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30 31 By the Committee on Transportation and Representatives Kyle and K. Smith

A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; amending s. 316.063, F.S.; revising language to refer to a traffic crash rather than accident; providing a noncriminal traffic infraction for obstructing traffic under certain circumstances; amending s. 316.1967, F.S.; revising language with respect to withholding motor vehicle registrations for outstanding parking tickets; amending s. 316.1975, F.S.; revising language with respect to unattended motor vehicles; amending s. 316.2055, F.S.; providing a uniform reference to a noncriminal traffic infraction; amending s. 316.211, F.S.; providing for compliance with certain federal safety standards with respect to equipment for motorcycle and moped riders; amending s. 316.520, F.S.; providing that it is a noncriminal traffic infraction punishable as a moving violation to violate load limits on vehicles; amending s. 316.640, F.S.; providing for the employment of parking enforcement specialists by airport authorities; providing powers and duties; authorizing the Florida Highway Patrol to employ certain persons as traffic crash investigation officers; providing for certain powers and duties; amending s. 318.14, F.S.; correcting cross references; amending s. 318.15, F.S.; increasing the time that failure to comply with the court's

1 directives must be reported to the Department 2 of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; including 3 reference to the tax collector with respect to the collection of certain service fees for 4 5 reinstatement of suspended driver license; amending s. 318.18, F.S.; extending the date by 6 7 which clerks of the court must provide 8 information electronically to the Department of 9 Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; amending s. 319.14, F.S., relating to the sale of motor 10 11 vehicles registered or used as taxicabs, police 12 vehicles, lease vehicles, or rebuilt vehicles 13 and nonconforming vehicles; including reference 14 to short-term and long-term lease vehicles; 15 providing definitions; providing penalties; amending s. 319.23, F.S.; revising language 16 with respect to application for title; amending 17 s. 319.30, F.S.; revising language with respect 18 to dismantling, destroying, or changing the 19 20 identity of a motor vehicle or mobile home; amending s. 320.01, F.S.; defining the term 21 22 "agricultural products"; amending s. 320.02, F.S.; revising language with respect to 23 24 application for registration forms to include certain identification information; amending s. 25 26 320.023, F.S.; revising language with respect 27 to the time for audits for organizations 28 receiving certain voluntary contributions; amending s. 320.03, F.S.; revising the 29 distribution formula with respect to a fee 30 31 charged for the Florida Real Time Vehicle

1 Information System; amending s. 320.055, F.S.; 2 revising language with respect to registration 3 periods; amending s. 320.06, F.S.; revising manufacturer license plates; providing for 4 5 manufacture of decals; repealing s. 320.065, F.S., relating to the registration of certain 6 7 rental trailers for hire and semitrailers used 8 to haul agricultural products; amending s. 9 320.0657, F.S.; revising language with respect to fleet license plates; providing fees; 10 amending s. 320.08, F.S.; deleting reference to 11 12 "collectible" motor vehicles; providing 13 reference to manufacturer license plates; amending s. 320.08058, F.S.; revising language 14 15 with respect to the designation of the Florida 16 Salutes Veterans license plate; providing that the annual use fee may be used for the 17 continuing promotion and marketing of the 18 plate; amending s. 320.083, F.S.; providing 19 20 additional specifications for a specialty license plate for amateur radio operators; 21 22 deleting obsolete provisions; amending s. 320.086, F.S.; revising language with respect 23 to ancient or antique motor vehicles; deleting 24 reference to collectible vehicles; amending s. 25 26 320.13, F.S.; prohibiting the use of dealer 27 license plates under certain circumstances; 28 providing for manufacturer plates; amending s. 320.131, F.S.; authorizing agents or Florida 29 licensed dealers to issue temporary license 30 31 tags when such tag is not specifically

1 authorized; providing penalties with respect to 2 certain violations concerning temporary tags; amending s. 320.1325, F.S.; revising language 3 with respect to registration for the 4 5 temporarily employed; amending s. 320.27, F.S.; revising language with respect to the denial, 6 7 suspension, or revocation of motor vehicle 8 dealer licenses; amending s. 320.30, F.S., relating to the forfeiture of a motor vehicle; 9 providing for confiscation and a share to 10 11 certain counties or municipalities; amending s. 12 321.06, F.S.; authorizing the department to 13 employ certain traffic crash investigation 14 officers; amending s. 322.08, F.S.; deleting 15 language with respect to certain applications 16 made by persons presently holding an out-of-state driver license; amending s. 17 322.081, F.S.; revising language with respect 18 to the time for audits for organizations 19 20 receiving certain voluntary contributions; amending s. 322.1615, F.S.; revising language 21 22 with respect to learner's driver's licenses; amending s. 322.245, F.S.; increasing the time 23 24 the failure to comply with the court's directives must be reported to the Department 25 26 of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; amending 27 s. 322.2615, F.S.; revising language with 28 respect to suspension of license; amending s. 29 322.28, F.S., relating to the period of suspension or revocation of a license; amending 30 31 s. 322.34, F.S.; conforming a cross reference;

amending s. 325.207, F.S.; authorizing the 1 2 solicitation of proposals for one contractor to 3 conduct vehicle emissions inspections in all 4 program areas of the state; amending s. 5 327.031, F.S.; providing for the denial or cancellation of a vessel registration when 6 7 payment for registration is made by a 8 dishonored check; amending s. 327.11, F.S.; 9 providing for replacement vessel registration; amending s. 327.23, F.S.; providing for a 10 11 temporary certificate of registration for a 12 vessel by certain out-of-state residents; 13 amending s. 327.25, F.S.; revising language 14 with respect to transfer of ownership and 15 registration of vessels; providing an exemption from vessel registration fees for vessels owned 16 and operated for the Florida Association of 17 Christian Child Caring Agencies, Inc.; creating 18 s. 327.255, F.S.; providing for the duties of 19 20 tax collectors with respect to vessel registration; creating s. 327.256, F.S.; 21 22 providing procedures for advanced vessel registration renewal; amending s. 328.01, F.S.; 23 24 revising language with respect to application for a certificate of title for a vessel; 25 26 amending s. 328.11, F.S.; increasing the time 27 period to apply for a reissuance of a 28 certificate of title; amending s. 328.15, F.S.; 29 providing requirements with respect to certain second liens on vessels; providing requirements 30 31 with respect to satisfaction of a lien on a

1 vessel; providing penalties for failure to 2 comply; amending s. 328.16, F.S.; providing 3 requirements with respect to liens; creating s. 4 328.165, F.S.; providing for cancellation of 5 certificates; amending s. 370.06, F.S., relating to saltwater products licenses, to 6 7 provide reference to registration; amending s. 8 713.78, F.S.; providing an exemption from the requirement of an inventory of personal 9 property found in a motor vehicle to be removed 10 from the scene of an accident under certain 11 circumstances; amending ss. 732.9215 and 12 13 732.9216, F.S.; correcting cross references; 14 amending s. 812.014, F.S., relating to theft; 15 providing prohibition on theft of gasoline 16 while in a motor vehicle; amending s. 832.06, F.S.; revising language with respect to 17 prosecution for worthless checks given to the 18 tax collector for certain licenses or taxes; 19 20 amending s. 932.701, F.S.; redefining the term 21 "contraband article," and reenacting ss. 705.101(6) and 932.703(4), F.S., relating to 22 forfeiture of contraband article, to 23 24 incorporate said amendment in references; repealing section 14 of chapter 98-223, Laws of 25 26 Florida, relating to required security for the 27 operation of a motor vehicle; providing an 28 effective date. 29 30 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 316.063, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.063 Duty upon damaging unattended vehicle or other property.--

- The driver of any vehicle which collides with, or is involved in a crash an accident with, any vehicle or other property which is unattended, resulting in any damage to such other vehicle or property, shall immediately stop and shall then and there either locate and notify the operator or owner of the vehicle or other property of the driver's name and address and the registration number of the vehicle he or she is driving, or shall attach securely in a conspicuous place in or on the vehicle or other property a written notice giving the driver's name and address and the registration number of the vehicle he or she is driving, and shall without unnecessary delay notify the nearest office of a duly authorized police authority. Every such stop shall be made without obstructing traffic more than is necessary. If a damaged vehicle is obstructing traffic, the driver shall make every reasonable effort to move the vehicle or have it moved so as not to obstruct the regular flow of traffic. Any person who fails to comply with this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (2) Every such stop shall be made without obstructing traffic more than is necessary. If a damaged vehicle is obstructing traffic, the driver shall make every reasonable effort to move the vehicle or have it moved so as not to obstruct the regular flow of traffic. A violation of this subsection is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a nonmoving violation as provided in chapter 318.

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(3) (3) The law enforcement officer at the scene of a crash an accident required to be reported in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) or the law enforcement officer receiving a report by a driver as required by subsection (1) shall, if part or any of the property damaged is a fence or other structure used to house or contain livestock, promptly make a reasonable effort to notify the owner, occupant, or agent of this damage.

Section 2. Subsection (6) of section 316.1967, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.1967 Liability for payment of parking ticket violations and other parking violations .--

(6) Any county or municipality may provide by ordinance that the clerk of the court or the traffic violations bureau shall supply the department with a magnetically encoded computer tape reel or cartridge or send by other electronic means data which is machine readable by the installed computer system at the department, listing persons who have two three or more outstanding parking violations, including violations of s. 316.1955. Each county shall provide by ordinance that the clerk of the court or the traffic violations bureau shall supply the department with a magnetically encoded computer tape reel or cartridge or send by other electronic means data that is machine readable by the installed computer system at the department, listing persons who have any outstanding violations of s. 316.1955 or any similar local ordinance that regulates parking in spaces designated for use by persons who have disabilities. The department shall mark the appropriate registration records of persons who are so reported. Section 320.03(8) applies to each 31 person whose name appears on the list.

 Section 3. Section 316.1975, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.1975 Unattended motor vehicle.--

- (1) No person driving or in charge of any motor vehicle except a licensed delivery truck or other delivery vehicle while making deliveries, shall permit it to stand unattended without first stopping the engine, locking the ignition, and removing the key. No vehicle shall be permitted to stand unattended upon any perceptible grade without stopping the engine and effectively setting the brake thereon and turning the front wheels to the curb or side of the street.
 - (2) This section shall not apply to the operator of:
- (a) An authorized emergency vehicle while in the performance of official duties and the vehicle is equipped with an activated anti-theft device that prohibits the vehicle from being driven; or
- (b) A licensed delivery truck or other delivery vehicle while making deliveries.

Section 4. Section 316.2055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.2055 Motor vehicles, throwing advertising materials in.--It is unlawful for any person on a public street, highway, or sidewalk in the state to throw into, or attempt to throw into, any motor vehicle, or offer, or attempt to offer, to any occupant of any motor vehicle, whether standing or moving, or to place or throw into any motor vehicle any advertising or soliciting materials or to cause or secure any person or persons to do any one of such unlawful acts. A violation of this section shall be considered a

noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a pedestrian violation as provided in chapter 318.

Section 5. Section 316.211, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.211 Equipment for motorcycle and moped riders.--

- (1) No person shall operate or ride upon a motorcycle unless the person is properly wearing protective headgear securely fastened upon his or her head which complies with 49 C.F.R. s. 571.218. The department is authorized to promulgate rules for the enforcement of this standard standards established by the department.
- (2) No person shall operate a motorcycle unless the person is wearing an eye-protective device over his or her eyes of a type approved by the department.
- (3) This section shall not apply to persons riding within an enclosed cab or to any person 16 years of age or older who is operating or riding upon a motorcycle powered by a motor with a displacement of 50 cubic centimeters or less or is rated not in excess of 2 brake horsepower and which is not capable of propelling such motorcycle at a speed greater than 30 miles per hour on level ground.
- (4) No person under 16 years of age shall operate or ride upon a moped unless the person is properly wearing protective headgear securely fastened upon his or her head which complies with 49 C.F.R. s. 571.218. The department is authorized to promulgate rules for the enforcement of this standard standards established by the department.
- (5) The department is authorized to approve protective headgear made to specifications drawn and devised by, or approved by, the American National Standards Institute, the United States Department of Transportation, the United States

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Consumer Products Safety Commission, the United States Department of Defense, or any other entity which can provide equally effective equipment specifications. The department shall publish lists of protective equipment, and such lists shall be made available by request to all users of such equipment.

Section 6. Section 316.520, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.520 Loads on vehicles.--

- (1) No vehicle shall be driven or moved on any highway unless the vehicle is so constructed or loaded as to prevent any of its load from dropping, shifting, leaking, blowing, or otherwise escaping therefrom, except that sand may be dropped only for the purpose of securing traction or water or other substance may be sprinkled on a roadway in cleaning or maintaining the roadway.
- (2) It is the duty of every owner and driver, severally, of any vehicle hauling, upon any public road or highway open to the public, dirt, sand, lime rock, gravel, silica, or other similar aggregate or trash, garbage, or any similar material which could fall or blow from such vehicle, to prevent such materials from falling, blowing, or in any way escaping from such vehicle. Covering and securing the load with a close-fitting tarpaulin or other appropriate cover is required.
- (3) A violation of this section shall be considered a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a moving violation as provided in chapter 318.

Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 316.640, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (c) is 31 | added to subsection (1) of said section, to read:

316.640 Enforcement.--The enforcement of the traffic laws of this state is vested as follows:

(1) STATE.--

- (a)1.a. The Division of Florida Highway Patrol of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, the Division of Law Enforcement of the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, the Division of Law Enforcement of the Department of Environmental Protection, and law enforcement officers of the Department of Transportation each have authority to enforce all of the traffic laws of this state on all the streets and highways thereof and elsewhere throughout the state wherever the public has a right to travel by motor vehicle.
- b. University police officers shall have authority to enforce all of the traffic laws of this state when such violations occur on or about any property or facilities that are under the guidance, supervision, regulation, or control of the State University System, except that traffic laws may be enforced off-campus when hot pursuit originates on-campus.
- c. Community college police officers shall have the authority to enforce all the traffic laws of this state only when such violations occur on any property or facilities that are under the guidance, supervision, regulation, or control of the community college system.
- d. Police officers employed by an airport authority shall have the authority to enforce all of the traffic laws of this state only when such violations occur on any property or facilities that are owned or operated by an airport authority.
- (I) An airport authority may employ as a parking enforcement specialist any individual who successfully completes a training program established and approved by the

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Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission for parking enforcement specialist, but who does not otherwise meet the uniform minimum standards established by the commission for law enforcement officers or auxiliary or part-time officers under s. 943.12. Nothing in this sub-sub-subparagraph shall be construed to permit the carrying of firearms or other weapons, nor shall such parking enforcement specialist have arrest authority.

- (II) A parking enforcement specialist employed by an airport authority is authorized to enforce all state, county, and municipal laws and ordinances governing parking only when such violations are on property or facilities owned or operated by the airport authority employing the specialist, by appropriate state, county, or municipal traffic citation.
- The Office of Agricultural Law Enforcement of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall have the authority to enforce traffic laws of this state only as authorized by the provisions of chapter 570. However, nothing in this section shall expand the authority of the Office of Agricultural Law Enforcement at its agricultural inspection stations to issue any traffic tickets except those traffic tickets for vehicles illegally passing the inspection station.
- f. School safety officers shall have the authority to enforce all of the traffic laws of this state when such violations occur on or about any property or facilities which are under the guidance, supervision, regulation, or control of the district school board.
- 2. An agency of the state as described in subparagraph 1. is prohibited from establishing a traffic citation quota. A violation of this subparagraph is not subject to the penalties 31 provided in chapter 318.

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- 3. Any disciplinary action taken or performance evaluation conducted by an agency of the state as described in subparagraph 1. of a law enforcement officer's traffic enforcement activity must be in accordance with written work-performance standards. Such standards must be approved by the agency and any collective bargaining unit representing such law enforcement officer. A violation of this subparagraph is not subject to the penalties provided in chapter 318.
- The Division of Florida Highway Patrol may employ as a traffic crash investigation officer any individual who successfully completes at least 200 hours of instruction in traffic crash investigation and court presentation through the Selective Traffic Enforcement Program as approved by the Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission and funded through the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration or a similar program approved by the commission, but who does not necessarily meet the uniform minimum standards established by the commission for law enforcement officers or auxiliary law enforcement officers under chapter 943. Any such traffic crash investigation officer who makes an investigation at the scene of a traffic crash may issue traffic citations, based upon personal investigation, when he or she has reasonable and probable grounds to believe that a person who was involved in the crash committed an offense under this chapter, chapter 319, chapter 320, or chapter 322 in connection with the crash. This paragraph does not permit the carrying of firearms or other weapons, nor do such officers have arrest authority other than for the issuance of a traffic citation as authorized in this paragraph. Section 8. Subsections (1), (4), and (9) of section

31 318.14, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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318.14 Noncriminal traffic infractions; exception; procedures.--
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- (1) Except as provided in ss. 318.17 and 320.07(3)(c)(b), any person cited for a violation of s. 240.265, chapter 316, s. 320.0605(1), s. 320.07(3)(a) or (b), s. 322.065, s. 322.15(1), s. 322.16(2) or (3), s. 322.161(4), or s. 322.19 is charged with a noncriminal infraction and must be cited for such an infraction and cited to appear before an official. If another person dies as a result of the noncriminal infraction, the person cited may be required to perform 120 community service hours under s. 316.027(4), in addition to any other penalties.
- (4) Any person charged with a noncriminal infraction under this section who does not elect to appear shall pay the civil penalty and delinquent fee, if applicable, either by mail or in person, within 30 days of the date of receiving the citation. If the person cited follows the above procedure, he or she shall be deemed to have admitted the infraction and to have waived his or her right to a hearing on the issue of commission of the infraction. Such admission shall not be used as evidence in any other proceedings. Any person who is cited for a violation of s. 320.0605(1) or s. 322.15(1), or subject to a penalty under s. 320.07(3)(a) or (b)or s. 322.065, and who makes an election under this subsection shall submit proof of compliance with the applicable section to the clerk of the court. For the purposes of this subsection, proof of compliance consists of a valid driver's license or a valid registration certificate.
- (9) Any person who is cited for an infraction under this section other than a violation of s. 320.0605(1), s. 320.07(3)(a) or (b), s. 322.065, s. 322.15(1), s. 322.61, or

s. 322.62 may, in lieu of a court appearance, elect to attend 1 in the location of his or her choice within this state a basic 3 driver improvement course approved by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles. In such a case, 4 5 adjudication must be withheld; points, as provided by s. 6 322.27, may not be assessed; and the civil penalty that is 7 imposed by s. 318.18(3) must be reduced by 18 percent; 8 however, a person may not make an election under this 9 subsection if the person has made an election under this subsection in the preceding 12 months. A person may make no 10 11 more than five elections under this subsection. The requirement for community service under s. 318.18(7) is not 12 13 waived by a plea of nolo contendere or by the withholding of 14 adjudication of guilt by a court.

Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 318.15, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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318.15 Failure to comply with civil penalty or to appear; penalty.--

(1)(a) If a person fails to comply with the civil penalties provided in s. 318.18 within the time period specified in s. 318.14(4), fails to attend driver improvement school, or fails to appear at a scheduled hearing, the clerk of the court shall notify the Division of Driver Licenses of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles of such failure within 10 - 5 days after such failure. Upon receipt of such notice, the department shall immediately issue an order suspending the driver's license and privilege to drive of such person effective 20 days after the date the order of suspension is mailed in accordance with s. 322.251(1), (2), 31 and (6). Any such suspension of the driving privilege which

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has not been reinstated, including a similar suspension imposed outside Florida, shall remain on the records of the department for a period of 7 years from the date imposed and shall be removed from the records after the expiration of 7 years from the date it is imposed.

(2) After suspension of the driver's license and privilege to drive of a person under subsection (1), the license and privilege may not be reinstated until the person complies with all obligations and penalties imposed on him or her under s. 318.18 and presents to a driver license office a certificate of compliance issued by the court, together with the \$25 nonrefundable service fee imposed under s. 322.29, or pays the aforementioned \$25 service fee to the clerk of the court or tax collector clearing such suspension. Such person shall also be in compliance with requirements of chapter 322 prior to reinstatement.

Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 318.18, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

318.18 Amount of civil penalties. -- The penalties required for a noncriminal disposition pursuant to s. 318.14 are as follows:

(8)(a) Any person who fails to comply with the court's requirements or who fails to pay the civil penalties specified in this section within the 30-day period provided for in s. 318.14 must pay an additional civil penalty of \$12, \$2.50 of which must be deposited into the General Revenue Fund, and \$9.50 of which must be deposited in the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. There is hereby appropriated from the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund for fiscal year 1996-1997 the amount of \$4 million. From this appropriation the 31 department shall contract with the Florida Association of

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Court Clerks, Inc., to design, establish, operate, upgrade, and maintain an automated statewide Uniform Traffic Citation Accounting System to be operated by the clerks of the court which shall include, but not be limited to, the accounting for traffic infractions by type, a record of the disposition of the citations, and an accounting system for the fines assessed and the subsequent fine amounts paid to the clerks of the court. On or before December 1, 2001 1999, the clerks of the court must provide the information required by this chapter to be transmitted to the department by electronic transmission pursuant to the contract.

Section 11. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section 319.14, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

319.14 Sale of motor vehicles registered or used as taxicabs, police vehicles, lease vehicles, or rebuilt vehicles and nonconforming vehicles .--

(1)(a) No person shall knowingly offer for sale, sell, or exchange any vehicle that has been licensed, registered, or used as a taxicab, police vehicle, or short-term lease vehicle which will no longer be in lease service after April 29, 1990, or a vehicle which has been repurchased by a manufacturer pursuant to a settlement, determination, or decision under chapter 681, until the department has stamped in a conspicuous place on the certificate of title of the vehicle, or its duplicate, words stating the nature of the previous use of the vehicle or the title has been stamped "Manufacturer's Buy Back" to reflect that the vehicle is a nonconforming vehicle. If the certificate of title or duplicate was not so stamped upon initial issuance thereof or if, subsequent to initial issuance of the title, the use of the vehicle is changed to a 31 use requiring the notation provided for in this section, the

owner or lienholder of the vehicle shall surrender the certificate of title or duplicate to the department prior to offering the vehicle for sale, and the department shall stamp the certificate or duplicate as required herein. When a vehicle has been repurchased by a manufacturer pursuant to a settlement, determination, or decision under chapter 681, the title shall be stamped "Manufacturer's Buy Back" to reflect that the vehicle is a nonconforming vehicle.

- (b) No person shall knowingly offer for sale, sell, or exchange a rebuilt vehicle until the department has stamped in a conspicuous place on the certificate of title for the vehicle words stating that the vehicle has been rebuilt, assembled from parts, or combined, or is a kit car, glider kit, replica, or flood vehicle unless proper application for a certificate of title for a vehicle that is rebuilt, assembled from parts, or combined, or is a kit car, glider kit, replica, or flood vehicle has been made to the department in accordance with this chapter and the department has conducted the physical examination of the vehicle to assure the identity of the vehicle.
 - (c) As used in this section:
- "Police vehicle" means a motor vehicle owned or leased by the state or a county or municipality and used in law enforcement.
- 2.<u>a.</u> "<u>Short-term</u> lease vehicle" means a motor vehicle leased without a driver and under a written agreement to one person for a period of 12 months or longer or to one or more persons from time to time for a period of less than 12 months.
- b. "Long-term lease vehicle" means a motor vehicle

 leased without a driver and under a written agreement to one

 person for a period of 12 months or longer.

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- "Lease vehicle" means both short-term lease vehicle C. and long-term lease vehicle.
- "Rebuilt vehicle" means a motor vehicle or mobile home built from salvage or junk, as defined in s. 319.30(1).
- "Assembled from parts" means a motor vehicle or mobile home assembled from parts of motor vehicles or mobile homes, new or used. "Assembled from parts" does not mean a motor vehicle defined as a "rebuilt vehicle" in subparagraph 3., which has been declared a total loss pursuant to s. 319.30.
- "Combined" means assembled by combining two motor vehicles neither of which has been titled and branded as "Salvage Unrebuildable."
- "Kit car" means a motor vehicle assembled with a kit supplied by a manufacturer to rebuild a wrecked or outdated motor vehicle with a new body kit.
- 7. "Glider kit" means a vehicle assembled with a kit supplied by a manufacturer to rebuild a wrecked or outdated truck or truck tractor.
- "Replica" means a complete new motor vehicle manufactured to look like an old vehicle.
- "Flood vehicle" means a motor vehicle or mobile home that has been declared to be a total loss pursuant to s. 319.30(3)(a) resulting from damage caused by water.
- "Nonconforming vehicle" means a motor vehicle which has been purchased by a manufacturer pursuant to a settlement, determination, or decision under chapter 681.
- "Settlement" means an agreement entered into between a manufacturer and a consumer that occurs after a dispute is submitted to a program, or an informal dispute 31 settlement procedure established by a manufacturer or is

approved for arbitration before the New Motor Vehicle Arbitration Board as defined in s. 681.102.

- (2) No person shall knowingly sell, exchange, or transfer a vehicle referred to in subsection (1) without, prior to consummating the sale, exchange, or transfer, disclosing in writing to the purchaser, customer, or transferee the fact that the vehicle has previously been titled, registered, or used as a taxicab, police vehicle, or short-term lease vehicle or is a vehicle that is rebuilt, assembled from parts, or combined, or is a kit car, glider kit, replica, or flood vehicle, or is a nonconforming vehicle, as the case may be.
- exchange any vehicle referred to in subsection (1), knowingly or intentionally advertises, publishes, disseminates, circulates, or places before the public in any communications medium, whether directly or indirectly, any offer to sell or exchange the vehicle shall clearly and precisely state in each such offer that the vehicle has previously been titled, registered, or used as a taxicab, police vehicle, or short-term lease vehicle or that the vehicle or mobile home is a vehicle that is rebuilt, assembled from parts, or combined, or is a kit car, glider kit, replica, or flood vehicle, or a nonconforming vehicle, as the case may be. Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 12. Subsections (3) and (8) of section 319.23, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

30 319.23 Application for, and issuance of, certificate of title.--

- issued for a motor vehicle or mobile home in this state, the application, unless otherwise provided for in this chapter, shall be accompanied by a proper bill of sale or sworn statement of ownership, or a duly certified copy thereof, or by a certificate of title, bill of sale, or other evidence of ownership required by the law of the state or county from which the motor vehicle or mobile home was brought into this state. The application shall also be accompanied by:
- (a)1. A sworn affidavit from the seller and purchaser verifying that the vehicle identification number shown on the affidavit is identical to the vehicle identification number shown on the motor vehicle; or
- 2. An appropriate departmental form evidencing that a physical examination has been made of the motor vehicle by the owner and by a duly constituted law enforcement officer in any state, a licensed motor vehicle dealer, a license inspector as provided by s. 320.58, an employee of an emissions contractor pursuant to s. 325.207, or a notary public commissioned by this state and that the vehicle identification number shown on such form is identical to the vehicle identification number shown on the motor vehicle; and
- (b) If the vehicle is a used car original, a sworn affidavit from the owner verifying that the odometer reading shown on the affidavit is identical to the odometer reading shown on the motor vehicle in accordance with the requirements of 49 C.F.R. s. 580.5 at the time that application for title is made. For the purposes of this section, the term "used car original" means a used vehicle coming into and being titled in this state for the first time.

