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A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Florida Forever Program; creating s. 259.202, F.S.; creating the Florida Forever Act; providing legislative findings; prohibiting the use of certain funds in the Conservation and Recreation Lands and Water Management Lands Trust Funds for land acquisition; providing for the proceeds of bond sales to be deposited into the Florida Forever Trust Fund; providing for the distribution and use of funds; providing project criteria for land acquisition under the Florida Forever Program; requiring increased priority for the acquisition of lands providing protection of certain threatened or endangered species; providing procedures for determining the priority of projects; establishing procedures for the disposition of lands; authorizing alternate uses of acquired lands; providing a limitation on alternate uses; encouraging and requiring the use of alternatives to fee simple acquisition of lands; requiring increased priority for a project if matching funds are available; requiring increased priority if the project is priced below appraised value; amending s. 201.15, F.S.; authorizing the use of revenues for the debt service on bonds; revising the distribution of proceeds from the excise tax on documents; creating s. 215.618, F.S.; providing for the issuance of Florida Forever bonds; providing limitations; providing

procedures and legislative intent; amending s. 1 2 253.027, F.S.; providing for the reservation of 3 funds; revising the criteria for expenditures 4 for archaeological property to include lands on 5 the acquisition list for the Florida Forever 6 Program; amending s. 253.034, F.S., relating to 7 uses of state-owned lands; authorizing additional uses of state lands under specified 8 9 circumstances; conforming cross-references to changes made by the act; conforming provisions; 10 amending s. 259.032, F.S.; authorizing the 11 Florida Forever Commission to allocate funds 12 for land acquisition; emphasizing protection of 13 14 endangered and threatened species; conforming a cross-reference; conforming provisions; 15 requiring the adoption of a management plan 16 17 within a specified period after the acquisition of a parcel under the Florida Forever Program; 18 19 providing a restriction on funding for an 20 agency with overdue management plans; providing a formula and funding source for funding 21 management, maintenance, capital improvements, 22 23 and payments in lieu of taxes; providing funds for the control of exotic species; providing 24 funds for lake restoration from the State Game 25 Trust Fund; specifying eligible lands; 26 providing for the distribution of funds; 27 revising the criteria and eligibility for 28 29 payments in lieu of taxes; limiting the total consecutive years of such payments; providing 30 for the deletion of certain property from an 31

acquisition list; deleting obsolete provisions; 1 2 amending s. 259.035, F.S.; revising the 3 membership of the Land Acquisition and 4 Management Advisory Council and renaming the 5 council as the Florida Forever Commission; 6 revising its duties; requiring the development 7 of goals and a report; amending s. 259.036, F.S.; conforming provisions; providing a 8 9 cross-reference; amending s. 338.250, F.S.; providing for certain mitigation funds to be 10 used in coordination with funds from the 11 12 Florida Forever Trust Fund; amending s. 373.59, F.S.; requiring a report to the Florida Forever 13 14 Commission; providing a process for releasing 15 funds for water resource development and land acquisition projects; deleting provisions 16 authorizing the use of specified funds for debt 17 service on bonds issued pursuant to s. 373.584, 18 19 F.S.; requiring payment of debt service before other uses of funds; providing due dates for 20 required management plans; revising the 21 22 criteria and eligibility for payments in lieu 23 of taxes; requiring that payments by made in consecutive years; amending s. 380.503, F.S.; 24 providing definitions; amending s. 380.504, 25 26 F.S.; revising the membership of the governing body of the Florida Communities Trust within 27 the Department of Community Affairs; conforming 28 29 outdated provisions; amending s. 380.507, F.S.; authorizing the development of rules; amending 30 ss. 420.5092, 420.9073, F.S., relating to 31

affordable housing programs; conforming cross-references to changes made by the act; repealing s. 373.584, F.S., relating to revenue bonds; providing that the repeal of s. 373.584, F.S., does not impair the validity of certain bonds outstanding on the effective date of the act; requiring reinstitution of payments in lieu of taxes in specified circumstances; providing an educational program; creating the Florida Forever Advisory Council on Ecosystem Restoration Education; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 259.202, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

259.202 Florida Forever Act.--

- (1) SHORT TITLE.--This section may be cited as the "Florida Forever Act."
- (2) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS.--The Legislature finds and declares that:
- (a) The continued growth in the state's population contributes to degradation of water resources, destruction of wildlife habitats, loss of recreation space, and diminishment of wetlands and forests and requires that additional sources of water be available in the future.
- (b) The Preservation 2000 Program provided tremendous financial resources for purchasing environmentally significant lands to protect those lands from imminent development,

thereby assuring present and future generations access to important open spaces and recreation and conservation lands.

- (c) It is the Legislature's intent to change the focus and direction of the state's major land acquisition programs and to extend funding and bonding capabilities so that future generations may enjoy the natural resources of Florida forever.
- (d) Although the Florida Forever Program authorizes the continued purchase of lands and interests in lands of the type acquired through the Preservation 2000 Program, the Florida Forever Program will focus on priority needs of the state for acquiring parcels to restore and preserve water quality, facilitate ecosystem management, water resource development, the implementation of surfacewater improvement and management plans, and the provision of green space and recreation opportunities.
- (e) To ensure sufficient funding for land management, payments in lieu of taxes, and related activities, revenues from documentary stamp tax proceeds deposited into the Water Management Lands Trust Fund and the Conservation and Recreation Lands Trust Fund may not be used for land acquisition, although such funds may be used for preacquisition ancillary costs, such as costs of title work, appraisal fees, cost of environmental audits, survey costs, or other related expenses. The Legislature intends that the Florida Forever Program supplant the acquisition programs formerly authorized under ss. 259.032 and 373.59. The Legislature shall review, by July 1, 2005, the need for funds to be available for land acquisition from the Water Management Lands Trust Fund after 2010, and take appropriate action to provide funding to meet anticipated needs.

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(3) DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS.--Proceeds of bonds issued under s. 375.051, less the costs of issuance, the costs of funding reserve accounts, and other costs incurred with respect to the bonds, shall be deposited into the Florida

Forever Trust Fund created by s. 375.046. The Department of Environmental Protection shall distribute the bond proceeds as follows:

(a) Thirty-five percent to the Florida Forever Commission, created pursuant to s. 259.2021, for the purchase of public lands described in s. 259.032, pursuant to the requirements of chapter 259. In the acquisition of lands pursuant to this paragraph, priority shall be given to acquisitions that, when combined with previous acquisitions, will form more complete patterns of protection for natural areas and functioning ecosystems. All lands acquired under this paragraph shall be managed pursuant to s. 253.034(1), and may be used for water resource development projects if such projects are not inconsistent with s. 253.034(1). Water resource development projects may include aquifer storage and recovery facilities, surface water reservoirs, and other alternative water resource development activities. As provided in this paragraph, permittable water resource development projects may be allowed only if: the minimum flows and levels have been established for those waters potentially affected by the project; the project complies with all conditions for the issuance of permits under part II of chapter 373; and the project is consistent with the regional water supply plan of the water management district.

(b) Thirty percent to the Department of Environmental Protection for the purchase of water management lands pursuant to s. 373.59, to be distributed among the water management

districts as provided in s. 373.59(8). Funds received by each district may also be used for: acquisition of lands necessary 2 3 to implement surfacewater improvement and management plans approved in accordance with s. 373.456 which exist on July 1, 4 5 2000; water resource development; or acquisition of lands 6 necessary to implement ecosystem restoration projects. Of this 7 thirty percent, at least one-third must be used for water 8 resource development projects. The South Florida Water 9 Management District must use at least 20 percent of its annual allocation for Everglades restoration activities. 10 (c) Twenty-five percent to the Department of Community 11 12 Affairs for use by the Florida Communities Trust for the purposes of part III of chapter 380, grants to local 13 14 governments or nonprofit environmental organizations that are 15 tax exempt under s. 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code for the acquisition of community-based projects, 16 17 urban open spaces, parks, and greenways to implement local government comprehensive plans, and grants for fixed capital 18 19 outlay to construct facilities associated with public outdoor 20 recreation or open space projects. Of this 25 percent, 75 21 percent shall be matched by local governments on a dollar-for-dollar basis. At least 10 percent and not more than 22 23 20 percent of the allocation may be used for natural-resource-based capital improvements, including 24 25 projects to improve public access, on lands acquired for 26 conservation or recreation. The Legislature intends that the Florida Communities Trust emphasize funding projects in 27 28 low-income or otherwise disadvantaged communities. Thirty 29 percent of the total allocation provided to the trust shall be 30 used in Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, but one-half of that amount shall be used in localities in which the 31

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project site is located in built-up commercial, industrial, or mixed-use areas and functions to intersperse congested urban core areas with open spaces. From funds allocated to the trust, no less than 5 percent shall be used to acquire lands for recreational trail systems, provided that in the event these funds are not needed for such projects, they will be available for other trust projects. Local governments may use federal grants or loans, private donations, or environmental mitigation funds, including environmental mitigation funds required pursuant to s. 338.250, for any part or all of any local match required for acquisitions funded through the Florida Communities Trust. Any lands purchased by nonprofit organizations using funds allocated under this paragraph must provide for such lands to remain permanently in public use through a reversion of title to local or state government, conservation easement, or other appropriate mechanism.

- (d) Two and nine-tenths percent to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission for the purchase of inholdings, connections, and contiguous additions to lands managed by the commission which are important to the conservation of fish and wildlife. In developing its recommendations for acquisition under this paragraph, priority must be given to the purchase of inholdings.
- (e) Two and nine-tenths percent to the Department of Environmental Protection for the purchase of inholdings, connections, and contiguous additions to state parks. As used in this paragraph, the term "state park" means all real property in the state under the jurisdiction, or which may come under the jurisdiction, of the Division of Recreation and Parks of the Department of Environmental Protection. In developing its recommendations for acquisition under this

2 inholdings. 3 (f) Two and nine-tenths percent to the Division of 4 Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 5 Services to fund the acquisition of state forest inholdings, 6 connections, and contiguous additions pursuant to s. 589.07. 7 In developing its recommendations for acquisition under this 8 paragraph, priority must be given to the purchase of 9 inholdings. 10 (g) One and three-tenths percent to the Department of Environmental Protection for the Florida Greenways and Trails 11 12 Program to acquire greenways and trails or systems of 13 greenways and trails pursuant to chapter 260, including, but 14 not limited to, abandoned railroad rights-of-way and lands for the Florida National Scenic Trail, and to construct associated 15 fixed capital outlay projects. 16 17 Up to 10 percent of the funds allocated pursuant to paragraphs 18

paragraph, priority must be given to the purchase of

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or recreation.

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Title to lands purchased by a water management district shall be vested in the water management district. Except for lands acquired by nonprofit environmental organizations, title to lands purchased with funds from the Florida Communities Trust may be vested in the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund or the acquiring local government.

Title to all other lands acquired with Florida Forever funds shall be vested in the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund.

(a), (b), and (d)-(g) may be used for fixed capital outlay

projects for improvements on lands acquired for conservation

(4) PROJECT CRITERIA. --

- (a) Except for acquisitions in which a significant portion of the land serves to preserve important archeological or historical sites on the habitat of threatened or endangered species, proceeds of bonds issued under the Florida Forever Program and distributed pursuant to paragraphs (3)(a) and (b) shall be spent only on projects and acquisitions that meet at least three of the following criteria, as determined pursuant to paragraphs (b) and (c):
- 1. A significant portion of the land in the project is in imminent danger of being developed, losing significant natural attributes, or being subdivided, which will result in multiple ownership of the land and may make acquisition more costly or less likely to be accomplished;
- 2. Compelling evidence exists that the land is likely to be developed during the next 12 months, or appraisals made during the past 5 years indicate an escalation in land value at an average rate that exceeds the average rate of interest likely to be paid on the bonds;
- 3. A significant portion of the land in the project serves to protect or recharge ground water and protects other valuable natural resources or provides space for natural-resource-based recreation;
- 4. The project can be purchased at 80 percent of appraised value or less;
- 5. A significant portion of the land in the project serves as habitat for endangered, threatened, or rare species; serves to protect natural communities that are listed by the Florida Natural Areas Inventory as critically imperiled, imperiled, or rare, or as excellent quality occurrences of

1	natural communities; or will assist implementation of a state
2	or federal species recovery plan;
3	6. A significant portion of the land serves to
4	preserve important archeological or historical sites;
5	7. The acquisition is needed to implement a
6	surfacewater improvement and management plan in effect on July
7	<u>1, 2000;</u>
8	8. The project will assist in water resource
9	development to meet the needs of humans and natural systems
10	anticipated in 2020;
11	9. The project will assist in ecosystem restoration;
12	10. The acquisition will implement an element from a
13	plan developed by an ecosystem management team;
14	11. The project will significantly promote attainment
15	of Class III water quality or higher;
16	12. The project will significantly reduce the
17	pollution of surface water or groundwater;
18	13. The project is appropriate and needed for an
19	aquifer storage and recovery project, surfacewater reservoir,
20	or an alternative water resource development project;
21	14. The project will improve or maintain water quality
22	in a waterbody designated as an Outstanding Florida Water;
23	15. The acquisition has been identified by the Fish
24	and Wildlife Conservation Commission as part of a strategic
25	habitat conservation area;
26	16. The project will establish or expand a greenway or
27	recreational trail system; or
28	17. A significant portion of the land preserves the
29	inventory of community open-space or the project preserves
30	endangered open-spaces from development.
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Increased priority shall be given to acquisitions that, in addition to meeting at least three of the criteria under subparagraphs 1. through 17., will also provide long-term protection for threatened or endangered species designated G-1 or G-2 by the Florida Natural Areas Inventory, and especially for those areas that are special locations for breeding and reproduction.

