By the Committee on Governmental Oversight and Productivity; and Senator Brown-Waite

302-1878-00

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A bill to be entitled An act implementing recommendations of the Constitutional Transition Task Force appointed by the Secretary of State with respect to governmental reorganization; amending s. 15.01, F.S.; striking a reference to performance by the Secretary of State of constitutional duties; amending s. 20.03, F.S.; redefining the term "cabinet" as used in provisions relating to the structure of the executive branch to conform to changes made to the State Constitution; amending s. 20.10, F.S.; providing for the structure of the Department of State and providing for the appointment, term of office, and duties of the head of the department; amending ss. 112.3144, 112.3145, F.S.; transferring certain functions relating to the disclosure of financial interests by public officers and employees from the Department of State to the Florida Commission on Ethics; amending s. 257.36, F.S.; requiring district officers and agencies to comply with certain laws relating to the management of records and revising provisions governing the destruction or disposition of agency records; amending s. 267.072, F.S.; revising programs administered by the Division of Historical Resources of the Department of State; amending s. 288.8175, F.S.; transferring from the Department of Education to the Department of State certain functions relating to linkage

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institutes between certain educational institutions and foreign countries; amending s. 403.7145, F.S.; conforming provisions relating to the recycling programs for the capitol to changes made in the structure of the executive branch by the State Constitution; transferring, renumbering, and amending ss. 617.301-617.312, F.S., relating to homeowners' associations, to clarify that such provisions are not administered by the Division of Corporations of the Department of State; amending ss. 617.0601, 617.0701, 617.0721, 617.0831, 712.01, 723.0751, 849.085, 849.0931, F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending s. 849.094, F.S.; transferring from the Division of Licensing of the Department of State to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services certain functions relating to the regulation of game promotions; requiring the Secretary of State to make a report to the Legislature on recommended statutory changes; providing effective dates. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Section 1. Effective January 7, 2003, section 15.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 15.01 Residence, office, and duties. -- The Secretary of

shall have the custody of the constitution and Great Seal of 2

State shall reside at the seat of government and shall have

prescribed by the State Constitution. The Department of State

her or his office in the Capitol and perform the duties

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this state, and of the original statutes thereof, and of the resolutions of the Legislature, and of all the official correspondence of the Governor. The department shall keep in its office a register and an index of all official letters, orders, communications, messages, documents, and other official acts issued or received by the Governor or the Secretary of State, and record these in a book numbered in chronological order. The Governor, before issuing any order or transmission of any official letter, communication, or document from the executive office or promulgation of any official act or proceeding, except military orders, shall deliver the same or a copy thereof to the Department of State to be recorded.

Section 2. Effective January 7, 2003, subsection (1) of section 20.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 20.03 Definitions.--To provide uniform nomenclature throughout the structure of the executive branch, the following definitions apply:
- "Cabinet" means collectively the Secretary of State, Attorney General, the Chief Financial Officer, and the Comptroller, Treasurer, Commissioner of Agriculture, and Commissioner of Education, as specified in s. 4, Art. IV of the State Constitution.

Section 3. Effective January 7, 2003, section 20.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 20.10 Department of State. -- There is created a Department of State.
- (1) The head of the Department of State is the Secretary of State. The Secretary of State shall be appointed by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the Senate, and 31 shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor. The Secretary of

 State shall perform the functions conferred by the State Constitution upon the custodian of state records.

- (2) The following divisions of the Department of State are established:
 - (a) Division of Elections.
 - (b) Division of Historical Resources.
 - (c) Division of Corporations.
 - (d) Division of Library and Information Services.
 - (e) Division of Licensing.
 - (f) Division of Cultural Affairs.
 - (q) Division of Administration.

Section 4. Effective January 1, 2001, section 112.3144, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

112.3144 Full and public disclosure of financial interests.--

(1) An officer who is required by s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution to file a full and public disclosure of his or her financial interests for any calendar or fiscal year shall file that disclosure with the Florida Commission on Ethics.

(2)(1) No person who is required, pursuant to s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution, to file a full and public disclosure of financial interests and who has filed a full and public disclosure of financial interests for any calendar or fiscal year shall be required to file a statement of financial interests pursuant to s. 112.3145(2) and (3) for the same year or for any part thereof notwithstanding any requirement of this part, except that a candidate for office shall file a copy of his or her disclosure with the officer before whom he or she qualifies.

 (3) (2) For purposes of full and public disclosure under s. 8(a), Art. II of the State Constitution, the following items, if not held for investment purposes and if valued at over \$1,000 in the aggregate, may be reported in a lump sum and identified as "household goods and personal effects":

- (a) Jewelry;
- (b) Collections of stamps, guns, and numismatic properties;
 - (c) Art objects;
 - (d) Household equipment and furnishings;
 - (e) Clothing;
 - (f) Other household items; and
 - (g) Vehicles for personal use.

(4)(3) Forms for compliance with the full and public disclosure requirements of s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution, and a current list of persons required to file full and public disclosure by s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution, or other state law, shall be created provided by the Commission on Ethics. The commission to the Secretary of State, who shall give notice of disclosure deadlines and delinquencies and distribute forms in the following manner:

(a) Not later than May 1 of each year, the commission on Ethics shall prepare a current list of the names and addresses of and the offices held by every person required to file full and public disclosure annually by s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution, or other state law, and shall provide the Secretary of State with the mailing list. In compiling the list, the commission shall be assisted by each unit of government in providing at the request of the commission the

name, address, and name of the office held by each public official within the respective unit of government.

- (b) Not later than 30 days before July 1 of each year, the <u>commission</u> Secretary of State shall mail a copy of the form prescribed for compliance with full and public disclosure and a notice of the filing deadline to each person on the mailing list.
- (c) Not later than 30 days after July 1 of each year, the <u>commission</u> Secretary of State shall determine which persons on the mailing list have failed to file full and public disclosure and shall send delinquency notices by certified mail to such persons. Each notice shall state that a grace period is in effect until September 1 of the current year and that, if the statement is not filed by September 1 of the current year, the Secretary of State is required by law to notify the Commission on Ethics of the delinquency.
- (d) Not later than 30 days following September 1 of each year, the Secretary of State shall certify to the Commission on Ethics a list of the names and addresses of and the offices held by all persons on the mailing list who have failed to timely file full and public disclosure. The certification shall be on a form prescribed by the commission and shall indicate whether the Secretary of State has provided the disclosure forms and notice as required by this section to all persons named on the delinquency list.
- (d)(e) Any person subject to the annual filing of full and public disclosure under s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution, or other state law, whose name is not on the commission's mailing list of persons required to file full and public disclosure provided to the Secretary of State shall not

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be deemed delinquent for failure to file full and public disclosure in any year in which the omission occurred.

(e) (f) The notification requirements of this subsection do not apply to candidates or to the first filing required of any person appointed to elective constitutional office. The appointing official shall notify such newly appointed person of the obligation to file full and public disclosure by July 1.

