Florida House of Representatives - 2000

By the Committee on Education Appropriations and Representatives Wise, Turnbull, Henriquez, Greenstein, Chestnut, Lynn, Alexander, Rayson, Lacasa, Sorensen, Posey, Casey, Harrington and Constantine

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to dual enrollment; amending s.
3	229.551, F.S.; clarifying the duty of the
4	Commissioner of Education regarding the common
5	course designation and numbering system for
6	postsecondary education in school districts;
7	revising the membership of the Articulation
8	Coordinating Committee; requiring the
9	Articulation Coordinating Committee to identify
10	and recommend to the State Board of Education
11	postsecondary courses that meet high school
12	graduation requirements; amending s. 232.246,
13	F.S.; providing for the award of credit toward
14	graduation requirements for equivalent courses
15	taken through dual enrollment; prohibiting
16	increased graduation requirements from applying
17	to dual enrollment students; deleting the
18	requirement that certain special instruction be
19	funded from the state compensatory education
20	funds of the district; amending s. 232.2462,
21	F.S.; requiring the Articulation Coordinating
22	Committee to define credit for purposes of
23	articulated acceleration programs; amending s.
24	236.081, F.S.; providing community college
25	reimbursement for high school student
26	coenrollment, regardless of whether the
27	instruction counts as credit toward high school
28	graduation; removing an obsolete cross
29	reference; amending s. 240.116, F.S.;
30	clarifying the intent of articulated
31	acceleration programs; clarifying funding for
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1	dual enrollment; authorizing community college
2	boards of trustees to adopt additional
3	admissions criteria for dual enrollment
4	programs; requiring that certain information be
5	provided to students regarding dual enrollment
б	programs; deleting the requirement that
7	participating in the early admission program be
8	limited to students who have completed a
9	certain number of semesters in secondary
10	school; providing for credit earned by home
11	education students through dual enrollment
12	courses to apply toward the completion of a
13	home education program; authorizing the
14	adoption of rules; amending s. 240.1161, F.S.;
15	requiring superintendents of schools and
16	community college presidents to jointly develop
17	and implement comprehensive articulated
18	acceleration programs; requiring district
19	interinstitutional articulation agreements to
20	include additional provisions regarding dual
21	enrollment programs; requiring the Articulation
22	Coordinating Committee to review articulation
23	agreements and certify common course code
24	numbers of postsecondary courses that meet high
25	school graduation requirements; requiring the
26	Articulation Coordinating Committee, rather
27	than the Department of Education, to approve
28	courses for inclusion in the dual enrollment
29	program that are contained within the common
30	course designation and numbering system;
31	requiring the Department of Education to
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1 provide the Articulation Coordinating Committee 2 with staff support and resources; authorizing 3 the adoption of rules; providing an effective date. 4 5 б Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 7 8 Section 1. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section 9 229.551, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 10 229.551 Educational management.--(1) The department is directed to identify all 11 12 functions which under the provisions of this act contribute 13 to, or comprise a part of, the state system of educational 14 accountability and to establish within the department the necessary organizational structure, policies, and procedures 15 16 for effectively coordinating such functions. Such policies and procedures shall clearly fix and delineate responsibilities 17 for various aspects of the system and for overall coordination 18 19 of the total system. The commissioner shall perform the 20 following duties and functions: (f) Development and coordination of a common course 21 22 designation and numbering system for postsecondary and dual enrollment education in school districts, community colleges, 23 participating nonpublic postsecondary education institutions, 24 25 and the State University System which will improve program 26 planning, increase communication among all postsecondary 27 delivery systems, and facilitate student acceleration and the 28 transfer of students. The system shall not encourage or 29 require course content prescription or standardization or uniform course testing, and the continuing maintenance of the 30 31 system shall be accomplished by appropriate faculty committees

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representing public and participating nonpublic institutions.
 The Articulation Coordinating Committee, whose membership
 represents public and nonpublic postsecondary institutions,
 shall:

5 1. Identify the highest demand degree programs within6 the State University System.

7 2. Conduct a study of courses offered by universities 8 and accepted for credit toward a degree. The study shall 9 identify courses designated as either general education or 10 required as a prerequisite for a degree. The study shall also 11 identify these courses as upper-division level or 12 lower-division level.

