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By Representatives Turnbull, Wiles, Stafford, Brown, Henriquez, Heyman, L. Miller, Ritter, Chestnut, Frankel, Hafner, Rayson, Wasserman Schultz, Sobel, Betancourt, Suarez, Ryan, Ritchie, Levine, Wilson, K. Smith and Bloom

A bill to be entitled An act relating to elections; providing a short title; amending s. 106.011, F.S.; revising definitions of the terms "political committee," "contribution," "expenditure," and "political advertisement"; amending s. 106.021, F.S.; eliminating a provision that authorizes the unrestricted expenditure of funds for the purpose of jointly endorsing three or more candidates; amending s. 106.03, F.S.; providing additional requirements for registration of political committees and certification of committees of continuous existence, which relate to the committee name; providing penalties and applicability; amending s. 106.04, F.S.; requiring committees of continuous existence to update certain registration information; prohibiting committees of continuous existence from making expenditures in support of or opposition to an elected public official without registering as a political committee; amending s. 106.07, F.S.; correcting a cross reference, to conform; amending s. 106.08, F.S.; providing limits on contributions to a political party; revising a provision relating to restrictions on contributions to a candidate by a political party; providing penalties; reenacting s. 106.19(1)(a), F.S., relating to penalties applicable to acceptance of contributions in excess of the limits provided by law, to

incorporate the amendment to s. 106.08, F.S., in a reference thereto; amending s. 106.087, F.S.; eliminating a provision that prohibits certain political committees and committees of continuous existence from making independent expenditures in support of or opposition to a candidate or elected public official; amending s. 106.29, F.S.; requiring subordinate and executive committees of a political party to adhere to contribution limits for political parties; providing penalties; providing for severability; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 2. Subsections (1), (3), (4), and (17) of section 106.011, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

106.011 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the following terms have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

(1) "Political committee" means a combination of two or more individuals, or a person other than an individual, the primary or incidental purpose of which is to support or oppose any candidate, issue, or political party, which accepts contributions or makes expenditures during a calendar year in an aggregate amount in excess of \$500.+"Political committee" also means the sponsor of a proposed constitutional amendment by initiative who intends to seek the signatures of registered electors. "Political committee" also means a combination of

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two or more individuals or a person other than an individual which anticipates spending funds, or makes expenditures, for political advertising in support of or opposition to an elected public official during a calendar year in an aggregate amount in excess of \$500. Organizations which are certified by the Department of State as committees of continuous existence pursuant to s. 106.04, national political parties, and the state and county executive committees of political parties regulated by chapter 103 shall not be considered political committees for the purposes of this chapter. Corporations regulated by chapter 607 or chapter 617 or other business entities formed for purposes other than to support or oppose issues or candidates are not political committees if their political activities are limited to contributions to candidates, political parties, or political committees or expenditures in support of or opposition to an issue from corporate or business funds and if no contributions are received by such corporations or business entities.

- (3) "Contribution" means:
- (a) A gift, subscription, conveyance, deposit, loan, payment, or distribution of money or anything of value, including contributions in kind having an attributable monetary value in any form, made for the purpose of influencing the results of an election.
- (b) A transfer of funds between political committees, between committees of continuous existence, or between a political committee and a committee of continuous existence.
- (c) The payment, by any person other than a candidate or political committee, of compensation for the personal services of another person which are rendered to a candidate

or political committee without charge to the candidate or committee for such services.

- (d) The transfer of funds by a campaign treasurer or deputy campaign treasurer between a primary depository and a separate interest-bearing account or certificate of deposit, and the term includes any interest earned on such account or certificate.
- (e) Any funds received by a political committee which are used or intended to be used, directly or indirectly, to pay for a political advertisement supporting or opposing an elected public official.

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> Notwithstanding the foregoing meanings of "contribution," the word shall not be construed to include services, including, but not limited to, legal and accounting services, provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf of a candidate or political committee. This definition shall not be construed to include editorial endorsements.