(c) If the vehicle is an ancient or, antique, or collectible vehicle as defined in s. 320.086, the application shall be accompanied either by a certificate of title; a notarized bill of sale and a registration; or a notarized bill of sale, an affidavit by the owner defending the title from all claims. The bill of sale must contain a complete vehicle description to include the vehicle identification or engine number, year make, color, selling price, and signatures of the seller and purchaser.

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Verification of the vehicle identification number shall not be required for any new motor vehicle sold in this state by a licensed motor vehicle dealer; any mobile home; any trailer or semitrailer with a net weight of less than 2,000 pounds; or any travel trailer, camping trailer, truck camper, or fifth-wheel recreation trailer.

(8) The title certificate or application for title shall contain the applicant's full first name, middle initial, last name, date of birth, and sex, personal or business identification information which may include, but need not be limited to, a driver's license number, Florida identification card number, or federal employer identification number, and the license plate number or in lieu thereof an affidavit certifying that the motor vehicle to be titled will not be operated upon the public highways of this state.

Section 13. Subsections (4) and (5) and paragraph (c) of subsection (8) of section 319.30, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended, and subsection (9) is added to said section, to read:

319.30 Definitions; dismantling, destruction, change 31 of identity of motor vehicle or mobile home; salvage.--

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- It is unlawful for any person to have in his or her possession any motor vehicle or mobile home when the manufacturer's identification number plate or serial plate has been removed therefrom. However, nothing in this subsection shall be applicable when a vehicle defined in this section as a derelict or salvage was purchased or acquired from a foreign state requiring such vehicle's identification number plate to be surrendered to such state, provided the person shall have an affidavit from the seller describing the vehicle by manufacturer's serial number and the state to which such vehicle's identification number plate was surrendered. Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (5)(a) It is unlawful for any person to knowingly possess, sell, or exchange, offer to sell or exchange, or give away any certificate of title or manufacturer's identification number plate or serial plate of any motor vehicle, mobile home, or derelict which has been sold as salvage contrary to the provisions of this section, and it is unlawful for any person to authorize, direct, aid in, or consent to the possession, sale, or exchange or to offer any person who authorizes, directs, aids in, or consents to the possession, sale, or exchange or who offers to sell, exchange, or give away such certificate of title or manufacturer's identification number plate or serial plate is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (b) It is unlawful for any person to knowingly possess, sell, or exchange, offer to sell or exchange, or give 31 away any manufacturer's identification number plate or serial

plate of any motor vehicle or mobile home which has been removed from the motor vehicle or mobile home for which it was manufactured, and it is unlawful for any person to authorize, direct, aid in, or consent to the possession, sale, or exchange or to offer a person who authorizes, directs, aids in, or consents to the possession, sale, or exchange or who offers to sell, exchange, or give away such manufacturer's identification number plate or serial plate is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

apply to anyone who removes, possesses, or replaces a manufacturer's identification number plate, in the course of performing repairs on a vehicle, that require such removal or replacement. In the event that the repair requires replacement of a vehicle part that contains the manufacturer's identification number plate, the manufacturer's identification number plate that is assigned to the vehicle being repaired will be installed on the replacement part. The manufacturer's identification number plate that was removed from this replacement part will be installed on the part that was removed from the vehicle being repaired.

(8)

(c) For the purpose of enforcement of this section, the department or its agents and employees shall have the same right of inspection as law enforcement officers as provided in s. 812.055. Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

1 (9) Any person who violates this section commits a 2 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 3 4 Section 14. Subsection (42) is added to section 5 320.01, Florida Statutes, to read: 320.01 Definitions, general. -- As used in the Florida 6 7 Statutes, except as otherwise provided, the term: 8 (42) For purposes of this chapter, "agricultural 9 products" means any food product; any agricultural, horticultural, or livestock product; any raw material used in 10 11 plant food formulation; and any plant food used to produce 12 food and fiber. 13 Section 15. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 14 320.02, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 320.02 Registration required; application for 15 16 registration; forms.--(2)(a) The application for registration shall include 17 the street address of the owner's permanent residence or the 18 19 address of his or her permanent place of business and shall be 20 accompanied by personal or business identification information which may include, but need not be limited to, a driver's 21 license number, Florida identification card number, or federal 22 employer identification number. If the owner does not have a 23 permanent residence or permanent place of business or if the 24 owner's permanent residence or permanent place of business 25 26 cannot be identified by a street address, the application 27 shall include: 28 1. If the vehicle is registered to a business, the

name and street address of the permanent residence of an owner of the business, an officer of the corporation, or an employee

31 who is in a supervisory position.

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 2. If the vehicle is registered to an individual, the name and street address of the permanent residence of a close relative or friend who is a resident of this state.

Section 16. Subsections (5), (6), and (7) of section 320.023, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to read:

320.023 Requests to establish voluntary checkoff on motor vehicle registration application.--

- (5) A voluntary contribution collected and distributed under this chapter, or any interest earned from those contributions, may not be used for commercial or for-profit activities nor for general or administrative expenses, except as authorized by law, or to pay the cost of the audit or report required by law.
- (6)(a) All organizations that receive annual use fee proceeds from the department are responsible for ensuring that proceeds are used in accordance with law.
- (b) All organizational recipients of any voluntary contributions in excess of \$15,000, not otherwise subject to annual audit by the Office of the Auditor General, shall submit an annual audit of the expenditures of these contributions and interest earned from these contributions, to determine if expenditures are being made in accordance with the specifications outlined by law. The audit shall be prepared by a certified public accountant licensed under chapter 473 at that organizational recipient's expense. The notes to the financial statements should state whether expenditures were made in accordance with law. Such audits must be delivered to the department no later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the audit was performed.

- (c) In lieu of an annual audit, any organization receiving less than \$15,000 in voluntary contributions directly from the department may annually report, under penalties of perjury, that such proceeds were used in compliance with law. The attestation shall be made annually in a form and format determined by the department.
- (d) Any voluntary contributions authorized by law shall only be distributed to an organization under an appropriation by the Legislature.
- (e) The annual audit or report shall be submitted to the department for review within 180 days after the end of the organization's fiscal year.
- organization's audit or report By February 1 each year, the department shall determine which recipients have not complied with subsection(6)(5). If the department determines that an organization has not complied or has failed to use the revenues in accordance with law, the department must discontinue the distribution of the revenues to the organization until the department determines that the organization has complied. If an organization fails to comply within 12 months after the voluntary contributions are withheld by the department, the proceeds shall be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund to offset department costs.
- (8) (7) The Auditor General and the department have the authority to examine all records pertaining to the use of funds from the voluntary contributions authorized.
- Section 17. Subsection (5) of section 320.03, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

1 320.03 Registration; duties of tax collectors; 2 International Registration Plan. --(5) A fee of 50 cents shall be charged, in addition to 3 the fees required under s. 320.08, on every license 4 5 registration sold to cover the costs of the Florida Real Time 6 Vehicle Information System. The fees collected hereunder 7 shall be distributed as follows: 25 cents deposited into the 8 Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund and shall be used to fund the Florida Real Time Vehicle Information System that system 9 and may be used to fund the general operations of the 10 department; and 25 cents into the Highway Safety Operating 11 12 Trust Fund to be used exclusively to fund the Florida Real 13 Time Vehicle Information System and the only use of this 14 portion of the fee shall be to fund the Florida Real Time 15 Vehicle Information System equipment, software, and networks 16 used in the offices of the county tax collectors as agents of the department and the ancillary technology necessary to 17 integrate the Florida Real Time Vehicle Information System 18 with other tax collection systems. The department shall 19 20 administer this program upon consultation with The Florida Tax Collectors, Inc., to ensure each county tax collector office 21 22 will be technologically equipped and functional for the 23 operation of the Florida Real Time Vehicle Information System. 24 Any of the designated revenue collected to support functions 25 of the county tax collectors and not used in a given year will 26 remain exclusively in the trust fund as a carryover to the 27 following year. 28 Section 18. Subsections (2) and (7) of section 320.055, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 29 30 31

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320.055 Registration periods; renewal periods.--The following registration periods and renewal periods are established:

- (2) For a vehicle subject to registration under s. 320.08(11), the registration period begins January 1 and ends December 31. For a vehicle subject to this registration period, the renewal period is the 31-day period prior to expiration beginning January 1.
- (7) For those vehicles subject to registration under s. 320.0657, the department shall implement a system that distributes the registration renewal process throughout the year. For a vehicle subject to registration under s. 320.065, the registration period begins December 1 and ends November 30. For a vehicle subject to this registration period, the renewal period is the 31-day period beginning December 1.

Section 19. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) and paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 320.06, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

320.06 Registration certificates, license plates, and validation stickers generally .--

(3)(a) Registration license plates shall be of metal specially treated with a retroreflective material, as specified by the department. The registration license plate is designed to increase nighttime visibility and legibility and shall be at least 6 inches wide and not less than 12 inches in length, unless a plate with reduced dimensions is deemed necessary by the department to accommodate motorcycles, mopeds, or similar smaller vehicles. Validation stickers shall be treated with a retroreflective material, shall be of such size as specified by the department, and shall adhere to the 31 license plate. The registration license plate shall be

imprinted with a combination of bold letters and numerals or 1 numerals, not to exceed seven digits, to identify the 3 registration license plate number. The license plate shall also be imprinted with the word "Florida" at the top and the 4 5 name of the county in which it is sold at the bottom, except 6 that apportioned license plates shall have the word 7 "Apportioned" at the bottom and license plates issued for 8 vehicles taxed under s. 320.08(3)(d), (4)(m) or (n), (5)(b) or (c), (12), or (14) shall have the word "Restricted" at the 9 bottom. License plates issued for vehicles taxed under s. 10 11 320.08(12) must be imprinted with the word "Florida" at the top and the word "Dealer" at the bottom. Manufacturer license 12 13 plates issued for vehicles taxed under s. 320.08(12) must be 14 imprinted with "Florida" at the top and "Manufacturer" at the bottom., except that gross-vehicle-weight vehicles owned by a 15 16 licensed motor vehicle dealer may be issued a license plate with the word "Restricted." License plates issued for 17 vehicles taxed under s. 320.08(5)(d) or (e) must be imprinted 18 with the word "Wrecker" at the bottom. Any county may, upon 19 20 majority vote of the county commission, elect to have the county name removed from the license plates sold in that 21 22 county. The words "Sunshine State" shall be printed in lieu thereof. In those counties where the county commission has 23 not removed the county name from the license plate, the tax 24 collector may, in addition to issuing license plates with the 25 26 county name printed on the license plate, also issue license 27 plates with the words "Sunshine State" printed on the license 28 plate subject to the approval of the department and a 29 legislative appropriation for the additional license plates. A license plate issued for a vehicle taxed under s. 320.08(6) 30 31 | may not be assigned a registration license number, or be

issued with any other distinctive character or designation, that distinguishes the motor vehicle as a for-hire motor vehicle.

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(b) For the purposes of authorizing the corporation organized pursuant to chapter 946 to manufacture license plates, and validation stickers, and decals for the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles as provided in this chapter and chapter 327, the reference to the Department of Corrections in paragraph (a) means the Department of Corrections or the corporation organized pursuant to chapter 946, and the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles is not required to obtain competitive bids in order to contract with such corporation.

Section 20. Section 320.065, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 21. Section 320.0657, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.0657 Permanent registration; fleet license plates.--

(1) (1) For purposes of this section, the term "fleet" means nonapportioned motor vehicles owned or leased by a company and used for business purposes. Vehicle numbers comprising a "fleet" shall be established by the department. <u>Vehicles registered as short term rental vehicles are excluded</u> from the provisions of this section.

(2)(a) The owner or lessee of a fleet of motor vehicles shall, upon application in the manner and at the time prescribed and upon approval by the department and payment of the license tax prescribed under s. 320.08(2), (3), (4), 31 (5)(a) and (b), (6)(a), (7), and (8), be issued permanent

fleet license plates. The owner or lessee of 250 or more nonapportioned commercial motor vehicles licensed under s. 320.08(2), (3), (4), (5)(a)1. and (b), and (7), who has posted a bond as prescribed by department rules, may apply via magnetically encoded computer tape reel or cartridge which is machine readable by the installed computer system at the department for permanent license plates. All vehicles with a fleet license plate shall have the company's name or logo and unit number displayed so that they are readily identifiable. The provisions of s. 320.0605 shall not apply to vehicles registered in accordance with this section, and no annual validation sticker is required.

