended to read: 19 20 370.062 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 21 Department of Environmental Protection license program for 22 tarpon; fees; penalties.--(1) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 23 24 Department of Environmental Protection shall establish a 25 license program for the purpose of issuing tags to individuals desiring to harvest tarpon (megalops atlantica) from the 26 27 waters of the State of Florida. The tags shall be 28 nontransferable, except that the Marine Fisheries commission 29 may allow for a limited number of tags to be purchased by professional fishing guides for transfer to individuals, and 30 31 issued by the commission department in order of receipt of a 135

1 properly completed application for a nonrefundable fee of \$50 2 per tag. The Game and Fresh Water Fish commission and any tax 3 collector may sell the tags and collect the fees therefor. Tarpon tags are valid from July 1 through June 30. Before 4 5 August 5 of each year, each tax collector shall submit to the 6 Game and Fresh Water Fish commission all unissued tags for the 7 previous calendar year along with a written audit report, on 8 forms prescribed or approved by the Game and Fresh Water Fish 9 commission, as to the numbers of the unissued tags. To defray 10 the cost of issuing any tag, the issuing tax collector shall 11 collect and retain as his or her costs, in addition to the tag fee collected, the amount allowed under s. 372.561(4) for the 12 issuance of licenses. 13

(2) The number of tags to be issued shall be
determined by rule of the Marine Fisheries commission. The
commission shall in no way allow the issuance of tarpon tags
to adversely affect the tarpon population.

18 (3) Proceeds from the sale of tarpon tags shall be 19 deposited in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund and 20 shall be used to gather information directly applicable to 21 tarpon management.

(4) No individual shall take, kill, or possess any 22 fish of the species megalops atlantica, commonly known as 23 24 tarpon, unless such individual has purchased a tarpon tag and securely attached it through the lower jaw of the fish. Said 25 individual shall within 5 days after the landing of the fish 26 submit a form to the commission department which indicates the 27 28 length, weight, and physical condition of the tarpon when 29 caught; the date and location of where the fish was caught; 30 and any other pertinent information which may be required by 31 the commission department. The commission department may

136

refuse to issue new tags to individuals or guides who fail to
 provide the required information.

3 (5) Any individual including a taxidermist who 4 possesses a tarpon which does not have a tag securely attached 5 as required by this section shall be subject to penalties as 6 prescribed in s. 370.021. Provided, however, a taxidermist may 7 remove the tag during the process of mounting a tarpon. The 8 removed tag shall remain with the fish during any subsequent 9 storage or shipment.

10 (6) Purchase of a tarpon tag shall not accord the 11 purchaser any right to harvest or possess tarpon in 12 contravention of rules adopted by the Marine Fisheries 13 commission. No individual may sell, offer for sale, barter, 14 exchange for merchandise, transport for sale, either within or 15 without the state, offer to purchase, or purchase any species 16 of fish known as tarpon.

17 (7) The <u>commission</u> department shall prescribe and 18 provide suitable forms and tags necessary to carry out the 19 provisions of this section.

(8) The provisions of this section shall not apply to
anyone who immediately returns a tarpon uninjured to the water
at the place where the fish was caught.

(9) All tag fees collected by the Game and Fresh Water
Fish commission shall be transferred to the Marine Resources
Conservation Trust Fund within 7 days following the last
business day of the week in which the fees were received by
the Game and Fresh Water Fish commission.

28 Section 75. Section 370.063, Florida Statutes, is 29 amended to read:

30370.063Special recreational crawfish license.--There31is created a special recreational crawfish license, to be

137

1 issued to qualified persons as provided by this section for 2 the recreational harvest of crawfish (spiny lobster) beginning 3 August 5, 1994. (1) The special recreational crawfish license shall be 4 5 available to any individual crawfish trap number holder who б also possesses a saltwater products license during the 7 1993-1994 license year. For the 1994-1995 license year and for each license year thereafter, a person issued a special 8 9 recreational crawfish license may not also possess a trap 10 number. 11 (2) Beginning August 5, 1994, the special recreational crawfish license is required in order to harvest crawfish from 12 state territorial waters in quantities in excess of the 13 regular recreational bag limit but not in excess of a special 14 bag limit to be established by the Marine Fisheries Commission 15 for these harvesters before the 1994-1995 license year. Such 16 17 special bag limit does not apply during the 2-day sport season 18 established by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 19 commission. 20 (3) The holder of a special recreational crawfish license must also possess the recreational crawfish stamp 21 22 required by s. 370.14(11) and the license required by s. 23 370.0605. 24 (4) As a condition precedent to the issuance of a 25 special recreational crawfish license, the applicant must agree to file quarterly reports with the Division of Marine 26 Resources of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 27 28 Department of Environmental Protection, in such form as the 29 division requires, detailing the amount of the licenseholder's crawfish (spiny lobster) harvest in the previous quarter, 30

31

138

including the harvest of other recreational harvesters aboard
 the licenseholder's vessel.

3 (5) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of Environmental Protection shall issue special 4 5 recreational crawfish licenses beginning in 1994 for the б 1994-1995 license year. The fee for each such license is \$100 7 per year. Each license issued in any 1994 for the 1994-1995 8 license year must be renewed by June 30 of each subsequent 9 year by the initial individual holder thereof. Noncompliance 10 with the reporting requirement in subsection (4) or with the 11 special recreational bag limit established under subsection (6) constitutes grounds for which the commission department 12 13 may refuse to renew the license for a subsequent license year. The number of such licenses outstanding in any one license 14 year may not exceed the number issued for the 1994-1995 15 license year. A license is not transferable by any method. 16 17 Licenses that are not renewed expire and may be reissued by the commission in the subsequent department beginning in the 18 19 1995-1996 license year to new applicants otherwise qualified under this section. 20

(6) To promote conservation of the spiny lobster 21 (crawfish) resource, consistent with equitable distribution 22 and availability of the resource, the Marine Fisheries 23 24 commission shall establish a spiny lobster management plan 25 incorporating the special recreational crawfish license, including, but not limited to, the establishment of a special 26 recreational bag limit for the holders of such license as 27 28 required by subsection (2). Such special recreational bag 29 limit must not be less than twice the higher of the daily recreational bag limits. 30

31

139

1 (7)The proceeds of the fees collected under this 2 section must be deposited in the Marine Resources Conservation 3 Trust Fund and used as follows: (a) Thirty-five percent for research and the 4 5 development of reliable recreational catch statistics for the б crawfish (spiny lobster) fishery. Sixty-five Forty-five percent to be used by the 7 (b) 8 Department of Environmental Protection for administration and enforcement of this section. 9 10 (c) Twenty percent to be used by the Marine Fisheries 11 Commission for the purposes of this section. (8) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 12 13 Department of Environmental Protection may adopt rules to 14 carry out the purpose and intent of the special recreational 15 lobster license program. Section 76. Subsection (2) of section 370.0805, 16 17 Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 18 370.0805 Net ban assistance program.--19 (2) ELIGIBILITY FOR ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE.--The 20 Department of Labor and Employment Security shall determine 21 the eligibility of applicants for economic assistance under this section. 22 23 (a) Any person who has been convicted of more than two 24 violations of any rule of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Marine Fisheries Commission or of any provision of this 25 chapter in any single license year since 1991, or of more than 26 27 four such violations from the period of 1991 through 1995, 28 inclusive, shall not be eligible for economic assistance under 29 this section. 30 31 140

1	(b) Only a person who was a resident of this state on
2	November 8, 1994, is eligible to receive, or designate another
3	resident to receive, economic assistance under this section.
4	Section 77. Subsection (3) and paragraphs (e) and (h)
5	of subsection (4) of section 370.081, Florida Statutes, 1998
6	Supplement, is amended to read:
7	370.081 Illegal importation or possession of
8	nonindigenous marine plants and animals; rules and
9	regulations
10	(3) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission
11	department is authorized to adopt, pursuant to chapter 120,
12	rules and regulations to include any additional marine plant
13	or marine animal which may endanger or infect the marine
14	resources of the state or pose a human health hazard.
15	(4) A zoological park and aquarium may import sea
16	snakes of the family Hydrophiidae for exhibition purposes $ au$
17	only under the following conditions:
18	(e) Each zoological park and aquarium possessing sea
19	snakes shall post with the <u>commission</u> <del>department</del> a \$1 million
20	letter of credit. The letter of credit shall be in favor of
21	the State of Florida, Fish and Wildlife Conservation
22	<u>Commission</u> <del>Department of Environmental Protection</del> , for use by
23	the <u>commission</u> <del>department</del> to remove any sea snake accidentally
24	or intentionally introduced into waters of the state. The
25	letter of credit shall be written in the form determined by
26	the <u>commission</u> <del>department</del> . The letter of credit shall provide
27	that the zoological park and aquarium is responsible for the
28	sea snakes within that facility and shall be in effect at all
29	times that the zoological park and aquarium possesses sea
30	snakes.
31	

141

1 (h) A zoological park and aquarium possessing sea 2 snakes shall abide by all statutory and regulatory 3 requirements of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and 4 Fresh Water Fish Commission with respect to venomous reptiles. 5 Section 78. Subsections (3), (4), and (5) of section б 370.092, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to 7 read: 8 370.092 Carriage of proscribed nets across Florida 9 waters.--10 (3) Notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2), unless 11 authorized by rule of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Marine Fisheries Commission, it is a major violation under 12 13 this section, punishable as provided in subsection (4), for 14 any person, firm, or corporation to possess any gill or entangling net, or any seine net larger than 500 square feet 15 in mesh area, on any airboat or on any other vessel less than 16 17 22 feet in length and on any vessel less than 25 feet if primary power of the vessel is mounted forward of the vessel 18 19 center point. Gill or entangling nets shall be as defined in 20 s. 16, Art. X of the State Constitution, s. 370.093(2)(b), or in a rule of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Marine 21 22 Fisheries Commission implementing s. 16, Art. X of the State Constitution. Vessel length shall be determined in accordance 23 24 with current United States Coast Guard regulations specified 25 in the Code of Federal Regulations or as titled by the State of Florida. The Marine Fisheries Commission is directed to 26 initiate by July 1, 1998, rulemaking to adjust by rule the use 27 28 of gear on vessels longer than 22 feet where the primary power 29 of the vessel is mounted forward of the vessel center point in order to prevent the illegal use of gill and entangling nets 30 31

142

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 in state waters and to provide reasonable opportunities for 2 the use of legal net gear in adjacent federal waters. 3 The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Marine (4) Fisheries Commission shall adopt rules to prohibit the 4 5 possession and sale of mullet taken in illegal gill or б entangling nets. Violations of such rules shall be punishable 7 as provided in subsection (4). 8 (5) The commission department has authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the 9 10 provisions of this section. 11 Section 79. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and subsection (6) of section 370.093, Florida Statutes, 1998 12 13 Supplement, are amended to read: 370.093 Illegal use of nets.--14 (2)(a) Beginning July 1, 1998, it is also unlawful to 15 take or harvest, or to attempt to take or harvest, any marine 16 17 life in Florida waters with any net, as defined in subsection (3) and any attachments to such net, that combined are larger 18 19 than 500 square feet and have not been expressly authorized for such use by rule of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 20 Marine Fisheries Commission under s. 370.027. The use of 21 currently legal shrimp trawls and purse seines outside 22 nearshore and inshore Florida waters shall continue to be 23 24 legal until the commission implements rules regulating those 25 types of gear. (6) The Marine Fisheries Commission is granted 26 27 authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 370.025 and 370.027 28 implementing this section and the prohibitions and 29 restrictions of s. 16, Art. X of the State Constitution. 30 Section 80. Section 370.1107, Florida Statutes, is 31 amended to read:

143

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 370.1107 Definition; possession of certain licensed 2 traps prohibited; penalties; exceptions; consent.--3 (1) As used in this section, the term "licensed 4 saltwater fisheries trap" means any trap required to be 5 licensed by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission б Department of Environmental Protection and authorized pursuant 7 to this chapter or by the Florida Marine Fisheries commission 8 for the taking of saltwater products. 9 (2) It is unlawful for any person, firm, corporation, 10 or association to be in actual or constructive possession of a 11 licensed saltwater fisheries trap registered with the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of Environmental 12 Protection in another person's, firm's, corporation's, or 13 association's name. 14 (a) Unlawful possession of less than three licensed 15 saltwater fisheries traps is a misdemeanor of the first 16 17 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 18 (b) Unlawful possession of three or more licensed 19 saltwater fisheries traps is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 20 (c) Upon the arrest and conviction for violation of 21 this section, any licenseholder shall show just cause why his 22 or her license shall not be suspended or permanently revoked. 23 24 (3) This section shall not apply to the agents or employees of the registered owner of the licensed saltwater 25 26 fisheries trap or to a person, firm, corporation or 27 association who has the written consent from the owner of the 28 licensed saltwater fisheries trap, to possess such licensed 29 saltwater fisheries trap, or to agents or employees of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of 30 31

144

1 Environmental Protection who are engaged in the removal of 2 traps during the closed season. 3 (4) The registered owner of the licensed saltwater 4 fisheries trap shall provide the Fish and Wildlife 5 Conservation Commission Department of Environmental Protection б with the names of any agents, employees, or any other person, 7 firm, company, or association to whom the registered owner has given consent to possess said licensed saltwater fisheries 8 9 trap. 10 Section 81. Section 370.1111, Florida Statutes, is 11 amended to read: 370.1111 Snook; regulation. --12 13 (1)(a) In addition to licenses required by s. 370.0605, any person who takes and possesses any snook from 14 any waters of the state must have a snook permit. The permit 15 remains valid for 12 months after the date of issuance. The 16 17 cost of each snook permit is \$2. Each snook permit issued 18 pursuant to this section is valid only during the times 19 established by law for the taking of snook. The Fish and 20 Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, any tax collector, or any appointed subagent may sell the 21 permit and collect the fees therefor. 22 (b) The intent of paragraph (a) is to expand research 23 24 and management to increase snook populations in the state 25 without detracting from other programs. Moneys generated from snook permits shall be used exclusively for programs to 26 benefit snook populations. 27 28 (c) All permit fees collected by the Fish and Wildlife 29 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission shall be transferred to the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund 30 31 within 7 days following the last business day of the week in 145

1 which the fees were received by the Fish and Wildlife 2 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. 3 (2) The commission department may periodically conduct 4 competitions to select a designer of the snook stamp. Also, 5 the commission department may enhance revenues from the sale б of snook stamps by issuing special editions for stamp 7 collectors and other such special purposes. 8 Section 82. Section 370.12, Florida Statutes, 1998 9 Supplement, is amended to read: 10 370.12 Marine animals; regulation.--11 (1) PROTECTION OF MARINE TURTLES.--(a) This subsection may be cited as the "Marine Turtle 12 13 Protection Act." 14 (b) The Legislature intends, pursuant to the 15 provisions of this subsection, to ensure that the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of Environmental 16 17 Protection has the appropriate authority and resources to implement its responsibilities under the recovery plans of the 18 19 United States Fish and Wildlife Service for the following 20 species of marine turtle: Atlantic loggerhead turtle (Caretta caretta 21 1. 22 caretta). 2. Atlantic green turtle (Chelonis mydas mydas). 23 24 3. Leatherback turtle (Dermochelys coriacea). 4. Atlantic hawksbill turtle (Eretmochelys imbricata 25 26 imbricata). 27 5. Atlantic ridley turtle (Lepidochelys kempi). 28 (c)1. Unless otherwise provided by the federal 29 Endangered Species Act or its implementing regulations, no person may take, possess, disturb, mutilate, destroy, cause to 30 31 be destroyed, sell, offer for sale, transfer, molest, or 146

1 harass any marine turtle or its nest or eggs at any time. For purposes of this subsection, "take" means an act which 2 3 actually kills or injures marine turtles, and includes significant habitat modification or degradation that kills or 4 5 injures marine turtles by significantly impairing essential б behavioral patterns, such as breeding, feeding, or sheltering. 7 2. Unless otherwise provided by the federal Endangered 8 Species Act or its implementing regulations, no person, firm, or corporation may take, kill, disturb, mutilate, molest, 9 10 harass, or destroy any marine turtle. 11 3. No person, firm, or corporation may possess any marine turtle, their nests, eggs, hatchlings, or parts thereof 12 unless it is in possession of a special permit or loan 13 14 agreement from the commission department enabling the holder to possess a marine turtle or parts thereof for scientific, 15 educational, or exhibitional purposes, or for conservation 16 17 activities such as relocating nests, eggs, or animals away 18 from construction sites. Notwithstanding any other provisions 19 of general or special law to the contrary, the commission 20 department may issue such authorization to any properly 21 accredited person for the purpose of marine turtle conservation upon such terms, conditions, and restrictions as 22 it may prescribe by rule. The commission department shall have 23 24 the authority to adopt rules to permit the possession of 25 marine turtles pursuant to this paragraph. For the purposes of this subsection, a "properly accredited person" is defined as: 26 27 Students of colleges or universities whose studies a. with saltwater animals are under the direction of their 28 29 teacher or professor; 30 b. Scientific or technical faculty of public or 31 private colleges or universities; 147

с. 1 Scientific or technical employees of private 2 research institutions and consulting firms; 3 Scientific or technical employees of city, county, d. 4 state, or federal research or regulatory agencies; 5 e. Members in good standing or recognized and properly б chartered conservation organizations, the Audubon Society, or 7 the Sierra Club; 8 f. Persons affiliated with aquarium facilities or 9 museums, or contracted as an agent therefor, which are open to 10 the public with or without an admission fee; or 11 g. Persons without specific affiliations listed above, but who are recognized by the commission department for their 12 contributions to marine conservation such as scientific or 13 technical publications, or through a history of cooperation 14 with the commission department in conservation programs such 15 as turtle nesting surveys, or through advanced educational 16 17 programs such as high school marine science centers. (d) Any application for a Department of Environmental 18 19 Protection department permit or other type of approval for an 20 activity that affects marine turtles or their nests or habitat shall be subject to conditions and requirements for marine 21 turtle protection as part of the permitting or approval 22 23 process. 24 (e) The Department of Environmental Protection may 25 condition the nature, timing, and sequence of construction of permitted activities to provide protection to nesting marine 26 27 turtles and hatchlings and their habitat pursuant to the 28 provisions of s. 161.053(5). When the department is 29 considering a permit for a beach restoration, beach renourishment, or inlet sand transfer project and the 30 31 applicant has had an active marine turtle nest relocation 148

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 program or the applicant has agreed to and has the ability to 2 administer a program, the department must not restrict the 3 timing of the project. Where appropriate, the department, in accordance with the applicable rules of the Fish and Wildlife 4 5 Conservation Commission, shall require as a condition of the б permit that the applicant relocate and monitor all turtle 7 nests that would be affected by the beach restoration, beach 8 renourishment, or sand transfer activities. Such relocation 9 and monitoring activities shall be conducted in a manner that ensures successful hatching. This limitation on the 10 11 department's authority applies only on the Atlantic coast of Florida. 12

(f) The Department <u>of Environmental Protection</u> shall recommend denial of a permit application if the activity would result in a "take" as defined in this subsection, unless, as provided for in the federal Endangered Species Act and its implementing regulations, such taking is incidental to, and not the purpose of, the carrying out of an otherwise lawful activity.

The Department of Environmental Protection shall 20 (g) 21 give special consideration to beach preservation and beach nourishment projects that restore habitat of endangered marine 22 turtle species. Nest relocation shall be considered for all 23 24 such projects in urbanized areas. When an applicant for a 25 beach restoration, beach renourishment, or inlet sand transfer project has had an active marine turtle nest relocation 26 program or the applicant has agreed to have and has the 27 28 ability to administer a program, the department in issuing a 29 permit for a project must not restrict the timing of the project. Where appropriate, the department, in accordance 30 31 with the applicable rules of the Fish and Wildlife

149

1 Conservation Commission, shall require as a condition of the 2 permit that the applicant relocate and monitor all turtle 3 nests that would be affected by the beach restoration, beach renourishment, or sand transfer activities. Such relocation 4 5 and monitoring activities shall be conducted in a manner that б ensures successful hatching. This limitation on the 7 department's authority applies only on the Atlantic coast of 8 Florida.

9 (h) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 10 department shall provide grants to coastal local governments, 11 educational institutions, and Florida-based nonprofit organizations to conduct marine turtle research, conservation, 12 13 and education activities within the state. The commission department shall adopt by rule procedures for submitting grant 14 applications and criteria for allocating available funds. The 15 criteria must include the scope of the proposed activity, the 16 17 relevance of the proposed activity to the recovery plans for 18 marine turtles, the demand and public support for the proposed 19 activity, the duration of the proposed activity, the 20 availability of alternative funding, and the estimated cost of the activity. The executive director <del>secretary</del> of the 21 22 commission department shall appoint a committee of at least five members, including at least two nongovernmental 23 24 representatives, to consider and choose grant recipients from 25 proposals submitted by eligible entities. Committee members shall not receive any compensation from the commission 26 27 department. 28 (2) PROTECTION OF MANATEES OR SEA COWS .--29 (a) This subsection shall be known and may be cited as the "Florida Manatee Sanctuary Act." 30 31

150

1 (b) The State of Florida is hereby declared to be a 2 refuge and sanctuary for the manatee, the "Florida state 3 marine mammal." 4 (c) Whenever the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 5 Commission department is satisfied that the interest of б science will be subserved, and that the application for a 7 permit to possess a manatee or sea cow (Trichechus manatus) is 8 for a scientific or propagational purpose and should be 9 granted, and after concurrence by the United States Department 10 of the Interior, the Division of Marine Resources of the Fish 11 and Wildlife Conservation Commission may grant to any person making such application a special permit to possess a manatee 12 13 or sea cow, which permit shall specify the exact number which 14 shall be maintained in captivity. (d) Except as may be authorized by the terms of a 15 valid state permit issued pursuant to paragraph (c) or by the 16 17 terms of a valid federal permit, it is unlawful for any person 18 at any time, by any means, or in any manner intentionally or 19 negligently to annoy, molest, harass, or disturb or attempt to 20 molest, harass, or disturb any manatee; injure or harm or

21 attempt to injure or harm any manatee; capture or collect or 22 attempt to capture or collect any manatee; pursue, hunt, 23 wound, or kill or attempt to pursue, hunt, wound, or kill any 24 manatee; or possess, literally or constructively, any manatee 25 or any part of any manatee.

(e) Any gun, net, trap, spear, harpoon, boat of any
kind, aircraft, automobile of any kind, other motorized
vehicle, chemical, explosive, electrical equipment, scuba or
other subaquatic gear, or other instrument, device, or
apparatus of any kind or description used in violation of any
provision of paragraph (d) may be forfeited upon conviction.

151

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 The foregoing provisions relating to seizure and forfeiture of vehicles, vessels, equipment, or supplies do not apply when 2 3 such vehicles, vessels, equipment, or supplies are owned by, or titled in the name of, innocent parties; and such 4 5 provisions shall not vitiate any valid lien, retain title б contract, or chattel mortgage on such vehicles, vessels, equipment, or supplies if such lien, retain title contract, or 7 8 chattel mortgage is property of public record at the time of 9 the seizure.

10 (f) In order to protect manatees or sea cows from 11 harmful collisions with motorboats or from harassment, the Department of Environmental Protection shall adopt rules under 12 13 chapter 120 regarding the expansion of existing, or construction of new, marine facilities and mooring or docking 14 slips, by the addition or construction of five or more 15 powerboat slips, and the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 16 17 Commission shall adopt rules under chapter 120 regulating the operation and speed of motorboat traffic, only where manatee 18 19 sightings are frequent and it can be generally assumed, based 20 on available scientific information, that they inhabit these 21 areas on a regular or continuous basis:

In Lee County: the entire Orange River, including 22 1. the Tice Florida Power and Light Corporation discharge canal 23 24 and adjoining waters of the Caloosahatchee River within 1 mile 25 of the confluence of the Orange and Caloosahatchee Rivers. In Brevard County: those portions of the Indian 26 2. River within three-fourths of a mile of the Orlando Utilities 27 28 Commission Delespine power plant effluent and the Florida

29 Power and Light Frontenac power plant effluents.

30 31

152

1 3. In Indian River County: the discharge canals of the 2 Vero Beach Municipal Power Plant and connecting waters within 3 1 1/4 miles thereof. In St. Lucie County: the discharge of the Henry D. 4 4. 5 King Municipal Electric Station and connecting waters within 1 б mile thereof. 7 5. In Palm Beach County: the discharges of the Florida 8 Power and Light Riviera Beach power plant and connecting waters within  $1 \ 1/2$  miles thereof. 9 10 6. In Broward County: the discharge canal of the 11 Florida Power and Light Port Everglades power plant and connecting waters within  $1 \ 1/2$  miles thereof and the 12 discharge canal of the Florida Power and Light Fort Lauderdale 13 power plant and connecting waters within 2 miles thereof. For 14 purposes of ensuring the physical safety of boaters in a 15 sometimes turbulent area, the area from the easternmost edge 16 17 of the authorized navigation project of the intracoastal 18 waterway east through the Port Everglades Inlet is excluded 19 from this regulatory zone. 20 In Citrus County: headwaters of the Crystal River, 7. 21 commonly referred to as King's Bay, and the Homosassa River. In Volusia County: Blue Springs Run and connecting 22 8. waters of the St. Johns River within 1 mile of the confluence 23 24 of Blue Springs and the St. Johns River; and Thompson Creek, Strickland Creek, Dodson Creek, and the Tomoka River. 25 In Hillsborough County: that portion of the Alafia 26 9. River from the main shipping channel in Tampa Bay to U.S. 27 28 Highway 41. 29 10. In Sarasota County: the Venice Inlet and 30 connecting waters within 1 mile thereof, including Lyons Bay, 31 Donna Bay, Roberts Bay, and Hatchett Creek, excluding the 153

1 waters of the intracoastal waterway and the right-of-way 2 bordering the centerline of the intracoastal waterway. 3 11. In Collier County: within the Port of Islands, within section 9, township 52 south, range 28 east, and 4 5 certain unsurveyed lands, all east-west canals and the б north-south canals to the southerly extent of the intersecting 7 east-west canals which lie southerly of the centerline of U.S. 8 Highway 41. 12. In Manatee County: that portion of the Manatee 9 10 River east of the west line of section 17, range 19 east, 11 township 34 south; the Braden River south of the north line and east of the west line of section 29, range 18 east, 12 13 township 34 south; Terra Ceia Bay and River, east of the west line of sections 26 and 35 of range 17 east, township 33 14 south, and east of the west line of section 2, range 17 east, 15 township 34 south; and Bishop Harbor east of the west line of 16 17 section 13, range 17 east, township 33 south. 18 13. In Dade County: those portions of Black Creek 19 lying south and east of the water control dam, including all 20 boat basins and connecting canals within 1 mile of the dam. The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 21 (g) 22 Department of Environmental Protection shall adopt rules regulating the operation and speed of motorboat traffic only 23 24 where manatee sightings are frequent and it can be generally 25 assumed that they inhabit these areas on a regular or continuous basis within that portion of the Indian River 26 27 between the St. Lucie Inlet in Martin County and the Jupiter 28 Inlet in Palm Beach County. In addition, the commission 29 department shall adopt rules regulating the operation and speed of motorboat traffic only where manatee sightings are 30 31 frequent and it can be generally assumed that they inhabit 154

1 these areas on a regular or continuous basis within the
2 Loxahatchee River in Palm Beach and Martin Counties, including
3 the north and southwest forks thereof. A limited lane or
4 corridor providing for reasonable motorboat speeds may be
5 identified and designated within this area.

б The commission department shall adopt rules (h) 7 regulating the operation and speed of motorboat traffic only where manatee sightings are frequent and it can be generally 8 9 assumed that they inhabit these areas on a regular or 10 continuous basis within the Withlacoochee River and its 11 tributaries in Citrus and Levy Counties. The specific areas to be regulated include the Withlacoochee River and the U.S. 12 13 19 bridge westward to a line between U.S. Coast Guard markers number 33 and number 34 at the mouth of the river, including 14 all side channels and coves along that portion of the river; 15 Bennets' Creek from its beginning to its confluence with the 16 17 Withlacoochee River; Bird's Creek from its beginning to its confluence with the Withlacoochee River; and the two dredged 18 19 canal systems on the north side of the Withlacoochee River southwest of Yankeetown. A limited lane or corridor providing 20 for reasonable motorboat speeds may be identified and 21 22 designated within this area.

(i) If any new power plant is constructed or other 23 24 source of warm water discharge is discovered within the state 25 which attracts a concentration of manatees or sea cows, the 26 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of Environmental Protection is directed to adopt rules regulating 27 28 the operation and speed of motorboat traffic within the area 29 of such discharge. Such rules shall designate a zone which is sufficient in size, and which shall remain in effect for a 30 31

155

1 sufficient period of time, to protect the manatees or sea
2 cows.

3 It is the intent of the Legislature through (j) 4 adoption of this paragraph to allow the Fish and Wildlife 5 Conservation Commission Department of Environmental Protection б to post and regulate boat speeds only where manatee sightings 7 are frequent and it can be generally assumed that they inhabit 8 these areas on a regular or continuous basis. It is not the 9 intent of the Legislature to permit the commission department 10 to post and regulate boat speeds generally in the 11 above-described inlets, bays, rivers, creeks, thereby unduly interfering with the rights of fishers, boaters, and water 12 13 skiers using the areas for recreational and commercial purposes. Limited lanes or corridors providing for reasonable 14 motorboat speeds may be identified and designated within these 15 16 areas.

17 (k) The <u>commission</u> department shall adopt rules 18 regulating the operation and speed of motorboat traffic all 19 year around within Turkey Creek and its tributaries and within 20 Manatee Cove in Brevard County. The specific areas to be 21 regulated consist of:

A body of water which starts at Melbourne-Tillman 22 1. Drainage District structure MS-1, section 35, township 28 23 24 south, range 37 east, running east to include all natural 25 waters and tributaries of Turkey Creek, section 26, township 28 south, range 37 east, to the confluence of Turkey Creek and 26 the Indian River, section 24, township 28 south, range 37 27 28 east, including all lagoon waters of the Indian River bordered 29 on the west by Palm Bay Point, the north by Castaway Point, the east by the four immediate spoil islands, and the south by 30 31

156

Cape Malabar, thence northward along the shoreline of the
 Indian River to Palm Bay Point.

3 2. A triangle-shaped body of water forming a cove (commonly referred to as Manatee Cove) on the east side of the 4 5 Banana River, with northern boundaries beginning and running б parallel to the east-west cement bulkhead located 870 feet 7 south of SR 520 Relief Bridge in Cocoa Beach and with western boundaries running in line with the City of Cocoa Beach 8 channel markers 121 and 127 and all waters east of these 9 10 boundaries in section 34, township 24 south, range 37 east; 11 the center coordinates of this cove are 28°20'14" north, 80°35'17" west. 12

13 (1) The Legislature recognizes that, while the manatee or sea cow is designated a marine mammal by federal law, many 14 of the warm water wintering areas are in freshwater springs 15 and rivers which are under the primary state law enforcement 16 jurisdiction of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission. 17 Florida Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. The law 18 19 enforcement provisions of this section shall be carried out 20 jointly by the department and the commission, with the department serving as the lead agency. The specific areas of 21 jurisdictional responsibility are to be established between 22 the department and the commission by interagency agreement. 23 24 (m) The commission department shall promulgate 25 regulations relating to the operation and speed of motor boat traffic in port waters with due regard to the safety 26 27 requirements of such traffic and the navigational hazards related to the movement of commercial vessels. 28 29 The commission department may designate by rule (n) 30 other portions of state waters where manatees are frequently 31 sighted and it can be assumed that manatees inhabit such

157

1 waters periodically or continuously. Upon designation of such 2 waters, the commission department shall adopt rules to 3 regulate motorboat speed and operation which are necessary to protect manatees from harmful collisions with motorboats and 4 5 from harassment. The commission department may adopt rules to б protect manatee habitat, such as seagrass beds, within such 7 waters from destruction by boats or other human activity. Such rules shall not protect noxious aquatic plants subject to 8 control under s. 369.20. 9

10 (o) The commission department may designate, by rule, 11 limited areas as a safe haven for manatees to rest, feed, reproduce, give birth, or nurse undisturbed by human activity. 12 13 Access by motor boat to private residences, boat houses, and 14 boat docks through these areas by residents, and their authorized guests, who must cross one of these areas to have 15 water access to their property is permitted when the motorboat 16 17 is operated at idle speed, no wake.

(p) Except in the marked navigation channel of the 18 19 Florida Intracoastal Waterway as defined in s. 327.02 and the area within 100 feet of such channel, a local government may 20 regulate, by ordinance, motorboat speed and operation on 21 waters within its jurisdiction where manatees are frequently 22 sighted and can be generally assumed to inhabit periodically 23 24 or continuously. However, such an ordinance may not take 25 effect until it has been reviewed and approved by the commission department. If the commission department and a 26 27 local government disagree on the provisions of an ordinance, a 28 local manatee protection committee must be formed to review 29 the technical data of the commission department and the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, and to resolve conflicts 30 31

158

1 regarding the ordinance. The manatee protection committee must 2 be comprised of: 3 1. A representative of the commission department; 4 2. A representative of the county; 5 A representative of the United States Fish and 3. б Wildlife Service; 7 4. A representative of a local marine-related 8 business; A representative of the Save the Manatee Club; 9 5. 6. A local fisher; and 10 11 An affected property owner.; and 7. 12 8. A representative of the Florida Marine Patrol. 13 If local and state regulations are established for the same 14 15 area, the more restrictive regulation shall prevail. (q) The commission department shall evaluate the need 16 17 for use of fenders to prevent crushing of manatees between vessels (100' or larger) and bulkheads or wharves in counties 18 19 where manatees have been crushed by such vessels. For areas 20 in counties where evidence indicates that manatees have been 21 crushed between vessels and bulkheads or wharves, the 22 commission department shall: 1. Adopt rules requiring use of fenders for 23 construction of future bulkheads or wharves; and 24 25 Implement a plan and time schedule to require 2 retrofitting of existing bulkheads or wharves consistent with 26 port bulkhead or wharf repair or replacement schedules. 27 28 29 The fenders shall provide sufficient standoff from the bulkhead or wharf under maximum operational compression to 30 31

159

ensure that manatees cannot be crushed between the vessel and
 the bulkhead or wharf.

3 (r) Any violation of a restricted area established by this subsection, or established by rule or ordinance pursuant 4 5 to this subsection, shall be considered a violation of the б boating laws of this state and shall be charged on a uniform 7 boating citation as provided in s. 327.74, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (s). Any person who refuses to post a 8 9 bond or accept and sign a uniform boating citation shall, as 10 provided in s. 327.73(3), be guilty of a misdemeanor of the 11 second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 12

(s) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, any person violating the provisions of this subsection or any rule or ordinance adopted pursuant to this subsection shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable as provided in <u>s.</u> <u>370.021(1)(a) or (b)</u><del>s. <u>370.021(2)(a) or (b)</u>.</del>

18 1. Any person operating a vessel in excess of a posted
 19 speed limit shall be guilty of a civil infraction, punishable
 20 as provided in s. 327.73, except as provided in subparagraph
 21 2.

22 2. This paragraph does not apply to persons violating 23 restrictions governing "No Entry" zones or "Motorboat 24 Prohibited" zones, who, if convicted, shall be guilty of a 25 misdemeanor, punishable as provided in <u>s. 370.021(1)(a) or (b)</u> 26 <del>s. 370.021(2)(a) or (b)</del>, or, if such violation demonstrates 27 blatant or willful action, may be found guilty of harassment 28 as described in paragraph (d).

(3) PROTECTION OF MAMMALIAN DOLPHINS (PORPOISES).--It
is unlawful to catch, attempt to catch, molest, injure, kill,
or annoy, or otherwise interfere with the normal activity and

160

well-being of, mammalian dolphins (porpoises), except as may 1 2 be authorized as a federal permit. 3 (4) ANNUAL FUNDING OF PROGRAMS FOR MARINE ANIMALS.--4 (a) Each fiscal year the Save the Manatee Trust Fund 5 shall be available to fund an impartial scientific benchmark б census of the manatee population in the state. Weather 7 permitting, the study shall be conducted annually by the Fish 8 and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of 9 Environmental Protection and the results shall be made 10 available to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the 11 House of Representatives, and the Governor and Cabinet for use in the evaluation and development of manatee protection 12 measures. In addition, the Save the Manatee Trust Fund shall 13 be available for annual funding of activities of public and 14 15 private organizations and those of the commission department intended to provide manatee and marine mammal protection and 16 17 recovery effort; manufacture and erection of informational and regulatory signs; production, publication, and distribution of 18 19 educational materials; participation in manatee and marine 20 mammal research programs, including carcass salvage and other programs; programs intended to assist the recovery of the 21 manatee as an endangered species, assist the recovery of the 22 endangered or threatened marine mammals, and prevent the 23 24 endangerment of other species of marine mammals; and other 25 similar programs intended to protect and enhance the recovery of the manatee and other species of marine mammals. The 26 27 commission department shall annually solicit advisory 28 recommendations from the Save the Manatee Committee affiliated with the Save the Manatee Club, as identified and recognized 29 in Executive Order 85-19, on the use of funds from the Save 30 31 the Manatee Trust Fund. 161

1 (b) Each fiscal year moneys in the Save the Manatee 2 Trust Fund shall also be used, pursuant to s. 327.28(1)(b), to 3 reimburse the cost of activities related to manatee 4 rehabilitation by facilities that rescue, rehabilitate, and 5 release manatees as authorized pursuant to the Fish and б Wildlife Service of the United States Department of the 7 Interior. Such facilities must be involved in the actual 8 rescue and full-time acute care veterinarian-based rehabilitation of manatees. The cost of activities includes, 9 10 but is not limited to, costs associated with expansion, 11 capital outlay, repair, maintenance, and operations related to the rescue, treatment, stabilization, maintenance, release, 12 13 and monitoring of manatees. Moneys distributed through 14 contractual agreement to each facility for manatee rehabilitation shall be proportionate to the number of 15 manatees under acute care rehabilitation and those released 16 17 during the previous fiscal year. However, the reimbursement may not exceed the total amount available pursuant to ss. 18 19 327.25(7) and 327.28(1)(b) for the purposes provided in this 20 paragraph. Prior to receiving reimbursement for the expenses of rescue, rehabilitation, and release, a facility that 21 qualifies under state and federal regulations shall submit a 22 plan to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 23 24 Department of Environmental Protection for assisting the 25 commission department and the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles in marketing the manatee specialty license 26 plates. At a minimum, the plan shall include provisions for 27 28 graphics, dissemination of brochures, recorded oral and visual 29 presentation, and maintenance of a marketing exhibit. The plan 30 shall be updated annually and the Fish and Wildlife 31 Conservation Commission Department of Environmental Protection

162

1 shall inspect each marketing exhibit at least once each year 2 to ensure the quality of the exhibit and promotional material. 3 Each facility that receives funds for manatee rehabilitation 4 shall annually provide the commission department a written 5 report, within 30 days after the close of the state fiscal б year, documenting the efforts and effectiveness of the 7 facility's promotional activities. 8 (c) By December 1 each year, the Fish and Wildlife 9 Conservation Commission Department of Environmental Protection 10 shall provide the President of the Senate and the Speaker of 11 the House of Representatives a written report, enumerating the amounts and purposes for which all proceeds in the Save the 12 13 Manatee Trust Fund for the previous fiscal year are expended, 14 in a manner consistent with those recovery tasks enumerated 15 within the manatee recovery plan as required by the Endangered 16 Species Act. 17 (d) When the federal and state governments remove the manatee from status as an endangered or threatened species, 18 19 the annual allocation may be reduced. 20 Section 83. Subsection (1) of section 370.13, Florida 21 Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 370.13 Stone crab; regulation.--22 (1)(a) It is unlawful for any person, firm, or 23 24 corporation to catch or have in his or her possession, regardless of where taken, for his or her own use or to sell 25 or offer for sale, any stone crab, or parts thereof, of any 26 size between May 15 and October 15 of each year, except for 27 28 stone crabs, or parts thereof, placed in inventory prior to 29 May 15 of each year. "Stone crab" means the species Menippe mercenaria 30 (b) 31 or any other species of the family Xanthidae as the Fish and 163

Supplement, is amended to read:

<u>Wildlife Conservation</u> Marine Fisheries Commission may define
 by rule.
 Section 84. Section 370.14, Florida Statutes, 1998

4

5

370.14 Crawfish; regulation.--

6 (1) It is the intent of the Legislature to maintain 7 the crawfish industry for the economy of the state and to 8 conserve the stocks supplying this industry. The provisions 9 of this act regulating the taking of saltwater crawfish are 10 for the purposes of ensuring and maintaining the highest 11 possible production of saltwater crawfish.

