1 A bill to be entitled 2 3

4

5

6

7

8 9

10

11 12

13 14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24 25

26

27 28

29

30

31

An act relating to correctional and detention facilities; amending s. 945.215, F.S.; revising and clarifying authorized uses of moneys in the Inmates Welfare Trust Fund; providing limitations; providing health care of inmates in the state correctional system; providing legislative intent with respect to the Correctional Managed Health Care Pilot Program; establishing the Correctional Managed Health Care Pilot Program; specifying the correctional facilities to be included in the pilot program; requiring the Department of Corrections to contract with a private health care vendor for the purpose of providing health care services; providing for a criminal history check of individuals employed by or contracting with the health care vendor; providing that sovereign immunity does not apply to any vendor performing services under the pilot program; requiring that the vendor and any subcontractor indemnify the state and the department against any liability; requiring that the population of inmates served under the pilot program be similar to other inmates in the state correctional system; providing for the prime vendor pharmaceutical contract to be available to the health care vendor operating the pilot program; providing operations of correctional work programs; revising provisions relating to leased or managed work programs to conform to

```
current operations and applications; amending
ss. 946.502, 946.5025, 946.5026, 946.503,
946.506, 946.509, 946.511, 946.514, 946.515,
946.516, 946.518, and 946.520, F.S.; conforming
internal cross references; deleting obsolete
language; clarifying a definition; changing a
reporting date; amending s. 946.504, F.S.;
deleting certain obsolete work program lease
requirements; deleting a requirement that the
Department of Corrections remit certain funds
to a corporation established for correctional
work program purposes; deleting a prohibition
against transferring operating losses to the
corporation; deleting a requirement that the
corporation employ certain department
personnel; amending s. 957.04, F.S., to conform
a cross reference; providing for housing of
federal inmates or detainees; creating s.
944.1055, F.S.; amending ss. 943.13, 943.133
and 943.10; providing for a feasibility study
on secure private sector long-term care
facilities; providing an effective date.
```

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13 14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

2526

27

28

29

Section 1. Paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d) of subsection (1) of section 945.215, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

945.215 Inmate welfare and employee benefit trust funds.--

(1) INMATE WELFARE TRUST FUND; DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS.--

- (a) The Inmate Welfare Trust Fund constitutes a trust held by the department for the benefit and welfare of inmates incarcerated in correctional facilities operated directly by the department and for visitation and family programs and services in such correctional facilities. Funds shall be credited to the trust fund as follows:
- All funds held in any auxiliary, canteen, welfare, or similar fund in any correctional facility operated directly by the department.
- 2. All net proceeds from operating inmate canteens, vending machines used primarily by inmates and visitors, hobby shops, and other such facilities; however, funds necessary to purchase items for resale at inmate canteens and vending machines must be deposited into local bank accounts designated by the department.
- 3. All proceeds from contracted telephone commissions. The department shall develop and update, as necessary, administrative procedures to verify that:
- a. Contracted telephone companies accurately record and report all telephone calls made by inmates incarcerated in correctional facilities under the department's jurisdiction;
- b. Persons who accept collect calls from inmates are charged the contracted rate; and
- c. The department receives the contracted telephone commissions.
- 4. Any funds that may be assigned by inmates or donated to the department by the general public or an inmate service organization; however, the department shall not accept any donation from, or on behalf of, any individual inmate.

3

4 5

6 7

8 9

10 11

12

13 14

15

16 17

19 20

18

21 22 23

24 25

26 27

28 29

30 31

Repayment of the one-time sum of \$500,000 appropriated in fiscal year 1996-1997 from the Inmate Welfare Trust Fund for correctional work programs pursuant to s. 946.008.