Section 5. Effective January 1, 2001, paragraph (c) of subsection (2) and subsections (4) and (6) of section 112.3145, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

112.3145 Disclosure of financial interests and clients represented before agencies .--

(2)

- (c) State officers, persons qualifying for a state office, and specified state employees shall file their statements of financial interests with the Commission on Ethics Secretary of State. Local officers shall file their statements of financial interests with the supervisor of elections of the county in which they permanently reside. Local officers who do not permanently reside in any county in the state shall file their statements of financial interests with the supervisor of elections of the county in which their agency maintains its headquarters. Persons seeking to qualify as candidates for local public office shall file their statements of financial interests with the officer before whom they qualify.
- (4) Each elected constitutional officer, state officer, local officer, and specified state employee shall file a quarterly report of the names of clients represented 31 | for a fee or commission, except for appearances in ministerial

matters, before agencies at his or her level of government. 2 For the purposes of this part, agencies of government shall be 3 classified as state-level agencies or agencies below state level. Each local officer shall file such report with the 4 5 supervisor of elections of the county in which the officer is 6 principally employed or is a resident. Each state officer, 7 elected constitutional officer, and specified state employee 8 shall file such report with the commission Secretary of State. 9 The report shall be filed only when a reportable 10 representation is made during the calendar quarter and shall 11 be filed no later than 15 days after the last day of the quarter. Representation before any agency shall be deemed to 12 13 include representation by such officer or specified state 14 employee or by any partner or associate of the professional firm of which he or she is a member and of which he or she has 15 actual knowledge. For the purposes of this subsection, the 16 17 term "representation before any agency" does not include 18 appearances before any court or Chief Judges of Compensation 19 Claims or judges of compensation claims or representations on 20 behalf of one's agency in one's official capacity. 21 does not include the preparation and filing of forms and applications merely for the purpose of obtaining or 22 transferring a license based on a quota or a franchise of such 23 24 agency or a license or operation permit to engage in a 25 profession, business, or occupation, so long as the issuance or granting of such license, permit, or transfer does not 26 require substantial discretion, a variance, a special 27 28 consideration, or a certificate of public convenience and 29 necessity. 30 (6) Forms for compliance with the disclosure

31 requirements of this section and a current list of persons

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subject to disclosure shall be provided by the Commission on Ethics to the Secretary of State and to each supervisor of elections, who shall give notice of disclosure deadlines and delinquencies and distribute forms in the following manner:

- (a)1. Not later than May 1 of each year, the Commission on Ethics shall prepare a current list of the names and addresses of, and the offices or positions held by, every state officer, local officer, and specified employee. In compiling the list, the commission shall be assisted by each unit of government in providing, at the request of the commission, the name, address, and name of agency of, and the office or position held by, each state officer, local officer, or specified state employee within the respective unit of government.
- 2. Not later than May 15 of each year, the commission shall provide the Secretary of State with a current mailing list of all state officers and specified employees and shall provide each supervisor of elections with a current mailing list of all local officers required to file with such supervisor of elections.
- (b) Not later than 30 days before July 1 of each year, the commission Secretary of State and each supervisor of elections, as appropriate, shall mail a copy of the form prescribed for compliance with subsection (3) and a notice of all applicable disclosure forms and filing deadlines to each person required to file a statement of financial interests.
- (c) Not later than 30 days after July 1 of each year, the commission Secretary of State and each supervisor of elections shall determine which persons required to file a statement of financial interests in their respective offices 31 have failed to do so and shall send delinquency notices by

certified mail to such persons. Each notice shall state that a grace period is in effect until September 1 of the current year; that no investigative or disciplinary action based upon the delinquency will be taken by the agency head or Commission on Ethics if the statement is filed by September 1 of the current year; that, if the statement is not filed by September 1 of the current year, he or she is required by law to notify the Commission on Ethics of the delinquency; and that, if upon the filing of a sworn complaint the commission finds that the person has failed to timely file the statement by September 1 of the current year, such person shall be subject to the penalties provided in s. 112.317.

- (d) Not later than 30 days following September 1 of each year, the Secretary of State and the supervisor of elections in each county shall certify to the Commission on Ethics a list of the names and addresses of, and the offices or positions held by, all persons who have failed to timely file the required statements of financial interests. The certification shall be on a form prescribed by the commission and shall indicate whether the respective certifying official has provided the disclosure forms and notice as required by this subsection to all persons named on the delinquency list.
- (e) Any state officer, local officer, or specified employee whose name is not on the mailing list of persons required to file statements of financial interests provided to the Secretary of State or supervisor of elections is not subject to the penalties provided in s. 112.317 for failure to timely file a statement of financial interests in any year in which the omission occurred.

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1 (f) The requirements of this subsection do not apply 2 to candidates or to the first filing required of any state 3 officer, specified employee, or local officer. 4

Section 6. Section 257.36, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

257.36 Records and information management. --

- (1) There is created within the Division of Library and Information Services of the Department of State a records and information management program. It is the duty and responsibility of the division to:
- (a) Establish and administer a records management program directed to the application of efficient and economical management methods relating to the creation, utilization, maintenance, retention, preservation, and disposal of records.
- (b) Establish and operate a records center or centers primarily for the storage, processing, servicing, and security of public records that must be retained for varying periods of time but need not be retained in an agency's office equipment or space.
- (c) Analyze, develop, establish, and coordinate standards, procedures, and techniques of recordmaking and recordkeeping.
- (d) Ensure the maintenance and security of records which are deemed appropriate for preservation.
- (e) Establish safeguards against unauthorized or unlawful removal or loss of records.
- (f) Initiate appropriate action to recover records removed unlawfully or without authorization.
- Institute and maintain a training and information (q) 31 program in:

to the attention of all agencies.

records under chapter 119.

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by the division.

(2)(a) All records transferred to the division may be

protection of the rights and privileges of citizens.

held by it in a records center or centers, to be designated by it, for such time as in its judgment retention therein is deemed necessary. At such time as it is established by the division, such records as are determined by it as having historical or other value warranting continued preservation

1. All phases of records and information management to

The requirements relating to access to public

(h) Provide a centralized program of microfilming for

(k) Establish and maintain a program in cooperation

(1) Make, or have made, preservation duplicates, or

with each agency for the selection and preservation of records

considered essential to the operation of government and to the

designate existing copies as preservation duplicates, to be

preserved in the place and manner of safekeeping as prescribed

bring approved and current practices, methods, procedures, and

devices for the efficient and economical management of records

(i) Make continuous surveys of recordkeeping

(j) Recommend improvements in current recordsmanagement practices, including the use of space, equipment,

supplies, and personnel in creating, maintaining, and

shall be transferred to the Florida State Archives.