13 3. Appoint faculty committees representing both 14 community college and university faculties to recommend a single level for each course included in the common course 15 16 numbering and designation system. Any course designated as an upper-division level course must be characterized by a need 17 for advanced academic preparation and skills that a student 18 19 would be unlikely to achieve without significant prior 20 coursework. A course that is offered as part of an associate 21 in science degree program and as an upper-division course for 22 a baccalaureate degree shall be designated for both the lower and upper division. Of the courses required for each 23 24 baccalaureate degree, at least half of the credit hours 25 required for the degree shall be achievable through courses 26 designated as lower-division courses, except in degree 27 programs approved by the Board of Regents pursuant to s. 28 240.209(5)(e). A course designated as lower-division may be 29 offered by any community college. The Articulation Coordinating Committee shall recommend to the State Board of 30 31 Education the levels for the courses. The common course

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1 numbering and designation system shall include the courses at 2 the recommended levels, and, by fall semester of 1996, the 3 registration process at each state university and community 4 college shall include the courses at their designated levels 5 and common course numbers.

б 4. Appoint faculty committees representing both 7 community college and university faculties to recommend those 8 courses identified to meet general education requirements within the subject areas of communication, mathematics, social 9 sciences, humanities, and natural sciences. The Articulation 10 11 Coordinating Committee shall recommend to the State Board of 12 Education those courses identified to meet these general 13 education requirements by their common course code number. All 14 community colleges and state universities shall accept these 15 general education courses.

16 5. Appoint faculty committees representing both community colleges and universities to recommend common 17 prerequisite courses and identify course substitutions when 18 19 common prerequisites cannot be established for degree programs 20 across all institutions. Faculty work groups shall adopt a strategy for addressing significant differences in 21 22 prerequisites, including course substitutions. The Board of Regents shall be notified by the Articulation Coordinating 23 Committee when significant differences remain. Common degree 24 program prerequisites shall be offered and accepted by all 25 26 state universities and community colleges, except in cases 27 approved by the Board of Regents pursuant to s. 240.209(5)(f). 28 The Board of Regents shall work with the State Board of 29 Community Colleges on the development of a centralized database containing the list of courses and course 30 31

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substitutions that meet the prerequisite requirements for each 1 baccalaureate degree program.+ 2 3 6. Appoint faculty committees representing public 4 school, community college, and university faculties to 5 identify postsecondary courses that meet the high school 6 graduation requirements of s. 232.246, and to establish the 7 number of postsecondary semester credit hours of instruction 8 and equivalent high school credits earned through dual 9 enrollment pursuant to s. 240.116 that are necessary to meet high school graduation requirements. The Articulation 10 11 Coordinating Committee shall recommend to the State Board of 12 Education those courses identified to meet high school 13 graduation requirements, based on mastery of course outcomes, 14 by their common course code number, and all high schools shall accept these postsecondary education courses toward meeting 15 the requirements of s. 232.246; 16 Section 2. Subsection (1), paragraph (c) of subsection 17 (4), and subsection (9) of section 232.246, Florida Statutes, 18 19 are amended to read: 20 232.246 General requirements for high school 21 graduation.--22 (1) Graduation requires successful completion of either a minimum of 24 academic credits in grades 9 through 12 23 24 or an International Baccalaureate curriculum. The 24 credits 25 shall be distributed as follows: 26 (a) Four credits in English, with major concentration 27 in composition and literature. 28 (b) Three credits in mathematics. Effective for 29 students entering the 9th grade in the 1997-1998 school year 30 and thereafter, one of these credits must be Algebra I, a 31

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series of courses equivalent to Algebra I, or a higher-level
 mathematics course.

3 (c) Three credits in science, two of which must have a 4 laboratory component. The State Board of Education may grant 5 an annual waiver of the laboratory requirement to a school 6 district that certifies that its laboratory facilities are 7 inadequate, provided the district submits a capital outlay 8 plan to provide adequate facilities and makes the funding of 9 this plan a priority of the school board.

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(d) One credit in American history.

11 (e) One credit in world history, including a 12 comparative study of the history, doctrines, and objectives of 13 all major political systems.

(f) One-half credit in economics, including a comparative study of the history, doctrines, and objectives of all major economic systems. The Florida Council on Economic Education shall provide technical assistance to the department and local school boards in developing curriculum materials for the study of economics.