(b) Each year that bonds are to be issued under the Florida Forever Program, the Florida Forever Commission shall review that year's approved land acquisition priority list and shall, by the first board meeting in February, present to the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, for its consideration and approval, a listing of projects on the priority list which, except for projects to preserve important archeological or historical sites or the habitat of threatened or endangered species, meet three or more of the criteria specified in paragraph (a). The board may remove projects from the list, but may not add projects. The list may be amended to include eligible projects that can be acquired at 85 percent of appraised value or less if such properties become available at a later date. In any county in which the total ad valorem tax exemptions due to government ownership exceed 20 percent of the county's total market value valuation, the Florida Forever Commission must consult with the county commission to obtain its recommendation regarding any proposed acquisition. In such a circumstance, a project may not be included on an acquisition list unless it is approved by an extraordinary vote of a majority plus one. If a county's total ad valorem tax exemptions due to government ownership exceed 37 percent of the county's total market value valuation, an affirmative

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vote of the county commission is required before a project may be included on an acquisition list.

- (c)1. Each year that bonds are to be issued under the Florida Forever Program, each water management district shall propose a list of water resource development projects for consideration and approval by its governing board. Such lists shall include proposals made by local governments within the district. The total value of the list must comprise at least one-third of the district's Florida Forever allocation.
- 2. Each year that bonds are to be issued under the Florida Forever Program, each water management district governing board shall review the lands on its current year's land acquisition 5-year plan and shall, by January 15, adopt a listing of projects from the plan which, except for projects to preserve important archeological or historical sites or habitat of threatened or endangered species, meet three or more of the criteria specified in paragraph (a). The lists must be presented to the Florida Forever Commission for its consideration and approval by its first meeting in February. The commission may remove projects from the lists and may reprioritize the lists, but may not add projects. The lists may be amended to include projects that can be acquired at 85 percent of appraised value or less if such properties become available at a later date. In any county in which the total ad valorem tax exemptions due to government ownership exceed 20 percent of the county's total market value valuation, the governing board must consult with the county commission to obtain its recommendation regarding any proposed acquisition. In such a circumstance, a project may not be included on an acquisition list unless it is approved by an extraordinary vote of a majority plus one. If a county's total ad valorem

tax exemptions due to government ownership exceed 37 percent of the county's total market value valuation, an affirmative vote of the county commission is required before a project may be included on an acquisition list.

- (d) In acquiring any coastal lands, the following additional criteria must be considered:
- 1. The value of acquiring coastal high-hazard parcels, consistent with hazard mitigation and postdisaster redevelopment policies, in order to minimize the risk to life and property and reduce the need for future disaster assistance.
- 2. The value of acquiring beachfront parcels, irrespective of size, to provide public access and recreational opportunities in highly developed urban areas.
- <u>3. The value of acquiring identified parcels the</u>
 development of which would adversely affect coastal resources.

When a nonprofit environmental organization that is tax exempt under s. 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code sells land to the state, such land at the time of the sale shall be deemed to meet three or more of the criteria listed in paragraph (a) if such land meets three or more of the criteria at the time the organization purchases it.

- (e) Listings of projects compiled pursuant to
 paragraphs (b) and (c) may be revised to include projects on
 the state's land acquisition priority list or in a water
 management district's 5-year plan which come under the
 criteria in paragraph (a) after the dates specified in
 paragraph (b) or paragraph (c).
- (f) The Legislature finds that the Preservation 2000 Program has provided financial resources that have enabled the

acquisition of significant natural areas for public ownership during the program's existence. In implementing the Florida

Forever Program, agencies that receive funds are encouraged to coordinate their expenditures more effectively so that future acquisitions, when combined with previous acquisitions, will form more complete patterns of protection for natural areas and functioning ecosystems.

- (g) The Legislature intends that, in implementing the Florida Forever Program, agencies emphasize the completion of projects in which one or more parcels have already been acquired and the acquisition of lands that contain ecological resources that are unrepresented or underrepresented on lands currently in public ownership.
- (h) An assessment of appropriate management strategies for property acquired under the Florida Forever Program should be completed early in the acquisition process and should emphasize the development of a management prospectus that details management goals for the property, if appropriate; a timetable for implementing the various stages of management and for providing access to the public, if applicable; provisions for protecting existing infrastructure and for ensuring the security of the project upon acquisition; the anticipated costs of management and projected sources of revenue; and other information required under s.

 259.032(9)(b)1.
 - (5) DISPOSITION OF LANDS.--
- (a) Any lands acquired pursuant to paragraph (3)(a), paragraph (3)(c), paragraph (3)(d), paragraph (3)(e), paragraph (3)(f), or paragraph (3)(g) and titled in the name of the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund may be disposed of by the board in accordance with the

pursuant to paragraph (3)(b) may be disposed of by the owning water management district in accordance with the procedures set forth in ss. 373.056 and 373.089 if such disposition also satisfies the requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c).

- (b) Land acquired for conservation purposes may be disposed of only after the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund or, in the case of water management district lands, by the owning water management district governing board, makes a determination that preservation of the land is no longer necessary for conservation purposes and only upon a two-thirds vote of the appropriate governing board. Following a determination by the governing board that the land is no longer needed for conservation purposes, the governing board must also make a determination that the land is of no further benefit to the public, as required by s. 253.034(6), or determined to be surplus under s. 373.089. Any lands eligible for disposal under these procedures also may be exchanged for other lands described in the same paragraph of subsection (3).
- (c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b), such disposition of land may not be made if the disposition would have the effect of causing all or any portion of the interest on any revenue bonds issued to fund the Florida Preservation 2000 Act or the Florida Forever Act to lose their exclusion from gross income for purposes of federal income taxation. Any revenue derived from the disposal of such lands may not be used for any purpose except for deposit into the Florida Forever Trust Fund and used for land acquisition.
 - (6) ALTERNATE USES OF ACQUIRED LANDS.--

- (a) The Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement
 Trust Fund, or, in the case of water management district
 lands, the owning water management district, may authorize the
 granting of a lease, easement, or license for the use of any
 lands acquired pursuant to subsection (3), for any
 governmental use permitted by s. 17, Art. IX of the State
 Constitution of 1885, as adopted by s. 9(a), Art. XII or s.

 11(e), Art. VII of the State Constitution, and any other
 incidental public or private use that is determined by the
 board or the owning water management district to be compatible
 with the purposes for which such lands were acquired.
- (b) Any existing lease, easement, or license acquired for incidental public or private use on, under, or across any lands acquired pursuant to subsection (3) is presumed to be compatible with the purposes for which such lands were acquired.
- (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the Department of Environmental Protection, another appropriate state agency, or a water management district may not enter into such lease, easement, or license if the granting of such lease, easement, or license would adversely affect the exclusion of the interest on any revenue bonds issued to fund the acquisition of the affected lands from gross income for federal income tax purposes, as described in s. 375.045(4).
- (7) PLAN FOR DISPOSAL AND USE OF LANDS.--The Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund may adopt a plan for a specific geographic area which authorizes the disposal and use of lands acquired pursuant to subsection (3) and which meets the requirements of subsections (6) and (7).
 - (8) ALTERNATIVES TO FEE SIMPLE ACQUISITION. --

(a) The Legislature finds that, with increasing pressures on the natural areas of this state, the state must develop creative techniques to maximize the use of acquisition and management moneys. The Legislature also finds that the state's environmental land-buying agencies should be encouraged to augment their traditional, fee simple acquisition programs by using alternatives to fee simple acquisition techniques. The Legislature also finds that using alternatives to fee simple acquisition by public land-buying agencies will achieve the following public policy goals:

- 1. Allow more lands to be brought under public protection for preservation, conservation, and recreational purposes at less expense using public funds.
- 2. Retain, on local government tax rolls, some portion of or interest in lands that are under public protection.
- 3. Reduce long-term management costs by allowing private property owners to continue acting as stewards of the land, where appropriate.

Therefore, it is the intent of the Legislature that public land-buying agencies develop programs to pursue alternatives to fee simple acquisition and educate private landowners about such alternatives and the benefits of such alternatives. It also is the intent of the Legislature that the department and the water management districts spend a portion of their shares of Florida Forever bond proceeds to purchase eligible properties using alternatives to fee simple acquisition.

Finally, it is the intent of the Legislature that public agencies acquire lands in fee simple for public access and recreational activities. Lands protected using alternatives to fee simple acquisition techniques may not be accessible to the

public unless such access is negotiated with and agreed to by 2 the private landowners who retain interests in the lands. 3 The Florida Forever Commission and the water management districts shall identify, within their acquisition 4 plans, those projects that require a full fee simple interest 5 6 to achieve the public policy goals, along with the reasons why 7 full title is determined to be necessary. The commission and the water management districts may use alternatives to fee 8 9 simple acquisition to bring the remaining projects in their acquisition plans under public protection. As used in this 10 subsection, the term "alternatives to fee simple acquisition" 11 12 includes, but is not limited to: the purchase of development 13 rights; conservation easements; flowage easements; the 14 purchase of timber rights, mineral rights, or hunting rights; 15 the purchase of agricultural interests or silvicultural interests; land protection agreements; fee simple acquisitions 16 17 with reservations; or any other acquisition technique that achieves the public policy goals listed in paragraph (a). It 18 19 is presumed that a private landowner retains the full range of 20 uses for all the rights or interests in the landowner's land which are not specifically acquired by the public agency. Life 21 estates and fee simple acquisitions with leaseback provisions 22 23 qualify as alternatives to fee simple acquisition under this subsection, and the department and the districts are 24 encouraged to use such techniques where appropriate. The 25 26 commission shall analyze existing stewardship programs and 27 recommend new private-land-management incentives and funding 28 sources to assist private landowners in keeping their land in 29 private ownership and implementing sound environmental stewardship practices, including, but not limited to, 30 potential forms of local, state, and federal tax relief, 31

including inheritance taxes; long-term management and use
agreements; technical assistance; mitigation agreements;
whole-farm planning; and multi-agency cooperative stewardship
initiatives, including federal, state, and local programs.

- (c) The Department of Environmental Protection and each water management district shall implement initiatives to use alternatives to fee simple acquisition and educate private landowners about such alternatives. These initiatives must include at least two acquisitions each year by the department and each water management district which use alternatives to fee simple acquisition.
- (d) The Legislature finds that the lack of direct sales comparison information has served as an impediment to successfully implementing alternatives to fee simple acquisition. It is the intent of the Legislature that, in the absence of direct comparable sales information, appraisals of alternatives to fee simple acquisitions be based on the difference between the full fee simple valuation and the value of the interests remaining with the seller after acquisition.
- (e) The public agency that has been assigned management responsibility shall inspect and monitor any less-than-fee-simple interest according to the terms of the purchase agreement relating to such interest.
- AVAILABLE.--Projects that are otherwise eligible for acquisition under this section and for which matching funds from local governments or other sources are available shall be given increased priority.
- (10) PRIORITY FOR PROJECTS PRICED BELOW APPRAISED

 VALUE. -- Acquisition projects that are otherwise eligible for acquisition under this section and for which the seller will

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accept a price below the appraised value shall be given increased priority.