(2)(a) Each trap used for taking or attempting to take 12 13 crawfish must have a trap number permanently attached to the 14 trap and the buoy. This trap number may be issued by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Division of Law 15 Enforcement upon the receipt of application by the owner of 16 17 the traps and accompanied by the payment of a fee of \$100. The design of the applications and of the trap number shall be 18 19 determined by the commission division. However, effective July 20 1, 1988, and until July 1, 1992, no crawfish trap numbers 21 issued pursuant to this section except those numbers that were active during the 1990-1991 fiscal year shall be renewed or 22 reissued. No new trap numbers shall be issued during this 23 24 period. Until July 1, 1992, trap number holders or members of 25 their immediate family or a person to whom the trap number was transferred in writing must request renewal of the number 26 prior to June 30 of each year. If a person holding an active 27 28 trap number or a member of the person's immediate family or a 29 person to whom the trap number was transferred in writing does not request renewal of the number before the applicable date 30 31 as specified above, the commission department may reissue the

164

1 number to another applicant in the order of the receipt of the 2 application for a trap number. Any trap or device used in 3 taking or attempting to take crawfish, other than a trap with 4 the trap number attached as prescribed in this paragraph, 5 shall be seized and destroyed by the commission division. The б proceeds of the fees imposed by this paragraph shall be 7 deposited and used as provided in paragraph (b). The 8 commission Department of Environmental Protection is 9 authorized to promulgate rules and regulations to carry out the intent of this section. 10 11 (b) Fees collected pursuant to paragraph (a) shall be deposited as follows: 12 1. Fifty percent of the fees collected shall be 13 deposited in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund for 14 use in enforcing the provisions of paragraph (a) through 15 aerial and other surveillance and trap retrieval. 16 17 2. Fifty percent of the fees collected shall be deposited as provided in s. 370.142(5). 18 19 (3) The crawfish license must be on board the boat, and both the license and the harvested crawfish shall be 20 21 subject to inspection at all times. Only one license shall be issued for each boat. The crawfish license number must be 22 prominently displayed above the topmost portion of the boat so 23 24 as to be easily and readily identified. 25 (4) It is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, for any person willfully 26 27 to molest any crawfish traps, lines, or buoys belonging to another without permission of the licenseholder. 28 29 (5) Any crawfish licenseholder, upon selling licensed 30 crawfish traps, shall furnish the commission division notice 31 of such sale of all or part of his or her interest within 15 165

1 days thereof. Any holder of said license shall also notify 2 the <u>commission</u> division within 15 days if his or her address 3 no longer conforms to the address appearing on the license and 4 shall, as a part of such notification, furnish the <u>commission</u> 5 division with his or her new address.

6 (6) A person who takes more crawfish per boat or per
7 person than that number set therefor by rule of the Fish and
8 <u>Wildlife Conservation</u> Marine Fisheries Commission for
9 recreational harvesters within any 24-hour period by any
10 method other than with traps or similar devices must also pay
11 a fee of \$100 and obtain a trap number to be displayed on his
12 or her boat.

13 (7)(a) By a special permit granted by the <u>commission</u> 14 Division of Law Enforcement, a Florida-licensed seafood dealer 15 may lawfully import, process, and package saltwater crawfish 16 or uncooked tails of the species Panulirus argus during the 17 closed season. However, crawfish landed under special permit 18 shall not be sold in the state.

(b) The licensed seafood dealer importing any such crawfish under the permit shall, 12 hours prior to the time the seagoing vessel or airplane delivering such imported crawfish enters the state, notify the <u>commission</u> <del>Division of</del> <del>Law Enforcement</del> as to the seagoing vessel's name or the airplane's registration number and its captain, location, and point of destination.

(c) At the time the crawfish cargo is delivered to the permitholder's place of business, the crawfish cargo shall be weighed and shall be available for inspection by the <u>commission</u> Department of Environmental Protection. A signed receipt of such quantity in pounds shall be forwarded to the

31 commission <del>Division of Law Enforcement's local Florida Marine</del>

166

Patrol office within 48 hours after shipment weigh-in completion. If requested by the <u>commission</u> department, the weigh-in process will be delayed up to 4 hours to allow for a <u>commission</u> department representative to be present during the process.

б (d) Within 48 hours after shipment weigh-in 7 completion, the permitholder shall submit to the commission 8 Division of Law Enforcement, on forms provided by the 9 commission division, a sworn report of the quantity in pounds 10 of the saltwater crawfish received, which report shall include 11 the location of said crawfish and a sworn statement that said crawfish were taken at least 50 miles from Florida's 12 shoreline. The landing of crawfish or crawfish tails from 13 which the eggs, swimmerettes, or pleopods have been removed; 14 the falsification of information as to area from which 15 crawfish were obtained; or the failure to file the report 16 17 called for in this section shall be grounds to revoke the 18 permit.

(e) Each permitholder shall keep throughout the period of the closed season copies of the bill of sale or invoices covering each transaction involving crawfish imported under this permit. Such invoices and bills shall be kept available at all times for inspection by the <u>commission</u> division.

(8)(a) A Florida-licensed seafood dealer may obtain a
special permit to import, process, and package uncooked tails
of saltwater crawfish upon the payment of the sum of \$100 to
the commission <del>Division of Law Enforcement</del>.

(b) A special permit must be obtained by any airplane
or seagoing vessel other than a common carrier used to
transport saltwater crawfish or crawfish tails for purchase by

167

licensed seafood dealers for purposes as provided herein upon
 the payment of \$50.

3 (c) All special permits issued under this subsection 4 are nontransferable.

5 (9) No common carrier or employee of said carrier may б carry, knowingly receive for carriage, or permit the carriage 7 of any crawfish of the species Panulirus argus, regardless of where taken, during the closed season, except of the species 8 9 Panulirus argus lawfully imported from a foreign country for 10 reshipment outside of the territorial limits of the state 11 under United States Customs bond or in accordance with(7)(a) 12 paragraph (8)(a).

13 (10)(a) In addition to licenses required by s. 14 370.0605, any person who takes and possesses any crawfish for 15 recreational purposes from any waters of the state must have a crawfish permit. The permit remains valid for 12 months after 16 the date of issuance. The cost of each crawfish permit shall 17 be \$2. Each crawfish permit issued pursuant to this section 18 19 shall be valid only during the times established by law for 20 the taking of crawfish. The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, any tax collector, or 21 22 any subagent may sell the permit and collect the fees 23 therefor.

(b) The intent of paragraph (a) is to expand research
and management to increase crawfish populations in the state
without detracting from other programs. Moneys generated from
crawfish permits shall be used exclusively for programs to
benefit crawfish populations.

29 (c) All permit fees collected by the <u>Fish and Wildlife</u> 30 <u>Conservation</u> Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission shall be 31 transferred to the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund

168

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

within 7 days following the last business day of the week in 1 2 which the fees were received by the Fish and Wildlife 3 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. 4 (11) The commission department may conduct 5 competitions to periodically select a designer of the crawfish б stamp. Also, the commission department may enhance revenues 7 from the sale of crawfish stamps by issuing special editions 8 for stamp collectors and other such special purposes. 9 (12) The 2-day sport season for harvesters of spiny 10 lobster created by the Marine Fisheries Commission pursuant to 11 rule 46-24.005, Florida Administrative Code, is named the "Bob Hector Sport Fishermen's Crawfish Season." 12 Section 85. Subsection (2) of section 370.1405, 13 Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 14 370.1405 Crawfish reports by dealers during closed 15 16 season required. --17 (2) Failure to submit a report as described in 18 subsection (1) or reporting a greater or lesser amount of 19 whole crawfish, crawfish tails, or crawfish meat than is 20 actually in the dealer's possession or name is a major 21 violation of this chapter, punishable as provided in s. 370.021(1)<del>s. 370.021(2)</del>, s. 370.07(6)(b), or both. The 22 commission department shall seize the entire supply of 23 24 unreported or falsely reported whole crawfish, crawfish tails, 25 or crawfish meat, and shall carry the same before the court for disposal. The dealer shall post a cash bond in the amount 26 27 of the fair value of the entire quantity of unreported or 28 falsely reported crawfish as determined by the judge. After 29 posting the cash bond, the dealer shall have 24 hours to transport said products outside the limits of Florida for sale 30 31 as provided by s. 370.061. Otherwise, the product shall be 169

1 declared a nuisance and disposed of by the commission 2 department according to law. 3 Section 86. Section 370.142, Florida Statutes, 1998 4 Supplement, is amended to read: 5 370.142 Spiny lobster trap certificate program.-б INTENT.--Due to rapid growth, the spiny lobster (1)7 fishery is experiencing increased congestion and conflict on 8 the water, excessive mortality of undersized lobsters, a 9 declining yield per trap, and public concern over petroleum 10 and debris pollution from existing traps. In an effort to 11 solve these and related problems, the Legislature intends to develop pursuant to the provisions of this section a spiny 12 13 lobster trap certificate program, the principal goal of which is to stabilize the fishery by reducing the total number of 14 traps, which should increase the yield per trap and therefore 15 maintain or increase overall catch levels. The Legislature 16 17 seeks to preserve as much flexibility in the program as possible for the fishery's various constituents and ensure 18 19 that any reduction in total trap numbers will be proportioned 20 equally on a percentage basis among all users of traps in the 21 fishery. TRANSFERABLE TRAP CERTIFICATES; TRAP TAGS; FEES; 22 (2)

(2) TRANSFERABLE TRAP CERTIFICATES; TRAP TAGS; FEES;
PENALTIES.--The <u>Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission</u>
Department of Environmental Protection shall establish a trap
certificate program for the spiny lobster fishery of this
state and shall be responsible for its administration and
enforcement as follows:

(a) Transferable trap certificates.--Each holder of a saltwater products license who uses traps for taking or attempting to take spiny lobsters shall be required to have a 31

170

1 certificate on record for each trap possessed or used 2 therefor, except as otherwise provided in this section. 3 The Department of Environmental Protection shall 1. initially allot such certificates to each licenseholder with a 4 5 current crawfish trap number who uses traps. The number of б such certificates allotted to each such licenseholder shall be 7 based on the trap/catch coefficient established pursuant to 8 trip ticket records generated under the provisions of s. 9 370.06(2)(a) over a 3-year base period ending June 30, 1991. 10 The trap/catch coefficient shall be calculated by dividing the 11 sum of the highest reported single license-year landings up to a maximum of 30,000 pounds for each such licenseholder during 12 the base period by 700,000. Each such licenseholder shall then 13 be allotted the number of certificates derived by dividing his 14 or her highest reported single license-year landings up to a 15 maximum of 30,000 pounds during the base period by the 16 17 trap/catch coefficient. Nevertheless, no licenseholder with a current crawfish trap number shall be allotted fewer than 10 18 19 certificates. However, certificates may only be issued to individuals; therefore, all licenseholders other than 20 21 individual licenseholders shall designate the individual or individuals to whom their certificates will be allotted and 22 the number thereof to each, if more than one. After initial 23 24 issuance, trap certificates are transferable on a market basis 25 and may be transferred from one licenseholder to another for a fair market value agreed upon between the transferor and 26 transferee. Each such transfer shall, within 72 hours thereof, 27 28 be recorded on a notarized form provided for that purpose by 29 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission department and hand delivered or sent by certified mail, return receipt 30 31 requested, to the commission department for recordkeeping 171

## **Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 purposes. In addition, in order to cover the added 2 administrative costs of the program and to recover an 3 equitable natural resource rent for the people of the state, a 4 transfer fee of \$2 per certificate transferred shall be 5 assessed against the purchasing licenseholder and sent by б money order or cashier's check with the certificate transfer 7 form. Also, in addition to the transfer fee, a surcharge of \$5 per certificate transferred or 25 percent of the actual market 8 value, whichever is greater, given to the transferor shall be 9 10 assessed the first time a certificate is transferred outside 11 the original transferor's immediate family. No transfer of a certificate shall be effective until the commission department 12 13 receives the notarized transfer form and the transfer fee, including any surcharge, is paid. The commission department 14 may establish by rule an amount of equitable rent per trap 15 certificate that shall be recovered as partial compensation to 16 17 the state for the enhanced access to its natural resources. In determining whether to establish such a rent and, if so, the 18 19 amount thereof, the commission department shall consider the 20 amount of revenues annually generated by certificate fees, transfer fees, surcharges, trap license fees, and sales taxes, 21 the demonstrated fair market value of transferred 22 certificates, and the continued economic viability of the 23 24 commercial lobster industry. The proceeds of equitable rent 25 recovered shall be deposited in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund and used by the commission department 26 for research, management, and protection of the spiny lobster 27 28 fishery and habitat. 29 No person, firm, corporation, or other business 2. entity may control, directly or indirectly, more than 1.5 30

31

172

1 percent of the total available certificates in any license
2 year.

3 3. The <u>commission</u> department shall maintain records of
4 all certificates and their transfers and shall annually
5 provide each licenseholder with a statement of certificates
6 held.

7 4. The number of trap tags issued annually to each
8 licenseholder shall not exceed the number of certificates held
9 by the licenseholder at the time of issuance, and such tags
10 and a statement of certificates held shall be issued
11 simultaneously.

12 5. Beginning July 1, 2003, and applicable to the
13 2003-2004 lobster season and thereafter, it is unlawful for
14 any person to lease lobster trap tags or certificates.

15 (b) Trap tags.--Each trap used to take or attempt to take spiny lobsters in state waters or adjacent federal waters 16 17 shall, in addition to the crawfish trap number required by s. 18 370.14(2), have affixed thereto an annual trap tag issued by 19 the commission department. Each such tag shall be made of 20 durable plastic or similar material and shall, beginning with those tags issued for the 1993-1994 season based on the number 21 of certificates held, have stamped thereon the owner's license 22 number. To facilitate enforcement and recordkeeping, such tags 23 24 shall be issued each year in a color different from that of each of the previous 3 years. A fee of 50 cents per tag issued 25 other than on the basis of a certificate held shall be 26 assessed through March 31, 1993. Until 1995, an annual fee of 27 28 50 cents per certificate shall be assessed, and thereafter, 29 until 1998, an annual fee of 75 cents per certificate shall be assessed upon issuance in order to recover administrative 30 31 costs of the tags and the certificate program. Beginning in

173

1998, the annual certificate fee shall be \$1 per certificate.
 2 Replacement tags for lost or damaged tags may be obtained as
 3 provided by rule of the <u>commission</u> department.

4

(c) Prohibitions; penalties.--

5 1. It is unlawful for a person to possess or use a б spiny lobster trap in or on state waters or adjacent federal 7 waters without having affixed thereto the trap tag required by 8 this section. It is unlawful for a person to possess or use 9 any other gear or device designed to attract and enclose or 10 otherwise aid in the taking of spiny lobster by trapping that 11 is not a trap as defined in rule 46-24.006(2), Florida Administrative Code. 12

13 2. It is unlawful for a person to possess or use spiny
14 lobster trap tags without having the necessary number of
15 certificates on record as required by this section.

16 3. In addition to any other penalties provided in s.
17 370.021, a commercial harvester, as defined by rule
18 46-24.002(1), Florida Administrative Code, who violates the
19 provisions of this section, or the provisions relating to
20 traps of chapter 46-24, Florida Administrative Code, shall be
21 punished as follows:

If the first violation is for violation of 22 a. subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., the commission department 23 24 shall assess an additional civil penalty of up to \$1,000 and the crawfish trap number issued pursuant to s. 370.14(2) or 25 (7) may be suspended for the remainder of the current license 26 year. For all other first violations, the commission 27 28 department shall assess an additional civil penalty of up to 29 \$500.

b. For a second violation of subparagraph 1. or
subparagraph 2. which occurs within 24 months of any previous
174

1 such violation, the commission department shall assess an 2 additional civil penalty of up to \$2,000 and the crawfish trap 3 number issued pursuant to s. 370.14(2) or(6)(7) may be suspended for the remainder of the current license year. 4 5 c. For a third or subsequent violation of subparagraph 6 1. or subparagraph 2. which occurs within 36 months of any 7 previous two such violations, the commission department shall 8 assess an additional civil penalty of up to \$5,000 and may 9 suspend the crawfish trap number issued pursuant to s. 10 370.14(2) or(6)(7) for a period of up to 24 months or may 11 revoke the crawfish trap number and, if revoking the crawfish trap number, may also proceed against the licenseholder's 12 13 saltwater products license in accordance with the provisions 14 of s. 370.021(2)(i)<del>s. 370.021(2)(e)</del>. Any person assessed an additional civil penalty 15 d. pursuant to this section shall within 30 calendar days after 16 17 notification: 18 (I) Pay the civil penalty to the commission 19 department; or 20 (II) Request an administrative hearing pursuant to the 21 provisions of s. 120.60. 22 The commission department shall suspend the e. crawfish trap number issued pursuant to s. 370.14(2) or(6) 23 24 (7) for any person failing to comply with the provisions of 25 sub-subparagraph d. 4.a. It is unlawful for any person to make, alter, 26 27 forge, counterfeit, or reproduce a spiny lobster trap tag or 28 certificate. 29 It is unlawful for any person to knowingly have in b. his or her possession a forged, counterfeit, or imitation 30 31 spiny lobster trap tag or certificate. 175 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	c. It is unlawful for any person to barter, trade,
2	sell, supply, agree to supply, aid in supplying, or give away
3	a spiny lobster trap tag or certificate or to conspire to
4	barter, trade, sell, supply, aid in supplying, or give away a
5	spiny lobster trap tag or certificate unless such action is
6	duly authorized by the <u>commission</u> <del>department</del> as provided in
7	this chapter or in the rules of the <u>commission</u> <del>department</del> .
8	5.a. Any person who violates the provisions of
9	subparagraph 4., or any person who engages in the commercial
10	harvest, trapping, or possession of spiny lobster without a
11	crawfish trap number as required by s. $370.14(2)$ or $(6)(7)$ or
12	during any period while such crawfish trap number is under
13	suspension or revocation, commits a felony of the third
14	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or
15	s. 775.084.
16	b. In addition to any penalty imposed pursuant to
17	sub-subparagraph a., the <u>commission</u> department shall levy a
18	fine of up to twice the amount of the appropriate surcharge to
19	be paid on the fair market value of the transferred
20	certificates, as provided in subparagraph (a)1., on any person
21	who violates the provisions of sub-subparagraph 4.c.
22	6. Any certificates for which the annual certificate
23	fee is not paid for a period of 3 years shall be considered
24	abandoned and shall revert to the <u>commission</u> <del>department</del> .
25	During any period of trap reduction, any certificates
26	reverting to the <u>commission</u> <del>department</del> shall become
27	permanently unavailable and be considered in that amount to be
28	reduced during the next license-year period. Otherwise, any
29	certificates that revert to the <u>commission</u> <del>department</del> are to
30	be reallotted in such manner as provided by the commission
31	department.
	1.0.0

## 176

7. The proceeds of all civil penalties collected
 pursuant to subparagraph 3. and all fines collected pursuant
 to sub-subparagraph 5.b. shall be deposited into the Marine
 Resources Conservation Trust Fund.

5 8. All traps shall be removed from the water during6 any period of suspension or revocation.

7 (d) No vested rights.--The trap certificate program 8 shall not create vested rights in licenseholders whatsoever 9 and may be altered or terminated as necessary to protect the 10 spiny lobster resource, the participants in the fishery, or 11 the public interest.

(3) TRAP REDUCTION. -- The objective of the overall trap 12 13 certificate program is to reduce the number of traps used in the spiny lobster fishery to the lowest number that will 14 maintain or increase overall catch levels, promote economic 15 efficiency in the fishery, and conserve natural resources. 16 Therefore, the Marine Fisheries Commission shall set an 17 18 overall trap reduction goal based on maintaining or maximizing 19 a sustained harvest from the spiny lobster fishery. To reach 20 that goal, the Marine Fisheries Commission shall, by July 1, 1992, set an annual trap reduction schedule, not to exceed 10 21 percent per year, applicable to all certificateholders until 22 the overall trap reduction goal is reached. All 23 24 certificateholders shall have their certificate holdings 25 reduced by the same percentage of certificates each year according to the trap reduction schedule. The Department of 26 27 Environmental Protection shall then issue the number of trap 28 tags authorized by the Marine Fisheries Commission, as 29 requested, and a revised statement of certificates held. Certificateholders may maintain or increase their total number 30 31 of certificates held by purchasing available certificates from 177

1 within the authorized total. The Fish and Wildlife 2 Conservation Commission shall provide for an annual evaluation 3 of the trap reduction process and shall suspend the annual 4 percentage reductions for any period deemed necessary by the 5 commission in order to assess the impact of the trap reduction б schedule on the fishery. The Fish and Wildlife Conservation 7 Commission commission may then, by rule, resume, terminate, or 8 reverse the schedule as it deems necessary to protect the 9 spiny lobster resource and the participants in the fishery. 10 (4) TRAP CERTIFICATE TECHNICAL ADVISORY AND APPEALS 11 BOARD.--There is hereby established the Trap Certificate Technical Advisory and Appeals Board. Such board shall 12 consider and advise the commission department on disputes and 13 14 other problems arising from the implementation of the spiny 15 lobster trap certificate program. The board may also provide information to the commission department on the operation of 16 17 the trap certificate program. (a) 1. The board shall consist of the executive 18 19 director secretary of the commission department or designee and nine other members appointed by the executive director 20 secretary, after determination of the initial certificate 21 22 allotments by the department, according to the following criteria, except as otherwise provided in subparagraph 2.: 23 24 1.a. All appointed members shall be 25 certificateholders, but two shall be holders of fewer than 100 certificates, two shall be holders of at least 100 but no more 26 than 750 certificates, three shall be holders of more than 750 27 28 but not more than 2,000 certificates, and two shall be holders 29 of more than 2,000 certificates. 30 31

178

1 2.b. At least one member each shall come from Broward, 2 Dade, and Palm Beach Counties; and five members shall come 3 from the various regions of the Florida Keys. 4 3.<del>c.</del> At least one appointed member shall be a person 5 of Hispanic origin capable of speaking English and Spanish. б 2. The secretary of the department may fill any 7 position on the initial board with a member who does not 8 fulfill the requirements of subparagraph 1. if there are not 9 enough qualified individuals available to meet those 10 requirements. However, as soon as enough qualified individuals 11 are available to meet those requirements, the secretary must replace all nonqualified appointees with qualified appointees. 12 13 The term of each appointed member shall be for 4 (b) years, and any vacancy shall be filled for the balance of the 14 unexpired term with a person of the qualifications necessary 15 to maintain the requirements of paragraph (a) subparagraph 16 17 However, of the initial appointees, three shall serve <del>(a)1</del>. for terms of 4 years, two shall serve for terms of 3 years, 18 19 two shall serve for terms of 2 years, and two shall serve for terms of 1 year. There shall be no limitation on successive 20 21 appointments to the board. (c) The executive director secretary of the commission 22 department or designee shall serve as a member and shall call 23 24 the organizational meeting of the board. The board shall annually elect a chair and a vice chair. There shall be no 25 limitation on successive terms that may be served by a chair 26 27 or vice chair. The board shall meet at the call of its chair, 28 at the request of a majority of its membership, at the request 29 of the commission <del>department</del>, or at such times as may be 30 prescribed by its rules. A majority of the board shall 31 constitute a quorum, and official action of the board shall 179

require a majority vote of the total membership of the board
 present at the meeting.

3 (d) The procedural rules adopted by the board shall4 conform to the requirements of chapter 120.

5 (e) Members of the board shall be reimbursed for per6 diem and travel expenses as provided in s. 112.061.

7 (f) Upon reaching a decision on any dispute or problem 8 brought before it, including any decision involving the 9 allotment of certificates under paragraph (g), the board shall 10 submit such decision to the executive director secretary of 11 the commission <del>department</del> for final approval. The executive director secretary of the commission department may alter or 12 disapprove any decision of the board, with notice thereof 13 given in writing to the board and to each party in the dispute 14 explaining the reasons for the disapproval. The action of the 15 executive director secretary of the commission department 16 17 constitutes final agency action.

In addition to those certificates allotted 18 (q) 19 pursuant to the provisions of subparagraph (2)(a)1., up to 20 125,000 certificates may be allotted by the board to settle 21 disputes or other problems arising from implementation of the trap certificate program during the 1992-1993 and 1993-1994 22 license years. Any certificates not allotted by March 31, 23 24 1994, shall become permanently unavailable and shall be considered as part of the 1994-1995 reduction schedule. 25 All appeals for additional certificates or other disputes must be 26 27 filed with the board before October 1, 1993.

(h) Any trap certificates issued by the Department of
Environmental Protection as a result of the appeals process
must be added to the existing number of trap certificates for
the purposes of determining the total number of certificates

180

1 from which the subsequent season's trap reduction is 2 calculated.

3 (i) On and after July 1, 1994, the board shall no
4 longer consider and advise the <u>Fish and Wildlife Conservation</u>
5 <u>Commission</u> department on disputes and other problems arising
6 from implementation of the trap certificate program nor allot
7 any certificates with respect thereto.

8 (5) DISPOSITION OF FEES AND SURCHARGES.--Transfer fees 9 and surcharges, annual trap certificate fees, and recreational 10 tag fees collected pursuant to paragraphs (2)(a) and (b) shall 11 be deposited in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund and used for administration of the trap certificate program, 12 research and monitoring of the spiny lobster fishery, and 13 enforcement and public education activities in support of the 14 purposes of this section and shall also be for the use of the 15 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Marine Fisheries Commission in 16 17 evaluating the impact of the trap reduction schedule on the 18 spiny lobster fishery; however, at least 15 percent of the 19 fees and surcharges collected shall be provided to the commission for such evaluation. 20

(6) RULEMAKING AUTHORITY.--The <u>Fish and Wildlife</u>
<u>Conservation Commission</u> Department of Environmental Protection
may adopt rules to implement the provisions of this section.
Section 87. Subsection (1), (2), and (6) of section
370.1535, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
370.1535 Regulation of shrimp fishing in Tampa Bay;

26 370.1535 Regulation of shrimp fishing in Tampa Bay; 27 licensing requirements.--

(1) No person shall operate as a dead shrimp producer
in any waters of Tampa Bay unless such person has procured
from the <u>Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission</u> <del>Department</del>

31 of Environmental Protection a dead shrimp production permit.

181

1 (2) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 2 Department of Environmental Protection is authorized to issue 3 a dead shrimp production permit to persons qualified pursuant to the following criteria: 4 5 The person has submitted an application designed (a) б by the commission department for such permit. 7 One permit is required for each vessel used for (b) 8 dead shrimp production in the waters of Tampa Bay. A permit 9 shall only be issued to an individual who is the principal 10 owner of the vessel or of the business entity owning the 11 vessel and utilizing the permit. No more than three permits shall be issued to any individual. 12 (c) Each application for a permit shall be accompanied 13 by a fee of \$250 for each resident of the state and \$1,000 for 14 each nonresident of the state. The proceeds of the fees 15 collected pursuant to this paragraph shall be deposited into 16 17 the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund to be used by the 18 commission department for the purpose of enforcement of marine 19 resource laws. 20 (d) No person shall be issued a permit or be allowed to renew a permit if such person is registered for 21 noncommercial trawling pursuant to s. 370.15(6) or if such 22 person holds a live bait shrimping license issued pursuant to 23 24 s. 370.15(8). 25 (e) Each applicant shall make application prior to June 30, 1992, and shall hold any other license or 26 registration required to operate a commercial fishing vessel 27 28 in Tampa Bay on the date of application. 29 (6) Each person harvesting shrimp in Tampa Bay pursuant to the permit required by this section shall comply 30 31 182

1 with all rules of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Marine 2 Fisheries Commission regulating such harvest. 3 Section 88. Subsections (4) and (5) of section 370.17, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 4 5 370.17 Sponges; regulation. -б (4) POWERS OF THE COMMISSION DEPARTMENT.--The 7 commission said department is authorized and empowered to 8 make, promulgate, and put into effect all rules and 9 regulations which the commission department may consider and 10 decide to be necessary to accomplish the purpose of this 11 chapter for the taking and cultivation of sponges, including the power and authority to determine and fix, in its 12 13 discretion, the seasons and period of time within which public state grounds may be closed to the taking, possessing, buying, 14 selling, or transporting of sponges from the sponge 15 cultivation districts herein provided for and to regulate and 16 17 prescribe the means and methods to be employed in the harvesting thereof; however, notice of all rules, regulations, 18 19 and orders, and all revisions and amendments thereto, 20 prescribing closed seasons or prescribing the means and 21 methods of harvesting sponges adopted by the commission department shall be published in a newspaper of general 22 circulation in the conservation district affected within 10 23 24 days from the adoption thereof, in addition to any notice 25 required by chapter 120. (5) COOPERATION WITH UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE 26 27 SERVICE.--The commission department shall cooperate with the 28 United States Fish and Wildlife Service, under existing 29 federal laws, rules and regulations, and is authorized to accept donations, grants and matching funds from said federal 30

31 government under such conditions as are reasonable and proper,

183

1 for the purposes of carrying out this chapter, and the 2 commission said department is further authorized to accept any 3 and all donations including funds and loan of vessels. 4 Section 89. Section 370.31, Florida Statutes, is 5 amended to read: 6 370.31 Commercial production of sturgeon.--7 (1) INTENT.--The Legislature finds and declares that 8 there is a need to encourage the continuation and advancement 9 of work being done on aquaculture sturgeon production in 10 keeping with the state's legislative public policy regarding 11 aquaculture provided in chapter 597. It also finds that it is in the state's economic interest to promote the commercial 12 production and stock enhancement of sturgeon. It is therefore 13 the intent of the Legislature to hereby create a Sturgeon 14 Production Working Group. 15 (2) CREATION. -- The Sturgeon Production Working Group 16 17 is created within the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 18 Commission Department of Environmental Protection and shall be 19 composed of six members as follows: 20 (a) The head of the sturgeon research program or 21 designee from the University of Florida, Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences. Such member shall be appointed by the 22 University of Florida's Vice President for Agricultural 23 24 Affairs. 25 (b) One representative from the Department of Environmental Protection to be appointed by the Secretary of 26 27 Environmental Protection. 28 (c) One representative from the Fish and Wildlife 29 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission to be appointed by the executive director of the Game and Fresh 30 31 Water Fish commission.

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 (d) One representative from the Department of 2 Agriculture and Consumer Services to be appointed by the 3 Commissioner of Agriculture. (e) Two representatives from the aquaculture industry 4 5 to be appointed by the Aquaculture Review Council. б (3) MEETINGS; PROCEDURES; RECORDS.--The working group 7 shall meet at least twice a year and elect, by a quorum, a chair, vice chair, and secretary. However, the working group 8 9 shall call its first meeting within 1 month after October 1, 10 1996. 11 (a) The chair of the working group shall preside at all meetings and shall call a meeting as often as necessary to 12 13 carry out the provisions of this section. To call a meeting, 14 the chair shall solicit an agreement to meet from at least two other working group members and then notify any remaining 15 members of the meeting. 16 17 (b) The secretary shall keep a complete record of the proceedings of each meeting, which includes the names of the 18 19 members present at each meeting and the actions taken. Such 20 records shall be kept on file with the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of Environmental Protection 21 with copies filed with the Department of Fisheries and 22 Aquatics at the University of Florida. 23 The records shall be 24 public records pursuant to chapter 119. 25 (c) A quorum shall consist of one representative from the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of 26 Environmental Protection, one representative from the 27 28 Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences, and at least two 29 other members. (4) PURPOSE AND RESPONSIBILITIES. -- The purpose of the 30 31 Sturgeon Production Working Group is to establish a state 185

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 sturgeon aquaculture program to promote the commercial 2 production and stock enhancement of sturgeon in Florida. In 3 carrying out this purpose, the working group shall: 4 (a) Establish a state sturgeon aquaculture program to 5 inform public or private interested parties of how to б aquaculturally produce sturgeon for commercial purposes and 7 for stock enhancement. The program shall: 8 1. Determine how sturgeon can be produced commercially for its meat and roe in the state. 9 10 2. Determine how sturgeon can be used for stock 11 enhancement in areas designated by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission <del>Department of Environmental Protection</del> 12 13 in consultation with the Sturgeon Production Working Group. 14 (b) Seek federal help and cooperation in obtaining the appropriate permits to establish the state sturgeon 15 16 aquaculture program. 17 (c) Prepare a state sturgeon production and stock 18 enhancement plan to implement the state sturgeon aquaculture 19 program. The plan shall include, but not be limited to, the 20 following: 21 1. Research needed to support the commercial production of sturgeon for meat and roe and stock enhancement 22 in the state. 23 24 2. Studies needed to determine the economic impact on 25 the state and the best marketing strategies for producing sturgeon for its meat and roe. 26 27 3. Permits and other requirements currently needed to 28 commercially produce sturgeon and enhance sturgeon stock in 29 the state and a strategy for obtaining such permits or 30 requirements. 31 186

1 4. The timetable for implementation and completion of 2 the plan's components. 3 The implementation date for the state sturgeon 5. 4 aquaculture program. 5 (d) Prepare a report to be submitted within 1 year б after October 1, 1996, to the Governor, the President of the 7 Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the 8 chairs of the legislative ways and means, appropriations, and 9 agriculture committees. This report shall include, but not be 10 limited to: 11 <del>1.</del> The status of the state sturgeon aquaculture 12 program. 13 2. The status of the state sturgeon production and 14 stock enhancement plan. 15 3. Other Florida public or private agencies, if any, 16 doing research on sturgeon production. 4. Any recommendations necessary to carry out the 17 18 purpose of this section. 19 Section 90. Subsections (9), (15), (16), and (17) of section 372.001, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 20 21 372.001 Definitions.--In construing these statutes, when applied to saltwater and freshwater fish, shellfish, 22 crustacea, sponges, wild birds, and wild animals, where the 23 24 context permits, the word, phrase, or term: "Fresh water," except where otherwise provided by 25 (9) law, includes all lakes, rivers, canals, and other waterways 26 27 of Florida, to such point or points where the fresh and salt 28 waters commingle to such an extent as to become unpalatable 29 and unfit for human consumption, because of the saline 30 content, or to such point or points as may be fixed by the 31 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish

187

1 Commission, by and with the consent of the board of county 2 commissioners of the county or counties to be affected by such 3 order. The Steinhatchee River shall be considered fresh water from its source to mouth. 4 5 (15) "Fish management area" is a pond, lake, or other б water within a county or within several counties designated to improve fishing for public use and established and 7 8 specifically circumscribed for authorized management by the 9 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 10 Commission and the board of county commissioners of the county 11 in which such waters lie under agreement between the commission and an owner with approval by the board of county 12 13 commissioners or under agreement with the board of county commissioners for use of public waters in the county in which 14 such waters lie. 15 (16) "Commission" means the Fish and Wildlife 16 17 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. (17) "Authorization" means a number issued by the Fish 18 19 and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 20 Commission, or its authorized agent, which serves in lieu of a license or permit and affords the privilege purchased for a 21 22 specified period of time. Section 91. Section 372.01, Florida Statutes, is 23 amended to read: 24 25 372.01 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission .--26 27 The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh (1) 28 Water Fish Commission shall consist of seven five members who 29 shall be appointed by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the Senate, for staggered terms of 5 years. 30 31

188

1 (2) Members so appointed shall annually select one of their members as chair. Such chair may be removed at any time 2 3 for sufficient cause, by the affirmative vote of the majority of the members of the commission. In case the said office of 4 5 chair becomes vacant by removal or otherwise, the same may be б filled for the unexpired term at any time by the commission 7 from its members. (3) Commission members shall receive no compensation 8 for their services as such, but shall be reimbursed for travel 9 10 expenses as provided in s. 112.061. 11 Section 92. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 372.0215, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 12 13 372.0215 Citizen support organizations; use of state 14 property; audit.--15 (1) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission may authorize the establishment of 16 17 citizen support organizations to provide assistance, funding, 18 and promotional support for the programs of the commission. 19 For purposes of this section, the term "citizen support 20 organization" means an organization which: (a) Is a corporation not for profit incorporated 21 pursuant to the provisions of chapter 617 and approved by the 22 Department of State; 23 24 (b) Is organized and operated to conduct programs and 25 activities; raise funds; request and receive grants, gifts, and bequests of money; acquire, receive, hold, invest, and 26 27 administer in its own name securities, funds, or real or 28 personal property; and make expenditures for the benefit of the commission or an individual program unit of the 29 30 commission; except that such organization may not receive 31 funds from the commission or the Florida Marine Research 189

<u>Institute</u> by grant, gift, or contract unless specifically
 authorized by the Legislature.

