A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to personal injury protection 3 insurance claims; amending s. 627.736, F.S.; 4 increasing the allowable time for a provider to 5 file a claim with an insurer; deleting an exception authorizing inclusion of certain 6 7 charges in a billing statement; requiring a 8 statement of charges within a time certain 9 under certain circumstances; limiting insurer liability for payment of certain charges under 10 11 certain circumstances; providing requirements; 12 revising a billing statement notice

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

requirement; providing an effective date.

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Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 627.736, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.736 Required personal injury protection benefits; exclusions; priority.--

- (5) CHARGES FOR TREATMENT OF INJURED PERSONS.--
- (b) With respect to any treatment or service, other than medical services billed by a hospital for services rendered at a hospital-owned facility, the statement of charges must be furnished to the insurer by the provider and may not include, and the insurer is not required to pay, charges for treatment or services rendered more than 60 30 days before the postmark date of the statement, except for past due amounts previously billed on a timely basis under this paragraph, and except that, if the provider submits to the insurer a notice of initiation of treatment within 21 days

after its first examination or treatment of the claimant, the 1 statement may include charges for treatment or services 2 3 rendered up to, but not more than, 60 days before the postmark date of the statement. The injured party is not liable for, 4 5 and the provider shall not bill the injured party for, charges that are unpaid because of the provider's failure to comply 6 7 with this paragraph. However, if the insured fails to furnish 8 the provider with the correct name and address of the 9 insured's personal injury protection insurer, the provider has 35 days from the date the provider obtains the correct 10 information to furnish the insurer with a statement of 11 12 charges. The insurer is not required to pay such charges 13 unless the provider includes with the statement documentary 14 evidence that was provided by the insured during the 35-day 15 period demonstrating that the provider reasonably relied on 16 erroneous information from the insured and a denial letter 17 from the incorrect insurer or proof of mailing reflecting timely mailing to the correct address or insurer and provides 18 19 a copy of the statement of charges to the Department of 20 Insurance. Any agreement requiring the injured person or 21 insured to pay for such charges is unenforceable. For 22 emergency services and care as defined in s. 395.002 rendered in a hospital emergency department or for transport and 23 treatment rendered by an ambulance provider licensed pursuant 24 to part III of chapter 401, the provider is not required to 25 26 furnish the statement of charges within the time periods 27 established by this paragraph; and the insurer shall not be 28 considered to have been furnished with notice of the amount of 29 covered loss for purposes of paragraph (4)(b) until it receives a statement complying with paragraph (5)(d), or copy 30 31 thereof, which specifically identifies the place of service to

be a hospital emergency department or an ambulance in accordance with billing standards recognized by the Health Care Finance Administration. Each notice of insured's rights under s. 627.7401 must include the following statement in type no smaller than 12 points:

BILLING REQUIREMENTS. -- Florida Statutes provide that with respect to any treatment or services, other than certain hospital and emergency services, the statement of charges furnished to the insurer by the provider may not include, and the insurer and the injured party are not required to pay, charges for treatment or services rendered more than 60 30 days before the postmark date of the statement, except for past due amounts previously billed on a timely basis, and except that, if the provider submits to the insurer a notice of initiation of treatment within 21 days after its first examination or treatment of the claimant, the statement may include charges for treatment or services rendered up to, but not more than, 60 days before the postmark date of the statement.

Section 2. This act shall take effect October 1, 2000.

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HOUSE SUMMARY Increases from 30 to 60 days the allowable time a provider has to submit an insurance claim to an insurer. Deletes an authorization to include charges for examination or treatment in a billing statement after timely notice to the insurer. Provides a provider with 35 days in which to furnish an insurer with a statement of charges if an insured fails to provide the provider with correct insurer information. Limits the insurer's liability to pay such charges if the provider fails to furnish the insurer with specified information and provide the Department of Insurance with a copy of the statement of charges.