Section 2. Section 201.15, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

201.15 Distribution of taxes collected.--All taxes collected under this chapter shall be <u>distributed as follows</u> and shall be subject to the service charge imposed in s.

215.20(1), except that such service charge shall not be levied against any portion of taxes pledged to debt service on bonds to the extent that the amount of the service charge is required to pay any amounts relating to the bonds and shall be distributed as follows:

- (1) Sixty-two and sixty-three hundredths percent of the remaining taxes collected under this chapter shall be used for the following purposes:
- Amounts Subject to the maximum amount limitations set forth in this paragraph, an amount as shall be necessary to pay the debt service on, or fund debt service reserve funds, rebate obligations, or other amounts payable with respect to Preservation 2000 bonds issued pursuant to s. 375.051 and Florida Forever bonds issued pursuant to s. 215.618 bonds issued pursuant to s. 375.051 and payable from moneys transferred to the Land Acquisition Trust Fund pursuant to this paragraph shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the Land Acquisition Trust Fund to be used for such purposes. The amount transferred to the Land Acquisition Trust Fund for such purposes shall not exceed\$600 million in any fiscal year \$90 million in fiscal year 1992-1993, \$120 million in fiscal year 1993-1994, \$150 million in fiscal year 1994-1995, \$180 million in fiscal year 1995-1996, \$210 million in fiscal year 1996-1997, \$240 million in fiscal year

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1997-1998, \$270 million in fiscal year 1998-1999, and \$300 1 million in fiscal year 1999-2000 and thereafter. Debt service 2 3 on Florida Forever bonds, excluding refunding bonds, shall not 4 exceed \$30 million in fiscal year 2000-2001; \$60 million in 5 fiscal year 2001-2002; \$90 million in fiscal year 2002-2003; \$120 million in fiscal year 2003-2004; \$150 million in fiscal 6 7 year 2004-2005; \$180 million in fiscal year 2005-2006; \$210 8 million in fiscal year 2006-2007; \$240 million in fiscal year 9 2007-2008; \$270 million in fiscal year 2008-2009; and \$300 million in fiscal year 2009-2010 and thereafter. Except for 10 bonds issued to refund previously issued bonds, no individual 11 12 series of bonds may be issued pursuant to this paragraph 13 unless such bonds and the first year's debt service for such 14 bonds is specifically appropriated in the General 15 Appropriations Act. The Preservation 2000 bonds and Florida 16 Forever bonds shall be equally and ratably secured by moneys 17 distributable to the Land Acquisition Trust Fund pursuant to this section, except to the extent specifically provided 18 19 otherwise by the documents authorizing the issuance of the 20 bonds. No moneys transferred to the Land Acquisition Trust Fund pursuant to this paragraph, or earnings thereon, shall be 21 22 used or made available to pay debt service on the Save Our Coast revenue bonds. 23

(b) The remainder of the moneys distributed under this subsection, after the required payment under paragraph (a), shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the Land Acquisition Trust Fund and may be used for any purpose for which funds deposited in the Land Acquisition Trust Fund may lawfully be used. Payments made under this paragraph shall continue until the cumulative amount credited to the Land Acquisition Trust Fund for the fiscal year under this

paragraph and paragraph (2)(b) equals 70 percent of the current official forecast for distributions of taxes collected under this chapter pursuant to subsection (2). As used in this paragraph, the term "current official forecast" means the most recent forecast as determined by the Revenue Estimating Conference. If the current official forecast for a fiscal year changes after payments under this paragraph have ended during that fiscal year, no further payments are required under this paragraph during the fiscal year.

- (c) The remainder of the moneys distributed under this subsection, after the required payments under paragraphs (a) and (b), shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the General Revenue Fund of the state to be used and expended for the purposes for which the General Revenue Fund was created and exists by law or to the Ecosystem Management and Restoration Trust Fund as provided in subsection(9)(8).
- (2) Seven and fifty-six hundredths percent of the remaining taxes collected under this chapter shall be used for the following purposes:
- (a) Beginning in the month following the final payment for a fiscal year under paragraph (1)(b), available moneys shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the General Revenue Fund of the state to be used and expended for the purposes for which the General Revenue Fund was created and exists by law or to the Ecosystem Management and Restoration Trust Fund as provided in subsection (9)(8). Payments made under this paragraph shall continue until the cumulative amount credited to the General Revenue Fund for the fiscal year under this paragraph equals the cumulative payments made under paragraph (1)(b) for the same fiscal year.

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- (b) The remainder of the moneys distributed under this subsection shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the Land Acquisition Trust Fund. Sums deposited in the fund pursuant to this subsection may be used for any purpose for which funds deposited in the Land Acquisition Trust Fund may lawfully be used.
- (3) One and ninety-four hundredths percent of the remaining taxes collected under this chapter shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the Land Acquisition Trust Fund. Moneys deposited in the trust fund pursuant to this section shall be used for the following purposes:
- (a) Sixty percent of the moneys shall be used to acquire coastal lands or to pay debt service on bonds issued to acquire coastal lands; and
- (b) Forty percent of the moneys shall be used to develop and manage lands acquired with moneys from the Land Acquisition Trust Fund.
- (4) Three Five and eighty-four hundredths percent of the remaining taxes collected under this chapter shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the Water Management Lands Trust Fund. Sums deposited in that fund may be used for any purpose authorized in s. 373.59, except for the acquisition of land.
- (5) Five and eighty-four hundredths percent of the remaining taxes collected under this chapter shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the Conservation and Recreation Lands Trust Fund to carry out the purposes set forth in s. 259.032 except for the acquisition of land. Of this 5.84 percent, 0.7 percent shall be transferred to the State Game Trust Fund and used for land management activities. An additional 0.5 percent shall be transferred to the Aquatic

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Plant Control Trust Fund and used pursuant to s. 369.22, and 0.5 percent shall be transferred to the State Game Trust Fund and used for lake restoration. These moneys are in addition to moneys received pursuant to s. 259.032(11).

- Two percent of the remaining taxes collected under (6) this chapter shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the Surface Water Improvement and Management Trust Fund and shall be used by the water management districts for fixed capital outlay projects, including stormwater management facilities, for implementing surfacewater improvement and management plans in effect on July 1, 2000 and shall be allocated to the districts pursuant to the General Appropriations Act each fiscal year after considering priority lists to be prepared by each district. Any unallocated funds not provided for in the General Appropriations Act but for which spending authority is provided in the General Appropriations Act shall be released by the Secretary of Environmental Protection based upon the population size of the districts and following receipt of a resolution adopted by the district's governing board which identifies the project and certifies that the project is on the district's priority list.
- (7) (6) Seven and fifty-three hundredths percent of the remaining taxes collected under this chapter shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the State Housing Trust Fund and shall be used as follows:
- (a) Half of that amount shall be used for the purposes for which the State Housing Trust Fund was created and exists by law.
- (b) Half of that amount shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the Local Government Housing Trust

Fund and shall be used for the purposes for which the Local Government Housing Trust Fund was created and exists by law.

- (8)(7) Eight and sixty-six hundredths percent of the remaining taxes collected under this chapter shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the State Housing Trust Fund and shall be used as follows:
- (a) Twelve and one-half percent of that amount shall be deposited into the State Housing Trust Fund and be expended by the Department of Community Affairs and by the Florida Housing Finance Agency for the purposes for which the State Housing Trust Fund was created and exists by law.
- (b) Eighty-seven and one-half percent of that amount shall be distributed to the Local Government Housing Trust Fund and shall be used for the purposes for which the Local Government Housing Trust Fund was created and exists by law. Funds from this category may also be used to provide for state and local services to assist the homeless.
- (9)(8) From the moneys specified in paragraphs (1)(c) and (2)(a) and prior to deposit of any moneys into the General Revenue Fund, \$10 million shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the Ecosystem Management and Restoration Trust Fund in fiscal year 1998-1999, \$20 million in fiscal year 1999-2000, and \$30 million in fiscal year 2000-2001 and each fiscal year thereafter, to be used for the preservation and repair of the state's beaches as provided in ss. 161.091-161.212.
- (10)(9) The Department of Revenue may use the payments credited to trust funds pursuant to paragraphs (1)(b) and (2)(b) and subsections (3), (4), (5), (7)(6), and (8)(7)to pay the costs of the collection and enforcement of the tax levied by this chapter. The percentage of such costs which may

be assessed against a trust fund is a ratio, the numerator of which is payments credited to that trust fund under this section and the denominator of which is the sum of payments made under paragraphs (1)(b) and (2)(b) and subsections (3), (4), (5), (7), and (8), and (8), Florida Statutes, is

Section 3. Section 215.618, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

215.618 Bonds for acquisition and improvement of land, water areas, and related property interests and resources.--

(1) The issuance of Florida Forever bonds to finance or refinance the cost of acquisition and improvement of land, water areas, and related property interests and resources for the purposes of conservation, outdoor recreation, water resource development, restoration of natural systems and historic preservation, is authorized pursuant to s. 11(e), Art. VII of the State Constitution. Florida Forever bonds may also be issued to refund Preservation 2000 bonds issued pursuant to s. 375.051. The duration of Florida Forever bonds issued may not exceed 20 annual maturities. Preservation 2000 bonds and Florida Forever bonds shall be equally and ratably secured by moneys distributable to the Land Acquisition Trust Fund pursuant to s. 201.15(1)(a), except to the extent specifically provided otherwise by the documents authorizing the issuance of bonds.

(2) The state does covenant with the holders of Florida Forever bonds and Preservation 2000 bonds that it will not take any action that will materially and adversely affect the rights of such holders as long as such bonds are outstanding, including, but not limited to, a reduction in the portion of documentary stamp taxes distributable to the Land

Acquisition Trust Fund for payment of debt service on Preservation 2000 bonds or Florida Forever bonds.

- (3) Bonds issued pursuant to this section shall be payable from taxes distributable to the Land Acquisition Trust Fund pursuant to s. 201.15(1)(a). Bonds issued pursuant to this section shall not constitute a general obligation of or a pledge of the full faith and credit of the State of Florida.
- (4) The Department of Environmental Protection shall request the Division of Bond Finance to issue the Florida

 Forever bonds authorized by this section. The Division of Bond Finance shall issue such bonds pursuant to the State Bond Act.
- pursuant to this section, less the costs of issuance, the costs of funding reserve accounts, and other costs with respect to the bonds, shall be deposited into the Florida Forever Trust Fund. The bond proceeds deposited into the Florida Forever Trust Fund shall be distributed by the Department of Environmental Protection as provided in s. 259.202.
- (6) The Legislature intends, at the appropriate time, to re-create the Land Acquisition Trust Fund, which shall be continued beyond the termination of bonding authority provided for in s. 9(a)(1), Art. XII of the State Constitution, pursuant to the authority provided by s. 11(e), Art. VII of the State Constitution and shall be continued for so long as Preservation 2000 bonds or Florida Forever bonds are outstanding and secured by taxes distributable thereto.
- (7) There shall be no sale, disposition, lease, easement, license, or other use of any land, water areas, or related property interests acquired or improved with proceeds of Florida Forever bonds which would cause all or any portion

of the interest of such bonds to be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes.

(8) The initial series of Florida Forever bonds shall be validated in addition to any other bonds required to be validated pursuant to s. 215.82. Any complaint for validation of bonds issued pursuant to this section shall be filed only in the circuit court of the county where the seat of state government is situated, the notice required to be published by s. 75.06 shall be published only in the county where the complaint is filed, and the complaint and order of the circuit court shall be served only on the state attorney of the circuit in which the action is pending.

