By the Committee on Criminal Justice and Senator Saunders

307-1855A-00

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to offenses against children or minors; amending s. 787.025, F.S.; redefining the crime of luring or enticing a child so that it applies to offenses against all minors; providing penalties; amending s. 800.04, F.S.; providing a penalty for the transmission of lewd or lascivious exhibition over the Internet under certain circumstances; amending s. 847.0135, F.S.; prescribing the penalty for computer pornography; amending s. 921.0022, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; reenacting ss. 394.912(9), 775.082(9)(a), 775.084(1)(d), 775.15(7), 775.21(4)(c) and (10)(b), 787.01(3), 787.02(3), 914.16, 943.0435(1)(a), 943.0585, 943.059, 944.606(1)(b), 944.607(1)(a), 947.1405(7), 948.01(15), 948.03(4), (5), and (6), and 948.06(2)(a), F.S., relating to definition of "sexually violent offense" for purposes of pt. IV of ch. 394, F.S., penalties, applicability of sentencing structures, and mandatory minimum sentences, violent career criminals, habitual felony offenders and habitual violent felony offenders, three-time violent felony offenders, definitions, procedure, and enhanced penalties or mandatory minimum prison terms, time limitations, the Florida Sexual Predators Act, kidnapping, false imprisonment, child abuse and sexual abuse of victims under age 16 or persons with mental retardation, and limits on interviews, sexual

offenders required to register with the Department of Law Enforcement, court-ordered expunction of criminal history records, court-ordered sealing of criminal history records, notification to law enforcement agencies upon release of sexual offenders, notification to Department of Law Enforcement of information on sexual offenders, conditional release program, when court may place defendant on probation or into community control, terms and conditions of probation or community control, violation of probation or community control, revocation, modification, continuance, and failure to pay restitution or cost of supervision, to incorporate the amendment to s. 800.04, F.S., in references thereto; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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30 31 Section 1. Section 787.025, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

787.025 Luring or enticing a minor child.--

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Structure" means a building of any kind, either temporary or permanent, which has a roof over it, together with the curtilage thereof.
- (b) "Dwelling" means a building or conveyance of any kind, either temporary or permanent, mobile or immobile, which has a roof over it and is designed to be occupied by people

lodging together therein at night, together with the curtilage thereof.

- (c) "Conveyance" means any motor vehicle, ship, vessel, railroad car, trailer, aircraft, or sleeping car.
- (2)(a) A person over the age of 18 who, having been previously convicted of a violation of chapter 794 or s. 800.04, or a violation of a similar law of another jurisdiction, intentionally lures or entices, or attempts to lure or entice, a minor child under the age of 12 into a structure, dwelling, or conveyance for other than a lawful purpose commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (b) For purposes of this section, the luring or enticing, or attempted luring or enticing, of a minor child under the age of 12 into a structure, dwelling, or conveyance without the consent of the minor's child's parent or legal guardian shall be prima facie evidence of other than a lawful purpose.
- (3) It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution under this section that:
- (a) The person reasonably believed that his or her action was necessary to prevent the $\underline{\text{minor}}$ $\underline{\text{child}}$ from being seriously injured.
- (b) The person lured or enticed, or attempted to lure or entice, the $\underline{\text{minor}}$ child under the age of 12 into a structure, dwelling, or conveyance for a lawful purpose.
- (c) The person's actions were reasonable under the circumstances and the defendant did not have any intent to harm the health, safety, or welfare of the minor child.
- 30 Section 2. Subsection (7) of section 800.04, Florida 31 Statutes, is amended to read:

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1 800.04 Lewd or lascivious offenses committed upon or 2 in the presence of persons less than 16 years of age .--3 LEWD OR LASCIVIOUS EXHIBITION. --(7) 4 (a) A person who: 5 1. Intentionally masturbates; 6 Intentionally exposes the genitals in a lewd or 7 lascivious manner; or Intentionally commits any other sexual act that 8 9 does not involve actual physical or sexual contact with the 10 victim, including, but not limited to, sadomasochistic abuse, 11 sexual bestiality, or the simulation of any act involving 12 sexual activity 13 in the presence of a victim who is less than 16 years of age, 14 commits lewd or lascivious exhibition. 15 16 (b) A person who: 17 Intentionally masturbates; 2. Intentionally exposes the genitals in a lewd or 18 19 lascivious manner; or 20 3. Intentionally commits any other sexual act that does not involve actual physical or sexual contact with the 21 22 victim, including, but not limited to, sadomasochistic abuse, sexual bestiality, or the simulation of any act involving 23 24 sexual activity 25 live over a computer on-line service, Internet service, or 26 27 local bulletin board service and who knows or should know or 28 has reason to believe that the transmission is viewed on a 29 computer or television monitor by a victim in this state who

is less than 16 years of age, commits lewd or lascivious

exhibition. The fact that an undercover operative or law

enforcement officer was involved in the detection and investigation of an offense under this paragraph shall not 2 3 constitute a defense to a prosecution under this paragraph. 4 (c) (b) An offender 18 years of age or older who 5 commits a lewd or lascivious exhibition commits a felony of 6 the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 7 775.083, or s. 775.084. (d)(c) An offender less than 18 years of age who 8 9 commits a lewd or lascivious exhibition commits a felony of 10 the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 11 775.083, or s. 775.084. Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 847.0135, Florida 12 13 Statutes, is amended to read: 14 847.0135 Computer pornography; penalties.--15 (2) COMPUTER PORNOGRAPHY. -- A person who: 16 (a) Knowingly compiles, enters into, or transmits by 17 means of computer; (b) Makes, prints, publishes, or reproduces by other 18 19 computerized means; 20 (c) Knowingly causes or allows to be entered into or transmitted by means of computer; or 21 22 Buys, sells, receives, exchanges, or disseminates, 23 24 any notice, statement, or advertisement of, or any minor's 25 name, telephone number, place of residence, physical characteristics, or other descriptive or identifying 26 information, for purposes of facilitating, encouraging, 27 28 offering, or soliciting sexual conduct of or with any minor, 29 or the visual depiction of such conduct, commits a felony of

the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.