"Expenditure" means a purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, transfer of funds by a campaign treasurer or deputy campaign treasurer between a primary depository and a separate interest-bearing account or certificate of deposit, or gift of money or anything of value made for the purpose of influencing the results of an election or for purchasing a political advertisement supporting or opposing an elected public official. However, "expenditure" does not include a purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, or gift of money or anything of value made for the purpose of influencing the results of an election when made by 31 an organization, in existence prior to the time during which a

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candidate qualifies or an issue is placed on the ballot for that election, for the purpose of printing or distributing such organization's newsletter, containing a statement by such organization in support of or opposition to a candidate or issue, which newsletter is distributed only to members of such organization.

(17)(a) "Political advertisement" means a paid expression in any communications media prescribed in subsection (13), whether radio, television, newspaper, magazine, periodical, campaign literature, direct mail, or display or by means other than the spoken word in direct conversation, which shall support or oppose any candidate, elected public official, or issue. In addition, an advertisement is presumed to be a political advertisement if it is a paid expression in any communications media described in subsection (13), whether radio, television, newspaper, magazine, periodical, campaign literature, direct mail, or display or by means other than the spoken word in direct conversation, which substantially mentions or shows a clearly identifiable candidate for election or reelection and is distributed at any point during the period following the last day of qualifying for that candidacy through the ensuing general election and which, when examined by a reasonable person, would be understood as a communication made for the purpose of influencing the results of an election on that candidacy during that period and for which aggregate expenditures on like advertisements exceed \$1,000.

(b) However, Political advertisement does not include:

1.(a) A statement by an organization, in existence 31 prior to the time during which a candidate qualifies or an

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issue is placed on the ballot for that election, in support of or opposition to a candidate or issue, in that organization's newsletter, which newsletter is distributed only to the members of that organization.

2.(b) Editorial endorsements by any newspaper, radio or television station, or other recognized news medium.

- 3. A paid expression in any communications media which mentions or shows a clearly identifiable candidate for election or reelection which:
- a. Advertises a business rather than the candidate, is paid for out of funds of that business, and is similar to other advertisements for that business which have mentioned or shown the candidate and have been distributed regularly over a period of at least 1 year before the qualifying period for that candidacy; or
- b. Is distributed or broadcast only to areas other than the geographical area of the electorate for that candidacy.
- Section 3. Subsection (3) of section 106.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 106.021 Campaign treasurers; deputies; primary and secondary depositories .--
- (3) Except for independent expenditures, no contribution or expenditure, including contributions or expenditures of a candidate or of the candidate's family, shall be directly or indirectly made or received in furtherance of the candidacy of any person for nomination or election to political office in the state or on behalf of any political committee except through the duly appointed campaign treasurer of the candidate or political committee. However, 31 expenditures may be made directly by any political committee

or political party regulated by chapter 103 for obtaining time, space, or services in or by any communications medium for the purpose of jointly endorsing three or more candidates, and any such expenditure shall not be considered a contribution or expenditure to or on behalf of any such candidates for the purposes of this chapter.

Section 4. Section 106.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

106.03 Registration of political committees.--

- (1) Each political committee which anticipates receiving contributions or making expenditures during a calendar year in an aggregate amount exceeding \$500 or which is seeking the signatures of registered electors in support of an initiative shall file a statement of organization as provided in subsection  $\underline{(4)(3)}$  within 10 days after its organization or, if later, within 10 days after the date on which it has information which causes the committee to anticipate that it will receive contributions or make expenditures in excess of \$500. If a political committee is organized within 10 days of any election, it shall immediately file the statement of organization required by this section.
  - (2) The statement of organization shall include:
  - (a) The name and address of the committee;
- (b) The names, addresses, and relationships of affiliated or connected organizations;
  - (c) The area, scope, or jurisdiction of the committee;
- (d) The name, address, and position, and principal employer of the custodian of books and accounts;
- 29 (e) The name, address, and position, and principal
  30 employer of each other principal officer officers, including
  31 officers and members of the finance committee, if any;