- (b) The plates, which shall be of a distinctive color, shall have the word "Fleet" appearing at the bottom and the word "Florida" appearing at the top. The plates shall conform in all respects to the provisions of this chapter, except as specified herein.
- (c) In addition to the license tax prescribed by s. 320.08(2), (3), (4), (5)(a) and (b), (6)(a), (7), and (8), an annual fleet management fee of \$2 shall be charged. A one-time license plate manufacturing fee of \$1.50 shall be charged for plates issued for the established number of vehicles in the fleet. If the size of the fleet is increased, an issuance fee of \$10 per vehicle will be charged to include the license plate manufacturing fee. If the license plate manufacturing cost increases, the department shall increase the license plate manufacturing fee to recoup its cost. Fees collected shall be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. Payment of registration license tax and fees shall be made annually and be evidenced only by the issuance of a single receipt by the department. The provisions of s.

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320.0605 do not apply to vehicles registered in accordance with this section, and no annual validation sticker is required. In addition to the license tax prescribed by s. 320.08(2), (3), (4), (5)(a)1. and (b), and (7), an annual fee of \$6 shall be charged for each vehicle registered hereunder. Of this \$6 fee, \$2.50 shall be retained as a service charge by the tax collector, if the registration occurs at such office, or by the department, if the registration occurs at offices of the department. Receipts from the \$6 fee not retained by tax collectors shall be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. Payment of registration license tax and fees shall be made annually and be evidenced only by the issuance of a single receipt by the department. Half-year registrations shall not be available for vehicles registered in accordance with the provisions of this section. The provision of s. 320.06(1)(b) shall not apply to the fleet renewal process.

- (3) If a recipient of fleet license plates fails to properly and timely renew or initially register vehicles in its fleet, the department may impose a delinquency penalty of \$50 or 10 percent of the delinquent taxes due, whichever is greater, if the failure is for not more than 30 days, with an additional 10 percent penalty for each additional 30 days, or fraction thereof, that the failure continues, not to exceed a total penalty of 100 percent in the aggregate; however, the penalty may not be less than \$50.
- (4) All recipients of fleet license plates authorized by this section must provide the department with an annual vehicle reconciliation and must annually surrender all unassigned license plates. Failure to comply with this subsection may result in fines of up to \$1,000 for each

occurrence, or in suspension or termination from the fleet program.

(2) All recipients of permanent license plates authorized by this section shall submit an annual audit as prescribed by rule of the department. Such audit shall include a percentage of the vehicles registered by each owner or lessee, not to exceed 10 percent. The department shall randomly select the vehicles to be audited and shall forward a listing of said vehicles only to the office of the auditor performing the audit. Every attempt shall be made to provide for groupings of vehicles based in the same location; however, the location shall change from year to year. The audit shall be prepared by a certified public accountant licensed under chapter 473, at the recipient's expense, and shall be performed to standards prescribed by the department. Such audits shall be delivered to the department on or before February 15 of each calendar year. Any fees or taxes which the audit determines are due the department shall be submitted to the department along with such audit. In addition, any company found to be habitually abusing the privileges afforded by permanent licensure shall forfeit the bond required in subsection (1), and may be required by the department to relinquish all permanent license plates, and not be eligible to continue to participate in the program.

 $\underline{(5)(3)}$ The department is authorized to adopt such rules as necessary to comply with this section.

Section 22. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (2), paragraph (e) of subsection (3), and subsection (12) of section 320.08, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to read:

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320.08 License taxes.--Except as otherwise provided herein, there are hereby levied and imposed annual license taxes for the operation of motor vehicles, mopeds, motorized bicycles as defined in s. 316.003(2), and mobile homes, as defined in s. 320.01, which shall be paid to and collected by the department or its agent upon the registration or renewal of registration of the following:

- (1) MOTORCYCLES, MOPEDS, MOTORIZED BICYCLES.--
- (e) An ancient $\underline{\text{or}}_{7}$ antique, $\underline{\text{or collectible}}$ motorcycle: \$10 flat.
 - (2) AUTOMOBILES FOR PRIVATE USE. --
- (a) An ancient <u>or</u>, antique, or collectible automobile as defined in s. 320.086 or street rod as defined in s. 320.0863: \$7.50 flat.
 - (3) TRUCKS.--
- (e) An ancient <u>or</u>,antique, or collectible truck as defined in s. 320.086: \$7.50 flat.
- (12) DEALER <u>AND MANUFACTURER</u> LICENSE PLATES.--A franchised motor vehicle dealer, independent motor vehicle dealer, marine boat trailer dealer, or mobile home dealer <u>and</u> manufacturer license plate: \$12.50 flat.

Section 23. Subsection (4) of section 320.08058, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

320.08058 Specialty license plates.--

- (4) FLORIDA SALUTES VETERANS LICENSE PLATES.--
- (a) The department shall develop a Florida Salutes

 Veterans license plate. The words "Florida Salutes Veterans"

 and the flag of the United States of America must appear on

 the plate. The Florida Salutes Veterans license plate

 developed by the department must have a white background and

 must be designed so that the word "Florida" appears in red

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characters at the top of the plate; the words "Salutes Veterans" appear at the bottom of the plate in white characters on a red background; the flag of the United States, which must be designed to be waving, appears in the center of the plate; and the serial numbers appear in blue characters at either side of the flag.

(b) The Florida Salutes Veterans license plate annual use fee must be deposited in the State Homes for Veterans Trust Fund, which is created in the State Treasury. All such moneys are to be administered by the Department of Veterans' Affairs and must be used solely for the purpose of constructing, operating, and maintaining domiciliary and nursing homes for veterans and for continuing promotion and marketing of the license plate, subject to the requirements of chapter 216.

Section 24. Section 320.083, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.083 Amateur radio operators; citizens' band radio operators; special license plates; fees.--

- (1) A person who is the owner or lessee of an automobile for private use, a truck weighing not more than 5,000 pounds, or a recreational vehicle as specified in s. 320.08(9)(c) or (d), which is not used for hire or commercial use; who is a resident of the state; and who holds a valid official amateur radio station license or citizens' band radio station license issued by the Federal Communications Commission shall be issued a special license plate upon application, accompanied by proof of ownership of such radio station license, and payment of the following tax and fees:
- (a) The license tax required for the vehicle, as 31 prescribed by s. 320.08(2), (3)(a), (b), or (c), or (9); and

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- (b) An initial additional fee of \$5, and an additional fee of \$1.50 thereafter.
- (2) The license plate issued shall meet the requirements of s. 320.06, except that, in lieu of the numbers as prescribed by s. 320.06, it shall be inscribed with the official amateur radio call letters or the official citizens' band radio call letters, as appropriate, of the applicant, as assigned by the Federal Communications Commission, including as a prefix, when applicable, those call letters assigned by the Armed Services of the United States of America, not to exceed eight characters. In lieu of the name of the county or the designation "Sunshine State" on the bottom of the plate as prescribed in s. 320.06, the words "Amateur Radio" shall be inscribed.
- (3) All applications for such plates shall be made to the department.

Section 25. Section 320.086, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 320.086 Ancient or, antique, or collectible motor vehicles; "horseless carriage, " antique, collectible, or historical license plates .--
- (1) The owner of a motor vehicle for private use manufactured in 1945 1927 or earlier, equipped with an engine manufactured in 1945 1927 or earlier or manufactured to the specifications of the original engine, and operated on the streets and highways of this state shall, upon application in the manner and at the time prescribed by the department and upon payment of the license tax for an ancient motor vehicle prescribed by s. 320.08(1)(e), (2)(a), or (3)(e), be issued a special license plate for such motor vehicle. The license 31 plate shall be permanent and valid for use without renewal so

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long as the vehicle is in existence. In addition to the payment of all other fees required by law, the applicant shall pay such fee for the issuance of the special license plate as may be prescribed by the department commensurate with the cost of its manufacture. The registration numbers and special license plates assigned to such motor vehicles shall run in a separate numerical series, commencing with "Horseless Carriage No. 1," and the plates shall be of a distinguishing color.

(2) The owner of a motor vehicle for private use manufactured between 1928 and 1945, inclusive, with an engine manufactured between 1928 and 1945, inclusive, or manufactured to the specifications of the original engine and operated on the streets and highways of this state shall, upon application in the manner and at the time prescribed by the department and upon payment of the license tax prescribed by s. 320.08(1)(e), (2)(a), or (3)(e), be issued a special license plate for such motor vehicle. In addition to the payment of all other fees required by law, the applicant shall pay such fee for the issuance of the special license plate as may be prescribed by the department commensurate with the cost of its manufacture. The registration numbers and special license plates assigned to such motor vehicles shall run in a separate numerical series, commencing with "Antique Vehicle No. 1," and the plates shall be of a distinguishing color.

 $\underline{(2)}(3)$ (a) The owner of a motor vehicle for private use manufactured after 1945 and of the age of $\underline{30}$ $\underline{20}$ years or more from the date of manufacture, equipped with an engine of the age of $\underline{30}$ $\underline{20}$ years or more from the date of manufacture, and operated on the streets and highways of this state $\underline{\text{may shall}}$, upon application in the manner and at the time prescribed by the department and upon payment of the license tax prescribed

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by s. 320.08(1)(e), (2)(a), or (3)(e), be issued a special
   license plate for such motor vehicle. In addition to the
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   payment of all other fees required by law, the applicant shall
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   may be prescribed by the department commensurate with the cost
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   license plates assigned to such motor vehicles shall run in a
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   separate numerical series, commencing with "Antique
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   distinguishing color. The owner of such motor vehicle may,
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   upon application and payment of the license tax prescribed by
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   s. 320.08, be issued a regular Florida graphic license plate
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   or specialty license plate in lieu of the "Antique" license
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   plate.
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- (b) Motor vehicles currently licensed under this section which have been issued a permanent license plate prior to October 1, 1999, shall maintain such plate unless the vehicle is transferred to a new owner. Motor vehicles currently licensed under this section with a "Collectible" license plate may retain that license plate until the next regularly scheduled replacement.
- apparatus or other historical motor vehicle or trailer identifiable as a military trailer 30 years old or older which is only used in exhibitions, parades, or public display may, upon application in the manner and at the time prescribed by the department and upon payment of the license tax prescribed by s. 320.08(2)(a), be issued a license plate as prescribed in subsection (1) or subsection (2). License plates issued under this subsection shall be permanent and valid for use without renewal as long as the vehicle is in existence and its use is

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consistent with this subsection. Motor vehicles with a model year of 1928-1960, registered as ancient prior to July 1, 1996, shall be grandfathered to maintain a permanent license plate unless a vehicle with a model year of 1946-1960 is transferred to a new owner. Upon transfer of a vehicle with a model year of 1946-1960, after July 1, 1996, the vehicle shall be registered as a collectible and required to renew annually as prescribed by s. 320.08.

(4) Any person who is the registered owner of a an ancient, antique, or collectible motor vehicle as defined in this section, manufactured in the model year 1974 or earlier, may apply to the department for permission to use a historical Florida license plate which clearly represents the model year of the vehicle as a personalized prestige license plate. This plate shall be furnished by such person and shall be presented to the department with a reasonable fee to be determined by the department for approval and for authentication that the historic license plate and any applicable decals were issued by this state in the same year as the model year of the car or truck. The requirements of s. 320.0805(8)(b) do not apply to historical plates authorized under this subsection.

Section 26. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 320.13, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

320.13 Dealer and manufacturer license plates and alternative method of registration. --

(1)(a) Any licensed motor vehicle dealer and any licensed mobile home dealer may, upon payment of the license tax imposed by s. $320.08(12)\frac{(11)}{(11)}$, secure one or more dealer license plates, which are valid for use on motor vehicles or 31 | mobile homes owned by the dealer to whom such plates are

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issued while the motor vehicles are in inventory and for sale, or while being operated in connection with such dealer's business, but are not valid for use for hire. Dealer license plates may not be used on any tow truck or wrecker unless the tow truck or wrecker is being demonstrated for sale, nor can the dealer license plates be used on vehicles used to transport another motor vehicle for the dealership.

(2) A licensed manufacturer of motor vehicles may, upon payment of the license tax imposed by s. 320.08(12), secure one or more manufacturer license plates, which are valid for use on motor vehicles owned by the manufacturer to whom such plates are issued, which the motor vehicles are in inventory and for sale or while being operated for demonstration purposes or in connection with such manufacturer's business. Manufacturer license plates are not valid for use for hire. A dealer license plate may be replaced by the department upon submittal of an affidavit stating that the original has been actually destroyed or lost and payment of a fee of \$2.

Section 27. Paragraph (k) of subsection (1) of section 320.131, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsections (5), (6), and (7) are added to said section, to read:

320.131 Temporary tags.--

- (1) The department is authorized and empowered to design, issue, and regulate the use of temporary tags to be designated "temporary tags" for use in the following cases:
- (k) In any case where a permanent license plate can not legally be issued to an applicant and a temporary license plate is not specifically authorized under the provisions of this section, the department shall have the discretion to 31 issue or authorize agents or Florida licensed dealers to issue

temporary license plates to applicants demonstrating a need for such temporary use.

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Further, the department is authorized to disallow the purchase of temporary tags by licensed dealers, common carriers, or financial institutions in those cases where abuse has occurred.