Section 4. Subsection (4) and paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 253.027, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

253.027 Emergency archaeological property acquisition.--

- \$2 million shall be reserved annually segregated in an account within the Florida Forever Conservation and Recreation Lands
 Trust Fund for the purpose of emergency archaeological acquisition for fiscal year 1988-1989, and each year thereafter. Any portion of that amount the account not spent or obligated by the end of the third quarter of the fiscal year may be used for acquisitions pursuant to s. 259.202(3)(a) spent for other purposes specified in s. 259.032, upon approval of the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund.
 - (5) ACCOUNT EXPENDITURES. --

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survey costs, unless:

1. The property is an archaeological property of major statewide significance.

any property, including title works, appraisal fees, and

(a) No moneys shall be spent for the acquisition of

- 2. The structures, artifacts, or relics, or their historic significance, will be irretrievably lost if the state cannot acquire the property.
- 3. The site is presently on <u>an acquisition list for</u> the Conservation and Recreation Lands <u>or for Florida Forever lands, acquisition list</u> or complies with the criteria for inclusion on <u>any such</u> the list but has yet to be included on the list.
- 4. No other source of immediate funding is available to purchase or otherwise protect the property.
- 5. The site is not otherwise protected by local, state, or federal laws.
- 6. The acquisition is not inconsistent with the state comprehensive plan and the state land acquisition program.
- Section 5. Subsections (3), (4), (5), (6), and (8) of section 253.034, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended, present subsection (9) is redesignated as subsection (10), and a new subsection (9) is added to that section, to read:
 - 253.034 State-owned lands; uses.--
- (3) In recognition that recreational trails purchased with rails-to-trails funds pursuant to s. 259.101(3)(g) or s. 259.202(3)(g) have had historic transportation uses and that their linear character may extend many miles, the Legislature intends that when the necessity arises to serve public needs, after balancing the need to protect trail users from

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collisions with automobiles and a preference for the use of overpasses and underpasses to the greatest extent feasible and practical, transportation uses shall be allowed to cross recreational trails purchased pursuant to s. 259.101(3)(g) or s. 259.202(3)(g). When these crossings are needed, the location and design should consider and mitigate the impact on humans and environmental resources, and the value of the land shall be paid based on fair market value.

- (4) No management agreement, lease, or other instrument authorizing the use of lands owned by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund shall be executed for a period greater than is necessary to provide for the reasonable use of the land for the existing or planned life cycle or amortization of the improvements, except that an easement in perpetuity may be granted by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund if the improvement is a transportation facility. An agency managing or leasing state-owned lands from the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund may not sublease such lands without prior review by the division and by the Florida Forever Commission Land Acquisition and Management Advisory Council created in s. 259.035 and approval by the board. The Florida Forever Commission Land Acquisition and Management Advisory Council is not required to review subleases of parcels which are less than 160 acres in size.
- (5) Each state agency managing lands owned by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund shall submit to the Division of State Lands a land management plan at least every 5 years in a form and manner prescribed by rule by the board. All management plans, whether for single-use or multiple-use properties, shall specifically describe how the

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managing agency plans to identify, locate, protect and preserve, or otherwise use fragile nonrenewable resources, such as archaeological and historic sites, as well as other fragile resources, including endangered plant and animal species, and provide for the conservation of soil and water resources and for the control and prevention of soil erosion. Land management plans submitted by an agency shall include reference to appropriate statutory authority for such use or uses and shall conform to the appropriate policies and guidelines of the state land management plan. All land management plans for parcels larger than 1,000 acres shall contain an analysis of the multiple-use potential of the parcel, which analysis shall include the potential of the parcel to generate revenues to enhance the management of the parcel. Additionally, the land management plan shall contain an analysis of the potential use of private land managers to facilitate the restoration or management of these lands. those cases where a newly acquired property has a valid conservation plan, the plan shall be used to guide management of the property until a formal land management plan is completed.

(a) The Division of State Lands shall make available to the public a copy of each land management plan for parcels which exceed 160 acres in size. The commission council shall review each plan for compliance with the requirements of this subsection and with the requirements of the rules established by the board pursuant to this subsection. The commission council shall also consider the propriety of the recommendations of the managing agency with regard to the future use of the property, the protection of fragile or nonrenewable resources, the potential for alternative or

multiple uses not recognized by the managing agency, and the possibility of disposal of the property by the board. After its review, the <u>commission</u> council shall submit the plan, along with its recommendations and comments, to the board. The <u>commission</u> council shall specifically recommend to the board whether to approve the plan as submitted, approve the plan with modifications, or reject the plan.

- (b) The Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund shall consider the land management plan submitted by each state agency and the recommendations of the <u>commission</u> council and the Division of State Lands and shall approve the plan with or without modification or reject such plan. The use or possession of any such lands which is not in accordance with an approved land management plan is subject to termination by the board.
- (6) The Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund shall determine which lands, the title to which is vested in the board, are of no benefit to the public and shall dispose of such lands pursuant to law.
- (a) At least every 5 years, in a form and manner prescribed by rule by the board, each state agency shall indicate to the board those lands which the agency manages which are not being used for the purpose for which they were originally leased. Such lands shall be reviewed by the commission council for its recommendation as to whether such lands should be disposed of by the board.
- (b) Lands owned by the board which are not actively managed by any state agency or for which a land management plan has not been completed pursuant to subsection (4) shall be reviewed by the <u>commission</u> council for its recommendation as to whether such lands should be disposed of by the board.

- (c) In reviewing lands owned by the board pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b), the <u>commission council</u> shall consider whether such lands would be more appropriately owned or managed by the county or other unit of local government in which the land is located. The <u>commission council</u> shall recommend to the board whether a sale, lease, or other conveyance to a local government would be in the best interests of the state and local government. The provisions of this paragraph in no way limit the provisions of ss. 253.111 and 253.115.
- (d) After reviewing the recommendations of the commission council, the board shall determine whether lands identified in paragraphs (a) and (b) are to be held for other public purposes or whether such lands are of no benefit to the public. The board may require an agency to release its interest in such lands. Lands determined to be of no benefit to the public shall be disposed of pursuant to law. Each fiscal year, up to \$500,000 of the proceeds from the disposal of such lands shall be placed in the Internal Improvement Trust Fund to be used to pay the costs of any administration, appraisal, management, conservation, protection, sales, or real estate sales services; any such proceeds in excess of \$500,000 shall be placed in the Conservation and Recreation Lands Trust Fund.
- (e) The sale of filled, formerly submerged land that does not exceed 5 acres in area is not subject to review by the commission council.
- (8) Land management plans required to be submitted by the Department of Corrections or the Department of Education shall not be subject to the <u>commission</u> <u>council</u> review provisions described in subsection (5). Management plans

filed by these agencies shall be made available to the public for a period of 90 days at the administrative offices of the parcel or project affected by the management plan and at the Tallahassee offices of each agency. Any plans not objected to during the public comment period shall be deemed approved. Any plans for which an objection is filed shall be submitted to the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund for consideration. The Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund shall approve the plan with or without modification, or reject the plan. The use or possession of any such lands which is not in accordance with an approved land management plan is subject to termination by the board.

- (9) The following additional uses of lands acquired by the state pursuant to the Florida Forever Program and other state-funded land purchase programs shall be authorized if they meet the criteria specified in paragraphs (a) through (e): water resource development projects, water supply development projects, stormwater management projects, linear facilities, and sustainable agriculture and forestry. For purposes of this provision, linear facilities shall not include petroleum product pipelines. However, the policy adopted by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund on January 23, 1996, relating to linear facilities shall govern transportation uses. The uses described above are authorized:
- (a) Where not inconsistent with the management plan for such lands;
- (b) Where compatible with the natural ecosystem and resource values of such lands;

 (d) Where the using entity reasonably compensates the title holder for such use based upon an appropriate measure of value; and

(e) Where the use provides a significant public benefit.

Money received from the use of state lands pursuant to this section shall be returned to the managing agency in accordance with the provisions of s. 259.032(11)(d).

Section 6. Subsections (3), (8), and (10), paragraph (b) of subsection (9), paragraphs (b), (c), and (f) of subsection (11), and subsections (12), (13), (14), (15), and (16) of section 259.032, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to read:

259.032 Conservation and Recreation Lands Trust Fund; purpose.--

- (3) The Governor and Cabinet, sitting as the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, may allocate moneys from the <u>Florida Forever Trust</u> Fund in any one year to acquire the fee or any lesser interest in lands for the following public purposes:
- (a) To conserve and protect environmentally unique and irreplaceable lands that contain native, relatively unaltered flora and fauna representing a natural area unique to, or scarce within, a region of this state or a larger geographic area;
- (b) To conserve and protect lands within designated areas of critical state concern, if the proposed acquisition relates to the natural resource protection purposes of the designation;

- CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

- (c) To conserve and protect native species habitat or endangered or threatened species, emphasizing long-term protection for endangered or threatened species designated G-1 or G-2 by the Florida Natural Areas Inventory, and especially those areas that are special locations for breeding and reproduction;
- (d) To conserve, protect, manage, or restore important ecosystems, landscapes, and forests, if the protection and conservation of such lands is necessary to enhance or protect significant surface water, groundwater, coastal, recreational, timber, or fish or wildlife resources which cannot otherwise be accomplished through local and state regulatory programs;
- (e) To provide areas, including recreational trails, for natural resource based recreation and other outdoor recreation on any part of any site compatible with conservation purposes;
- (f) To preserve significant archaeological or historic sites; or
- (g) To conserve urban open spaces suitable for greenways or outdoor recreation which are compatible with conservation purposes.
- (8) Lands to be considered for purchase under this section are subject to the selection procedures of s. 259.035 and related rules and shall be acquired in accordance with acquisition procedures for state lands provided for in s. 259.041, except as otherwise provided by the Legislature. An inholding, connection, or an addition to a project selected for purchase pursuant to this chapter or s. 259.035 is not subject to the selection procedures of s. 259.035 if the estimated value of such inholding or addition does not exceed \$500,000. When at least 90 percent of the acreage of a project

has been purchased pursuant to this chapter or s. 259.035, the project may be removed from the list and the remaining acreage may continue to be purchased. Moneys from the fund may be used for title work, appraisal fees, environmental audits, and survey costs related to acquisition expenses for lands to be acquired, donated, or exchanged which qualify under the categories of this section, at the discretion of the board. When the Legislature has authorized the Department of Environmental Protection to condemn a specific parcel of land and such parcel has already been approved for acquisition under this section, the land may be acquired in accordance with the provisions of chapter 73 or chapter 74, and the fund may be used to pay the condemnation award and all costs, including a reasonable attorney's fee, associated with condemnation.

(9)

(b)1. Concurrent with its adoption of the annual Florida Forever Conservation and Recreational Lands list of acquisition projects pursuant to s. 259.202(4)(b)s. 259.035, the board of trustees shall adopt a management prospectus for each project. The management prospectus shall delineate: the management goals for the property; the conditions that will affect the intensity of management; an estimate of the revenue-generating potential of the property, if appropriate; a timetable for implementing the various stages of management and for providing access to the public, if applicable; provisions for protecting existing infrastructure and for ensuring the security of the project upon acquisition; the anticipated costs of management and projected sources of revenue, including legislative appropriations, to fund management needs; recommendations as to how many employees

will be needed to manage the property; and recommendations as to whether local governments, volunteer groups, the former landowner, or other interested parties can be involved in the management.

- 2. Concurrent with the approval of the acquisition contract pursuant to s. 259.041(3)(c) for any interest in lands, the board of trustees shall designate an agency or agencies to manage such lands and shall evaluate and amend, as appropriate, the management policy statement for the project as provided by s. 259.035, consistent with the purposes for which the lands are acquired. For any fee simple acquisition of a parcel which is or will be leased back for agricultural purposes, or any acquisition of a less-than-fee interest in land that is or will be used for agricultural purposes, the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund shall first consider having a soil and water conservation district, created pursuant to chapter 582, manage and monitor such interests.
- 3. State agencies designated to manage lands acquired under this chapter may contract with local governments and soil and water conservation districts to assist in management activities, including the responsibility of being the lead land manager. Such land management contracts may include a provision for the transfer of management funding to the local government or soil and water conservation district from the Conservation and Recreation Lands Trust Fund in an amount adequate for the local government or soil and water conservation district to perform its contractual land management responsibilities and proportionate to its responsibilities, and which otherwise would have been expended by the state agency to manage the property.