5.6. All proceeds from:

- The confiscation and liquidation of any contraband found upon, or in the possession of, any inmate;
 - Disciplinary fines imposed against inmates;
 - Forfeitures of inmate earnings; and c.
- d. Unexpended balances in individual inmate trust fund accounts of less than \$1.
- 6.7. All interest earnings and other proceeds derived from investments of funds deposited in the trust fund. In the manner authorized by law for fiduciaries, the secretary of the department, or the secretary's designee, may invest any funds in the trust fund when it is determined that such funds are not needed for immediate use.
- (b) Funds in the Inmate Welfare Trust Fund must be used exclusively for the following purposes at correctional facilities operated directly by the department:
- To operate inmate canteens and vending machines, including purchasing items for resale at inmate canteens and vending machines; employing personnel and inmates to manage, supervise, and operate inmate canteens and vending machines; and covering other operating and fixed capital outlay expenses associated with operating inmate canteens and vending machines;
- To employ personnel to manage and supervise the proceeds from telephone commissions;
- To develop, implement, and maintain the medical copayment accounting system;

4. To provide literacy programs, vocational training programs, and educational programs that comply with standards of the Department of Education, including employing personnel and covering other operating and fixed capital outlay expenses associated with providing such programs;

- 5. To operate inmate chapels, faith-based programs, visiting pavilions, visiting services and programs, family services and programs, libraries, and law libraries, including employing personnel and covering other operating and fixed capital outlay expenses associated with operating inmate chapels, faith-based programs, visiting pavilions, visiting services and programs, family services and programs, libraries, and law libraries;
- 6. To purchase and repair televisions and antennae to be used in inmate common areas and visitation areas to provide inmates and their visitors with limited access to non-cable network programming.
- $\frac{7.6.}{}$ To provide for expenses associated with various inmate clubs;
- 8.7. To provide for expenses associated with legal services for inmates;
- 9.8. To provide inmate substance abuse treatment programs and transition and life skills training programs, including employing personnel and covering other operating and fixed capital outlay expenses associated with providing such programs.
- 10. To purchase wellness equipment for use by inmates, including equipment for team sports and fitness activities to support wellness habits, to promote healthy behavior, and to reduce idleness for better institutional management, but excluding free weights.

(c) The Legislature shall annually appropriate the funds deposited in the Inmate Welfare Trust Fund. It is the intent of the Legislature that total annual expenditures for providing literacy programs, vocational training programs, and educational programs exceed the combined total annual expenditures for operating inmate chapels, faith-based programs, visiting pavilions, visiting services and programs, televisions, television repairs, family services and programs, libraries, and law libraries, covering expenses associated with inmate clubs, and providing inmate substance abuse treatment programs and transition and life skills training programs.

(d) Funds in the Inmate Welfare Trust Fund or any other fund may not be used to purchase cable television service. Such funds may not generally be used, to rent or purchase videocassettes or, videocassette recorders, or other audiovisual or electronic equipment used primarily for recreation purposes. This paragraph does not preclude the purchase or rental of videocassettes or videocassette recorders electronic or audiovisual equipment for inmate training, or educational programs, or the amusement of children in visitation areas.

Section 2. Section 945, Florida Statutes, is created to read: Legislative intent--

delivery of inmate health care be accomplished in accordance with the commonly accepted standards within the professional health community at large; be provided at a level comparable to a Medicaid-service level of care, enhanced to include dental, mental health, and pharmacy programs that are at least equivalent to the level of care provided by the Office of

Health Services of the Department of Corrections; and be provided in the most cost-effective manner possible. It is also the intent of the Legislature to reduce and control the escalating costs of inmate health care by implementing, in a pilot project, the managed health care approach described in this section and specifically authorized in the 2000-2001 General Appropriations Act. In managing the contract for the Correctional Managed Health Care Pilot Program contract, the Department of Corrections shall safeguard the state's interest in providing lawfully adequate health care to inmates.

- (2) Notwithstanding section 945.6031(2), Florida

 Statutes, the Correctional Medical Authority shall conduct surveys of the physical and mental health care system of each prison that participates in the Correctional Managed Health Care Pilot Program and shall report the survey findings to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Secretary of Corrections no later than March 1, 2003.
- Program is established for the purpose of providing inmate health care, including primary, convalescent, dental, and mental health care, to inmates housed by the Department of Corrections at the prisons located in the region designated by the department as Region IV on March 1, 2000. The pilot program shall:
- 1. Commence with a contract awarded to a private health care vendor by the Department of Corrections, at the department's discretion. The private health care vendor shall provide services to inmates, except inmates housed in institutions authorized under chapter 957, Florida Statutes, at a level that is comparable to the level of care provided

under Medicaid. In addition, services shall be enhanced to include dental, mental health, and pharmacy programs that are at least equivalent to the level of care provided by the Office of Health Services of the Department of Corrections.