3 (c) The commission has determined acts in a manner
4 that is consistent with the goals of the commission and the
5 best interests of the state.

6 (d) Is approved in writing by the commission to
7 operate for the benefit of the commission. Such approval must
8 be stated in a letter of agreement from the executive director
9 of the commission.

10 (2)(a) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 11 Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission may permit a citizen support organization to use commission property, facilities, 12 13 and personnel free of charge. A citizen support organization 14 may use commission property, facilities, and personnel if such use is consistent with the approved purpose of that citizen 15 support organization and if such use does not unreasonably 16 17 interfere with the general public's use of commission property, facilities, and personnel for established purposes. 18 19 (b) The commission may prescribe conditions upon the

20 use by a citizen support organization of commission property, 21 facilities, or personnel.

(c) The commission may not permit the use of any 22 property, facilities, or personnel of the state by a citizen 23 24 support organization that does not provide equal membership 25 and employment opportunities to all persons regardless of race, color, national origin, religion, sex, or age. 26 27 Section 93. Subsections (1), (2), and (4) of section 28 372.0222, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 29 372.0222 Private publication agreements; advertising; 30 costs of production .--31

190

1	(1) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh
2	Water Fish Commission may enter into agreements to secure the
3	private publication of public information brochures,
4	pamphlets, audiotapes, videotapes, and related materials for
5	distribution without charge to the public and, in furtherance
6	thereof, is authorized to:
7	(a) Enter into agreements with private vendors for the
8	publication or production of such public information
9	materials, whereby the costs of publication or production will
10	be borne in whole or in part by the vendor or the vendor shall
11	provide additional compensation in return for the right of the
12	vendor to select, sell, and place advertising which publicizes
13	products or services related to and harmonious with the
14	subject matter of the publication.
15	(b) Retain the right, by agreement, to approve all
16	elements of any advertising placed in such public information
17	materials, including the form and content thereof.
18	(2) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh
19	Water Fish Commission may sell advertising in the Florida
20	Wildlife Magazine to offset the cost of publication and
21	distribution of the magazine.
22	(4) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh
23	Water Fish Commission may enter into agreements with private
24	vendors for vendor advertisement for the purpose of offsetting
25	expenses relating to license issuance, and, in furtherance
26	thereof, is authorized to:
27	(a) Retain the right, by agreement, to approve all
28	elements of such advertising, including the form or content.
29	(b) Require that any advertising of any kind
30	contracted pursuant to this section shall include a statement
31	providing that the advertising does not constitute an
191	
<b>CODING:</b> Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.	

1 endorsement by the state or commission of the products or 2 services to be so advertised. 3 Section 94. Section 372.0225, Florida Statutes, 1998 4 Supplement, is amended to read: 5 372.0225 Freshwater organisms.-б (1) The Division of Freshwater Fisheries of the Fish 7 and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 8 Commission, in order to manage the promotion, marketing, and 9 quality control of all freshwater organisms produced in 10 Florida and utilized commercially so that such organisms shall 11 be used to produce the optimum sustained yield consistent with the protection of the breeding stock, is directed and charged 12 13 with the responsibility of: (a) Providing for the regulation of the promotion, 14 marketing, and quality control of freshwater organisms 15 produced in Florida and utilized commercially. 16 17 (b) Regulating the processing of commercial freshwater 18 organisms on the water or on the shore. 19 (c) Providing documentation standards and statistical 20 record requirements with respect to commercial freshwater 21 organism catches. (d) Conducting scientific, economic, and other studies 22 and research on all freshwater organisms produced in the state 23 24 and used commercially. (2) The responsibility with which the Division of 25 Freshwater Fisheries is charged under subsection (1) shall in 26 27 no way supersede or duplicate the responsibilities of the 28 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services under chapter 29 500, the Florida Food Safety Act, and the rules adopted under that chapter. 30 31

192

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 Section 95. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 2 372.023, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 3 372.023 J. W. Corbett and Cecil M. Webb Wildlife 4 Management Areas. --5 The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh (1) б Water Fish Commission of this state is neither authorized nor 7 empowered to do the following as to the J. W. Corbett Wildlife Management Area in Palm Beach County or the Cecil M. Webb 8 9 Wildlife Management Area without the approval of the Board of 10 Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund that such 11 action is in the best interest of orderly and economical development of said area, viz.: 12 (a) To trade, barter, lease, or exchange lands therein 13 14 for lands of greater acreage contiguous to said wildlife 15 management areas. (b) To grant easements for construction and 16 17 maintenance of roads, railroads, canals, ditches, dikes and utilities, including but not limited to telephone, telegraph, 18 19 oil, gas, electric power, water and sewers. 20 (c) To convey or release all rights in and to the phosphate, minerals, metals and petroleum that is or may be 21 22 in, on or under any lands traded, bartered, leased or 23 exchanged pursuant to paragraph (a). 24 (3) Moneys received from the sale of lands within 25 either wildlife management area, less reasonable expenses 26 incident to the sale, shall be used by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission to acquire 27 28 acreage contiguous to the wildlife management area or lands of 29 equal wildlife value. The sale shall be made directly to the state, notwithstanding the procedures of ss. 270.08 and 270.09 30 31 to the contrary.

1 Section 96. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 372.025, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 2 3 372.025 Everglades recreational sites; definitions.--(2) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section: 4 5 "Commission" means the Fish and Wildlife (a) б Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. 7 "Flood control district" means the Central and (b) 8 Southern Florida Flood Control District Board. 9 (c) "Indian reservations" means lands as designated by 10 chapter 285. 11 (d) "Buffer zone" means an area located between developed and wilderness areas where some restrictions on the 12 13 type of future development shall be imposed. (e) "Development of recreational sites" means any 14 improvements to existing facilities or sites and also such new 15 selection and improvements as are needed for the various 16 17 recreational activities as herein provided. 18 (3) RECREATIONAL SITES.--The Fish and Wildlife 19 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission is directed to develop, manage, and enforce laws on certain recreational 20 21 sites in the water conservation areas of the Everglades from 22 funds to be appropriated by the Legislature. 23 Section 97. Section 372.03, Florida Statutes, is 24 amended to read: 25 372.03 Headquarters of commission. -- The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission is 26 27 located at the state capital, and, when suitable adequate 28 office space cannot be provided in the State Capitol Building, 29 or other buildings owned by the state, the commission may rent or lease suitable office space in Tallahassee. Said commission 30 31 may also rent or lease suitable and adequate space in other 194

cities and towns of the state for branch or division offices
 and headquarters and storerooms for equipment and supplies, as
 the business of the commission may require or necessitate,
 payment for said rented or leased premises to be made from the
 State Game Trust Fund.
 Section 98. Section 372.051, Florida Statutes, is

7 amended to read:

372.051 Seal of commission; certificate as 8 9 evidence.--The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh 10 Water Fish Commission shall adopt and use a common seal, and a 11 certificate under the seal of the commission, signed by its chair and attested by its director shall constitute sufficient 12 13 evidence of the action of the commission; and copies of the minutes of the commission, or any part thereof, or of any 14 15 record or paper of said commission, or any part thereof, or of any rule, regulation, or order of the commission, or any part 16 17 thereof, or of any code of rules, regulations or orders of the commission, or any part thereof, certified by the director of 18 19 the commission under its seal, shall be admissible in evidence 20 in all cases and proceedings in all courts, boards, and 21 commissions of this state without further authentication.

22 Section 99. Section 372.06, Florida Statutes, is 23 amended to read:

372.06 Meetings of the commission.--At least four meetings of the <u>Fish and Wildlife Conservation</u> Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission shall be held at the state capital no less frequently than once every 3 months, which meetings shall be known as the quarterly meetings of the commission; other meetings may be held at such times and places as may be decided upon or as provided by rules of the commission, such meetings to be called by the executive secretary on not less

195

1 than 1 week's notice to all members of the commission; or 2 meetings may be held upon the request in writing of three 3 members of the commission, at a time and place to be 4 designated in the request, and notice of such meetings shall 5 be given at least 1 week in advance thereof to all members of б the commission by the executive secretary. A majority of 7 Three members shall constitute a quorum at any meeting of the 8 commission. No action shall be binding when taken up by the 9 commission, except at a regular or call meeting and duly 10 recorded in the minutes of said meeting. 11 Section 100. Section 372.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 12 372.07 Police powers of commission and its agents .--13 14 (1) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, the director and the director's 15 assistants designated by her or him, and each wildlife officer 16 17 are constituted peace officers with the power to make arrests for violations of the laws of this state when committed in the 18 19 presence of the officer or when committed on lands under the supervision and management of the commission. The general 20 laws applicable to arrests by peace officers of this state 21 shall also be applicable to said director, assistants, and 22 wildlife officers. Such persons may enter upon any land or 23 24 waters of the state for performance of their lawful duties and 25 may take with them any necessary equipment, and such entry shall not constitute a trespass. 26 27 (2) Said officers shall have power and authority to 28 enforce throughout the state all laws relating to game, 29 nongame birds, freshwater fish, and fur-bearing animals and 30 all rules and regulations of the Fish and Wildlife 31 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission relating to 196

wild animal life and freshwater aquatic life, and in 1 connection with said laws, rules, and regulations, in the 2 3 enforcement thereof and in the performance of their duties thereunder, to: 4 5 (a) Go upon all premises, posted or otherwise; б Execute warrants and search warrants for the (b) 7 violation of said laws; 8 (c) Serve subpoenas issued for the examination, 9 investigation, and trial of all offenses against said laws; 10 (d) Carry firearms or other weapons, concealed or 11 otherwise, in the performance of their duties; (e) Arrest upon probable cause without warrant any 12 13 person found in the act of violating any of the provisions of said laws or, in pursuit immediately following such 14 15 violations, to examine any person, boat, conveyance, vehicle, game bag, game coat, or other receptacle for wild animal life 16 17 or freshwater aquatic life, or any camp, tent, cabin, or roster, in the presence of any person stopping at or belonging 18 19 to such camp, tent, cabin, or roster, when said officer has reason to believe, and has exhibited her or his authority and 20 stated to the suspected person in charge the officer's reason 21 22 for believing, that any of the aforesaid laws have been 23 violated at such camp; 24 (f) Secure and execute search warrants and in 25 pursuance thereof to enter any building, enclosure, or car and to break open, when found necessary, any apartment, chest, 26 27 locker, box, trunk, crate, basket, bag, package, or container 28 and examine the contents thereof; 29 (g) Seize and take possession of all wild animal life or freshwater aquatic life taken or in possession or under 30 31 197

1 control of, or shipped or about to be shipped by, any person 2 at any time in any manner contrary to said laws. 3 (3) It is unlawful for any person to resist an arrest authorized by this section or in any manner to interfere, 4 5 either by abetting, assisting such resistance, or otherwise б interfering with said director, assistants, or wildlife officers while engaged in the performance of the duties 7 8 imposed upon them by law or regulation of the Fish and 9 Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. 10 Section 101. Section 372.071, Florida Statutes, is 11 amended to read: 372.071 Powers of arrest by agents of Department of 12 13 Environmental Protection or Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. -- Any certified law 14 enforcement officer of the Department of Environmental 15 Protection or the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and 16 17 Fresh Water Fish Commission, upon receiving information, 18 relayed to her or him from any law enforcement officer 19 stationed on the ground, on the water, or in the air, that a 20 driver, operator, or occupant of any vehicle, boat, or airboat has violated any section of chapter 327, chapter 328, chapter 21 22 370, or this chapter, may arrest the driver, operator, or occupant for violation of said laws when reasonable and proper 23 24 identification of the vehicle, boat, or airboat and reasonable and probable grounds to believe that the driver, operator, or 25 occupant has committed or is committing any such offense have 26 27 been communicated to the arresting officer by the other 28 officer stationed on the ground, on the water, or in the air. 29 Section 102. Section 372.072, Florida Statutes, is 30 amended to read: 31 372.072 Endangered and Threatened Species Act .--198

1 (1)SHORT TITLE. -- This section may be cited as the 2 "Florida Endangered and Threatened Species Act of 1977." 3 DECLARATION OF POLICY.--The Legislature recognizes (2) that the State of Florida harbors a wide diversity of fish and 4 5 wildlife and that it is the policy of this state to conserve б and wisely manage these resources, with particular attention 7 to those species defined by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 8 Commission Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, the 9 Department of Environmental Protection, or the United States 10 Department of Interior, or successor agencies, as being 11 endangered or threatened. As Florida has more endangered and threatened species than any other continental state, it is the 12 13 intent of the Legislature to provide for research and 14 management to conserve and protect these species as a natural 15 resource. (3) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section: 16 17 (a) "Fish and wildlife" means any member of the animal kingdom, including, but not limited to, any mammal, fish, 18 19 bird, amphibian, reptile, mollusk, crustacean, arthropod, or 20 other invertebrate. "Endangered species" means any species of fish and 21 (b) wildlife naturally occurring in Florida, whose prospects of 22 survival are in jeopardy due to modification or loss of 23 24 habitat; overutilization for commercial, sporting, scientific, 25 or educational purposes; disease; predation; inadequacy of regulatory mechanisms; or other natural or manmade factors 26 affecting its continued existence. 27 28 "Threatened species" means any species of fish and (C) 29 wildlife naturally occurring in Florida which may not be in immediate danger of extinction, but which exists in such small 30 31 populations as to become endangered if it is subjected to 199

3

7

8

1 increased stress as a result of further modification of its
2 environment.

(4) INTERAGENCY COORDINATION. --

4 (a)1. The Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission shall
5 be responsible for research and management of freshwater and
6 upland species.

2. The Department of Environmental Protection shall be responsible for research and management of marine species.

9 (a)(b) Recognizing that citizen awareness is a key 10 element in the success of this plan, the Fish and Wildlife 11 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, the Department of Environmental Protection, and the Office of 12 13 Environmental Education of the Department of Education are encouraged to work together to develop a public education 14 15 program with emphasis on, but not limited to, both public and private schools. 16

17 (b)(c) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Department 18 of Environmental Protection, the Marine Fisheries Commission, 19 or the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, in consultation 20 with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Department of Commerce, the Department of Community Affairs, 21 or the Department of Transportation, may establish reduced 22 speed zones along roads, streets, and highways to protect 23 24 endangered species or threatened species.

(5) ANNUAL REPORT.--The <u>Executive Director of the Fish</u> and <u>Wildlife Conservation Commission</u> Director of the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, in consultation with the Secretary of Environmental Protection, shall, at least 30 days prior to each annual session of the Legislature, transmit to the Governor and Cabinet, the President of the Senate, the

31 Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the chairs of the

200

1 appropriate Senate and House committees, a revised and updated 2 plan for management and conservation of endangered and 3 threatened species, including criteria for research and 4 management priorities; a description of the educational 5 program; statewide policies pertaining to protection of б endangered and threatened species; additional legislation 7 which may be required; and the recommended level of funding 8 for the following year, along with a progress report and 9 budget request. 10 Section 103. Section 372.0725, Florida Statutes, is 11 amended to read: 372.0725 Killing or wounding of any species designated 12 as endangered, threatened, or of special concern; criminal 13 penalties.--It is unlawful for a person to intentionally kill 14 or wound any fish or wildlife of a species designated by the 15 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 16 17 Commission as endangered, threatened, or of special concern, or to intentionally destroy the eggs or nest of any such fish 18 19 or wildlife, except as provided for in the rules of the Fish 20 and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 21 Commission, the Department of Environmental Protection, or the 22 Marine Fisheries Commission. Any person who violates this provision with regard to an endangered or threatened species 23 24 is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as 25 provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Section 104. Subsection (1) of section 372.073, 26 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 27 28 372.073 Endangered and Threatened Species Reward 29 Program.--30 (1) There is established within the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission the 31

201

1 Endangered and Threatened Species Reward Program, to be funded 2 from the Nongame Wildlife Trust Fund. The commission may post 3 rewards to persons responsible for providing information leading to the arrest and conviction of persons illegally 4 5 killing or wounding or wrongfully possessing any of the б endangered and threatened species listed on the official 7 Florida list of such species maintained by the commission or the arrest and conviction of persons who violate s. 372.667 or 8 9 s. 372.671. Additional funds may be provided by donations from 10 interested individuals and organizations. The reward program 11 is to be administered by the commission. The commission shall establish a schedule of rewards. 12 Section 105. Subsection (1) of section 372.074, 13 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 14 372.074 Fish and Wildlife Habitat Program.--15 (1)(a) There is established within the Fish and 16 17 Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission the 18 Fish and Wildlife Habitat Program for the purpose of 19 acquiring, assisting other agencies or local governments in 20 acquiring, or managing lands important to the conservation of 21 fish and wildlife. 22 (b) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission or its designee shall manage such lands 23 24 for the primary purpose of maintaining and enhancing their 25 habitat value for fish and wildlife. Other uses may be allowed that are not contrary to this purpose. 26 27 (c) Where acquisition pursuant to this section will 28 result in state ownership of land, title shall be vested in 29 the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund as required in chapter 253. Land acquisition pursuant to this 30 31 section shall be voluntary, negotiated acquisition and, where 202

1 title is to be vested in the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, is subject to the acquisition 2 3 procedures of s. 253.025. 4 (d) Acquisition costs shall include purchase prices 5 and costs and fees associated with title work, surveys, and б appraisals required to complete an acquisition. 7 Section 106. Subsection (1), paragraph (c) of 8 subsection (3), and subsection (4) of section 372.105, Florida 9 Statutes, are amended to read: 10 372.105 Lifetime Fish and Wildlife Trust Fund.--11 (1) There is established within the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission the Lifetime 12 13 Fish and Wildlife Trust Fund to be used for the purpose of 14 supporting fish and wildlife conservation programs of the state in accordance with this section. 15 (3) The fund is declared to constitute a special trust 16 17 derived from a contractual relationship between the state and the members of the public whose investments contribute to the 18 19 fund. In recognition of such special trust, the following 20 limitations and restrictions are placed on expenditures from 21 the funds: (c) No expenditures or disbursements from the interest 22 income derived from the sale of lifetime licenses shall be 23 24 made for any purpose until the respective holders of such 25 licenses attain the age of 16 years. The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission as 26 administrator of the fund shall determine actuarially on an 27 annual basis the amounts of interest income within the fund 28 29 which may be disbursed pursuant to this paragraph. The director shall cause deposits of proceeds from the sale of 30 31

203

1 lifetime licenses to be identifiable by the ages of the 2 license recipients. 3 (4) In the event of a future dissolution or 4 reorganization of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and 5 Fresh Water Fish Commission, any state agency which succeeds б the commission or assumes its constitutional or statutory responsibilities shall, through its agency head acting ex 7 8 officio, assume the trusteeship of the fund and shall be bound 9 by all the limitations and restrictions placed by this section 10 on expenditures from the fund. No repeal or modification of 11 this chapter or s. 9, Art. IV of the State Constitution shall alter the fundamental purposes to which the fund may be 12 13 applied. No dissolution or reorganization of the Fish and 14 Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission shall invalidate any lifetime license issued in accordance 15 with this section. 16 Section 107. Subsection (1) of section 372.106, 17 18 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 19 372.106 Dedicated License Trust Fund.--20 (1) There is established within the Fish and Wildlife 21 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission the Dedicated License Trust Fund. The fund shall be credited with 22 moneys collected pursuant to ss. 370.0605 and 372.57 for 23 24 5-year licenses and replacement 5-year licenses. 25 Section 108. Section 372.12, Florida Statutes, is 26 amended to read: 27 372.12 Acquisition of state game lands. -- The Fish and 28 Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, 29 with the approval of the Governor, may acquire, in the name of the state, lands and waters suitable for the protection and 30 31 propagation of game, fish, nongame birds or fur-bearing 204 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 animals, or for hunting purposes, game farms, by purchase, 2 lease, gift or otherwise to be known as state game lands. The 3 said commission may erect such buildings and fences as may be 4 deemed necessary to properly maintain and protect such lands, 5 or for propagation of game, nongame birds, freshwater fish or б fur-bearing animals. The title of land acquired by purchase, 7 lease, gift or otherwise, shall be approved by the Department 8 of Legal Affairs. The deed to such lands shall be deposited 9 as are deeds to other state lands. No such lands shall be 10 purchased at a price to exceed \$10 per acre.No property 11 acquired under this section shall be exempt from state, county or district taxation. 12 Section 109. Subsection (1) of section 372.121, 13 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 14 15 372.121 Control and management of state game lands.--The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh 16 (1)17 Water Fish Commission is authorized to make, adopt, 18 promulgate, amend, repeal, and enforce all reasonable rules 19 and regulations necessary for the protection, control, operation, management, or development of lands or waters owned 20 by, leased by, or otherwise assigned to, the commission for 21 fish or wildlife management purposes, including but not being 22 limited to the right of ingress and egress. Before any such 23 24 rule or regulation is adopted, other than one relating to wild 25 animal life or freshwater aquatic life, the commission shall obtain the consent and agreement, in writing, of the owner, in 26 the case of privately owned lands or waters, or the owner or 27 28 primary custodian, in the case of public lands or waters. 29 Section 110. Subsections (1), (2), and (4) of section 30 372.16, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 31 372.16 Private game preserves and farms; penalty .--

205

1 (1) Any person owning land in this state may, after 2 having secured a license therefor from the Fish and Wildlife 3 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, establish, 4 maintain, and operate within the boundaries thereof, a private 5 preserve and farm, not exceeding an area of 640 acres, for the б protection, preservation, propagation, rearing, and production 7 of game birds and animals for private and commercial purposes, 8 provided that no two game preserves shall join each other or 9 be connected.

10 (2) All private game preserves or farms established 11 under the provisions of this section shall be fenced in such manner that domestic game thereon may not escape and wild game 12 13 on surrounding lands may not enter and shall be subject at any 14 time to inspection by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, or its conservation officers. 15 Such private preserve or farm shall be equipped and operated 16 17 in such manner as to provide sufficient food and humane 18 treatment for the game kept thereon. Game reared or produced 19 on private game preserves and farms shall be considered 20 domestic game and private property and may be sold or disposed of as such and shall be the subject of larceny. Live game may 21 be purchased, sold, shipped, and transported for propagation 22 and restocking purposes only at any time. Such game may be 23 24 sold for food purposes only during the open season provided by 25 law for such game. All game killed must be killed on the premises of such private game preserve or farm and must be 26 killed by means other than shooting, except during the open 27 28 season. All domestic game sold for food purposes must be 29 marked or tagged in a manner prescribed by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission; 30 31 and the owner or operator of such private game preserve or

206

1 farm shall report to the said commission, on blanks to be 2 furnished by it, each sale or shipment of domestic game, such 3 reports showing the quantity and kind of game shipped or sold 4 and to whom sold. Such report shall be made not later than 5 5 days following such sale or shipment. Game reared or produced б as aforesaid may be served as such by hotels, restaurants, or 7 other public eating places during the open season provided by 8 law on such particular species of game, under such regulations 9 as the commission may prescribe.

10 (4) Any person violating the provisions of this 11 section shall for the first offense be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or 12 13 s. 775.083, and for a second or subsequent offense shall be 14 guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Any person convicted of 15 violating the provisions of this section shall forfeit, to the 16 17 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 18 Commission, any license or permit issued under the provisions 19 hereof; and no further license or permit shall be issued to such person for a period of 1 year following such conviction. 20 Before any private game preserve or farm is established, the 21 22 owner or operator shall secure a license from the Fish and 23 Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, 24 the fee for which shall be \$5 per year. 25 Section 111. Subsection (1) of section 372.26, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 26

27

372.26 Imported fish.--

(1) No person shall import into the state or place in any of the fresh waters of the state any freshwater fish of any species without having first obtained a permit from the

31 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish

207

1 Commission. The commission is authorized to issue or deny such 2 a permit upon the completion of studies of the species made by 3 it to determine any detrimental effect the species might have on the ecology of the state. 4 5 Section 112. Subsections (1) and (2) of section б 372.265, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 7 372.265 Regulation of foreign animals .--8 It is unlawful to import for sale or use, or to (1)9 release within this state, any species of the animal kingdom 10 not indigenous to Florida without having obtained a permit to 11 do so from the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. 12 13 (2) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh 14 Water Fish Commission is authorized to issue or deny such a permit upon the completion of studies of the species made by 15 it to determine any detrimental effect the species might have 16 17 on the ecology of the state. 18 Section 113. Section 372.27, Florida Statutes, is 19 amended to read: 20 372.27 Silver Springs and Rainbow Springs, etc., 21 closed to all fishing .-- It is unlawful for any person to take any fish within Marion County, from the waters of Rainbow 22 Springs and Rainbow River (formerly known as Blue Springs and 23 24 Blue Springs River) within a radius of 1 mile from the head of 25 said spring or from the waters of Silver Springs or Silver Springs Run from the head of said spring to its junction with 26 the Oklawaha River; provided, that the Fish and Wildlife 27 28 Conservation Commission of Game and Fresh Water Fish may 29 remove or cause to be removed any gar, mud fish or other predatory fish when in its judgment their removal is 30 31 desirable.

208

1 Section 114. Section 372.31, Florida Statutes, is 2 amended to read: 3 372.31 Disposition of illegal fishing devices .--4 (1) In all cases of arrest and conviction for use of 5 illegal nets or traps or fishing devices, as provided in this б chapter, such illegal net, trap, or fishing device is declared 7 to be a nuisance and shall be seized and carried before the court having jurisdiction of such offense and said court shall 8 9 order such illegal trap, net or fishing device forfeited to 10 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 11 Commission immediately after trial and conviction of the person in whose possession they were found. When any illegal 12 13 net, trap or fishing device is found in the fresh waters of 14 the state, and the owner of same shall not be known to the officer finding the same, such officer shall immediately 15 procure from the county court judge an order forfeiting said 16 17 illegal net, trap or fishing device to the Fish and Wildlife 18 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. The Fish 19 and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission may destroy such illegal net, trap or fishing device, if in 20 its judgment said net, trap or fishing device is not of value 21 22 in the work of the department. 23 (2) When any nets, traps, or fishing devices are found 24 being used illegally as provided in this chapter, the same 25 shall be seized and forfeited to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission as provided 26 27 in this chapter. 28 Section 115. Subsection (7) of section 372.57, Florida 29 Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 30 372.57 Licenses and permits; exemptions; fees.--No 31 person, except as provided herein, shall take game, freshwater 209

1 fish, or fur-bearing animals within this state without having first obtained a license, permit, or authorization and paid 2 3 the fees hereinafter set forth, unless such license is issued without fee as provided in s. 372.561. Such license, permit, 4 5 or authorization shall authorize the person to whom it is б issued to take game, freshwater fish, or fur-bearing animals 7 in accordance with law and commission rules. Such license, permit, or authorization is not transferable. Each license or 8 9 permit must bear on its face in indelible ink the name of the 10 person to whom it is issued and other information requested by 11 the commission. Such license, permit, or authorization issued by the commission or any agent must be in the personal 12 13 possession of the person to whom issued while taking game, 14 freshwater fish, or fur-bearing animals. The failure of such person to exhibit such license, permit, or authorization to 15 the commission or its wildlife officers, when such person is 16 17 found taking game, freshwater fish, or fur-bearing animals, is a violation of law. A positive form of identification is 18 19 required when using an authorization, a lifetime license, a 5-year license, or when otherwise required by the license or 20 permit. The lifetime licenses and 5-year licenses provided 21 herein shall be embossed with the name, date of birth, the 22 date of issuance, and other pertinent information as deemed 23 24 necessary by the commission. A certified copy of the 25 applicant's birth certificate shall accompany all applications for a lifetime license for residents 12 years of age and 26 younger. Each applicant for a license, permit, or 27 28 authorization shall provide the applicant's social security 29 number on the application form. Disclosure of social security numbers obtained through this requirement shall be limited to 30 31 the purpose of administration of the Title IV-D child support 210

1 enforcement program and use by the commission, and as 2 otherwise provided by law. 3 (7) A resident lifetime sportsman's license authorizes 4 the holder to engage in the following noncommercial 5 activities: б (a) To take or attempt to take or possess freshwater 7 fish, marine fish, and game, consistent with state and federal regulations and rules of the commission and the Department of 8 9 Environmental Protection in effect at the time of taking. 10 (b) All activities authorized by a management area 11 permit, a muzzle-loading gun permit, a turkey permit, an archery permit, a Florida waterfowl permit, a snook permit, 12 13 and a crawfish permit. Section 116. Subsection (2) of section 372.5714, 14 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 15 372.5714 Waterfowl Advisory Council.--16 17 (2) The council shall meet at least once a year either in person or by a telephone conference call, shall elect a 18 19 chair annually to preside over its meetings and perform any other duties directed by the council, and shall maintain 20 minutes of each meeting. All records of council activities 21 shall be kept on file with the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 22 Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission and shall be made 23 24 available to any interested person. The Fish and Wildlife 25 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission shall provide such staff support as is necessary to the council to 26 carry out its duties. Members of the council shall serve 27 28 without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for per diem and 29 travel expenses as provided in s. 112.061 when carrying out the official business of the council. 30 31

## 211

1 Section 117. Subsection (3) of section 372.5717, 2 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3 372.5717 Hunter safety course; requirements; 4 penalty.--5 The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh (3) 6 Water Fish Commission shall institute and coordinate a 7 statewide hunter safety course which must be offered in every county and consist of not less than 12 hours nor more than 16 8 hours of instruction including, but not limited to, 9 10 instruction in the competent and safe handling of firearms, 11 conservation, and hunting ethics. Section 118. Section 372.5718, Florida Statutes, is 12 13 amended to read: 14 372.5718 Hunter safety course for juveniles.--The Fish 15 and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission shall develop a hunter safety course for juveniles who are at 16 17 least 5 years of age but less than 16 years of age. The course must include, but is not limited to, instruction in the 18 19 competent and safe handling of firearms, conservation, and hunting ethics. The course must be appropriate for the ages of 20 the students. The course is voluntary and must be offered in 21 22 each county in the state at least annually. The course is in 23 addition to, and not in lieu of, the hunter safety course 24 prescribed in s. 372.5717. 25 Section 119. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 372.574, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended 26 27 to read: 28 372.574 Appointment of subagents for the sale of 29 hunting, fishing, and trapping licenses and permits. --(2) If a tax collector elects not to appoint 30 31 subagents, the commission may appoint subagents within that 212 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 county. Subagents shall serve at the pleasure of the 2 commission. The commission may establish, by rule, procedures 3 for selection of subagents. The following are requirements 4 for subagents so appointed: 5 (e) A subagent may charge and receive as his or her б compensation 50 cents for each license or permit sold. This 7 charge is in addition to the sum required by law to be collected for the sale and issuance of each license or permit. 8 9 In addition, no later than July 1, 1997, a subagent fee for 10 the sale of licenses over the telephone by credit card shall 11 be established by competitive bid procedures which are overseen by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh 12 13 Water Fish Commission. 14 Section 120. Section 372.651, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 15 372.651 Haul seine and trawl permits; freshwater lakes 16 17 in excess of 500 square miles; fees.--(1) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh 18 19 Water Fish Commission is authorized to issue permits for each 20 haul seine or trawl used in freshwater lakes in the state having an area in excess of 500 square miles. 21 22 (2) The commission may charge an annual fee for the issuance of such permits which shall not exceed: 23 24 (a) For a resident trawl permit, \$50. 25 (b) For a resident haul seine permit, \$100. (c) For a nonresident or alien trawl or haul seine 26 permit, \$500. 27 28 Section 121. Subsection (1) of section 372.653, 29 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 30 31

```
213
```

1 372.653 Required tagging of fish; lakes in excess of 2 500 square miles; tag fee; game fish taken in lakes of 500 3 square miles or less.--(1)(a) No game fish taken from, or caught in, a lake 4 5 in this state the area of which is in excess of 500 square б miles shall be sold for consumption in this state unless it is 7 tagged in the manner required by the Fish and Wildlife 8 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. Bass or 9 pickerel taken by any method other than hook and line shall be 10 returned immediately to the water. Trawls and haul seines 11 shall not be operated within 1 mile of rooted aquatic 12 vegetation. 13 (b) In order that such program of tagging be 14 self-sufficient, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission is authorized to assess a fee of 15 16 not more than 5 cents per tag, payable at the time of delivery 17 of the tag. Section 122. Subsections (5) and (6) of section 18 19 372.66, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 20 372.66 License required for fur and hide dealers.--(5) All agents' licenses shall be applied for by, and 21 issued to, a resident state dealer or nonresident dealer and 22 shall show name and residence of such agent and shall be in 23 24 possession of such agent at all times when engaged in buying 25 furs or hides. Application for such licenses shall be made to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 26 27 Commission on blanks furnished by it. 28 (6) All dealers and buyers shall forward to the Fish 29 and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission 30 each 2 weeks during open season a report showing number and 31 kind of hides bought and name of trapper from whom bought and 214 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 the trapper's license number, or if trapper is exempt from 2 license under any of the provisions of this chapter, such 3 report shall show the nature of such exemption. No common 4 carrier shall knowingly ship or transport or receive for 5 transportation any hides or furs unless such shipments have б marked thereon name of shipper and the number of her or his 7 fur-animal license or fur dealer's license. Section 123. Subsection (1) of section 372.661, 8 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 9 10 372.661 Private hunting preserve, license; 11 exception. --(1) Any person who operates a private hunting preserve 12 13 commercially or otherwise shall be required to pay a license fee of \$25 for each such preserve; provided, however, that 14 15 during the open season established for wild game of any species a private individual may take artificially propagated 16 17 game of such species up to the bag limit prescribed for the particular species without being required to pay the license 18 19 fee required by this section; provided further that if any 20 such individual shall charge a fee for taking such game she or he shall be required to pay the license fee required by this 21 section and to comply with the rules and regulations of the 22 23 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 24 Commission relative to the operation of private hunting 25 preserves. Section 124. Section 372.662, Florida Statutes, is 26 27 amended to read: 28 372.662 Unlawful sale, possession, or transporting of 29 alligators or alligator skins. --Whenever the sale, possession, or transporting of alligators or alligator skins is prohibited 30 31 by any law of this state, or by the rules, regulations, or 215 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. 1 orders of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh 2 Water Fish Commission adopted pursuant to s. 9, Art. IV of the 3 State Constitution, the sale, possession, or transporting of 4 alligators or alligator skins is a misdemeanor of the first 5 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 6 Section 125. Subsection (1) of section 372.663, 7 Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

8 372.663 Illegal killing, possessing, or capturing of 9 alligators or other crocodilia or eggs; confiscation of 10 equipment.--

11 (1) It is unlawful to intentionally kill, injure, possess, or capture, or attempt to kill, injure, possess, or 12 capture, an alligator or other crocodilian, or the eggs of an 13 alligator or other crocodilian, unless authorized by the rules 14 of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water 15 Fish Commission. Any person who violates this section is 16 17 guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, in addition to such 18 19 other punishment as may be provided by law. Any equipment, 20 including but not limited to weapons, vehicles, boats, and 21 lines, used by a person in the commission of a violation of 22 any law, rule, regulation, or order relating to alligators or other crocodilia or the eggs of alligators or other crocodilia 23 24 shall, upon conviction of such person, be confiscated by the 25 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission and disposed of according to rules and regulations 26 of the commission. The arresting officer shall promptly make 27 28 a return of the seizure, describing in detail the property 29 seized and the facts and circumstances under which it was seized, including the names of all persons known to the 30 31 officer who have an interest in the property.

