A bill to be entitled

An act relating to local governments; providing that units of local government may not contract with specified organizations to provide emergency medical services and fire protection services without prior approval by the electors at a referendum; providing definitions; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. (1) As used in this section, the term: (a) "Emergency medical services" means:

1. The treatment of life-threatening medical emergencies through the use of techniques such as endotracheal intubation, the administration of drugs or intravenous fluids, telemetry, cardiac monitoring, and cardiac defibrillation by a qualified person, pursuant to rules of the Department of Health; or

 2. The treatment of medical emergencies by a qualified person through the use of techniques such as patient assessment, cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR), splinting, obstetrical assistance, bandaging, administration of oxygen, application of medical antishock trousers, administration of a subcutaneous injection using a premeasured autoinjector of epinephrine to a person suffering an anaphylactic reaction, and other techniques described in the Emergency Medical Technician Basic Training Course Curriculum of the United States Department of Transportation. The term also includes other techniques which have been approved and are performed

under conditions specified by rules of the Department of Health.

- (b) "Emergency medical services personnel" means persons who are certified by the Department of Health to perform emergency medical services.
- (c) "Firefighter" means any person who is employed as a full-time professional firefighter, whose primary responsibility is the prevention and extinguishment of fires, the protection and saving of life and property, and the enforcement of municipal, county, and state fire prevention codes, as well as of any law pertaining to the prevention and control of fires, and who is certified pursuant to section 633.35, Florida Statutes.
- (d) "Fire protection services" means the prevention and extinguishment of fires, the protection and saving of life and property, and the enforcement of municipal, county, and state fire prevention codes and laws relating to the prevention and control of fires.
- (e) "Unit of local government" means a county, municipality, consolidated city-county government, special district, local agency, authority, or any other local governmental body.
- (2) A unit of local government that provides fire protection services or emergency medical services, or both, for its residents using firefighters or emergency medical services personnel may not provide fire protection services or emergency medical services through an organization that is not a local government, a department of local government, or a state or federal agency and that provides fire protection services or emergency medical services for the unit of local government under a contract or other agreement for profit

without the approval of the majority of the voters of the unit of local government voting at the next scheduled general election or at a special election. Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2000. SENATE SUMMARY Provides that units of local government may not contract with specified organizations to provide emergency medical services and fire protection services without prior approval of a majority of the electors voting at a general or special election. Provides definitions.