1	or law enforceme	ent officer	was involved in the detection and
2			e under this section shall not
3	constitute a defense to a prosecution under this section. Any		
4	person who violates the provisions of this subsection commits		
5	a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided for in s.		
6	775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.		
7	Section 4. Paragraphs (d) and (e) of subsection (3) of		
8	section 921.0022, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:		
9	921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity		
10	ranking chart		-
11	_		IY RANKING CHART
12			
13	Florida	Felony	
14	Statute	Degree	Description
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17			(d) LEVEL 4
18	316.1935(3)	2nd	Driving at high speed or with
19			wanton disregard for safety while
20			fleeing or attempting to elude
21			law enforcement officer who is in
22			a marked patrol vehicle with
23			siren and lights activated.
24	784.07(2)(b)	3rd	Battery of law enforcement
25			officer, firefighter, intake
26			officer, etc.
27	784.075	3rd	Battery on detention or
28			commitment facility staff.
29	784.08(2)(c)	3rd	Battery on a person 65 years of
30			age or older.
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1	784.081(3)	3rd	Battery on specified official or
2			employee.
3	784.082(3)	3rd	Battery by detained person on
4			visitor or other detainee.
5	784.083(3)	3rd	Battery on code inspector.
6	787.03(1)	3rd	Interference with custody;
7			wrongly takes child from
8			appointed guardian.
9	787.04(2)	3rd	Take, entice, or remove child
10			beyond state limits with criminal
11			intent pending custody
12			proceedings.
13	787.04(3)	3rd	Carrying child beyond state lines
14			with criminal intent to avoid
15			producing child at custody
16			hearing or delivering to
17			designated person.
18	790.115(1)	3rd	Exhibiting firearm or weapon
19			within 1,000 feet of a school.
20	790.115(2)(b)	3rd	Possessing electric weapon or
21			device, destructive device, or
22			other weapon on school property.
23	790.115(2)(c)	3rd	Possessing firearm on school
24			property.
25	800.04(7) <u>(d)</u> (c)	3rd	Lewd or lascivious exhibition;
26			offender less than 18 years.
27	810.02(4)(a)	3rd	Burglary, or attempted burglary,
28			of an unoccupied structure;
29			unarmed; no assault or battery.
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1	810.02(4)(b)	3rd	Burglary, or attempted burglary,
2			of an unoccupied conveyance;
3			unarmed; no assault or battery.
4	810.06	3rd	Burglary; possession of tools.
5	810.08(2)(c)	3rd	Trespass on property, armed with
6			firearm or dangerous weapon.
7	812.014(2)(c)3.	3rd	Grand theft, 3rd degree \$10,000
8			or more but less than \$20,000.
9	812.014		
10	(2)(c)410.	3rd	Grand theft, 3rd degree, a will,
11			firearm, motor vehicle,
12			livestock, etc.
13	817.563(1)	3rd	Sell or deliver substance other
14			than controlled substance agreed
15			upon, excluding s. 893.03(5)
16			drugs.
17	828.125(1)	2nd	Kill, maim, or cause great bodily
18			harm or permanent breeding
19			disability to any registered
20			horse or cattle.
21	837.02(1)	3rd	Perjury in official proceedings.
22	837.021(1)	3rd	Make contradictory statements in
23			official proceedings.
24	843.025	3rd	Deprive law enforcement,
25			correctional, or correctional
26			probation officer of means of
27			protection or communication.
28	843.15(1)(a)	3rd	Failure to appear while on bail
29			for felony (bond estreature or
30			bond jumping).
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874.05(1)	3rd	Encouraging or recruiting another
		to join a criminal street gang.
893.13(2)(a)1.	2nd	Purchase of cocaine (or other s.
		893.03(1)(a), (b), or (d), or
		(2)(a) or (b) drugs).
914.14(2)	3rd	Witnesses accepting bribes.
914.22(1)	3rd	Force, threaten, etc., witness,
		victim, or informant.
914.23(2)	3rd	Retaliation against a witness,
		victim, or informant, no bodily
		injury.
918.12	3rd	Tampering with jurors.
		(e) LEVEL 5
316.027(1)(a)	3rd	Accidents involving personal
		injuries, failure to stop;
		leaving scene.
316.1935(4)	2nd	Aggravated fleeing or eluding.
322.34(6)	3rd	Careless operation of motor
		vehicle with suspended license,
		resulting in death or serious
		bodily injury.
327.30(5)	3rd	Vessel accidents involving
		personal injury; leaving scene.
381.0041(11)(b)	3rd	Donate blood, plasma, or organs
		knowing HIV positive.
790.01(2)	3rd	Carrying a concealed firearm.
790.162	2nd	Threat to throw or discharge
		destructive device.
790.163	2nd	False report of deadly explosive.
790.165(2)	3rd	Manufacture, sell, possess, or
		deliver hoax bomb.
	893.13(2)(a)1. 914.14(2) 914.22(1) 914.23(2) 918.12 316.027(1)(a) 316.1935(4) 322.34(6) 327.30(5) 381.0041(11)(b) 790.01(2) 790.162 790.163	893.13(2)(a)1. 2nd 914.14(2) 3rd 914.22(1) 3rd 914.23(2) 3rd 918.12 3rd 316.027(1)(a) 3rd 316.1935(4) 2nd 322.34(6) 3rd 327.30(5) 3rd 381.0041(11)(b) 3rd 790.01(2) 3rd 790.162 2nd 790.163 2nd