216

1 Section 126. Section 372.664, Florida Statutes, is 2 amended to read: 3 372.664 Prima facie evidence of intent to violate laws 4 protecting alligators. -- Except as otherwise provided by rule 5 of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water б Fish Commission for the purpose of the limited collection of 7 alligators in designated areas, the display or use of a light 8 in a place where alligators might be known to inhabit in a 9 manner capable of disclosing the presence of alligators, 10 together with the possession of firearms, spear guns, gigs, 11 and harpoons customarily used for the taking of alligators, during the period between 1 hour after sunset and 1 hour 12 13 before sunrise shall be prima facie evidence of an intent to 14 violate the provisions of law regarding the protection of alligators. 15 Section 127. Subsection (2) of section 372.6645, 16 17 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 372.6645 Unlawful to sell alligator products; 18 19 penalty.--20 No person shall sell any alligator product (2) manufactured from a species which has been declared to be 21 22 endangered by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service or 23 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation <del>Game and Fresh Water Fish</del> 24 Commission. 25 Section 128. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 372.667, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 26 27 372.667 Feeding or enticement of alligators or 28 crocodiles unlawful; penalty.--29 (1) No person shall intentionally feed, or entice with 30 feed, any wild American alligator (Alligator mississippiensis) 31

217

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 or American crocodile (Crocodylus acutus). However, the 2 provisions of this section shall not apply to: 3 (a) Those persons feeding alligators or crocodiles 4 maintained in protected captivity for educational, scientific, 5 commercial, or recreational purposes. б (b) Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission personnel, persons licensed or otherwise 7 8 authorized by the commission, or county or municipal animal 9 control personnel when relocating alligators or crocodiles by 10 baiting or enticement. 11 (2) For the purposes of this section, the term "maintained in protected captivity" means held in captivity 12 under a permit issued by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 13 Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission pursuant to s. 372.921 or 14 s. 372.922. 15 Section 129. Subsection (1) of section 372.6672, 16 17 Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 372.6672 Alligator management and trapping program 18 19 implementation; commission authority.--20 (1) In any alligator management and trapping program that the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water 21 Fish Commission shall establish, the commission shall have the 22 authority to adopt all rules necessary for full and complete 23 24 implementation of such alligator management and trapping 25 program, and, in order to ensure its lawful, safe, and efficient operation in accordance therewith, may: 26 27 (a) Regulate the marketing and sale of alligators, 28 their hides, eggs, meat, and byproducts, including the 29 development and maintenance of a state-sanctioned sale. 30 31

218

1	(b) Regulate the handling and processing of
2	alligators, their eggs, hides, meat, and byproducts, for the
3	lawful, safe, and sanitary handling and processing of same.
4	(c) Regulate commercial alligator farming facilities
5	and operations for the captive propagation and rearing of
6	alligators and their eggs.
7	(d) Provide hide-grading services by two or more
8	individuals pursuant to state-sanctioned sales if rules are
9	first promulgated by the commission governing:
10	1. All grading-related services to be provided
11	pursuant to this section;
12	2. Criteria for qualifications of persons to serve as
13	hide-graders for grading services to be provided pursuant to
14	this section; and
15	3. The certification process by which hide-graders
16	providing services pursuant to this section will be certified.
17	(e) Provide sales-related services by contract
18	pursuant to state-sanctioned sales if rules governing such
19	services are first promulgated by the commission.
20	Section 130. Subsections (1) and (3) of section
21	372.672, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to
22	read:
23	372.672 Florida Panther Research and Management Trust
24	Fund
25	(1) There is established within the Fish and Wildlife
26	Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission the Florida
27	Panther Research and Management Trust Fund to be used
28	exclusively for the purposes of this section.
29	(3) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh
30	Water Fish Commission is authorized to receive donations for
31	
	219

1 deposit into the Florida Panther Research and Management Trust 2 Fund. 3 Section 372.673, Florida Statutes, is Section 131. amended to read: 4 5 372.673 Florida Panther Technical Advisory Council.-б (1) The Florida Panther Technical Advisory Council is 7 established within the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and 8 Fresh Water Fish Commission. The council shall be appointed 9 by the Governor and shall consist of seven members with 10 technical knowledge and expertise in the research and 11 management of large mammals. (a) Two members shall represent state or federal 12 13 agencies responsible for management of endangered species; two 14 members, who must have specific experience in the research and 15 management of large felines or large mammals, shall be appointed from universities, colleges, or associated 16 17 institutions; and three members, with similar expertise, shall be appointed from the public at large. 18 19 (b) As soon as practicable after July 1, 1983, one 20 member representing a state or federal agency and one member 21 appointed from a university, college, or associated institution shall be appointed for terms ending August 1, 22 1985, and the remaining members shall be appointed for terms 23 24 ending August 1, 1987. Thereafter, all appointments shall be 25 for 4-year terms. If a vacancy occurs, a member shall be appointed for the remainder of the unexpired term. A member 26 whose term has expired shall continue sitting on the council 27 28 with full rights until a replacement has been appointed. 29 (c) Council members shall be reimbursed pursuant to s. 30 112.061 but shall receive no additional compensation or 31 honorarium.

## 220

1 (2) The purposes of the council are: 2 (a) To serve in an advisory capacity to the Fish and 3 Wildlife Conservation Florida Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission on technical matters of relevance to the Florida 4 5 panther recovery program, and to recommend specific actions б that should be taken to accomplish the purposes of this act. 7 (b) To review and comment on research and management programs and practices to identify potential harm to the 8 9 Florida panther population. 10 (c) To provide a forum for technical review and 11 discussion of the status and development of the Florida 12 panther recovery program. Section 132. Subsections (1), (2), and (7) of section 13 372.674, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to 14 15 read: 372.674 Environmental education.--16 17 (1) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh 18 Water Fish Commission may establish programs and activities to 19 develop and distribute environmental education materials that 20 will assist the public in understanding and appreciating 21 Florida's environment and problems and issues facing our state's unique and fragile ecological systems. Such programs 22 shall assist school teachers, state administrators, and others 23 24 in the essential mission to preserve the capability to sustain 25 the functions of our lands, water, wildlife habitats, and other natural resources in the most healthful, enjoyable, and 26 27 productive manner. 28 (2) There is created within the Fish and Wildlife 29 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission the Advisory 30 Council on Environmental Education. The council is to have up 31 to 10 members appointed by the commission and is to be chaired 221

1 by the commission's executive director or his or her designee. 2 At a minimum, the council must include a representative of the 3 Department of Education and a representative of the Department of Environmental Protection. 4

5 (7) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh б Water Fish Commission shall review the recommended list of 7 projects to be funded from the Florida Panther Research and 8 Management Trust Fund and the Save the Manatee Trust Fund by 9 August of each year and make a final determination of projects 10 to receive grants from available appropriations by the 11 Legislature. The commission shall act upon the recommended list within 45 days after receipt of the list. 12

13 Section 133. Section 372.70, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 14

372.70 Prosecutions. -- The prosecuting officers of the 15 several courts of criminal jurisdiction of this state shall 16 17 investigate and prosecute all violations of the laws relating to game, freshwater fish, nongame birds and fur-bearing 18 19 animals which may be brought to their attention by the Fish 20 and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission or its conservation officers, or which may otherwise come to 21 22 their knowledge. Section 134. Subsection (1) of section 372.701, 23

24 Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

25 372.701 Arrest by officers of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission; 26 27 recognizance; cash bond; citation.--

28 (1) In all cases of arrest by officers of the Fish and 29 Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission and the Department of Environmental Protection, the person 30

31 arrested shall be delivered forthwith by said officer to the

222

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 sheriff of the county, or shall obtain from such person arrested a recognizance or, if deemed necessary, a cash bond 2 3 or other sufficient security conditioned for her or his 4 appearance before the proper tribunal of such county to answer 5 the charge for which the person has been arrested. б Section 135. Section 372.7015, Florida Statutes, is 7 amended to read: 8 372.7015 Illegal killing, taking, possessing, or 9 selling wildlife or game; fines; disposition of fines.--In 10 addition to any other penalty provided by law, any person who 11 violates the criminal provisions of this chapter and rules adopted pursuant to this chapter by illegally killing, taking, 12 13 possessing, or selling game or fur-bearing animals as defined in s. 372.001(3) or (4) in or out of season while violating 14 chapter 810 shall pay a fine of \$250 for each such violation, 15 plus court costs and any restitution ordered by the court. All 16 17 fines collected under this section shall be deposited into the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 18 19 Commission's State Game Trust Fund. Section 136. Subsection (1) of section 372.7016, 20 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 21 372.7016 Voluntary Authorized Hunter Identification 22 23 Program. --24 (1)There is created the "Voluntary Authorized Hunter 25 Identification Program" to assist landowners and law enforcement officials in better controlling trespass and 26 27 illegal or unauthorized hunting. Landowners wishing to 28 participate in the program shall: 29 (a) Annually notify the sheriff's office in the county 30 in which the land is situated and the respective area 31 supervisor of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and 223

Fresh Water Fish Commission by letter of their desire to 1 2 participate in the program, and provide a description of their 3 property which they wish to have in the program by township, 4 range, section, partial section, or other geographical 5 description. б (b) Provide a means of identifying authorized hunters 7 as provided in subsection (2). 8 Section 137. Section 372.72, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 9 10 372.72 Disposition of fines, penalties, and 11 forfeitures.--(2) All moneys collected from fines, penalties, or 12 13 forfeitures of bail of persons convicted of violations of 14 rules, regulations, or orders of the Fish and Wildlife 15 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission concerning 16 endangered or threatened species or of violation of s. 17 372.662, s. 372.663, s. 372.667, or s. 372.671 shall be deposited in the Nongame Wildlife Trust Fund. 18 19 Section 138. Section 372.73, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 20 372.73 Confiscation and disposition of illegally taken 21 game.--All game and freshwater fish seized under the authority 22 of this chapter shall, upon conviction of the offender or 23 24 sooner if the court so orders, be forfeited and given to some 25 hospital or charitable institution and receipt therefor sent to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water 26 Fish Commission. All furs or hides or fur-bearing animals 27 28 seized under the authority of this chapter shall, upon 29 conviction of the offender, be forfeited and sent to the commission, which shall sell the same and deposit the proceeds 30 31 of such sale to the credit of the State Game Trust Fund or 224

1 into the commission's Federal Law Enforcement Trust Fund as 2 provided in s. 372.107, as applicable. If any such hides or 3 furs are seized and the offender is unknown, the court shall 4 order such hides or furs sent to the Fish and Wildlife 5 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, which shall б sell such hides and furs and deposit the proceeds of such sale 7 to the credit of the State Game Trust Fund or into the commission's Federal Law Enforcement Trust Fund as provided in 8 s. 372.107, as applicable. 9 10 Section 139. Section 372.74, Florida Statutes, is 11 amended to read: 372.74 Cooperative agreements with U. S. Forest 12 Service; penalty .-- The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and 13 14 Fresh Water Fish Commission is authorized and empowered: 15 (1) To enter into cooperative agreements with the United States Forest Service for the development of game, 16 17 bird, fish, reptile or fur-bearing animal management and 18 demonstration projects on and in the Osceola National Forest 19 in Columbia and Baker Counties, and in the Ocala National Forest in Marion, Lake, and Putnam Counties and in the 20 Apalachicola National Forest in Liberty County. Provided, 21 22 however, that no such cooperative agreements shall become 23 effective in any county concerned until confirmed by the board

24 of county commissioners of such county expressed through
25 appropriate resolution.

(2) In cooperation with the United States Forest
Service, to make, adopt, promulgate, amend and repeal rules
and regulations, consistent with law, for the further or
better control of hunting, fishing, and control of wildlife in
the above National Forests or parts thereof; to shorten
seasons and reduce bag limits, or shorten or close seasons on

225

1 any species of game, bird, fish, reptile, or fur-bearing 2 animal within the limits prescribed by the Florida law, in the 3 above enumerated National Forests or parts thereof, when it shall find after investigation that such action is necessary 4 5 to assure the maintenance of an adequate supply of wildlife. б (3) To fix a charge not to exceed \$5, for persons 18 7 years of age and over, and not to exceed \$2 for persons under 8 the age of 18 years, over and above the license fee for 9 hunting now required by law. This additional fee is to apply 10 only on areas covered by above cooperative agreements. The 11 proceeds from this additional license fee shall be used in the development, propagation of wildlife and protection of the 12 13 areas covered by the cooperative agreements as the commission and the United States Forest Service may deem proper. Nothing 14 in this section shall be construed as authorizing the 15 commission to change any penalty prescribed by law or to 16 17 change the amount of general license fees or the general 18 authority conferred by licenses prescribed by law. 19 (4) In addition to the requirements of chapter 120, 20 notice of the making, adoption, and promulgation of the above 21 rules and regulations shall be given by posting said notices, or copies of the rules and regulations, in the offices of the 22 county judges and in the post offices within the area to be 23 24 affected and within 10 miles thereof. In addition to the posting of said notices, as aforesaid, copies of said notices 25 or of said rules and regulations shall also be published in 26 newspapers published at the county seats of Baker, Columbia, 27 28 Marion, Lake, Putnam, and Liberty Counties, or so many thereof 29 as have newspapers, once not more than 35 nor less than 28 days and once not more than 21 nor less than 14 days prior to 30 31 the opening of the state hunting season in said areas. Any

226

person violating any rules or regulations promulgated by the 1 2 commission to cover these areas under cooperative agreements 3 between the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission State Commission of Game and Fresh Water Fish and the United States 4 5 Forest Service, none of which shall be in conflict with the б laws of Florida, shall be quilty of a misdemeanor of the 7 second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 8 775.083.

9 Section 140. Section 372.76, Florida Statutes, is 10 amended to read:

11 372.76 Search and seizure authorized and limited.--The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 12 13 Commission and its conservation officers shall have authority when they have reasonable and probable cause to believe that 14 the provisions of this chapter have been violated, to board 15 any vessel, boat, or vehicle or to enter any fishhouse or 16 17 warehouse or other building, exclusive of residence, in which game, hides, fur-bearing animals, fish, or fish nets are kept 18 19 and to search for and seize any such game, hides, fur-bearing 20 animals, fish, or fish nets had or held therein in violation of law. Provided, however, that no search without warrant 21 shall be made under any of the provisions of this chapter, 22 unless the officer making such search has such information 23 24 from a reliable source as would lead a prudent and cautious 25 person to believe that some provision of this chapter is being violated. 26 Section 141. Subsection (1) of section 372.761, 27 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 28 29 372.761 Issuance of warrant for search of private 30 dwelling.--

31

227

<pre>commissioned officer of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission to search any private dwelling occupied as such when it is being used for the unlawfull sale or purchase of wildlife or freshwater fish being unlawfully kept therein. The term "private dwelling" shall be construed to include the room or rooms used and occupied, not transiently but solely as a residence, in an apartment house, hotel, boardinghouse, or lodginghouse. No warrant for the search of any private dwelling shall be issued except upon probable cause supported by sworn affidavit of some creditable witness that she or he has reason to believe that the said conditions exist, which affidavit shall set forth the facts on which such reason for belief is based. Section 142. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 372.77, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 372.77, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 372.77 Assent to provisions of Act of Congress of September 2, 1937 (1) The state hereby assents to the provisions of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in Wildlife Restoration Projects, and for other purposes," approved September 2, 1937 (Pub. L. No. 415, 75th Congress), and the <u>Fish and Wildlife</u> Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission is hereby authorized, empowered, and directed to perform such acts as may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture thereunder.</pre>	1	(1) A search warrant may be issued on application by a
dwelling occupied as such when it is being used for the unlawful sale or purchase of wildlife or freshwater fish being unlawfully kept therein. The term "private dwelling" shall be construed to include the room or rooms used and occupied, not transiently but solely as a residence, in an apartment house, hotel, boardinghouse, or lodginghouse. No warrant for the search of any private dwelling shall be issued except upon probable cause supported by sworn affidavit of some creditable witness that she or he has reason to believe that the said conditions exist, which affidavit shall set forth the facts on which such reason for belief is based. Section 142. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 372.77, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 372.77 Assent to provisions of Act of Congress of September 2, 1937 (1) The state hereby assents to the provisions of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in Wildlife Restoration Projects, and for other purposes," approved September 2, 1937 (Pub. L. No. 415, 75th Congress), and the Fish and Wildlife <u>Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish</u> Commission is hereby authorized, empowered, and directed to perform such acts as may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture thereunder.	2	commissioned officer of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation
<sup>5</sup> unlawful sale or purchase of wildlife or freshwater fish being <sup>6</sup> unlawfully kept therein. The term "private dwelling" shall be <sup>7</sup> construed to include the room or rooms used and occupied, not <sup>8</sup> transiently but solely as a residence, in an apartment house, <sup>9</sup> hotel, boardinghouse, or lodginghouse. No warrant for the <sup>10</sup> search of any private dwelling shall be issued except upon <sup>11</sup> probable cause supported by sworn affidavit of some creditable <sup>12</sup> witness that she or he has reason to believe that the said <sup>13</sup> conditions exist, which affidavit shall set forth the facts on <sup>14</sup> which such reason for belief is based. <sup>15</sup> Section 142. Subsections (1) and (2) of section <sup>16</sup> 372.77, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: <sup>17</sup> 372.77 Assent to provisions of Act of Congress of <sup>18</sup> September 2, 1937 <sup>19</sup> (1) The state hereby assents to the provisions of the <sup>20</sup> Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide that the United <sup>21</sup> States shall aid the States in Wildlife Restoration Projects, <sup>22</sup> and for other purposes," approved September 2, 1937 (Pub. L. <sup>23</sup> No. 415, 75th Congress), and the <u>Fish and Wildlife</u> <sup>24</sup> <u>Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish</u> Commission is hereby <sup>25</sup> authorized, empowered, and directed to perform such acts as <sup>26</sup> may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of <sup>27</sup> cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said <sup>28</sup> Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and <sup>29</sup> regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture <sup>30</sup> thereunder.	3	Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission to search any private
<ul> <li>a unlawfully kept therein. The term "private dwelling" shall be</li> <li>construed to include the room or rooms used and occupied, not</li> <li>transiently but solely as a residence, in an apartment house,</li> <li>hotel, boardinghouse, or lodginghouse. No warrant for the</li> <li>search of any private dwelling shall be issued except upon</li> <li>probable cause supported by sworn affidavit of some creditable</li> <li>witness that she or he has reason to believe that the said</li> <li>conditions exist, which affidavit shall set forth the facts on</li> <li>which such reason for belief is based.</li> <li>Section 142. Subsections (1) and (2) of section</li> <li>372.77, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:</li> <li>372.77 Assent to provisions of Act of Congress of</li> <li>September 2, 1937</li> <li>(1) The state hereby assents to the provisions of the</li> <li>Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide that the United</li> <li>States shall aid the States in Wildlife Restoration Projects,</li> <li>and for other purposes," approved September 2, 1937 (Pub. L.</li> <li>No. 415, 75th Congress), and the Fish and Wildlife</li> <li>Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission is hereby</li> <li>authorized, empowered, and directed to perform such acts as</li> <li>may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of</li> <li>cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said</li> <li>Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and</li> <li>regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture</li> <li>thereunder.</li> </ul>	4	dwelling occupied as such when it is being used for the
<pre>7 construed to include the room or rooms used and occupied, not 8 transiently but solely as a residence, in an apartment house, 9 hotel, boardinghouse, or lodginghouse. No warrant for the 10 search of any private dwelling shall be issued except upon 11 probable cause supported by sworn affidavit of some creditable 12 witness that she or he has reason to believe that the said 13 conditions exist, which affidavit shall set forth the facts on 14 which such reason for belief is based. 15 Section 142. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 16 372.77, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 17 372.77 Assent to provisions of Act of Congress of 18 September 2, 1937 19 (1) The state hereby assents to the provisions of the 20 Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide that the United 21 States shall aid the States in Wildlife Restoration Projects, 22 and for other purposes," approved September 2, 1937 (Pub. L. 23 No. 415, 75th Congress), and the <u>Fish and Wildlife</u> 24 <u>Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish</u> Commission is hereby 25 authorized, empowered, and directed to perform such acts as 26 may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of 27 cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said 28 Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and 29 regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture 30 thereunder.</pre>	5	unlawful sale or purchase of wildlife or freshwater fish being
8 transiently but solely as a residence, in an apartment house, hotel, boardinghouse, or lodginghouse. No warrant for the search of any private dwelling shall be issued except upon probable cause supported by sworn affidavit of some creditable witness that she or he has reason to believe that the said conditions exist, which affidavit shall set forth the facts on which such reason for belief is based. Section 142. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 372.77, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 372.77, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 372.77 Assent to provisions of Act of Congress of September 2, 1937 (1) The state hereby assents to the provisions of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in Wildlife Restoration Projects, and for other purposes," approved September 2, 1937 (Pub. L. No. 415, 75th Congress), and the <u>Fish and Wildlife</u> <u>Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission is hereby</u> authorized, empowered, and directed to perform such acts as may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture thereunder.	6	unlawfully kept therein. The term "private dwelling" shall be
<ul> <li>hotel, boardinghouse, or lodginghouse. No warrant for the</li> <li>search of any private dwelling shall be issued except upon</li> <li>probable cause supported by sworn affidavit of some creditable</li> <li>witness that she or he has reason to believe that the said</li> <li>conditions exist, which affidavit shall set forth the facts on</li> <li>which such reason for belief is based.</li> <li>Section 142. Subsections (1) and (2) of section</li> <li>372.77, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:</li> <li>372.77 Assent to provisions of Act of Congress of</li> <li>September 2, 1937</li> <li>(1) The state hereby assents to the provisions of the</li> <li>Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide that the United</li> <li>States shall aid the States in Wildlife Restoration Projects,</li> <li>and for other purposes," approved September 2, 1937 (Pub. L.</li> <li>No. 415, 75th Congress), and the Fish and Wildlife</li> <li>Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission is hereby</li> <li>authorized, empowered, and directed to perform such acts as</li> <li>may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of</li> <li>cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said</li> <li>Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and</li> <li>regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture</li> <li>thereunder.</li> </ul>	7	construed to include the room or rooms used and occupied, not
search of any private dwelling shall be issued except upon probable cause supported by sworn affidavit of some creditable witness that she or he has reason to believe that the said conditions exist, which affidavit shall set forth the facts on which such reason for belief is based. Section 142. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 372.77, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 372.77 Assent to provisions of Act of Congress of September 2, 1937 (1) The state hereby assents to the provisions of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in Wildlife Restoration Projects, and for other purposes," approved September 2, 1937 (Pub. L. No. 415, 75th Congress), and the <u>Fish and Wildlife</u> <u>Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish</u> Commission is hereby authorized, empowered, and directed to perform such acts as may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and pregulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture thereunder.	8	transiently but solely as a residence, in an apartment house,
11 probable cause supported by sworn affidavit of some creditable 12 witness that she or he has reason to believe that the said 13 conditions exist, which affidavit shall set forth the facts on 14 which such reason for belief is based. 15 Section 142. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 16 372.77, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 17 372.77 Assent to provisions of Act of Congress of 18 September 2, 1937 19 (1) The state hereby assents to the provisions of the 20 Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide that the United 21 States shall aid the States in Wildlife Restoration Projects, 22 and for other purposes," approved September 2, 1937 (Pub. L. 23 No. 415, 75th Congress), and the <u>Fish and Wildlife</u> 24 <u>Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish</u> Commission is hereby 25 authorized, empowered, and directed to perform such acts as 26 may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of 27 cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said 28 Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and 29 regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture 30 thereunder.	9	hotel, boardinghouse, or lodginghouse. No warrant for the
witness that she or he has reason to believe that the said conditions exist, which affidavit shall set forth the facts on which such reason for belief is based. Section 142. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 372.77, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 372.77 Assent to provisions of Act of Congress of September 2, 1937 (1) The state hereby assents to the provisions of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in Wildlife Restoration Projects, and for other purposes," approved September 2, 1937 (Pub. L. No. 415, 75th Congress), and the <u>Fish and Wildlife</u> <u>Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish</u> Commission is hereby authorized, empowered, and directed to perform such acts as may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture thereunder.	10	search of any private dwelling shall be issued except upon
<ul> <li>conditions exist, which affidavit shall set forth the facts on</li> <li>which such reason for belief is based.</li> <li>Section 142. Subsections (1) and (2) of section</li> <li>372.77, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:</li> <li>372.77 Assent to provisions of Act of Congress of</li> <li>September 2, 1937</li> <li>(1) The state hereby assents to the provisions of the</li> <li>Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide that the United</li> <li>States shall aid the States in Wildlife Restoration Projects,</li> <li>and for other purposes," approved September 2, 1937 (Pub. L.</li> <li>No. 415, 75th Congress), and the Fish and Wildlife</li> <li>Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission is hereby</li> <li>authorized, empowered, and directed to perform such acts as</li> <li>may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of</li> <li>cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said</li> <li>Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and</li> <li>regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture</li> <li>thereunder.</li> </ul>	11	probable cause supported by sworn affidavit of some creditable
<ul> <li>which such reason for belief is based.</li> <li>Section 142. Subsections (1) and (2) of section</li> <li>372.77, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:</li> <li>372.77 Assent to provisions of Act of Congress of</li> <li>September 2, 1937</li> <li>(1) The state hereby assents to the provisions of the</li> <li>Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide that the United</li> <li>States shall aid the States in Wildlife Restoration Projects,</li> <li>and for other purposes," approved September 2, 1937 (Pub. L.</li> <li>No. 415, 75th Congress), and the <u>Fish and Wildlife</u></li> <li><u>Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish</u> Commission is hereby</li> <li>authorized, empowered, and directed to perform such acts as</li> <li>may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of</li> <li>cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said</li> <li>Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and</li> <li>regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture</li> <li>thereunder.</li> </ul>	12	witness that she or he has reason to believe that the said
15Section 142. Subsections (1) and (2) of section16372.77, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:17372.77 Assent to provisions of Act of Congress of18September 2, 193719(1) The state hereby assents to the provisions of the20Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide that the United21States shall aid the States in Wildlife Restoration Projects,22and for other purposes," approved September 2, 1937 (Pub. L.23No. 415, 75th Congress), and the Fish and Wildlife24Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission is hereby25authorized, empowered, and directed to perform such acts as26may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of27cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said28Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and29regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture30thereunder.	13	conditions exist, which affidavit shall set forth the facts on
372.77, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 372.77 Assent to provisions of Act of Congress of September 2, 1937 (1) The state hereby assents to the provisions of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in Wildlife Restoration Projects, and for other purposes," approved September 2, 1937 (Pub. L. No. 415, 75th Congress), and the <u>Fish and Wildlife</u> <u>Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish</u> Commission is hereby authorized, empowered, and directed to perform such acts as may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture thereunder.	14	which such reason for belief is based.
<ul> <li>372.77 Assent to provisions of Act of Congress of</li> <li>September 2, 1937</li> <li>(1) The state hereby assents to the provisions of the</li> <li>Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide that the United</li> <li>States shall aid the States in Wildlife Restoration Projects,</li> <li>and for other purposes," approved September 2, 1937 (Pub. L.</li> <li>No. 415, 75th Congress), and the Fish and Wildlife</li> <li><u>Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish</u> Commission is hereby</li> <li>authorized, empowered, and directed to perform such acts as</li> <li>may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of</li> <li>cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said</li> <li>Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and</li> <li>regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture</li> <li>thereunder.</li> </ul>	15	Section 142. Subsections (1) and (2) of section
September 2, 1937 (1) The state hereby assents to the provisions of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in Wildlife Restoration Projects, and for other purposes," approved September 2, 1937 (Pub. L. No. 415, 75th Congress), and the <u>Fish and Wildlife</u> <u>Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission is hereby</u> authorized, empowered, and directed to perform such acts as may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture thereunder.	16	372.77, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
<ul> <li>(1) The state hereby assents to the provisions of the</li> <li>Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide that the United</li> <li>States shall aid the States in Wildlife Restoration Projects,</li> <li>and for other purposes," approved September 2, 1937 (Pub. L.</li> <li>No. 415, 75th Congress), and the Fish and Wildlife</li> <li><u>Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission is hereby</u></li> <li>authorized, empowered, and directed to perform such acts as</li> <li>may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of</li> <li>cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said</li> <li>Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and</li> <li>regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture</li> <li>thereunder.</li> </ul>	17	372.77 Assent to provisions of Act of Congress of
Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in Wildlife Restoration Projects, and for other purposes," approved September 2, 1937 (Pub. L. No. 415, 75th Congress), and the <u>Fish and Wildlife</u> <u>Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission is hereby</u> authorized, empowered, and directed to perform such acts as may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture thereunder.	18	September 2, 1937
States shall aid the States in Wildlife Restoration Projects, and for other purposes," approved September 2, 1937 (Pub. L. No. 415, 75th Congress), and the <u>Fish and Wildlife</u> <u>Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission is hereby</u> authorized, empowered, and directed to perform such acts as may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture thereunder.	19	(1) The state hereby assents to the provisions of the
and for other purposes," approved September 2, 1937 (Pub. L. No. 415, 75th Congress), and the <u>Fish and Wildlife</u> <u>Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission is hereby</u> authorized, empowered, and directed to perform such acts as may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture thereunder.	20	Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide that the United
No. 415, 75th Congress), and the <u>Fish and Wildlife</u> <u>Conservation</u> Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission is hereby authorized, empowered, and directed to perform such acts as may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture thereunder.	21	States shall aid the States in Wildlife Restoration Projects,
24 <u>Conservation</u> Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission is hereby 25 authorized, empowered, and directed to perform such acts as 26 may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of 27 cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said 28 Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and 29 regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture 30 thereunder.	22	and for other purposes," approved September 2, 1937 (Pub. L.
authorized, empowered, and directed to perform such acts as may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture thereunder.	23	No. 415, 75th Congress), and the Fish and Wildlife
26 may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of 27 cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said 28 Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and 29 regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture 30 thereunder.	24	Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission is hereby
27 cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said 28 Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and 29 regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture 30 thereunder.	25	authorized, empowered, and directed to perform such acts as
28 Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and 29 regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture 30 thereunder.	26	may be necessary to the conduct and establishment of
<pre>29 regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture 30 thereunder.</pre>	27	cooperative wildlife restoration projects, as defined in said
30 thereunder.	28	Act of Congress, in compliance with said act and rules and
	29	regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture
31	30	thereunder.
	31	

228

1 (2) From and after the passage of this section it 2 shall be unlawful to divert any funds accruing to the state 3 from license fees paid by hunters for any purpose other than the administration of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game 4 5 and Fresh Water Fish Commission of the state. Section 143. Section 372.7701, Florida Statutes, is б 7 amended to read: 8 372.7701 Assent to federal acts.--9 (1) The state hereby assents to the provisions of the 10 Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act of August 9, 1950, as 11 amended. The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Department of Environmental Protection and the Game and Fresh Water Fish 12 Commission shall work cooperatively and perform such 13 activities as are necessary to conduct wildlife and sportfish 14 restoration projects, as defined in such Act of Congress and 15 in compliance with the act and rules adopted thereunder by the 16 17 United States Department of the Interior. Furthermore, the commission Department of Environmental Protection shall 18 19 develop and implement programs to manage, protect, restore and 20 conserve marine mammals and the marine fishery, and the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission shall develop and implement 21 22 similar programs for wild animal life and freshwater aquatic 23 life. 24 (2) Revenues from fees paid by hunters and sport 25 fishers may not be diverted to purposes other than the 26 administration of fish and wildlife programs by the Fish and 27 Wildlife Conservation Department of Environmental Protection

28 and the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. Administration

29 of the state fish and wildlife programs includes only those

30 functions of fish and wildlife management as are the

31 responsibility of and under the authority of the Fish and

229

1 Wildlife Conservation Department of Environmental Protection 2 and the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. 3 (3) This section shall be construed in harmony with s. 372.77. 4 5 Section 144. Subsection (2) of section 372.771, б Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 7 372.771 Federal conservation of fish and wildlife; 8 limited jurisdiction. --9 (2) The United States may exercise concurrent 10 jurisdiction over lands so acquired and carry out the intent 11 and purpose of the authority except that the existing laws of Florida relating to the Department of Environmental Protection 12 13 or the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water 14 Fish Commission shall prevail relating to any area under their 15 supervision. Section 145. Subsection (1) of section 372.85, Florida 16 17 Statutes, is amended to read: 372.85 Contaminating fresh waters.--18 19 (1) It shall be unlawful for any person or persons, 20 firm or corporation to cause any dyestuff, coal tar, oil, 21 sawdust, poison or deleterious substances to be thrown, run or drained into any of the fresh running waters of this state in 22 quantities sufficient to injure, stupefy, or kill fish which 23 24 may inhabit the same at or below the point where any such 25 substances are discharged, or caused to flow or be thrown into such waters; provided, that it shall not be a violation of 26 this section for any person, firm or corporation engaged in 27 28 any mining industry to cause any water handled or used in any 29 branch of such industry to be discharged on the surface of land where such industry or branch thereof is being carried on 30 31 under such precautionary measures as shall be approved by the

230

Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 1 2 Commission. 3 Section 146. Section 372.86, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 4 5 372.86 Possessing, exhibiting poisonous or venomous 6 reptile; license required. -- No person, firm, or corporation 7 shall keep, possess or exhibit any poisonous or venomous reptile without first having obtained a special permit or 8 license therefor from the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 9 10 Florida Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission as herein 11 provided. Section 147. Section 372.87, Florida Statutes, is 12 13 amended to read: 372.87 License fee; renewal, revocation.--The Fish and 14 Wildlife Conservation Florida Game and Fresh Water Fish 15 Commission is hereby authorized and empowered to issue a 16 17 license or permit for the keeping, possessing or exhibiting of 18 poisonous or venomous reptiles, upon payment of an annual fee 19 of \$5 and upon assurance that all of the provisions of ss. 20 372.86-372.91 and such other reasonable rules and regulations as said commission may prescribe will be fully complied with 21 in all respects. Such permit may be revoked by the Fish and 22 Wildlife Conservation Florida Game and Fresh Water Fish 23 24 Commission upon violation of any of the provisions of ss. 25 372.86-372.91 or upon violation of any of the rules and regulations prescribed by said commission relating to the 26 keeping, possessing and exhibiting of any poisonous and 27 28 venomous reptiles. Such permits or licenses shall be for an 29 annual period to be prescribed by the said commission and 30 shall be renewable from year to year upon the payment of said 31

231

1 \$5 fee and shall be subject to the same conditions, 2 limitations and restrictions as herein set forth. 3 Section 148. Section 372.88, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 4 5 372.88 Bond required, amount. -- No person, party, firm, 6 or corporation shall exhibit to the public either with or 7 without charge, or admission fee any poisonous or venomous reptile without having first posted a good and sufficient bond 8 9 in writing in the penal sum of \$1,000 payable to the Governor 10 of the state, and the Governor's successors in office, 11 conditioned that such exhibitor will indemnify and save harmless all persons from injury or damage from such poisonous 12 13 or venomous reptiles so exhibited and shall fully comply with 14 all laws of the state and all rules and regulations of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Florida Game and Fresh Water 15 Fish Commission governing the keeping, possessing, or 16 17 exhibiting of poisonous or venomous reptiles; provided, however, that the aggregate liability of the surety for all 18 19 such injuries or damages shall, in no event, exceed the penal 20 sum of said bond. The surety for said bond must be a surety company authorized to do business under the laws of the state 21 22 or in lieu of such a surety, cash in the sum of \$1,000 may be posted with the said commission to ensure compliance with the 23 24 conditions of said bond. Section 149. Section 372.89, Florida Statutes, is 25 amended to read: 26 27 372.89 Safe housing required. -- All persons, firms, or 28 corporations licensed under this law to keep, possess or 29 exhibit poisonous or venomous reptiles shall provide safe, secure and proper housing for said reptiles in cases, cages, 30 31 pits or enclosures. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm

232

1 or corporation, whether licensed hereunder or not, to keep, 2 possess or exhibit any poisonous or venomous reptiles in any 3 manner not approved as safe, secure and proper by the Fish and 4 Wildlife Conservation Florida Game and Fresh Water Fish 5 Commission. б Section 150. Section 372.901, Florida Statutes, is 7 amended to read: 8 372.901 Inspection.--Poisonous or venomous reptiles, 9 held in captivity, shall be subject to inspection by an 10 inspecting officer from the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 11 Florida Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. The inspecting officer shall determine whether the said reptiles are 12 13 securely, properly and safely penned. In the event that the reptiles are not safely penned, the inspecting officer shall 14 report the situation in writing to the person or firm owning 15 the said reptiles. Failure of the owner or exhibitor to 16 17 correct the situation within 30 days after such written notice shall be grounds for revocation of the license or permit of 18 19 said owner or exhibitor. Section 151. Section 372.911, Florida Statutes, is 20 21 amended to read: 372.911 Rewards.--The Fish and Wildlife Conservation 22 Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission is authorized to offer 23 24 rewards in amounts of up to \$500 to any person furnishing 25 information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person who has inflicted or attempted to inflict bodily injury upon 26 any wildlife officer engaged in the enforcement of the 27 28 provisions of this chapter or the rules and regulations of the 29 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 30 Commission. 31

233

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 Section 152. Subsection (3) of section 372.912, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2 3 372.912 Organized poisonous reptile hunts .--4 (3) All organized poisonous reptile hunts in the state 5 shall be registered with the Fish and Wildlife Conservation б Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission and be subject to 7 reasonable rules and regulations promulgated by said 8 commission. 9 Section 153. Section 372.92, Florida Statutes, is 10 amended to read: 11 372.92 Rules and regulations.--The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Florida Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission may 12 13 prescribe such other rules and regulations as it may deem 14 necessary to prevent the escape of poisonous and venomous reptiles, either in connection of construction of such cages 15 or otherwise to carry out the intent of ss. 372.86-372.91. 16 17 Section 154. Subsections (1), (2), (3), and (4) of 18 section 372.921, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are 19 amended to read: 372.921 Exhibition of wildlife.--20 (1) In order to provide humane treatment and sanitary 21 surroundings for wild animals kept in captivity, no person, 22 firm, corporation, or association shall have, or be in 23 24 possession of, in captivity for the purpose of public display 25 with or without charge or for public sale any wildlife, specifically birds, mammals, and reptiles, whether indigenous 26 27 to Florida or not, without having first secured a permit from 28 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 29 Commission authorizing such person, firm, or corporation to have in its possession in captivity the species and number of 30 31 wildlife specified within such permit; however, this section 234

1 does not apply to any wildlife not protected by law and the 2 regulations of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and 3 Fresh Water Fish Commission. (2) The fees to be paid for the issuance of permits 4 5 required by subsection (1) shall be as follows: б (a) For not more than 10 individual specimens in the 7 aggregate of all species, the sum of \$5 per annum. 8 (b) For over 10 individual specimens in the aggregate 9 of all species, the sum of \$25 per annum. 10 11 The fees prescribed by this section shall be submitted to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 12 13 Commission with the application for permit required by subsection (1) and shall be deposited in the State Game Fund. 14 (3) An applicant for a permit shall be required to 15 include in her or his application a statement showing the 16 17 place, number, and species of wildlife to be held in captivity 18 by the applicant and shall be required upon request by the 19 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission to show when, where, and in what manner she or he 20 21 came into possession of any wildlife acquired subsequent to the effective date of this act. The source of acquisition of 22 such wildlife shall not be divulged by the commission except 23 24 in connection with a violation of this section or a regulation of the commission in which information as to source of 25 wildlife is required as evidence in the prosecution of such 26 27 violation. 28 (4) Permits issued pursuant to this section and places 29 where wildlife is kept or held in captivity shall be subject 30 to inspection by officers of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission at all 31 235

## **Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 times. The commission shall have the power to release or confiscate any specimens of any wildlife, specifically birds, 2 3 mammals, or reptiles, whether indigenous to the state or not, when it is found that conditions under which they are being 4 5 confined are unsanitary, or unsafe to the public in any б manner, or that the species of wildlife are being maltreated, 7 mistreated, or neglected or kept in any manner contrary to the 8 provisions of chapter 828, any such permit to the contrary 9 notwithstanding. Before any such wildlife is confiscated or 10 released under the authority of this section, the owner 11 thereof shall have been advised in writing of the existence of such unsatisfactory conditions; the owner shall have been 12 13 given 30 days in which to correct such conditions; the owner shall have failed to correct such conditions; the owner shall 14 15 have had an opportunity for a proceeding pursuant to chapter 120; and the commission shall have ordered such confiscation 16 17 or release after careful consideration of all evidence in the particular case in question. The final order of the 18 19 commission shall constitute final agency action. 20 Section 155. Subsection (1) of section 372.922, 21 Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 372.922 Personal possession of wildlife.--22 (1) It is unlawful for any person or persons to 23 24 possess any wildlife as defined in this act, whether 25 indigenous to Florida or not, until she or he has obtained a permit as provided by this section from the Fish and Wildlife 26 27 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. 28 Section 156. Section 372.97, Florida Statutes, is 29 amended to read: 30 372.97 Jim Woodruff Dam; reciprocity agreements.--The 31 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 236

1 Commission of the state is hereby authorized to enter into an 2 agreement of the reciprocity with the game and fish 3 commissioners or the appropriate officials or departments of the State of Georgia and the State of Alabama relative to the 4 5 taking of game and freshwater fish from the waters of the lake б created by the Jim Woodruff Dam by permitting reciprocal 7 license privileges. 8 Section 157. Section 372.971, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 9 10 372.971 St. Mary's River; reciprocity agreements.--The 11 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission of the state is hereby authorized to enter into an 12 13 agreement of reciprocity with the game and fish commissioner or the appropriate officials or departments of the State of 14 Georgia relative to the taking of game and freshwater fish 15 from the waters of the St. Mary's River by permitting 16 17 reciprocal agreement license privileges. Section 158. Section 372.98, Florida Statutes, is 18 19 amended to read: 20 372.98 Possession of nutria; license; inspection; 21 penalty for violation .--(1) No person shall release, permit to be released, or 22 be responsible for the release of, within the state, any 23 24 animal of the species myocastor coypu and known commonly in 25 Florida and referred to herein as nutria. (2) No person shall have in her or his possession for 26 sale or otherwise any nutria until such person has obtained a 27 28 license as provided herein. The fee for such license shall be 29 \$25 per year. Application for such license shall be made with the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 30 31 Commission on forms providing therefor.