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- 4. Immediately following the acquisition of any interest in lands under this chapter, the Department of Environmental Protection, acting on behalf of the board of trustees, may issue to the lead managing entity an interim assignment letter to be effective until the execution of a formal lease.
- (10) State, regional, or local governmental agencies or private entities designated to manage lands under this section shall develop and adopt, with the approval of the board of trustees, an individual management plan for each project designed to conserve and protect such lands and their associated natural resources. Private sector involvement in management plan development may be used to expedite the planning process. Beginning fiscal year 1998-1999, individual management plans required by s. 253.034(5)s. 253.034(4)shall be developed with input from an advisory group. Members of this advisory group shall include, at a minimum, representatives of the lead land managing agency, comanaging entities, local private property owners, the appropriate soil and water conservation district, a local conservation organization, and a local elected official. The advisory group shall conduct at least one public hearing within the county in which the parcel or project is located. Notice of such public hearing shall be posted on the parcel or project designated for management, advertised in a paper of general circulation, and announced at a scheduled meeting of the local governing body before the actual public hearing. management prospectus required pursuant to paragraph (9)(b) shall be available to the public for a period of 30 days prior to the public hearing. Once a plan is adopted, the managing agency or entity shall update the plan at least every 5 years

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in a form and manner prescribed by rule of the board of trustees. Such plans may include transfers of leasehold interests to appropriate conservation organizations designated by the Florida Forever Commission Land Management Advisory Council for uses consistent with the purposes of the organizations and the protection, preservation, and proper management of the lands and their resources. Volunteer management assistance is encouraged, including, but not limited to, assistance by youths participating in programs sponsored by state or local agencies, by volunteers sponsored by environmental or civic organizations, and by individuals participating in programs for committed delinquents and adults. For each project for which lands are acquired after July 1, 1995, an individual management plan shall be adopted and in place no later than 1 year after the essential parcel or parcels identified in the annual Florida Forever report or Conservation and Recreation Lands report prepared pursuant to s. 259.035(2)(a) have been acquired. Beginning in fiscal year 1998-1999, the Department of Environmental Protection shall distribute only 75 percent of the acquisition funds to which a budget entity or water management district would otherwise be 21 entitled from the Florida Forever Trust Fund or the 22 Preservation 2000 Trust Fund to any budget entity or any water management district that has more than one-third of its management plans overdue.

- Individual management plans shall conform to the appropriate policies and guidelines of the state land management plan and shall include, but not be limited to:
- A statement of the purpose for which the lands were acquired, the projected use or uses as defined in s. 253.034, and the statutory authority for such use or uses.

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activities. 3. A specific description of how the managing agency plans to identify, locate, protect, and preserve, or otherwise use fragile, nonrenewable natural and cultural resources.

Key management activities necessary to preserve and

4. A priority schedule for conducting management activities, based on the purposes for which the lands were acquired.

protect natural resources and restore habitat, and for

controlling the spread of nonnative plants and animals, and

for prescribed fire and other appropriate resource management

- 5. A cost estimate for conducting priority management activities, to include recommendations for cost-effective methods of accomplishing those activities.
- 6. A cost estimate for conducting other management activities which would enhance the natural resource value or public recreation value for which the lands were acquired. The cost estimate shall include recommendations for cost-effective methods of accomplishing those activities.
- 7. A determination of the public uses that would be consistent with the purposes for which the lands were acquired.
- (b) The Division of State Lands shall submit a copy of each individual management plan for parcels which exceed 160 acres in size to each member of the Florida Forever Commission Land Management Advisory Council. The commission council shall, within 60 days after receiving a plan from the division, review each plan for compliance with the requirements of this subsection and with the requirements of the rules established by the board pursuant to this subsection. The commission council shall also consider the

propriety of the recommendations of the managing agency with regard to the future use or protection of the property. After its review, the <u>commission council</u> shall submit the plan, along with its recommendations and comments, to the board of trustees. The <u>commission council</u> shall specifically recommend to the board of trustees whether to approve the plan as submitted, approve the plan with modifications, or reject the plan.

(c) The board of trustees shall consider the individual management plan submitted by each state agency and the recommendations of the Florida Forever Commission Land Management Advisory Council and the Division of State Lands and shall approve the plan with or without modification or reject such plan. The use or possession of any lands owned by the board of trustees which is not in accordance with an approved individual management plan is subject to termination by the board of trustees.

By July 1 of each year, each governmental agency, including the water management districts, and each private entity designated to manage lands shall report to the Secretary of Environmental Protection on the progress of funding, staffing, and resource management of every project for which the agency or entity is responsible.

25 (11)

(b) An amount equal up to 1.5 percent of the cumulative total of funds ever deposited into the Florida Preservation 2000 Trust Fund and the Florida Forever Trust Fund shall be made available from the Conservation and Recreation Lands Trust Fund for the purposes of management, maintenance, and capital improvements, and for associated

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contractual services, for lands acquired pursuant to previous programs for the acquisition of lands for conservation and recreation, including state forests, and lands acquired pursuant to this section and ss.s.259.101 and 259.202 to which title is vested in the board of trustees. Of this amount, \$250,000 shall be transferred annually to the Plant Industry Trust Fund within the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for the purpose of implementing the Endangered or Threatened Native Flora Conservation Grants Program pursuant to s. 581.185(11). Each agency with management responsibilities shall annually request from the Legislature funds sufficient to fulfill such responsibilities. Capital improvements shall include, but need not be limited to, perimeter fencing, signs, firelanes, access roads and trails, and minimal public accommodations, such as primitive campsites, garbage receptacles, and toilets.

- (c) In requesting funds provided for in paragraph (b) for long-term management of all acquisitions pursuant to this chapter and for associated contractual services, the managing agencies shall recognize the following categories of land management needs:
- 1. Lands that which are low-need tracts, requiring basic resource management and protection, such as state reserves, state preserves, state forests, and wildlife management areas. These lands generally are open to the public but have no more than minimum facilities development.
- 2. Lands that which are moderate-need tracts, requiring more than basic resource management and protection, such as state parks and state recreation areas. These lands generally have extra restoration or protection needs, higher

concentrations of public use, or more highly developed facilities.

3. Lands that which are high-need tracts, with identified needs requiring unique site-specific resource management and protection. These lands generally are sites with historic significance, unique natural features, or very high intensity public use, or sites that require extra funds to stabilize or protect resources.

In evaluating the management funding needs of lands based on the above categories, the lead land managing agencies shall include in their considerations the impacts of, and needs created or addressed by, multiple-use management strategies.

- (f) The department shall set long-range and annual goals for the control and removal of nonnative, upland, invasive plant species on public lands. Such goals shall differentiate between aquatic plant species and upland plant species. In setting such goals, the department may rank, in order of adverse impact, species that which impede or destroy the functioning of natural systems. Notwithstanding paragraph (a), up to one-fourth of the funds provided for in paragraph (b) shall be used by the agencies receiving those funds reserved for control and removal of nonnative, upland, invasive species on public lands.
- (12)(a) Beginning in fiscal year 1994-1995, not more than 3.75 percent of the Conservation and Recreation Lands
 Trust Fund shall be made available annually to the department for payment in lieu of taxes to qualifying counties, school districts, cities, and local governments as defined in paragraph (b) for all actual tax losses incurred as a result of board of trustees acquisitions for state agencies under the

Florida Preservation 2000 Program and Florida Forever Program during any year. Reserved funds not used for payments in lieu of taxes in any year shall revert to the Florida Forever Trust Fund to be used for land acquisition in accordance with the provisions of this section.

- (b) Payment in lieu of taxes shall be available:
- 1. To counties which levy an ad valorem tax of at least 8.25 mills or the amount of the tax loss from all completed Preservation 2000 and Florida Forever acquisitions in the county exceeds 0.01 percent of the county's total taxable value, and have a population of 75,000 or less.
- 2. To counties with a population of less than 100,000 which contain all or a portion of an area of critical state concern designated pursuant to chapter 380 and to local governments within such counties.
- 3. Beginning in the 2000-2001 fiscal year and thereafter, to school boards in counties with a population of 75,000 or less which do not contain all or a portion of an area of critical state concern designated under chapter 380 and which levy the maximum millage under s. 236.25(1) and levy at least 1 mill pursuant to s. 236.25(2).
- 4. Notwithstanding the limitations of paragraph (a), to Glades County, where a privately owned and operated prison leased to the state has recently been opened and where privately owned and operated juvenile justice facilities leased to the state have recently been constructed and opened, in an amount that offsets the loss of property tax revenues, which funds have already been appropriated and allocated for the purpose of reimbursing amounts equal to ad valorem taxes.
- 3. For the 1997-1998 fiscal year only, and Notwithstanding the limitations of paragraph (a), to Glades

County, where a privately owned and operated prison leased to the state has been opened within the last 2 years for which no other state moneys have been allocated to the county to offset ad valorem revenues. This subparagraph expires July 1, 1998.

For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "local government" includes municipalities, the county school board, mosquito control districts, and any other local government entity that which levies ad valorem taxes, with the exception of a water management district.

- (c) Payment in lieu of taxes shall be available to any city which has a population of 10,000 or less and which levies an ad valorem tax of at least 8.25 mills or the amount of the tax loss from all completed Preservation 2000 acquisitions in the city exceeds 0.01 percent of the city's total taxable value.
- (d) If insufficient funds are not sufficient available in any year to make full payments to all qualifying counties, school districts, cities, and local governments, such counties, school districts, cities, and local governments shall receive a pro rata share of the moneys available.
- (e) The payment amount shall be based on the average amount of actual taxes paid on the property for the 3 years preceding acquisition, except that, for purchases completed after July 1, 2000, the payment amount to school boards in counties with a population of 75,000 or less which do not contain all or a portion of an area of critical state concern designated under chapter 380 shall be calculated based solely on the value of the millage levied under s. 236.25(1) and (2). Applications for payment in lieu of taxes shall be made no later than January 31 of the year following acquisition. No

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payment in lieu of taxes shall be made for properties which were exempt from ad valorem taxation for the year immediately preceding acquisition. If property which was subject to ad valorem taxation was acquired by a tax-exempt entity for ultimate conveyance to the state under this chapter, payment in lieu of taxes shall be made for such property based upon the average amount of taxes paid on the property for the 3 years prior to its being removed from the tax rolls. The department shall certify to the Department of Revenue those properties that may be eligible under this provision. Payment in lieu of taxes shall be limited to a total of 10 consecutive years of annual payments, beginning the year a local government becomes eligible. The Legislature intends that once a governmental entity has been determined eligible for a payment, the entity shall receive 10 consecutive annual payments for each tax loss, and no further eligibility determination shall be made during the period of payment for each tax loss. However, no governmental entity shall receive more than 10 payments for each tax loss.

- (f) Payment in lieu of taxes pursuant to this paragraph shall be made annually to qualifying counties, school districts, cities, and local governments after certification by the Department of Revenue that the amounts applied for are reasonably appropriate, based on the amount of actual taxes paid on the eligible property, and after the Department of Environmental Protection has provided supporting documents to the Comptroller and has requested that payment be made in accordance with the requirements of this section.
- (g) If the board of trustees conveys to a local government title to any land owned by the board, any payments

in lieu of taxes on the land made to the local government shall be discontinued as of the date of the conveyance.

- (13) Moneys credited to the fund each year which are not used for management, maintenance, or capital improvements pursuant to subsection (11); for payment in lieu of taxes pursuant to subsection (12); or for the purposes of subsection (5) shall continue to be available for such purposes the acquisition of land pursuant to this section.
- (14) The board of trustees may adopt rules to further define the categories of land for acquisition under this chapter.
- (15) For fiscal year 1998-1999 only, moneys credited to the fund may be appropriated to provide grants to qualified local governmental entities pursuant to the provisions of s. 375.075. This subsection is repealed on July 1, 1999.
- (15)(16) Within 180 days after receiving a certified letter from the owner of a property on the Conservation and Recreation Lands list or the Florida Forever list objecting to the property being included in an acquisition project, where such property is a project or part of a project which has not been listed for purchase in the current year's land acquisition work plan, the board of trustees shall delete the property from the list or from the boundary of an acquisition project on the list.