- (b) Title to any record detained in any records center shall remain in the agency transferring such record to the division.
- (c) When a record held in a records center is eligible for destruction, the division shall notify, in writing, by certified mail, the agency which transferred the record. The agency shall have 90 days from receipt of that notice to respond requesting continued retention or authorizing destruction or disposal of the record. If the agency does not respond within that time, title to the record shall pass to the division.
- (3) The division may charge fees for supplies and services, including, but not limited to, shipping containers, pickup, delivery, reference, and storage. Fees shall be based upon the actual cost of the supplies and services and shall be deposited in the Records Management Trust Fund.
- (4) Any preservation duplicate of any record made pursuant to this chapter shall have the same force and effect for all purposes as the original record. A transcript, exemplification, or certified copy of such preservation duplicate shall be deemed, for all purposes, to be a transcript, exemplification, or certified copy of the original record.
- (5) For the purposes of this section, the term "agency" shall mean any state, county, <u>district</u>, or municipal officer, department, division, bureau, board, commission, or other separate unit of government created or established by law. It is the duty of each agency to:
- (a) Cooperate with the division in complying with the provisions of this chapter and designate a records management liaison officer.

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267.072 Museum of Florida history programs.--

(b) Establish and maintain an active and continuing program for the economical and efficient management of records.

(6) Each agency shall submit to the division in accordance with the rules of the division a list or schedule of records in its custody that are not needed in the transaction of current business and that do not have sufficient administrative, legal, or fiscal significance to warrant further retention by the agency. Such records shall, in the discretion of the division, be transferred to it for further retention and preservation, as herein provided, or may be destroyed upon its approval.

(6) (6) (7) A public record may be destroyed or otherwise disposed of only in accordance with retention schedules established by the division. No record shall be destroyed or disposed of by any agency unless approval of the division is first obtained. The division shall adopt reasonable rules not inconsistent with this chapter which shall be binding on all agencies relating to the destruction and disposition disposal of records. Such rules shall provide, but not be limited to:

- (a) Procedures for complying and submitting to the division records-retention lists and schedules of records proposed for disposal.
- (b) Procedures for the physical destruction or other disposal of records.
- (c) Standards for the reproduction of records for security or with a view to the disposal of the original record.

Section 7. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 267.072, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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- (1) The division shall:
- (d) Establish and administer a program, to be entitled the Great Floridians program, which shall be designed to recognize and record the achievements of Floridians, living and deceased, who have made major contributions to the progress and welfare of this state.
- The division shall nominate present or former citizens of this state, living or deceased, who during their lives have made major contributions to the progress of the nation or this state and its citizens. Nominations shall be submitted to the Secretary of State who shall select from those nominated not less than two persons each year who shall be honored with the designation "Great Floridian," provided no person whose contributions have been through elected or appointed public service shall be selected while holding any such office.
- To enhance public participation and involvement in the identification of any person worthy of being nominated as a Great Floridian, the division shall seek advice and assistance from persons qualified through the demonstration of special interest, experience, or education in the dissemination of knowledge about the state's history.
- In formulating its nominations, the division shall also seek the assistance of the Museum of Florida History Foundation, Inc., Florida History Associates, Inc., or its successor, acting in the capacity as a citizen support organization of the division, pursuant to s. 267.17 and approved to act on behalf of the Museum of Florida History.
- Annually, the division shall convene an ad hoc committee composed of representatives of the Governor, each 31 member of the Florida Cabinet, the President of the Senate,

 the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the <u>Museum of Florida History Foundation</u>, <u>Inc.Florida History Associates</u>, <u>Tnc.</u>This committee shall meet at least twice. The committee shall nominate <u>living citizens of this state who during their lives have made major contributions to the progress of the nation or this state and its citizens and shall from those nominated select each year not <u>fewer less</u> than two persons whose names shall be submitted to the Secretary of State with the recommendation that they be honored with the designation "Great Floridian."</u>

- 3. Upon designation of a person as a Great Floridian by the Secretary of State, the division shall undertake appropriate activities intended to achieve wide public knowledge of the person designated.
- a. The division may seek to initiate production of a film or videotape depicting the life and contributions of the designee to this state and to the nation. If technology surpasses the use of film or videotape, another medium of equal quality may be used.
- (I) In the production of such films, the division shall seek cooperation from local volunteers throughout the state and, in particular, shall seek fundraising and other assistance of the citizen support organization created pursuant to s. 267.17 to support the programs of the Museum of Florida History.
- (II) In the case of persons nominated as Great

 Floridians as a result of the committee convened pursuant to
 sub-subparagraph 2.b., the division shall immediately begin
 taking the steps necessary to produce a film depicting the
 contributions of such persons to this state and to the nation;
 however, the requirement to produce such a film shall be

contingent upon appropriation of sufficient funds by the Legislature. (II) (III) The Museum of Florida History shall be the

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authority of this paragraph. The division also may exercise the right of trademark over the terms "Great Floridian" or "Great Floridians" pursuant to s. 286.031. (III)(IV) The division shall arrange for the

repository of the original negative, the original master tape,

and all cuttings, of any film or videotape produced under the

distribution of copies of all films to the general public, public television stations, educational institutions, and others and may establish a reasonable charge to recover costs associated with production and to provide a source of revenue to assist with reproduction, marketing, and distribution of Great Floridians films. Proceeds from such charges shall be deposited into the Historical Resources Operating Trust Fund.

b. Deceased persons designated as Great Floridians typically shall be recognized by markers affixed to properties significantly associated with the major contributions of the designee. Such markers shall be erected pursuant to the provisions of s. 267.061(3)(n).

Section 8. Section 288.8175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.8175 Linkage institutes between postsecondary institutions in this state and foreign countries .--

- (1) As used in this section, the term "department" means the Department of State.
- (2)(1) There are created, within the Department of Education, Florida linkage institutes. A primary purpose of these institutes is to assist in the development of stronger economic, cultural, educational, and social ties between this

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state and strategic foreign countries through the promotion of expanded public and private dialogue on cooperative research and technical assistance activities, increased bilateral commerce, student and faculty exchange, cultural exchange, and the enhancement of language training skills between the postsecondary institutions in this state and those of selected foreign countries. Each institute must ensure that minority students are afforded an equal opportunity to participate in the exchange programs.

(3) Each institute must be governed by an agreement, approved by the department of Education, between the State University System and the Florida Community College System with the counterpart organization of higher education in a the foreign country. Each institute must report to the department regarding its program activities, expenditures, and policies.

(4) (4) Each institute must be co-administered in this state by a university-community college partnership, as designated in subsection(5)(4), and must have a private sector and public sector advisory committee. The advisory committee must be representative of the international education and commercial interests of the state and may have members who are native to the foreign country partner. Six members must be appointed by the department of Education. The department must appoint at least one member who is an international educator. The presidents, or their designees, of the participating university and community college must also serve on the advisory committee.

(5) $\frac{(4)}{(4)}$ The institutes are:

(a) Florida-Brazil Institute (University of Florida 31 and Miami-Dade Community College).