237

1 (3) All persons licensed under this law to keep, possess or exhibit nutria shall provide safe, secure and 2 3 proper housing for said nutria which will adequately safeguard 4 against the escape of any nutria. Requirements for the 5 construction of such pens or housing shall be as prescribed by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish б 7 Commission. 8 (4) All premises upon which nutria are kept shall be 9 subject to inspection by authorized representatives of the 10 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 11 Commission. Such officers shall determine whether the said nutria are securely, properly and safely housed. In the event 12 the said nutria are not securely, properly and safely housed, 13 the inspecting officer shall so advise in writing the person 14 owning said nutria. Failure of the owner to provide within 30 15 days after such written notice secure, proper, and safe 16 17 housing as prescribed by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission shall be grounds for 18 19 revocation of the license herein provided and confiscation and 20 disposal of the said nutria as a public nuisance. (5) Any person violating any provision of this section 21 or any rule and regulation of the Fish and Wildlife 22 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission pursuant 23 24 hereto shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 25 Section 159. Section 372.981, Florida Statutes, is 26 27 amended to read: 28 372.981 Regulation of importation of caiman.--The Fish 29 and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission 30 shall promulgate regulations to control the importation of 31 caiman. 238

1 Section 160. Subsections (1), (3), and (4) of section 372.99, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 2 3 372.99 Illegal taking and possession of deer and wild 4 turkey; evidence; penalty.--5 (1) Whoever takes or kills any deer or wild turkey, or б possesses a freshly killed deer or wild turkey, during the 7 closed season prescribed by law or by the rules and regulations of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and 8 Fresh Water Fish Commission, or whoever takes or attempts to 9 10 take any deer or wild turkey by the use of gun and light in or 11 out of closed season, is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, 12 13 and shall forfeit any license or permit issued to her or him under the provisions of this chapter. No license shall be 14 issued to such person for a period of 3 years following any 15 such violation on the first offense. Any person guilty of a 16 17 second or subsequent violation shall be permanently ineligible for issuance of a license or permit thereafter. 18 19 (3) Whoever takes or kills any doe deer; fawn or baby deer; or deer, whether male or female, which does not have one 20 21 or more antlers at least 5 inches in length, except as provided by law or the rules of the Fish and Wildlife 22 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, during the 23 24 open season prescribed by the rules of the commission, is 25 guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and may be required to 26 forfeit any license or permit issued to such person for a 27 28 period of 3 years following any such violation on the first 29 offense. Any person guilty of a second or subsequent violation shall be permanently ineligible for issuance of a 30 31 license or permit thereafter.

239

1 (4) Any person who cultivates agricultural crops may 2 apply to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh 3 Water Fish Commission for a permit to take or kill deer on 4 land which that person is currently cultivating. When said 5 person can show, to the satisfaction of the Fish and Wildlife б Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, that such 7 taking or killing of deer is justified because of damage to 8 the person's crops caused by deer, the Fish and Wildlife 9 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission may issue a 10 limited permit to the applicant to take or kill deer without 11 being in violation of subsection (1) or subsection (3). Section 161. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 12 372.9901, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to 13 14 read: 372.9901 Seizure of illegal devices; disposition; 15 16 appraisal; forfeiture.--17 (1) Any vehicle, vessel, animal, gun, light, or other hunting device used in the commission of an offense prohibited 18 19 by s. 372.99, shall be seized by the arresting officer, who 20 shall promptly make return of the seizure and deliver the 21 property to the Director of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. The return shall 22 describe the property seized and recite in detail the facts 23 24 and circumstances under which it was seized, together with the 25 reason that the property was subject to seizure. The return shall also contain the names of all persons known to the 26 27 officer to be interested in the property. 28 (3) Upon conviction of the violator, the property, if 29 owned by the person convicted, shall be forfeited to the state under the procedure set forth in ss. 372.312 through 372.318, 30 31 where not inconsistent with this section. All amounts received 240 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 from the sale or other disposition of the property shall be 2 paid into the State Game Trust Fund or into the commission's 3 Federal Law Enforcement Trust Fund as provided in s. 372.107, 4 as applicable. If the property is not sold or converted, it 5 shall be delivered to the director of the Fish and Wildlife б Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. 7 Section 162. Subsection (1) of section 372.9903, 8 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 9 372.9903 Illegal possession or transportation of 10 freshwater game fish in commercial quantities; penalty .--11 (1) Whoever possesses, moves, or transports any black bass, bream, speckled perch, or other freshwater game fish in 12 13 commercial quantities in violation of law or the rules of the 14 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the first 15 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 16 17 Section 163. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 18 372.9904, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to 19 read: 20 372.9904 Seizure of illegal devices; disposition; 21 appraisal; forfeiture.--(1) Any vehicle, vessel, or other transportation 22 device used in the commission of the offense prohibited by s. 23 24 372.9903, except a vehicle, vessel, or other transportation 25 device duly registered as a common carrier and operated in lawful transaction of business as such carrier, shall be 26 seized by the arresting officer, who shall promptly make 27 28 return of the seizure and deliver the property to the director 29 of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. The return shall describe the property 30 31 seized and recite in detail the facts and circumstances under 241

1 which it was seized, together with the reason that the 2 property was subject to seizure. The return shall also 3 contain the names of all persons known to the officer to be 4 interested in the property. 5 (3) Upon conviction of the violator, the property, if б owned by the person convicted, shall be forfeited to the state 7 under the procedure set forth in ss. 372.312-372.318, when not 8 inconsistent with this section. All amounts received from the sale or other disposition of the property shall be paid into 9 10 the State Game Trust Fund or into the commission's Federal Law 11 Enforcement Trust Fund as provided in s. 372.107, as applicable. If the property is not sold or converted, it 12 13 shall be delivered to the director of the Fish and Wildlife 14 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. 15 Section 164. Section 372.9906, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 16 17 372.9906 Wildlife Law Enforcement Program; creation; 18 purposes. -- There is established within the Fish and Wildlife 19 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission the Wildlife Law Enforcement Program. The commission may establish and 20 operate law enforcement programs that relate to the 21 conservation, enhancement, and regulation of wildlife and 22 freshwater aquatic resources of the state and to conduct 23 24 programs to educate the public about the enforcement of laws 25 and regulations relating to the wildlife and freshwater aquatic resources of the state. Moneys that accrue to the 26 27 program by law and moneys donated to the program must be 28 deposited into the State Game Trust Fund. 29 Section 165. Subsection (2) of section 372.991, 30 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 31 372.991 Nongame Wildlife Trust Fund.--242

1 (2)(a) There is established within the Fish and 2 Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission the 3 Nongame Wildlife Trust Fund. The fund shall be credited with moneys collected pursuant to ss. 319.32(3) and 320.02(8). 4 5 Additional funds may be provided from legislative б appropriations and by donations from interested individuals 7 and organizations. The commission shall designate an identifiable unit to administer the trust fund. 8 (b) Proceeds from the trust fund shall be used for the 9 10 following purposes: 11 Documentation of population trends of nongame 1. wildlife and assessment of wildlife habitat, in coordination 12 with the database of Florida natural areas inventory. 13 2. Establishment of effective conservation, 14 15 management, and regulatory programs for nongame wildlife of 16 the state. 17 3. Public education programs. 18 Section 166. Subsection (1) of section 372.992, 19 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 20 372.992 Nongame Wildlife Advisory Council .--(1) There is created the Nongame Wildlife Advisory 21 Council, which shall consist of the following 11 members 22 appointed by the Governor: one representative each from the 23 24 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 25 Commission, the Department of Environmental Protection, and the United States Fish and Wildlife Services; the director of 26 27 the Florida Museum of Natural History or her or his designee; 28 one representative from a professional wildlife organization; 29 one representative from a private wildlife institution; one representative from a Florida university or college who has 30 31 expertise in nongame biology; one representative of business 243

1 interests from a private consulting firm who has expertise in 2 nongame biology; one representative of a statewide 3 organization of landowner interests; and two members from 4 conservation organizations. All appointments shall be for 5 4-year terms. Members shall be eligible for reappointment. б Section 167. Subsection (2) of section 372.995, 7 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 8 372.995 Release of balloons.--9 (2) It is unlawful for any person, firm, or 10 corporation to intentionally release, organize the release, or 11 intentionally cause to be released within a 24-hour period 10 or more balloons inflated with a gas that is lighter than air 12 13 except for: (a) Balloons released by a person on behalf of a 14 15 governmental agency or pursuant to a governmental contract for scientific or meteorological purposes; 16 17 (b) Hot air balloons that are recovered after 18 launching; 19 (c) Balloons released indoors; or 20 Balloons that are either biodegradable or (d) 21 photodegradable, as determined by rule of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Marine Fisheries Commission, and which 22 are closed by a hand-tied knot in the stem of the balloon 23 24 without string, ribbon, or other attachments. In the event that any balloons are released pursuant to the exemption 25 established in this paragraph, the party responsible for the 26 release shall make available to any law enforcement officer 27 28 evidence of the biodegradability or photodegradability of said 29 balloons in the form of a certificate executed by the manufacturer. Failure to provide said evidence shall be prima 30 31 facie evidence of a violation of this act. 244

1 Section 168. Subsections (1), (2), and (5) of section 2 373.453, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 3 373.453 Surface water improvement and management plans 4 and programs. --5 (1)(a) Each water management district, in cooperation 6 with the department, the Department of Agriculture and 7 Consumer Services, the Department of Community Affairs, the 8 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 9 Commission, and local governments shall prepare and maintain a 10 list which shall prioritize water bodies of regional or 11 statewide significance within each water management district. The list shall be reviewed and updated every 3 years. The list 12 13 shall be based on criteria adopted by rule of the department 14 and shall assign priorities to the water bodies based on their 15 need for protection and restoration. (b) Criteria developed by the department shall 16 17 include, but need not be limited to, consideration of 18 violations of water quality standards occurring in the water 19 body, the amounts of nutrients entering the water body and the 20 water body's trophic state, the existence of or need for a continuous aquatic weed control program in the water body, the 21 biological condition of the water body, reduced fish and 22 wildlife values, and threats to agricultural and urban water 23 24 supplies and public recreational opportunities. 25 (c) In developing their respective priority lists, water management districts shall give consideration to the 26 27 following priority areas: 28 1. The South Florida Water Management District shall 29 give priority to the restoration needs of Lake Okeechobee, Biscayne Bay, and the Indian River Lagoon system and their 30 31 tributaries.

245

2. The Southwest Florida Water Management District
 shall give priority to the restoration needs of Tampa Bay and
 its tributaries.

3. The St. Johns River Water Management District shall
give priority to the restoration needs of Lake Apopka, the
Lower St. Johns River, and the Indian River Lagoon system and
their tributaries.

8 (2) Once the priority lists are approved by the 9 department, the water management districts, in cooperation 10 with the department, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game 11 and Fresh Water Fish Commission, the Department of Community Affairs, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, 12 and local governments, shall develop surface water improvement 13 14 and management plans for the water bodies based on the 15 priority lists. The department shall establish a uniform format for such plans and a schedule for reviewing and 16 17 updating the plans. These plans shall include, but not be 18 limited to:

19 (a) A description of the water body system, its 20 historical and current uses, its hydrology, and a history of 21 the conditions which have led to the need for restoration or 22 protection;

(b) An identification of all governmental units that have jurisdiction over the water body and its drainage basin within the approved surface water improvement and management plan area, including local, regional, state, and federal units;

(c) A description of land uses within the drainage basin within the approved surface water improvement and management plan area and those of important tributaries, point 31

246

1 and nonpoint sources of pollution, and permitted discharge 2 activities; 3 (d) A list of the owners of point and nonpoint sources of water pollution that are discharged into each water body 4 5 and tributary thereto and that adversely affect the public б interest, including separate lists of those sources that are: 7 Operating without a permit; 1. Operating with a temporary operating permit; and 8 2. 9 3. Presently violating effluent limits or water 10 quality standards. 11 The plan shall also include recommendations and schedules for 12 13 bringing all sources into compliance with state standards when 14 not contrary to the public interest. This paragraph does not authorize any existing or future violation of any applicable 15 statute, regulation, or permit requirement, and does not 16 17 diminish the authority of the department or the water management district; 18 19 (e) A description of strategies and potential 20 strategies for restoring or protecting the water body to Class 21 III or better; (f) A listing of studies that are being or have been 22 prepared for the water body; 23 24 (g) A description of the research and feasibility studies which will be performed to determine the particular 25 strategy or strategies to restore or protect the water body; 26 27 (h) A description of the measures needed to manage and 28 maintain the water body once it has been restored and to 29 prevent future degradation; (i) A schedule for restoration and protection of the 30 31 water body; and

247

1 (j) An estimate of the funding needed to carry out the 2 restoration or protection strategies. 3 The governing board of each water management (5) 4 district is encouraged to appoint advisory committees as 5 necessary to assist in formulating and evaluating strategies б for water body protection and restoration activities and to 7 increase public awareness and intergovernmental cooperation. 8 Such committees should include representatives of the Fish and 9 Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, 10 the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, 11 appropriate local governments, federal agencies, existing advisory councils for the subject water body, and 12 13 representatives of the public who use the water body. Section 169. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 14 373.455, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 15 373.455 Review of surface water improvement and 16 17 management plans .--(1) At least 60 days prior to consideration by the 18 19 governing board pursuant to s. 373.456(1) of its surface water 20 improvement and management plan, a water management district 21 shall transmit its proposed plan to the department, the 22 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, 23 24 the Department of Community Affairs, and local governments. 25 (3) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission shall review each proposed surface water 26 27 improvement and management plan to determine the effects of 28 the plan on wild animal life and fresh water aquatic life and 29 their habitats. If the commission determines that the plan 30 has adverse effects on these resources and that such adverse effects exceed the beneficial effects on these resources, the 31 248

1 commission shall recommend modifications of or additions to 2 the plan to the district governing board at the time it 3 considers the plan pursuant to s. 373.456(1), or any 4 modifications or additions which would result in additional 5 beneficial effects on wild animal life or fresh water aquatic б life or their habitats. 7 Section 170. Subsection (2) of section 373.4595, 8 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 9 373.4595 Lake Okeechobee improvement and management.--10 (2) DIVERSIONS; LAKE OKEECHOBEE TECHNICAL ADVISORY 11 COUNCIL.--The Legislature finds that efforts to reduce 12 (a) 13 nutrient levels in Lake Okeechobee have resulted in diversions of nutrient-laden waters to other environmentally sensitive 14 areas, which diversions have resulted in adverse environmental 15 effects. The Legislature also finds that both the agriculture 16 17 industry and the environmental community are committed to protecting Lake Okeechobee and these environmentally sensitive 18 19 areas from further harm and that this crisis must be addressed immediately. Therefore: 20 The South Florida Water Management District shall 21 1. 22 not divert waters to the Indian River estuary, the Caloosahatchee River or its estuary, or the Everglades 23 24 National Park, in such a way that the state water quality 25 standards are violated, that the nutrients in such diverted waters adversely affect indigenous vegetation communities or 26 wildlife, or that fresh waters diverted to the Caloosahatchee 27 28 or Indian River estuaries adversely affect the estuarine 29 vegetation or wildlife, unless the receiving waters will biologically benefit by the diversion. However, diversion is 30 31 permitted when an emergency is declared by the water

249

1 management district, if the Secretary of Environmental 2 Protection concurs. 3 The South Florida Water Management district may 2 4 divert waters to other areas, including Lake Hicpochee, unless 5 otherwise provided by law. However, the district shall monitor б the effects of such diversions to determine the extent of 7 adverse or positive environmental effects on indigenous vegetation and wildlife. The results of the monitoring shall 8 9 be reported to the Lake Okeechobee Technical Advisory Council. 10 If the monitoring of such diversions reveals continuing 11 adverse environmental effects, the district shall make recommendations to the Legislature by July 1, 1988, on how to 12 13 cease the diversions. (b)1. There is hereby created a Lake Okeechobee 14 Technical Advisory Council. Council members shall be experts 15 in the fields of botany, wildlife biology, aquatic biology, 16 17 water quality chemistry, or hydrology and shall consist of: Three members appointed by the Governor; 18 a. 19 b. Three members appointed by the Speaker of the House 20 of Representatives; Three members appointed by the President of the 21 с. 22 Senate; One member from the Institute of Food and 23 d. 24 Agricultural Sciences, University of Florida, appointed by the President of the University of Florida; and 25 e. One member from the College of Natural Sciences, 26 University of South Florida, appointed by the President of the 27 28 University of South Florida. 29 30 Members shall be appointed not later than July 15, 1987. 31

250

1 2. The purpose of the council shall be to investigate 2 the adverse effects of past diversions of water and potential 3 effects of future diversions on indigenous wildlife and 4 vegetation and to report to the Legislature, no later than 5 March 1, 1988, with findings and recommendations proposing б permanent solutions to eliminate such adverse effects. 7 The South Florida Water Management District shall 3. 8 provide staff and assistance to the council. The Department of Environmental Protection, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 9 10 Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, and the district shall 11 cooperate with the council. The council shall meet not less than once every 2 12 4. months at the call of the chair, or at the call of four other 13 members of the council. The council shall elect from its 14 members a chair and vice chair and such other officers as the 15 council deems necessary. The council may establish other 16 17 procedures for the conduct of its business. The members of the council are not entitled to 5. 18 19 compensation but are eligible for per diem and travel expenses 20 pursuant to s. 112.061. Section 171. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of 21 22 section 373.465, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended 23 to read: 24 373.465 Lake Panasoffkee Restoration Council.--There 25 is created within the Southwest Florida Water Management 26 District the Lake Panasoffkee Restoration Council. 27 (1) 28 The council advisory group to the council shall (b) 29 consist of: one representative each from the Southwest Florida Water Management District, the Florida Department of 30 31 Environmental Protection, the Florida Department of 251 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 Transportation, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Florida 2 Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, the Withlacoochee River 3 Basin Board, and the United States Army Corps of Engineers, to 4 be appointed by their respective agencies, all of whom must 5 have training in biology or another scientific discipline. б Section 172. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 7 373.466, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to 8 read: 9 373.466 Lake Panasoffkee restoration program.--(1) The Southwest Florida Water Management District, 10 11 in conjunction with the Department of Environmental Protection, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Florida Game 12 13 and Fresh Water Fish Commission, the Sumter County Commission, 14 and the Lake Panasoffkee Restoration Council, shall review 15 existing restoration proposals to determine which ones are the most environmentally sound and economically feasible methods 16 17 of improving the fisheries and natural systems of Lake Panasoffkee. 18 19 (2) The Southwest Florida Water Management District, 20 in consultation and by agreement with the Department of

Environmental Protection, the <u>Fish and Wildlife Conservation</u> Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, and pertinent local governments, shall develop tasks to be undertaken by those entities necessary to initiate the Lake Panasoffkee restoration program recommended by the Lake Panasoffkee Restoration Council. These agencies shall:

27 (a) Evaluate different methodologies for removing the 28 extensive tussocks and build-up of organic matter along the 29 shoreline and of the aquatic vegetation in the lake; and 30 (b) Conduct any additional studies as recommended by 31 the Lake Panasoffkee Restoration Council.

252

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 Section 173. Subsection (1) of section 373.591, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 2 3 373.591 Management review teams.--4 (1) To determine whether conservation, preservation, 5 and recreation lands titled in the name of the water б management districts are being managed for the purposes for 7 which they were acquired and in accordance with land 8 management objectives, the water management districts shall 9 establish land management review teams to conduct periodic 10 management reviews. The land management review teams shall be 11 composed of the following members: (a) One individual from the county or local community 12 13 in which the parcel is located. (b) One employee of the water management district. 14 15 A private land manager mutually agreeable to the (C) 16 governmental agency representatives. 17 (d) A member of the local soil and water conservation 18 district board of supervisors. 19 (e) One individual from the Fish and Wildlife 20 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. (f) One individual from the Department of 21 Environmental Protection. 22 23 (g) One individual representing a conservation 24 organization. 25 (h) One individual from the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services' Division of Forestry. 26 27 Section 174. Subsection (1) of section 375.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 28 29 375.021 Comprehensive multipurpose outdoor recreation 30 plan.--31

253

1 (1) The department is given the responsibility, 2 authority, and power to develop and execute a comprehensive 3 multipurpose outdoor recreation plan for this state with the 4 cooperation of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 5 Services, the Department of Transportation, the Fish and б Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, 7 the Department of Commerce, and the water management 8 districts. Section 175. Section 375.311, Florida Statutes, is 9 10 amended to read: 11 375.311 Legislative intent.--To protect and manage Florida's wildlife environment on lands conveyed for 12 13 recreational purposes by private owners and public custodians, the Legislature hereby intends that the Fish and Wildlife 14 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission shall 15 regulate motor vehicle access and traffic control on Florida's 16 17 public lands. Section 176. Subsection (3) of section 375.312, 18 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 19 20 375.312 Definitions.--As used in this act, unless the context requires otherwise: 21 22 (3) "Commission" means the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Florida Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. 23 Section 177. Subsections (6) and (8) of section 24 376.121, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 25 376.121 Liability for damage to natural 26 27 resources. -- The Legislature finds that extensive damage to the 28 state's natural resources is the likely result of a pollutant 29 discharge and that it is essential that the state adequately assess and recover the cost of such damage from responsible 30 31 parties. It is the state's goal to recover the costs of 254

1 restoration from the responsible parties and to restore 2 damaged natural resources to their predischarge condition. In 3 many instances, however, restoration is not technically 4 feasible. In such instances, the state has the responsibility 5 to its citizens to recover the cost of all damage to natural б resources. To ensure that the public does not bear a 7 substantial loss as a result of the destruction of natural resources, the procedures set out in this section shall be 8 9 used to assess the cost of damage to such resources. Natural 10 resources include coastal waters, wetlands, estuaries, tidal 11 flats, beaches, lands adjoining the seacoasts of the state, and all living things except human beings. The Legislature 12 13 recognizes the difficulty historically encountered in calculating the value of damaged natural resources. The value 14 of certain qualities of the state's natural resources is not 15 readily quantifiable, yet the resources and their qualities 16 17 have an intrinsic value to the residents of the state, and any 18 damage to natural resources and their qualities should not be 19 dismissed as nonrecoverable merely because of the difficulty 20 in quantifying their value. In order to avoid unnecessary speculation and expenditure of limited resources to determine 21 these values, the Legislature hereby establishes a schedule 22 for compensation for damage to the state's natural resources 23 24 and the quality of said resources.

(6) It is understood that a pollutant will, by its very nature, result in damage to the flora and fauna of the waters of the state and the adjoining land. Therefore, compensation for such resources, which is difficult to calculate, is included in the compensation schedule. Not included, however, in this base figure is compensation for the death of endangered or threatened species directly

255

1 attributable to the pollutant discharged. Compensation for the 2 death of any animal designated by rule as endangered by the 3 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Florida Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission is \$10,000. Compensation for the death of any 4 5 animal designated by rule as threatened by the Fish and б Wildlife Conservation Florida Game and Fresh Water Fish 7 Commission is \$5,000. These amounts are not intended to 8 reflect the actual value of said endangered or threatened 9 species, but are included for the purposes of this section. 10 (8) When assessing the amount of damages to natural 11 resources, the department shall be assisted, if requested by the department, by representatives of other state agencies and 12 13 local governments that would enhance the department's damage 14 assessment. The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission shall assist the department in the 15 assessment of damages to wildlife impacted by a pollutant 16 17 discharge and shall assist the department in recovering the 18 costs of such damages. 19 Section 178. Subsection (1) of section 378.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 20 21 378.011 Land Use Advisory Committee .--(1) There is hereby created a Land Use Advisory 22 Committee which shall be composed of the following: 23 24 (a) One member from the Bureau of Geology of the 25 Division of Resource Management of the Department of Environmental Protection, who shall serve as chair, to be 26 27 appointed by the executive director of said department; 28 (b) One member from the Executive Office of the 29 Governor, to be appointed by the Governor; 30 (c) One member from the Tampa Bay Regional Planning 31 Council, one member from the Central Florida Regional Planning 256

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 Council, and one member from the North Central Florida Regional Planning Council, to be appointed by the respective 2 3 directors of said regional planning councils; 4 (d) One member to represent the Board of County 5 Commissioners of Polk County, one member to represent the 6 Board of County Commissioners of Hillsborough County, and one 7 member to represent the Board of County Commissioners of 8 Hamilton County, to be appointed by the chairs of said boards; 9 (e) One member from the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 10 Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, to be appointed by the 11 Executive Director of said commission; and (f) Two members of the public, to be appointed by the 12 13 Governor. Section 179. Subsection (5) of section 378.036, 14 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 15 378.036 Land acquisitions financed by Nonmandatory 16 17 Land Reclamation Trust Fund moneys .--(5) By July 1, 1986, the department, in cooperation 18 19 with the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water 20 Fish Commission, shall develop a list identifying those 21 nonmandatory lands which have been or may be naturally 22 reclaimed and which the state may seek to acquire through purchase or donation for hunting, fishing, or other outdoor 23 24 recreational purposes or for wildlife habitat restoration. 25 The list shall separately indicate which of the nonmandatory lands are eligible lands. 26 27 Section 180. Subsection (2) of section 378.409, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 28 29 378.409 Civil liability.--(2) In assessing damages for animal, plant, or aquatic 30 31 life, the value shall be determined in accordance with the 257

1 tables of values established by the Fish and Wildlife 2 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission and the 3 department. Section 181. Subsections (3) and (6) of section 4 5 380.061, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to б read: 7 380.061 The Florida Quality Developments program.--8 (3)(a) To be eligible for designation under this 9 program, the developer shall comply with each of the following 10 requirements which is applicable to the site of a qualified 11 development: Have donated or entered into a binding commitment 12 1. 13 to donate the fee or a lesser interest sufficient to protect, 14 in perpetuity, the natural attributes of the types of land listed below. In lieu of the above requirement, the developer 15 may enter into a binding commitment which runs with the land 16 17 to set aside such areas on the property, in perpetuity, as 18 open space to be retained in a natural condition or as 19 otherwise permitted under this subparagraph. Under the 20 requirements of this subparagraph, the developer may reserve 21 the right to use such areas for the purpose of passive 22 recreation that is consistent with the purposes for which the 23 land was preserved. 24 a. Those wetlands and water bodies throughout the state as would be delineated if the provisions of s. 25 373.4145(1)(b) were applied. The developer may use such areas 26 for the purpose of site access, provided other routes of 27 28 access are unavailable or impracticable; may use such areas 29 for the purpose of stormwater or domestic sewage management and other necessary utilities to the extent that such uses are 30 31 permitted pursuant to chapter 403; or may redesign or alter 258

1 wetlands and water bodies within the jurisdiction of the 2 Department of Environmental Protection which have been 3 artificially created, if the redesign or alteration is done so 4 as to produce a more naturally functioning system. 5 b. Active beach or primary and, where appropriate, 6 secondary dunes, to maintain the integrity of the dune system 7 and adequate public accessways to the beach. However, the 8 developer may retain the right to construct and maintain 9 elevated walkways over the dunes to provide access to the 10 beach. 11 Known archaeological sites determined to be of с. significance by the Division of Historical Resources of the 12 13 Department of State. d. Areas known to be important to animal species 14 15 designated as endangered or threatened animal species by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service or by the Fish and 16 17 Wildlife Conservation Florida Game and Fresh Water Fish 18 Commission, for reproduction, feeding, or nesting; for 19 traveling between such areas used for reproduction, feeding, 20 or nesting; or for escape from predation. e. Areas known to contain plant species designated as 21 22 endangered plant species by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. 23 24 2. Produce, or dispose of, no substances designated as 25 hazardous or toxic substances by the United States Environmental Protection Agency or by the Department of 26 Environmental Protection or the Department of Agriculture and 27 28 Consumer Services. This subparagraph is not intended to apply 29 to the production of these substances in nonsignificant amounts as would occur through household use or incidental use 30

31 by businesses.

259

1 3. Participate in a downtown reuse or redevelopment 2 program to improve and rehabilitate a declining downtown area. 3 Incorporate no dredge and fill activities in, and 4. 4 no stormwater discharge into, waters designated as Class II, 5 aquatic preserves, or Outstanding Florida Waters, except as б activities in those waters are permitted pursuant to s. 7 403.813(2) and the developer demonstrates that those activities meet the standards under Class II waters, 8 9 Outstanding Florida Waters, or aquatic preserves, as 10 applicable. 11 5. Include open space, recreation areas, Xeriscape as defined in s. 373.185, and energy conservation and minimize 12 13 impermeable surfaces as appropriate to the location and type 14 of project. 6. Provide for construction and maintenance of all 15 onsite infrastructure necessary to support the project and 16 17 enter into a binding commitment with local government to provide an appropriate fair-share contribution toward the 18 19 offsite impacts which the development will impose on publicly 20 funded facilities and services, except offsite transportation, 21 and condition or phase the commencement of development to ensure that public facilities and services, except offsite 22 transportation, will be available concurrent with the impacts 23 24 of the development. For the purposes of offsite transportation 25 impacts, the developer shall comply, at a minimum, with the standards of the state land planning agency's 26 27 development-of-regional-impact transportation rule, the 28 approved strategic regional policy plan, any applicable 29 regional planning council transportation rule, and the 30 approved local government comprehensive plan and land 31

## 260

development regulations adopted pursuant to part II of chapter
 163.

7. Design and construct the development in a manner
that is consistent with the adopted state plan, the applicable
strategic regional policy plan, and the applicable adopted
local government comprehensive plan.

7 (b) In addition to the foregoing requirements, the 8 developer shall plan and design his or her development in a 9 manner which includes the needs of the people in this state as 10 identified in the state comprehensive plan and the quality of 11 life of the people who will live and work in or near the development. The developer is encouraged to plan and design 12 13 his or her development in an innovative manner. These planning and design features may include, but are not limited to, such 14 things as affordable housing, care for the elderly, urban 15 renewal or redevelopment, mass transit, the protection and 16 17 preservation of wetlands outside the jurisdiction of the Department of Environmental Protection or of uplands as 18 19 wildlife habitat, provision for the recycling of solid waste, provision for onsite child care, enhancement of emergency 20 21 management capabilities, the preservation of areas known to be primary habitat for significant populations of species of 22 special concern designated by the Fish and Wildlife 23 24 Conservation Florida Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, or community economic development. These additional amenities 25 will be considered in determining whether the development 26 27 qualifies for designation under this program. 28 (6)(a) In the event that the development is not 29 designated under subsection (5), the developer may appeal that

30 determination to the Quality Developments Review Board. The

31 | board shall consist of the secretary of the state land

261

1 planning agency, the Secretary of Environmental Protection and 2 a member designated by the secretary, the Secretary of 3 Transportation, the executive director of the Fish and 4 Wildlife Conservation Florida Game and Fresh Water Fish 5 Commission, the executive director of the appropriate water б management district created pursuant to chapter 373, and the 7 chief executive officer of the appropriate local government. When there is a significant historical or archaeological site 8 9 within the boundaries of a development which is appealed to 10 the board, the director of the Division of Historical 11 Resources of the Department of State shall also sit on the board. The staff of the state land planning agency shall serve 12 13 as staff to the board. (b) The board shall meet once each quarter of the 14 15 year. However, a meeting may be waived if no appeals are 16 pending. 17 (C) On appeal, the sole issue shall be whether the 18 development meets the statutory criteria for designation under 19 this program. An affirmative vote of at least five members of 20 the board, including the affirmative vote of the chief executive officer of the appropriate local government, shall 21 be necessary to designate the development by the board. 22 (d) The state land planning agency shall adopt 23 24 procedural rules for consideration of appeals under this 25 subsection. Section 182. Section 388.45, Florida Statutes, is 26 27 amended to read: 28 388.45 Threat to public health; emergency 29 declarations. -- The State Health Officer has the authority to declare that a threat to public health exists when the 30 31 Department of Health discovers in the human or surrogate 262 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 population the occurrence of an infectious disease that can be 2 transmitted from arthropods to humans. The State Health 3 Officer must immediately notify the Commissioner of Agriculture of the declaration of this threat to public 4 5 health. The Commissioner of Agriculture is authorized to issue б an emergency declaration based on the State Health Officer's 7 declaration of a threat to the public health or based on other threats to animal health. Each declaration must contain the 8 geographical boundaries and the duration of the declaration. 9 10 The State Health Officer shall order such human medical 11 preventive treatment and the Commissioner of Agriculture shall order such ameliorative arthropod control measures as are 12 13 necessary to prevent the spread of disease, notwithstanding 14 contrary provisions of this chapter or the rules adopted under this chapter. Within 24 hours after a declaration of a threat 15 to the public health, the State Health Officer must also 16 17 notify the agency heads of the Department of Environmental Protection and the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and 18 19 Fresh Water Fish Commission of the declaration. Within 24 20 hours after an emergency declaration based on the public health declaration or based on other threats to animal health, 21 the Commissioner of Agriculture must notify the agency heads 22 of the Department of Environmental Protection and the Fish and 23 24 Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission of the declaration. Within 24 hours after an emergency 25 declaration based on other threats to animal health, the 26 Commissioner of Agriculture must also notify the agency head 27 28 of the Department of Health of the declaration. 29 Section 183. Subsection (2) of section 388.46, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 30 31

263

1 388.46 Florida Coordinating Council on Mosquito 2 Control; establishment; membership; organization; 3 responsibilities.--(2) MEMBERSHIP, ORGANIZATION, AND RESPONSIBILITIES.--4 5 (a) Membership.--The Florida Coordinating Council on б Mosquito Control shall be comprised of the following 7 representatives or their authorized designees: 8 1. The Secretary of Environmental Protection and the Secretary of Health; 9 10 2. The executive director of the Fish and Wildlife 11 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission; The state epidemiologist; 12 3. The Commissioner of Agriculture; and 13 4. Representatives from: 14 5. The University of Florida, Institute of Food and 15 a. Agricultural Sciences, Florida Medical Entomological Research 16 17 Laboratory; 18 b. Florida Agricultural and Mechanical University; 19 c. The United States Environmental Protection Agency; 20 The United States Department of Agriculture, d. 21 Insects Affecting Man Laboratory; The United States Fish and Wildlife Service; 22 e. 23 Two mosquito control directors to be nominated by f. 24 the Florida Mosquito Control Association, two representatives of Florida environmental groups, and two private citizens who 25 are property owners whose lands are regularly subject to 26 mosquito control operations, to be appointed to 4-year terms 27 28 by the Commissioner of Agriculture; and 29 The Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement q. 30 Trust Fund. 31

264

1	(b) OrganizationThe council shall be chaired by the
2	Commissioner of Agriculture or the commissioner's authorized
3	designee. A majority of the membership of the council shall
4	constitute a quorum for the conduct of business. The chair
5	shall be responsible for recording and distributing to the
6	members a summary of the proceedings of all council meetings.
7	The council shall meet at least three times each year, or as
8	needed. The council may designate subcommittees from time to
9	time to assist in carrying out its responsibilities, provided
10	that the Subcommittee on Managed Marshes shall be the first
11	subcommittee appointed by the council. The subcommittee shall
12	continue to provide technical assistance and guidance on
13	mosquito impoundment management plans and develop and review
14	research proposals for mosquito source reduction techniques.
15	(c) ResponsibilitiesThe council shall:
16	1. Develop and implement guidelines to assist the
17	department in resolving disputes arising over the control of
18	arthropods on publicly owned lands.
19	2. Identify and recommend to Florida Agricultural and
20	Mechanical University research priorities for arthropod
21	control practices and technologies.
22	3. Develop and recommend to the department a request
23	for proposal process for arthropod control research.
24	4. Identify potential funding sources for research or
25	implementation projects and evaluate and prioritize proposals
26	upon request by the funding source.
27	5. Prepare and present reports, as needed, on
28	arthropod control activities in the state to the Pesticide
29	Review Council, the Florida Coastal Management Program
30	Interagency Management Committee, and other governmental
31	organizations, as appropriate.
	265

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 Section 184. Subsection (5) of section 403.0752, 2 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3 403.0752 Ecosystem management agreements .--4 (5) The Secretary of Community Affairs, the Secretary 5 of Transportation, the Commissioner of Agriculture, the б Executive Director of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game 7 and Fresh Water Fish Commission, and the executive directors 8 of the water management districts are authorized to 9 participate in the development of ecosystem management 10 agreements with regulated entities and other governmental 11 agencies as necessary to effectuate the provisions of this 12 section. Local governments are encouraged to participate in 13 ecosystem management agreements. Section 185. Subsection (4) of section 403.0885, 14 Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 15 403.0885 Establishment of federally approved state 16 17 National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) 18 Program.--19 (4) The department shall respond, in writing, to any 20 written comments on a pending application for a state NPDES 21 permit which the department receives from the executive 22 director, or his or her designee, of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission on matters 23 24 within the commenting agency's jurisdiction. The department's 25 response shall not constitute agency action for purposes of ss. 120.569 and 120.57 or other provisions of chapter 120. 26 27 Section 186. Subsection (2) of section 403.413, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 28 29 403.413 Florida Litter Law.--30 (2) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section: 31