The contract for the pilot project shall be terminated no later than December 31, 2003.

- 2. Maintain lawfully adequate levels of inmate health care and provide access to health care while achieving substantial cost savings.
- 3. Adhere to the health care procedures, health care plans, health service bulletins, and treatment protocols relating to the provision of inmate health care services adopted by the Department of Corrections.
- (b) The private health care vendor shall provide the names, addresses, and social security numbers and, upon request, a complete set of fingerprints taken by an authorized law enforcement agency, of all individuals who will be employed by, or contracting with, the vendor within the state's correctional system for the purpose of a background check. The Department of Law Enforcement may accept such fingerprints for the purpose of conducting a statewide and national criminal history check and, to the extent provided by law, to exchange state, multistate, and federal criminal history records with the Department of Corrections.
- (c) The Department of Corrections shall provide training to the private health care vendor, any subcontractors, and their respective employees with regard to security requirements and health care recordkeeping to be maintained by the vendor, subcontractor, or employees while working within the state's correctional system. The Correctional Medical Authority shall be available to assist

the private vendor in meeting the health care standards set forth by the Department of Corrections.

- (4) Section 768.28(10)(a), Florida Statutes, does not apply to any vendor performing services under the Correctional Managed Health Care Pilot Program. The vendor entering into a contract under this section is liable in tort with respect to the care of inmates under the Correctional Managed Health Care Pilot Program and for any breach of contract. Sovereign immunity may not be raised by a vendor, subcontractor, or employee of the vendor or subcontractor, or by the insurer of the vendor, subcontractor, or employee on their behalf, as a defense in any action arising out of the performance of any service under the terms of any contract entered under this section or as a defense in tort, or any other application, with respect to the care of inmates and for any breach of contract.
- (5) Each primary vendor or subcontractor entering into an agreement under this section shall defend and indemnify the state and the Department of Corrections, including their officials, employees and agents, against any claim, loss, damage, cost, charge, or expense arising out of any act, action, neglect, or omission by the vendor or its agents or employees during the performance of the contract, whether direct or indirect, including, but not limited to, any tort or civil rights liability. Proof of satisfactory insurance is required in the request for proposal and resulting contract, if any is awarded. The vendor shall provide a performance bond in an amount to be specified in the request for proposal.
- (6) The population of inmates housed in correctional facilities within which the Correctional Managed Health Care
 Pilot Program is operated shall be of a substantially similar

composition as those inmates who are housed in similar facilities in the remainder of the state correctional system with respect to their overall health, age, mental health, and dental requirements.

(7) The prime vendor pharmaceutical contract of the state shall be available to the private health care vendor selected to operate the Correctional Managed Health Care Pilot Program. However, the private health care vendor is not required to use the state's prime vendor pharmaceutical contract.

Section 3. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section 946.502, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

946.502 Legislative intent with respect to operation of correctional work programs.--

- (2) It is further the intent of the Legislature that, once one such nonprofit corporation is organized, no other nonprofit corporation be organized for the purpose of carrying out this part ss. 946.502-946.518. In carrying out this part ss. 946.502-946.518, the corporation is not an "agency" within the meaning of s. 20.03(11).
- (3) It is further the intent of the Legislature that, by July 1, 1985, the corporation shall \underline{lease} have \underline{leased} all correctional work programs from the department.
- (4) It is further the intent of the Legislature that the state shall have a continuing interest in assuring continuity and stability in the operation of correctional work programs and that this part $\frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{100}$

Section 4. Section 946.5025, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

946.5025 Authorization of corporation to enter into contracts.—The corporation established under this <u>part</u> chapter may enter into contracts to operate correctional work programs with any county or municipal authority that operates a correctional facility or with a contractor authorized under chapter 944 or chapter 957 to operate a private correctional facility. The corporation has the same powers, privileges, and immunities in carrying out such contracts as it has under this chapter.

Section 5. Section 946.5026, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

946.5026 Sovereign immunity in tort actions.--The provisions of s. 768.28 shall be applicable to the corporation established <u>under this part pursuant to s. 946.504(1)</u>, which is deemed to be a corporation primarily acting as an instrumentality of the state.