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- (f) The name, address, office sought, and party
  affiliation of:
  - 1. Each candidate whom the committee is supporting;
- 2. Any other individual, if any, whom the committee is supporting for nomination for election, or election, to any public office whatever;
- (g) Any issue or issues such organization is supporting or opposing;
- (h) If the committee is supporting the entire ticket of any party, a statement to that effect and the name of the party;
- (i) A statement of whether the committee is a continuing one;
- (j) Plans for the disposition of residual funds which will be made in the event of dissolution;
- (k) A listing of all banks, safe-deposit boxes, or other depositories used for committee funds; and
- (1) A statement of the reports required to be filed by the committee with federal officials, if any, and the names, addresses, and positions of such officials.
- (3)(a) The name of the committee provided in the statement of organization must include the name of the corporation, labor union, professional association, political committee, committee of continuous existence, or other business entity whose officials, employees, agents, or members, directly or indirectly, established or organized the committee, if any.
- (b) If the name of the committee provided in the statement of organization does not include the name of a corporation, labor union, professional association, political committee, committee of continuous existence, or other

business entity, the name must include the economic or special interest, if identifiable, principally represented by the committee's organizers or intended to be advanced by the committee's receipts.

- (c) Any person who knowingly and willfully violates this subsection shall be fined not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$10,000 for each violation. Any officer, partner, agent, attorney, or other representative of a corporation, labor union, professional association, political committee, committee of continuous existence, or other business entity who aids, abets, advises, or participates in a violation of any provision of this subsection shall be fined not less than 13 \$1,000 and not more than \$10,000 for each violation.
  - (4)(3)(a) A political committee which is organized to support or oppose statewide, legislative, or multicounty candidates or issues to be voted upon on a statewide or multicounty basis shall file a statement of organization with the Division of Elections.
  - (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), a political committee which is organized to support or oppose candidates or issues to be voted on in a countywide election or candidates or issues in any election held on less than a countywide basis shall file a statement of organization with the supervisor of elections of the county in which such election is being held.
  - (c) A political committee which is organized to support or oppose only candidates for municipal office or issues to be voted on in a municipal election shall file a statement of organization with the officer before whom municipal candidates qualify.

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(d) Any political committee which would be required under this subsection to file a statement of organization in two or more locations by reason of the committee's intention to support or oppose candidates or issues at state or multicounty and local levels of government need file only with the Division of Elections.

(5) Any change in information previously submitted in a statement of organization shall be reported to the agency or officer with whom such committee is required to register pursuant to subsection(4)(3), within 10 days following the change.

(6) Any committee which, after having filed one or more statements of organization, disbands or determines it will no longer receive contributions or make expenditures during the calendar year in an aggregate amount exceeding \$500 shall so notify the agency or officer with whom such committee is required to file the statement of organization.

(7) (6) If the filing officer finds that a political committee has filed its statement of organization consistent with the requirements of subsections subsection (2) and (3), it shall notify the committee in writing that it has been registered as a political committee. If the filing officer finds that a political committee's statement of organization does not meet the requirements of subsections subsection (2) and (3), it shall notify the committee of such finding and shall state in writing the reasons for rejection of the statement of organization.

(8) (8) (7) The Division of Elections shall adopt promulgate rules to prescribe the manner in which inactive committees may be dissolved and have their registration 31 canceled. Such rules shall, at a minimum, provide for:

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- (a) Notice which shall contain the facts and conduct which warrant the intended action, including but not limited to failure to file reports and limited activity.
  - (b) Adequate opportunity to respond.
- (c) Appeal of the decision to the Florida Elections Commission. Such appeals shall be exempt from the confidentiality provisions of s. 106.25.

Section 5. Subsections (2) and (5) of section 106.04, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

106.04 Committees of continuous existence.--

- (2) Any group, organization, association, or other entity may seek certification from the Department of State as a committee of continuous existence by filing an application with the Division of Elections on a form provided by the division. Such application shall provide the information required of political committees by s. 106.03(2) and (3), and any change in such information shall be reported pursuant to s. 106.03(5). Each application shall be accompanied by the name and street address of the principal officer of the applying entity as of the date of the application; a copy of the charter or bylaws of the organization; a copy of the dues or assessment schedule of the organization, or formula by which dues or assessments are levied; and a complete financial statement or annual audit summarizing all income received, and all expenses incurred, by the organization during the 12 months preceding the date of application. A membership list shall be made available for inspection if deemed necessary by the division.
- (5) No committee of continuous existence shall contribute to any candidate or political committee an amount in excess of the limits contained in s. 106.08(1) or

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participate in any other activity which is prohibited by this chapter. If any violation occurs, it shall be punishable as provided in this chapter for the given offense. No funds of a committee of continuous existence shall be expended on behalf of a candidate, except by means of a contribution made through the duly appointed campaign treasurer of a candidate. No such committee shall make expenditures in support of, or in opposition to, an issue or an elected public official unless such committee first registers as a political committee pursuant to this chapter and undertakes all the practices and procedures required thereof; provided such committee may make contributions in a total amount not to exceed 25 percent of its aggregate income, as reflected in the annual report filed for the previous year, to one or more political committees registered pursuant to s. 106.03 and formed to support or oppose issues.