266

1 (a) "Litter" means any garbage; rubbish; trash; 2 refuse; can; bottle; box; container; paper; tobacco product; 3 tire; appliance; mechanical equipment or part; building or construction material; tool; machinery; wood; motor vehicle or 4 5 motor vehicle part; vessel; aircraft; farm machinery or б equipment; sludge from a waste treatment facility, water 7 supply treatment plant, or air pollution control facility; or 8 substance in any form resulting from domestic, industrial, 9 commercial, mining, agricultural, or governmental operations. 10 (b) "Person" means any individual, firm, sole 11 proprietorship, partnership, corporation, or unincorporated association. 12 (c) "Law enforcement officer" means any officer of the 13 14 Florida Highway Patrol, a county sheriff's department, a 15 municipal law enforcement department, a law enforcement department of any other political subdivision, the department, 16 17 or the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. In addition, and solely for the purposes of 18 19 this section, "law enforcement officer" means any employee of 20 a county or municipal park or recreation department designated by the department head as a litter enforcement officer. 21 "Aircraft" means a motor vehicle or other vehicle 22 (d) that is used or designed to fly but does not include a 23 24 parachute or any other device used primarily as safety 25 equipment. "Commercial purpose" means for the purpose of 26 (e) 27 economic gain. "Commercial vehicle" means a vehicle that is owned 28 (f) 29 or used by a business, corporation, association, partnership, or sole proprietorship or any other entity conducting business 30 31 for a commercial purpose. 267

1 (q) "Dump" means to dump, throw, discard, place, 2 deposit, or dispose of. 3 "Motor vehicle" means an automobile, motorcycle, (h) 4 truck, trailer, semitrailer, truck tractor, or semitrailer 5 combination or any other vehicle that is powered by a motor. б (i) "Vessel" means a boat, barge, or airboat or any 7 other vehicle used for transportation on water. 8 Section 187. Subsection (2) of section 403.507, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 9 10 403.507 Preliminary statements of issues, reports, and 11 studies.--(2)(a) The following agencies shall prepare reports as 12 13 provided below and shall submit them to the department and the applicant within 150 days after distribution of the complete 14 15 application: The Department of Community Affairs shall prepare a 16 1. 17 report containing recommendations which address the impact 18 upon the public of the proposed electrical power plant, based 19 on the degree to which the electrical power plant is 20 consistent with the applicable portions of the state comprehensive plan and other such matters within its 21 jurisdiction. The Department of Community Affairs may also 22 comment on the consistency of the proposed electrical power 23 24 plant with applicable strategic regional policy plans or local comprehensive plans and land development regulations. 25 2. The Public Service Commission shall prepare a 26 27 report as to the present and future need for the electrical 28 generating capacity to be supplied by the proposed electrical 29 power plant. The report shall include the commission's 30 determination pursuant to s. 403.519 and may include the 31

268

1 commission's comments with respect to any other matters within 2 its jurisdiction. 3 3. The water management district shall prepare a 4 report as to matters within its jurisdiction. 5 4. Each local government in whose jurisdiction the 6 proposed electrical power plant is to be located shall prepare a report as to the consistency of the proposed electrical 7 8 power plant with all applicable local ordinances, regulations, 9 standards, or criteria that apply to the proposed electrical 10 power plant, including adopted local comprehensive plans, land 11 development regulations, and any applicable local environmental regulations adopted pursuant to s. 403.182 or by 12 13 other means. 14 5. The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh 15 Water Fish Commission shall prepare a report as to matters 16 within its jurisdiction. 17 6. The regional planning council shall prepare a 18 report containing recommendations that address the impact upon 19 the public of the proposed electrical power plant, based on 20 the degree to which the electrical power plant is consistent with the applicable provisions of the strategic regional 21 22 policy plan adopted pursuant to chapter 186 and other matters within its jurisdiction. 23 24 7. Any other agency, if requested by the department, 25 shall also perform studies or prepare reports as to matters within that agency's jurisdiction which may potentially be 26 affected by the proposed electrical power plant. 27 28 (b) As needed to verify or supplement the studies made 29 by the applicant in support of the application, it shall be the duty of the department to conduct, or contract for, 30 31 studies of the proposed electrical power plant and site, 269

1 including, but not limited to, the following, which shall be 2 completed no later than 210 days after the complete 3 application is filed with the department: 4 1. Cooling system requirements. 5 2. Construction and operational safeguards. б 3. Proximity to transportation systems. 7 4. Soil and foundation conditions. 8 5. Impact on suitable present and projected water 9 supplies for this and other competing uses. 10 6. Impact on surrounding land uses. 11 7. Accessibility to transmission corridors. 8. Environmental impacts. 12 13 9. Requirements applicable under any federally delegated or approved permit program. 14 (c) Each report described in paragraphs (a) and (b) 15 shall contain all information on variances, exemptions, 16 17 exceptions, or other relief which may be required by s. 403.511(2) and any proposed conditions of certification on 18 19 matters within the jurisdiction of such agency. For each 20 condition proposed by an agency in its report, the agency 21 shall list the specific statute, rule, or ordinance which 22 authorizes the proposed condition. 23 (d) The agencies shall initiate the activities 24 required by this section no later than 30 days after the complete application is distributed. The agencies shall keep 25 the applicant and the department informed as to the progress 26 27 of the studies and any issues raised thereby. 28 Section 188. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of 29 section 403.508, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 30 403.508 Land use and certification proceedings, 31 parties, participants.--

270

1 (4)(a) Parties to the proceeding shall include: 2 1. The applicant. 3 The Public Service Commission. 2. 4 3. The Department of Community Affairs. 5 The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Game 4. б and Fresh Water Fish Commission. 7 5. The water management district. The department. 8 б. 9 7. The regional planning council. 10 8. The local government. 11 Section 189. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 403.518, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 12 403.518 Fees; disposition.--13 (1) The department shall charge the applicant the 14 15 following fees, as appropriate, which shall be paid into the Florida Permit Fee Trust Fund: 16 17 (b) An application fee, which shall not exceed \$200,000. The fee shall be fixed by rule on a sliding scale 18 19 related to the size, type, ultimate site capacity, increase in 20 generating capacity proposed by the application, or the number and size of local governments in whose jurisdiction the 21 22 electrical power plant is located. Sixty percent of the fee shall go to the department 23 1. 24 to cover any costs associated with reviewing and acting upon 25 the application, to cover any field services associated with monitoring construction and operation of the facility, and to 26 cover the costs of the public notices published by the 27 28 department. 29 Twenty percent of the fee or \$25,000, whichever is 2. greater, shall be transferred to the Administrative Trust Fund 30 31

271

1 of the Division of Administrative Hearings of the Department 2 of Management Services. 3 3. Upon written request with proper itemized accounting within 90 days after final agency action by the 4 5 board or withdrawal of the application, the department shall б reimburse the Department of Community Affairs, the Fish and 7 Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, and any water management district created pursuant to chapter 8 373, regional planning council, and local government in the 9 10 jurisdiction of which the proposed electrical power plant is 11 to be located, and any other agency from which the department requests special studies pursuant to s. 403.507(2)(a)7. Such 12 13 reimbursement shall be authorized for the preparation of any 14 studies required of the agencies by this act, and for agency 15 travel and per diem to attend any hearing held pursuant to this act, and for local governments to participate in the 16 17 proceedings. In the event the amount available for allocation is insufficient to provide for complete reimbursement to the 18

19 agencies, reimbursement shall be on a prorated basis. 20 4. If any sums are remaining, the department shall 21 retain them for its use in the same manner as is otherwise 22 authorized by this act; provided, however, that if the 23 certification application is withdrawn, the remaining sums 24 shall be refunded to the applicant within 90 days after

withdrawal.
Section 190. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of
section 403.526, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

28 403.526 Preliminary statements of issues, reports, and 29 studies.--

30 (2)(a) The affected agencies shall prepare reports as 31 provided below and shall submit them to the department and the

272

1 applicant within 90 days after distribution of the complete
2 application:

3 1. The department shall prepare a report as to the
4 impact of each proposed transmission line or corridor as it
5 relates to matters within its jurisdiction.

Each water management district in the jurisdiction
of which a proposed transmission line or corridor is to be
located shall prepare a report as to the impact on water
resources and other matters within its jurisdiction.

10 3. The Department of Community Affairs shall prepare a 11 report containing recommendations which address the impact upon the public of the proposed transmission line or corridor, 12 13 based on the degree to which the proposed transmission line or corridor is consistent with the applicable portions of the 14 state comprehensive plan and other matters within its 15 jurisdiction. The Department of Community Affairs may also 16 17 comment on the consistency of the proposed transmission line 18 or corridor with applicable strategic regional policy plans or 19 local comprehensive plans and land development regulations.

4. The <u>Fish and Wildlife Conservation</u> Game and Fresh
 Water Fish Commission shall prepare a report as to the impact
 of each proposed transmission line or corridor on fish and
 wildlife resources and other matters within its jurisdiction.
 Each local government shall prepare a report as to

25 the impact of each proposed transmission line or corridor on 26 matters within its jurisdiction, including the consistency of 27 the proposed transmission line or corridor with all applicable 28 local ordinances, regulations, standards, or criteria that 29 apply to the proposed transmission line or corridor, including 30 local comprehensive plans, zoning regulations, land

31 development regulations, and any applicable local

273

1 environmental regulations adopted pursuant to s. 403.182 or by 2 other means. No change by the responsible local government or 3 local agency in local comprehensive plans, zoning ordinances, 4 or other regulations made after the date required for the 5 filing of the local government's report required by this б section shall be applicable to the certification of the 7 proposed transmission line or corridor unless the 8 certification is denied or the application is withdrawn. 9 6. Each regional planning council shall present a 10 report containing recommendations that address the impact upon 11 the public of the proposed transmission line or corridor based on the degree to which the transmission line or corridor is 12 consistent with the applicable provisions of the strategic 13 regional policy plan adopted pursuant to chapter 186 and other 14 impacts of each proposed transmission line or corridor on 15 matters within its jurisdiction. 16 17 Section 191. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 403.527, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18 19 403.527 Notice, proceedings, parties, participants.--20 (4)(a) Parties to the proceeding shall be: The applicant. 21 1. 22 2. The department. The commission. 23 3. 24 4. The Department of Community Affairs. 25 5. The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. 26 27 б. Each water management district in the jurisdiction 28 of which the proposed transmission line or corridor is to be 29 located. 7. The local government. 30 31 8. The regional planning council. 274

1 Section 192. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of 2 section 403.5365, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3 403.5365 Fees; disposition.--The department shall 4 charge the applicant the following fees, as appropriate, which 5 shall be paid into the Florida Permit Fee Trust Fund: б (1) An application fee of \$100,000, plus \$750 per mile 7 for each mile of corridor in which the transmission line 8 right-of-way is proposed to be located within an existing 9 electrical transmission line right-of-way or within any 10 existing right-of-way for any road, highway, railroad, or 11 other aboveground linear facility, or \$1,000 per mile for each mile of transmission line corridor proposed to be located 12 13 outside such existing right-of-way. 14 (c) Upon written request with proper itemized accounting within 90 days after final agency action by the 15 board or withdrawal of the application, the department shall 16 17 reimburse the expenses and costs of the Department of 18 Community Affairs, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and 19 Fresh Water Fish Commission, the water management district, regional planning council, and local government in the 20 21 jurisdiction of which the transmission line is to be located. Such reimbursement shall be authorized for the preparation of 22 any studies required of the agencies by this act, and for 23 24 agency travel and per diem to attend any hearing held pursuant 25 to this act, and for the local government to participate in the proceedings. In the event the amount available for 26 allocation is insufficient to provide for complete 27 28 reimbursement to the agencies, reimbursement shall be on a 29 prorated basis. 30 Section 193. Subsection (3) of section 403.7841, 31 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 275

1 403.7841 Application for certification .--2 (3) Within 7 days after filing the application with 3 the department, the applicant shall provide two copies of the 4 application as filed to each of the following: the Department 5 of Community Affairs, the water management district which has б jurisdiction over the area wherein the proposed project is to 7 be located, the Department of Transportation, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, 8 9 the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services, the 10 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, and the local 11 governmental entities which have jurisdiction. Section 194. Subsection (1) of section 403.786, 12 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 13 403.786 Report and studies.--14 (1) The Department of Community Affairs, the water 15 management district which has jurisdiction over the area 16 17 wherein the proposed project is to be located, the Department 18 of Transportation, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and 19 Fresh Water Fish Commission, the Department of Health and 20 Rehabilitative Services, the Department of Agriculture and 21 Consumer Services, and each local government which has jurisdiction shall each submit a report of matters within 22 their jurisdiction to the department within 90 days after 23 24 their receipt of the application. Any other agency may submit 25 comments relating to matters within its jurisdiction to the department within 90 days after the filing of the application 26 27 with the Division of Administrative Hearings. 28 Section 195. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of 29 section 403.787, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 30 403.787 Notice, proceedings, parties, participants.--31 (4)(a) Parties to the proceeding shall be:

276

1 1. The applicant. 2 2. The department. 3 The Department of Community Affairs. 3. 4 4. The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh 5 Water Fish Commission. б 5. Each water management district in the jurisdiction 7 of which the proposed project is to be located. 8 6. Any affected local government. 9 Section 196. Subsection (6) of section 403.9325, 10 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 11 403.9325 Definitions.--For the purposes of ss. 403.9321-403.9333, the term: 12 (6) "Public lands set aside for conservation or 13 preservation" means: 14 (a) Conservation and recreation lands under chapter 15 259; 16 17 (b) State and national parks; 18 (c) State and national reserves and preserves, except 19 as provided in s. 403.9326(3); 20 State and national wilderness areas; (d) National wildlife refuges (only those lands under 21 (e) 22 Federal Government ownership); Lands acquired through the Water Management Lands 23 (f) 24 Trust Fund, Save Our Rivers Program; 25 (g) Lands acquired under the Save Our Coast program; Lands acquired under the environmentally 26 (h) 27 endangered lands bond program; 28 (i) Public lands designated as conservation or 29 preservation under a local government comprehensive plan; 30 (j) Lands purchased by a water management district, 31 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Florida Game and Fresh 277

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 Water Fish Commission, or any other state agency for 2 conservation or preservation purposes; 3 (k) Public lands encumbered by a conservation easement 4 that does not provide for the trimming of mangroves; and 5 (1) Public lands designated as critical wildlife areas б by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Florida Game and Fresh 7 Water Fish Commission. 8 Section 197. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 403.941, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 9 10 403.941 Preliminary statements of issues, reports, and 11 studies.--(2)(a) The affected agencies shall prepare reports as 12 13 provided in this paragraph and shall submit them to the department and the applicant within 60 days after the 14 application is determined sufficient: 15 The department shall prepare a report as to the 16 1. 17 impact of each proposed natural gas transmission pipeline or 18 corridor as it relates to matters within its jurisdiction. 19 2. Each water management district in the jurisdiction 20 of which a proposed natural gas transmission pipeline or 21 corridor is to be located shall prepare a report as to the 22 impact on water resources and other matters within its jurisdiction. 23 24 3. The Department of Community Affairs shall prepare a 25 report containing recommendations which address the impact upon the public of the proposed natural gas transmission 26 27 pipeline or corridor, based on the degree to which the 28 proposed natural gas transmission pipeline or corridor is 29 consistent with the applicable portions of the state 30 comprehensive plan and other matters within its jurisdiction. 31 The Department of Community Affairs may also comment on the 278

1 consistency of the proposed natural gas transmission pipeline 2 or corridor with applicable strategic regional policy plans or 3 local comprehensive plans and land development regulations. 4 4. The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh 5 Water Fish Commission shall prepare a report as to the impact б of each proposed natural gas transmission pipeline or corridor 7 on fish and wildlife resources and other matters within its 8 jurisdiction.

9 5. Each local government in which the natural gas 10 transmission pipeline or natural gas transmission pipeline 11 corridor will be located shall prepare a report as to the impact of each proposed natural gas transmission pipeline or 12 13 corridor on matters within its jurisdiction, including the 14 consistency of the proposed natural gas transmission pipeline or corridor with all applicable local ordinances, regulations, 15 standards, or criteria that apply to the proposed natural gas 16 17 transmission pipeline or corridor, including local 18 comprehensive plans, zoning regulations, land development 19 regulations, and any applicable local environmental 20 regulations adopted pursuant to s. 403.182 or by other means. No change by the responsible local government or local agency 21 22 in local comprehensive plans, zoning ordinances, or other regulations made after the date required for the filing of the 23 24 local government's report required by this section shall be 25 applicable to the certification of the proposed natural gas transmission pipeline or corridor unless the certification is 26 27 denied or the application is withdrawn.

6. Each regional planning council in which the natural
gas transmission pipeline or natural gas transmission pipeline
corridor will be located shall present a report containing
recommendations that address the impact upon the public of the

279

1 proposed natural gas transmission pipeline or corridor, based 2 on the degree to which the natural gas transmission pipeline 3 or corridor is consistent with the applicable provisions of 4 the strategic regional policy plan adopted pursuant to chapter 5 186 and other impacts of each proposed natural gas б transmission pipeline or corridor on matters within its 7 jurisdiction. 8 7. The Department of Transportation shall prepare a 9 report on the effect of the natural gas transmission pipeline 10 or natural gas transmission pipeline corridor on matters 11 within its jurisdiction, including roadway crossings by the pipeline. The report shall contain at a minimum: 12 13 A report by the applicant to the department stating a. that all requirements of the department's utilities 14 accommodation guide have been or will be met in regard to the 15 proposed pipeline or pipeline corridor; and 16 17 b. A statement by the department as to the adequacy of the report to the department by the applicant. 18 19 8. The Department of State, Division of Historical 20 Resources, shall prepare a report on the impact of the natural 21 gas transmission pipeline or natural gas transmission pipeline corridor on matters within its jurisdiction. 22 The commission shall prepare a report addressing 23 9. 24 matters within its jurisdiction. The commission's report shall 25 include its determination of need issued pursuant to s. 403.9422. 26 Section 198. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of 27 28 section 403.9411, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 29 403.9411 Notice; proceedings; parties and 30 participants.--31 (4)(a) Parties to the proceeding shall be: 280

1 1. The applicant. 2 2. The department. 3 3. The commission. The Department of Community Affairs. 4 4. 5 The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh 5. б Water Fish Commission. 7 Each water management district in the jurisdiction 6. 8 of which the proposed natural gas transmission pipeline or 9 corridor is to be located. 10 7. The local government. 11 8. The regional planning council. The Department of Transportation. 12 9. 13 10. The Department of State, Division of Historical 14 Resources. Section 199. Subsection (2) of section 403.961, 15 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 16 17 403.961 Statements of issues and reports; written 18 analyses.--19 (2) Each of the following agencies shall prepare a 20 report as to matters within its jurisdiction expected to be 21 affected by the proposed project, which report shall be submitted to the applicant, the Department of Commerce, the 22 Department of Environmental Protection, the affected local 23 24 governments, and all other affected agencies, no later than 65 25 days after the date the application is determined to be sufficient: 26 27 The Department of Transportation. (a) 28 The Department of Community Affairs. (b) 29 The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh (C) 30 Water Fish Commission. 31 281

1 (d) Each water management district having jurisdiction 2 over any proposed site or installation. 3 Each regional planning council having jurisdiction (e) 4 over any proposed site or installation. 5 (f) Any other agency, if requested by the Department б of Commerce, shall also prepare reports as to matters within 7 that agency's jurisdiction expected to be affected by the 8 proposed project. 9 Section 200. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of 10 section 403.962, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 11 403.962 Certification hearing; cancellation; 12 parties.--13 (1) The assigned administrative law judge shall conduct a certification hearing in the county of the proposed 14 site no later than 150 days after the application for project 15 certification is deemed to be sufficient or an applicant has 16 17 requested that its application be processed on the basis of 18 information already submitted. All proceedings are governed 19 by chapter 120 except as modified by this act. The hearing 20 shall only be conducted in the event that a hearing is 21 requested by the applicant, an affected agency, a person having a substantial interest which is affected by the 22 proposed certification, a qualified organization, or an 23 24 affected person who files a petition pursuant to s. 25 403.9615(4). In determining whether a hearing shall be conducted, the following procedures shall apply: 26 27 (b) The following agencies shall be entitled to 28 request the conduct of a certification hearing under this 29 section: 30 The Department of Environmental Protection. 1. 31 282

1 2. The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh 2 Water Fish Commission. 3 The Department of Community Affairs. 3. 4 4. The Department of Transportation. 5 Any water management district having jurisdiction 5. б over a site or installation associated with the proposed 7 project. 8 6. Any local government having jurisdiction over a 9 site or installation associated with the proposed project. 10 Section 201. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of 11 section 403.972, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 403.972 Fees; disposition.--The Department of Commerce 12 13 shall charge the following fees, as appropriate, which shall 14 be paid into the Department of Commerce Economic Development Trust Fund: 15 (2) An application fee, which shall not exceed 16 17 \$150,000. The fee shall be fixed by rule on a sliding scale 18 related to the proposed project size and the number and size 19 of local governments in whose jurisdiction the project is 20 located. (c) Upon written request with proper itemized 21 accounting within 90 days after final agency action or 22 withdrawal of the application, the Department of Commerce 23 24 shall reimburse the Department of Environmental Protection, 25 the Department of Community Affairs, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, and any 26 water management district created pursuant to chapter 373, 27 28 regional planning council, and affected local governments in 29 the jurisdiction of which the proposed project is to be located, and any other agency from which the Department of 30 31 Commerce requests special reports pursuant to s. 403.961(2)(f) 283

1 or with which the Department of Commerce contracts for field 2 services associated with the monitoring, construction, and 3 operation of the facility. Such reimbursement shall be 4 authorized for the preparation of any reports or studies or 5 the conduct of any compliance monitoring required of the б agencies by this act, and for agency travel and per diem to 7 attend any hearing held pursuant to this act, and for local governments to participate in the proceedings. In the event 8 9 the amount available for allocation is insufficient to provide 10 for complete reimbursement to the agencies, reimbursement 11 shall be on a prorated basis. Section 202. Subsection (4) of section 403.973, 12 13 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 14 403.973 Expedited permitting; comprehensive plan 15 amendments.--(4) The regional teams shall be established through 16 17 the execution of memoranda of agreement between the office and the respective heads of the Departments of Environmental 18 19 Protection, Community Affairs, Transportation, Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and 20 Fresh Water Fish Commission, appropriate regional planning 21 22 councils, appropriate water management districts, and voluntarily participating municipalities and counties. 23 The 24 memoranda of agreement should also accommodate participation 25 in this expedited process by other local governments and federal agencies as circumstances warrant. 26 27 Section 203. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of 28 section 487.0615, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 487.0615 Pesticide Review Council.--29 30 (1)31

284

1	(b) The council shall consist of 11 scientific members
2	as follows: a scientific representative from the Department of
3	Agriculture and Consumer Services, a scientific representative
4	from the Department of Environmental Protection, a scientific
5	representative from the Department of Health and
6	Rehabilitative Services, and a scientific representative from
7	the <u>Fish and Wildlife Conservation</u> <del>Game and Fresh Water Fish</del>
8	Commission, each to be appointed by the respective agency; the
9	dean of research of the Institute of Food and Agricultural
10	Sciences of the University of Florida; and six members to be
11	appointed by the Governor. The six members to be appointed by
12	the Governor must be a pesticide industry representative, a
13	representative of an environmental group, a hydrologist, a
14	toxicologist, a scientific representative from one of the five
15	water management districts rotated among the five districts,
16	and a grower representative from a list of three persons
17	nominated by the statewide grower associations. Each member
18	shall be appointed for a term of 4 years and shall serve until
19	a successor is appointed. A vacancy shall be filled for the
20	remainder of the unexpired term.
21	Section 204. Subsection (4) of section 581.186,
22	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
23	581.186 Endangered Plant Advisory Council;
24	organization; meetings; powers and duties
25	(4) COOPERATIONThe Division of Plant Industry, the
26	Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of
27	Transportation, and the <u>Fish and Wildlife Conservation</u> Game
28	and Fresh Water Fish Commission shall cooperate with the
29	council whenever necessary to aid it in carrying out its
30	duties under this section.
31	
	285

1 Section 205. Subsection (3) of section 585.21, Florida 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 585.21 Sale of biological products.--(3) Any biological product for animals which is used 4 5 or proposed to be used in a field test in this state must be б approved for such use by the department. Before issuing 7 approval, the department shall consult with the Fish and 8 Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission if wildlife are involved and the Department of Health and 9 10 Rehabilitative Services if the disease may affect humans. 11 Section 206. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 597.003, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 12 13 597.003 Powers and duties of Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. --14 (1) The department is hereby designated as the lead 15 agency in encouraging the development of aquaculture in the 16 17 state and shall have and exercise the following functions, 18 powers, and duties with regard to aquaculture: 19 (c) Develop memorandums of agreement, as needed, with 20 the Department of Environmental Protection, the Fish and 21 Wildlife Conservation Florida Game and Fresh Water Fish 22 Commission, the Florida Sea Grant Program, and other groups as provided in the state aquaculture plan. 23 24 Section 207. Subsections (4) and (5) of section 25 597.004, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to 26 read: 27 597.004 Aquaculture certificate of registration.--28 IDENTIFICATION OF AQUACULTURE (4) 29 PRODUCTS. -- Aquaculture products shall be identified while 30 possessed, processed, transported, or sold as provided in this 31 subsection, except those subject to the requirements of 286

1 chapter 372 and the rules of the Fish and Wildlife 2 Conservation Commission Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission 3 as they relate to alligators only. (a) Aquaculture products shall be identified by an 4 5 aquaculture certificate of registration number from harvest to б point of sale. Any person who possesses aquaculture products must show, by appropriate receipt, bill of sale, bill of 7 8 lading, or other such manifest where the product originated. 9 (b) Marine aquaculture products shall be transported 10 in containers that separate such product from wild stocks, and 11 shall be identified by tags or labels that are securely attached and clearly displayed. 12 (c) Each aquaculture registrant who sells food 13 products labeled as "aquaculture or farm raised" must have 14 such products containerized and clearly labeled in accordance 15 with s. 500.11. Label information must include the name, 16 17 address, and aquaculture certification number. This 18 requirement is designed to segregate the identity of wild and 19 aquaculture products. (5) SALE OF AOUACULTURE PRODUCTS. --20 (a) Aquaculture products, except shellfish, snook, 21 spotted sea trout, red drum, and freshwater aquatic species 22 identified in chapter 372 and rules of the Fish and Wildlife 23 24 Conservation Commission Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, 25 may be sold without restriction so long as product origin can be identified. 26 27 (b) Aquaculture shellfish must be sold and handled in 28 accordance with shellfish handling regulations of the 29 commission Department of Environmental Protection established 30 to protect public health. 31 287

1 Section 208. Subsection (1) of section 597.006, 2 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3 597.006 Aquaculture Interagency Coordinating 4 Council.--5 (1) CREATION.--The Legislature finds and declares that б there is a need for interagency coordination with regard to 7 aquaculture by the following agencies: the Department of 8 Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Department of Commerce, 9 the Department of Community Affairs, the Department of 10 Environmental Protection, the Department of Labor and 11 Employment Security, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Marine Fisheries Commission, the Game and Fresh Water Fish 12 Commission, the statewide consortium of universities under the 13 14 Florida Institute of Oceanography, Florida Agricultural and Mechanical University, the Institute of Food and Agricultural 15 Sciences at the University of Florida, the Florida Sea Grant 16 17 Program, and each water management district. It is therefore the intent of the Legislature to hereby create an Aquaculture 18 19 Interagency Coordinating Council to act as an advisory body as defined in s. 20.03(9). 20 Section 209. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of 21 22 section 784.07, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended 23 to read: 24 784.07 Assault or battery of law enforcement officers, 25 firefighters, emergency medical care providers, public transit employees or agents, or other specified officers; 26 27 reclassification of offenses; minimum sentences .--28 (1) As used in this section, the term: "Law enforcement officer" includes a law 29 (a) enforcement officer, a correctional officer, a correctional 30 31 probation officer, a part-time law enforcement officer, a 288

1 part-time correctional officer, an auxiliary law enforcement 2 officer, and an auxiliary correctional officer, as those terms 3 are respectively defined in s. 943.10, and any county 4 probation officer; employee or agent of the Department of 5 Corrections who supervises or provides services to inmates; б officer of the Parole Commission; and law enforcement 7 personnel of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, the Department of Environmental 8 9 Protection, or the Department of Law Enforcement. 10 Section 210. Subsection (2) of section 790.06, Florida 11 Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 790.06 License to carry concealed weapon or firearm.--12 13 (2) The Department of State shall issue a license if the applicant: 14 (a) Is a resident of the United States or is a 15 consular security official of a foreign government that 16 17 maintains diplomatic relations and treaties of commerce, friendship, and navigation with the United States and is 18 19 certified as such by the foreign government and by the 20 appropriate embassy in this country; (b) Is 21 years of age or older; 21 (c) Does not suffer from a physical infirmity which 22 prevents the safe handling of a weapon or firearm; 23 24 (d) Is not ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to 25 s. 790.23 by virtue of having been convicted of a felony; (e) Has not been committed for the abuse of a 26 27 controlled substance or been found quilty of a crime under the 28 provisions of chapter 893 or similar laws of any other state 29 relating to controlled substances within a 3-year period immediately preceding the date on which the application is 30 31 submitted;

289

## **Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1	(f) Does not chronically and habitually use alcoholic	
2	beverages or other substances to the extent that his or her	
3	normal faculties are impaired. It shall be presumed that an	
4	applicant chronically and habitually uses alcoholic beverages	
5	or other substances to the extent that his or her normal	
6	faculties are impaired if the applicant has been committed	
7	under chapter 397 or under the provisions of former chapter	
8	396 or has been convicted under s. 790.151 or has been deemed	
9	a habitual offender under s. 856.011(3), or has had two or	
10	more convictions under s. 316.193 or similar laws of any other	
11	state, within the 3-year period immediately preceding the date	
12	on which the application is submitted;	
13	(g) Desires a legal means to carry a concealed weapon	
14	or firearm for lawful self-defense;	
15	(h) Demonstrates competence with a firearm by any one	
16	of the following:	
17	1. Completion of any hunter education or hunter safety	
18	course approved by the <u>Fish and Wildlife Conservation</u> Game and	
19	Fresh Water Fish Commission or a similar agency of another	
20	state;	
21	2. Completion of any National Rifle Association	
22	firearms safety or training course;	
23	3. Completion of any firearms safety or training	
24	course or class available to the general public offered by a	
25	law enforcement, junior college, college, or private or public	
26	institution or organization or firearms training school,	
27	utilizing instructors certified by the National Rifle	
28	Association, Criminal Justice Standards and Training	
29	Commission, or the Department of State;	
30	4. Completion of any law enforcement firearms safety	
31	or training course or class offered for security guards,	
290		
<b>CODING:</b> Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.		

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 investigators, special deputies, or any division or 2 subdivision of law enforcement or security enforcement; 3 5. Presents evidence of equivalent experience with a 4 firearm through participation in organized shooting 5 competition or military service; б 6. Is licensed or has been licensed to carry a firearm 7 in this state or a county or municipality of this state, unless such license has been revoked for cause; or 8 9 7. Completion of any firearms training or safety 10 course or class conducted by a state-certified or National 11 Rifle Association certified firearms instructor; 12 13 A photocopy of a certificate of completion of any of the courses or classes; or an affidavit from the instructor, 14 school, club, organization, or group that conducted or taught 15 said course or class attesting to the completion of the course 16 17 or class by the applicant; or a copy of any document which 18 shows completion of the course or class or evidences 19 participation in firearms competition shall constitute 20 evidence of qualification under this paragraph; any person who conducts a course pursuant to subparagraph 2., subparagraph 21 22 3., or subparagraph 7., or who, as an instructor, attests to the completion of such courses, must maintain records 23 24 certifying that he or she observed the student safely handle 25 and discharge the firearm; (i) Has not been adjudicated an incapacitated person 26 under s. 744.331, or similar laws of any other state, unless 5 27 28 years have elapsed since the applicant's restoration to 29 capacity by court order; 30 (j) Has not been committed to a mental institution 31 under chapter 394, or similar laws of any other state, unless 291 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 the applicant produces a certificate from a licensed 2 psychiatrist that he or she has not suffered from disability 3 for at least 5 years prior to the date of submission of the application; 4 5 (k) Has not had adjudication of guilt withheld or 6 imposition of sentence suspended on any felony or misdemeanor 7 crime of domestic violence unless 3 years have elapsed since 8 probation or any other conditions set by the court have been 9 fulfilled, or the record has been sealed or expunged; and 10 (1) Has not been issued an injunction that is 11 currently in force and effect and that restrains the applicant from committing acts of domestic violence or acts of repeat 12 13 violence. Section 211. Subsection (1) of section 790.15, Florida 14 Statutes, is amended to read: 15 790.15 Discharging firearm in public.--16 17 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) or subsection 18 (3), any person who knowingly discharges a firearm in any 19 public place or on the right-of-way of any paved public road, 20 highway, or street or whosoever knowingly discharges any firearm over the right-of-way of any paved public road, 21 highway, or street or over any occupied premises is guilty of 22 a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in 23 24 s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. This section does not apply to a person lawfully defending life or property or performing 25 official duties requiring the discharge of a firearm or to a 26 person discharging a firearm on public roads or properties 27 28 expressly approved for hunting by the Fish and Wildlife 29 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission or Division 30 of Forestry. 31

292

1 Section 212. Paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 828.122, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2 3 828.122 Fighting or baiting animals; offenses; 4 penalties.--5 (6) The provisions of subsection (3) and paragraph б (4)(b) shall not apply to: 7 (b) Any person using animals to pursue or take 8 wildlife or to participate in any hunting regulated or subject 9 to being regulated by the rules and regulations of the Fish 10 and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 11 Commission. Section 213. Subsection (1) of section 832.06, Florida 12 13 Statutes, is amended to read: 832.06 Prosecution for worthless checks given tax 14 collector for licenses or taxes; refunds.--15 (1) Whenever any person, firm, or corporation violates 16 17 the provisions of s. 832.05 by drawing, making, uttering, 18 issuing, or delivering to any county tax collector any check, 19 draft, or other written order on any bank or depository for 20 the payment of money or its equivalent for any tag, title, lien, tax (except ad valorem taxes), penalty, or fee relative 21 to a boat, airplane, or motor vehicle; any occupational 22 license, beverage license, or sales or use tax; or any hunting 23 24 or fishing license, the county tax collector, after the 25 exercise of due diligence to locate the person, firm, or corporation which drew, made, uttered, issued, or delivered 26 the check, draft, or other written order for the payment of 27 28 money, or to collect the same by the exercise of due diligence 29 and prudence, shall swear out a complaint in the proper court against the person, firm, or corporation for the issuance of 30 31 the worthless check or draft. If the state attorney cannot 293

sign the information due to lack of proof, as determined by 1 2 the state attorney in good faith, for a prima facie case in 3 court, he or she shall issue a certificate so stating to the 4 tax collector. If payment of the dishonored check, draft, or 5 other written order, together with court costs expended, is б not received in full by the county tax collector within 30 days after service of the warrant, 30 days after conviction, 7 or 60 days after the collector swears out the complaint or 8 9 receives the certificate of the state attorney, whichever is 10 first, the county tax collector shall make a written report to 11 this effect to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles relative to airplanes and motor vehicles, to the Fish 12 13 and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of 14 Environmental Protection relative to boats, to the Department of Revenue relative to occupational licenses and the sales and 15 use tax, to the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco of 16 17 the Department of Business and Professional Regulation 18 relative to beverage licenses, or to the Fish and Wildlife 19 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission relative to hunting and fishing licenses, containing a statement of the 20 amount remaining unpaid on the worthless check or draft. If 21 22 the information is not signed, the certificate of the state attorney is issued, and the written report of the amount 23 24 remaining unpaid is made, the county tax collector may request 25 the sum be forthwith refunded by the appropriate governmental entity, agency, or department. If a warrant has been issued 26 and served, he or she shall certify to that effect, together 27 28 with the court costs and amount remaining unpaid on the check. 29 The county tax collector may request that the sum of money certified by him or her be forthwith refunded by the 30 31 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, the

294

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of 1 2 Revenue, the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco of 3 the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, or the 4 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish 5 Commission to the county tax collector. Within 30 days after б receipt of the request, the Department of Highway Safety and 7 Motor Vehicles, the Department of Environmental Protection, 8 the Department of Revenue, the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco of the Department of Business and Professional 9 10 Regulation, or the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and 11 Fresh Water Fish Commission, upon being satisfied as to the correctness of the certificate of the tax collector, or the 12 13 report, shall refund to the county tax collector the sums of 14 money so certified or reported. If any officer of any court 15 issuing the warrant is unable to serve it within 60 days after the issuance and delivery of it to the officer for service, 16 17 the officer shall make a written return to the county tax collector to this effect. Thereafter, the county tax collector 18 19 may certify that the warrant has been issued and that service 20 has not been had upon the defendant and further certify the amount of the worthless check or draft and the amount of court 21 22 costs expended by the county tax collector, and the county tax collector may file the certificate with the Department of 23 24 Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles relative to motor vehicles 25 and airplanes, with the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of Environmental Protection relative to 26 27 boats, with the Department of Revenue relative to occupational 28 licenses and the sales and use tax, with the Division of 29 Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation relative to beverage licenses, or 30 31 with the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water