20 (g) One-half credit in American government, including study of the Constitution of the United States. school year 21 22 and thereafter, the study of Florida government, including study of the State Constitution, the three branches of state 23 government, and municipal and county government, shall be 24 25 included as part of the required study of American government. 26 (h)1. One credit in practical arts career education or 27 exploratory career education. Any vocational course as

28 defined in s. 228.041(22) may be taken to satisfy the high 29 school graduation requirement for one credit in practical arts 30 or exploratory career education provided in this subparagraph; 31

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2. One credit in performing fine arts to be selected
 from music, dance, drama, painting, or sculpture. A course in
 any art form, in addition to painting or sculpture, that
 requires manual dexterity, or a course in speech and debate,
 may be taken to satisfy the high school graduation requirement
 for one credit in performing arts pursuant to this
 subparagraph; or

8 3. One-half credit each in practical arts career
9 education or exploratory career education and performing fine
10 arts, as defined in this paragraph.

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12 Such credit for practical arts career education or exploratory 13 career education or for performing fine arts shall be made 14 available in the 9th grade, and students shall be scheduled 15 into a 9th grade course as a priority.

16 (i) One-half credit in life management skills to include consumer education, positive emotional development, 17 marriage and relationship skill-based education, nutrition, 18 19 prevention of human immunodeficiency virus infection and 20 acquired immune deficiency syndrome and other sexually transmissible diseases, benefits of sexual abstinence and 21 22 consequences of teenage pregnancy, information and instruction on breast cancer detection and breast self-examination, 23 cardiopulmonary resuscitation, drug education, and the hazards 24 of smoking. Such credit shall be given for a course to be 25 26 taken by all students in either the 9th or 10th grade. 27 (j) One credit in physical education to include 28 assessment, improvement, and maintenance of personal fitness. 29 Participation in an interscholastic sport at the junior varsity or varsity level, for two full seasons, shall satisfy 30

31 the one-credit requirement in physical education if the

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student passes a competency test on personal fitness with a 1 2 score of "C" or better. The competency test on personal 3 fitness must be developed by the Department of Education. A school board may not require that the one credit in physical 4 5 education be taken during the 9th grade year. б (k) Eight and one-half elective credits. 7 8 School boards may award a maximum of one-half credit in social studies and one-half elective credit for student completion of 9 nonpaid voluntary community or school service work. Students 10 11 choosing this option must complete a minimum of 75 hours of service in order to earn the one-half credit in either 12 13 category of instruction. Credit may not be earned for service 14 provided as a result of court action. School boards that approve the award of credit for student volunteer service 15 16 shall develop guidelines regarding the award of the credit, and school principals are responsible for approving specific 17 volunteer activities. A course designated in the Course Code 18 Directory as grade 9 through grade 12 which is taken below the 19 20 9th grade may be used to satisfy high school graduation requirements or Florida Academic Scholars award requirements 21 22 as specified in a district's pupil progression plan. A student shall be granted credit toward meeting the requirements of 23 this subsection for equivalent courses, as identified pursuant 24 to s. 229.551(1)(f)6., taken through dual enrollment. 25 26 (4) 27 (c) District school boards are authorized and 28 encouraged to establish requirements for high school 29 graduation in excess of the minimum requirements; however, an increase in academic credit or minimum grade point average 30 31 requirements shall not apply to those students enrolled in

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1 grades 9 through 12 at the time the district school board 2 increases the requirements. <u>In addition, any increase in</u> 3 <u>academic credit or minimum grade point average requirements</u> 4 <u>shall not apply to a student who earns credit toward the</u> 5 <u>graduation requirements of this section for equivalent courses</u> 6 taken through dual enrollment.

7 (9) A student who meets all requirements prescribed in 8 subsections (1), (4), and (5) shall be awarded a standard diploma in a form prescribed by the state board. A school 9 board may attach the Florida gold seal vocational endorsement 10 to a standard diploma or, instead of the standard diploma, 11 12 award differentiated diplomas to those exceeding the 13 prescribed minimums. A student who completes the minimum 14 number of credits and other requirements prescribed by subsections (1) and (4), but who is unable to meet the 15 16 standards of paragraph (5)(a), paragraph (5)(b), or paragraph (5)(c), shall be awarded a certificate of completion in a form 17 prescribed by the state board. However, any student who is 18 19 otherwise entitled to a certificate of completion may elect to 20 remain in the secondary school either as a full-time student or a part-time student for up to 1 additional year and receive 21 22 special instruction designed to remedy his or her identified deficiencies. This special instruction shall be funded from 23 the state compensatory education funds of the district. 24 Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 25 26 232.2462, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 27 232.2462 Definition of "credit".--28 (1)(a) For the purposes of requirements for high 29 school graduation, one full credit means a minimum of 150 hours of bona fide instruction in a designated course of study 30 31 which contains student performance standards as provided for

