Florida Senate - 2000

By Senator Kirkpatrick

	5-235-00	See HB	
1	A bill to be entitled		
2	An act relating to optometry; amending s.		
3	463.002, F.S.; revising definitions; amending		
4	s. 463.005, F.S.; requiring the Board of		
5	Optometry in implementing ch. 463, F.S., the		
б	Optometry Practice Act, to adopt rules relating		
7	to scope and standards of practice; amending s.		
8	463.0055, F.S.; authorizing administration and		
9	prescription of pharmaceutical agents within		
10	the scope and standards of optometric practice		
11	as established by the board by rule and		
12	providing requirements with respect thereto;		
13	authorizing licensed practitioners to use		
14	mydriatics and cycloplegics for diagnostic		
15	purposes; revising duties of the pharmaceutical		
16	agent formulary committee; eliminating		
17	provisions relating to the effective date of		
18	the formulary rule and to challenges by the		
19	Secretary of Health to rules or proposed rules		
20	of the board; amending ss. 463.0057, 463.006,		
21	and 463.009, F.S., relating to optometric		
22	faculty certificates, licensure and		
23	certification by examination, and supportive		
24	personnel, to conform; amending s. 463.014,		
25	F.S.; eliminating a provision that prohibits a		
26	licensed practitioner from prescribing,		
27	ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying,		
28	selling, or giving systemic drugs; providing an		
29	effective date.		
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31	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida	a:	
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.			

SB 142

1 Section 1. Subsections (3), (4), and (5) of section 2 463.002, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 3 463.002 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the 4 term: 5 (3)(a) "Licensed practitioner" means a person who is a б primary health care provider licensed to engage in the practice of optometry under the authority of this chapter. 7 8 (b) A licensed practitioner who is not a certified 9 optometrist shall be required to display at her or his place 10 of practice a sign which states, "I am a Licensed 11 Practitioner, not a Certified Optometrist, and I am not able to prescribe topical ocular pharmaceutical agents." 12 13 (c) All practitioners initially licensed after July 1, 14 1993, must be certified optometrists. "Certified optometrist" means a licensed 15 (4) practitioner authorized by the board to administer and 16 17 prescribe topical ocular pharmaceutical agents. 18 "Optometry" means the diagnosis of conditions of (5) 19 the human eye and its appendages; the employment of any 20 objective or subjective means or methods, including the administration of topical ocular pharmaceutical agents, for 21 the purpose of determining the refractive powers of the human 22 eyes, or any visual, muscular, neurological, or anatomic 23 24 anomalies of the human eyes and their appendages; and the 25 prescribing and employment of lenses, prisms, frames, mountings, contact lenses, orthoptic exercises, light 26 27 frequencies, and any other means or methods, including topical 28 ocular pharmaceutical agents, for the correction, remedy, or 29 relief of any insufficiencies or abnormal conditions of the human eyes and their appendages. 30

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1 Section 2. Paragraphs (a) and (g) of subsection (1) of section 463.005, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 2 3 463.005 Authority of the board.--(1) The Board of Optometry has authority to adopt 4 5 rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the б provisions of this chapter conferring duties upon it. Such 7 rules shall include, but not be limited to, rules relating to: 8 (a) Scope and standards of practice, including, but 9 not limited to, those provided for in s. 463.0135. 10 (g) Administration and prescription of topical ocular 11 pharmaceutical agents. Section 3. Section 463.0055, Florida Statutes, is 12 13 amended to read: 463.0055 Administration and prescription of topical 14 15 ocular pharmaceutical agents; committee .--(1) Certified optometrists may administer and 16 17 prescribe topical ocular pharmaceutical agents as provided in 18 this section for the diagnosis and treatment of ocular 19 conditions of the human eye and its appendages without the use 20 of surgery or other invasive techniques. However, a licensed 21 practitioner who is not certified may use topically applied anesthetics, mydriatics, and cycloplegics solely for 22 diagnostic purposes the purpose of glaucoma examinations, but 23 24 is otherwise prohibited from administering or prescribing 25 topical ocular pharmaceutical agents. (2)(a) There is hereby created a committee composed of 26 27 two optometrists licensed pursuant to this chapter, appointed 28 by the Board of Optometry, two board-certified ophthalmologists licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 29 459, appointed by the Board of Medicine, and one additional 30 31 person with a doctorate degree in pharmacology who is not 3