Section 7. Section 259.035, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

259.035 Advisory council; powers and duties .--

(1) There is created a Florida Forever Commission Land Acquisition and Management Advisory Council to be composed of the secretary and a designee of the department, the director of the Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture

and Consumer Services, the executive director of the Game and 2 Fresh Water Fish Commission, the director of the Division of 3 Historical Resources of the Department of State, and the 4 secretary of the Department of Community Affairs, or their 5 respective designees, in addition, the Governor shall appoint 6 four members of the commission, one of which shall be the 7 chairman. Each member appointed by the Governor must reside in 8 a different water management district. No person shall be 9 appointed to the commission who in the 24 months preceding his or her term on the commission has been a lobbyist as defined 10 in s. 112.3148 for an entity whose interests may be affected 11 12 by projects approved by the commission. Members of the commission appointed by the Governor shall not receive any 13 14 compensation for their services but shall be entitled to receive reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses 15 incurred in the performance of their duties, as provided in s. 16 17 112.061. Notwithstanding that s. 112.3143 governs public officers, for the purposes of the Florida Forever Act, the 18 19 provisions of s. 112.3143 shall apply to members of the 20 Florida Forever Commission who are appointed by the Governor. The chairmanship of the council shall rotate annually in the 21 foregoing order. The commission council shall hold periodic 22 23 meetings at the request of the chair. The department shall provide primary staff support to the commission council and 24 shall ensure that commission council meetings are 25 26 electronically recorded. Such recordings shall be preserved 27 pursuant to chapters 119 and 257. The department has authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to 28 29 implement the provisions of this section. 30 (2) The commission is directed to establish goals to guide its expenditures by February 15, 2001. The goals must be 31

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designed to produce specific, measurable results within a specified period of time. The commission shall give priority to projects which appear likely to implement its goals. The commission shall evaluate its success in attaining its goals and report its findings to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by July 1, 2004.

 $(3)\frac{(2)}{(a)}$ The commission council shall, by the time of the first board meeting of the board of trustees in February of each year, establish or update a list of acquisition projects to be funded from the Florida Forever Trust Fund and selected for purchase pursuant to this chapter. The commission may also propose eligible acquisition projects to the board of trustees at any time if the projects can be acquired at a price at least 15 percent below appraised value. In scoring potential projects for inclusion on the acquisition list, the commission council shall give greater consideration to projects that can serve as corridors between lands already in public ownership or under management for conservation and recreational purposes. Acquisition projects shall be ranked, in order of priority, individually as a single group or individually within 7 up to 10 separate groups, which must include substantially complete projects, mega-multiparcels projects, less-than-fee projects, priority projects, negotiations impasse, projects providing long-term protection for threatened or endangered species, and bargain or shared projects. The commission council shall submit to the board of trustees, together with its list of acquisition projects, a Florida Forever Conservation and Recreation Lands report. For each project on an acquisition list, the commission council shall include in its report the stated purpose for acquiring

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the project, an identification of the essential parcel or parcels within the project without which the project cannot be properly managed, an identification of those projects or parcels within projects which should be acquired in fee simple or in other than fee simple, an explanation of the reasons why the commission council selected a particular acquisition technique, a management policy statement for the project, a management prospectus pursuant to s. 259.032(9)(b), an estimate of land value based on county tax assessed values, a map delineating project boundaries, a brief description of the important natural and cultural resources to be protected, preacquisition planning and budgeting, coordination with other public and nonprofit public-lands acquisition programs, a preliminary statement of the extent and nature of public use, an interim management budget, and designation of a management agency or agencies. The Department of Environmental Protection shall prepare the information required by this section for each acquisition project selected for purchase pursuant to this chapter. In addition, the department shall prepare, by July 1 of each year, an acquisition work plan for each project on the acquisition list for which funds will be available for acquisition during the fiscal year. The work plan need not disclose any information that is required by this chapter or chapter 253 to remain confidential.

(b) An affirmative vote of six four members of the commission council shall be required in order to place a proposed project on a list. Each list shall contain at least twice the number of projects in terms of estimated cost as there are anticipated funds for purchase. The anticipated cost of each project shall include proposed costs for development

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of the lands necessary to meet the public purpose for which such lands are to be purchased.

(c) All proposals for acquisition projects pursuant to this chapter shall be developed and adopted by the commission council. The commission council shall consider and evaluate in writing the merits and demerits of each project that is proposed for acquisition and shall ensure that each proposed acquisition project will meet a stated public purpose for the preservation of environmentally endangered lands, for the development of outdoor recreation lands, or as provided in s. 259.032(3) or s. 259.202(4), and shall determine whether each acquisition project conforms with the comprehensive plan developed pursuant to s. 259.04(1)(a), the comprehensive outdoor recreation and conservation plan developed pursuant to s. 375.021, and the state lands management plan adopted pursuant to s. 253.03(7). Copies of a written report describing each project proposed for acquisition shall be submitted to the board of trustees. The commission council shall consider and include in each project description its assessment of a project's ecological value, vulnerability, endangerment, ownership pattern, utilization, location, and cost and other pertinent factors in determining whether to recommend a project for state purchase.

(4)(3) Members of the <u>commission</u> council shall serve without compensation but shall be entitled to receive reimbursement by their respective agencies for per diem and travel expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as provided in s. 112.061.

Section 8. Subsection (2) of section 259.036, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

259.036 Management review teams.--

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select parcels of managed land prior to the date the managing agency is required to submit its 5-year land management plan update. A copy of the review shall be provided to the managing agency, the Division of State Lands, and the Florida Forever Commission Land Acquisition and Management Advisory Council. The managing agency shall consider the findings and recommendations of the land management review team in finalizing the required 5-year update of its management plan.

The land management review team shall review

Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 338.250, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

338.250 Central Florida Beltway Mitigation.--

- (2) Environmental mitigation required as a result of construction of the beltway, or portions thereof, shall be satisfied in the following manner:
- (a) For those projects which the Department of Transportation is authorized to construct, funds for environmental mitigation shall be deposited in the Central Florida Beltway Trust Fund created within the department at the time bonds for the specific project are sold. If a road building authority other than the department is authorized to construct the project, funds for environmental mitigation shall be deposited in a mitigation fund account established in the construction fund for the bond issues. Said account shall be established at the time bond proceeds are deposited into the construction fund for the specific project. These funds shall be provided from bond proceeds, and the use of such funds from bond proceeds for mitigation shall be deemed a public purpose. The amount to be provided for mitigation for the Eastern Beltway in Seminole County shall be up to \$4 million, the amount to be provided for mitigation for the

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Western Beltway shall be up to \$30.5 million, the amount to be provided for mitigation for the Southern Connector shall be up to \$14.28 million, the amount to be provided for mitigation for the Turnpike/Southern Connector Interchange shall be up to \$1.46 million, and the amount to be provided for mitigation for the Southern Connector Extension shall be in proportion to the amount provided for the Southern Connector based upon the amount of wetlands displaced. To the extent allowed by law, the interest on said funds as earned, after deposit into the Central Florida Beltway Trust Fund, or in a mitigation fund account shall accrue and be paid to the agency responsible for the construction of the appropriate project. Where feasible, mitigation funds shall be used in coordination with funds from the Florida Forever Trust Fund, the Conservation and Recreation Lands Trust Fund, the Save Our Rivers Land Acquisition Program, or from other appropriate sources.

373.59 Water Management Lands Trust Fund. --

Supplement, is amended to read:

Section 10. Section 373.59, Florida Statutes, 1998

- (1) There is established within the Department of Environmental Protection the Water Management Lands Trust Fund to be used as a nonlapsing fund for the purposes of this section. The moneys in this fund are hereby continually appropriated for the purposes of land acquisition, management, maintenance, capital improvements, payments in lieu of taxes, and administration of the fund in accordance with the provisions of this section.
- (2)(a) By January 15 of each year, each district shall file with the Legislature, the Florida Forever Commission, and the Secretary of Environmental Protection a report of acquisition activity together with modifications or additions

to its 5-year plan of acquisition. Included in the report 2 shall be an identification of those lands which require a full 3 fee simple interest to achieve water management goals and 4 those lands which can be acquired using alternatives to fee 5 simple acquisition techniques and still achieve such goals. 6 In their evaluation of which lands would be appropriate for 7 acquisition through alternatives to fee simple, district staff 8 shall consider criteria including, but not limited to, 9 acquisition costs, the net present value of future land management costs, the net present value of ad valorem revenue 10 loss to the local government, and the potential for revenue 11 12 generated from activities compatible with acquisition 13 objectives. The report shall also include a description of 14 land management activity. Expenditure of moneys from the Water 15 Management Lands Trust Fund shall be limited to the costs for 16 acquisition, management, maintenance, and capital improvements 17 of lands included within the 5-year plan as filed by each district and to the department's costs of administration of 18 19 the fund. The department's costs of administration shall be charged proportionally against each district's allocation 20 using the formula provided in subsection (7). However, no 21 22 acquisition of lands shall occur without a public hearing 23 similar to those held pursuant to the provisions set forth in s. 120.54. In the annual update of its 5-year plan for 24 acquisition, each district shall identify lands needed to 25 26 protect or recharge groundwater and shall establish a plan for 27 their acquisition as necessary to protect potable water supplies. Lands which serve to protect or recharge groundwater 28 29 identified pursuant to this paragraph shall also serve to protect other valuable natural resources or provide space for 30 natural resource based recreation. 31

acquisition plan of the district:

1. By South Florida Water Management District--lands in the water conservation areas and areas adversely affected by raising water levels of Lake Okeechobee in accordance with

acquisition, management, maintenance, and capital improvements

of the following lands and lands set forth in the 5-year land

(b) Moneys from the fund shall be used for continued

- present regulation schedules, and the Savannahs Wetland area in Martin County and St. Lucie County.
- 2. By Southwest Florida Water Management
 District--lands in the Four River Basins areas, including
 Green Swamp, Upper Hillsborough and Cypress Creek, Anclote
 Water Storage Lands (Starkey), Withlacoochee and Hillsborough
 riverine corridors, and Sawgrass Lake addition.
- 3. By St. Johns River Water Management District--Seminole Ranch, Latt Maxey and Evans properties in the upper St. Johns River Basin.
- 4. By Suwannee River Water Management District--lands in Suwannee River Valley.
- $\hbox{5. By Northwest Florida Water Management} \\ \hbox{District--lands in the Choctawhatchee and Apalachicola River} \\ \hbox{Valleys.}$
- (3) Each district shall remove the property of an unwilling seller from its plan of acquisition at the next scheduled update of the plan, if in receipt of a request to do so by the property owner.
- (4)(a) Moneys from the Florida Forever Water

 Management Lands Trust Fund shall be used for acquiring the
 fee or other interest in lands necessary for water management,
 water supply, and the conservation and protection of water
 resources, except that such moneys shall not be used for the

acquisition of rights-of-way for canals or pipelines. Such Moneys from the Water Management Lands Trust Fund shall also be used for management, maintenance, and capital improvements. Interests in real property acquired by the districts under this section may be used for permittable water resource development and water supply development purposes under the following conditions: the minimum flows and levels of priority water bodies on such lands have been established; the project complies with all conditions for issuance of a permit under part II of this chapter; and the project is compatible with the purposes for which the land was acquired. Lands acquired pursuant to this section with moneys from the fund shall be managed and maintained in an environmentally acceptable manner and, to the extent practicable, in such a way as to restore and protect their natural state and condition.

- (b) The Secretary of Environmental Protection shall release moneys from the Water Management Lands Trust Fund to a district for preacquisition costs for projects approved by the Florida Forever Commission within 30 days after receipt of a resolution adopted by the district's governing board which identifies and justifies any such preacquisition costs necessary for the purchase of any lands listed in the district's 5-year plan. The district shall return to the department any funds not used for the purposes stated in the resolution, and the department shall deposit the unused funds into the Water Management Lands Trust Fund.
- (c) The Secretary of Environmental Protection shall release acquisition moneys from the <u>Florida Forever Water Management Lands</u> Trust Fund to a district <u>for a project approved by the commission</u> following receipt of a resolution adopted by the governing board identifying the lands being

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acquired and certifying that such acquisition is consistent with the plan of acquisition and other provisions of this act. The governing board shall also provide to the Secretary of Environmental Protection a copy of all certified appraisals used to determine the value of the land to be purchased. Each parcel to be acquired must have at least one appraisal. Two appraisals are required when the estimated value of the parcel exceeds \$500,000. However, when both appraisals exceed \$500,000 and differ significantly, a third appraisal may be obtained. If the purchase price is greater than the appraisal price, the governing board shall submit written justification for the increased price. The Secretary of Environmental Protection may withhold moneys for any purchase that is not consistent with the 5-year plan or the intent of this act or that is in excess of appraised value. The governing board may appeal any denial to the Land and Water Adjudicatory Commission pursuant to s. 373.114.

(d) The Secretary of Environmental Protection shall release moneys from the Florida Forever Trust Fund to a district for a water resource development project following receipt of a resolution adopted by the governing board identifying the project and certifying its approval by the commission.