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- (b) Florida-Costa Rica Institute (Florida State University and Valencia Community College).
- (c) Florida Caribbean Institute (Florida International University and Daytona Beach Community College).
- (d) Florida-Canada Institute (University of Central Florida and Palm Beach Junior College).
- (e) Florida-China Institute (University of West Florida, University of South Florida, and Brevard Community College).
- (f) Florida-Japan Institute (University of South Florida, University of West Florida, and St. Petersburg Community College).
- (g) Florida-France Institute (New College of the University of South Florida, Miami-Dade Community College, and Florida State University).
- (h) Florida-Israel Institute (Florida Atlantic University and Broward Community College).
- (i) Florida-West Africa Institute (Florida Agricultural and Mechanical University, University of North Florida, and Florida Community College at Jacksonville).
- (j) Florida-Eastern Europe Institute (University of Central Florida and Lake Sumter Community College).
- (k) Florida-Mexico Institute (Florida International University and Polk Community College).
- (6) (6) (5) Each institute is allowed to exempt from s. 240.1201 up to 25 full-time equivalent students per year from the respective host countries to study in any of the state universities or community colleges in this state as resident students for tuition purposes. The institute directors shall develop criteria, to be approved by the Department of 31 Education, for the selection of these students. Students must

return home within 3 years after their tenure of graduate or undergraduate study for a length of time equal to their exemption period.

(7)(6) Each state university and community college linkage institute partner may enter into an agreement for a student exchange program, that requires that the tuition and fees of a student who is enrolled in a state university or community college and who is participating in an exchange program be paid to the university or community college while the student is participating in the exchange program. The agreement may also require that the tuition and fees of a student who is enrolled in a postsecondary institution in a foreign country and who is participating in an exchange program be paid to the foreign institution of enrollment.

(8)(7) No later than 60 days before every regular session of the Legislature, the department of Education shall present to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, and the minority leaders of the House of Representatives and the Senate a review of linkage institute program activity, criteria for their operation, accountability standards, recommended funding levels, and recommendations for establishing, maintaining, or abolishing linkage institutes. The criteria shall be developed in consultation with Enterprise Florida, Inc. The criteria must include, but need not be limited to, the purpose stated in subsection(2)(1)and:

- (a) The importance of economic, political, and social ties between this state and the country or region.
- (b) The potential for growth and expansion of commercial, educational, and cultural links.

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(10)(9) The department of Education shall review and make linkage-institute budget requests to the Governor and the

Legislature. State appropriations for institutes created under this section must be made by a single lump-sum line item to the department, which must apportion the funds among the various institutes in accordance with criteria established by the department.

(c) The viability of regionally oriented, rather than

country-specific, linkages, based on historical or emerging

(9)(8) A linkage institute may not be created or

funded except upon the recommendation of the department of

regional economic or political trading blocs.

Education and except by amendment to this section.

(11)(10) Linkage institutes may also accept and administer moneys provided by the department of State for research and development of international trade. The department Secretary of State shall, by March 1, report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives in each year in which the department of State has provided moneys for a linkage institute. The report must detail the purpose of the expenditure by the department of State and the use of the moneys by the linkage institutes and must include a copy of the research documents or related materials produced, if any.

Section 9. Effective January 7, 2003, subsection (1) of section 403.7145, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 403.7145 Recycling.--

(1) The Capitol and the House and Senate office buildings constitute the Capitol recycling area. The Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Senate, and the Office of the Governor, the Secretary of State, and each Cabinet

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officer who heads a department that occupies office space in the Capitol, shall institute a recycling program for their respective offices in the House and Senate office buildings and the Capitol. Provisions shall be made to collect and sell wastepaper and empty aluminum beverage cans generated by employee activities in these offices. The collection and sale of such materials shall be coordinated with Department of Management Services recycling activities to maximize the efficiency and economy of this program. The Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, the Secretary of State, and the Cabinet officers may authorize the use of proceeds from recyclable material sales for employee benefits and other purposes, in order to provide incentives to their respective employees for participation in the recycling program. Such proceeds may also be used to offset any costs of the recycling program.

Section 10. Section 617.301, Florida Statutes, is transferred and renumbered as section 720.301, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

720.301 617.301 Homeowners' associations; definitions.--As used in ss.720.301-720.312 ss. 617.301-617.312, the term:

- "Assessment" or "amenity fee" means a sum or sums of money payable to the association, to the developer or other owner of common areas, or to recreational facilities and other properties serving the parcels by the owners of one or more parcels as authorized in the governing documents, which if not paid by the owner of a parcel, can result in a lien against the parcel.
- "Common area" means all real property within a 31 community which is owned or leased by an association or

 dedicated for use or maintenance by the association or its members, including, regardless of whether title has been conveyed to the association:

- (a) Real property the use of which is dedicated to the association or its members by a recorded plat; or
- (b) Real property committed by a declaration of covenants to be leased or conveyed to the association.
- (3) "Community" means the real property that is or will be subject to a declaration of covenants which is recorded in the county where the property is located. The term "community" includes all real property, including undeveloped phases, that is or was the subject of a development-of-regional-impact development order, together with any approved modification thereto.
- (4) "Declaration of covenants," or "declaration," means a recorded written instrument in the nature of covenants running with the land which subjects the land comprising the community to the jurisdiction and control of an association or associations in which the owners of the parcels, or their association representatives, must be members.
 - (5) "Developer" means a person or entity that:
- (a) Creates the community served by the association; or
- (b) Succeeds to the rights and liabilities of the person or entity that created the community served by the association, provided that such is evidenced in writing.
 - (6) "Governing documents" means:
- (a) The recorded declaration of covenants for a community, and all duly adopted and recorded amendments, supplements, and recorded exhibits thereto; and

- (b) The articles of incorporation and bylaws of the homeowners' association, and any duly adopted amendments thereto.
- (7) "Homeowners' association" or "association" means a Florida corporation responsible for the operation of a community or a mobile home subdivision in which the voting membership is made up of parcel owners or their agents, or a combination thereof, and in which membership is a mandatory condition of parcel ownership, and which is authorized to impose assessments that, if unpaid, may become a lien on the parcel. The term "homeowners' association" does not include a community development district or other similar special taxing district created pursuant to statute.
- (8) "Member" means a member of an association, and may include, but is not limited to, a parcel owner or an association representing parcel owners or a combination thereof.
- (9) "Parcel" means a platted or unplatted lot, tract,
 unit, or other subdivision of real property within a
 community, as described in the declaration:
 - (a) Which is capable of separate conveyance; and
- (b) Of which the parcel owner, or an association in which the parcel owner must be a member, is obligated:
- 1. By the governing documents to be a member of an association that serves the community; and
- 2. To pay to the homeowners' association assessments that, if not paid, may result in a lien.
- (10) "Parcel owner" means the record owner of legal title to a parcel.

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"Voting interest" means the voting rights distributed to the members of the homeowners' association, pursuant to the governing documents.