Section 6. Section 946.503, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

946.503 Definitions to be used with respect to correctional work programs.—As used in this part $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$

- (1) "Corporation" means the private nonprofit corporation established pursuant to s. 946.504(1), or a private nonprofit corporation whose sole member is the private nonprofit corporation established pursuant to s. 946.504(1), whose board of directors is identical to the board of directors of the private nonprofit corporation established pursuant to s. 946.504(1), to carry out this part ss. 946.502-946.518.
- (2) "Correctional work program" means any program presently a part of the prison industries program operated by

the department or any other correctional work program carried on at any state correctional facility presently or in the future, but the term does not include any program authorized by s. 945.091 or s. 946.40.

2

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13 14

15

16 17

18

19

20

21

2223

24

2526

27

2829

30

31

- (3) "Department" means the Department of Corrections.
- (4) "Facilities" means the buildings and land used in the operation of an industry program on state property.
- (5) "Inmate" means any person incarcerated within any state, county, municipal, or private correctional facility.
- (6) "Private correctional facility" means a facility authorized by chapter 944 or chapter 957.

Section 7. Section 946.504, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

946.504 Organization of corporation to operate correctional work programs; lease of facilities.--

(1) The department shall lease buildings and land to the nonprofit corporation authorized to operate the correctional work programs, the members of which are appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. The same appointment process shall be followed to fill any vacancy. The corporation shall be organized pursuant to chapter 617 and shall possess all the powers granted by that chapter. The Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund shall enter into leases directly with the corporation, for a period of at least 20 years, for the lease of the lands that are currently under sublease with the department and used by the corporation for correctional work programs and that are identified as subject to lease numbers 3513, 2946, 2675, 2937, 2673, and 2671 with the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund. Any additional improvements to such property leased by the corporation from the Board of Trustees

must have the prior approval of the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund.

- (2) No sublease for land from any other agency of state government shall be in excess of that amount for which the department is obligated to pay under any lease agreement with any other agency of state government.
- department Department of Management Services to reach and enter into an agreement for the lease of each correctional work program proposed by the corporation. The facilities to be leased and the amount of rental for such facilities shall be agreed upon by the department Department of Management Services and the corporation, with consultation with the department. The length of such lease shall be mutually agreed upon among the department, the Department of Management Services, and the corporation; however, the initial lease may not exceed 7 years. The department shall continue to manage and operate the various correctional work programs until the lease between the department and the corporation is effective.
- (4) If the department leases a single correctional work program at any correctional institution to the corporation, the corporation shall lease all such correctional work programs at that institution.
- (5)(a) Prior to entering into any lease or other separate contract or agreement between the department and the corporation, the department shall determine that:
- 1. The members of the corporation were appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate;
- 2. The articles of incorporation of the corporation have been approved by the Governor; and

- 3. The articles of incorporation contain a provision that prohibits any director from voting on any matter that comes before the board of directors that would result in a direct monetary gain to any director or any entity in which any director has an interest.
- (b) The lease must be submitted to the Attorney General for his or her approval as to form and legality.
- (b)(c) All leases of land shall be subject to the approval of the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund.
- (6)(a) Upon the effective date of each lease of each correctional work program, the department shall cause to be remitted to the corporation all funds appropriated for, associated with, or budgeted for the operation of that correctional work program, as agreed upon among the department, the Department of Management Services, and the corporation.
- (b) No operating loss of any type may be transferred to the corporation.
- (7) When it leases any correctional work program, the corporation shall exercise a reasonable effort to employ the personnel of the department who are currently involved in the correctional work programs being leased to the corporation.
- (6)(8) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, the corporation is authorized to use tax-exempt financing through the issuance of tax-exempt bonds, certificates of participation, lease-purchase agreements, or other tax-exempt financing methods for the purpose of constructing facilities or making capital improvements for correctional work programs and prison industry enhancement programs on state-owned land within state correctional institutions. Such tax-exempt

