By Senators Kirkpatrick, Holzendorf and Mitchell

5-140-00

A bill to be entitled An act relating to discretionary sales surtaxes; amending s. 212.055, F.S.; revising the population requirements for levying the small county surtax; providing an effective date.

7 8

1

2

3 4

5

6

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

9 10

11 12

13

14

15 16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26 27

28 29

30

Section 1. Subsection (3) of section 212.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative intent; authorization and use of proceeds. -- It is the legislative intent that any authorization for imposition of a discretionary sales surtax shall be published in the Florida Statutes as a subsection of this section, irrespective of the duration of the levy. Each enactment shall specify the types of counties authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be imposed; the maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, if any; the procedure which must be followed to secure voter approval, if required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended; and such other requirements as the Legislature may provide. Taxable transactions and administrative procedures shall be as provided in s. 212.054.

- (3) SMALL COUNTY SURTAX.--
- (a) The governing authority in each county that has a population of 50,000 or less on April 1, 1992, or a population of 75,000 or less on October 1, 2000, may levy a discretionary sales surtax of 0.5 percent or 1 percent. The levy of the surtax must shall be pursuant to ordinance enacted by an 31 extraordinary vote of the members of the county governing

authority if the surtax revenues are expended for operating purposes. If the surtax revenues are expended for the purpose of servicing bond indebtedness, the surtax shall be approved by a majority of the electors of the county voting in a referendum on the surtax.

(b) A statement that includes a brief general description of the projects to be funded by the surtax and conforms to the requirements of s. 101.161 shall be placed on the ballot by the governing authority of any county that enacts an ordinance calling for a referendum on the levy of the surtax for the purpose of servicing bond indebtedness. The following question shall be placed on the ballot:

....FOR the ....-cent sales tax ....AGAINST the ....-cent sales tax

- (c) Pursuant to s. 212.054(4), the proceeds of the surtax levied under this subsection <u>must</u> shall be distributed to the county and the municipalities within the county in which the surtax was collected, according to:
- 1. An interlocal agreement between the county governing authority and the governing bodies of the municipalities representing a majority of the county's municipal population, which agreement may include a school district with the consent of the county governing authority and the governing bodies of the municipalities representing a majority of the county's municipal population; or
- 2. If there is no interlocal agreement, according to the formula provided in s. 218.62.

 Any change in the distribution formula shall take effect on the first day of any month that begins at least 60 days after written notification of that change has been made to the department.

- (d)1. If the surtax is levied pursuant to a referendum, the proceeds of the surtax and any interest accrued thereto may be expended by the school district or within the county and municipalities within the county, or, in the case of a negotiated joint county agreement, within another county, for the purpose of servicing bond indebtedness to finance, plan, and construct infrastructure and to acquire land for public recreation or conservation or protection of natural resources. However, if the surtax is levied pursuant to an ordinance approved by an extraordinary vote of the members of the county governing authority, the proceeds and any interest accrued thereto may be used for operational expenses of any infrastructure or for any public purpose authorized in the ordinance under which the surtax is levied.
- 2. As used in For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "infrastructure" means any fixed capital expenditure or fixed capital costs associated with the construction, reconstruction, or improvement of public facilities that have a life expectancy of 5 or more years and any land acquisition, land improvement, design, and engineering costs related thereto.
- (e) A school district, county, or municipality that receives proceeds under this subsection following a referendum may pledge the proceeds for the purpose of servicing new bond indebtedness incurred pursuant to law. Local governments may use the services of the Division of Bond Finance pursuant to the State Bond Act to issue any bonds through the provisions

of this subsection. A jurisdiction may not issue bonds pursuant to this subsection more frequently than once per year. A county and municipality may join together to issue bonds authorized by this subsection. (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a county shall not levy local option sales surtaxes authorized in this subsection and subsections (2), (4), (5), and (6) in excess of a combined rate of 1 percent. Section 2. This act shall take effect October 1, 2000. \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* SENATE SUMMARY Allows small counties that have a population of 75,000 or less on October 1, 2000, to levy the discretionary small-county sales surtax.