Section 6. Any political committee or committee of continuous existence organized before January 1, 2001, shall have until April 1, 2001, to amend its name, if necessary, to comply with the requirements of subsection (3) of section 106.03, Florida Statutes, as created by this act, or subsection (2) of section 106.04, Florida Statutes, as amended by this act, as applicable.

Section 7. Subsection (3) of section 106.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

106.07 Reports; certification and filing.--

(3) Reports required of a political committee shall be filed with the agency or officer before whom such committee registers pursuant to s.  $106.03(4)\frac{(3)}{3}$  and shall be subject to the same filing conditions as established for candidates' 31 reports. Only committees that file with the Department of

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State shall file the original and one copy of their reports. Incomplete reports by political committees shall be treated in the manner provided for incomplete reports by candidates in subsection (2).

Section 8. Section 106.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

106.08 Contributions; limitations on.--

- (1)(a) Except for political parties, no person, political committee, or committee of continuous existence may, in any election, make contributions in excess of \$500 to any candidate for election to or retention in office or to any political committee supporting or opposing one or more candidates. Candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieutenant Governor on the same ticket are considered a single candidate for the purpose of this section.
- (b)1. The contribution limits provided in this subsection do not apply to contributions made by a state or county executive committee of a political party regulated by chapter 103 or to amounts contributed by a candidate to his or her own campaign.
- 2. Notwithstanding the limits provided in this subsection, an unemancipated child under the age of 18 years of age may not make a contribution in excess of \$100 to any candidate or to any political committee supporting one or more candidates.
- (c) The contribution limits of this subsection apply to each election. For purposes of this subsection, the first primary, second primary, and general election are separate elections so long as the candidate is not an unopposed candidate as defined in s. 106.011(15). However, for the 31 purpose of contribution limits with respect to candidates for

retention as a justice or judge, there is only one election, which is the general election. With respect to candidates in a circuit holding an election for circuit judge or in a county holding an election for county court judge, there are only two elections, which are the first primary election and general election.

(2) A person, political committee, or committee of continuous existence may not make contributions to the state and county executive committees of a political party, including any subordinate committee of a state or county executive committee of a political party, which contributions, including in-kind contributions, in the aggregate in any calendar year exceed \$5,000.

(3)(2)(a) A candidate may not accept contributions from national, state, including any subordinate committee of a national, state, or county committee of a political party, and county executive committees of a political party, including any subordinate committee of a national, state, or county executive committee of a political party, which contributions, including in-kind contributions, in the aggregate exceed \$50,000, no more than \$25,000 of which may be accepted prior to the 28-day period immediately preceding the date of the general election.

(b) Polling services, research services, costs for campaign staff, professional consulting services, and telephone calls are not contributions to be counted toward the contribution limits of paragraph (a). Any item not expressly identified in this paragraph as nonallocable is a contribution in an amount equal to the fair market value of the item and must be counted as allocable toward the \$50,000 contribution limits of paragraph (a). Nonallocable, in-kind contributions

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must be reported by the candidate under s. 106.07 and by the political party under s. 106.29.

- (4)(3)(a) Any contribution received by a candidate with opposition in an election or by the campaign treasurer or a deputy campaign treasurer of such a candidate on the day of that election or less than 5 days prior to the day of that election must be returned by him or her to the person or committee contributing it and may not be used or expended by or on behalf of the candidate.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (c), any contribution received by a candidate or by the campaign treasurer or a deputy campaign treasurer of a candidate after the date at which the candidate withdraws his or her candidacy, or after the date the candidate is defeated, becomes unopposed, or is elected to office must be returned to the person or committee contributing it and may not be used or expended by or on behalf of the candidate.
- (c) With respect to any campaign for an office in which an independent or minor party candidate has filed as required in s. 99.0955 or s. 99.096, but whose qualification is pending a determination by the Department of State or supervisor of elections as to whether or not the required number of petition signatures was obtained:
- The department or supervisor shall, no later than 3 days after that determination has been made, notify in writing all other candidates for that office of that determination.
- Any contribution received by a candidate or the campaign treasurer or deputy campaign treasurer of a candidate after the candidate has been notified in writing by the department or supervisor that he or she has become unopposed 31 as a result of an independent or minor party candidate failing

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to obtain the required number of petition signatures shall be returned to the person, political committee, or committee of continuous existence contributing it and shall not be used or expended by or on behalf of the candidate.