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1	790.221(1)	2nd	Possession of short-barreled
2			shotgun or machine gun.
3	790.23	2nd	Felons in possession of firearms
4			or electronic weapons or devices.
5	800.04(6)(c)	3rd	Lewd or lascivious conduct;
6			offender less than 18 years.
7	800.04(7) <u>(c)(b)</u>	2nd	Lewd or lascivious exhibition;
8			offender 18 years or older.
9	806.111(1)	3rd	Possess, manufacture, or dispense
10			fire bomb with intent to damage
11			any structure or property.
12	812.019(1)	2nd	Stolen property; dealing in or
13			trafficking in.
14	812.131(2)(b)	3rd	Robbery by sudden snatching.
15	812.16(2)	3rd	Owning, operating, or conducting
16			a chop shop.
17	817.034(4)(a)2.	2nd	Communications fraud, value
18			\$20,000 to \$50,000.
19	825.1025(4)	3rd	Lewd or lascivious exhibition in
20			the presence of an elderly person
21			or disabled adult.
22	827.071(4)	2nd	Possess with intent to promote
23			any photographic material, motion
24			picture, etc., which includes
25			sexual conduct by a child.
26	843.01	3rd	Resist officer with violence to
27			person; resist arrest with
28			violence.
29	874.05(2)	2nd	Encouraging or recruiting another
30			to join a criminal street gang;
31			second or subsequent offense.

1	002 12/1\/_\1	0 m d	Call manufacture on deliver
_	893.13(1)(a)1.	2nd	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
2			cocaine (or other s.
3			893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d),
4			(2)(a), or (2)(b) drugs).
5	893.13(1)(c)2.	2nd	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
6			cannabis (or other s.
7			893.03(1)(c), (2)(c), (3), or (4)
8			drugs) within 1,000 feet of a
9			child care facility or school.
10	893.13(1)(d)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
11			cocaine (or other s.
12			893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d),
13			(2)(a), or (2)(b) drugs) within
14			200 feet of university or public
15			park.
16	893.13(1)(e)	2nd	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
17			cannabis or other drug prohibited
18			under s. 893.03(1)(c), (2)(c),
19			(3), or (4) within 1,000 feet of
20			property used for religious
21			services or a specified business
22			site.
23	893.13(1)(f)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
24			cocaine (or other s.
25			893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), or
26			(2)(a), or (2)(b) drugs) within
27			200 feet of public housing
28			facility.
29	893.13(4)(b)	2nd	Deliver to minor cannabis (or
30	. , . ,		other s. 893.03(1)(c), (2)(c),
31			(3), or (4) drugs).
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1 Section 5. For the purpose of incorporating the 2 amendment made by this act to section 800.04, Florida 3 Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (9) of section 4 394.912, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read: 5 394.912 Definitions.--As used in this part, the term: 6 "Sexually violent offense" means: 7 Murder of a human being while engaged in sexual (a) 8 battery in violation of s. 782.04(1)(a)2.; 9 (b) Kidnapping of a child under the age of 13 and, in 10 the course of that offense, committing: 11 1. Sexual battery; or 2. A lewd, lascivious, or indecent assault or act upon 12 13 or in the presence of the child; (c) Committing the offense of false imprisonment upon 14 a child under the age of 13 and, in the course of that 15 offense, committing: 16 17 1. Sexual battery; or 2. A lewd, lascivious, or indecent assault or act upon 18 19 or in the presence of the child; (d) Sexual battery in violation of s. 794.011; 20 (e) Lewd, lascivious, or indecent assault or act upon 21 or in presence of the child in violation of s. 800.04; 22 (f) An attempt, criminal solicitation, or conspiracy, 23 24 in violation of s. 777.04, of a sexually violent offense; (g) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at 25 any time before October 1, 1998, which is comparable to a 26 sexually violent offense under paragraphs (a)-(f) or any 27 28 federal conviction or conviction in another state for a felony 29 offense that in this state would be a sexually violent

1 (h) Any criminal act that, either at the time of 2 sentencing for the offense or subsequently during civil 3 commitment proceedings under this part, has been determined beyond a reasonable doubt to have been sexually motivated. 4 5 Section 6. For the purpose of incorporating the 6 amendment made by this act to section 800.04, Florida 7 Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection 8 (9) of section 775.082, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to 9 read: 10 775.082 Penalties; applicability of sentencing 11 structures; mandatory minimum sentences for certain reoffenders previously released from prison .--12 "Prison releasee reoffender" means any 13 (9)(a)1. defendant who commits, or attempts to commit: 14 15 a. Treason; b. Murder; 16 17 c. Manslaughter; d. Sexual battery; 18 19 e. Carjacking; 20 f. Home-invasion robbery; Robbery; 21 g. 22 h. Arson; 23 i. Kidnapping; 24 j. Aggravated assault with a deadly weapon; 25 k. Aggravated battery; Aggravated stalking; 26 27 Aircraft piracy; m. 28 Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 29 destructive device or bomb; 30 o. Any felony that involves the use or threat of 31 | physical force or violence against an individual;

- 1 p. Armed burglary;
 - q. Burglary of an occupied structure or dwelling; or
 - r. Any felony violation of s. 790.07, s. 800.04, s. 827.03, or s. 827.071;

within 3 years of being released from a state correctional facility operated by the Department of Corrections or a private vendor.