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in s. 232.2454. The Articulation Coordinating Committee shall 1 2 determine the number of postsecondary Six semester credit 3 hours of instruction which are earned through dual enrollment pursuant to s. 240.116 and which satisfy the requirements of a 4 5 district's interinstitutional articulation agreement according to s. 240.1161 that also equal one full credit of the 6 7 equivalent high school course identified pursuant to s. 8 229.551(1)(f)6. 9 Section 4. Paragraphs (h) and (i) of subsection (1) of section 236.081, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 10 11 236.081 Funds for operation of schools.--If the annual 12 allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each 13 district for operation of schools is not determined in the 14 annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as 15 16 follows: (1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR 17 OPERATION. -- The following procedure shall be followed in 18 determining the annual allocation to each district for 19 20 operation: 21 (h) Coenrollment Instruction outside required number 22 of school days.--Students in grades 9 through 12 may be counted as full-time equivalent students for instruction 23 provided outside the required school days or year if such 24 25 instruction counts as credit toward high school graduation. 26 However, If a high school student wishes to earn high school 27 credits from a community college and enrolls in one or more 28 adult secondary education courses at the community college, 29 the community college shall be reimbursed for the costs incurred because of the high school student's coenrollment as 30 31 provided in the General Appropriations Act.

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(i) Instruction in family and consumer 1 2 sciences.--Students in grades K through 12 who are enrolled 3 for more than six semesters in practical arts family and consumer sciences courses as defined in s. 228.041(22)(a)4. 4 5 may not be counted as full-time equivalent students for this б instruction. 7 Section 5. Subsections (1), (2), and (3), and 8 paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 240.116, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (8) is added to said 9 section, to read: 10 11 240.116 Articulated acceleration.--12 (1) It is the intent of the Legislature that a variety 13 of articulated acceleration mechanisms be available for 14 secondary and postsecondary students attending public educational institutions. It is intended that articulated 15 acceleration serve to shorten the time necessary for a student 16 to complete the requirements associated with the conference of 17 a high school diploma and a postsecondary degree, broaden the 18 19 scope of curricular options available to students, or increase 20 the depth of study available for a particular subject. It is the intent of the Legislature that students who meet the 21 22 eligibility requirements of this subsection and who choose to participate in dual enrollment programs be exempt from the 23 payment of registration, matriculation, and laboratory fees. 24 Tuition for dually enrolled students shall be reimbursed to 25 26 participating postsecondary institutions as provided annually 27 in the General Appropriations Act. However, a postsecondary 28 institution that earns dual enrollment FTE funds from the 29 Florida Education Finance Program as a charter school shall not be eligible for the tuition reimbursement.Articulated 30 31 acceleration mechanisms shall include, but not be limited to,

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dual enrollment, early admission, advanced placement, credit
 by examination, and the International Baccalaureate Program.
 The State Board of Education shall adopt rules for any dual
 enrollment programs involving requirements for high school
 graduation.

6 (2)(a)1. The dual enrollment program is the enrollment 7 of an eligible secondary student in a postsecondary course 8 creditable toward a vocational certificate or an associate or baccalaureate degree. For the purpose of this subparagraph, 9 an eligible secondary student is a student who is enrolled in 10 11 a Florida public secondary school or in a Florida nonpublic secondary school which is in compliance with s. 229.808 and 12 13 conducts a secondary curriculum pursuant to s. 232.246. 14 Students enrolled in postsecondary instruction that is not creditable toward the high school diploma shall not be 15 16 classified as dual enrollments. Students who are eligible for dual enrollment pursuant to this section shall be permitted to 17 enroll in dual enrollment courses may take courses conducted 18 during school hours, after school hours, and during the summer 19 20 term. Instructional time for such enrollment may exceed 900 hours; however, the school district may only report the 21 22 student for a maximum of 1.0 FTE, as provided in s. 236.013(5). Any student so enrolled is exempt from the payment 23 of registration, matriculation, and laboratory fees. With the 24 exception of vocational-preparatory instruction, 25 26 college-preparatory instruction and other forms of 27 precollegiate instruction, as well as physical education 28 courses that focus on the physical execution of a skill rather 29 than the intellectual attributes of the activity, are ineligible for inclusion in the dual enrollment program. 30 31 Recreation and leisure studies courses shall be evaluated

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individually in the same manner as physical education courses
 for potential inclusion in the program.

