

STORAGE NAME: h0127.go
DATE: December 16, 1999

**HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
COMMITTEE ON
GOVERNMENTAL OPERATIONS
ANALYSIS**

BILL #: HB 127
RELATING TO: Disability Retirement/Special Risk Class Members
SPONSOR(S): Representative Fiorentino and others
TIED BILL(S):

ORIGINATING COMMITTEE(S)/COMMITTEE(S) OF REFERENCE:

- (1) GOVERNMENTAL OPERATIONS
 - (2) LAW ENFORCEMENT & CRIME PREVENTION
 - (3) FINANCE & TAXATION
 - (4) GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS
 - (5)
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I. SUMMARY:

This bill increases the minimum in-line-of-duty (ILOD) disability benefit for Special Risk Class members from 42% to 65% of average final compensation (AFC) for an option 1 benefit, effective January 1, 2001.

This bill does not provide the required funding for this increased benefit and, therefore, does not comply with Article X, Section 14, of the Constitution, and s. 112, Part VII, Florida Statutes. In order to comply with required constitutional and statutory funding requirements, retirement contribution rates must be increased for each of the two Special Risk Classes as follows: Special Risk Class - .13%, and Special Risk Administrative Support Class - .21%, based on Special Study 95-3.

The Division of Retirement's analysis of this legislation indicates that all employees who qualify for ILOD disability benefits are equally in need of the 65% minimum option 1 benefit. Therefore, if such a benefit is made available to Special Risk Class members disabled in the line of duty, it should also be made available to all other members of the FRS disabled in the line of duty.

Based on Special Study 95-3, the six month cost to increase this benefit to Special Risk Class members only for the period 1/01 to 6/01 is actuarially estimated to be \$1,449,000. The full fiscal year cost from 7/01 to 6/02 is estimated to be \$3,042,900.

The effective date of this bill is January 1, 2001.

II. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS:

A. DOES THE BILL SUPPORT THE FOLLOWING PRINCIPLES:

- | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| 1. <u>Less Government</u> | Yes <input type="checkbox"/> | No <input type="checkbox"/> | N/A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 2. <u>Lower Taxes</u> | Yes <input type="checkbox"/> | No <input type="checkbox"/> | N/A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 3. <u>Individual Freedom</u> | Yes <input type="checkbox"/> | No <input type="checkbox"/> | N/A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 4. <u>Personal Responsibility</u> | Yes <input type="checkbox"/> | No <input type="checkbox"/> | N/A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 5. <u>Family Empowerment</u> | Yes <input type="checkbox"/> | No <input type="checkbox"/> | N/A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

For any principle that received a "no" above, please explain:

B. PRESENT SITUATION:

The current minimum ILOD disability benefit for **all classes of FRS membership** is 42% of average final compensation(AFC) for an option 1 benefit.

C. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

This bill increases the minimum in-line-of-duty (ILOD) disability benefit for Special Risk Class members only from 42% to 65% of average final compensation (AFC) for an option 1 benefit, effective January 1, 2001.

Under this bill, Special Risk Class members receive an improved minimum ILOD disability benefit. The benefit increases from a minimum of 42% of average final compensation (AFC) to a minimum of 65% of AFC for an option 1 benefit only for members of the Special Risk Class. The minimum in-line-of-duty benefit for other FRS Classes remains at 42% of AFC.

Increasing the minimum ILOD disability benefit to 65% of the AFC makes retiring under ILOD disability retirement more financially attractive than retiring under normal retirement or non-ILOD disability retirement in many cases. This translates into increased workload for the Division of Retirement.

Social Security benefit payments and Workers' Compensation payments to ILOD disability retirees are exempt from federal income taxes. ILOD disability benefits are exempt from federal income taxes up to the minimum established by the FRS. This bill raises the tax-free portion of an ILOD disability benefit from 42% to 65%, which helps a disabled member. However, guaranteeing 65% of a Special Risk member's AFC for ILOD retirement, in addition to Social Security benefits and Workers' Compensation payments, may cause the total of these benefits to meet or exceed the member's income at the time of his or her disability.