Section 11. Section 617.302, Florida Statutes, is transferred and renumbered as section 720.302, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

720.302 617.302 Homeowners' associations; purposes, scope, and application .--

- The purposes of ss. 720.301-720.312 ss. 617.301-617.312 are to give statutory recognition to corporations that operate residential communities in this state, to provide procedures for operating homeowners' associations, and to protect the rights of association members without unduly impairing the ability of such associations to perform their functions.
- (2) The Legislature recognizes that it is not in the best interest of homeowners' associations or the individual association members thereof to create or impose a bureau or other agency of state government to regulate the affairs of homeowners' associations. Further, the Legislature recognizes that certain contract rights have been created for the benefit of homeowners' associations and members thereof before the effective date of this act and that ss. 720.301-720.312 ss. 617.301-617.312 are not intended to impair such contract rights, including, but not limited to, the rights of the developer to complete the community as initially contemplated.
- (3) Sections $720.301-720.312 \frac{617.301-617.312}{617.301-617.312}$ do not apply to:
- (a) A community that is composed comprised of property primarily intended for commercial, industrial, or other 31 | nonresidential use; or

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- (b) The commercial or industrial parcels in a community that contains both residential parcels and parcels intended for commercial or industrial use.
- (4) Sections <u>720.301-720.312</u> 617.301-617.312 do not apply to any association that is subject to regulation under chapter 718, chapter 719, or chapter 721; or to any nonmandatory association formed under chapter 723.

Section 12. Section 617.303, Florida Statutes, is transferred and renumbered as section 720.303, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

720.303 617.303 Association powers and duties; meetings of board; official records; budgets; financial reporting.--

- (1) POWERS AND DUTIES. -- An association which operates a community as defined in s. 720.301 s. 617.301, must be operated by an association that is a Florida corporation. After October 1, 1995, the association must be incorporated and the initial governing documents must be recorded in the official records of the county in which the community is located. An association may operate more than one community. The officers and directors of an association have a fiduciary relationship to the members who are served by the association. The powers and duties of an association include those set forth in this chapter and, except as expressly limited or restricted in this chapter, those set forth in the governing documents. A member does not have authority to act for the association by virtue of being a member. An association may have more than one class of members and may issue membership certificates.
- 30 (2) BOARD MEETINGS.--A meeting of the board of 31 directors of an association occurs whenever a quorum of the

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board gathers to conduct association business. All meetings of the board must be open to all members except for meetings 3 between the board and its attorney with respect to proposed or 4 pending litigation where the contents of the discussion would otherwise be governed by the attorney-client privilege. Notices of all board meetings must be posted in a conspicuous place in the community at least 48 hours in advance of a meeting, except in an emergency. In the alternative, if notice is not posted in a conspicuous place in the community, 10 notice of each board meeting must be mailed or delivered to 11 each member at least 7 days before the meeting, except in an emergency. Notwithstanding this general notice requirement, 12 13 for communities with more than 100 members, the bylaws may provide for a reasonable alternative to posting or mailing of 14 15 notice for each board meeting, including publication of notice or provision of a schedule of board meetings. An assessment 16 17 may not be levied at a board meeting unless the notice of the meeting includes a statement that assessments will be 18 19 considered and the nature of the assessments. Directors may 20 not vote by proxy or by secret ballot at board meetings, except that secret ballots may be used in the election of 21 22 officers. This subsection also applies to the meetings of any committee or other similar body, when a final decision will be 23 24 made regarding the expenditure of association funds, and to 25 any body vested with the power to approve or disapprove architectural decisions with respect to a specific parcel of 26 residential property owned by a member of the community. 27 28 (3) MINUTES.--Minutes of all meetings of the members

association must be maintained in written form or in another

of an association and of the board of directors of an

form that can be converted into written form within a

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reasonable time. A vote or abstention from voting on each 2 matter voted upon for each director present at a board meeting 3 must be recorded in the minutes.

- (4) OFFICIAL RECORDS. -- The association shall maintain each of the following items, when applicable, which constitute the official records of the association:
- (a) Copies of any plans, specifications, permits, and warranties related to improvements constructed on the common areas or other property that the association is obligated to maintain, repair, or replace.
- (b) A copy of the bylaws of the association and of each amendment to the bylaws.
- (c) A copy of the articles of incorporation of the association and of each amendment thereto.
- (d) A copy of the declaration of covenants and a copy of each amendment thereto.
- (e) A copy of the current rules of the homeowners' association.
- (f) The minutes of all meetings of the board of directors and of the members, which minutes must be retained for at least 7 years.
- (g) A current roster of all members and their mailing addresses and parcel identifications.
- (h) All of the association's insurance policies or a copy thereof, which policies must be retained for at least 7 years.
- (i) A current copy of all contracts to which the association is a party, including, without limitation, any management agreement, lease, or other contract under which the association has any obligation or responsibility. Bids 31 received by the association for work to be performed must also

 be considered official records and must be kept for a period of 1 year.

- (j) The financial and accounting records of the association, kept according to good accounting practices. All financial and accounting records must be maintained for a period of at least 7 years. The financial and accounting records must include:
- 1. Accurate, itemized, and detailed records of all receipts and expenditures.
- 2. A current account and a periodic statement of the account for each member, designating the name and current address of each member who is obligated to pay assessments, the due date and amount of each assessment or other charge against the member, the date and amount of each payment on the account, and the balance due.
- 3. All tax returns, financial statements, and financial reports of the association.
- 4. Any other records that identify, measure, record, or communicate financial information.
- (5) INSPECTION AND COPYING OF RECORDS.—The official records shall be maintained within the state and must be open to inspection and available for photocopying by members or their authorized agents at reasonable times and places within 10 business days after receipt of a written request for access. This subsection may be complied with by having a copy of the official records available for inspection or copying in the community.
- (a) The failure of an association to provide access to the records within 10 business days after receipt of a written request creates a rebuttable presumption that the association willfully failed to comply with this subsection.

- (b) A member who is denied access to official records is entitled to the actual damages or minimum damages for the association's willful failure to comply with this subsection. The minimum damages are to be \$50 per calendar day up to 10 days, the calculation to begin on the 11th business day after receipt of the written request.
- (c) The association may adopt reasonable written rules governing the frequency, time, location, notice, and manner of inspections, and may impose fees to cover the costs of providing copies of the official records, including, without limitation, the costs of copying. The association shall maintain an adequate number of copies of the recorded governing documents, to ensure their availability to members and prospective members, and may charge only its actual costs for reproducing and furnishing these documents to those persons who are entitled to receive them.
- budget. The budget must reflect the estimated revenues and expenses for that year and the estimated surplus or deficit as of the end of the current year. The budget must set out separately all fees or charges for recreational amenities, whether owned by the association, the developer, or another person. The association shall provide each member with a copy of the annual budget or a written notice that a copy of the budget is available upon request at no charge to the member. The copy must be provided to the member within the time limits set forth in subsection (5).
- (7) FINANCIAL REPORTING.--The association shall prepare an annual financial report within 60 days after the close of the fiscal year. The association shall, within the time limits set forth in subsection (5), provide each member

with a copy of the annual financial report or a written notice that a copy of the financial report is available upon request at no charge to the member. The financial report must consist of either:

- (a) Financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles; or
- (b) A financial report of actual receipts and expenditures, cash basis, which report must show:
- 1. The amount of receipts and expenditures by classification; and
- 2. The beginning and ending cash balances of the association.
 - (8) ASSOCIATION FUNDS; COMMINGLING. --
- (a) All association funds held by a developer shall be maintained separately in the association's name. Reserve and operating funds of the association shall not be commingled prior to turnover except the association may jointly invest reserve funds; however, such jointly invested funds must be accounted for separately.
- (b) No developer in control of a homeowners' association shall commingle any association funds with his or her funds or with the funds of any other homeowners' association or community association.
- (9) APPLICABILITY.--Sections 617.1601-617.1604 do not apply to a homeowners' association in which the members have the inspection and copying rights set forth in this section.
- Section 13. Section 617.306, Florida Statutes, is transferred and renumbered as section 720.306, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

- (1) QUORUM; AMENDMENTS.--
- (a) Unless a lower number is provided in the bylaws, the percentage of voting interests required to constitute a quorum at a meeting of the members shall be 30 percent of the total voting interests. Unless otherwise provided in this chapter or in the articles of incorporation or bylaws, decisions that require a vote of the members must be made by the concurrence of at least a majority of the voting interests present, in person or by proxy, at a meeting at which a quorum has been attained.
- (b) Unless otherwise provided in the governing documents or required by law, and other than those matters set forth in paragraph (c), any governing document of an association may be amended by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the voting interests of the association.
- (c) Unless otherwise provided in the governing documents as originally recorded, an amendment may not affect vested rights unless the record owner of the affected parcel and all record owners of liens on the affected parcels join in the execution of the amendment.
- (2) ANNUAL MEETING.--The association shall hold a meeting of its members annually for the transaction of any and all proper business at a time, date, and place stated in, or fixed in accordance with, the bylaws. The election of directors, if one is required to be held, must be held at, or in conjunction with, the annual meeting or as provided in the governing documents.
- (3) SPECIAL MEETINGS.--Special meetings must be held when called by the board of directors or, unless a different percentage is stated in the governing documents, by at least 10 percent of the total voting interests of the association.

Business conducted at a special meeting is limited to the purposes described in the notice of the meeting.

- (4) CONTENT OF NOTICE.--Unless law or the governing documents require otherwise, notice of an annual meeting need not include a description of the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called. Notice of a special meeting must include a description of the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called.
- (5) ADJOURNMENT.--Unless the bylaws require otherwise, adjournment of an annual or special meeting to a different date, time, or place must be announced at that meeting before an adjournment is taken, or notice must be given of the new date, time, or place pursuant to s. 617.303(2). Any business that might have been transacted on the original date of the meeting may be transacted at the adjourned meeting. If a new record date for the adjourned meeting is or must be fixed under s. 617.0707, notice of the adjourned meeting must be given to persons who are entitled to vote and are members as of the new record date but were not members as of the previous record date.
- otherwise provided in this subsection or in the governing documents, to vote in person or by proxy. To be valid, a proxy must be dated, must state the date, time, and place of the meeting for which it was given, and must be signed by the authorized person who executed the proxy. A proxy is effective only for the specific meeting for which it was originally given, as the meeting may lawfully be adjourned and reconvened from time to time, and automatically expires 90 days after the date of the meeting for which it was originally given. A proxy is revocable at any time at the pleasure of

 the person who executes it. If the proxy form expressly so provides, any proxy holder may appoint, in writing, a substitute to act in his or her place.

- (7) ELECTIONS.--Elections of directors must be conducted in accordance with the procedures set forth in the governing documents of the association. All members of the association shall be eligible to serve on the board of directors, and a member may nominate himself or herself as a candidate for the board at a meeting where the election is to be held. Except as otherwise provided in the governing documents, boards of directors must be elected by a plurality of the votes cast by eligible voters.
- (8) RECORDING.--Any parcel owner may tape record or videotape meetings of the board of directors and meetings of the members. The board of directors of the association may adopt reasonable rules governing the taping of meetings of the board and the membership.

Section 14. Section 617.307, Florida Statutes, is transferred and renumbered as section 720.307, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

 $\frac{720.307}{617.307}$ Transition of homeowners' association control in a community.—With respect to homeowners' associations as defined in s. 617.301:

- (1) Members other than the developer are entitled to elect at least a majority of the members of the board of directors of the homeowners' association when the earlier of the following events occurs:
- (a) Three months after 90 percent of the parcels in all phases of the community that will ultimately be operated by the homeowners' association have been conveyed to members; or

(b) Such other percentage of the parcels has been conveyed to members, or such other date or event has occurred, as is set forth in the governing documents in order to comply with the requirements of any governmentally chartered entity with regard to the mortgage financing of parcels.

 For purposes of this section, the term "members other than the developer" shall not include builders, contractors, or others who purchase a parcel for the purpose of constructing improvements thereon for resale.

 member of the board of directors of the homeowners' association as long as the developer holds for sale in the ordinary course of business at least 5 percent of the parcels in all phases of the community. After the developer relinquishes control of the homeowners' association, the developer may exercise the right to vote any developer-owned voting interests in the same manner as any other member, except for purposes of reacquiring control of the homeowners' association or selecting the majority of the members of the board of directors.

(3) At the time the members are entitled to elect at least a majority of the board of directors of the homeowners' association, the developer shall, at the developer's expense, within no more than 90 days deliver the following documents to the board:

(a) All deeds to common property owned by the association.

(b) The original of the association's declarations of covenants and restrictions.

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- (c) A certified copy of the articles of incorporation of the association.
 - (d) A copy of the bylaws.
 - (e) The minute books, including all minutes.
 - (f) The books and records of the association.
- (g) Policies, rules, and regulations, if any, which have been adopted.
- (h) Resignations of directors who are required to resign because the developer is required to relinquish control of the association.
- (i) The financial records of the association from the date of incorporation through the date of turnover.
 - (j) All association funds and control thereof.
 - (k) All tangible property of the association.
- (1) A copy of all contracts which may be in force with the association as one of the parties.
- (m) A list of the names and addresses and telephone numbers of all contractors, subcontractors, or others in the current employ of the association.
 - (n) Any and all insurance policies in effect.
- (o) Any permits issued to the association by governmental entities.
 - (p) Any and all warranties in effect.
- (q) A roster of current homeowners and their addresses and telephone numbers and section and lot numbers.
 - (r) Employment and service contracts in effect.
- (s) All other contracts in effect to which the association is a party.
- 29 (4) This section does not apply to a homeowners'
 30 association in existence on the effective date of this act, or
 31 to a homeowners' association, no matter when created, if such

 association is created in a community that is included in an effective development-of-regional-impact development order as of the effective date of this act, together with any approved modifications thereof.