295

1 Fish Commission relative to hunting and fishing licenses, 2 together with a request that the sums of money so certified be 3 forthwith refunded by the Department of Highway Safety and 4 Motor Vehicles, the Department of Environmental Protection, 5 the Department of Revenue, the Division of Alcoholic Beverages 6 and Tobacco of the Department of Business and Professional 7 Regulation, or the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and 8 Fresh Water Fish Commission to the county tax collector, and 9 within 30 days after receipt of the request, the Department of 10 Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, the Department of 11 Environmental Protection, the Department of Revenue, the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco of the Department 12 13 of Business and Professional Regulation, or the Fish and 14 Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, 15 upon being satisfied as to the correctness of the certificate, 16 shall refund the sums of money so certified to the county tax 17 collector. 18 Section 214. Section 843.08, Florida Statutes, is 19 amended to read: 20 843.08 Falsely personating officer, etc.--A person who 21 falsely assumes or pretends to be a sheriff, officer of the 22 Florida Highway Patrol, officer of the Fish and Wildlife 23 Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, officer of 24 the Department of Environmental Protection, officer of the Department of Transportation, officer of the Department of 25 Corrections, correctional probation officer, deputy sheriff, 26 state attorney or assistant state attorney, statewide 27 28 prosecutor or assistant statewide prosecutor, state attorney 29 investigator, coroner, police officer, lottery special agent or lottery investigator, beverage enforcement agent, or 30 31 watchman, or any member of the Parole Commission and any

296

1 administrative aide or supervisor employed by the commission, 2 or any personnel or representative of the Department of Law 3 Enforcement, and takes upon himself or herself to act as such, 4 or to require any other person to aid or assist him or her in 5 a matter pertaining to the duty of any such officer, commits a б felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 7 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084; however, a person who 8 falsely personates any such officer during the course of the 9 commission of a felony commits a felony of the second degree, 10 punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 11 775.084; except that if the commission of the felony results in the death or personal injury of another human being, the 12 13 person commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 14 Section 215. Section 870.04, Florida Statutes, is 15 amended to read: 16 17 870.04 Specified officers to disperse riotous 18 assembly .-- If any number of persons, whether armed or not, are 19 unlawfully, riotously or tumultuously assembled in any county, 20 city or municipality, the sheriff or the sheriff's deputies, or the mayor, or any commissioner, council member, alderman or 21 police officer of the said city or municipality, or any 22 officer or member of the Florida Highway Patrol, or any 23 24 officer or agent of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game 25 and Fresh Water Fish Commission, Department of Environmental Protection, or beverage enforcement agent, any personnel or 26 representatives of the Department of Law Enforcement or its 27 28 successor, or any other peace officer, shall go among the 29 persons so assembled, or as near to them as may be with safety, and shall in the name of the state command all the 30 31 persons so assembled immediately and peaceably to disperse; 297

1 and if such persons do not thereupon immediately and peaceably 2 disperse, said officers shall command the assistance of all 3 such persons in seizing, arresting and securing such persons in custody; and if any person present being so commanded to 4 5 aid and assist in seizing and securing such rioter or persons 6 so unlawfully assembled, or in suppressing such riot or 7 unlawful assembly, refuses or neglects to obey such command, 8 or, when required by such officers to depart from the place, 9 refuses and neglects to do so, the person shall be deemed one 10 of the rioters or persons unlawfully assembled, and may be 11 prosecuted and punished accordingly. Section 216. Section 943.1728, Florida Statutes, is 12 13 amended to read: 943.1728 Basic skills training relating to the 14 protection of archaeological sites. -- The commission shall 15 establish standards for instruction of law enforcement 16 17 officers in the subject of skills relating to the protection 18 of archaeological sites and artifacts. In developing such 19 standards and skills, the commission shall consult with representatives of the following agencies: the Division of 20 21 Historical Resources of the Department of State, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, 22 and the Department of Environmental Protection. The commission 23 24 shall develop the standards for training in any of the following: basic recruit courses, advanced and specialized 25 courses, or other appropriate training courses as determined 26 by the commission. 27 28 Section 217. Sections 370.0205, 370.025, 370.026, 370.027, 372.021, 372.061, 373.1965, and 403.261, Florida 29 <u>Statutes, are repealed.</u> 30 31

## 298

1 Section 218. Section 403.0611, Florida Statutes, is 2 created to read: 3 403.0611 Citizen support organizations; use of 4 property; audit; public records; partnerships.--5 (1) DEFINITIONS.--For the purposes of this section, б the term "citizen support organization" means an organization 7 that is: 8 (a) A Florida corporation not for profit incorporated under the provisions of chapter 617 and approved by the 9 10 Department of State; 11 (b) Organized and operated to conduct programs and activities; raise funds; request and receive grants, gifts, 12 and bequests of money; acquire, receive, hold, invest, and 13 administer, in its own name, securities, funds, objects of 14 value, or other property, real or personal; and make 15 expenditures to or for the direct or indirect benefit of the 16 17 Department of Environmental Protection or individual units of the department. The citizen support organization may not 18 19 receive funds from the department by grant, gift, or contract 20 unless specifically authorized by the Legislature; (c) Determined by the appropriate division of the 21 Department of Environmental Protection to be consistent with 22 the goals of the department and in the best interests of the 23 24 state; and (c) Approved in writing by the department to operate 25 for the direct or indirect benefit of the individual units of 26 27 the department. Such approval shall be given in a letter of 28 agreement from the department. 29 (2) USE OF PROPERTY.--30 (a) The department may permit, without charge, 31 appropriate use of fixed property and facilities of the

299

1 department by a citizen support organization subject to the provisions of this section. Such use shall be directly in 2 3 keeping with the approved purposes of the citizen support organization and may not be made at times or places that would 4 5 unreasonably interfere with normal department operations. б (b) The department may prescribe by rule any condition 7 with which a citizen support organization shall comply in 8 order to use fixed property or facilities of the department. 9 (c) The department shall not permit the use of any 10 fixed property or facilities by a citizen support organization 11 that does not provide equal membership and employment opportunities to all persons regardless of race, color, 12 religion, sex, age, or national origin. 13 (3) ANNUAL AUDIT. -- Any citizen support organization 14 that has annual expenditures of \$100,000 or more shall cause 15 an annual postaudit of its financial accounts to be conducted 16 17 by an independent certified public accountant in accordance with the rules to be adopted by the department. The annual 18 19 audit report shall be submitted to the Auditor General and the department for review. The Auditor General and the department 20 21 are each authorized to require and obtain from the citizen support organization, or from its independent auditor, such 22 data as may be needed relative to the operation of the 23 24 organization. (4) PUBLIC RECORDS.--All records of the citizen 25 26 support organization constitute public records for the 27 purposes of chapter 119. 28 (5) PARTNERSHIPS.--29 The Legislature recognizes that many of the lands (a) 30 managed by the department need a variety of facilities to enhance the use and potential of such lands and that many of 31 300

1 the department's programs are of interest to, and could benefit from the support of, local citizen groups. Such 2 3 facilities and programs include, but are not limited to, improved access, camping areas, picnicking shelters, 4 5 management offices and facilities, environmental education б facilities and programs, and cleanup and restoration projects. 7 The need for such facilities and programs has exceeded the 8 ability of the state to provide funding in a timely manner with available moneys. The Legislature finds it to be in the 9 10 public interest to provide incentives for partnerships with 11 private entities whose intent is the production of additional revenues to help enhance the use and potential of state 12 property and environmental programs and projects funded by the 13 14 department. (b) The Legislature may annually appropriate funds, to 15 be used as matching funds in conjunction with private 16 17 donations, for capital improvement facilities development on state lands or the enhancement of department-sponsored 18 19 environmental programs or projects of local interest to citizen support organizations formed under this section. 20 Citizen support organizations organized and operating for the 21 benefit of the department may acquire private donations 22 pursuant to this section, and matching state funds for 23 24 approved projects or programs may be provided in accordance with this subsection. The department is authorized to properly 25 recognize and honor a private donor by placing a plaque or 26 27 other appropriate designation noting the contribution to project or program facilities or by naming project or program 28 29 facilities after the person or organization that provided 30 matching funds. 31

1 Section 219. Section 403.0613, Florida Statutes, is 2 created to read: 3 403.0613 Publication by department.--The Department of Environmental Protection through the Division of 4 5 Administration and Technical Services is given authority, from б time to time in its discretion, to cause the statutory laws under its jurisdiction, together with any rules and 7 8 regulations adopted by it, to be published in pamphlet form for free distribution in this state. The department is 9 10 authorized to make charges for technical and educational 11 publications and photocopied material of use for educational or reference purposes. Such charges shall be made at the 12 discretion of the department. Such charges may be sufficient 13 to cover the cost of preparation, printing, publishing, and 14 distribution. All moneys received for publications shall be 15 deposited into the fund from which the cost of the publication 16 17 was paid. The department is further authorized to enter into agreements with persons, firms, corporations, governmental 18 19 agencies, and other institutions whereby publications may be 20 exchanged reciprocally in lieu of payments for such publications. 21 Section 220. Section 403.614, Florida Statutes, is 22 created to read: 23 24 403.614 Administration of department grant programs.--25 (1) The Department of Environmental Protection is authorized to establish grant programs that are consistent 26 27 with statutory authority and legislative appropriations. The department is further authorized to receive funds from any 28 29 legal source for purposes of matching state dollars or for passing through the agency as grants to other entities whether 30 or not matching funds or in-kind matches are required. 31

302

1	(2) For any grant program established by the
2	department, the department shall adopt rules, pursuant to the
3	requirements of chapter 120, which shall include, without
4	limitation, rules specifying the method or methods of payment;
5	the supporting documents required before payment will be made;
б	when matching funds or in-kind matches are allowed; what
7	moneys, services, or other sources and amounts of matching
8	funds or in-kind matches will be eligible for use for matching
9	the grant by the department; who is eligible to participate in
10	the program; and other provisions that the department finds
11	necessary to achieve program objectives and an accounting for
12	state funds in accordance with law and generally accepted
13	accounting principles.
14	(3) The department is authorized to preaudit or
15	postaudit account books and other documentation of a grant
16	recipient to assure that grant funds were used in accordance
17	with the terms of the grant and state rules and statutes. When
18	such audit reveals that moneys have not been spent in
19	accordance with grant requirements, the department may
20	withhold moneys or recover moneys previously paid. A grant
21	recipient will be allowed a maximum of 60 days to submit any
22	additional pertinent documentation to offset the amount
23	identified as being due the department.
24	Section 221. Section 161.031, Florida Statutes, is
25	amended to read:
26	161.031 Personnel and facilitiesThe Department of
27	Environmental Protection may call to its assistance
28	temporarily, any engineer or other employee in any state
29	agency or department or in the University of Florida or other
30	educational institution financed wholly or in part by the
31	state, for the purpose of devising the most effective and
	303

1 economical method of averting and preventing erosion, 2 hurricane, and storm damages. These employees shall not 3 receive additional compensation, except for actual necessary 4 expenses incurred while working under the direction of the 5 department Division of Marine Resources. б Section 222. Section 161.36, Florida Statutes, is 7 amended to read: 8 161.36 General powers of authority.--In order to most 9 effectively carry out the purposes of this part, the board of 10 county commissioners, as the county beach and shore 11 preservation authority and as the governing body of each beach and shore preservation district established thereby, shall be 12 13 possessed of broad powers to do all manner of things necessary or desirable in pursuance of this end; provided, however, 14 nothing herein shall diminish or impair the regulatory 15 authority of the Department of Environmental Protection under 16 17 or Division of Marine Resources under s. 370.02(2), or part I of this chapter, or the Board of Trustees of the Internal 18 19 Improvement Trust Fund under chapter 253. Such powers shall 20 specifically include, but not be limited to, the following: (1) To make contracts and enter into agreements; 21 (2) To sue and be sued; 22 (3) To acquire and hold lands and property by any 23 24 lawful means; (4) To exercise the power of eminent domain; 25 To enter upon private property for purposes of 26 (5) 27 making surveys, soundings, drillings and examinations, and 28 such entry shall not be deemed a trespass; 29 (6) To construct, acquire, operate and maintain works 30 and facilities; 31 (7) To make rules and regulations; and 304

1 (8) To do any and all other things specified or 2 implied in this part. 3 Section 223. Subsection (2) of section 252.937, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 4 5 252.937 Department powers and duties .-б (2) To ensure that this program is self-supporting, 7 the department shall provide administrative support, including 8 staff, facilities, materials, and services to implement this 9 part for specified stationary sources subject to s. 252.939 10 and shall provide necessary funding to local emergency 11 planning committees and county emergency management agencies for work performed to implement this part. Each state agency 12 with regulatory, inspection, or technical assistance programs 13 14 for specified stationary sources subject to this part shall enter into a memorandum of understanding with the department 15 which specifically outlines how each agency's staff, 16 17 facilities, materials, and services will be utilized to 18 support implementation. At a minimum, these agencies and 19 programs include: the Department of Environmental Protection's Division of Air Resources Management and Division 20 of Water Resource Management Facilities, and the Department of 21 Labor and Employment Security's Division of Safety. It is the 22 Legislature's intent to implement this part as efficiently and 23 24 economically as possible, using existing expertise and 25 resources, if available and appropriate. Section 224. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section 26 27 309.01, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 28 309.01 Deposit of material in tidewater regulated.--29 (2) This section shall not prohibit Escambia County 30 from placing in Pensacola Bay, on the Escambia County side, 31 beside the old Pensacola Bay Bridge, certain materials, as 305

1 recommended by the Division of Marine Resources of the Department of Environmental Protection, in coordination with 2 3 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, to increase the number of fish available for persons fishing from the old 4 5 Pensacola Bay Bridge. 6 (3) This section shall not prohibit Manatee County from placing in the Manatee County portions of Sarasota Bay 7 8 and Tampa Bay and in the Manatee River, certain materials, as 9 recommended by the Division of Marine Resources of the 10 Department of Environmental Protection, in coordination with 11 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, to increase the number of fish available for persons fishing in the above 12 13 areas. This section shall not prohibit Pinellas County 14 (4) 15 from placing in Tampa Bay certain materials as recommended by the Division of Marine Resources of the Department of 16 Environmental Protection, in coordination with the Fish and 17 Wildlife Conservation Commission, to increase the number of 18 19 fish available for persons fishing in the bay. Section 225. Section 370.023, Florida Statutes, is 20 21 amended to read: 22 370.023 Administration of commission department grant 23 programs.--24 (1)The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 25 Department of Environmental Protection is authorized to establish grant programs that which are consistent with 26 27 statutory authority and legislative appropriations. The 28 commission department is further authorized to receive funds 29 from any legal source for purposes of matching state dollars or for passing through the agency as grants to other entities 30 31 whether or not matching funds or in-kind matches are required. 306

## **Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 (2) For any grant program established by the 2 commission department, the commission department shall adopt 3 rules, pursuant to the requirements of chapter 120, for each grant program which shall include, but are not limited to: the 4 5 method or methods of payment; the supporting documents б required before payment will be made; when matching funds or 7 in-kind matches are allowed; what moneys, services, or other 8 sources and amounts of matching funds or in-kind matches will 9 be eligible for use for matching the grant by the commission 10 department; who is eligible to participate in the program; and 11 other provisions that which the commission department finds necessary to achieve program objectives and an accounting for 12 13 state funds in accordance with law and generally accepted accounting principles. 14 (3) The commission department is authorized to 15 preaudit or postaudit account books and other documentation of 16 17 a grant recipient to assure that grant funds have been were 18 used in accordance with the terms of the grant and state rules and statutes. When such audit reveals that moneys have were 19 20 not been spent in accordance with grant requirements, the 21 commission department may withhold moneys or recover moneys previously paid. A grant recipient will be allowed a maximum 22 of 60 days to submit any additional pertinent documentation to 23 24 offset the amount identified as being due the commission 25 department. Section 226. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section 26 27 370.03, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 28 370.03 Water bottoms.--29 (2) CONTROL.--The Division of Marine Resources of the 30 Department of Environmental Protection has exclusive power and 31 control over all water bottoms, not held under some grant or 307 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 alienation heretofore made, including such as may revert to 2 the state by cancellation or otherwise, and may lease the same 3 to any person irrespective of residence or citizenship, upon 4 such terms, conditions and restrictions as said division may 5 elect to impose, without limitation as to area to any one б person, for the purpose of granting exclusive right to plant 7 oysters or clams thereon and for the purpose of fishing, 8 taking, catching, bedding and raising oysters, clams and other 9 shellfish. No such lessee shall re-lease, sublease, sell or 10 transfer any such water bottom or property; provided, that 11 nothing herein contained shall be construed as giving said department division authority to lease sponge beds. 12

13 (3) FEES FOR BOTTOM LEASES, ETC.--The <u>department</u> 14 division shall charge and receive a fee of \$2 for each lease 15 granted, and in all other cases, not specifically provided by 16 this chapter, the same fees as are allowed clerks of the 17 circuit court for like services. All fees shall be paid by 18 the party served.

19 (4) CONFIRMATION OF FORMER GRANTS; PROVISO.--All grants prior to June 1, 1913, made in pursuance of heretofore 20 21 existing laws, where the person receiving such grant, the person's heirs or assigns, have bona fide complied with the 22 requirements of said law, are hereby confirmed; provided, that 23 24 if any material or natural oyster or clam reefs or beds on 25 such granted premises are 100 square yards in area and contained natural oysters and clams (coon oysters not 26 included) in sufficient quantity to have been resorted to by 27 28 the general public for the purpose of gathering oysters or 29 clams to sell for a livelihood, at the time they were planted by such grantee, his or her heirs or assigns, such reefs or 30 31 beds are declared to be the property of the state; and when

308

1 such beds or reefs exist within the territory heretofore granted as above set forth, or that may hereafter be leased, 2 3 such grantee or lessee shall mark the boundaries of such 4 oyster and clam reefs or beds as may be designated by the 5 department division as natural oyster or clam reefs or beds, б clearly defining the boundaries of the same, and shall post 7 notice or other device, as shall be required by the department division, giving notice to the public that such oyster or clam 8 9 beds or reefs are the property of the state, which said notice 10 shall be maintained from September 1 to June 1 of each and 11 every year, on each oyster bed or reef and on each clam bed for such period of each year as the board may direct, at the 12 13 expense of the grantee or lessee. The department division 14 shall investigate all grants heretofore made, and where, in 15 its opinion, the lessee or grantee has not bona fide complied with the law under which he or she received his or her grant 16 17 or lease, and it shall report the same to the department which is authorized and required to institute legal proceedings to 18 19 vacate the same, in order to use such lands for the benefit of 20 the public, subject to the same dispositions as other bottoms. Section 227. Section 370.0607, Florida Statutes, is 21 22 amended to read: 370.0607 Marine information system. -- The Fish and 23 24 Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of Environmental 25 Protection shall establish by rule a marine information system in conjunction with the licensing program to gather marine 26 27 fisheries data. 28 Section 228. Section 370.0609, Florida Statutes, is 29 amended to read: 370.0609 Expenditure of funds.--Any moneys available 30 31 pursuant to s. 370.0608(1)(c)1.c. shall be expended by the 309

1 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of 2 Environmental Protection within Florida through grants and 3 contracts for research with research institutions including but not limited to: Florida Sea Grant; Florida Marine 4 5 Resources Council; Harbour Branch Oceanographic Institute; б Technological Research and Development Authority; Florida 7 Marine Research Institute of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of Environmental 8 9 Protection; Indian River Region Research Institute; Mote 10 Marine Laboratory; Marine Resources Development Foundation; 11 Florida Institute of Oceanography; and Rosentiel School of Marine and Atmospheric Science. 12 Section 229. Section 370.061, Florida Statutes, 1998 13 Supplement, is amended to read: 14 370.061 Confiscation of property and products.--15 (1) CONFISCATION; PROCEDURE.--In all cases of arrest 16 17 and conviction for the illegal taking, or attempted taking, sale, possession, or transportation of saltwater fish or other 18 19 saltwater products, such saltwater products and seines, nets, 20 boats, motors, other fishing devices or equipment, and

vehicles or other means of transportation used in connection 21 22 with such illegal taking or attempted taking are hereby declared to be nuisances and may be seized and carried before 23 24 the court having jurisdiction of such offense, and said court 25 may order such nuisances forfeited to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Division of Marine Resources of the 26 department immediately after trial and conviction of the 27 28 person or persons in whose possession they were found, except 29 that, if a motor vehicle is seized under the provisions of this act and is subject to any existing liens recorded under 30

31 the provisions of s. 319.27, all further proceedings shall be

310

1 governed by the expressed intent of the Legislature not to 2 divest any innocent person, firm, or corporation holding such 3 a recorded lien of any of its reversionary rights in such motor vehicle or of any of its rights as prescribed in s. 4 5 319.27, and that, upon any default by the violator purchaser, б the said lienholder may foreclose its lien and take possession 7 of the motor vehicle involved. When any illegal or illegally used seine, net, trap, or other fishing device or equipment or 8 9 illegally taken, possessed, or transported saltwater products 10 are found and taken into custody, and the owner thereof shall 11 not be known to the officer finding the same, such officer shall immediately procure from the county court judge of the 12 13 county wherein they were found an order forfeiting said 14 saltwater products, seines, nets, traps, boats, motors, or 15 other fishing devices to the commission division. All things forfeited under the provisions of this law may be destroyed, 16 17 used by the commission division, disposed of by gift to 18 charitable or state institutions, or sold and the proceeds 19 derived from said sale deposited in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund to be used for law enforcement 20 purposes or into the commission's department's Federal Law 21 22 Enforcement Trust Fund as provided in s. 372.107 s. 20.2553, as applicable. However, forfeited boats, motors, and legal 23 24 fishing devices only, may be purchased from the commission 25 division for \$1 by the person or persons holding title thereto at the time of the illegal act causing the forfeiture, if such 26 person shall prove that he or she in no way participated in, 27 28 gave consent to, or had knowledge of such act. 29 (2) CONFISCATION AND SALE OF PERISHABLE PRODUCTS;

30 PROCEDURE.--When an arrest is made pursuant to the provisions 31 of this chapter and illegal, perishable products or perishable

311

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 products illegally taken or landed are apprehended, the 2 defendant may post bond or cash deposit in an amount 3 determined by the judge to be the fair value of such products, and said defendant shall have 24 hours to transport said 4 5 products outside the limits of Florida for sale or other б disposition. Should no bond or cash deposit be given within 7 the time fixed by the judge, the judge shall order the sale of such products at the highest price obtainable, and, when 8 9 feasible, at least three bids shall be requested. In either 10 event, the amounts received by the judge shall be remitted to 11 the commission division to be deposited into a special escrow account in the State Treasury and held in trust pending the 12 13 outcome of the trial of the accused. If a bond is posted by 14 the defendant, it shall also be remitted to the commission 15 division to be held in escrow pending the outcome of the trial of the accused. In the event of acquittal, the bond or cash 16 17 deposit shall be returned to the defendant, or the proceeds of 18 the sale shall be paid over to the defendant. In the event of 19 conviction, the proceeds of the sale, or proceeds of the bond 20 or cash deposit, shall be deposited by said commission division into the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund to 21 22 be used for law enforcement purposes or into the commission's department's Federal Law Enforcement Trust Fund as provided in 23 24 s. 372.107 <del>s. 20.2553</del>, as applicable. Such deposit into the 25 Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund or the commission's department's Federal Law Enforcement Trust Fund shall 26 27 constitute confiscation. 28 (3) MUNICIPAL OR COUNTY ENFORCEMENT; SUPPLEMENTAL 29 FUNDING.--30 (a) Any municipal or county law enforcement agency 31 that which enforces, or assists the commission department in 312

1 enforcing, the provisions of this chapter <u>resulting</u> which 2 results in a forfeiture of property as provided in this 3 section, shall be entitled to receive all or a share of any 4 such property based upon their participation in such 5 enforcement.

б (b) Any property delivered to any municipal or county 7 law enforcement agency as provided in paragraph (a) may be 8 retained or sold by the law enforcement agency and the 9 property or any proceeds shall, if the agency operates a 10 marine enforcement unit, be utilized to enforce the provisions 11 of this chapter and chapters 327 and 328. In the event the law enforcement agency does not operate a marine enforcement unit, 12 13 any such property or proceeds shall be disposed of pursuant to the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act. 14

(c) Any funds received by a municipal or county law enforcement agency pursuant to this subsection shall be supplemental funds and may not be used as replacement funds by the municipality or county.

19 Section 230. Section 370.07, Florida Statutes, 1998 20 Supplement, is amended to read:

21 370.07 Wholesale and retail saltwater products 22 dealers; regulation.--

(1) DEFINITIONS; LICENSES AUTHORIZED.--Annual license 23 24 or privilege taxes are hereby levied and imposed upon dealers 25 in the state in saltwater products. It is unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to deal in any such products 26 without first paying for and procuring the license required by 27 28 this section. Application for all licenses shall be made to 29 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of Environmental Protection on blanks to be furnished by it. All 30 31

313

1 licenses shall be issued by the commission department upon payment to it of the license tax. The licenses are defined as: 2 3 (a)1. "Wholesale county dealer" is any person, firm, 4 or corporation which sells saltwater products to any person, 5 firm, or corporation except to the consumer and who may buy б saltwater products in the county designated on the wholesale 7 license from any person licensed pursuant to s. 370.06(2) or 8 from any licensed wholesale dealer. 9 2. "Wholesale state dealer" is a person, firm, or 10 corporation which sells saltwater products to any person, 11 firm, or corporation except to the consumer and who may buy saltwater products in any county of the state from any person 12 licensed pursuant to s. 370.06(2) or from any licensed 13 wholesale dealer. 14 15 3. "Wholesale dealer" is either a county or a state dealer. 16 17 (b) A "retail dealer" is any person, firm, or 18 corporation which sells saltwater products directly to the 19 consumer, but no license is required of a dealer in 20 merchandise who deals in or sells saltwater products consumed on the premises or prepared for immediate consumption and sold 21 to be taken out of any restaurant licensed by the Division of 22 Hotels and Restaurants of the Department of Business and 23 24 Professional Regulation. 25 Any person, firm, or corporation which is both a wholesale 26 27 dealer and a retail dealer shall obtain both a wholesale dealer's license and a retail dealer's license. If a wholesale 28 29 dealer has more than one place of business, the annual license tax shall be effective for all places of business, provided 30 31 that the wholesale dealer supplies to the commission 314

1 department a complete list of additional places of business 2 upon application for the annual license tax. 3 (2) LICENSES; AMOUNT, TRUST FUND.--4 (a) A resident wholesale county seafood dealer is 5 required to pay an annual license tax of \$300. б (b) A resident wholesale state dealer is required to 7 pay an annual license tax of \$450. 8 (c) A nonresident wholesale county dealer is required 9 to pay an annual license tax of \$500. 10 (d) A nonresident wholesale state dealer is required 11 to pay an annual license tax of \$1,000. (e) An alien wholesale county dealer is required to 12 13 pay an annual license tax of \$1,000. (f) An alien wholesale state dealer is required to pay 14 an annual license tax of \$1,500. 15 (g) A resident retail dealer is required to pay an 16 17 annual license tax of \$25; however, if such a dealer has more 18 than one place of business, the dealer shall designate one 19 place of business as a central place of business, shall pay an 20 annual license tax of \$25 for such place of business, and shall pay an annual license tax of \$10 for each other place of 21 business. 22 (h) A nonresident retail dealer is required to pay an 23 24 annual license tax of \$200; however, if such a dealer has more 25 than one place of business, the dealer shall designate one place of business as a central place of business, shall pay an 26 annual license tax of \$200 for such place of business, and 27 28 shall pay an annual license tax of \$25 for each other place of 29 business. (i) An alien retail dealer is required to pay an 30 31 annual license tax of \$250; however, if such a dealer has more 315 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. 1 than one place of business, the dealer shall designate one 2 place of business as a central place of business, shall pay an 3 annual license tax of \$250 for such place of business, and 4 shall pay an annual license tax of \$50 for each other place of 5 business.

(j) License or privilege taxes, together with any
other funds derived from the Federal Government or from any
other source, shall be deposited in a Florida Saltwater
Products Promotion Trust Fund to be administered by the
Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for the sole
purpose of promoting all fish and saltwater products produced
in this state.

13

(3) APALACHICOLA BAY OYSTER SURCHARGE. --

14 (a) For purposes of this section, "bag" means an15 amount of oysters with shells weighing approximately 6016 pounds.

(b) Effective October 1, 1989, there shall be assessed a surcharge of 50 cents on each bag of oysters to be paid by the wholesale dealer first receiving, using, or selling the oysters after harvesting from the waters of Apalachicola Bay.

(c)1. Each wholesale dealer shall certify, on such forms as may be prescribed by the Department of Revenue, to any subsequent purchasing wholesale dealer or other purchaser that the surcharge imposed by this subsection has been paid or will be paid by such wholesale dealer first receiving the oysters.

In the case where the harvester is also the
 wholesale dealer, such wholesale dealer shall maintain
 documentation, on forms as may be prescribed by the Department
 of Revenue, adequate to establish that the surcharge has been
 paid or will be paid by such wholesale dealer.

316

1 3. In such case where the wholesale dealer is also the retail dealer under paragraph (1)(b), such wholesale dealer 2 3 shall maintain documentation, on forms as may be prescribed by the Department of Revenue, adequate to establish that the 4 5 surcharge has been paid or will be paid by such wholesale б dealer. 7 (d) Except for the collection allowance pursuant to s. 8 212.12 and estimated tax filing requirements pursuant to s. 9 212.11, the same duties and privileges imposed by chapter 212 10 upon dealers of tangible personal property respecting the 11 remission of the surcharge, the making of returns, penalties and interest, the keeping of books, records and accounts, and 12 13 the compliance with the rules of the Department of Revenue in the administration of chapter 212 shall apply and be binding 14 upon all wholesale dealers who are subject to the surcharge 15 imposed by this subsection. 16 17 (e) The Department of Revenue shall keep records 18 showing the amount of the surcharge collected. 19 (f) The Department of Revenue shall collect the surcharge for transfer into the Marine Resources Conservation 20 21 Trust Fund of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 22 Department of Environmental Protection. The Department of Revenue is empowered to 23 (q) 24 promulgate rules, establish audit procedures for the audit of 25 wholesale dealers, assess for delinquency, and prescribe and publish such forms as may be necessary to effectuate the 26 27 provisions of this subsection. 28 (h) Annually, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 29 Commission Department of Environmental Protection shall 30 furnish the Department of Revenue with a current list of 31 wholesale dealers in the state. 317

(i) Collections received by the Department of Revenue
from the surcharge shall be transferred quarterly to the $\underline{Fish}$
and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of
Environmental Protection Marine Resources Conservation Trust
Fund, less the costs of administration.
(j) The executive director of the Department of
Revenue is hereby authorized to adopt emergency rules pursuant
to s. 120.54(4) for purposes of implementing this subsection.
Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, such emergency
rules shall remain effective for 6 months from the date of
adoption. Other rules of the Department of Revenue related to
and in furtherance of the orderly implementation of this
subsection shall not be subject to a s. 120.56(2) rule
challenge or a s. 120.54(3)(c)2. drawout proceeding but, once
adopted, shall be subject to a s. 120.56(3) invalidity
challenge. Such rules shall be adopted by the Governor and
Cabinet and shall become effective upon filing with the
Department of State, notwithstanding the provisions of s.
120.54(3)(e)6.
(k) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission
Department of Environmental Protection shall use or distribute
funds generated by this surcharge, less reasonable costs of
collection and administration, to fund the following oyster
management and restoration programs in Apalachicola Bay:
1. The relaying and transplanting of live oysters.
2. Shell planting to construct or rehabilitate oyster
bars.
3. Education programs for licensed oyster harvesters
on oyster biology, aquaculture, boating and water safety,
sanitation, resource conservation, small business management,
and other relevant subjects.
318

4. Research directed toward the enhancement of oyster production in the bay and the water management needs of the bay.

3 4

1

2

(4) TRANSPORTATION OF SALTWATER PRODUCTS.--

5 (a) A person transporting in this state saltwater 6 products that were produced in this state, regardless of 7 destination, shall have in his or her possession invoices, 8 bills of lading, or other similar instruments showing the 9 number of packages, boxes, or containers and the number of 10 pounds of each species and the name, physical address, and the 11 Florida wholesale dealer number of the dealer of origin.

(b) A person transporting in this state saltwater 12 13 products that were produced outside this state to be delivered to a destination in this state shall have in his or her 14 possession invoices, bills of lading, or other similar 15 instruments showing the number of packages, boxes, or 16 17 containers and the number of pounds of each species, the name 18 and physical address of the dealer of origin, and the name, 19 physical address, and Florida wholesale dealer number of the 20 Florida dealer to whom the shipment is to be delivered.

(c) A person transporting in this state saltwater 21 products that were produced outside this state which are to be 22 delivered to a destination outside this state shall have in 23 24 his or her possession invoices, bills of lading, or other 25 similar instruments showing the number of packages, boxes, or containers and the number of pounds of each species, the name 26 and physical address of the dealer of origin, and the name and 27 28 physical address of the dealer to whom the shipment is to be 29 delivered.

30 (d) If the saltwater products in transit came from31 more than one dealer, distributor, or producer, each lot from

319

1 each dealer shall be covered by invoices, bills of lading, and 2 other similar instruments showing the number of boxes or 3 containers and the number of pounds of each species. Each 4 invoice, bill of lading, and other similar instrument shall 5 display the wholesale dealer license number and the name and 6 physical address of the dealer, distributor, or producer of 7 the lot covered by the instrument.

8 (e) It is unlawful to sell, deliver, ship, or 9 transport, or to possess for the purpose of selling, 10 delivering, shipping, or transporting, any saltwater products 11 without all invoices of such products having thereon the wholesale dealer license number in such form as may be 12 prescribed under the provisions of this subsection and the 13 rules and regulations of the commission department. Any 14 saltwater products found in the possession of any person who 15 is in violation of this provision may be seized by the 16 17 commission department and disposed of in the manner provided 18 by law.

(f) Nothing contained in this subsection may be construed to apply to the sale and delivery to a consumer of saltwater products in an ordinary retail transaction by a licensed retail dealer who has purchased such products from a licensed wholesale dealer or to the sale and delivery of the catch or products of a saltwater products licensee to a Florida-licensed wholesale dealer.

(g) Wholesale dealers' licenses shall be issued only to applicants who furnish to the <u>commission</u> department satisfactory evidence of law-abiding reputation and who pledge themselves to faithfully observe all of the laws and regulations of this state relating to the conservation of, dealing in, taking, selling, transporting, or possession of

320

saltwater products and to cooperate in the enforcement of all 1 2 such laws to every reasonable extent. This pledge may be 3 included in the application for license. 4 (h) Any person who violates the provisions of this 5 subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, б punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 7 (5) LICENSE DENIAL, SUSPENSION, OR REVOCATION. --8 (a) A license issued to a wholesale or retail dealer 9 is good only to the person to whom issued and named therein 10 and is not transferable. The commission department may 11 revoke, suspend, or deny the renewal of the license of any licensee: 12 13 1. Upon the conviction of the licensee of any 14 violation of the laws or regulations designed for the 15 conservation of saltwater products; 2. Upon conviction of the licensee of knowingly 16 17 dealing in, buying, selling, transporting, possessing, or taking any saltwater product, at any time and from any waters, 18 19 in violation of the laws of this state; or 20 3. Upon satisfactory evidence of any violation of the laws or any regulations of this state designed for the 21 conservation of saltwater products or of any of the laws of 22 this state relating to dealing in, buying, selling, 23 24 transporting, possession, or taking of saltwater products. 25 (b) Upon revocation of such license, no other or further license may be issued to the dealer within 3 years 26 27 from the date of revocation except upon special order of the 28 commission department. After revocation, it is unlawful for 29 such dealer to exercise any of the privileges of a licensed wholesale or retail dealer. 30 31

321

1 (C) In addition to, or in lieu of, the penalty imposed 2 pursuant to this subsection, the commission department may 3 impose penalties pursuant to s. 370.021. RECORDS TO BE KEPT ON SALTWATER PRODUCTS .--4 (6) 5 (a) Wholesale dealers shall be required by the б commission department to make and preserve a record of the 7 names and addresses of persons from whom or to whom saltwater 8 products are purchased or sold, the quantity so purchased or 9 sold from or to each vendor or purchaser, and the date of each 10 such transaction. Retail dealers shall be required to make and 11 preserve a record from whom all saltwater products are purchased. Such record shall be open to inspection at all 12 13 times by the commission department. A report covering the sale of saltwater products shall be made monthly or as often 14 as required by rule to the commission department by each 15 wholesale dealer. All reports required under this subsection 16 17 are confidential and shall be exempt from the provisions of s. 18 119.07(1) except that, pursuant to authority related to 19 interstate fishery compacts as provided by ss. 370.19(3) and 20 370.20(3), reports may be shared with another state if that state is a member of an interstate fisheries compact, and if 21 that state has signed a Memorandum of Agreement or a similar 22 instrument agreeing to preserve confidentiality as established 23 24 by Florida law.

(b) The <u>commission</u> department may revoke, suspend, or deny the renewal of the license of any dealer for failure to make and keep required records, for failure to make required reports, for failure or refusal to permit the examination of required records, or for falsifying any such record. In addition to, or in lieu of, the penalties imposed pursuant to this paragraph and s. 370.021, the <u>commission</u> department may

322

1 impose against any person, firm, or corporation who is 2 determined to have violated any provision of this paragraph or 3 any provisions of any commission department rules promulgated 4 pursuant to s. 370.0607, the following additional penalties: 5 1. For the first violation, a civil penalty of up to б \$1,000; 7 For a second violation committed within 24 months 2. 8 of any previous violation, a civil penalty of up to \$2,500; 9 and 10 3. For a third or subsequent violation committed 11 within 36 months of any previous two violations, a civil penalty of up to \$5,000. 12 13 The proceeds of all civil penalties collected pursuant to this 14 15 subsection shall be deposited into the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund and shall be used for administration, 16 17 auditing, and law enforcement purposes. (7) PURCHASE OF SALTWATER PRODUCTS AT TEMPORARY 18 19 LOCATION. -- Wholesale dealers purchasing saltwater products 20 pursuant to s. 370.06(2)(a) at any site other than a site located in a county where the dealer has a permanent address 21 must notify the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 22 Division of Law Enforcement of the location of the temporary 23 24 site of business for each day business is to be conducted at 25 such site. (8) UNLAWFUL PURCHASE OF SALTWATER PRODUCTS.--It is 26 27 unlawful for any licensed retail dealer or any restaurant 28 licensed by the Division of Hotels and Restaurants of the 29 Department of Business and Professional Regulation to buy saltwater products from any person other than a licensed 30 31 wholesale or retail dealer.