- 2. "Prison releasee reoffender" also means any defendant who commits or attempts to commit any offense listed in subparagraph (a)1.a.-r. while the defendant was serving a prison sentence or on escape status from a state correctional facility operated by the Department of Corrections or a private vendor.
- 3. If the state attorney determines that a defendant is a prison releasee reoffender as defined in subparagraph 1., the state attorney may seek to have the court sentence the defendant as a prison releasee reoffender. Upon proof from the state attorney that establishes by a preponderance of the evidence that a defendant is a prison releasee reoffender as defined in this section, such defendant is not eligible for sentencing under the sentencing guidelines and must be sentenced as follows:
- a. For a felony punishable by life, by a term of imprisonment for life;
- b. For a felony of the first degree, by a term of imprisonment of 30 years;
- c. For a felony of the second degree, by a term of imprisonment of 15 years; and
- d. For a felony of the third degree, by a term of imprisonment of 5 years.

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Section 7. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 800.04, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 775.084, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

775.084 Violent career criminals; habitual felony offenders and habitual violent felony offenders; three-time violent felony offenders; definitions; procedure; enhanced penalties or mandatory minimum prison terms. --

- (1) As used in this act:
- "Violent career criminal" means a defendant for whom the court must impose imprisonment pursuant to paragraph (4)(d), if it finds that:
- The defendant has previously been convicted as an adult three or more times for an offense in this state or other qualified offense that is:
 - Any forcible felony, as described in s. 776.08;
- Aggravated stalking, as described in s. 784.048(3) 18 b. 19 and (4);
 - Aggravated child abuse, as described in s. 827.03(2);
 - d. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult, as described in s. 825.102(2);
 - Lewd or lascivious battery, lewd or lascivious molestation, lewd or lascivious conduct, or lewd or lascivious exhibition, as described in s. 800.04;
 - Escape, as described in s. 944.40; or
 - A felony violation of chapter 790 involving the use or possession of a firearm.
- The defendant has been incarcerated in a state 31 prison or a federal prison.

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- The primary felony offense for which the defendant is to be sentenced is a felony enumerated in subparagraph 1. and was committed on or after October 1, 1995, and:
- While the defendant was serving a prison sentence or other sentence, or court-ordered or lawfully imposed supervision that is imposed as a result of a prior conviction for an enumerated felony; or
- b. Within 5 years after the conviction of the last prior enumerated felony, or within 5 years after the defendant's release from a prison sentence, probation, community control, control release, conditional release, parole, or court-ordered or lawfully imposed supervision or other sentence that is imposed as a result of a prior conviction for an enumerated felony, whichever is later.
- The defendant has not received a pardon for any felony or other qualified offense that is necessary for the operation of this paragraph.
- 5. A conviction of a felony or other qualified offense necessary to the operation of this paragraph has not been set aside in any postconviction proceeding.
- Section 8. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 800.04, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (7) of section 775.15, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:
 - 775.15 Time limitations.--
- (7) If the victim of a violation of s. 794.011, former s. 794.05, Florida Statutes 1995, s. 800.04, or s. 826.04 is under the age of 16, the applicable period of limitation, if any, does not begin to run until the victim has reached the age of 16 or the violation is reported to a law enforcement 31 agency or other governmental agency, whichever occurs earlier.

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Such law enforcement agency or other governmental agency shall promptly report such allegation to the state attorney for the judicial circuit in which the alleged violation occurred. If the offense is a first or second degree felony violation of s. 794.011, and the crime is reported within 72 hours after its commission, paragraph (1)(b) applies. This subsection applies to any such offense except an offense the prosecution of which would have been barred by subsection (2) on or before December 31, 1984.

Section 9. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 800.04, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (c) of subsection (4) and paragraph (b) of subsection (10) of section 775.21, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

775.21 The Florida Sexual Predators Act; definitions; legislative findings, purpose, and intent; criteria; designation; registration; community and public notification; immunity; penalties.--

- (4) SEXUAL PREDATOR CRITERIA. --
- (c) For a current offense committed on or after October 1, 1996, upon conviction, an offender shall be designated as a "sexual predator" under subsection (5), and subject to registration under subsection (6) and community and public notification under subsection (7) if:
- The felony meets the criteria of former ss. 775.22(2) and 775.23(2), specifically, the felony is:
- A capital, life, or first-degree felony violation of s. 787.01 or s. 787.02, where the victim is a minor and the defendant is not the victim's parent, or of chapter 794 or s. 847.0145, or a violation of a similar law of another 31 jurisdiction;

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- b. An attempt to commit a capital, life, or first-degree felony violation of chapter 794, where the victim is a minor, or a violation of a similar law of another jurisdiction; or
- Any second-degree or greater felony violation of s. 787.01 or s. 787.02, where the victim is a minor and the defendant is not the victim's parent; chapter 794; s. 796.03; s. 800.04; s. 825.1025(2)(b); s. 827.071; or s. 847.0145; or a violation of a similar law of another jurisdiction, and the offender has previously been convicted of or found to have committed, or has pled nolo contendere or guilty to, regardless of adjudication, any violation of s. 787.01 or s. 787.02, where the victim is a minor and the defendant is not the victim's parent; s. 794.011(2), (3), (4), (5), or (8); s. 794.023; s. 796.03; s. 800.04; s. 825.1025; s. 827.071; s. 847.0133; s. 847.0135; or s. 847.0145, or a violation of a similar law of another jurisdiction;
- The offender has not received a pardon for any felony or similar law of another jurisdiction that is necessary for the operation of this paragraph; and
- 3. A conviction of a felony or similar law of another jurisdiction necessary to the operation of this paragraph has not been set aside in any postconviction proceeding.
 - (10) PENALTIES. --
- (b) A sexual predator who has been convicted of or found to have committed, or has pled nolo contendere or guilty to, regardless of adjudication, any violation of s. 794.011(2), (3), (4), (5), or (8); s. 794.023; s. 800.04; s. 827.071; s. 847.0133; or s. 847.0145, or a violation of a similar law of another jurisdiction, when the victim of the 31 offense was a minor, and who works, whether for compensation