Section 15. Section 617.3075, Florida Statutes, is transferred and renumbered as section 720.3075, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

720.3075 617.3075 Prohibited clauses in homeowners' association documents.--

- (1) It is hereby declared that the public policy of this state prohibits the inclusion or enforcement of certain types of clauses in homeowners' association documents, including declaration of covenants, articles of incorporation, bylaws, or any other document of the association which binds members of the association, which either have the effect of or provide that:
- (a) A developer has the unilateral ability and right to make changes to the homeowners' association documents after the transition of homeowners' association control in a community from the developer to the nondeveloper members, as set forth in s. $720.307 ext{ s. } 617.307$, has occurred.
- (b) A homeowners' association is prohibited or restricted from filing a lawsuit against the developer, or the homeowners' association is otherwise effectively prohibited or restricted from bringing a lawsuit against the developer.
- (c) After the transition of homeowners' association control in a community from the developer to the nondeveloper members, as set forth in $\underline{s.720.307}$ $\underline{s.617.307}$, has occurred, a developer is entitled to cast votes in an amount that exceeds one vote per residential lot.

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Such clauses are hereby declared null and void as against the
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   public policy of this state.
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           (2) The public policy described in subsection (1)
   prohibits the inclusion or enforcement of such clauses created
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    on or after the effective date of section 3 of chapter 98-261,
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    Laws of Florida this section.
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           Section 16. Section 617.311, Florida Statutes, is
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    transferred and renumbered as section 720.311, Florida
    Statutes, and amended to read:
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           720.311 617.311 Dispute resolution.--The Legislature
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    finds that alternative dispute resolution has made progress in
    reducing court dockets and trials and in offering a more
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    efficient, cost-effective option to litigation. At any time
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    after the filing in a court of competent jurisdiction of a
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    complaint relating to a dispute under ss. 720.301-720.312 ss.
   617.301-617.312, the court may order that the parties enter
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    mediation or arbitration procedures.
           Section 17. Sections 617.304, 617.305, 617.308,
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    617.309, 617.31, and 617.312, Florida Statutes, are
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    transferred and renumbered as sections 720.304, 720.305,
    720.308, 720.309, 720.31, and 720.312, Florida Statutes,
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    respectively.
           Section 18. Subsection (6) of section 617.0601,
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    Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
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           617.0601 Members, generally.--
           (6) Subsections (1), (2), (3), and (4) do not apply to
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    a corporation that is an association as defined in s. 720.301
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    s. 617.301.
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           Section 19. Subsection (6) of section 617.0701,
   Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
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617.0701 Meetings of members, generally; failure to hold annual meeting; special meeting; consent to corporate actions without meetings; waiver of notice of meetings.--

(6) Subsections (1) and (3) do not apply to any corporation that is an association as defined in s. 720.301 s.617.301.

Section 20. Subsection (6) of section 617.0721, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

617.0721 Voting by members.--

(6) Subsections (1), (2), (4), and (5) do not apply to a corporation that is an association as defined in s. 720.301 s. 617.301.

Section 617.0831, Florida Statutes, is Section 21. amended to read:

617.0831 Indemnification and liability of officers, directors, employees, and agents. -- Except as provided in s. 617.0834, ss. 607.0831 and 607.0850 apply to a corporation organized under this act and a rural electric cooperative organized under chapter 425. Any reference to "directors" in those sections includes the directors, managers, or trustees of a corporation organized under this act or of a rural electric cooperative organized under chapter 425. However, the term "director" as used in ss. 607.0831 and 607.0850 does not include a director appointed by the developer to the board of directors of a condominium association under chapter 718, a cooperative association under chapter 719, a homeowners' association defined in s. 720.301 ± 617.301 , or a timeshare managing entity under chapter 721. Any reference to "shareholders" in those sections includes members of a corporation organized under this act and members of a rural 31 electric cooperative organized under chapter 425.

1 Section 22. Subsection (4) of section 712.01, Florida 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 712.01 Definitions.--As used in this law: (4) The term "homeowners' association" means a 4 5 homeowners' association as defined in s. 720.301 $\frac{1}{100}$ 6 617.301(7), or an association of parcel owners which is 7 authorized to enforce use restrictions that are imposed on the 8 parcels. 9 Section 23. Subsection (1) of section 723.0751, 10 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 11 723.0751 Mobile home subdivision homeowners' association.--12 (1) In the event that no homeowners' association has 13 been created pursuant to ss. 720.301-720.312 ss. 14 617.301-617.312 to operate a mobile home subdivision, the 15 owners of lots in such mobile home subdivision shall be 16 17 authorized to create a mobile home subdivision homeowners' 18 association in the manner prescribed in ss. 723.075, 723.076, 19 and 723.078 which shall have the powers and duties, to the 20 extent applicable, set forth in ss. 723.002(2) and 723.074. Section 24. Subsection (5) of section 849.085, Florida 21 Statutes, is amended to read: 22 23 849.085 Certain penny-ante games not crimes; 24 restrictions.--25 (5) The conduct of any penny-ante game within the common elements or common area of a condominium, cooperative, 26 27 residential subdivision, or mobile home park or the conduct of 28 any penny-ante game within the dwelling of an eligible 29 organization as defined in subsection (2) or within a publicly owned community center owned by a municipality or county 30

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penny-ante game on the part of a condominium association, cooperative association, a homeowners' association as defined in s. 720.301 s. 617.301, mobile home owner's association, dwelling owner, or municipality or county or on the part of a unit owner who was not a participant in the game.

Section 25. Subsection (4) and paragraph (e) of subsection (11) of section 849.0931, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

849.0931 Bingo authorized; conditions for conduct; permitted uses of proceeds; limitations .--

- (4) The right of a condominium association, a cooperative association, a homeowners' association as defined in s. 702.301 s. 617.301, a mobile home owners' association, a group of residents of a mobile home park as defined in chapter 723, or a group of residents of a mobile home park or recreational vehicle park as defined in chapter 513 to conduct bingo is conditioned upon the return of the net proceeds from such games to players in the form of prizes after having deducted the actual business expenses for such games for articles designed for and essential to the operation, conduct, and playing of bingo. Any net proceeds remaining after paying prizes may be donated by the association to a charitable, nonprofit, or veterans' organization which is exempt from federal income tax under the provisions of s. 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code to be used in such recipient organization's charitable, civic, community, benevolent, religious, or scholastic works or similar activities or, in the alternative, such remaining proceeds shall be used as specified in subsection (3).
- (11) Bingo games may be held only on the following 31 premises:

 (e) With respect to bingo games conducted by a condominium association, a cooperative association, a homeowners' association as defined in s. 617.301, a mobile home owners' association, a group of residents of a mobile home park as defined in chapter 723, or a group of residents of a mobile home park or recreational vehicle park as defined in chapter 513, property owned by the association, property owned by the residents of the mobile home park or recreational vehicle park, or property which is a common area located within the condominium, mobile home park, or recreational vehicle park.