3 2. The Department of Education shall adopt guidelines 4 designed to achieve comparability across school districts of 5 both student qualifications and teacher qualifications for 6 dual enrollment courses. Student qualifications must 7 demonstrate readiness for college-level coursework if the 8 student is to be enrolled in college courses. Student qualifications must demonstrate readiness for vocational-level 9 coursework if the student is to be enrolled in vocational 10 courses. In addition to the common placement examination, 11 12 student qualifications for enrollment in college credit dual 13 enrollment courses must include a 3.0 unweighted grade point 14 average, and student qualifications for enrollment in vocational certificate dual enrollment courses must include a 15 16 2.0 unweighted grade point average. Exceptions to the required grade point averages may be granted if the educational 17 entities agree and the terms of the agreement are contained 18 19 within the dual enrollment interinstitutional articulation 20 agreement. Community college boards of trustees may establish additional admissions criteria, which shall be included in the 21 22 district interinstitutional articulation agreement developed 23 according to s. 240.1161, to ensure student readiness for 24 postsecondary instruction. 25 (b) Vocational dual enrollment shall be provided as a 26 curricular option for secondary students to pursue in order to 27 earn a series of elective credits toward the high school 28 diploma. However, vocational dual enrollment shall not 29 supplant student acquisition of the diploma. Vocational dual enrollment shall be available for secondary students seeking a 30

31 degree or certificate from a complete job-preparatory program,

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but shall not sustain student enrollment in isolated 1 2 vocational courses. It is the intent of the Legislature that 3 vocational dual enrollment be implemented as a positive measure. The provision of a comprehensive academic and 4 5 vocational dual enrollment program within the vocational-technical center or community college is supportive 6 7 of legislative intent; however, such provision is not 8 mandatory. 9 (c) Each school district shall inform all secondary students of dual enrollment as an educational option and 10 11 mechanism for acceleration. Students shall be informed of 12 eligibility criteria, the option for taking dual enrollment 13 courses beyond the regular school year, and the 24 minimum 14 academic credits required for graduation. 15 (3) Early admission shall be a form of dual enrollment 16 through which eligible secondary students enroll in a postsecondary institution on a full-time basis in courses that 17 are creditable toward the high school diploma and the 18 19 associate or baccalaureate degree. Participation in the early 20 admission program shall be limited to students who have 21 completed a minimum of 6 semesters of full-time secondary 22 enrollment, including studies undertaken in the ninth grade. Students enrolled pursuant to this subsection shall be exempt 23 from the payment of registration, matriculation, and 24 25 laboratory fees. 26 (7)(a) It is the intent of the Legislature to provide 27 articulated acceleration mechanisms for students who are in 28 home education programs, as defined in s. 228.041(34), 29 consistent with the educational opportunities available to public and private secondary school students. Home education 30 31 students may participate in dual enrollment, vocational dual

students may participate in duar entoriment, vocational dua.

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enrollment, early admission, and credit by examination. Credit 1 2 earned by home education students through dual enrollment 3 shall apply toward the completion of a home education program that meets the requirements of s. 232.0201. 4 5 (8) The State Board of Education may adopt rules б necessary to implement the provisions of this section pursuant 7 to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54. 8 Section 6. Subsections (1), (4), and (6), and 9 paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 240.1161, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsections (7) and (8) are added 10 to said section, to read: 11 240.1161 District interinstitutional articulation 12 13 agreements.--14 (1) Superintendents of schools and community college 15 presidents shall jointly develop and implement are responsible 16 for the development and implementation of a comprehensive articulated acceleration program for the students enrolled in 17 their respective school districts and service areas. Within 18 this general responsibility, each superintendent and president 19 20 shall develop a comprehensive interinstitutional articulation agreement for the school district and community college that 21 22 serves the school district. The superintendent and president shall establish an articulation committee for the purpose of 23 developing this agreement. Each state university president is 24 encouraged to designate a university representative to 25 26 participate in the development of the interinstitutional 27 articulation agreements for each school district within the 28 university service area. (2) The district interinstitutional articulation 29 agreement for each school year must be completed before high 30 31 school registration for the fall term of the following school