- (5) Any person who knowingly and willfully abuses or misuses temporary tag issuance to avoid registering a vehicle requiring registration pursuant to this chapter or chapter 319 commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (6) Any person who knowingly and willfully issues a temporary tag or causes another to issue a temporary tag to a fictitious person or entity to avoid disclosure of the true owner of a vehicle commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (7) Any person authorized by this section to purchase and issue a temporary tag shall be required to maintain records as required by this chapter or departmental rules and such records shall be open to inspection by the department or its agents during reasonable business hours. Any person who knowingly and willfully fails to comply with this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 28. Section 320.1325, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.1325 Registration required for the temporarily employed.--Motor vehicles owned or leased by persons who are 31 temporarily employed within the state but are not residents

are required to be registered. Upon payment of the fees 1 2 prescribed in this section and proof of insurance coverage as 3 required by the applicant's resident state, the department 4 shall provide a temporary registration plate and a 5 registration certificate valid for 90 days to an applicant who 6 is temporarily employed in this the state. The temporary 7 registration plate may be renewed one time for an additional 8 90-day period. At the end of the 180-day period of temporary registration, the applicant shall apply for a permanent registration if there is a further need to remain in this 10 11 state. A temporary license registration plate may not be 12 issued for any commercial motor vehicle as defined in s. 13 320.01. The fee for the 90-day temporary registration plate 14 shall be \$40 plus the applicable service charge required by s. 320.04. Subsequent permanent registration and titling of a 15 16 vehicle registered hereunder shall subject the applicant to providing proof of Florida insurance coverage as specified in 17 s. 320.02 and payment of the fees required by ss. 319.231 and 18 19 320.072, in addition to all other taxes and fees required. 20 Section 29. Paragraph (v) is added to subsection (9) of section 320.27, Florida Statutes, to read: 21 320.27 Motor vehicle dealers.--22

(9) DENIAL, SUSPENSION, OR REVOCATION.—The department may deny, suspend, or revoke any license issued hereunder or under the provisions of s. 320.77 or s. 320.771, upon proof that a licensee has failed to comply with any of the following provisions with sufficient frequency so as to establish a pattern of wrongdoing on the part of the licensee:

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30 31 (v) Sale by a motor vehicle dealer of a vehicle offered in trade by a customer prior to consummation of the

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sale, exchange, or transfer of a newly acquired vehicle to the customer.

Section 30. Section 320.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.30 Penalty for violating s. 320.28.--No action or right of action to recover any such motor vehicle, or any part of the selling price thereof, shall be maintained in the courts of this state by any such dealer or vendor or his or her successors or assigns in any case wherein such vendor or dealer shall have failed to comply with the terms and provisions of s. 320.28, and in addition thereto, such vendor or dealer, upon conviction for the violation of any of the provisions of said sections, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083 and by confiscation of the vehicle or vehicles offered for sale. Any municipal or county law enforcement agency which enforces, or assists the department in enforcing, the provisions of this section which results in a forfeiture of property as provided in this section, shall be entitled to receive all or a share of any such property based upon their participation in such enforcement. Any property seized by any municipal or county law enforcement agency may be retained or sold by the law enforcement agency in accordance with the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act. Any funds received by a municipal or county law enforcement agency pursuant to this section shall be supplemental funds and may not be used as replacement funds by the municipality or county. However, this section shall not apply to the holder of a note or notes representing a portion of the purchase price of such motor vehicle when the owner thereof was and is a bona fide 31 purchaser of said note or notes, before maturity, for value

and without knowledge that the vendor of such vehicle had not complied with said sections.

Section 31. Section 321.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

321.06 Civil service.--

- (1) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles is hereby empowered and directed to make civil service rules governing the employment and tenure of the members of the highway patrol. All persons employed as said patrol officers shall be subject to said civil service rules and regulations, and any amendment thereto which may thereafter from time to time be adopted. The department may, for cause, discharge, suspend or reduce in rank or pay, any member of said highway patrol by presenting to such employee the reason or reasons therefor in writing, subject to the civil service rules and regulations of the department, and subject to the review of the Governor and Cabinet, as head of the department who shall serve as a court of inquiry in such cases and shall hear all complaints and defenses, if requested by such employee. Their decision shall be final and conclusive. Such civil service rules or regulations shall be subject to the revision of the Legislature in the event civil service rules adopted by the department are declared unlawful or unreasonable.
- (2) The department may employ traffic crash investigation officers who must complete any applicable standards promulgated by the Florida Highway Patrol, including, but not limited to: cognitive testing, drug testing, polygraph testing, psychological testing, and an extensive background check including a credit check.

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Section 32. Subsections (6) and (7) of section 322.08, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to read:

322.08 Application for license.--

- (6) Every application under this section made by a person who presently holds an out-of-state license shall be accompanied by a copy of the Florida registration certificate showing registration under chapter 320 for every motor vehicle which is owned by the applicant, or, if he or she does not own any vehicle required to be registered under chapter 320, an affidavit to that effect.
- $\underline{(6)}$ (7) The application form for a driver's license or duplicate thereof shall include language permitting the following:
- (a) A voluntary contribution of \$5 per applicant, which contribution shall be transferred into the Election Campaign Financing Trust Fund.
- (b) A voluntary contribution of \$1 per applicant, which contribution shall be deposited into the Florida Organ and Tissue Donor Education and Procurement Trust Fund for organ and tissue donor education and for maintaining the organ and tissue donor registry.
- (c) A voluntary contribution of \$1 per applicant, which contribution shall be distributed to the Florida Council of the Blind.

A statement providing an explanation of the purpose of the trust funds shall also be included.

Section 33. Subsections (5), (6), and (7) of section 322.081, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to read:

- 322.081 Requests to establish voluntary checkoff on driver's license application.--
- (5) A voluntary contribution collected and distributed under this chapter, or any interest earned from those contributions, may not be used for commercial or for-profit activities nor for general or administrative expenses, except as authorized by law, or to pay the cost of the audit or report required by law.
- (6)(a) All organizations that receive annual use fee proceeds from the department are responsible for ensuring that proceeds are used in accordance with law.
- (b) All organizational recipients of any voluntary contributions in excess of \$15,000, not otherwise subject to annual audit by the Office of the Auditor General, shall submit an annual audit of the expenditures of these contributions and interest earned from these contributions, to determine if expenditures are being made in accordance with the specifications outlined by law. The audit shall be prepared by a certified public accountant licensed under chapter 473 at that organizational recipient's expense. The notes to the financial statements should state whether expenditures were made in accordance with law. Such audits must be delivered to the department no later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the audit was performed.
- (c) In lieu of an annual audit, any organization receiving less than \$15,000 in voluntary contributions directly from the department may annually report, under penalties of perjury, that such proceeds were used in compliance with law. The attestation shall be made annually in a form and format determined by the department.

- (d) Any voluntary contributions authorized by law shall only be distributed to an organization under an appropriation by the Legislature.
- (e) The annual audit or report shall be submitted to the department for review within 180 days after the end of the organization's fiscal year.
- organization's audit or report By February 1 each year, the department shall determine which recipients have not complied with subsection(6)(5). If the department determines that an organization has not complied or has failed to use the revenues in accordance with law, the department must discontinue the distribution of the revenues to the organization until the department determines that the organization has complied. If an organization fails to comply within 12 months after the voluntary contributions are withheld by the department, the proceeds shall be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund to offset department costs.
- (8) (7) The Auditor General and the department have the authority to examine all records pertaining to the use of funds from the voluntary contributions authorized.
- Section 34. Subsection (3) of section 322.1615, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 322.1615 Learner's driver's license.--
- (3) A person who holds a learner's driver's license may operate a vehicle only during daylight hours, except that the holder of a learner's driver's license may operate a vehicle <u>until</u> between the hours of 7 p.m. and 10 p.m. <u>after</u> 3 months <u>following</u> after the issuance of the learner's driver's license.

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Section 35. Subsection (3) of section 322.245, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.245 Suspension of license upon failure of person charged with specified offense under chapter 316, chapter 320, or this chapter to comply with directives ordered by traffic court or upon failure to pay child support in non-IV-D cases as provided in chapter 61.--

(3) If the person fails to comply with the directives of the court within the 30-day period, or, in non-IV-D cases, fails to comply with the requirements of s. 61.13016 within the period specified in that statute, the depository or the clerk of the court shall notify the department of such failure within 10 5 days. Upon receipt of the notice, the department shall immediately issue an order suspending the person's driver's license and privilege to drive effective 20 days after the date the order of suspension is mailed in accordance with s. 322.251(1), (2), and (6).

Section 36. Paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (6) and subsection (10) of section 322.2615, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

> 322.2615 Suspension of license; right to review.--(6)

Such formal review hearing shall be held before a (b) hearing officer employed by the department, and the hearing officer shall be authorized to administer oaths, examine witnesses and take testimony, receive relevant evidence, issue subpoenas, regulate the course and conduct of the hearing, and make a ruling on the suspension. The department and the person arrested may subpoena witnesses, and the party requesting the presence of a witness shall be responsible for 31 the payment of any witness fees and for notifying in writing

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the state attorney's office in the appropriate circuit of the issuance of the subpoena. If the person who requests a formal review hearing fails to appear and the hearing officer finds such failure to be without just cause, the right to a formal hearing is waived and the suspension shall be sustained department shall conduct an informal review of the suspension under subsection (4).

- (d) The department must, within 7 working days after a formal review hearing, send notice to the person of the hearing officer's decision as to whether sufficient cause exists to sustain, amend, or invalidate the suspension.
- (10) A person whose driver's license is suspended under subsection (1) or subsection (3) may apply for issuance of a license for business or employment purposes only if the person is otherwise eligible for the driving privilege pursuant to s. 322.271.
- (a) If the suspension of the driver's license of the person for failure to submit to a breath, urine, or blood test is sustained, the person is not eligible to receive a license for business or employment purposes only, pursuant to s. 322.271, until 90 days have elapsed after the expiration of the last 30-day temporary permit issued pursuant to this section or s. 322.64. If the driver is not issued a 30-day permit pursuant to this section or s. 322.64 because he or she is ineligible for the permit and the suspension for failure to submit to a breath, urine, or blood test is not invalidated by the department, the driver is not eligible to receive a business or employment license pursuant to s. 322.271 until 90 days have elapsed from the date of the suspension.
- (b) If the suspension of the driver's license of the 31 person arrested for a violation of s. 316.193, relating to

unlawful blood-alcohol level, is sustained, the person is not eligible to receive a license for business or employment purposes only pursuant to s. 322.271 until 30 days have elapsed after the expiration of the last 30-day temporary permit issued pursuant to this section or s. 322.64. If the driver is not issued a 30-day permit pursuant to this section or s. 322.64 because he or she is ineligible for the permit and the suspension for a violation of s. 316.193, relating to unlawful blood-alcohol level, is not invalidated by the department, the driver is not eligible to receive a business or employment license pursuant to s. 322.271 until 30 days have elapsed from the date of the arrest.

Section 37. Section 322.28, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

322.28 Period of suspension or revocation.--

- (1) Unless otherwise provided by this section, the department shall not suspend a license for a period of more than 1 year and, upon revoking a license, in any case except in a prosecution for the offense of driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcoholic beverages, chemical substances as set forth in s. 877.111, or controlled substances, shall not in any event grant a new license until the expiration of 1 year after such revocation.
- (2) In a prosecution for a violation of s. 316.193 or former s. 316.1931, the following provisions apply:
- (a) Upon conviction of the driver, the court, along with imposing sentence, shall revoke the driver's license or driving privilege of the person so convicted, effective on the date of conviction, and shall prescribe the period of such revocation in accordance with the following provisions:

- Upon a first conviction for a violation of the provisions of s. 316.193, except a violation resulting in death, the driver's license or driving privilege shall be revoked for not less than 180 days or more than 1 year.
- 2. Upon a second conviction within a period of 5 years from the date of a prior conviction for a violation of the provisions of s. 316.193 or former s. 316.1931 or a combination of such sections, the driver's license or driving privilege shall be revoked for not less than 5 years.
- 3. Upon a third conviction within a period of 10 years from the date of conviction of the first of three or more convictions for the violation of the provisions of s. 316.193 or former s. 316.1931 or a combination of such sections, the driver's license or driving privilege shall be revoked for not less than 10 years.

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For the purposes of this paragraph, a previous conviction outside this state for driving under the influence, driving while intoxicated, driving with an unlawful blood-alcohol level, or any other alcohol-related or drug-related traffic offense similar to the offense of driving under the influence as proscribed by s. 316.193 will be considered a previous conviction for violation of s. 316.193, and a conviction for violation of former s. 316.028, former s. 316.1931, or former s. 860.01 is considered a conviction for violation of s. 316.193.

(b) If the period of revocation was not specified by the court at the time of imposing sentence or within 30 days thereafter, and is not otherwise specified by law, the department shall forthwith revoke the driver's license or 31 driving privilege for the maximum period applicable under

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paragraph (a) for a first conviction and for the minimum period applicable under paragraph (a) for any subsequent convictions. The driver may, within 30 days after such revocation by the department, petition the court for further hearing on the period of revocation, and the court may reopen the case and determine the period of revocation within the limits specified in paragraph (a).

