By Senators King, Holzendorf and Horne

8-509-00 See HB 397

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to health insurance; amending 3 s. 627.410, F.S.; modifying rate filing 4 requirements for approval of health insurance policy forms by the Department of Insurance; amending s. 627.411, F.S.; providing guidelines for determining when benefits are considered reasonable in relation to the premium charged for purposes of disapproval of health insurance policy forms by the department; providing an 10 effective date. 11

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsections (1), (3), (6), (7), and (8) of section 627.410, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 627.410 Filing, approval of forms.--

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(1) No basic insurance policy or annuity contract form, or application form where written application is required and is to be made a part of the policy or contract, or group certificates issued under a master contract delivered in this state, or printed rider or endorsement form or form of renewal certificate, shall be delivered or issued for delivery in this state, unless the form has been filed with the department at its offices in Tallahassee by or in behalf of the insurer which proposes to use such form and has been approved by the department. This provision does not apply to surety bonds or to policies, riders, endorsements, or forms of unique character which are designed for and used with relation

to insurance upon a particular subject (other than as to

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to the manner of distribution of benefits or to the reservation of rights and benefits under life or health insurance policies and are used at the request of the individual policyholder, contract holder, or certificateholder. As to group insurance policies effectuated and delivered outside this state but covering persons resident in this state, the group certificates to be delivered or issued for delivery in this state shall be filed with the department for information purposes only.

- (3) The department may, as specified in s. 627.411(1) for cause, withdraw a previous approval. No insurer shall issue or use any form disapproved by the department, or as to which the department has withdrawn approval, after the effective date of the order of the department.
- (6)(a) An insurer shall not deliver or issue for delivery or renew in this state any health insurance policy form until it has filed with the department a copy of every applicable rating manual, rating schedule, change in rating manual, and change in rating schedule; if rating manuals and rating schedules are not applicable, the insurer must file with the department applicable premium rates and any change in applicable premium rates. This paragraph does not apply to rating manuals, rating schedules, changes in rating manuals or schedules, or, if rating manuals or schedules are not applicable, to premium rates or changes in such rates relating to policies, riders, endorsements, or forms of unique character which are designed for and used with relation to insurance upon a particular subject or to benefits under group health insurance policies insuring 51 or more persons and used at the request of the individual policyholder, contract holder, or certificateholder.

- (b) The department may establish by rule, for each type of health insurance form, procedures to be used in ascertaining that a form meets the standards in s. 627.411(2) for new rate filings and rate revisions in accordance with generally accepted standards of actuarial practice the reasonableness of benefits in relation to premium rates and may, by rule, exempt from any requirement of paragraph (a) any health insurance policy form or type thereof (as specified in such rule) to which form or type such requirements may not be practically applied or to which form or type the application of such requirements is not desirable or necessary for the protection of the public. With respect to any health insurance policy form or type thereof which is exempted by rule from any requirement of paragraph (a), premium rates filed pursuant to ss. 627.640 and 627.662 shall be for informational purposes.
- (c) Every filing made pursuant to this subsection shall be made within the same time period provided in, and shall be deemed to be approved under the same conditions as those provided in, subsection (2).
- (d) Every filing made pursuant to this subsection, except disability income policies and accidental death policies, shall be prohibited from applying the following rating practices:
  - 1. Select and ultimate premium schedules.
- 2. Premium class definitions which classify insured based on year of issue or duration since issue.
- 3. Attained age premium structures on policy forms, except long-term care policy forms, under which more than 50 percent of the policies are issued to persons age 65 or over.
- (e) Except as provided in subparagraph 1., an insurer shall continue to make available for purchase any individual

policy form issued on or after October 1, 1993. A policy form shall not be considered to be available for purchase unless the insurer has actively offered it for sale in the previous 12 months.