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or as a volunteer, at any business, school, day care center, park, playground, or other place where children regularly congregate, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 10. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 800.04, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (3) of section 787.01, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

787.01 Kidnapping; kidnapping of child under age 13, aggravating circumstances .--

- (3)(a) A person who commits the offense of kidnapping upon a child under the age of 13 and who, in the course of committing the offense, commits one or more of the following:
 - 1. Aggravated child abuse, as defined in s. 827.03;
- Sexual battery, as defined in chapter 794, against the child;
- 3. Lewd or lascivious battery, lewd or lascivious molestation, lewd or lascivious conduct, or lewd or lascivious exhibition, in violation of s. 800.04;
- 4. A violation of s. 796.03 or s. 796.04, relating to prostitution, upon the child; or
- Exploitation of the child or allowing the child to be exploited, in violation of s. 450.151,

commits a life felony, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(b) Pursuant to s. 775.021(4), nothing contained herein shall be construed to prohibit the imposition of separate judgments and sentences for the life felony described in paragraph (a) and for each separate offense enumerated in 31 subparagraphs (a)1.-5.

Section 11. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 800.04, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (3) of section 787.02, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

787.02 False imprisonment; false imprisonment of child under age 13, aggravating circumstances.--

- (3)(a) A person who commits the offense of false imprisonment upon a child under the age of 13 and who, in the course of committing the offense, commits any offense enumerated in subparagraphs 1.-5., commits a felony of the first degree, punishable by imprisonment for a term of years not exceeding life or as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
 - 1. Aggravated child abuse, as defined in s. 827.03;
- 2. Sexual battery, as defined in chapter 794, against the child;
- 3. Lewd or lascivious battery, lewd or lascivious molestation, lewd or lascivious conduct, or lewd or lascivious exhibition, in violation of s. 800.04;
- 4. A violation of s. 796.03 or s. 796.04, relating to prostitution, upon the child; or
- 5. Exploitation of the child or allowing the child to be exploited, in violation of s. 450.151.
- (b) Pursuant to s. 775.021(4), nothing contained herein shall be construed to prohibit the imposition of separate judgments and sentences for the first degree offense described in paragraph (a) and for each separate offense enumerated in subparagraphs (a)1.-5.

Section 12. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 800.04, Florida

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Statutes, in references thereto, section 914.16, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

914.16 Child abuse and sexual abuse of victims under age 16 or persons with mental retardation; limits on interviews. -- The chief judge of each judicial circuit, after consultation with the state attorney and the public defender for the judicial circuit, the appropriate chief law enforcement officer, and any other person deemed appropriate by the chief judge, shall provide by order reasonable limits on the number of interviews that a victim of a violation of s. 794.011, s. 800.04, or s. 827.03 who is under 16 years of age or a victim of a violation of s. 794.011, s. 800.02, s. 800.03, or s. 825.102 who is a person with mental retardation as defined in s. 393.063(44) must submit to for law enforcement or discovery purposes. The order shall, to the extent possible, protect the victim from the psychological damage of repeated interrogations while preserving the rights of the public, the victim, and the person charged with the violation.

Section 13. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 800.04, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 943.0435, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

943.0435 Sexual offenders required to register with the department; penalty.--

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- "Sexual offender" means a person who has been:
- 1. Convicted of committing, or attempting, soliciting, or conspiring to commit, any of the criminal offenses 31 proscribed in the following statutes in this state or similar

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offenses in another jurisdiction: s. 787.01 or s. 787.02, where the victim is a minor and the defendant is not the victim's parent; s. 787.025; chapter 794; s. 796.03; s. 800.04; s. 825.1025; s. 827.071; s. 847.0133; s. 847.0135; s. 847.0145; or any similar offense committed in this state which has been redesignated from a former statute number to one of those listed in this subparagraph.

2. Released on or after October 1, 1997, from the sanction imposed for any conviction of an offense described in subparagraph 1. For purposes of subparagraph 1., a sanction imposed in this state or in any other jurisdiction includes, but is not limited to, a fine, probation, community control, parole, conditional release, control release, or incarceration in a state prison, federal prison, private correctional facility, or local detention facility.