- (c) The forfeiture of bail bond, not vacated within 20 days, in any prosecution for the offense of driving while under the influence of alcoholic beverages, chemical substances, or controlled substances to the extent of depriving the defendant of his or her normal faculties shall be deemed equivalent to a conviction for the purposes of this paragraph, and the department shall forthwith revoke the defendant's driver's license or driving privilege for the maximum period applicable under paragraph (a) for a first conviction and for the minimum period applicable under paragraph (a) for a second or subsequent conviction; however, if the defendant is later convicted of the charge, the period of revocation imposed by the department for such conviction shall not exceed the difference between the applicable maximum for a first conviction or minimum for a second or subsequent conviction and the revocation period under this subsection that has actually elapsed; upon conviction of such charge, the court may impose revocation for a period of time as specified in paragraph (a). This paragraph does not apply if an appropriate motion contesting the forfeiture is filed within the 20-day period.
- (d) When any driver's license or driving privilege has been revoked pursuant to the provisions of this section, the 31 department shall not grant a new license, except upon

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reexamination of the licensee after the expiration of the period of revocation so prescribed. However, the court may, in its sound discretion, issue an order of reinstatement on a form furnished by the department which the person may take to any driver's license examining office for reinstatement by the department pursuant to s. 322.282.

- (e) The court shall permanently revoke the driver's license or driving privilege of a person who has been convicted four times for violation of s. 316.193 or former s. 316.1931 or a combination of such sections. The court shall permanently revoke the driver's license or driving privilege of any person who has been convicted of DUI manslaughter in violation of s. 316.193. If the court has not permanently revoked such driver's license or driving privilege within 30 days after imposing sentence, the department shall permanently revoke the driver's license or driving privilege pursuant to this paragraph. No driver's license or driving privilege may be issued or granted to any such person. This paragraph applies only if at least one of the convictions for violation of s. 316.193 or former s. 316.1931 was for a violation that occurred after July 1, 1982. For the purposes of this paragraph, a conviction for violation of former s. 316.028, former s. 316.1931, or former s. 860.01 is also considered a conviction for violation of s. 316.193. Also, a conviction of driving under the influence, driving while intoxicated, driving with an unlawful blood-alcohol level, or any other similar alcohol-related or drug-related traffic offense outside this state is considered a conviction for the purposes of this paragraph.
- (3) The court shall permanently revoke the driver's license or driving privilege of a person who has been

 convicted of murder resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle. No driver's license or driving privilege may be issued or granted to any such person.

- (4) Upon the conviction of a person for a violation of s. 322.34, the license or driving privilege, if suspended, shall be suspended for 3 months in addition to the period of suspension previously imposed and, if revoked, the time after which a new license may be issued shall be delayed 3 months.
- (5) If, in any case arising under this section, a licensee, after having been given notice of suspension or revocation of his or her license in the manner provided in s. 322.251, fails to surrender to the department a license theretofore suspended or revoked, as required by s. 322.29, or fails otherwise to account for the license to the satisfaction of the department, the period of suspension of the license, or the period required to elapse after revocation before a new license may be issued, shall be extended until, and shall not expire until, a period has elapsed after the date of surrender of the license, or after the date of expiration of the license, whichever occurs first, which is identical in length with the original period of suspension or revocation.

(4)(6)(a) Upon a conviction for a violation of s. 316.193(3)(c)2., involving serious bodily injury, a conviction of manslaughter resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle, or a conviction of vehicular homicide, the court shall revoke the driver's license of the person convicted for a minimum period of 3 years. In the event that a conviction under s. 316.193(3)(c)2., involving serious bodily injury, is also a subsequent conviction as described under paragraph (2)(a), the court shall revoke the driver's license or driving

privilege of the person convicted for the period applicable as provided in paragraph (2)(a) or paragraph (2)(e).

- (b) If the period of revocation was not specified by the court at the time of imposing sentence or within 30 days thereafter, the department shall revoke the driver's license for the minimum period applicable under paragraph (a) or, for a subsequent conviction, for the minimum period applicable under paragraph (2)(a) or paragraph (2)(e).
- (5)(7) No court shall stay the administrative suspension of a driving privilege under s. 322.2615 or s. 322.2616 during judicial shall be stayed upon a request for review of the departmental order that resulted in such suspension and, except as provided in former s. 322.261, no suspension or revocation of a driving privilege shall be stayed upon an appeal of the conviction or order that resulted therein.
- $\underline{(6)(8)}$ In a prosecution for a violation of s. 316.172(1), and upon a showing of the department's records that the licensee has received a second conviction within a period of 5 years from the date of a prior conviction of s. 316.172(1), the department shall, upon direction of the court, suspend the driver's license of the person convicted for a period of not less than 90 days nor more than 6 months.

Section 38. Paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 322.34, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

- 322.34 Driving while license suspended, revoked, canceled, or disqualified.--
 - (6) Any person who operates a motor vehicle:
- (b) While his or her driver's license or driving privilege is canceled, suspended, or revoked pursuant to s.

1 316.655, s. 322.26(8), s. 322.27(2), or s. 322.28(2) or (4) 2 (5), 3 4 and who by careless or negligent operation of the motor 5 vehicle causes the death of or serious bodily injury to 6 another human being is guilty of a felony of the third degree, 7 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 8 Section 39. Subsection (15) is added to section 9 325.207, Florida Statutes, to read: 10 325.207 Inspection stations; department contracts; 11 inspection requirements; recordkeeping. --12 (15) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsection 13 (11), the department may request proposals for one contractor 14 to conduct vehicle inspections in all program areas of the 15 state. 16 Section 40. When the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles requests proposals prior to the expiration of 17 the current emissions inspection contracts, the Department of 18 19 Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles must also request proposals 20 for one contractor to conduct vehicle inspections in all 21 program areas of the state. 22 Section 41. Section 327.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 23 24 327.031 Suspension or denial of a vessel registration 25 due to child support delinquency; dishonored checks .--26 (1) The department must allow applicants for new or 27 renewal registrations to be screened by the Department of 28 Revenue, as the Title IV-D child support agency under s. 29 409.2598, or by a non-IV-D obligee to assure compliance with a support obligation. The purpose of this section is to promote 30

31 the public policy of this state as established in s. 409.2551.

The department must, when directed by the court, deny or suspend the vessel registration of any applicant found to have a delinquent child support obligation. The department must issue or reinstate a registration when notified by the Title IV-D agency or the court that the applicant has complied with the terms of the court order. The department may not be held liable for any registration denial or suspension resulting from the discharge of its duties under this section.

(2) The department may deny or cancel any vessel registration if the owner pays for the registration by a dishonored check.

Section 42. Present subsection (6) of section 327.11, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (8) and amended, and new subsections (6) and (7) are added to said section, to read:

- 327.11 Vessel registration, application, certificate, number, decal, duplicate certificate, replacement.--
- (6) When a vessel decal has been stolen, the owner of the vessel for which the decal was issued shall make application to the department for a replacement. The application shall contain the decal number being replaced and a statement that the item was stolen. If the application includes a copy of the police report prepared in response to a report of a stolen decal, such decal shall be replaced at no charge.
- (7) Any decal lost in the mail may be replaced at no charge. The service charge shall not be applied to this replacement; however, the application for a replacement shall contain a statement of such fact, the decal number, and the date issued.

(8)(6) Anyone guilty of falsely certifying any facts relating to application, certificate, transfer, number, decal, or duplicate, or replacement certificates or any information required under this section shall be punished as provided under this chapter.

Section 43. Subsection (2) of section 327.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 327.23 Exemption of vessels and outboard motors from personal property tax; temporary certificate of registration; vessel registration certificate fee.--
- (2) A temporary certificate of registration may be issued to a vessel for use in the following cases:
- (a) which The owner has made application to the United States Coast Guard for documentation and has paid the applicable registration certificate fee pursuant to s. 327.25(1). A temporary certificate of registration shall only be issued upon proof that all applicable state sales taxes have been paid and that the application for documentation is on file with the United States Coast Guard. Any reregistration of such a vessel without the submission of the vessel's documentation papers shall require written verification from the United States Coast Guard as to the current status of the application for the vessel's documentation. Upon receipt of the vessel's documentation papers, the owner shall bring them to the agent issuing the temporary certificate for official recording of information.
- (b) An out-of-state resident, subject to registration in this state, who must secure ownership documentation from the home state, and is unable to submit an out-of-state title because it is being held by an out-of-state lienholder.

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Section 44. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (2), paragraph (b) of subsection (4), subsection (6), paragraph (c) of subsection (12), and subsection (15) of section 327.25, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

327.25 Classification; registration; fees and charges; surcharge; disposition of fees; fines; marine turtle stickers.--

- (2) ANTIQUE VESSEL REGISTRATION FEE. --
- (b) The registration number for an antique vessel shall be <u>displayed as provided in</u> <u>affixed on the forward half</u> of the hull or on the port side of the windshield according to ss. 327.11 and 327.14.
- (c) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles may issue a decal identifying the vessel as an antique vessel. The decal shall be <u>displayed as provided in s.</u> 327.11 placed within 3 inches of the registration number.
 - (4) TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP. --
- (b) If a vessel is an antique as defined in subsection (2), the application shall be accompanied by either a certificate of title, a notarized bill of sale and a registration, or a notarized bill of sale and an affidavit by the owner defending the title from all claims. The bill of sale must contain a complete vessel description to include the hull identification number and engine number, if appropriate; the year, make, and color of the vessel; the selling price; and the signatures of the seller and purchaser.
- (6) CHANGE OF CLASSIFICATION.--If the classification of a vessel changes from noncommercial to commercial, or from commercial to noncommercial, and a current registration certificate has been issued to the owner, the owner shall within 30 days forward his or her certificate to the county

tax collector with a fee of \$2.25 and a new certificate shall be issued.

(12) REGISTRATION. --

- (c) Effective July 1, 1996, the following registration periods and renewal periods are established:
- 1. For vessels owned by individuals, the registration period begins the first day of the birth month of the owner and ends the last day of the month immediately preceding the owner's birth month in the succeeding year. If the vessel is registered in the name of more than one person, the birth month of the person whose name first appears on the registration shall be used to determine the registration period. For a vessel subject to this registration period, the renewal period is the 30-day period ending at midnight on the vessel owner's date of birth.
- 2. For vessels owned by companies, corporations, governmental entities, those entities listed under subsection (11), and registrations issued to dealers and manufacturers, the registration period begins July 1 and ends June 30. The renewal period is the 30-day period beginning June 1.
- Explorer or Sea Scout units of the Boy Scouts of America, the Girl Scouts of America, the Florida Association of Christian Child Caring Agencies Safe Harbor Haven, Inc., or the Associated Marine Institutes, Inc., and its affiliates, or which are antique vessels as defined in paragraph (2)(a) are exempt from the provisions of subsection (1). Such vessels shall be issued certificates of registration and numbers upon application and payment of the service fee provided in subsection (7).

Section 45. Section 327.255, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

327.255 Registration; duties of tax collectors.--

- (1) The tax collectors in the several counties of the state as authorized agents of the department shall issue registration certificates and vessel numbers and decals to applicants subject to the requirements of law in accordance with rules of the department.
- (2) Each tax collector shall keep a full and complete record and account of all vessel decals or other properties received by him or her from the department or from any other source and shall make prompt remittance of moneys collected by him or her at such times and in such manner as prescribed by law.

Section 46. Section 327.256, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

327.256 Advanced registration renewal; procedures.--

- (1) The owner of any vessel currently registered in this state may file an application for renewal of registration with the department, or its authorized agent in the county wherein the owner resides, any time during the 3 months preceding the date of expiration of the registration period.
- (2) Upon the filing of the application and payment of the appropriate vessel registration fee and service charges required by s. 327.25 and any additional fees required by law, the department or its agents shall issue to the owner of the vessel a decal and registration as appropriate which when affixed to the vessel shall renew the registration for the appropriate registration period.
- (3) Any person who uses a vessel decal without lawful authority or who willfully violates any rule of the department

relating to this section shall be punished as provided under this chapter.

Section 47. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 328.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

328.01 Application for certificate of title.--

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In making application for transfer of title from a deceased titled owner, the new owner or surviving coowner shall establish proof of ownership by submitting with the application the original certificate of title and the decedent's probated last will and testament or letters of administration appointing the personal representative of the decedent. In lieu of a probated last will and testament or letters of administration, a copy of the decedent's death certificate, a certified copy of the decedent's last will and testament, and an affidavit by the decedent's surviving spouse or heirs affirming rights of ownership may be accepted by the department. If the decedent died intestate, a court order awarding the ownership of the vessel or an affidavit by the decedent's surviving spouse or heirs establishing or releasing all rights of ownership and a copy of the decedent's death certificate shall be submitted to the department.