Raising the minimum ILOD FRS disability benefits may reduce Workers' Compensation (WC) costs for employers (ILOD disability retirees are more likely to receive WC payments). As a result of Florida Supreme Court decision (*Grice v. Escambia County Sheriff's Department, No. 86,327*), Workers' Compensation payments to an ILOD retiree may be reduced based upon the initial amount a retiree receives from his or her FRS

benefit and Social Security payment. WC payments to ILOD retirees are paid only to the extent that the retiree's average weekly wage exceeds the total of the initial FRS benefit and the initial Social Security benefit, plus cost-of-living adjustments.

D. SECTION-BY-SECTION ANALYSIS:

Section 1. Amends s. 121.091(4)(f), F.S., increasing the in-line-of-duty disability benefit for Special Risk Class members of the Florida Retirement System from forty-two percent to sixty-five percent of average final compensation for an option 1 benefit.

Section 2. Provides an effective date of January 1, 2001.

III. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT:

A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:

1. Revenues:

None.

2. Expenditures:

In its present form, this bill does not provide the required increase in contribution rates to fund this benefit improvement and, therefore, does not comply with the constitutional and statutory requirements for full and concurrent funding of benefit improvements. Based on Special Study 95-3, the retirement contribution rates must be increased for each of the two Special Risk Classes as follows: Special Risk Class - 0.13% and Special Risk Administrative Support Class - 0.21%. The cost to State Government is outlined below and the cost to Local Government is shown under B. Fiscal Impact on Local Government.

FY 1/01 - 6/01: (6 months)	\$434,175
FY 7/01 - 6/02:	\$911,767
FY 7/02 - 6/03:	\$957,600

B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:

1. Revenues:

None.

2. Expenditures:

In its present form, this bill does not provide the required increase in contribution rates to fund this benefit improvement and, therefore, does not comply with the constitutional and statutory requirements for full and concurrent funding of benefit improvements. Based on Special Study 95-3, the retirement contribution rates must be increased for

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each of the two Special Risk Classes as follows: Special Risk Class - 0.13% and Special Risk Administrative Support Class - 0.21%. The cost to Local Government is outlined below.

FY 1/01 - 6/01 (6 months)	\$1,014,825
FY 7/01 - 6/02	\$2,130,450
FY 7/02 - 6/03	\$2,237,550

C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

None.

D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

If this benefit improvement was expanded to include all FRS membership classes the first year cost would be approximately \$15,000,000.

IV. CONSEQUENCES OF ARTICLE VII, SECTION 18 OF THE FLORIDA CONSTITUTION:

A. APPLICABILITY OF THE MANDATES PROVISION:

In its present form this bill does not provide the required increases in contribution rates to fund this benefit improvement and, therefore, does not comply with the constitutional and statutory requirements for full and concurrent funding of benefit improvements. This bill would require local governments to spend in excess of \$1.4 million annually to fund the improvement to disability benefits contained in this bill.

B. REDUCTION OF REVENUE RAISING AUTHORITY:

This bill does not reduce the authority that cities and counties have to raise revenues in the aggregate.

C. REDUCTION OF STATE TAX SHARED WITH COUNTIES AND MUNICIPALITIES:

This bill does not reduce the amount of a state tax shared with cities and counties.

V. COMMENTS:

A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:

This bill does not comply with the requirements of Article X, Section 14, of the Constitution.

B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:

The Division of Retirement, within the Department of Management Services, has sufficient rule-making authority to implement the provisions of this bill.

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C. OTHER COMMENTS:

An amendment should be offered as follows: on page 2, line 7, insert after b. "Effective January 1, 2001," in order to make it clear that Special Risk members who have already retired on an ILOD disability are not eligible to have their benefit improved. If the benefit improvement were to be ruled retroactive, there would be an even greater increase in employer contributions required to fund the increased unfunded liability, plus the additional administrative cost of identifying and reworking the accounts of affected Special Risk ILOD retirees.

VI. AMENDMENTS OR COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES:

VII. SIGNATURES:

COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENTAL OPERATIONS:

Prepared by:

Staff Director:

Jimmy O. Helms

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