DATE: March 9, 1999

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES COMMITTEE ON BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL TRADE ANALYSIS

BILL #: HB 935

RELATING TO: Unemployment Compensation/Good Cause

SPONSOR(S): Representatives Frankel, Chestnut, Dockery and others

COMPANION BILL(S): SB 1340(S) and SB 134(C)

ORIGINATING COMMITTEE(S)/COMMITTEE(S) OF REFERENCE:

(1) BUSINESS DÈVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL TRADE

(2) FAMILY LAW AND CHILDREN

TRANSPORTATION AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT APPROPRIATIONS

(3) (4) (5)

I. SUMMARY:

This bill specifies domestic violence as an additional criterion of "good cause" for purposes of an exception from disqualification from unemployment benefits for separating from employment.

The bill provides grounds for separating from employment due to domestic violence and provides for confidentiality of evidence of domestic violence.

The fiscal impact of this bill is indeterminate at this time.

The bill would take effect October 1, 1999.

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II. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS:

A. PRESENT SITUATION:

Section 443.101(1)(a)(1), Florida Statutes, provides that an individual who has voluntarily quit employment is subject to disqualification from receiving unemployment compensation benefits for the full period of unemployment next ensuing after he or she has left work and until such individual has earned income equal to at least 17 times the weekly benefit amount of the claim. However, if the worker voluntarily quit work with "good cause" he or she is not subject to disqualification. "Good cause" includes only cause that is attributable to the employer, or illness or disability of the individual requiring separation from his or her work.

Pursuant to sections 443.171(7) and 443.1715, F. S., records maintained by the Division of Unemployment Compensation which reveal the identity of an employing unit or an individual are, except to the extent necessary for the proper presentation of a claim, confidential and exempt from the provisions of section 119.07(1) and section 24(a), Article I of the State Constitution. Such records are not open to public inspection. Records in the custody of the division can only be released to public employees in the performance of their public duties or upon the written authorization of a claimant who has a workers' compensation claim pending. Failure to maintain the confidentiality of the division's records is a misdemeanor of the second-degree and punishable as provided in sections 775.082 or 775.083, Florida Statutes.

When an appeal has been filed with respect to a determination issued on a claim, legal interpretations of Florida law have found that such administrative hearings are public pursuant to section 286.011, F.S. Therefore, upon a request for information contained in a claim record that has been through the appellate process outlined in chapter 443, F.S., records must be released in accordance with the request.

B. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

The bill proposes to amend the disqualification provision for voluntarily quitting work by adding to the meaning of "good cause" such cause as is directly the result of an individual's experience of domestic violence. The bill delineates the grounds by which an individual's job separation will be considered to be due to circumstances directly resulting from the experience of domestic violence. These circumstances are:

- 1. The employee's reasonable fear of future domestic violence at or en route to or from the employee's place of employment;
- 2. The employee's wish to relocate to another geographic area in order to avoid future domestic violence against the employee or the employee's family;
- The employee's need to recover from traumatic stress resulting from the employee's experience of domestic violence; or
- 4. Any other circumstance in which domestic violence causes the employee to reasonably believe that termination of employment is necessary for the future safety of the employee or the employee's family.

The bill requires the division to hold in strictest confidence all evidence of domestic violence experienced by an individual, including the individual's statement, corroborating evidence, and the fact that the individual has filed a claim. Such information may only be disclosed upon the consent of the individual when necessary to protect the individual's safety.

C. APPLICATION OF PRINCIPLES:

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Less Government:

a. Does the bill create, increase or reduce, either directly or indirectly:

(1) any authority to make rules or adjudicate disputes?

N/A

(2) any new responsibilities, obligations or work for other governmental or private organizations or individuals?

N/A

(3) any entitlement to a government service or benefit?

N/A

- b. If an agency or program is eliminated or reduced:
 - (1) what responsibilities, costs and powers are passed on to another program, agency, level of government, or private entity?

N/A

(2) what is the cost of such responsibility at the new level/agency?

N/A

(3) how is the new agency accountable to the people governed?

N/A

2. Lower Taxes:

a. Does the bill increase anyone's taxes?

N/A

b. Does the bill require or authorize an increase in any fees?

N/A

c. Does the bill reduce total taxes, both rates and revenues?

N/A

d. Does the bill reduce total fees, both rates and revenues?

N/A

e. Does the bill authorize any fee or tax increase by any local government?

N/A

3. Personal Responsibility:

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a. Does the bill reduce or eliminate an entitlement to government services or subsidy?

N/A

b. Do the beneficiaries of the legislation directly pay any portion of the cost of implementation and operation?

N/A

4. Individual Freedom:

a. Does the bill increase the allowable options of individuals or private organizations/associations to conduct their own affairs?

N/A

b. Does the bill prohibit, or create new government interference with, any presently lawful activity?

N/A

5. Family Empowerment:

- a. If the bill purports to provide services to families or children:
 - (1) Who evaluates the family's needs?

N/A

(2) Who makes the decisions?

N/A

(3) Are private alternatives permitted?

N/A

(4) Are families required to participate in a program?