Section 48. Subsection (3) of section 328.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

328.11 Duplicate certificate of title.--

(3) If, following the issuance of an original, duplicate, or corrected certificate of title by the department, the certificate is lost in transit and is not delivered to the addressee, the owner of the vessel or the holder of a lien thereon may, within 180 90 days after the 31 date of issuance of the title, apply to the department for

reissuance of the certificate of title. An additional fee may not be charged for reissuance under this subsection. 3 Section 49. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) and 4 subsection (7) of section 328.15, Florida Statutes, are 5 amended, subsection (8) is renumbered as subsection (12), and 6 new subsections (8), (9), (10), and (11) are added to said 7 section, to read: 8 328.15 Notice of lien on vessel; recording.--9 (2) (c) If the owner of the vessel as shown on the title 10 certificate or the director of the state child support 11 12 enforcement program desires to place a second or subsequent 13 lien or encumbrance against the vessel when the title 14 certificate is in the possession of the first lienholder, the owner shall send a written request to the first lienholder by 15 16 certified mail and such first lienholder shall forward the certificate to the department for endorsement. The department 17 shall return the certificate to the first lienholder, as 18 19 indicated in the notice of lien filed by the first lienholder, 20 after endorsing the second or subsequent lien on the certificate and on the duplicate. If the first lienholder 21 22 fails, neglects, or refuses to forward the certificate of title to the department within 10 days after the date of the 23 owner's or the director's request, the department, on written 24 25 request of the subsequent lienholder or an assignee thereof, 26 shall demand of the first lienholder the return of such 27 certificate for the notation of the second or subsequent lien 28 or encumbrance. The director of the state child support 29 enforcement program may place a subsequent lien or encumbrance against a vessel having a recorded first lien by sending a 30 written request to the first lienholder by certified mail.

The first lienholder shall forward the certificate to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles for endorsement, and the department shall return the certificate to the first lienholder after endorsing the subsequent lien on the certificate and on the duplicate.

- (7)(a) Should any person, firm, or corporation holding such lien, which has been recorded by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, upon payment of such lien and on demand, fail or refuse, within 30 days after such payment and demand, to furnish the debtor or the registered owner of such vessel motorboat a satisfaction of the lien, then, in that event, such person, firm, or corporation shall be held liable for all costs, damages, and expenses, including reasonable attorney's fees, lawfully incurred by the debtor or the registered owner of such vessel motorboat in any suit which may be brought in the courts of this state for the cancellation of such lien.
- (b) Following satisfaction of a lien, the lienholder shall enter a satisfaction thereof in the space provided on the face of the certificate of title. If there are no subsequent liens shown thereon, the certificate shall be delivered by the lienholder to the person satisfying the lien or encumbrance and an executed satisfaction on a form provided by the department shall be forwarded to the department by the lienholder within 10 days after satisfaction of the lien.
- (c) If the certificate of title shows a subsequent lien not then being discharged, an executed satisfaction of the first lien shall be delivered by the lienholder to the person satisfying the lien and the certificate of title showing satisfaction of the first lien shall be forwarded by

the lienholder to the department within 10 days after satisfaction of the lien.

- (d) If, upon receipt of a title certificate showing satisfaction of the first lien, the department determines from its records that there are no subsequent liens or encumbrances upon the vessel, the department shall forward to the owner, as shown on the face of the title, a corrected certificate showing no liens or encumbrances. If there is a subsequent lien not being discharged, the certificate of title shall be reissued showing the second or subsequent lienholder as the first lienholder and shall be delivered to the new first lienholder. The first lienholder shall be entitled to retain the certificate of title until his or her lien is satisfied. Upon satisfaction of the lien, the lienholder shall be subject to the procedures required of a first lienholder in this subsection and in subsection (2).
- (8) When the original certificate of title cannot be returned to the department by the lienholder and evidence satisfactory to the department is produced that all liens or encumbrances have been satisfied, upon application by the owner for a duplicate copy of the certificate of title, upon the form prescribed by the department, accompanied by the fee prescribed in this chapter, a duplicate copy of the certificate of title without statement of liens or encumbrances shall be issued by the department and delivered to the owner.
- (9) Any person who fails, within 10 days after receipt of a demand by the department by certified mail, to return a certificate of title to the department as required by subsection (2)(c) or who, upon satisfaction of a lien, fails within 10 days after receipt of such demand to forward the

appropriate document to the department as required by paragraph (7)(b) or paragraph (7)(c) commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

- (10) The department shall not be required to retain on file any bill of sale or duplicate thereof, notice of lien, or satisfaction of lien covering any vessel for a period longer than 7 years after the date of the filing thereof, and thereafter the same may be destroyed.
- (11) The department shall be required to use the last known address as shown by its records when sending any notice required by this section.

Section 50. Subsection (3) of section 328.16, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (5) is added to said section, to read:

328.16 Issuance in duplicate; delivery; liens and encumbrances.--

- (3) Except as provided in s. $328.15\underline{(12)(8)}$, the certificate of title shall be retained by the first lienholder. The first lienholder is entitled to retain the certificate until the first lien is satisfied.
- (5) The owner of a vessel, upon which a lien has been filed with the department or noted upon a certificate of title for a period of 5 years, may apply to the department in writing for such lien to be removed from the department files or from the certificate of title. The application shall be accompanied by evidence satisfactory to the department that the applicant has notified the lienholder by certified mail, not less than 20 days prior to the date of the application, of his or her intention to apply to the department for removal of the lien. Ten days after receipt of the application, the

department may remove the lien from its files or from the 1 2 certificate of title, as the case may be, if no statement in writing protesting removal of the lien is received by the 3 department from the lienholder within the 10-day period. 4 However, if the lienholder files with the department, within 5 6 the 10-day period, a written statement that the lien is still 7 outstanding, the department shall not remove the lien until 8 the lienholder presents a satisfaction of lien to the 9 department. 10 Section 51. Section 328.165, Florida Statutes, is 11 created to read: 12 328.165 Cancellation of certificates.--13 (1) If it appears that a certificate of title has been 14 improperly issued, the department shall cancel the 15 certificate. Upon cancellation of any certificate of title, 16 the department shall notify the person to whom the certificate of title was issued, and any lienholders appearing thereon, of 17 the cancellation and shall demand the surrender of the 18 certificate of title; however, the cancellation shall not 19 20 affect the validity of any lien noted thereon. The holder of the certificate of title shall immediately return it to the 21 22 department. If a certificate of registration has been issued to the holder of a certificate of title so canceled, the 23 24 department shall immediately cancel the certificate of 25 registration and demand the return of the certificate of 26 registration and the holder of such certificate of 27 registration shall immediately return it to the department. 28 (2) The department is authorized, upon application by any person and payment of the proper fees, to prepare and 29 furnish lists containing title information in such form as the 30

department may authorize, to search the records of the

department and make reports thereof, and to make photographic copies of the department records and attestations thereof.

Section 52. Subsection (2) of section 370.06, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

370.06 Licenses.--

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- (2) SALTWATER PRODUCTS LICENSE. --
- (a) Every person, firm, or corporation that sells, offers for sale, barters, or exchanges for merchandise any saltwater products, or which harvests saltwater products with certain gear or equipment as specified by law, must have a valid saltwater products license, except that the holder of an aquaculture certificate under s. 597.004 is not required to purchase and possess a saltwater products license in order to possess, transport, or sell marine aquaculture products. Each saltwater products license allows the holder to engage in any of the activities for which the license is required. The license must be in the possession of the licenseholder or aboard the vessel and shall be subject to inspection at any time that harvesting activities for which a license is required are being conducted. A restricted species endorsement on the saltwater products license is required to sell to a licensed wholesale dealer those species which the state, by law or rule, has designated as "restricted species." This endorsement may be issued only to a person who is at least 16 years of age, or to a firm certifying that over 25 percent of its income or \$5,000 of its income, whichever is less, is attributable to the sale of saltwater products pursuant to a license issued under this paragraph or a similar license from another state. This endorsement may also be issued to a for-profit corporation if it certifies that at least \$5,000 of its income is attributable to the sale of saltwater products

pursuant to a license issued under this paragraph or a similar license from another state. However, if at least 50 percent of the annual income of a person, firm, or for-profit corporation is derived from charter fishing, the person, firm, or for-profit corporation must certify that at least \$2,500 of the income of the person, firm, or corporation is attributable to the sale of saltwater products pursuant to a license issued under this paragraph or a similar license from another state, in order to be issued the endorsement. Such income attribution must apply to at least 1 year out of the last 3 years. For the purpose of this section "income" means that income which is attributable to work, employment, entrepreneurship, pensions, retirement benefits, and social security benefits. To renew an existing restricted species endorsement, a marine aquaculture producer possessing a valid saltwater products license with a restricted species endorsement may apply income from the sale of marine aquaculture products to licensed wholesale dealers.

- 1. The department is authorized to require verification of such income. Acceptable proof of income earned from the sale of saltwater products shall be:
- a. Copies of trip ticket records generated pursuant to this subsection (marine fisheries information system), documenting qualifying sale of saltwater products;
- b. Copies of sales records from locales other than Florida documenting qualifying sale of saltwater products;
- c. A copy of the applicable federal income tax return, including Form 1099 attachments, verifying income earned from the sale of saltwater products;
- $\mbox{\tt d.}$ Crew share statements verifying income earned from the sale of saltwater products; or

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e. A certified public accountant's notarized statement attesting to qualifying source and amount of income.

Any provision of this section or any other section of the Florida Statutes to the contrary notwithstanding, any person who owns a retail seafood market and/or restaurant at a fixed location for at least 3 years who has had an occupational license for 3 years prior to January 1, 1990, who harvests saltwater products to supply his or her retail store and has had a saltwater products license for 1 of the past 3 years prior to January 1, 1990, may provide proof of his or her verification of income and sales value at the person's retail seafood market and/or restaurant and in his or her saltwater products enterprise by affidavit and shall thereupon be issued a restricted species endorsement.

- 2. Exceptions from income requirements shall be as follows:
- a. A permanent restricted species endorsement shall be available to those persons age 62 and older who have qualified for such endorsement for at least 3 out of the last 5 years.
- b. Active military duty time shall be excluded from consideration of time necessary to qualify and shall not be counted against the applicant for purposes of qualifying.
- c. Upon the sale of a used commercial fishing vessel owned by a person, firm, or corporation possessing or eligible for a restricted species endorsement, the purchaser of such vessel shall be exempted from the qualifying income requirement for the purpose of obtaining a restricted species endorsement for a period of 1 year after purchase of the vessel.

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- d. Upon the death or permanent disablement of a person possessing a restricted species endorsement, an immediate family member wishing to carry on the fishing operation shall be exempted from the qualifying income requirement for the purpose of obtaining a restricted species endorsement for a period of 1 year after the death or disablement.
- e. A restricted species endorsement may be issued on an individual saltwater products license to a person age 62 or older who documents that at least \$2,500 is attributable to the sale of saltwater products pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph.
- f. A permanent restricted species endorsement may also be issued on an individual saltwater products license to a person age 70 or older who has held a saltwater products license for at least 3 of the last 5 license years.
- q. Any resident who is certified to be totally and permanently disabled by a verified written statement, based upon the criteria for permanent total disability in chapter 440 from a physician licensed in this state, by any branch of the United States Armed Services, by the Social Security Administration, or by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs or its predecessor, or any resident who holds a valid identification card issued by the Department of Veterans' Affairs pursuant to s. 295.17, shall be exempted from the income requirements if he or she also has held a saltwater products license for at least 3 of the last 5 license years prior to the date of the disability. A Disability Award Notice issued by the United States Social Security Administration is not sufficient certification for a resident to obtain the income exemption unless the notice certifies that the resident 31 is totally and permanently disabled.

1 At least one saltwater products license bearing a restricted 3 species endorsement shall be aboard any vessel harvesting restricted species in excess of any bag limit or when fishing 4 5 under a commercial quota or in commercial quantities, and such vessel, if required to be registered, shall have a commercial 6 7 vessel registration. This subsection does not apply to any 8 person, firm, or corporation licensed under s. 370.07(1)(a)1. 9 or (b) for activities pursuant to such licenses. A saltwater products license may be issued in the name of an individual or 10 a valid boat registration number. Such license is not 11 12 transferable. A decal shall be issued with each saltwater 13 products license issued to a valid boat registration number. The saltwater products license decal shall be the same color 14 as the vessel registration decal issued each year pursuant to 15 16 s. 327.11(5) and shall indicate the period of time such license is valid. The saltwater products license decal shall 17 be placed beside the vessel registration decal and, in the 18 case of an undocumented vessel, shall be placed so that the 19 20 vessel registration decal lies between the vessel registration number and the saltwater products license decal. Any saltwater 21 22 products license decal for a previous year shall be removed from a vessel operating on the waters of the state. A resident 23 shall pay an annual license fee of \$50 for a saltwater 24 products license issued in the name of an individual or \$100 25 26 for a saltwater products license issued to a valid boat 27 registration number. A nonresident shall pay an annual license 28 fee of \$200 for a saltwater products license issued in the name of an individual or \$400 for a saltwater products license 29

issued to a valid boat registration number. An alien shall pay

31 | an annual license fee of \$300 for a saltwater products license

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issued in the name of an individual or \$600 for a saltwater products license issued to a valid boat registration number. Any person who sells saltwater products pursuant to this license may sell only to a licensed wholesale dealer. A saltwater products license must be presented to the licensed wholesale dealer each time saltwater products are sold, and an imprint made thereof. The wholesale dealer shall keep records of each transaction in such detail as may be required by rule of the Department of Environmental Protection not in conflict with s. 370.07(6), and shall provide the holder of the saltwater products license with a copy of the record. It is 12 unlawful for any licensed wholesale dealer to buy saltwater 13 products from any unlicensed person under the provisions of 14 this section, except that a licensed wholesale dealer may buy from another licensed wholesale dealer. It is unlawful for any licensed wholesale dealer to buy saltwater products designated 16 as "restricted species" from any person, firm, or corporation not possessing a restricted species endorsement on his or her saltwater products license under the provisions of this section, except that a licensed wholesale dealer may buy from another licensed wholesale dealer. The Department of Environmental Protection shall be the licensing agency, may contract with private persons or entities to implement aspects 23 of the licensing program, and shall establish by rule a marine 24 fisheries information system in conjunction with the licensing program to gather fisheries data.