Section 14. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 800.04, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, section 943.0585, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

943.0585 Court-ordered expunction of criminal history records. -- The courts of this state have jurisdiction over their own procedures, including the maintenance, expunction, and correction of judicial records containing criminal history information to the extent such procedures are not inconsistent with the conditions, responsibilities, and duties established by this section. Any court of competent jurisdiction may order a criminal justice agency to expunge the criminal history record of a minor or an adult who complies with the requirements of this section. The court shall not order a criminal justice agency to expunge a criminal history record 31 until the person seeking to expunge a criminal history record

has applied for and received a certificate of eligibility for 2 expunction pursuant to subsection (2). A criminal history 3 record that relates to a violation of chapter 794, s. 800.04, 4 s. 817.034, s. 827.071, chapter 839, s. 893.135, or a 5 violation enumerated in s. 907.041 may not be expunged, 6 without regard to whether adjudication was withheld, if the defendant was found guilty of or pled guilty or nolo 7 contendere to the offense, or if the defendant, as a minor, 9 was found to have committed, or pled guilty or nolo contendere 10 to committing, the offense as a delinquent act. The court may 11 only order expunction of a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest or one incident of alleged criminal activity, 12 13 except as provided in this section. The court may, at its sole 14 discretion, order the expunction of a criminal history record pertaining to more than one arrest if the additional arrests 15 directly relate to the original arrest. If the court intends 16 17 to order the expunction of records pertaining to such 18 additional arrests, such intent must be specified in the 19 order. A criminal justice agency may not expunge any record 20 pertaining to such additional arrests if the order to expunge does not articulate the intention of the court to expunge a 21 22 record pertaining to more than one arrest. This section does not prevent the court from ordering the expunction of only a 23 24 portion of a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest 25 or one incident of alleged criminal activity. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a criminal justice agency may comply 26 with laws, court orders, and official requests of other 27 28 jurisdictions relating to expunction, correction, or 29 confidential handling of criminal history records or information derived therefrom. This section does not confer 30 31 any right to the expunction of any criminal history record,

and any request for expunction of a criminal history record may be denied at the sole discretion of the court.

- (1) PETITION TO EXPUNGE A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD.--Each petition to a court to expunge a criminal history record is complete only when accompanied by:
- (a) A certificate of eligibility for expunction issued by the department pursuant to subsection (2).
- (b) The petitioner's sworn statement attesting that the petitioner:
- 1. Has never, prior to the date on which the petition is filed, been adjudicated guilty of a criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation or adjudicated delinquent for committing a felony or a misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b).
- 2. Has not been adjudicated guilty of, or adjudicated delinquent for committing, any of the acts stemming from the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition pertains.
- 3. Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of a criminal history record under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058, or from any jurisdiction outside the state.
- 4. Is eligible for such an expunction to the best of his or her knowledge or belief and does not have any other petition to expunge or any petition to seal pending before any court.

Any person who knowingly provides false information on such sworn statement to the court commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or

31 s. 775.084.

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- (2) CERTIFICATE OF ELIGIBILITY FOR EXPUNCTION. -- Prior to petitioning the court to expunge a criminal history record, a person seeking to expunge a criminal history record shall apply to the department for a certificate of eligibility for expunction. The department shall, by rule adopted pursuant to chapter 120, establish procedures pertaining to the application for and issuance of certificates of eliqibility for expunction. The department shall issue a certificate of eligibility for expunction to a person who is the subject of a criminal history record if that person:
- (a) Has obtained, and submitted to the department, a written, certified statement from the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor which indicates:
- 1. That an indictment, information, or other charging document was not filed or issued in the case.
- That an indictment, information, or other charging document, if filed or issued in the case, was dismissed or nolle prosequi by the state attorney or statewide prosecutor, or was dismissed by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- That the criminal history record does not relate to a violation of chapter 794, s. 800.04, s. 817.034, s. 827.071, chapter 839, s. 893.135, or a violation enumerated in s. 907.041, where the defendant was found guilty of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to any such offense, or that the defendant, as a minor, was found to have committed, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to committing, such an offense as a delinquent act, without regard to whether adjudication was withheld.
- (b) Remits a \$75 processing fee to the department for placement in the Department of Law Enforcement Operating Trust 31 | Fund, unless such fee is waived by the executive director.

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- (c) Has submitted to the department a certified copy of the disposition of the charge to which the petition to expunge pertains.
- (d) Has never, prior to the date on which the application for a certificate of eligibility is filed, been adjudicated quilty of a criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation or adjudicated delinquent for committing a felony or a misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b).
- (e) Has not been adjudicated guilty of, or adjudicated delinquent for committing, any of the acts stemming from the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to expunge pertains.
- (f) Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of a criminal history record under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058.
- (g) Is no longer under court supervision applicable to the disposition of the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to expunge pertains.
- (h) Is not required to wait a minimum of 10 years prior to being eligible for an expunction of such records because all charges related to the arrest or criminal activity to which the petition to expunge pertains were dismissed prior to trial, adjudication, or the withholding of adjudication. Otherwise, such criminal history record must be sealed under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 for at least 10 years before such record is eligible for expunction.
 - (3) PROCESSING OF A PETITION OR ORDER TO EXPUNGE. --
- In judicial proceedings under this section, a copy of the completed petition to expunge shall be served upon the 31 appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and

upon the arresting agency; however, it is not necessary to make any agency other than the state a party. The appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and the arresting agency may respond to the court regarding the completed petition to expunge.

- (b) If relief is granted by the court, the clerk of the court shall certify copies of the order to the appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and the arresting agency. The arresting agency is responsible for forwarding the order to any other agency to which the arresting agency disseminated the criminal history record information to which the order pertains. The department shall forward the order to expunge to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The clerk of the court shall certify a copy of the order to any other agency which the records of the court reflect has received the criminal history record from the court.
- (c) For an order to expunge entered by a court prior to July 1, 1992, the department shall notify the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor of an order to expunge which is contrary to law because the person who is the subject of the record has previously been convicted of a crime or comparable ordinance violation or has had a prior criminal history record sealed or expunged. Upon receipt of such notice, the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor shall take action, within 60 days, to correct the record and petition the court to void the order to expunge. The department shall seal the record until such time as the order is voided by the court.
- (d) On or after July 1, 1992, the department or any other criminal justice agency is not required to act on an order to expunge entered by a court when such order does not

 comply with the requirements of this section. Upon receipt of such an order, the department must notify the issuing court, the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor, the petitioner or the petitioner's attorney, and the arresting agency of the reason for noncompliance. The appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor shall take action within 60 days to correct the record and petition the court to void the order. No cause of action, including contempt of court, shall arise against any criminal justice agency for failure to comply with an order to expunge when the petitioner for such order failed to obtain the certificate of eligibility as required by this section or such order does not otherwise comply with the requirements of this section.