(e)(d) The Secretary of Environmental Protection shall release to the districts moneys from the Water Management

Lands Trust Fund for management, maintenance, and capital improvements following receipt of a resolution and request adopted by the governing board which specifies the designated managing agency, specific management activities, public use, estimated annual operating costs, and other acceptable documentation to justify release of moneys.

- (5) Water management land acquisition costs shall include payments to owners and costs and fees associated with such acquisition.
- (6) No funds may be used pursuant to this section until necessary debt service obligations are provided for any bonds issued pursuant to s. 373.584 before the repeal of that section.
- (6) If a district issues revenue bonds or notes under s. 373.584, the district may pledge its share of the moneys in the Water Management Lands Trust Fund as security for such bonds or notes. The Department of Environmental Protection shall pay moneys from the trust fund to a district or its designee sufficient to pay the debt service, as it becomes due, on the outstanding bonds and notes of the district; however, such payments shall not exceed the district's cumulative portion of the trust fund. However, any moneys remaining after payment of the amount due on the debt service shall be released to the district pursuant to subsection (3).
- Water Management Lands Trust Fund fund shall accumulate in the trust fund to the credit of that district. Interest earned on such portion shall also accumulate to the credit of that district to be used for land acquisition, management, maintenance, and capital improvements as provided in this section. The total moneys over the life of the fund available to any district under this section shall not be reduced except by resolution of the district governing board stating that the need for the moneys no longer exists.
- (8) Moneys from the Water Management Lands Trust Fund shall be allocated to the five water management districts in the following percentages:

- (a) Thirty percent to the South Florida Water Management District.
- (b) Twenty-five percent to the Southwest Florida Water Management District.
- (c) Twenty-five percent to the St. Johns River Water Management District.
- (d) Ten percent to the Suwannee River Water Management District.
- (e) Ten percent to the Northwest Florida Water Management District.
- (9) Each district may use its allocation under subsection (8) for management, maintenance, and capital improvements. Capital improvements shall include, but need not be limited to, perimeter fencing, signs, firelanes, control of invasive exotic species, controlled burning, habitat inventory and restoration, law enforcement, access roads and trails, and minimal public accommodations, such as primitive campsites, garbage receptacles, and toilets.
- (10) Moneys in the <u>Water Management Lands Trust Fund</u> fund not needed to meet current obligations incurred under this section shall be transferred to the State Board of Administration, to the credit of the fund, to be invested in the manner provided by law. Interest received on such investments shall be credited to the fund.
- (11) Lands acquired for the purposes enumerated in this section shall also be used for general public recreational purposes. General public recreational purposes shall include, but not be limited to, fishing, hunting, horseback riding, swimming, camping, hiking, canoeing, boating, diving, birding, sailing, jogging, and other related outdoor activities to the maximum extent possible considering

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the environmental sensitivity and suitability of those lands. These public lands shall be evaluated for their resource value for the purpose of establishing which parcels, in whole or in part, annually or seasonally, would be conducive to general public recreational purposes. Such findings must shall be included in management plans, which must be are developed for such public lands within 1 year after acquisition and updated at least every 5 years. These lands shall be made available to the public for these purposes, unless the district governing board can demonstrate that such activities would be incompatible with the purposes for which these lands were acquired. For any fee simple acquisition of a parcel which is or will be leased back for agricultural purposes, or for any acquisition of a less-than-fee interest in land that is or will be used for agricultural purposes, the district governing board shall first consider having a soil and water conservation district created pursuant to chapter 582 manage and monitor such interest.

- this section, pursuant to s. 373.056 or s. 373.089. Revenues derived from the disposition of lands acquired with funds from the Preservation 2000 or Florida Forever programs must be used to acquire other lands eligible for acquisition pursuant to those programs. However, Revenue derived from the such disposal of other lands may not be used for any purpose specified except the purchase of other lands meeting the criteria specified in this section or payment of debt service on revenue bonds or notes issued under s. 373.584, as provided in this section.
- (13) No moneys generated pursuant to this act may be applied or expended subsequent to July 1, 1985, to reimburse

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any district for prior expenditures for land acquisition from ad valorem taxes or other funds other than its share of the funds provided herein or to refund or refinance outstanding debt payable solely from ad valorem taxes or other funds other than its share of the funds provided herein.

(14)(a) Funds from the Water Management Lands Trust Fund shall be available Beginning in fiscal year 1992-1993, not more than one-fourth of the land management funds provided for in subsections (1) and (9) in any year shall be reserved annually by a governing board, during the development of its annual operating budget, for payment in lieu of taxes to qualifying counties, school districts, cities, and local governments, as defined in paragraph (b), for actual ad valorem tax losses incurred as a result of lands purchased with funds allocated pursuant to paragraph (b) and ss s. 259.101(3)(b) and 259.202(3)(c). In addition, the Northwest Florida Water Management District, the South Florida Water Management District, the Southwest Florida Water Management District, the St. Johns River Water Management District, and the Suwannee River Water Management District shall pay to qualifying counties payments in lieu of taxes for district lands acquired with funds allocated pursuant to subsection 23 (8). Reserved funds that are not used for payment in lieu of taxes in any year shall revert to the fund to be used for management purposes or land acquisition in accordance with this section.

(b) Payment in lieu of taxes shall be available: 1. To counties for each year in which the levy of ad valorem tax is at least 8.25 mills or the amount of the tax loss from all completed Preservation 2000 or Florida Forever acquisitions in the county exceeds 0.01 percent of the

county's total taxable value, and the population is 75,000 or less $\underline{\underline{\ }}$ and

- $\underline{2.}$ To counties with a population of less than 100,000 which contain all or a portion of an area of critical state concern designated pursuant to chapter 380, and to local governments within such counties.
- 3. Beginning in the 2000-2001 fiscal year, to school boards in counties with a population of 75,000 or less which do not contain all or a portion of an area of critical state concern designated under chapter 380 and which levy the maximum millage under s. 236.25(1) and levy at least 1 mill pursuant to s. 236.25(2).

- As used in this paragraph, the term "local government" includes municipalities, the county school board, mosquito control districts, and any other local government entity that levies ad valorem taxes, with the exception of a water management district.
- (c) Payment in lieu of taxes shall be available to any city that has a population of 10,000 or less and that levies an ad valorem tax of at least 8.25 mills or the amount of the tax loss from all completed Preservation 2000 acquisitions in the city which exceeds 0.01 percent of the city's total taxable value.
- (d)(c) If insufficient funds are not sufficient available in any year to make full payments to all qualifying counties, school districts, cities, and local governments, such counties, school districts, cities, and local governments shall receive a pro rata share of the moneys available.
- $\underline{\text{(e)}}$ (d) The payment amount shall be based on the average amount of actual taxes paid on the property for the 3

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years immediately preceding acquisition, except that, for 2 purchases completed after July 1, 2000, the payment amount to 3 school boards in counties with a population of 75,000 or less 4 which do not contain all or a portion of an area of critical 5 state concern designated under chapter 380 shall be calculated 6 based solely on the value of the millage levied under s. 7 236.25(1) and (2). For lands purchased prior to July 1, 1992, 8 applications for payment in lieu of taxes shall be made to the 9 districts by January 1, 1993. For lands purchased after July 1, 1992, applications for payment in lieu of taxes shall be 10 made no later than January 31 of the year following 11 12 acquisition. No payment in lieu of taxes shall be made for properties that which were exempt from ad valorem taxation for 13 14 the year immediately preceding acquisition. Payment in lieu 15 of taxes shall be limited to a period of 10 consecutive years of annual payments. The Legislature intends that once a 16 17 governmental entity has been determined eligible for a payment, the entity shall receive 10 consecutive annual 18 19 payments for each tax loss, and no further eligibility 20 determination shall be made within the period of payment for 21 each tax loss. However, no governmental entity shall receive more than 10 payments for each tax loss. 22 23

(f)(e) Payment in lieu of taxes shall be made within 30 days after: certification by the Department of Revenue that the amounts applied for are appropriate, certification by the Department of Environmental Protection that funds are available, and completion of any fund transfers to the district. The governing board may reduce the amount of a payment in lieu of taxes to any county, school district, city, or local government by the amount of other payments, grants, or in-kind services provided to that governmental entity

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county by the district during the year. The amount of any reduction in payments shall remain in the Water Management Lands Trust Fund for purposes provided by law.

(g) (f) If a district governing board conveys to a local government title to any land owned by the board, any payments in lieu of taxes on the land made to the local government shall be discontinued as of the date of the conveyance.

- (15)Each district is encouraged to use volunteers to provide land management and other services. Volunteers shall be covered by liability protection and workers' compensation in the same manner as district employees, unless waived in writing by such volunteers or unless such volunteers otherwise provide equivalent insurance.
- (16) Each water management district is authorized and encouraged to enter into cooperative land management agreements with state agencies or local governments to provide for the coordinated and cost-effective management of lands to which the water management districts, the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, or local governments hold title. Any such cooperative land management agreement must be consistent with any applicable laws governing land use, management duties, and responsibilities and procedures of each cooperating entity. Each cooperating entity is authorized to expend such funds as are made available to it for land management on any such lands included in a cooperative land management agreement.
- (17) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary and for the 1998-1999 fiscal year only, the governing board of a water management district may request, and the Secretary of Environmental Protection shall release

upon such request, moneys allocated to the districts pursuant 1 to subsection (8) for the purpose of carrying out the 2 3 provisions of ss. 373.451-373.4595. No funds may be used 4 pursuant to this subsection until necessary debt service 5 obligations and requirements for payments in lieu of taxes that may be required pursuant to this section are provided 6 7 for. This subsection is repealed on July 1, 1999. Section 11. Subsections (16) and (17) are added to 8 9 section 380.503, Florida Statutes, to read: 380.503 Definitions.--As used in ss. 380.501-380.515, 10 unless the context indicates a different meaning or intent: 11 12 (16) "Metropolitan" means a population area consisting of a central city; adjacent cities and smaller surrounding 13 14 communities; or a major urban area and its environs. 15 (17) "Urban area" means an area of or for development characterized by social, economic, and institutional 16 17 activities that are predominantly based on the manufacture, production, distribution, or provision of goods and services, 18 19 in a setting that typically includes residential and 20 nonresidential development uses other than those characteristic of rural areas. 21 Section 12. Subsection (1) of section 380.504, Florida 22 23 Statutes, is amended to read: 380.504 Florida Communities Trust; creation; 24 25 membership; expenses.--26 (1) There is created within the Department of 27 Community Affairs a nonregulatory state agency and 28 instrumentality, which shall be a public body corporate and 29 politic, known as the "Florida Communities Trust." The governing body of the trust shall consist of: 30 31

(a) The Secretary of Community Affairs, and the Secretary of Environmental Protection, and the director of the Division of Historical Resources in the Department of State; and

(b) $\underline{\text{Four}}$ $\underline{\text{Three}}$ public members whom the Governor shall appoint, subject to Senate confirmation.

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The Governor shall appoint a former elected official of a county local government, a former elected official of a metropolitan municipal government, a representative of a nonprofit organization as defined in this part, and a representative of the development industry. The Secretary of Community Affairs may designate his or her assistant secretary or the director of the Division of Community Resource Planning and Management to serve in his or her absence. The Secretary of Environmental Protection may appoint his or her deputy secretary assistant executive director, the deputy assistant director for Land Resources, the director of the Division of State Lands, or the director of the Division of Recreation and Parks to serve in his or her absence. The Secretary of Community Affairs shall be the chair of the governing body of the trust. The Governor shall make his or her appointments upon the expiration of any current terms or within 60 days after the effective date of the resignation of any member. Section 13. Section 380.505, Florida Statutes, is

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amended to read:

380.505 Meetings; quorum; voting.--The powers of the trust shall be vested in its governing body members. The governing body may delegate such powers to department staff as it deems necessary. Four Three members of the governing body shall constitute a quorum for the purpose of conducting its

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business and exercising its powers and for all other purposes. However, the governing body may take action only upon an affirmative vote of at least <u>four</u> three members. The governing body shall meet at least quarterly, and may meet more often at the call of the chair or upon an affirmative vote of three members.