- (c) A saltwater products license is required to harvest commercial quantities of saltwater products. Any vessel from which commercial quantities of saltwater products are harvested must, if required to be registered, have a commercial vessel registration. Commercial quantities of saltwater products shall be defined as:
- 1. With respect to those species for which no bag limit has been established, more than 100 pounds per person per day, provided that the harvesting of two fish or less per person per day shall not be considered commercial quantities regardless of aggregate weight; and
- 2. With respect to those species for which a bag limit has been established, more than the bag limit allowed by law or rule.
- (d)1. In addition to the saltwater products license, a marine life fishing endorsement is required for the harvest of marine life species as defined by rule of the Marine Fisheries Commission. This endorsement may be issued only to a person who is at least 16 years of age or older or to a corporation holding a valid restricted species endorsement.
- 2.a. Effective July 1, 1998, and until July 1, 2002, a marine life endorsement may not be issued under this paragraph, except that those endorsements that are active during the 1997-1998 fiscal year may be renewed.
- b. In 1998 persons or corporations holding a marine life endorsement that was active in the 1997-1998 fiscal year or an immediate family member of that person must request renewal of the marine life endorsement before December 31, 1998.
- 30 c. In subsequent years and until July 1, 2002, a 31 marine life endorsement holder or member of his or her

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immediate family must request renewal of the marine life endorsement before September 30 of each year.

- If a person or corporation holding an active marine life fishing endorsement or a member of that person's immediate family does not request renewal of the endorsement before the applicable dates specified in this paragraph, the department shall deactivate that marine life fishing endorsement.
- e. In the event of the death or disability of a person holding an active marine life fishing endorsement, the endorsement may be transferred by the person to a member of his or her immediate family or may be renewed by any person so designated by the executor of the person's estate.
- Persons or corporations who hold saltwater product licenses with marine life fishing endorsements issued to their vessel registration numbers and who subsequently replace their existing vessels with new vessels may transfer the existing marine life fishing endorsement to the new boat registration numbers.
- Persons or corporations who hold saltwater product licenses with marine life fishing endorsements issued to their name and who subsequently incorporate or unincorporate may transfer the existing marine life fishing endorsement to the new corporation or person.
- By July 1, 2000, the Marine Fisheries Commission shall prepare a report regarding options for the establishment of a limited-entry program for the marine life fishery and submit the report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the chairs of the Senate and House committees having jurisdiction 31 over marine resources.

The fee for a marine life fishery endorsement on a 3. saltwater products license shall be \$75. These license fees shall be collected and deposited in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund and used for the purchase and installation of vessel mooring buoys at coral reef sites and for research related to marine fisheries.

Section 53. Paragraph (c) of subsection (7) of section 713.78, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read:

713.78 Liens for recovering, towing, or storing vehicles and undocumented vessels. --

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(c) Any law enforcement agency requesting that a motor vehicle be removed from an accident scene, street, or highway must conduct an inventory and prepare a written record of all personal property found in the vehicle before the vehicle is removed by a wrecker operator. However, if the owner or driver of the motor vehicle is present and accompanies the vehicle, no inventory by law enforcement is required. A wrecker operator is not liable for the loss of personal property alleged to be contained in such a vehicle when such personal property was not identified on the inventory record prepared by the law enforcement agency requesting the removal of the vehicle.

Section 54. Subsection (1) of section 732.9215, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

732.9215 Education program relating to anatomical gifts. -- The Agency for Health Care Administration, subject to the concurrence of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, shall develop a continuing program to educate and inform medical professionals, law enforcement agencies and 31 officers, high school children, state and local government

 employees, and the public regarding the laws of this state relating to anatomical gifts and the need for anatomical gifts.

(1) The program is to be implemented with the assistance of the organ and tissue donor education panel as provided in s. 732.9216 and with the funds collected under ss. 320.08047 and 322.08(6)(7)(b). Existing community resources, when available, must be used to support the program, and volunteers may assist the program to the maximum extent possible. The Agency for Health Care Administration may contract for the provision of all or any portion of the program. When awarding such contract, the agency shall give priority to existing nonprofit groups that are located within the community, including within the minority communities specified in subsection (2). The program aimed at educating medical professionals may be implemented by contract with one or more medical schools located in the state.

Section 55. Subsection (1) of section 732.9216, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

732.9216 Organ and tissue donor education panel.--

(1) The Legislature recognizes that there exists in the state a shortage of organ and tissue donors to provide the organs and tissue that could save lives or enhance the quality of life for many Floridians. The Legislature further recognizes the need to encourage the various minority populations of Florida to donate organs and tissue. It is the intent of the Legislature that the funds collected pursuant to ss. 320.08047 and 322.08(6)(7)(b) be used for educational purposes aimed at increasing the number of organ and tissue donors, thus affording more Floridians who are awaiting organ

or tissue transplants the opportunity for a full and productive life.

Section 56. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 812.014, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (5) is added to said section, to read:

812.014 Theft.--

- (3)(a) Theft of any property not specified in subsection (2) is petit theft of the second degree and a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and as provided in subsection (5), as applicable.
- (5)(a) No person shall operate a motor vehicle so as to cause it to leave the premises of an establishment at which gasoline offered for retail sale was dispensed into the fuel tank of such motor vehicle unless the payment of the authorized charge for the gasoline dispensed has been made.
- (b) In addition to the penalties prescribed in subsection (3)(a), every judgment of guilty of a petit theft for property described in this subsection shall provide for the suspension of the convicted person's driver license. The court shall forward said driver license to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles in accordance with s. 322.25.
- 1. The first suspension of a driver license under this subsection shall be for a period of up to 6 months.
- 2. A subsequent suspension of a driver license under this subsection shall be for a period of 1 year.

Section 57. Subsection (1) of section 832.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

832.06 Prosecution for worthless checks given tax
31 collector for licenses or taxes; refunds.--

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Whenever any person, firm, or corporation violates the provisions of s. 832.05 by drawing, making, uttering, issuing, or delivering to any county tax collector any check, draft, or other written order on any bank or depository for the payment of money or its equivalent for any tag, title, lien, tax (except ad valorem taxes), penalty, or fee relative to a boat, airplane, or motor vehicle, driver license, or identification card; any occupational license, beverage license, or sales or use tax; or any hunting or fishing license, the county tax collector, after the exercise of due diligence to locate the person, firm, or corporation which drew, made, uttered, issued, or delivered the check, draft, or other written order for the payment of money, or to collect the same by the exercise of due diligence and prudence, shall swear out a complaint in the proper court against the person, firm, or corporation for the issuance of the worthless check or draft. If the state attorney cannot sign the information due to lack of proof, as determined by the state attorney in good faith, for a prima facie case in court, he or she shall issue a certificate so stating to the tax collector. If payment of the dishonored check, draft, or other written order, together with court costs expended, is not received in full by the county tax collector within 30 days after service of the warrant, 30 days after conviction, or 60 days after the collector swears out the complaint or receives the certificate of the state attorney, whichever is first, the county tax collector shall make a written report to this effect to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles relative to airplanes and motor vehicles and vessels, to the Department of Environmental Protection relative to boats, to the Department of Revenue relative to occupational licenses and the sales and

use tax, to the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco of 1 the Department of Business and Professional Regulation 3 relative to beverage licenses, or to the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission relative to hunting and fishing licenses, 4 5 containing a statement of the amount remaining unpaid on the worthless check or draft. If the information is not signed, 6 7 the certificate of the state attorney is issued, and the 8 written report of the amount remaining unpaid is made, the 9 county tax collector may request the sum be forthwith refunded 10 by the appropriate governmental entity, agency, or department. 11 If a warrant has been issued and served, he or she shall 12 certify to that effect, together with the court costs and 13 amount remaining unpaid on the check. The county tax collector 14 may request that the sum of money certified by him or her be forthwith refunded by the Department of Highway Safety and 15 16 Motor Vehicles, the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of Revenue, the Division of Alcoholic Beverages 17 and Tobacco of the Department of Business and Professional 18 19 Regulation, or the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission to the 20 county tax collector. Within 30 days after receipt of the request, the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, 21 22 the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of Revenue, the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco of 23 the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, or the 24 Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, upon being satisfied as 25 26 to the correctness of the certificate of the tax collector, or 27 the report, shall refund to the county tax collector the sums 28 of money so certified or reported. If any officer of any court 29 issuing the warrant is unable to serve it within 60 days after the issuance and delivery of it to the officer for service, 30 the officer shall make a written return to the county tax

collector to this effect. Thereafter, the county tax collector 1 2 may certify that the warrant has been issued and that service 3 has not been had upon the defendant and further certify the amount of the worthless check or draft and the amount of court 4 5 costs expended by the county tax collector, and the county tax collector may file the certificate with the Department of 6 7 Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles relative to motor vehicles 8 and vessels airplanes, with the Department of Environmental 9 Protection relative to boats, with the Department of Revenue relative to occupational licenses and the sales and use tax, 10 11 with the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation relative to 12 13 beverage licenses, or with the Game and Fresh Water Fish 14 Commission relative to hunting and fishing licenses, together with a request that the sums of money so certified be 15 16 forthwith refunded by the Department of Highway Safety and 17 Motor Vehicles, the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of Revenue, the Division of Alcoholic Beverages 18 19 and Tobacco of the Department of Business and Professional 20 Regulation, or the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission to the county tax collector, and within 30 days after receipt of the 21 22 request, the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of 23 Revenue, the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco of 24 the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, or the 25 Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, upon being satisfied as 26 27 to the correctness of the certificate, shall refund the sums 28 of money so certified to the county tax collector. 29 Section 58. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 932.701, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 30 31 932.701 Short title; definitions.--

- (2) As used in the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act:
- (a) "Contraband article" means:
- 1. Any controlled substance as defined in chapter 893 or any substance, device, paraphernalia, or currency or other means of exchange that was used, was attempted to be used, or was intended to be used in violation of any provision of chapter 893, if the totality of the facts presented by the state is clearly sufficient to meet the state's burden of establishing probable cause to believe that a nexus exists between the article seized and the narcotics activity, whether or not the use of the contraband article can be traced to a specific narcotics transaction.
- 2. Any gambling paraphernalia, lottery tickets, money, currency, or other means of exchange which was used, was attempted, or intended to be used in violation of the gambling laws of the state.
- 3. Any equipment, liquid or solid, which was being used, is being used, was attempted to be used, or intended to be used in violation of the beverage or tobacco laws of the state.
- 4. Any motor fuel upon which the motor fuel tax has not been paid as required by law.
- 5. Any personal property, including, but not limited to, any vessel, aircraft, item, object, tool, substance, device, weapon, machine, vehicle of any kind, money, securities, books, records, research, negotiable instruments, or currency, which was used or was attempted to be used as an instrumentality in the commission of, or in aiding or abetting in the commission of, any felony, whether or not comprising an element of the felony, or which is acquired by proceeds

obtained as a result of a violation of the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act.

- 6. Any real property, including any right, title, leasehold, or other interest in the whole of any lot or tract of land, which was used, is being used, or was attempted to be used as an instrumentality in the commission of, or in aiding or abetting in the commission of, any felony, or which is acquired by proceeds obtained as a result of a violation of the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act.
- 7. Any personal property, including, but not limited to, equipment, money, securities, books, records, research, negotiable instruments, currency, or any vessel, aircraft, item, object, tool, substance, device, weapon, machine, or vehicle of any kind in the possession of or belonging to any person who takes aquaculture products in violation of s. 812.014(2)(c).
- 8. Any motor vehicle offered for sale in violation of s. 320.28.

Section 59. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 932.701(2)(a), Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (6) of section 705.101, Florida Statutes, and subsection (4) of section 932.703, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

705.101 Definitions.--As used in this chapter:

(6) "Unclaimed evidence" means any tangible personal property, including cash, not included within the definition of "contraband article," as provided in s. 932.701(2), which was seized by a law enforcement agency, was intended for use in a criminal or quasi-criminal proceeding, and is retained by the law enforcement agency or the clerk of the county or

circuit court for 60 days after the final disposition of the proceeding and to which no claim of ownership has been made.

932.703 Forfeiture of contraband article;
exceptions.--

(4) In any incident in which possession of any contraband article defined in s. 932.701(2)(a) constitutes a felony, the vessel, motor vehicle, aircraft, other personal property, or real property in or on which such contraband article is located at the time of seizure shall be contraband subject to forfeiture. It shall be presumed in the manner provided in s. 90.302(2) that the vessel, motor vehicle, aircraft, other personal property, or real property in which or on which such contraband article is located at the time of seizure is being used or was attempted or intended to be used in a manner to facilitate the transportation, carriage, conveyance, concealment, receipt, possession, purchase, sale, barter, exchange, or giving away of a contraband article defined in s. 932.701(2).

Section 60. <u>Section 14 of chapter 98-223, Laws of</u> Florida, is repealed.

Section 61. Except as otherwise provided herein, this act shall take effect October 1, 1999.