- criminal history record of a minor or an adult which is ordered expunged by a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to this section must be physically destroyed or obliterated by any criminal justice agency having custody of such record; except that any criminal history record in the custody of the department must be retained in all cases. A criminal history record ordered expunged that is retained by the department is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and not available to any person or entity except upon order of a court of competent jurisdiction. A criminal justice agency may retain a notation indicating compliance with an order to expunge.
- (a) The person who is the subject of a criminal history record that is expunged under this section or under other provisions of law, including former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, and former s. 943.058, may lawfully deny or fail to

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acknowledge the arrests covered by the expunged record, except when the subject of the record:

- Is a candidate for employment with a criminal justice agency;
 - Is a defendant in a criminal prosecution;
- Concurrently or subsequently petitions for relief under this section or s. 943.059;
 - Is a candidate for admission to The Florida Bar;
- Is seeking to be employed or licensed by or to contract with the Department of Children and Family Services or the Department of Juvenile Justice or to be employed or used by such contractor or licensee in a sensitive position having direct contact with children, the developmentally disabled, the aged, or the elderly as provided in s. 110.1127(3), s. 393.063(15), s. 394.4572(1), s. 397.451, s. 402.302(3), s. 402.313(3), s. 409.175(2)(i), s. 415.102(4), s. 415.1075(4), s. 985.407, or chapter 400; or
- Is seeking to be employed or licensed by the Office of Teacher Education, Certification, Staff Development, and Professional Practices of the Department of Education, any district school board, or any local governmental entity that licenses child care facilities.
- (b) Subject to the exceptions in paragraph (a), a person who has been granted an expunction under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 may not be held under any provision of law of this state to commit perjury or to be otherwise liable for giving a false statement by reason of such person's failure to recite or acknowledge an expunged criminal history record.
- (c) Information relating to the existence of an 31 expunged criminal history record which is provided in

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accordance with paragraph (a) is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, except that the department shall disclose the existence of a criminal history record ordered expunged to the entities set forth in subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., and 6. for their respective licensing and employment purposes, and to criminal justice agencies for their respective criminal justice purposes. It is unlawful for any employee of an entity set forth in subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)4., subparagraph (a)5., or subparagraph (a)6. to disclose information relating to the existence of an expunged criminal history record of a person seeking employment or licensure with such entity or contractor, except to the person to whom the criminal history record relates or to persons having direct responsibility for employment or licensure decisions. Any person who violates this paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(5) STATUTORY REFERENCES.--Any reference to any other chapter, section, or subdivision of the Florida Statutes in this section constitutes a general reference under the doctrine of incorporation by reference.

Section 15. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 800.04, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, section 943.059, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

943.059 Court-ordered sealing of criminal history records.—The courts of this state shall continue to have jurisdiction over their own procedures, including the maintenance, sealing, and correction of judicial records containing criminal history information to the extent such

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procedures are not inconsistent with the conditions, responsibilities, and duties established by this section. court of competent jurisdiction may order a criminal justice agency to seal the criminal history record of a minor or an adult who complies with the requirements of this section. The court shall not order a criminal justice agency to seal a criminal history record until the person seeking to seal a criminal history record has applied for and received a certificate of eligibility for sealing pursuant to subsection (2). A criminal history record that relates to a violation of chapter 794, s. 800.04, s. 817.034, s. 827.071, chapter 839, s. 893.135, or a violation enumerated in s. 907.041 may not be sealed, without regard to whether adjudication was withheld, if the defendant was found guilty of or pled guilty or nolo contendere to the offense, or if the defendant, as a minor, was found to have committed or pled guilty or nolo contendere to committing the offense as a delinquent act. The court may only order sealing of a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest or one incident of alleged criminal activity, except as provided in this section. The court may, at its sole discretion, order the sealing of a criminal history record pertaining to more than one arrest if the additional arrests directly relate to the original arrest. If the court intends to order the sealing of records pertaining to such additional arrests, such intent must be specified in the order. criminal justice agency may not seal any record pertaining to such additional arrests if the order to seal does not articulate the intention of the court to seal records pertaining to more than one arrest. This section does not prevent the court from ordering the sealing of only a portion 31 of a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest or one

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incident of alleged criminal activity. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a criminal justice agency may comply with laws, court orders, and official requests of other jurisdictions relating to sealing, correction, or confidential handling of criminal history records or information derived This section does not confer any right to the sealing of any criminal history record, and any request for sealing a criminal history record may be denied at the sole discretion of the court.

- (1) PETITION TO SEAL A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD. -- Each petition to a court to seal a criminal history record is complete only when accompanied by:
- (a) A certificate of eligibility for sealing issued by the department pursuant to subsection (2).
- The petitioner's sworn statement attesting that the petitioner:
- Has never, prior to the date on which the petition is filed, been adjudicated guilty of a criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation or adjudicated delinquent for committing a felony or a misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b).
- 2. Has not been adjudicated guilty of or adjudicated delinquent for committing any of the acts stemming from the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to seal pertains.
- 3. Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of a criminal history record under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, former s. 943.058, or from any jurisdiction outside the state.
- Is eligible for such a sealing to the best of his 31 or her knowledge or belief and does not have any other

petition to seal or any petition to expunge pending before any court.