Section 14. Subsection (11) of section 380.507, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

380.507 Powers of the trust.--The trust shall have all the powers necessary or convenient to carry out the purposes and provisions of this part, including:

(11) To make rules necessary to carry out the purposes of this part and to exercise any power granted in this part, pursuant to the provisions of chapter 120. The trust shall adopt rules governing the acquisition of lands by local governments or the trust using proceeds from the Preservation 2000 Trust Fund and the Florida Forever Trust Fund consistent with the intent expressed in the Florida Forever Act. Such rules must include, but are not limited to, procedures for appraisals and confidentiality consistent with ss. 125.355(1)(a) and (b) and 166.045(1)(a) and (b), a method of determining a maximum purchase price, and procedures to assure that the land is acquired in a voluntarily negotiated transaction, surveyed, conveyed with marketable title, and examined for hazardous materials contamination. Land acquisition procedures of a local land authority created pursuant to s. 380.0663 or s. 380.0677 shall be used for the land acquisition programs described by s. 259.101(3)(c) if within areas of critical state concern designated pursuant to s. 380.05, subject to approval of the trust.

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Section 15. Subsections (5) and (6) of section 420.5092, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

420.5092 Florida Affordable Housing Guarantee Program.--

(5) Pursuant to s. 16, Art. VII of the State Constitution, the corporation may issue, in accordance with s. 420.509, revenue bonds of the corporation to establish the guarantee fund. Such revenue bonds shall be primarily payable from and secured by annual debt service reserves, from interest earned on funds on deposit in the guarantee fund, from fees, charges, and reimbursements established by the corporation for the issuance of affordable housing guarantees, and from any other revenue sources received by the corporation and deposited by the corporation into the guarantee fund for the issuance of affordable housing quarantees. such primary revenue sources are considered insufficient by the corporation, pursuant to the certification provided in subsection (6), to fully fund the annual debt service reserve, the certified deficiency in such reserve shall be additionally payable from the first proceeds of the documentary stamp tax moneys deposited into the State Housing Trust Fund pursuant to s. 201.15(7)(a) and (8)(a)s. 201.15(6)(a) and (7)(a)during the ensuing state fiscal year.

(6)(a) If the primary revenue sources to be used for repayment of revenue bonds used to establish the guarantee fund are insufficient for such repayment, the annual principal and interest due on each series of revenue bonds shall be payable from funds in the annual debt service reserve. The corporation shall, before June 1 of each year, perform a financial audit to determine whether at the end of the state fiscal year there will be on deposit in the guarantee fund an

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annual debt service reserve from interest earned pursuant to the investment of the guarantee fund, fees, charges, and reimbursements received from issued affordable housing quarantees and other revenue sources available to the corporation. Based upon the findings in such guarantee fund financial audit, the corporation shall certify to the Comptroller the amount of any projected deficiency in the annual debt service reserve for any series of outstanding bonds as of the end of the state fiscal year and the amount necessary to maintain such annual debt service reserve. Upon receipt of such certification, the Comptroller shall transfer to the annual debt service reserve, from the first available taxes distributed to the State Housing Trust Fund pursuant to s. 201.15(7)(a) and (8)(a)s. 201.15(6)(a) and (7)(a)during the ensuing state fiscal year, the amount certified as necessary to maintain the annual debt service reserve.

(b) If the claims payment obligations under affordable housing guarantees from amounts on deposit in the guarantee fund would cause the claims paying rating assigned to the guarantee fund to be less than the third-highest rating classification of any nationally recognized rating service, which classifications being consistent with s. 215.84(3) and rules adopted thereto by the State Board of Administration, the corporation shall certify to the Comptroller the amount of such claims payment obligations. Upon receipt of such certification, the Comptroller shall transfer to the guarantee fund, from the first available taxes distributed to the State Housing Trust Fund pursuant to $\underline{s.\ 201.15(7)(a)}\ and\ (8)(a)\underline{s.}\ 201.15(6)(a)\ and\ (7)(a)\ during the ensuing state fiscal year, the amount certified as necessary to meet such obligations, such transfer to be subordinate to any transfer referenced in$

paragraph (a) and not to exceed 50 percent of the amounts distributed to the State Housing Trust Fund pursuant to \underline{s} . $\underline{201.15(7)(a)}$ and $\underline{(8)(a)}$ s. $\underline{201.15(6)(a)}$ and $\underline{(7)(a)}$ during the preceding state fiscal year.

Section 16. Section 420.9073, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

420.9073 Local housing distributions.--

- (1) Distributions calculated in this section shall be disbursed on a monthly basis by the agency beginning the first day of the month after program approval pursuant to s. 420.9072. Each county's share of the funds to be distributed from the portion of the funds in the Local Government Housing Trust Fund received pursuant to \underline{s} . $\underline{201.15(7)}$ \underline{s} . $\underline{201.15(6)}$ shall be calculated by the agency for each fiscal year as follows:
- (a) Each county other than a county that has implemented the provisions of chapter 83-220, Laws of Florida, as amended by chapters 84-270, 86-152, and 89-252, Laws of Florida, shall receive the guaranteed amount for each fiscal year.
- (b) Each county other than a county that has implemented the provisions of chapter 83-220, Laws of Florida, as amended by chapters 84-270, 86-152, and 89-252, Laws of Florida, may receive an additional share calculated as follows:
- 1. Multiply each county's percentage of the total state population excluding the population of any county that has implemented the provisions of chapter 83-220, Laws of Florida, as amended by chapters 84-270, 86-152, and 89-252, Laws of Florida, by the total funds to be distributed.

- 2. If the result in subparagraph 1. is less than the guaranteed amount as determined in subsection (3), that county's additional share shall be zero.
- 3. For each county in which the result in subparagraph 1. is greater than the guaranteed amount as determined in subsection (3), the amount calculated in subparagraph 1. shall be reduced by the guaranteed amount. The result for each such county shall be expressed as a percentage of the amounts so determined for all counties. Each such county shall receive an additional share equal to such percentage multiplied by the total funds received by the Local Government Housing Trust Fund pursuant to $\underline{s.\ 201.15(7)}\underline{s.\ 201.15(6)}$ reduced by the guaranteed amount paid to all counties.
- (2) Effective July 1, 1995, distributions calculated in this section shall be disbursed on a monthly basis by the agency beginning the first day of the month after program approval pursuant to s. 420.9072. Each county's share of the funds to be distributed from the portion of the funds in the Local Government Housing Trust Fund received pursuant to \underline{s} . $\underline{201.15(8)}$ s. $\underline{201.15(7)}$ shall be calculated by the agency for each fiscal year as follows:
- (a) Each county shall receive the guaranteed amount for each fiscal year.
- (b) Each county may receive an additional share calculated as follows:
- 1. Multiply each county's percentage of the total state population, by the total funds to be distributed.
- 2. If the result in subparagraph 1. is less than the guaranteed amount as determined in subsection (3), that county's additional share shall be zero.

- 3. For each county in which the result in subparagraph 1. is greater than the guaranteed amount, the amount calculated in subparagraph 1. shall be reduced by the guaranteed amount. The result for each such county shall be expressed as a percentage of the amounts so determined for all counties. Each such county shall receive an additional share equal to this percentage multiplied by the total funds received by the Local Government Housing Trust Fund pursuant to $\underline{s.\ 201.15(8)}\underline{s.\ 201.15(7)}$ as reduced by the guaranteed amount paid to all counties.
 - (3) Calculation of guaranteed amounts:
- (a) The guaranteed amount under subsection (1) shall be calculated for each state fiscal year by multiplying \$350,000 by a fraction, the numerator of which is the amount of funds distributed to the Local Government Housing Trust Fund pursuant to $\underline{s.\ 201.15(7)}\underline{s.\ 201.15(6)}$ and the denominator of which is the total amount of funds distributed to the Local Government Housing Trust Fund pursuant to $\underline{s.\ 201.15}$.
- (b) The guaranteed amount under subsection (2) shall be calculated for each state fiscal year by multiplying \$350,000 by a fraction, the numerator of which is the amount of funds distributed to the Local Government Housing Trust Fund pursuant to $\underline{s.\ 201.15(8)}\underline{s.\ 201.15(7)}$ and the denominator of which is the total amount of funds distributed to the Local Government Housing Trust Fund pursuant to $\underline{s.\ 201.15}$.
- (4) Funds distributed pursuant to this section may not be pledged to pay debt service on any bonds.
- Section 17. (1) An educational program to enhance the state's schools, community colleges, and universities, which will foster business, industry, research, and development, is created. This program will integrate into existing curricula

the knowledge, skills, and experience that will result in informed decisions, responsible behavior, and constructive actions through project-based learning.

- (2) The education program will be based on present and future projects involving ecosystem restoration. The program will include teacher training and curriculum development in all disciplines, with cooperative efforts between schools, colleges, universities, and businesses, to provide practical, hands-on experience and to encourage enrollment in mathematics, engineering, and science, such as Broward County's Saturday-Science Summer Academy, SECME-Southeastern Consortium for Minorities in Engineering Program, Miami-Dade County's Urban Systemic Initiative, and others in rural areas to be administered through the Commissioner of Education, school districts, the Board of Regents, and the State Board of Community Colleges.
- (3) There is created the Florida Forever Advisory Council on Ecosystem Restoration Education. Members will include:
- (b) Two members of the House of Representatives, appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
 - (c) The following appointees of the Governor:
 - 1. A representative of the business community.
- 2. A representative of the Executive Office of the Governor.
- (d) A representative of the State Board of Community Colleges appointed by the Commissioner of Education.
- (e) A representative of the Department of Education appointed by the Commissioner of Education.

1	(f) A representative of the Board of Regents appointed
2	by its chairperson.
3	(g) A representative of the Fish and Wildlife
4	Conservation Commission appointed by its chairperson.
5	(h) A representative of the Department of
6	Environmental Protection appointed by its secretary.
7	(i) The chairman of the Environmental Education
8	Foundation.
9	(j) A representative of each of the water management
10	districts appointed by the chairperson of each governing
11	board.
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13	Each member who is a public official shall perform the duties
14	of council members in addition to the duties of his or her
15	official position. Legislative members shall be appointed to
16	terms that correspond to their terms of office. All other
17	members shall be appointed to staggered 4-year terms and may
18	be reappointed.
19	(4) The council shall elect a chairperson from its
20	legislator members and a vice chairperson and other officers
21	as it finds necessary. Those officers shall serve 1-year terms
22	but may be reelected. If a council member who is a legislator
23	ceases to hold that position, the council membership held by
24	that person becomes vacant and a replacement member shall be
25	named by the appointing person. A council member may not be
26	compensated for his or her service, but is entitled to per
27	diem and travel expenses as provided in section 112.061,
28	Florida Statutes. The council shall:
29	(a) Serve as a forum for the discussion and study of
30	problems that affect the education program.
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- (b) Recommend a priority list for the types of programs to be funded.
- (c) Not less than 90 days before each regular session of the Legislature, prepare and submit a report of its findings and recommendations to the Governor, each officer of the Cabinet, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The report must state reasons and supporting data for its recommendations.
- (5) The Department of Education shall provide staff support and related services for the education program. It shall evaluate the education program and prepare reports and studies to increase the effectiveness of the program.
- (6) Moneys from the Florida Forever Trust Fund may not be appropriated to implement this program.

Section 18. Agencies and water management districts receiving funds from the Florida Forever Program shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 120, Florida Statutes, to implement the program which, at a minimum, establish procedures for evaluating, selecting, and prioritizing proposed acquisitions and water resource development projects.

Section 19. Subsection (3) is added to section 375.075, Florida Statutes, to read:

375.075 Outdoor recreation; financial assistance to local governments.--

(3) A local government may submit up to two grant applications during each application period announced by the department. However, a local government may not have more than three active projects expending grant funds during any state fiscal year. The maximum project grant for each project application may not exceed \$200,000 in state funds.

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           Section 20. Section 373.584, Florida Statutes, is
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    repealed.
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           Section 21. The repeal of section 373.584, Florida
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    Statutes, does not impair the validity of any bonds or
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    obligations issued under that section which are outstanding on
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    July 1, 2000.
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           Section 22. If the Department of Environmental
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    Protection or a water management district has made a payment
    in lieu of taxes to a governmental entity and subsequently
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    suspended such payment, the department or water management
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    district shall reinstitute appropriate payments and continue
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    the payments in consecutive years until the governmental
    entity has received a total of ten payments for each tax loss.
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           Section 23. Except for this section and section 22,
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    which shall take effect upon becoming a law, this act shall
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    take effect July 1, 2000.
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.