(5)(4) Any contribution received by the chair, campaign treasurer, or deputy campaign treasurer of a political committee supporting or opposing a candidate with opposition in an election or supporting or opposing an issue on the ballot in an election on the day of that election or less than 5 days prior to the day of that election may not be obligated or expended by the committee until after the date of the election.

(6) A person may not make any contribution through or in the name of another, directly or indirectly, in any election. Candidates, political committees, and political parties may not solicit contributions from or make contributions to any religious, charitable, civic, or other causes or organizations established primarily for the public good. However, it is not a violation of this subsection for a candidate, political committee, or political party executive committee to make gifts of money in lieu of flowers in memory of a deceased person or for a candidate to continue membership in, or make regular donations from personal or business funds to, religious, political party, civic, or charitable groups of which the candidate is a member or to which the candidate has been a regular donor for more than 6 months. A candidate may purchase, with campaign funds, tickets, admission to events, or advertisements from religious, civic, political party, or charitable groups.

(7)(6) A political party may not accept any contribution which has been specifically designated for the

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partial or exclusive use of a particular candidate. Any contribution so designated must be returned to the contributor and may not be used or expended by or on behalf of the candidate.

 $(8)\frac{(7)}{(a)}$  Any person who knowingly and willfully makes no more than one contribution in violation of subsection (1), subsection (2), or subsection(6)(5), or any person who knowingly and willfully fails or refuses to return any contribution as required in subsection(4)(3), commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. If any corporation, partnership, or other business entity or any political party, political committee, or committee of continuous existence is convicted of knowingly and willfully violating any provision punishable under this paragraph, it shall be fined not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$10,000. If it is a domestic entity, it may be ordered dissolved by a court of competent jurisdiction; if it is a foreign or nonresident business entity, its right to do business in this state may be forfeited. Any officer, partner, agent, attorney, or other representative of a corporation, partnership, or other business entity or of a political party, political committee, or committee of continuous existence who aids, abets, advises, or participates in a violation of any provision punishable under this paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(b) Any person who knowingly and willfully makes two or more contributions in violation of subsection (1), subsection (2), or subsection(6), or any combination thereof, 30 (5) commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as 31 provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. If any

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30 31 corporation, partnership, or other business entity or any political party, political committee, or committee of continuous existence is convicted of knowingly and willfully violating any provision punishable under this paragraph, it shall be fined not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$50,000. If it is a domestic entity, it may be ordered dissolved by a court of competent jurisdiction; if it is a foreign or nonresident business entity, its right to do business in this state may be forfeited. Any officer, partner, agent, attorney, or other representative of a corporation, partnership, or other business entity, or of a political committee, committee of continuous existence, or political party who aids, abets, advises, or participates in a violation of any provision punishable under this paragraph commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(9)(8) Except when otherwise provided in subsection (8)(7), any person who knowingly and willfully violates any provision of this section shall, in addition to any other penalty prescribed by this chapter, pay to the state a sum equal to twice the amount contributed in violation of this chapter. Each campaign treasurer shall pay all amounts contributed in violation of this section to the state for deposit in the General Revenue Fund.

(10)(9) This section does not apply to the transfer of funds between a primary campaign depository and a savings account or certificate of deposit or to any interest earned on such account or certificate.