financing may be funded by the General Appropriations Act. If the corporation obtains tax-exempt financing, the state 3 retains a secured interest by holding a lien against any 4 structure or improvement for which tax-exempt financing or 5 state funds are used. The corporation shall include a provision in its financing contract requiring that a lien be 6 7 filed by the Department of Corrections, on behalf of the 8 state, in order to procure the issuance of tax-exempt bonds or 9 certificates of participation; to enter into lease-purchase agreements; or to obtain any other tax-exempt financing 10 methods for the construction or renovation of facilities 11 12 related to correctional work programs or prison industry enhancement programs. The lien shall be against the property 13 14 where any facility or structure is located which has been 15 constructed or substantially renovated, in whole or in part, through the use of state funds. However, there is no 16 17 requirement for the Department of Corrections to file a lien if the amount of state funds does not exceed \$25,000 or 10 18 19 percent of the contract amount, whichever is less. The lien must be recorded, upon the execution of the contract 20 authorizing such construction or renovation, in the county 21 22 where the property is located. The lien must specify that the 23 Department of Corrections has a financial interest in the property equal to the pro rata portion of the state's original 24 investment of the then-fair-market value of the construction. 25 26 The lien must also specify that the Department of Corrections' 27 financial interest is proportionately reduced and subsequently vacated over a 20-year period of depreciation. The contract 28 29 must include a provision that as a condition of receipt of state funding for this purpose, the corporation agrees that, 30 if it disposes of the property before the state's interest is 31

vacated, the corporation will refund the proportionate share of the state's initial investment, as adjusted by depreciation.

Section 8. Section 946.506, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

946.506 Modification or termination of correctional work program by the corporation.—This part does Sections 946.502-946.518 do not prevent the corporation from modifying, altering, or terminating any correctional work program, once assumed, so long as the corporation is otherwise carrying out the provisions of this part ss. 946.502-946.518.

Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 946.509, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

946.509 Insurance of property leased or acquired by the corporation.--

(1) The State Property Insurance Trust Fund created under s. 284.01 shall insure all property eligible for coverage under part I of chapter 284 which is leased by the department to the corporation or which is subsequently acquired and owned or leased by the corporation and subject to the reversionary ownership interest of the state established in s. 946.505.

Section 10. Subsection (1) of section 946.511, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

946.511 Provision of inmate labor to operate correctional work programs; policies and procedures.--

(1) Inmates shall be evaluated and identified during the reception process to determine basic literacy, employment skills, academic skills, vocational skills, and remedial and rehabilitative needs. The evaluation shall prescribe education, work, and work-training for each inmate. Assignment

to programs shall be based on the evaluation and the length of time the inmate will be in the custody of the department.

Assignment to programs shall be reviewed every 6 months to ensure proper placement based on bed space availability.

Assignment of inmates shall be governed by the following objectives and priorities:

- (a) Inmates shall be assigned to meet the needs of the work requirements of the Department of Corrections, including essential operational functions and revenue-generating contracts.
- (b) Inmates shall be assigned to correctional education.
- (c) Inmates shall be assigned to meet all other work requirements of the department, including remaining operational functions and nonrevenue-generating contracts.

As used in this subsection, the term "revenue-generating contracts" includes contracts with the Department of Transportation, the corporation authorized to conduct the correctional work programs under this part \pm , the corporation and private sector businesses operating programs authorized under s. 946.523 946.006(3), and federal, state, or local governmental entities or subdivisions authorized under s. 944.10(7).

Section 11. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 946.514, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

946.514 Civil rights of inmates; inmates not state employees; liability of corporation for inmate injuries.--

(1) Nothing contained in this part ss. 946.502-946.517 is intended to restore in whole or in part the civil rights of inmates.

1 (2) No inmate compensated under this part ss.
2 946.502-946.517 or by the corporation or the department shall
3 be considered as an employee of the state, the department, or
4 the corporation.

Section 12. Subsection (7) of section 946.515, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

946.515 Use of goods and services produced in correctional work programs.--

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20

21

22

24

2526

27

2829

30

31

(7) The provisions of $\underline{\text{s.ss.}}$ 946.21 and 946.518 do not apply to this section.

Section 13. Subsection (1) of section 946.516, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

946.516 Report to Governor, Legislature, and Auditor General by the corporation; Department of Corrections report; annual financial audit.--

(1) The corporation shall submit to the Governor and the Legislature, on or before July January 1 of each year, a report on the status of the correctional work programs, including, but not limited to, the proposed use of the profits from such programs, a breakdown of the amount of noninmate labor used, work subcontracted to other vendors, use of consultants, finished goods purchased for resale, and the number of inmates working in the correctional work programs at the time of such report. In addition, the corporation shall submit to the department, the Governor, the Legislature, and the Auditor General an annual financial audit report and such other information as may be requested by the Legislature, together with recommendations relating to provisions for reasonable tax incentives to private enterprises which employ inmates, parolees, or former inmates who have participated in correctional work programs.