- 1. An insurer may discontinue the availability of <u>an individual</u> a policy form if the insurer provides to the department in writing its decision at least 30 days prior to discontinuing the availability of the form of the policy or certificate. After receipt of the notice by the department, the insurer shall no longer offer for sale the policy form or certificate form in this state.
- 2. An insurer that discontinues the availability of a policy form pursuant to subparagraph 1. shall not file for approval a new policy form providing similar benefits as the discontinued form for a period of 5 years after the insurer provides notice to the department of the discontinuance. The period of discontinuance may be reduced if the department determines that a shorter period is appropriate.
- 2.3. The experience of an individual accident and health insurance all policy form that is no longer being marketed in this state, except for policies rated pursuant to a loss ratio guarantee under subsection (8), shall be combined with the experience of at least one other individual accident and health insurance policy form providing similar benefits, as determined by the insurer, which is still being marketed in the state by the same insurer, unless the insurer has no other policy form forms providing similar benefits shall be combined for all rating purposes. For purposes of this section, a form is considered active if the form has been marketed in this state in the past 6 months.

(7)(a) Each insurer subject to the requirements of subsection (6) shall make an annual filing with the department no later than 12 months after its previous filing, establishing compliance with the standards in s. 627.411(2) for each insurance policy form, excluding noncancelable policy forms. For guaranteed renewable, medical indemnity, loss of income, and disability income policy forms, the filing shall be biennial and made no later than 24 months after its previous filing demonstrating the reasonableness of benefits in relation to premium rates. The department, after receiving a request to be exempted from the provisions of this section, may, for good cause due to insignificant numbers of policies in force or insignificant premium volume, exempt a company, by line of coverage, from filing rates or rate certification as required by this section.

- (b) The filing required by this subsection shall be satisfied by one of the following methods:
- 1. A rate filing prepared by an actuary which contains documentation <u>establishing</u> demonstrating the reasonableness of benefits in relation to premiums charged in accordance with the applicable rating laws and rules promulgated by the department. For premium rate changes, benefits shall be deemed reasonable in relation to premium charged if both of the following loss ratios meet or exceed the standards established in s. 627.411(2).
- <u>a.</u> The anticipated loss ratio over the entire future period for which the revised rates are computed to provide coverage.
- b. The lifetime anticipated loss ratio derived by dividing the amount determined under sub-sub-subparagraph (I) by the amount determined under sub-sub-subparagraph (II):

1 (I) The sum of the accumulated benefits from the original effective date of the form to the effective date of 2 3 the revision, and the present value of future benefits. (II) The sum of the accumulated premiums from the 4 5 original effective date of the form to the effective date of 6 the revision, and the present value of future premiums, which 7 present values shall be taken over the entire period for which 8 the revised rates are computed to provide coverage and which accumulated benefits and premiums shall include an explicit 9 10 estimate of actual benefits and premiums from the last date an 11 accounting has been made to the effective date of the 12 revision. 13 Interest shall be used in the calculation of these accumulated 14 benefits and premiums and present values in the calculation of 15 the loss ratio. For purposes of sub-sub-subparagraph (I), the 16 17 present value of benefits may, at the insurer's option, include recognition of the policy reserve as a benefit 18 19 (addition), or the present value of premiums may, at the insurer's option, include recognition of the policy reserve as 20 21 a deduction. Anticipated loss ratios lower than those indicated in sub-sub-subparagraphs (I) and (II) shall require 22 justification based on special circumstances that may be 23 applicable, including, but not limited to: accident only, 24 25 short-term nonrenewable, specified peril, and other special risks; marketing methods; giving due consideration to 26 27 acquisition and administration costs and premium mode; extraordinary expenses; high risk of claims fluctuation 28 29 because of low loss frequency or the catastrophic or 30 experimental nature of the coverage; product features, such as 31

long elimination periods, high deductibles, and high maximum limits; and the industrial or debit method of distribution.

- 2. If no rate change is proposed, a filing which consists of a certification by an actuary that benefits are reasonable in relation to premiums currently charged in accordance with the loss ratio standards established in this section and s. 627.411(2)applicable laws and rules promulgated by the department.
- 3. For premium rate changes for group policy forms, benefits shall be deemed reasonable in relation to premium charged if the anticipated loss ratio over the entire future period for which the revised rates are computed to provide coverage meets or exceeds the standards established in s. 627.411(2).
- 4. An insurer may combine the experience of similar policy forms in the required filing.
- (c) As used in this section, the term "actuary" means an individual who is a member of the Society of Actuaries or the American Academy of Actuaries. If an insurer does not employ or otherwise retain the services of an actuary, the insurer's certification shall be prepared by insurer personnel or consultants with a minimum of 5 years' experience in insurance ratemaking and. The chief executive officer of the insurer shall review and sign the certification indicating his or her agreement with its conclusions.
- (d) If at the time a filing is required under this section an insurer is in the process of completing a rate review, the insurer may apply to the department for an extension of up to an additional 30 days in which to make the filing. The request for extension must be received by the

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department in its offices in Tallahassee no later than the date the filing is due.