Section 9. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 106.08, Florida Statutes, in a reference

thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 106.19, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

106.19 Violations by candidates, persons connected with campaigns, and political committees.--

- (1) Any candidate; campaign manager, campaign treasurer, or deputy treasurer of any candidate; committee chair, vice chair, campaign treasurer, deputy treasurer, or other officer of any political committee; agent or person acting on behalf of any candidate or political committee; or other person who knowingly and willfully:
- (a) Accepts a contribution in excess of the limits prescribed by s. 106.08;

is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 10. Section 106.087, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

106.087 Independent expenditures; contribution limits; restrictions on political parties, political committees, and committees of continuous existence.--

(1)(a) As a condition of receiving a rebate of filing fees and party assessment funds pursuant to s. 99.061(2), s. 99.092(1), s. 99.103, or s. 103.121(1)(b), the chair or treasurer of a state or county executive committee shall take and subscribe to an oath or affirmation in writing. During the qualifying period for state candidates and prior to distribution of such funds, a printed copy of the oath or affirmation shall be filed with the Secretary of State and shall be substantially in the following form:

State of Florida

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County of....
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           Before me, an officer authorized to administer oaths,
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   personally appeared ...(name)..., to me well known, who, being
    sworn, says that he or she is the ...(title)... of the
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    ...(name of party)... (state or specified county)...
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   executive committee; that the executive committee has not
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   made, either directly or indirectly, an independent
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    expenditure in support of or opposition to a candidate or
    elected public official in the prior 6 months; that the
    executive committee will not make, either directly or
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    indirectly, an independent expenditure in support of or
    opposition to a candidate or elected public official, through
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    and including the upcoming general election; and that the
    executive committee will not violate the contribution limits
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    applicable to candidates under s. 106.08(3)\frac{(2)}{(2)}, Florida
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    Statutes.
                             ...(Signature of committee officer)...
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                                                    ...(Address)...
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    Sworn to and subscribed before me this .... day of ....,
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    ...(year)..., at .... County, Florida.
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         ...(Signature and title of officer administering oath)...
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          (2)(b) Any executive committee found to have violated
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    the provisions of the oath or affirmation in this section
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   prior to receiving funds shall be ineligible to receive the
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    rebate for that general election year.
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          (3)<del>(c)</del> Any executive committee found to have violated
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    the provisions of the oath or affirmation in this section
    after receiving funds shall be ineligible to receive the
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rebate from candidates qualifying for the following general election cycle.

 $\underline{(4)}$  (d) Any funds not distributed to the state or county executive committee pursuant to this section shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund of the state.

(2)(a) Any political committee or committee of continuous existence that accepts the use of public funds, equipment, personnel, or other resources to collect dues from its members agrees not to make independent expenditures in support of or opposition to a candidate or elected public official. However, expenditures may be made for the sole purpose of jointly endorsing three or more candidates.

(b) Any political committee or committee of continuous existence that violates this subsection is liable for a civil fine of up to \$5,000 to be determined by the Florida Elections Commission or the entire amount of the expenditures, whichever is greater.

Section 11. Subsection (6) of section 106.29, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

106.29 Reports by political parties; restrictions on contributions and expenditures; penalties.--

(6)(a) The national, state, and county executive committees of a political party, including any subordinate committee of a national, state, or county executive committee of a political party, may not contribute to any candidate any amount in excess of the limits contained in s. 106.08(3)(2), and all contributions required to be reported under s. 106.08(2) by the national executive committee of a political party shall be reported by the state executive committee of that political party.

(b) A violation of the contribution limits contained in s.  $106.08\underline{(3)}(2)$  is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. A civil penalty equal to three times the amount in excess of the limits contained in s.  $106.08\underline{(3)}(2)$ shall be assessed against any executive committee found in violation thereof.

Section 12. If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are declared severable.

Section 13. This act shall take effect January 1, 2001.

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## HOUSE SUMMARY

Creates the "Campaign Finance Reform Act." Revises definitions of the terms "political committee,"
"contribution," "expenditure," and "political advertisement." Eliminates a provision that authorizes the unrestricted expenditure of funds for the purpose of jointly endorsing three or more candidates. Provides additional requirements for registration of political committees and certification of committees of continuous existence, which relate to the committee name. Requires committees of continuous existence to update certain registration information. Prohibits committees of continuous existence from making expenditures in support of or opposition to an elected public official without registering as a political committee. Provides limits on contributions to a political party. Revises a provision relating to restrictions on contributions to a candidate by a political party. Eliminates a provision that prohibits certain political committees and committees of continuous existence from making independent expenditures in support of or opposition to a candidate or elected public official. Requires subordinate and executive committees of a political party to adhere to contribution limits for political parties. See bill for details.