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licensed pursuant to chapter 458, chapter 459, or this chapter, appointed by the secretary. The committee <u>members</u> shall review requests for additions to, deletions from, or modifications of a formulary of topical ocular pharmaceutical agents for administration and prescription by certified optometrists and <u>may</u>, as the committee deems appropriate, shall provide to the board advisory opinions and recommendations on such requests. The formulary shall consist of those topical ocular pharmaceutical agents which the certified optometrist is qualified to use in the practice of optometry. The board shall establish, add to, delete from, or

optometry. The board shall establish, add to, delete from, optometry the formulary by rule. Notwithstanding any provision of chapter 120 to the contrary, the formulary rule shall become effective 60 days from the date it is filed with the Secretary of State.

(b) The formulary may be added to, deleted from, or modified according to the procedure described in paragraph (a). Any person who requests an addition, deletion, or modification of an authorized topical ocular pharmaceutical agent shall have the burden of proof to show cause why such addition, deletion, or modification should be made.

(c) The secretary of the department shall have 22 standing to challenge any rule or proposed rule of the board 23 24 pursuant to s. 120.56. In addition to challenges for any 25 invalid exercise of delegated legislative authority, the administrative law judge, upon such a challenge by the 26 27 secretary, may declare all or part of a rule or proposed rule invalid if it: 28 29 1. Does not protect the public from any significant 30 and discernible harm or damages;

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1 2. Unreasonably restricts competition or the 2 availability of professional services in the state or in a 3 significant part of the state; or 4 3. Unnecessarily increases the cost of professional 5 services without a corresponding or equivalent public benefit. б 7 However, there shall not be created a presumption of the existence of any of the conditions cited in this subsection in 8 9 the event that the rule or proposed rule is challenged. 10 (c) (d) Upon adoption of the formulary required by this 11 section, and upon each addition, deletion, or modification to the formulary, the board shall mail a copy of the amended 12 13 formulary to each certified optometrist and to each pharmacy 14 licensed by the state. (3) A certified optometrist shall be issued a 15 prescriber number by the board. Any prescription written by a 16 17 certified optometrist for a topical ocular pharmaceutical agent pursuant to this section shall have the prescriber 18 19 number printed thereon. Section 4. Subsection (3) of section 463.0057, Florida 20 21 Statutes, is amended to read: 463.0057 Optometric faculty certificate.--22 (3) The holder of a faculty certificate may engage in 23 24 the practice of optometry as permitted by this section, but 25 may not administer or prescribe topical ocular pharmaceutical agents unless the certificateholder has satisfied the 26 requirements of s. 463.006(1)(b)4. and 5. 27 28 Section 5. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 463.006, 29 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 30 463.006 Licensure and certification by examination .--31