Section 26. Section 849.094, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

849.094 Game promotion in connection with sale of consumer products or services.--

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Game promotion" means, but is not limited to, a contest, game of chance, or gift enterprise, conducted within or throughout the state and other states in connection with the sale of consumer products or services, and in which the elements of chance and prize are present. However, "game promotion" shall not be construed to apply to bingo games conducted pursuant to s. 849.0931.
- (b) "Operator" means any person, firm, corporation, or association or agent or employee thereof who promotes, operates, or conducts a game promotion, except any charitable nonprofit organization.
 - (2) It is unlawful for any operator:
- (a) To design, engage in, promote, or conduct such a game promotion, in connection with the promotion or sale of consumer products or services, wherein the winner may be

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predetermined or the game may be manipulated or rigged so as to:

- Allocate a winning game or any portion thereof to 1. certain lessees, agents, or franchises; or
- Allocate a winning game or part thereof to a particular period of the game promotion or to a particular geographic area;
- (b) Arbitrarily to remove, disqualify, disallow, or reject any entry;
 - (C) To fail to award prizes offered;
- To print, publish, or circulate literature or advertising material used in connection with such game promotions which is false, deceptive, or misleading; or
- To require an entry fee, payment, or proof of purchase as a condition of entering a game promotion.
- The operator of a game promotion in which the total announced value of the prizes offered is greater than \$5,000 shall file with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services State a copy of the rules and regulations of the game promotion and a list of all prizes and prize categories offered at least 7 days before the commencement of the game promotion. Such rules and regulations may not thereafter be changed, modified, or altered. The operator of a game promotion shall conspicuously post the rules and regulations of such game promotion in each and every retail outlet or place where such game promotion may be played or participated in by the public and shall also publish the rules and regulations in all advertising copy used in connection therewith. Radio and television announcements may indicate that the rules and regulations are available at retail outlets 31 or from the operator of the promotion. A nonrefundable filing

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fee of \$100 shall accompany each filing and shall be deposited into the Division of Licensing Trust Fund to be used to pay the costs incurred in administering and enforcing the provisions of this section.

- (4)(a) Every operator of such a game promotion in which the total announced value of the prizes offered is greater than \$5,000 shall establish a trust account, in a national or state-chartered financial institution, with a balance sufficient to pay or purchase the total value of all prizes offered. On a form supplied by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services State, an official of the financial institution holding the trust account shall set forth the dollar amount of the trust account, the identity of the entity or individual establishing the trust account, and the name of the game promotion for which the trust account has been established. Such form shall be filed with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services State at least 7 days in advance of the commencement of the game promotion. In lieu of establishing such trust account, the operator may obtain a surety bond in an amount equivalent to the total value of all prizes offered; and such bond shall be filed with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services State at least 7 days in advance of the commencement of the game promotion.
- The moneys held in the trust account may be 1. withdrawn in order to pay the prizes offered only upon certification to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services State of the name of the winner or winners and the amount of the prize or prizes and the value thereof.
- If the operator of a game promotion has obtained a 31 surety bond in lieu of establishing a trust account, the

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amount of the surety bond shall equal at all times the total amount of the prizes offered.

- Services State may waive the provisions of this subsection for any operator who has conducted game promotions in the state for not less than 5 consecutive years and who has not had any civil, criminal, or administrative action instituted against him or her by the state or an agency of the state for violation of this section within that 5-year period. Such waiver may be revoked upon the commission of a violation of this section by such operator, as determined by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services State.
- (5) Every operator of a game promotion in which the total announced value of the prizes offered is greater than \$5,000 shall provide the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services State with a certified list of the names and addresses of all persons, whether from this state or from another state, who have won prizes which have a value of more than \$25, the value of such prizes, and the dates when the prizes were won within 60 days after such winners have been finally determined. The operator shall provide a copy of the list of winners, without charge, to any person who requests In lieu of the foregoing, the operator of a game promotion may, at his or her option, publish the same information about the winners in a Florida newspaper of general circulation within 60 days after such winners have been determined and shall provide to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services State a certified copy of the publication containing the information about the winners. The operator of a game promotion is not required to notify a winner by mail or by telephone when the winner is already in

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possession of a game card from which the winner can determine that he or she has won a designated prize. All winning entries shall be held by the operator for a period of 90 days after the close or completion of the game.

- (6) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services State shall keep the certified list of winners for a period of at least 6 months after receipt of the certified list. The department thereafter may dispose of all records and lists.
- (7) No operator shall force, directly or indirectly, a lessee, agent, or franchise dealer to purchase or participate in any game promotion. For the purpose of this section, coercion or force shall be presumed in these circumstances in which a course of business extending over a period of 1 year or longer is materially changed coincident with a failure or refusal of a lessee, agent, or franchise dealer to participate in such game promotions. Such force or coercion shall further be presumed when an operator advertises generally that game promotions are available at its lessee dealers or agent dealers.
- (8)(a) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services State shall have the power to promulgate such rules and regulations respecting the operation of game promotions as it may deem advisable.
- (b) Whenever the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services State or the Department of Legal Affairs has reason to believe that a game promotion is being operated in violation of this 2ection, it may bring an action in the circuit court of any judicial circuit in which the game promotion is being operated in the name and on behalf of the 31 people of the state against any operator thereof to enjoin the

continued operation of such game promotion anywhere within the state.

- (9)(a) Any person, firm, or corporation, or association or agent or employee thereof, who engages in any acts or practices stated in this section to be unlawful, or who violates any of the rules and regulations made pursuant to this section, is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (b) Any person, firm, corporation, association, agent, or employee who violates any provision of this section or any of the rules and regulations made pursuant to this section shall be liable for a civil penalty of not more than \$1,000 for each such violation, which shall accrue to the state and may be recovered in a civil action brought by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services State or the Department of Legal Affairs.
- (10) This section does not apply to actions or transactions regulated by the Department of Business and Professional Regulation or to the activities of nonprofit organizations or to any other organization engaged in any enterprise other than the sale of consumer products or services. Subsections (3), (4), (5), (6), and (7) and paragraph (8)(a) and any of the rules made pursuant thereto do not apply to television or radio broadcasting companies licensed by the Federal Communications Commission.

Section 27. The Secretary of State shall review the Florida Statutes, identify any provisions relating to the performance of constitutional or cabinet duties of the Secretary of State, and recommend changes to those sections of law to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1, 2002.

Section 28. Except as otherwise provided in this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2000. STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SB 1194 Strikes a reference to constitutional duties of the Secretary of State in s. 15.01, F.S. Provides a later effective date for two sections of the bill that require filings with the Commission on Ethics instead of the Department of State. Removes from the bill those sections which transferred responsibilities for notaries from the Office of the Governor to the Department of State. Requires the Secretary of State to review laws which relate to constitutional and cabinet duties of the Secretary of State and report to the Legislature necessary changes.