- (e) If an insurer fails to meet the filing requirements of this subsection and does not submit the filing within 60 days following the date the filing is due, the department may, in addition to any other penalty authorized by law, order the insurer to discontinue the issuance of policies for which the required filing was not made, until such time as the department determines that the required filing is properly submitted.
- (8)(a) For the purposes of subsections (6) and (7) and s. 627.411, benefits of an individual accident and health insurance policy form, including Medicare supplement policies as defined in s. 627.672, when authorized by rules adopted by the department, and excluding long-term care insurance policies as defined in s. 627.9404, and other policy forms under which more than 50 percent of the policies are issued to individuals age 65 and over, are deemed to comply with the provisions cited in this section to be reasonable in relation to premium rates if the rates are filed pursuant to a loss ratio guarantee and both the initial rates and the durational and lifetime loss ratios have been approved by the department, and such benefits shall continue to be deemed reasonable for renewal rates while the insurer complies with such guarantee, provided the currently expected lifetime loss ratio is not more than 5 percent less than the filed lifetime loss ratio as certified to by an actuary. The department shall have the right to bring an administrative action should it deem that the lifetime loss ratio will not be met. For Medicare supplement filings, the department may withdraw a previously approved filing which was made pursuant to a loss ratio

 guarantee if it determines that the filing is not in compliance with ss. 627.671-627.675 or the currently expected lifetime loss ratio is less than the filed lifetime loss ratio as certified by an actuary in the initial guaranteed loss ratio filing. If this section conflicts with ss. 627.671-627.675, ss. 627.671-627.675 shall control.

- (b) The renewal premium rates shall be deemed to be approved upon filing with the department if the filing is accompanied by the most current approved loss ratio guarantee. The loss ratio guarantee shall be in writing, shall be signed by an officer of the insurer, and shall contain at least:
- 1. A recitation of the anticipated lifetime and durational target loss ratios contained in the actuarial memorandum filed with the policy form when it was originally approved. The durational target loss ratios shall be calculated for 1-year experience periods. If statutory changes have rendered any portion of such actuarial memorandum obsolete, the loss ratio guarantee shall also include an amendment to the actuarial memorandum reflecting current law and containing new lifetime and durational loss ratio targets.
- 2. A guarantee that the applicable loss ratios for the experience period in which the new rates will take effect, and for each experience period thereafter until new rates are filed, will meet the loss ratios referred to in subparagraph 1.
- 3. A guarantee that the applicable loss ratio results for the experience period will be independently audited at the insurer's expense. The audit shall be performed in the second calendar quarter of the year following the end of the experience period, and the audited results shall be reported to the department no later than the end of such quarter. The

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30 31 department shall establish by rule the minimum information reasonably necessary to be included in the report. The audit shall be done in accordance with accepted accounting and actuarial principles.

- A guarantee that affected policyholders in this state shall be issued a proportional refund, based on the premium earned, of the amount necessary to bring the applicable experience period loss ratio up to the durational target loss ratio referred to in subparagraph 1. The refund shall be made to all policyholders in this state who are insured under the applicable policy form as of the last day of the experience period, except that no refund need be made to a policyholder in an amount less than \$10. Refunds less than \$10 shall be aggregated and paid pro rata to the policyholders receiving refunds. The refund shall include interest at the then-current variable loan interest rate for life insurance policies established by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, from the end of the experience period until the date of payment. Payments shall be made during the third calendar quarter of the year following the experience period for which a refund is determined to be due. However, no refunds shall be made until 60 days after the filing of the audit report in order that the department has adequate time to review the report.
- 5. A guarantee that if the applicable loss ratio exceeds the durational target loss ratio for that experience period by more than 20 percent, provided there are at least 2,000 policyholders on the form nationwide or, if not, then accumulated each calendar year until 2,000 policyholder years is reached, the insurer, if directed by the department, shall

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withdraw the policy form for the purposes of issuing new policies.