323

1 Section 231. Section 370.071, Florida Statutes, is 2 amended to read: 3 370.071 Shellfish processors; regulation .--4 (1) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 5 department is authorized to adopt by rule regulations, 6 specifications, and codes relating to sanitary practices for catching, cultivating, handling, processing, packaging, 7 8 preserving, canning, smoking, and storing of oysters, clams, 9 mussels, and crabs. The commission department is also 10 authorized to license aquaculture facilities used to culture 11 oysters, clams, mussels, and crabs when such activities relate to quality control, sanitary, and public health practices 12 pursuant to this section and s. 370.06(4). 13 The commission department is also authorized to license or certify facilities 14 15 used for processing oysters, clams, mussels, and crabs, to suspend or revoke such licenses or certificates upon 16 17 satisfactory evidence of any violation of rules adopted pursuant to this section, and to seize and destroy any 18 19 adulterated or misbranded shellfish products as defined by 20 rule. 21 (2) A shellfish processing plant certification license 22 is required to operate any facility in which oysters, clams, mussels, or crabs are processed, including but not limited to: 23 24 an oyster, clam, or mussel cannery; a shell stock dealership; 25 an oyster, clam, or mussel shucking plant; an oyster, clam, or mussel repacking plant; an oyster, clam, or mussel controlled 26 27 purification plant; or a crab or soft-shell crab processing or

28 shedding plant.

29 (3) The <u>commission</u> department may suspend or revoke 30 any shellfish processing plant certification license upon 31 satisfactory evidence that the licensee has violated any

324

1 regulation, specification, or code adopted under this section 2 and may seize and destroy any shellfish product which is 3 defined by rule to be an adulterated or misbranded shellfish 4 product. 5 Section 232. Subsection (7) of section 370.08, Florida б Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 7 370.08 Fishers and equipment; regulation.--8 ILLEGAL USE OF POISONS, DRUGS, OR CHEMICALS .--(7) 9 (a) It is unlawful for any person to place poisons, 10 drugs, or other chemicals in the marine waters of this state 11 unless that person has first obtained a special activity license for such use pursuant to s. 370.06 from the Fish and 12 Wildlife Conservation Commission Division of Marine Resources 13 14 of the Department of Environmental Protection. 15 (b) Upon application on forms furnished by the commission division, the commission division may issue a 16 17 license to use poisons, drugs, or other chemicals in the 18 marine waters of this state for the purpose of capturing live 19 marine species. The application and license shall specify the 20 area in which collecting will be done, the drugs, chemicals, or poisons to be used, and the maximum amounts and 21 22 concentrations at each sampling. Section 233. Subsection (3) of section 370.0821, 23 24 Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 25 370.0821 St. Johns County; use of nets .--(3) No person, firm, or corporation shall use, or 26 27 cause to be used, any manner of seine net, other than a 28 recreational net as hereafter defined, in the salt waters of 29 St. Johns County, or within 1 mile seaward of the Atlantic Ocean beaches and coast thereof, without a permit issued by 30 31 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Division of 325

1 Marine Resources of the Department of Environmental 2 Protection. Applications for such permits shall be made on 3 forms to be supplied by the commission division, which shall require the applicant to furnish such information as may be 4 5 deemed pertinent to the best interests of saltwater б conservation. The fee for such permits shall be \$250 per year. 7 Each permit shall entitle the holder thereof to use no more 8 than one seine net at any one time, subject to the provisions of subsections (1), (2), and (3). The commission division may 9 10 refuse to grant any permit when it is apparent that the best 11 interests of saltwater conservation will be served by such denial. All permits granted shall be in the holder's 12 13 possession whenever the holder is engaged in using a seine net. Each permit is subject to immediate revocation upon 14 conviction of a violation of any provision of this section or 15 when it is apparent that the best interests of saltwater 16 17 conservation will be served by such revocation. Section 234. Subsection (2) of section 370.10, Florida 18 19 Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 370.10 Crustacea, marine animals, fish; regulations; 20 21 general provisions .--(2) TAKING SALTWATER SPECIES FOR EXPERIMENTAL, 22 SCIENTIFIC, EDUCATION, AND EXHIBITION 23 24 PURPOSES. -- Notwithstanding any other provisions of general or 25 special law to the contrary, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission department may authorize, upon such 26 terms, conditions, and restrictions as it may prescribe by 27 28 rule, any properly accredited person to harvest or possess 29 indigenous or nonindigenous saltwater species for experimental, scientific, education, and exhibition purposes. 30 31 Such authorizations may allow collection of specimens without 326

1 regard to, and not limited to, size, seasonal closure, 2 collection method, reproductive state, or bag limit. 3 Authorizations issued under the provisions of this section may 4 be suspended or revoked by the commission department if it 5 finds that the person has violated this section, commission б department rules or orders, or terms or conditions of the authorization or has submitted false or inaccurate information 7 8 in his or her application.

9 Section 235. Section 370.103, Florida Statutes, is 10 amended to read:

11 370.103 Agreements with Federal Government for the preservation of saltwater fisheries; authority of commission 12 department.--The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 13 14 Department of Environmental Protection is authorized and empowered to enter into cooperative agreements with the 15 Federal Government or agencies thereof for the purpose of 16 17 preserving saltwater fisheries within and without state waters 18 and for the purpose of protecting against overfishing, waste, 19 depletion, or any abuse whatsoever. Such authority includes 20 the authority to enter into cooperative agreements whereby 21 officers of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission are the Division of Law Enforcement of the department is empowered 22 to enforce federal statutes and rules pertaining to fisheries 23 24 management. When differences between state and federal laws 25 occur, state laws shall take precedence.

26 Section 236. Section 370.135, Florida Statutes, 1998
27 Supplement, is amended to read:

28

370.135 Blue crab; regulation.--

(1) No person, firm, or corporation shall transport on
the water, fish with or cause to be fished with, set, or place
any trap designed for taking blue crabs unless such person,

327

1 firm, or corporation is the holder of a valid saltwater 2 products license issued pursuant to s. 370.06 and the trap has 3 a current state number permanently attached to the buoy. The 4 trap number shall be affixed in legible figures at least 1 5 inch high on each buoy used. The saltwater products license 6 must be on board the boat, and both the license and the crabs 7 shall be subject to inspection at all times. Only one trap number may be issued for each boat by the commission 8 9 department upon receipt of an application on forms prescribed 10 by it. This subsection shall not apply to an individual 11 fishing with no more than five traps. It is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 12 775.083, or s. 775.084, for any person willfully to molest any 13 14 traps, lines, or buoys, as defined herein, belonging to another without permission of the licenseholder. 15 (2) No person shall harvest blue crabs with more than 16 17 five traps, harvest blue crabs in commercial quantities, or 18 sell blue crabs unless such person holds a valid saltwater 19 products license with a restricted species endorsement and a 20 blue crab endorsement (trap number) issued pursuant to this 21 subsection. (a) Effective June 1, 1998, and until July 1, 2002, no 22 blue crab endorsement (trap number), except those endorsements 23 24 that are active during the 1997-1998 fiscal year, shall be 25 renewed or replaced.

(b) In 1998, persons holding an endorsement that was active in the 1997-1998 fiscal year, or an immediate family member of that person, must request approval of the endorsement prior to December 31, 1998.

30 (c) In subsequent years and until July 1, 2002, a trap 31 number holder, or members of his or her immediate family, must 328

1 request renewal of the endorsement prior to September 30 of 2 each year. 3 (d) If a person holding an active blue crab endorsement, or a member of that person's immediate family, 4 5 does not request renewal of the endorsement before the б applicable dates as specified in this subsection, the 7 commission department shall deactivate that endorsement. 8 In the event of the death or disability of a (e) 9 person holding an active blue crab endorsement, the 10 endorsement may be transferred by the person to a member of 11 his or her immediate family or may be renewed by any person so designated by the executor of the person's estate. 12 (f) Persons who hold saltwater products licenses with 13 blue crab endorsements issued to their boat registration 14 numbers and who subsequently replace their existing vessels 15 with new vessels shall be permitted to transfer the existing 16 17 licenses to the new boat registration numbers. 18 Section 237. Section 370.143, Florida Statutes, is 19 amended to read: 20 370.143 Retrieval of lobster and stone crab traps 21 during closed season; commission department authority; fees.--The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 22 (1) Department of Environmental Protection is authorized to 23 24 implement a trap retrieval program for retrieval of lobster 25 and stone crab traps remaining in the water during the closed season for each species. The commission department is 26 27 authorized to contract with outside agents for the program 28 operation. 29 (2) A retrieval fee of \$10 per trap retrieved shall be 30 assessed trap owners. Traps recovered under this program 31 shall become the property of the commission <del>department</del> or its 329

1 contract agent and shall be either destroyed or resold to the 2 original owner. Revenue from retrieval fees shall be 3 deposited in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund and 4 used for operation of the trap retrieval program. 5 (3) Payment of the assessed retrieval fee shall be б required prior to renewal of the trap owner's trap number as a 7 condition of number renewal. Retrieval fees assessed under 8 this program shall stand in lieu of other penalties imposed 9 for such trap violations. 10 (4) In the event of a major natural disaster, such as 11 hurricane or major storm causing massive trap losses, the commission department shall waive the trap retrieval fee. 12 Section 238. Subsections (1), (3), (4), and (6) of 13 section 370.15, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended 14 15 to read: 370.15 Shrimp; regulation.--16 17 (1) GENERAL AUTHORITY; CONSERVATION. -- The commission department has authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 18 19 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this 20 section. The commission department shall encourage the 21 production of the maximum sustained yield consistent with the preservation and protection of breeding stock, taking into 22 consideration the recommendations of the various marine 23 24 laboratories, as well as those of interested and experienced groups of private citizens. Rules shall control the method, 25 manner, and equipment used in the taking of shrimp or prawn, 26 27 as well as limiting and defining the areas where taken. 28 (3) SHRIMP TRAPS.--29 (a) It is unlawful for any person, firm, or 30 corporation to take or attempt to take shrimp by the use of 31 any trap which: 330

1 1. Exceeds the following dimensions: 36 inches long 2 (from rear of the heart to the leading edge of the trap), by 3 24 inches wide (between the leading edges of the trap, or 4 heart opening), by 12 inches high; or 5 Has external or unattached wings, weirs, or other 2. б devices intended to funnel shrimp to the trap heart. 7 (b) This subsection shall not be construed to restrict 8 the allowable shape or configuration of any shrimp trap so 9 long as the trap, together with all of its parts, conforms to 10 the specifications of paragraph (a). 11 (c) Any shrimp trap which conforms to the specifications of paragraph (a) shall not be considered a 12 13 pound net. The user of any trap shall affix his or her name 14 (d) 15 and address securely to each trap. Any such trap not having proper identification is subject to confiscation by the 16 17 commission department. No person, firm, or corporation shall 18 have more than four traps in use at any time. The commission 19 department shall have the authority to inspect such traps when 20 being used in or on the waters of the state. 21 (e) The presence of unattended shrimp traps on or attached to beaches, causeways, seawalls, bridges, or any 22 other structures open for use by the public is hereby declared 23 24 to be a nuisance. Any such trap which is not attended by the 25 person whose name is affixed to the trap is subject to confiscation by the commission department. 26 27 (4) SHRIMP TRAWLING. -- All persons, firms, and 28 corporations desiring to trawl for shrimp within areas in 29 which trawling is permitted shall have a noncommercial trawl or net registration or purchase a saltwater products license 30 31 issued to a valid boat registration or in the name of an 331

1 individual pursuant to s. 370.06. The saltwater products 2 license shall remain on board at all times and is subject to 3 immediate revocation upon conviction for violation of this 4 section or when it becomes apparent that the best interests of 5 saltwater conservation will be served by such action. A 6 noncommercial trawl or net registration must be issued to each 7 net used to take shrimp for noncommercial purposes. Such net 8 or trawl shall have a corkline measurement of 16 feet or less. 9 Possession of shrimp under a noncommercial registration is 10 limited to 25 pounds while on the water. Due to the varied 11 habitats and types of bottoms and hydrographic conditions embraced by the open fishing area, the commission division 12 13 shall have the authority to specify and regulate the types of 14 gear that may be used in the different sections of the open 15 areas.

(6) LIVE BAIT SHRIMPING; LICENSES.--Live bait shrimp 16 17 may be caught at any time but only under license issued by the 18 commission department. Licensees must fish with gear and 19 under those conditions specified by the commission department. 20 Application for such licenses shall be on forms supplied by the commission department. A live bait shrimping license 21 shall be revocable when the holder does not comply with the 22 laws and regulations applicable to saltwater conservation. 23 24 All vessels fishing for live bait shrimp must be equipped with 25 live bait shrimp tanks, and no more than 5 pounds of dead shrimp will be allowed on board such vessel per day. 26 27 Section 239. Subsection (2) of section 370.15, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 28 29 370.151 Tortugas shrimp beds; penalties.--30 (2)(a) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 31 Division of Law Enforcement is authorized to take title in the 332

1 name of the state to any vessel or vessels suitable for use in 2 carrying out the inspection and patrol of the Tortugas Bed 3 which may be offered as a gift to the state by any person, 4 firm, corporation, or association in the shrimp industry for 5 the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this section. In the event such title is taken to such vessel or vessels, б the commission division is authorized to operate and keep said 7 8 vessel or vessels in proper repair.

9 (b) The commission division is further authorized to 10 accept the temporary loan of any vessel or vessels, suitable 11 for use in carrying out the provisions of this section, for periods not exceeding 1 year. However, the state shall not 12 13 assume any liability to the owner or owners of said vessels 14 for any damage done by said vessels to other vessels, persons, 15 or property. In the operation of said loaned vessels, upkeep and repair shall consist only of minor repairs and routine 16 17 maintenance. The owner or owners shall carry full marine 18 insurance coverage on said loaned vessel or vessels for the 19 duration of the period during which said vessels are operated 20 by the state.

21 Section 240. Section 370.153, Florida Statutes, 1998
22 Supplement, is amended to read:

370.153 Regulation of shrimp fishing; Clay, Duval,
Nassau, Putnam, Flagler, and St. Johns Counties.--

25 (1) DEFINITIONS.--When used in this section, unless 26 the context clearly requires otherwise:

27 (a) "Inland waters" means all creeks, rivers, bayous,28 bays, inlets, and canals.

(b) "Sample" means one or more shrimp taken from anaccurately defined part of the area defined.

31

333

1 (C) "Series" means 10 or more samples taken within a period of not more than 1 week, each sample being taken at a 2 3 different station within the pattern. "Pattern" means 10 or more stations. 4 (d) 5 "Station" means a single location on the water of (e) б the areas defined. 7 "Licensed live bait shrimp producer" means any (f) 8 individual licensed by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of Environmental Protection to employ 9 10 the use of any trawl for the taking of live bait shrimp within 11 the inland waters of Nassau, Duval, St. Johns, Putnam, Flagler, or Clay Counties. 12 "Licensed dead shrimp producer" means any 13 (q) individual licensed by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 14 Commission Department of Environmental Protection to employ 15 the use of any trawl for the taking of shrimp within the 16 17 inland waters of Nassau, Duval, St. Johns, Putnam, Flagler, or 18 Clay Counties. 19 (2) SHRIMPING PROHIBITED. -- It is unlawful to employ 20 the use of any trawl or other net, except a common cast net, 21 designed for or capable of taking shrimp, within the inland waters of Nassau, Duval, St. Johns, Putnam, Flagler, or Clay 22 Counties, except as hereinafter provided. 23 24 (3) LIVE BAIT SHRIMP PRODUCTION.--(a) A live bait shrimp production license shall be 25 issued by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 26 27 Department of Environmental Protection upon the receipt of an 28 application by a person intending to use a boat, not to exceed 29 35 feet in length in Duval, St. Johns, Putnam, Flagler, and Clay Counties and not to exceed 45 feet in length in Nassau 30 31 County, for live shrimp production within the inland waters of 334

1 Nassau, Duval, St. Johns, Putnam, Flagler, or Clay Counties and the payment of a fee of \$250. The annual fee of \$250 shall 2 3 be collected by the commission department for the issuance of the license during a 60-day period beginning June 1 of each 4 5 year. The design of the application and permit shall be б determined by the commission department. The proceeds of the 7 fee imposed by this paragraph shall be used by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of Environmental 8 9 Protection for the purposes of enforcement of marine resource 10 laws.

(b) The <u>Executive Director of the Fish and Wildlife</u> <u>Conservation Commission</u> Secretary of Environmental Protection, or his or her designated representative, may by order close certain areas to live bait shrimp production when sampling procedures justify the closing based upon sound conservation practices. The revocation of any order to close has the effect of opening the area.

(c) Every live bait shrimp producer shall produce 18 19 evidence satisfactory to the commission department that he or 20 she has the necessary equipment to maintain the shrimp alive while aboard the shrimp fishing vessel. All vessels fishing 21 22 for live bait shrimp must be equipped with live bait shrimp tanks of a type and capacity satisfactory to the commission 23 24 department, and no more than 5 pounds of dead shrimp will be 25 allowed on board such vessel per day.

26 (d)1. Each licensed live bait shrimp producer who 27 stores his or her catch for sale or sells his or her catch 28 shall either:

a. Maintain onshore facilities which have been
annually checked and approved by the local <u>commission Marine</u>
Patrol office to assure the facilities' ability to maintain

335

1 the catch alive when the live bait shrimp producer produces 2 for his or her own facility; or 3 Sell his or her catch only to persons who have h 4 onshore facilities that which have been annually checked and 5 approved by the local commission Marine Patrol office to б assure the facilities' ability to maintain the catch alive, 7 when the producer sells his or her catch to an onshore facility. The producer shall provide the commission Department 8 9 of Environmental Protection with the wholesale number of the 10 facility to which the shrimp have been sold and shall submit 11 this number on a form designed and approved by the commission 12 department. 13 2. All persons who maintain onshore facilities as 14 described in this paragraph, whether the facilities are maintained by the licensed live bait shrimp producer or by 15 another party who purchases shrimp from live bait shrimp 16 17 producers, shall keep records of their transactions in conformance with the provisions of s. 370.07(6). 18 19 (e) All commercial trawling in Clay, Duval, and St. 20 Johns Counties shall be restricted to the inland waters of the St. Johns River proper in the area north of the Acosta Bridge 21 22 in Jacksonville and at least 100 yards from the nearest shoreline. 23 24 (f) A live shrimp producer must also be a licensed 25 wholesale dealer. Such person shall not sell live bait shrimp unless he or she produces a live bait shrimp production 26 27 license at the time of sale. 28 The commission department shall rename the Live (q) 29 Bait Shrimp Production License as the Commercial Live Shrimp Production License. 30 31

336

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 (4) DEAD SHRIMP PRODUCTION. -- Any person may operate as 2 a commercial dead shrimp producer provided that: 3 (a) A dead shrimp production permit is procured from 4 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of 5 Environmental Protection upon the receipt by the commission б department of a properly filled out and approved application 7 by a person intending to use a boat, not to exceed 35 feet in length in Duval, St. Johns, Putnam, and Clay Counties, and not 8 9 to exceed 45 feet in length in Nassau County, for dead shrimp 10 production within the inland waters of Nassau County and the 11 inland waters of the St. Johns River of Duval, Putnam, St. Johns, Flagler, or Clay Counties, which permit shall cost \$250 12 13 and shall be required for each vessel used for dead shrimp production. The design of the application and permit shall be 14 15 determined by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of Environmental Protection. The proceeds of the 16 17 fees imposed by this paragraph shall be deposited into the 18 account of the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund to be 19 used by the commission department for the purpose of 20 enforcement of marine resource laws. (b) All commercial trawling in the St. Johns River 21 proper shall be restricted to the area north of the Acosta 22 23 Bridge in Jacksonville and at least 100 yards from the nearest 24 shoreline. 25 (c) All commercial shrimping activities shall be allowed during daylight hours from Tuesday through Friday each 26 27 week. 28 (d) No person holding a dead shrimp production permit 29 issued pursuant to this subsection shall simultaneously hold a permit for noncommercial trawling under the provisions of 30 31 subsection (5). The number of permits issued by the 337 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. **Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 commission department for commercial trawling or dead shrimp 2 production in any one year shall be the number issued in the 3 base year, 1976. All permits shall be inheritable or 4 transferable to an immediate family member and annually 5 renewable by the holder thereof. Such inheritance or transfer б shall be valid upon being registered with the commission 7 department. All permits not renewed shall expire and shall not 8 be renewed under any circumstances.

9 (e) It is illegal for any person to sell dead shrimp 10 caught in the inland waters of Nassau, Duval, Clay, Putnam, 11 and St. Johns Counties, unless the seller is in possession of 12 a dead shrimp production license issued pursuant to this 13 subsection.

(f) It is illegal for any person to purchase shrimp
for consumption or bait from any seller (with respect to
shrimp caught in the inland waters of Nassau, Duval, Clay,
Putnam, and St. Johns Counties (St. Johns River)) who does not
produce his or her dead shrimp production license prior to the
sale of the shrimp.

20 (g) In addition to any other penalties provided for in 21 this section, any person who violates the provisions of this 22 subsection shall have his or her license revoked by the 23 commission department.

(h) The <u>commission</u> department shall rename the Dead
Shrimp Production License as the Commercial Food Shrimp
Production License.

(5) NONCOMMERCIAL TRAWLING.--Any person may harvest shrimp in the St. Johns River for his or her own use as food and may trawl for such shrimp under the following conditions: (a) Each person who desires to trawl for shrimp for use as food shall obtain a noncommercial trawling permit from

338

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 the local Marine Patrol office of the Fish and Wildlife 2 Conservation Commission Department of Environmental Protection 3 upon filling out an application on a form prescribed by the 4 commission department and upon paying a fee for the permit, 5 which shall cost \$50. б (b) All trawling shall be restricted to the confines 7 of the St. Johns River proper in the area north of the Acosta 8 Bridge in Jacksonville and at least 100 yards from the nearest shoreline. 9 10 (c) No shrimp caught by a person licensed under the 11 provisions of this subsection may be sold or offered for sale. SAMPLING PROCEDURE. --12 (6) The Executive Director of the Fish and Wildlife 13 (a) 14 Conservation Commission Secretary of Environmental Protection shall have samples taken at established stations within 15 patterns at frequent intervals. 16 17 (b) No area may be closed to live bait shrimp production unless a series of samples has been taken and it 18 19 has been determined that the shrimp are undersized or that 20 continued shrimping in this area would have an adverse effect 21 on conservation. Standards for size may be established by 22 rule of the commission department. (c) No area may be opened to dead shrimp production 23 24 unless a series of samples has been taken and it has been determined that the shrimp are of legal size. Legal-sized 25 shrimp shall be defined as not more than 47 shrimp with heads 26 27 on, or 70 shrimp with heads off, per pound. 28 (7) LICENSE POSSESSION. -- The operator of a boat 29 employing the use of any trawl for shrimp production must be in possession of a current shrimp production license issued to 30 31 him or her pursuant to the provisions of this section. 339

1 (8) USE OF TRAWL; LIMITATION.--2 (a) The use of a trawl by either a live bait shrimp 3 producer or dead shrimp producer shall be limited to the daylight hours, and the taking of dead shrimp shall not take 4 5 place on Saturdays, Sundays, or legal state holidays. 6 (b) The use of a trawl by either a live bait shrimp 7 producer or dead shrimp producer within 100 yards of any 8 shoreline is prohibited. The Fish and Wildlife Conservation 9 Commission Department of Environmental Protection, by rule or 10 order, may define the area or areas where this subsection 11 shall apply. (c)1. It is unlawful to employ the use of any trawl 12 designed for, or capable of, taking shrimp within 1/4 mile 13 14 of any natural or manmade inlet in Duval County or St. Johns County. 15 It is unlawful for anyone to trawl in the Trout 16 2. 17 River west of the bridge on U.S. 17 in Duval County. 18 (9) ST. JOHNS RIVER; RULEMAKING PROHIBITED.--The Department of Environmental Protection may not adopt any rule 19 20 which regulates shrimping in the St. Johns River. (9)(10) CREDITS. -- Fees paid pursuant to paragraphs 21 22 (3)(a) and (4)(a) of this section shall be credited against the saltwater products license fee. 23 Section 241. Subsection (2) of section 370.1603, 24 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 25 26 370.1603 Oysters produced in and outside state; 27 labeling; tracing; rules.--(1) No wholesale or retail dealer, as defined in s. 28 29 370.07(1), shall sell any oysters produced outside this state 30 unless they are labeled as such, or unless it is otherwise 31

340

1 reasonably made known to the purchaser that the oysters were 2 not produced in this state. 3 (2) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of Environmental Protection shall promulgate rules 4 5 whereby oysters produced in Florida waters can be traced to б the location from which they were harvested. A wholesale or 7 retail dealer may not sell any oysters produced in this state 8 unless they are labeled so that they may be traced to the 9 point of harvesting. 10 Section 242. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 11 370.172, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 370.172 Spearfishing; definition; limitations; 12 penalty.--13 (2)(a) Spearfishing is prohibited within the 14 15 boundaries of the John Pennekamp Coral Reef State Park, the waters of Collier County, and the area in Monroe County known 16 17 as Upper Keys, which includes all salt waters under the 18 jurisdiction of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 19 Department of Environmental Protection beginning at the county 20 line between Dade and Monroe Counties and running south, 21 including all of the keys down to and including Long Key. (b) For the purposes of this subsection, the 22 possession in the water of a spear, gig, or lance by a person 23 24 swimming at or below the surface of the water in a prohibited area is prima facie evidence of a violation of the provisions 25 of this subsection regarding spearfishing. 26 27 The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (3) 28 Department of Environmental Protection shall have the power to 29 establish restricted areas when it is determined that safety hazards exist or when needs are determined by biological 30 31 findings. Restricted areas shall be established only after an 341

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 investigation has been conducted and upon application by the 2 governing body of the county or municipality in which the 3 restricted areas are to be located and one publication in a 4 local newspaper of general circulation in said county or 5 municipality in addition to any other notice required by law. б Prior to promulgation of regulations, the local governing body 7 of the area affected shall agree to post and maintain notices 8 in the area affected. Section 243. Section 370.18, Florida Statutes, is 9 10 amended to read: 11 370.18 Compacts and agreements; generally.--The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of 12 13 Environmental Protection may enter into agreements of 14 reciprocity with the fish commissioners or other departments 15 or other proper officials of other states, whereby the citizens of the state may be permitted to take or catch shrimp 16 17 or prawn from the waters under the jurisdiction of such other states, upon similar agreements to allow such nonresidents or 18 19 aliens to fish for or catch seafood products within the 20 jurisdiction of the state regardless of residence. Section 244. Subsection (2) of section 370.19, Florida 21 Statutes, is amended to read: 22 370.19 Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Compact; 23 24 implementing legislation .--(2) COMMISSIONERS; APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL.--In 25 pursuance of Article III of said compact there shall be three 26 27 members (hereinafter called commissioners) of the Atlantic State Marine Fisheries Commission (hereinafter called 28 29 commission) from this state. The first commissioner from this state shall be the Executive Director of the Fish and Wildlife 30 31 Conservation Commission Secretary of Environmental Protection, 342

## **Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 ex officio, and the term of any such ex officio commissioner 2 shall terminate at the time he or she ceases to hold said 3 office of Executor Director of the Fish and Wildlife 4 Conservation Commission Secretary of Environmental Protection, 5 and his or her successor as commissioner shall be his or her б successor as executive director secretary. The second 7 commissioner from this state shall be a legislator and member 8 of the house committee on commerce and reciprocal trade (of 9 the State of Florida, ex officio, designated by said house 10 committee on commerce and reciprocal trade), and the term of 11 any such ex officio commissioner shall terminate at the time he or she ceases to hold said legislative office as 12 13 commissioner on interstate cooperation, and his or her successor as commissioner shall be named in like manner. The 14 Governor (subject to confirmation by the Senate), shall 15 appoint a citizen as a third commissioner who shall have a 16 17 knowledge of, and interest in, the marine fisheries problem. The term of said commissioner shall be 3 years and the 18 19 commissioner shall hold office until a successor shall be 20 appointed and qualified. Vacancies occurring in the office of such commissioner from any reason or cause shall be filled by 21 appointment by the Governor (subject to confirmation by the 22 Senate), for the unexpired term. The Executive Director of the 23 24 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Secretary of 25 Environmental Protection as ex officio commissioner may delegate, from time to time, to any deputy or other 26 subordinate in his or her department or office, the power to 27 28 be present and participate, including voting, as his or her 29 representative or substitute at any meeting of or hearing by or other proceeding of the commission. The terms of each of 30 31 the initial three members shall begin at the date of the

343

1 appointment of the appointive commissioner, provided the said 2 compact shall then have gone into effect in accordance with 3 Article II of the compact; otherwise, they shall begin upon 4 the date upon which said compact shall become effective in 5 accordance with said Article II. Any commissioner may be б removed from office by the Governor upon charges and after a 7 hearing. 8 Section 245. Subsection (2) of section 370.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 9 10 370.20 Gulf States Marine Fisheries Compact; 11 implementing legislation. --(2) MEMBERS OF COMMISSION; TERM OF OFFICE.--In 12 pursuance of article III of said compact, there shall be three 13 members (hereinafter called commissioners) of the Gulf States 14 Marine Fisheries Commission (hereafter called commission) from 15 the State of Florida. The first commissioner from the State of 16 17 Florida shall be the Executive Director of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Secretary of Environmental 18 19 Protection, ex officio, and the term of any such ex officio 20 commissioner shall terminate at the time he or she ceases to hold said office of Executive Director of the Fish and 21 Wildlife Conservation Commission Secretary of Environmental 22 Protection, and his or her successor as commissioner shall be 23 24 his or her successor as executive director secretary. The 25 second commissioner from the State of Florida shall be a legislator and a member of the house committee on commerce and 26 reciprocal trade (of the State of Florida ex officio, 27

28 designated by said house committee on commerce and reciprocal

29 trade), and the term of any such ex officio commissioner shall

30 terminate at the time he or she ceases to hold said

31 legislative office as commissioner on interstate cooperation,

344

1 and his or her successor as commissioner shall be named in 2 like manner. The Governor (subject to confirmation by the 3 Senate) shall appoint a citizen as a third commissioner who 4 shall have a knowledge of and interest in the marine fisheries 5 problem. The term of said commissioner shall be 3 years and б the commissioner shall hold office until a successor shall be 7 appointed and qualified. Vacancies occurring in the office of 8 such commissioner from any reason or cause shall be filled by 9 appointment by the Governor (subject to confirmation by the 10 Senate) for the unexpired term. The Executive Director of the 11 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Secretary of Environmental Protection, as ex officio commissioner, may 12 delegate, from time to time, to any deputy or other 13 subordinate in his or her department or office, the power to 14 15 be present and participate, including voting, as his or her representative or substitute at any meeting of or hearing by 16 17 or other proceeding of the commission. The terms of each of the initial three members shall begin at the date of the 18 19 appointment of the appointive commissioner, provided the said 20 compact shall then have gone into effect in accordance with article II of the compact; otherwise they shall begin upon the 21 date upon which said compact shall become effective in 22 accordance with said article II. 23 24 Any commissioner may be removed from office by the 25 Governor upon charges and after a hearing. Section 246. Subsections (3), (5), and (7) of section 26 27 370.21, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 28 370.21 Florida Territorial Waters Act; alien-owned 29 commercial fishing vessels; prohibited acts; enforcement .--30 (3) No license shall be issued by the Fish and 31 Wildlife Conservation Commission Division of Marine Resources 345

**Florida Senate - 1999** 309-1987-99

1 of the Department of Environmental Protection under s. 370.06, 2 to any vessel owned in whole or in part by any alien power, 3 which subscribes to the doctrine of international communism, or any subject or national thereof, who subscribes to the 4 5 doctrine of international communism, or any individual who б subscribes to the doctrine of international communism, or who 7 shall have signed a treaty of trade, friendship and alliance or a nonaggression pact with any communist power. The 8 9 commission division shall grant or withhold said licenses 10 where other alien vessels are involved on the basis of 11 reciprocity and retorsion, unless the nation concerned shall be designated as a friendly ally or neutral by a formal 12 13 suggestion transmitted to the Governor of Florida by the 14 Secretary of State of the United States. Upon the receipt of 15 such suggestion licenses shall be granted under s. 370.06, without regard to reciprocity and retorsion, to vessels of 16 17 such nations.

(5) It is the duty of all harbormasters of the state 18 19 to prevent the use of any port facility in a manner which they 20 reasonably suspect may assist in the violation of this act. Harbormasters shall endeavor by all reasonable means, which 21 may include the inspection of nautical logs, to ascertain from 22 masters of newly arrived vessels of all types other than 23 24 warships of the United States, the presence of alien 25 commercial fishing vessels within the territorial waters of the state, and shall transmit such information promptly to the 26 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of 27 28 Environmental Protection and such law enforcement agencies of 29 the state as the situation may indicate. Harbormasters shall request assistance from the United States Coast Guard in 30 31

346

1 appropriate cases to prevent unauthorized departure from any 2 port facility. 3 (7) All law enforcement agencies of the state, 4 including but not limited to sheriffs and officers of the Fish 5 and Wildlife Conservation Commission agents of the Department б of Environmental Protection are empowered and directed to 7 arrest the masters and crews of vessels who are reasonably 8 believed to be in violation of this law, and to seize and detain such vessels, their equipment and catch. Such arresting 9 10 officers shall take the offending crews or property before the 11 court having jurisdiction of such offenses. All such agencies are directed to request assistance from the United States 12 Coast Guard in the enforcement of this act when having 13 knowledge of vessels operating in violation or probable 14 violation of this act within their jurisdictions when such 15 agencies are without means to effectuate arrest and restraint 16 17 of vessels and their crews. Section 247. Subsection (1) of section 372.107, 18 19 Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 20 372.107 Federal Law Enforcement Trust Fund.--(1) The Federal Law Enforcement Trust Fund is created 21 22 within the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission. The commission may deposit into the trust 23 24 fund receipts and revenues received as a result of federal criminal, administrative, or civil forfeiture proceedings and 25 receipts and revenues received from federal asset-sharing 26 27 programs. The trust fund is exempt from the service charges 28 imposed by s. 215.20. 29 Section 248. Section 376.15, Florida Statutes, is 30 amended to read: 31 376.15 Derelict vessels; removal from public waters.--347

1 (1) It is unlawful for any person, firm, or 2 corporation to store or leave any vessel in a wrecked, junked, 3 or substantially dismantled condition or abandoned upon any 4 public waters or at any port in this state without the consent 5 of the agency having jurisdiction thereof or docked at any б private property without the consent of the owner of the 7 private property. 8 (2)(a) The Fish and Wildlife Commission department is 9 hereby designated as the agency of the state authorized and 10 empowered to remove any derelict vessel as described in 11 subsection (1) from public waters. The commission department may establish a program 12 (b) to provide grants to coastal local governments for the removal 13 of derelict vessels from the public waters of the state. 14 The program shall be funded from the Florida Coastal Protection 15 Trust Fund. Notwithstanding the provisions in s. 216.181(10), 16 17 funds available for grants may only be authorized by appropriations acts of the Legislature. 18 19 (c) The commission department shall adopt by rule 20 procedures for submitting a grant application and criteria for 21 allocating available funds. Such criteria shall include, but not be limited to, the following: 22 The number of derelict vessels within the 23 1. 24 jurisdiction of the applicant. The threat posed by such vessels to public health 25 2. or safety, the environment, navigation, or the aesthetic 26 27 condition of the general vicinity. 28 3. The degree of commitment of the local government to 29 maintain waters free of abandoned and derelict vessels and to seek legal action against those who abandon vessels in the 30 31 waters of the state. 348

1 (d) This section shall constitute the authority of the commission department for such removal, but is not intended to 2 3 be in contravention of any applicable federal act. (e) The Department of Legal Affairs shall represent 4 5 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of б Environmental Protection in such actions. 7 Section 249. Subsection (2) of section 823.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 8 9 823.11 Abandoned and derelict vessels; removal; 10 penalty.--11 (2) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Marine 12 Resources, is hereby designated as the agency of the state 13 authorized and empowered to remove or cause to be removed any 14 abandoned or derelict vessel from public waters in any 15 instance when the same obstructs or threatens to obstruct 16 17 navigation or in any way constitutes a danger to the environment. All costs incurred by the commission department 18 in the removal of any abandoned or derelict vessel as set out 19 above shall be recoverable against the owner thereof. Pursuant 20 21 to an agreement with the governing body of a county or municipality, and upon a finding by the commission division 22 that the county or municipality is competent to undertake said 23 24 responsibilities, the commission division may delegate to the 25 county or municipality its authority to remove or cause to be removed an abandoned or derelict vessel from public waters 26 27 within the county or municipality. 28 Section 250. The Executive Office of the Governor is 29 authorized to transfer funds appropriated by the 1999-2000 30 Fiscal Year General Appropriations Act when necessary because 31 of the reorganization made by this act. The Executive Office 349

of the Governor shall consult with the appropriations 1 2 committees of the Senate and House of Representatives as 3 required by chapter 216, Florida Statutes, before making such 4 transfers. 5 Section 251. This act shall take effect July 1, 1999. б STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR  $\underline{\text{CS/SB 864}}$ 7 8 9 The committee substitute make numerous changes to facilitate the transfer of functions from the Department of Environmental Protection and the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission to the 10 11 newly created Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission. 12 Section 12 provides that the Department of Environmental Protection deposit lease fees for oyster and shellfish beds into the Land Acquisition Trust Fund. Oyster and clam shells are retained as property of the department and allows for officers of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission to act as surveillance agents in deposition of shells. 13 14 15 Section 217 repeals antiquated statutory provisions regarding the Coordinating Council on the Restoration of the Kissimmee River Valley and Taylor Creek-Nubbins Slough Basin. 16 17 Section 218 moves current authority for Department of 18 Environmental Protection to use citizen support organizations to newly created s. 403.0611, F.S. 19 Section 219 moves current authority for Department of Environmental Protection to publish statutes, rules, technical and educational publications to newly created s. 403.0613, 20 21 F.S. 22 Section 220 moves current authority for Department of Environmental Protection to establish grant programs to newly created s. 403.0614, F.S. 23 24 Sections 221 through 249 makes additional technical changes to conform Florida Statutes to State Constitution. 25 Section 250 provides that the Executive Office of the Governor, after consultation with the Legislature, may transfer funds as necessary to align the budget with the organization of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission are provided for in the bill. 26 27 2.8 29 30 31 350