Section 14. Section 946.518, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

946.518 Sale of goods made by prisoners; when prohibited, when permitted.—Goods, wares, or merchandise manufactured or mined in whole or in part by prisoners (except prisoners on parole or probation) may not be sold or offered for sale in this state by any person or by any federal authority or state or political subdivision thereof; however, this section does and s. 946.21 do not forbid the sale, exchange, or disposition of such goods within the limitations set forth in s. 946.006(3),s. 946.515, s. 946.523,or s. 946.524 946.519.

Section 15. Section 946.520, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

946.520 Assignment of inmates by Department of Corrections.--

assign inmates to the corporation, or the private sector business authorized under this part fof this chapter, who have not less than 1 nor more than 5 years remaining before their tentative release dates. Beginning January 1, 1998, the department shall maintain the assignment of at least 60 percent of inmates to all correctional work programs collectively to the corporation, or to the private sector business authorized under this part fof this chapter, who have less than 10 years remaining before their tentative release dates. This 60-percent requirement does not apply to any correctional work program, or private sector business authorized under this part fof this chapter, within an institution for any year in which, as of January 1 of that year, the average years remaining before the tentative release

date of all inmates assigned to that institution exceeds 12 years.

assigned to the corporation or to the private sector business authorized under this part I of this chapter, except upon request of or consent of such corporation or private sector business or for the purposes of population management, for inmate conduct that may subject the inmate to disciplinary confinement or loss of gain-time, or for security and safety concerns specifically set forth in writing to the corporation or private sector business.

Section 16. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section 957.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

957.04 Contract requirements.--

- (1) A contract entered into under this chapter for the operation of private correctional facilities shall maximize the cost savings of such facilities and shall:
- (f) Require the contractor to be responsible for a range of dental, medical, and psychological services; diet; education; and work programs at least equal to those provided by the department in comparable facilities. The work and education programs must be designed to reduce recidivism, and include opportunities to participate in such work programs as authorized pursuant to s. 946.523 946.006.

Section 17. Section 944.1055, Florida Statutes is created to read:

No private entity may develop or operate a private correctional or detention facility for the exclusive housing of federal inmates or detainees, unless:

1. The location, intended use, and description of the facility has been approved by resolution of the legislative

authority of the local governmental entity in which the facility is to be located after a public notice and meeting in accordance with applicable law; and

2. All correctional officers and security supervisory staff prior to being employed at the facility have completed a training curriculum that meets or exceeds the then current training standards for a correctional officer employed by the state.

Provided that if a private entity meeting the requirements of this section elects exclusively to use correctional officers and security supervision staff certified pursuant to s. 943.1395, such officers and staff may use necessary force in a manner consistent with the authority granted to private correctional officers under s. 957.05.

Section 18. Section 943.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

943.13 Officers' minimum qualifications for employment or appointment.—On or after October 1, 1984, any person employed or appointed as a full-time, part-time, or auxiliary law enforcement officer or correctional officer; on or after October 1, 1986, any person employed as a full-time, part-time, or auxiliary correctional probation officer; and on or after October 1, 1986, any person employed as a full-time, part-time, or auxiliary correctional officer by a private entity under contract to the Department of Corrections, to a county commission, or to the Correctional Privatization Commission or by a private entity electing exclusively to use certified correctional officers operating a facility for the exclusive housing of federal inmates or detainees shall:

(1) Be at least 19 years of age.

- (2) Be a citizen of the United States, notwithstanding any law of the state to the contrary.
- (3) Be a high school graduate or its "equivalent" as the commission has defined the term by rule.