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1 year. The agreement must include, but is not limited to, the 2 following components: 3 (b)1. A delineation of courses and programs available 4 to students eligible to participate in composed of dual 5 enrollment. б 2. A delineation of the process by which students and 7 their parents are informed about opportunities to participate 8 in articulated acceleration programs. 9 3. A delineation of the process by which students and their parents exercise their option to participate in an 10 11 articulated acceleration program. 12 4. A delineation of high school credits earned for 13 completion of each dual enrollment course. 14 5. Provision for postsecondary courses that meet the 15 criteria for inclusion in a district articulated acceleration 16 program to be counted toward meeting the graduation 17 requirements of s. 232.246. 6.2. An identification of eligibility criteria for 18 19 student participation in dual enrollment courses and programs. 20 7.3. A delineation of institutional responsibilities 21 regarding student screening prior to enrollment and monitoring 22 student performance subsequent to enrollment in dual 23 enrollment courses and programs. 24 8.4. An identification of the criteria by which the 25 quality of dual enrollment courses and programs are to be 26 judged and a delineation of institutional responsibilities for 27 the maintenance of instructional quality. 28 9.5. A delineation of institutional responsibilities 29 for assuming the cost of dual enrollment courses and programs that includes such responsibilities for student instructional 30 31 materials.

10.6. An identification of responsibility for 1 2 providing student transportation if the dual enrollment 3 instruction is conducted at a facility other than the high 4 school campus. 5 11.7. A delineation of the process for converting б college credit hours earned through dual enrollment and early 7 admission programs to high school credit based on mastery of 8 course outcomes as determined by the Articulation Coordinating 9 Committee in accordance with s. 229.551(1)(f)6. 10 (4) The Articulation Coordinating Committee shall review each articulation agreement and certify the common 11 12 course code number of postsecondary courses that meet each 13 district's graduation requirements. Courses and programs may 14 be added to or deleted from the district interinstitutional articulation agreement at any time. Such additions and 15 deletions must be mutually approved by the superintendent of 16 17 schools and community college president before incorporation 18 into the agreement. 19 (6) The Articulation Coordinating Committee Department 20 of Education shall approve any course for inclusion in the dual enrollment program that is contained within the common 21 22 course designation and numbering system. However, college-preparatory and other forms of precollegiate 23 instruction, and physical education and other courses that 24 focus on the physical execution of a skill rather than the 25 26 intellectual attributes of the activity, may not be so 27 approved, but must be evaluated individually for potential 28 inclusion in the dual enrollment program. 29 (7) The Department of Education shall provide the Articulation Coordinating Committee with the staff support and 30 31

1	resources necessary to implement the provisions of this
2	section.
3	(8) The State Board of Education may adopt rules
4	necessary to implement the provisions of this section pursuant
5	to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54.
6	Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2000.
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2	HOUSE SUMMARY
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4	Clarifies the duty of the Commissioner of Education regarding the common course designation and numbering
5	system for postsecondary education in school districts. Revises the membership of the Articulation Coordinating
6	Committee. Requires the Articulation Coordinating Committee to identify and recommend to the State Board of
7	Education postsecondary courses that meet high school graduation requirements. Provides for the award of credit
8	toward graduation requirements for equivalent courses taken through dual enrollment. Prohibits increased
9	graduation requirements from applying to dual enrollment students. Deletes the requirement that certain special
10	instruction be funded from the state compensatory education funds of the district. Requires the
11	Articulation Coordinating Committee to define credit for purposes of articulated acceleration programs. Provides
12	for community college reimbursement for high school student coenrollment, regardless of whether the
13	instruction counts as credit toward high school graduation. Clarifies the intent of articulated
14	acceleration programs. Clarifies funding for dual enrollment. Authorizes community college boards of
15	trustees to adopt additional admissions criteria for dual enrollment programs. Requires that certain information be
16	provided to students regarding dual enrollment programs. Deletes the requirement that participating in the early
17	admission program be limited to students who have completed a certain number of semesters in secondary
18	school. Provides for credit earned by home education
10 19	students through dual enrollment courses to apply toward the completion of a home education program. Requires
20	superintendents of schools and community college presidents to jointly develop and implement comprehensive
20 21	articulated acceleration programs. Requires district interinstitutional articulation agreements to include
21 22	additional provisions regarding dual enrollment programs. Requires the Articulation Coordinating Committee to
	review articulation agreements and certify common course code numbers of postsecondary courses that meet high
23	school graduation requirements. Requires the Articulation Coordinating Committee, rather than the Department of
24	Education, to approve courses for inclusion in the dual enrollment program that are contained within the common
25	course designation and numbering system. Requires the Department of Education to provide the Articulation
26	Coordinating Committee with staff support and resources. Authorizes the adoption of rules.
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