- (c) As used in this subsection:
- "Loss ratio" means the ratio of incurred claims to earned premium.
- "Applicable loss ratio" means the loss ratio attributable solely to this state if there are 2,000 or more policyholders in the state. If there are 500 or more policyholders in this state but less than 2,000, it is the linear interpolation of the nationwide loss ratio and the loss ratio for this state. If there are less than 500 policyholders in this state, it is the nationwide loss ratio; however, if there are less than 2,000 policyholder years nationwide, the experience must be accumulated until the end of the calendar year in which 2,000 policyholder years are obtained.
- "Experience period" means the period, ordinarily a calendar year, for which a loss ratio guarantee is calculated.

Section 2. Section 627.411, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 627.411 Grounds for Disapproval of forms.--
- The department shall disapprove any insurance policy form that must be filed under s. 627.410, or withdraw any previous approval thereof, only if the form:
- (a) Is in any respect in violation of, or does not comply with, this code.
- (b) Contains or incorporates by reference, where such incorporation is otherwise permissible, any inconsistent, ambiguous, or misleading clauses, or exceptions and conditions which deceptively affect the risk purported to be assumed in 31 the general coverage of the contract.

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- (c) Has any title, heading, or other indication of its provisions which is misleading.
- Is printed or otherwise reproduced in such manner as to render any material provision of the form substantially illegible.
- (e)1. Is for health insurance, and provides benefits that which are unreasonable in relation to the premium charged as specified in s. 627.411(2); or,
- 2. Contains provisions that constitute unfair discrimination pursuant to s. 626.9541(1)(g)which are unfair or inequitable as contrary to the public policy of this state or which encourages misrepresentation or which apply rating practices which result in premium escalations that are not viable for the policyholder market or result in unfair discrimination in sales practices.
- (f) Excludes coverage for human immunodeficiency virus infection or acquired immune deficiency syndrome or contains limitations in the benefits payable, or in the terms or conditions of such contract, for human immunodeficiency virus infection or acquired immune deficiency syndrome which are different than those which apply to any other sickness or medical condition.
- (2) In determining whether the Benefits are deemed reasonable in relation to the premium charged if premium rates are neither excessive nor inadequate as specified in this subsection., the department, in accordance with reasonable actuarial techniques, shall consider:
- (a) Past loss experience and prospective loss experience within and without this state.
  - (b) Allocation of expenses.

1	(c) Risk and contingency margins, along with
2	justification of such margins.
3	(d) Acquisition costs.
4	(a) Premium rates are not excessive if the insurer
5	demonstrates, in accordance with generally accepted standards
6	of actuarial practice, satisfaction of the following minimum
7	anticipated loss ratios:
8	1. Loss ratio table, individual policies for the line
9	of business indicated.
10	a. Medical expenses.
11	
12	Renewal clause Loss ratio
13	
14	Noncancelable 55 percent
15	Nonrenewable 60 percent
16	Guaranteed renewable 65 percent
17	All others 70 percent
18	
19	b. Medical indemnity, loss of income.
20	
21	Renewal clause Loss ratio
22	
23	Noncancelable 50 percent
24	Nonrenewable 55 percent
25	<u>Guaranteed renewable</u> <u>60 percent</u>
26	All others 65 percent
27	
28	2. Loss ratio table, group policies.
29	a. Group medical expense.
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1	Group size	Loss ratio
2		
3	Fewer than 51 certificates	65 percent
4	51 through 500 certificates	70 percent
5	All others	75 percent
6		
7	b. Group medical indemnity or any group po	licy with an
8	average annual premium per certificate of less tha	n \$1,000.
9		
10	Group size	Loss ratio
11		
12	Fewer than 51 certificates	57.5 percent
13	51 through 500 certificates	62.5 percent
14	All others	67.5 percent
15		
16	3. Group conversion insurance, other than	
17	long-term-care insurance and Medicare supplement i	nsurance,
18	issued on either a group or an individual basis, s	<u>hall have a</u>
19	loss ratio of not less than 120 percent, subject t	o the limits
20	described in s. 627.6675.	
21	4. The lifetime loss ratios in subparagrap	hs 1. and 2.
22	may be adjusted in accordance with the following f	ormula:
23		
24	R' = (A - 25I) R/A	
25		
26	Where:	
27	R = the loss ratio from subparagraphs 1. an	
28	A = the average annualized premium per indi	<u>vidual</u>
29	policy or per group certificate.	
30	I = (CPI-U, year N-1)/103.9.	
31	R' = the adjusted loss ratio.	