- (4) Not have been convicted of any felony or of a misdemeanor involving perjury or a false statement, or have received a dishonorable discharge from any of the Armed Forces of the United States. Any person who, after July 1, 1981, pleads guilty or nolo contendere to or is found guilty of any felony or of a misdemeanor involving perjury or a false statement is not eligible for employment or appointment as an officer, notwithstanding suspension of sentence or withholding of adjudication. Notwithstanding this subsection, any person who has pled nolo contendere to a misdemeanor involving a false statement, prior to December 1, 1985, and has had such record sealed or expunged shall not be deemed ineligible for employment or appointment as an officer.
- (5) Have documentation of his or her processed fingerprints on file with the employing agency or, if a private correctional officer, have documentation of his or her processed fingerprints on file with the Department of Corrections or the Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission. If administrative delays are caused by the department or the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the person has complied with subsections (1)-(4) and (6)-(9), he or she may be employed or appointed for a period not to exceed 1 calendar year from the date he or she was employed or appointed or until return of the processed fingerprints documenting noncompliance with subsections (1)-(4) or subsection (7), whichever occurs first.

- 1 2 3
- 4 5 6
- 7 8
- 9 10 11 12
- 13 14
- 15 16
- 17 18
- 19 20
- 21
- 22 23
- 24 25
- 26 27
- 29

- (6) Have passed a physical examination by a licensed physician, based on specifications established by the commission.
- (7) Have a good moral character as determined by a background investigation under procedures established by the commission.
- (8) Execute and submit to the employing agency or, if a private correctional officer, submit to the appropriate governmental entity an affidavit-of-applicant form, adopted by the commission, attesting to his or her compliance with subsections (1)-(7). The affidavit shall be executed under oath and constitutes an official statement within the purview of s. 837.06. The affidavit shall include conspicuous language that the intentional false execution of the affidavit constitutes a misdemeanor of the second degree. The affidavit shall be retained by the employing agency.
- (9) Complete a commission-approved basic recruit training program for the applicable criminal justice discipline, unless exempt under this subsection. An applicant who has:
- Completed a comparable basic recruit training program for the applicable criminal justice discipline in another state or for the Federal Government; and
- (b) Served as a full-time sworn officer in another state or for the Federal Government for at least one year
- is exempt in accordance with s. 943.131(2) from completing the commission-approved basic recruit training program.
- (10) Achieve an acceptable score on the officer certification examination for the applicable criminal justice discipline.

(11) Comply with the continuing training or education requirements of s. 943.135.

Section 19. Subsection (4) of section 943.133, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

943.133 Responsibilities of employing agency, commission, and program with respect to compliance with employment qualifications and the conduct of background investigations; injunctive relief.--

- (4)(a) When the employing agency is a private entity under contract to the county or the state pursuant to s. 944.105, s. 951.062, or chapter 957, the contracting agency shall be responsible for meeting the requirements of subsections (1), (2), and (3).
- (b) When the employer of a certified correctional officer is a private entity electing to use certified correctional officers operating a facility for the exclusive housing of federal inmates or detainees, the employer shall be responsible for meeting the requirements of subsection (1), (2), and (3).

Section 20. Subsection (4) of section 943.10, Florida Statutes is amended to read:

- 943.10 Definitions; ss. 943.085-943.255.--The following words and phrases as used in ss. 943.085-943.255 are defined as follows:
- (4) "Employing agency" means any agency or unit of government or any municipality or the state or any political subdivision thereof, or any agent thereof, which has constitutional or statutory authority to employ or appoint persons as officers. The term also includes any private entity which has contracted with the state or county for the operation and maintenance of a nonjuvenile detention facility.

```
The term also includes any private entity electing exclusively
    to use certified correctional officers operating a facility
2
3
    for the exclusive housing of federal inmates or detainees.
           The Agency for Health Care Administration, with the
4
5
    assistance of the Department of Corrections, shall conduct a
6
    feasibility study on the placement of aged, infirm or disabled
7
    correctional inmates into secure private sector long-term care
    facilities. The feasibility study shall determine whether
8
9
    such placements would result in cost-savings for the state,
    what alternative fiscal resources would be available for these
10
    placements, and whether such placements would be in the
11
    interest of the general public and the inmates. The study
12
13
    shall be completed and presented, along with any
14
    recommendations resulting therefrom, to the Legislature by
15
   November 1, 2000. The agency shall include public members and
16
    representatives of the long-term care industry in an advisory
17
    committee to assist in the study and preparation of the report
    to the Legislature. Members of the advisory committee shall
18
19
    pay their own expenses and the agency shall staff the
20
    committee from its existing resources.
21
           Section 21. This act shall take effect July 1, 2000.
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
                                  25
```