N/A

(5) Are families penalized for not participating in a program?

N/A

b. Does the bill directly affect the legal rights and obligations between family members?

N/A

- c. If the bill creates or changes a program providing services to families or children, in which of the following does the bill vest control of the program, either through direct participation or appointment authority:
 - (1) parents and guardians?

N/A

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(2) service providers?

N/A

(3) government employees/agencies?

N/A

D. STATUTE(S) AFFECTED:

Section 443.101, Florida Statutes.

E. SECTION-BY-SECTION ANALYSIS:

Section 1 Provides that "good cause" for quitting work includes such cause as is due to circumstances directly resulting from the individual's experience of domestic violence. An employee's job separation shall be treated as due to circumstances directly resulting from domestic violence when the individual has a reasonable fear of future domestic violence at or en route to or from the workplace: when the prospect of domestic violence against the individual or his or her family creates a desire to relocate; when the individual needs to recover from stress caused by domestic violence; or whenever the individual reasonably believes that terminating from work is necessary for personal safety or the safety of his or her family. Creates sub-subparagraph a. in subparagraph 1. of paragraph (a) under subsection (1) of Section 443.101, Florida Statutes.

Requires the division to hold in strictest confidence all evidence of domestic violence experienced by an individual, including the individual's statement, corroborating evidence, and the fact that the individual has filed a claim. Such information may only be disclosed upon the consent of the individual when necessary to protect the individual's safety. Creates the new sub-subparagraph b. in subparagraph 1. of paragraph (a) under subsection (1) of Section 443.101, Florida Statutes.

Section 2 Provides an effective date of October 1, 1999.

III. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT:

- A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE AGENCIES/STATE FUNDS:
 - 1. Non-recurring Effects:

N/A

2. Recurring Effects:

N/A

3. Long Run Effects Other Than Normal Growth:

N/A

4. Total Revenues and Expenditures:

N/A

- B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AS A WHOLE:
 - 1. Non-recurring Effects:

N/A

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2. Recurring Effects:

N/A

3. Long Run Effects Other Than Normal Growth:

N/A

- C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:
 - Direct Private Sector Costs:

N/A

Direct Private Sector Benefits:

N/A

3. Effects on Competition, Private Enterprise and Employment Markets:

N/A

D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

According to the Department of Labor and Employment Security, no data is available to indicate how many unemployment compensation claims are filed as a result of individuals experiencing domestic violence. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 443.131, F.S., the unemployment compensation tax accounts of employers in the private sector would be eligible for relief from benefit charges when a former employee leaves work due to circumstances directly resulting from the experience of domestic violence. However, the department does not anticipate that this bill would have any substantive affect on the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund.

The Department estimates a non-recurring fiscal impact of \$5,000 for computer programming, training, and manual updates.

IV. CONSEQUENCES OF ARTICLE VII, SECTION 18 OF THE FLORIDA CONSTITUTION:

A. APPLICABILITY OF THE MANDATES PROVISION:

N/A

B. REDUCTION OF REVENUE RAISING AUTHORITY:

N/A

C. REDUCTION OF STATE TAX SHARED WITH COUNTIES AND MUNICIPALITIES:

N/A

V. COMMENTS:

The Division of Unemployment Compensation has expressed some concerns with the bill has suggested the following: The division recommends avoiding the use of the term "employment" as found on page 2, lines 4, 11,17, and 26 so as to avoid confusion with the definition of employment as found in s. 443.036(19), F.S. By using the word employment, the bill may be interpreted to mean that a victim of domestic violence could only qualify for benefits when he or she quit a job that meets the statutory definition of "employment" and no other type of work. Not all work is considered "employment." The division recommends using the term "work" in lieu of the term "employment", which makes the proposal consistent with the language currently contained in paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 443.101, F.S.

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The division also recommends avoiding use of the term "employee" as used on page 2. At the time an individual files a claim for unemployment compensation benefits, the worker is unemployed and is no longer an employee. Language consistent with chapter 443 would replace the term "employee" with the term "individual."

The bill does not define who encompasses an individual's family.

Except to the extent chapter 286, F.S., requires the records of an appeals hearing to be considered public records, unemployment compensation records have always been held confidential pursuant to the requirements of the federal government. This is to ensure the proper administration of the unemployment compensation program. By maintaining the confidentiality of claim records as well as employer records, the unemployment compensation program can avoid controversy and adverse publicity that may interfere with its ability to provide the service for which it was designed. In order for the bill to have the full affect that it intends, it should create an exemption from chapter 286, F.S.

There is a potential conflict between the bill's confidentiality provision and the existing language in chapter 443, F.S., which allows for the release of information upon the written authorization of an individual who has a workers' compensation claim pending. Such authorization is required of insurance carriers for information necessary for the proper disposition of workers compensation claims.

| VI. | AMENDMENTS OR COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES: |
|------|---|
| | N/A |
| VII. | SIGNATURES: |
| | COMMITTEE ON BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL TRADE: Prepared by: Staff Director: |
| | |

J. Paul Whitfield, Jr.