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1	(2) The examination shall consist of the appropriate	
2	ubjects, including applicable state laws and rules and	
3	general and ocular pharmacology with emphasis on the topical	
4	application and side effects of ocular pharmaceutical agents.	
5	ne board may by rule substitute a national examination as	
6	art or all of the examination and may by rule offer a	
7	practical examination in addition to the written examination.	
8	(3) Each applicant who successfully passes the	
9	examination and otherwise meets the requirements of this	
10	apter is entitled to be licensed as a practitioner and to be	
11	certified to administer and prescribe topical ocular	
12	harmaceutical agents in the diagnosis and treatment of ocular	
13	conditions.	
14	Section 6. Section 463.009, Florida Statutes, is	
15	amended to read:	
16	463.009 Supportive personnelNo person other than a	
17	licensed practitioner may engage in the practice of optometry	
18	as defined in s. 463.002(5). Except as provided in this	
19	section, under no circumstances shall nonlicensed supportive	
20	personnel be delegated diagnosis or treatment duties; however,	
21	such personnel may perform data gathering, preliminary	
22	testing, prescribed visual therapy, and related duties under	
23	the direct supervision of the licensed practitioner.	
24	Nonlicensed personnel, who need not be employees of the	
25	licensed practitioner, may perform ministerial duties, tasks,	
26	and functions assigned to them by and performed under the	
27	general supervision of a licensed practitioner, including	
28	btaining information from consumers for the purpose of making	
29	ppointments for the licensed practitioner. The licensed	
30	practitioner shall be responsible for all delegated acts	
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1 performed by persons under her or his direct and general 2 supervision. 3 Section 7. Section 463.014, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 4 5 463.014 Certain acts prohibited.-б (1)(a) No corporation, lay body, organization, or individual other than a licensed practitioner shall engage in 7 8 the practice of optometry through the means of engaging the 9 services, upon a salary, commission, or other means or 10 inducement, of any person licensed to practice optometry in 11 this state. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to prohibit the association of a licensed practitioner with a 12 multidisciplinary group of licensed health care professionals, 13 the primary objective of which is the diagnosis and treatment 14 of the human body. 15 (b) No licensed practitioner shall engage in the 16 17 practice of optometry with any corporation, organization, group, or lay individual. This provision shall not prohibit 18 19 licensed practitioners from employing, or from forming partnerships or professional associations with, licensed 20 practitioners licensed in this state or with other licensed 21 health care professionals, the primary objective of whom is 22 the diagnosis and treatment of the human body. 23 24 (c) No rule of the board shall forbid the practice of 25 optometry in or on the premises of a commercial or mercantile establishment. 26 27 (d) No licensed practitioner may practice under 28 practice identification names, trade names, or service names, 29 unless any dissemination of information by the practitioner to consumers contains the name under which the practitioner is 30 31 licensed or that of the professional association in which the 7

1 practitioner participates. Any advertisement or other 2 dissemination of information to consumers may contain factual 3 information as to the geographic location of licensed practitioners or of the availability of optometric services. 4 5 (e) No licensed practitioner shall adopt and publish б or cause to be published any practice identification name, 7 trade name, or service name which is, contains, or is intended to serve as an affirmation of the quality or competitive value 8 9 of the optometric services provided at the identified 10 practice. 11 (2) A corporation or labor organization may employ licensed practitioners to provide optometric services to bona 12 13 fide employees of such corporation and members of their immediate families or to bona fide members of such labor 14 organization and members of their immediate families, provided 15 the provision of such services is incidental to the legitimate 16 17 business of such corporation or labor organization. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to authorize the employment of 18 19 licensed practitioners by corporations or organizations formed 20 primarily for such purposes. (3) Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, 21

22 supplying, selling, or giving any systemic drugs by a licensed
23 practitioner is prohibited.

24 (3)(4) Surgery of any kind, including the use of 25 lasers, is expressly prohibited. Certified optometrists may 26 remove superficial foreign bodies. For the purposes of this 27 subsection, the term "superficial foreign bodies" means any 28 foreign matter that is embedded in the conjunctiva or cornea 29 but which has not penetrated the globe.

30 (4)(5) No rule of the board shall prohibit a licensed 31 practitioner from authorizing a board-certified optician to

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1	fill, fit, adapt, or dispense a contact lens prescription as
2	authorized under chapter 484.
3	Section 8. This act shall take effect October 1, 2000.
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6	HOUSE SUMMARY
7	Deminer the Decud of Orterstrue in implementing the 462
8	Requires the Board of Optometry in implementing ch. 463, F.S., the Optometry Practice Act, to adopt rules relating
9	to scope and standards of practice. Authorizes administration and prescription of pharmaceutical agents
10	within the scope and standards of optometric practice as established by the board by rule and provides
11	requirements with respect thereto. Authorizes licensed practitioners to use mydriatics and cycloplegics for diagnostic purposes. Deviace duties of the pharmaceutical
12	diagnostic purposes. Revises duties of the pharmaceutical agent formulary committee. Eliminates provisions relating to the effective date of the formulary rule and to
13	challenges by the Secretary of Health to rules or proposed rules of the board. Amends various provisions of
14	law to conform. See bill for details.
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