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R' cannot be more than 10 percentage points less than R nor less than 50 percent, except that R' cannot be less than 45 percent as to accident-only noncancellable policies. The CPI-U is the consumer price index for all urban consumers, for all items, and for all regions of the United States combined, as determined by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, as of September of each year. Year N-1 is the calendar year immediately preceding the calendar year N in which the rate filing is submitted in this state.

- 5. Blanket insurance is exempt from the loss ratios described in subparagraphs 1.-3. The minimum loss ratio for blanket insurance is 65 percent.
- 6. Medicare supplement and long-term-care insurance are exempt from the loss ratios described in subparagraphs 1.-3. The minimum loss ratios for Medicare supplement insurance must be established in accordance with s. 627.674. Benefits under long-term-care insurance policies shall be deemed reasonable in relation to premiums provided that the expected loss ratio is at least 60 percent, calculated in a manner that provides for adequate reserving of the long-term-care insurance risk. In evaluating the expected loss ratio, due consideration shall be given to: statistical credibility of incurred claims experience and earned premiums; the period for which rates are computed to provide coverage; experienced and projected trends; the concentration of experience within early policy duration; expected claim fluctuations; experience refunds, adjustments, or dividends; renewability features; all appropriate expense factors; interest; the experimental nature of the coverage; policy reserves; the mix of business by risk classification; and

product features such as long elimination periods, high

deductibles, and high maximum limits. Additionally, except to

the extent of any conflict with this code, such rules shall

include the factors specified in section 17A of the Long-Term

Care Model Regulations, as approved by the National

Association of Insurance Commissioners in July 1998.

- 7. The anticipated future loss ratio shall be calculated as the present value of anticipated future benefits divided by the present value of future premiums, calculated over the entire period for which the revised rates are computed to provide coverage.

- b. The present value of anticipated future benefits divided by the sum of the accumulated premiums from the original effective date of the form to the effective date of the revision.
- c. The present value of anticipated future premiums, with future values calculated over the entire period for which the revised rates are computed to provide coverage.
- 9. Interest shall be used in the calculation of accumulated and present values of benefits and premiums.
- and group certificate forms issued, delivered, or issued for delivery in this state prior to June 1, 1994, which were approved by the department prior to February 1, 1994, shall be the loss ratio and loss ratio adjustment formula that was in effect at the time the form was approved.

Τ	11. Anticipated loss ratios lower than those required	
2	in subparagraph (a)1. or subparagraph (a)2. shall require	
3	justification based upon special circumstances that may be	
4	applicable, including, but not limited to:	
5	a. Accident-only, short-term nonrenewable, specified	
6	peril, and other special risks.	
7	b. Marketing methods; giving due consideration to	
8	acquisition and administration costs and premium mode;	
9	extraordinary expenses; high risks of claims fluctuation	
10	because of low loss frequency or the catastrophic or	
11	experimental nature of the coverage; product features, such as	
12	long elimination periods, high deductibles, and high maximum	
13	limits; and the industrial or debit method of distribution.	
14	(b) Premium rates are not inadequate if the insurer	
15	demonstrates, in accordance with generally accepted standards	
16	of actuarial practice, that the sum of premium income and	
17	investment income, minus the sum of benefit payments,	
18	expenses, taxes, and contingency margins, is greater than	
19	zero.	
20	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2000.	
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23	LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY	
24	Madifica the mate filing prominents for a bealth	
25	Modifies the rate filing requirements for a health insurer to have its policy forms approved by the Department of Insurance. Provides guidelines for the	
26	department in determining when benefits are considered	
27	reasonable in relation to the premium charged.	
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