Any person who knowingly provides false information on such sworn statement to the court commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

- (2) CERTIFICATE OF ELIGIBILITY FOR SEALING.--Prior to petitioning the court to seal a criminal history record, a person seeking to seal a criminal history record shall apply to the department for a certificate of eligibility for sealing. The department shall, by rule adopted pursuant to chapter 120, establish procedures pertaining to the application for and issuance of certificates of eligibility for sealing. The department shall issue a certificate of eligibility for sealing to a person who is the subject of a criminal history record provided that such person:
- (a) Has submitted to the department a certified copy of the disposition of the charge to which the petition to seal pertains.
- (b) Remits a \$75 processing fee to the department for placement in the Department of Law Enforcement Operating Trust Fund, unless such fee is waived by the executive director.
- (c) Has never, prior to the date on which the application for a certificate of eligibility is filed, been adjudicated guilty of a criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation or adjudicated delinquent for committing a felony or a misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b).
- (d) Has not been adjudicated guilty of or adjudicated delinquent for committing any of the acts stemming from the

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arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to seal pertains.

- (e) Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of a criminal history record under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058.
- Is no longer under court supervision applicable to the disposition of the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to seal pertains.
 - PROCESSING OF A PETITION OR ORDER TO SEAL. --
- In judicial proceedings under this section, a copy of the completed petition to seal shall be served upon the appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and upon the arresting agency; however, it is not necessary to make any agency other than the state a party. The appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and the arresting agency may respond to the court regarding the completed petition to seal.
- (b) If relief is granted by the court, the clerk of the court shall certify copies of the order to the appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and to the arresting agency. The arresting agency is responsible for forwarding the order to any other agency to which the arresting agency disseminated the criminal history record information to which the order pertains. The department shall forward the order to seal to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The clerk of the court shall certify a copy of the order to any other agency which the records of the court reflect has received the criminal history record from the court.
- (c) For an order to seal entered by a court prior to 31 July 1, 1992, the department shall notify the appropriate

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state attorney or statewide prosecutor of any order to seal which is contrary to law because the person who is the subject of the record has previously been convicted of a crime or comparable ordinance violation or has had a prior criminal history record sealed or expunged. Upon receipt of such notice, the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor shall take action, within 60 days, to correct the record and petition the court to void the order to seal. The department shall seal the record until such time as the order is voided by the court.

- (d) On or after July 1, 1992, the department or any other criminal justice agency is not required to act on an order to seal entered by a court when such order does not comply with the requirements of this section. Upon receipt of such an order, the department must notify the issuing court, the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor, the petitioner or the petitioner's attorney, and the arresting agency of the reason for noncompliance. The appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor shall take action within 60 days to correct the record and petition the court to void the order. No cause of action, including contempt of court, shall arise against any criminal justice agency for failure to comply with an order to seal when the petitioner for such order failed to obtain the certificate of eligibility as required by this section or when such order does not comply with the requirements of this section.
- (e) An order sealing a criminal history record pursuant to this section does not require that such record be surrendered to the court, and such record shall continue to be maintained by the department and other criminal justice 31 agencies.

- criminal history record of a minor or an adult which is ordered sealed by a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to this section is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and is available only to the person who is the subject of the record, to the subject's attorney, to criminal justice agencies for their respective criminal justice purposes, or to those entities set forth in subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., and 6. for their respective licensing and employment purposes.
- (a) The subject of a criminal history record sealed under this section or under other provisions of law, including former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, and former s. 943.058, may lawfully deny or fail to acknowledge the arrests covered by the sealed record, except when the subject of the record:
- Is a candidate for employment with a criminal justice agency;
 - 2. Is a defendant in a criminal prosecution;
- 3. Concurrently or subsequently petitions for relief under this section or s. 943.0585;
 - 4. Is a candidate for admission to The Florida Bar;
- 5. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by or to contract with the Department of Children and Family Services or the Department of Juvenile Justice or to be employed or used by such contractor or licensee in a sensitive position having direct contact with children, the developmentally disabled, the aged, or the elderly as provided in s. 110.1127(3), s. 393.063(15), s. 394.4572(1), s. 397.451, s. 402.302(3), s. 402.313(3), s. 409.175(2)(i), s. 415.102(4), s. 415.103, s. 985.407, or chapter 400; or

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- 6. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by the Office of Teacher Education, Certification, Staff Development, and Professional Practices of the Department of Education, any district school board, or any local governmental entity which licenses child care facilities.
- (b) Subject to the exceptions in paragraph (a), a person who has been granted a sealing under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 may not be held under any provision of law of this state to commit perjury or to be otherwise liable for giving a false statement by reason of such person's failure to recite or acknowledge a sealed criminal history record.
- (c) Information relating to the existence of a sealed criminal record provided in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (a) is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, except that the department shall disclose the sealed criminal history record to the entities set forth in subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., and 6. for their respective licensing and employment purposes. It is unlawful for any employee of an entity set forth in subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)4., subparagraph (a)5., or subparagraph (a)6. to disclose information relating to the existence of a sealed criminal history record of a person seeking employment or licensure with such entity or contractor, except to the person to whom the criminal history record relates or to persons having direct responsibility for employment or licensure decisions. Any person who violates the provisions of this paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(5) STATUTORY REFERENCES.--Any reference to any other chapter, section, or subdivision of the Florida Statutes in this section constitutes a general reference under the doctrine of incorporation by reference.

Section 16. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 800.04, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 944.606, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

944.606 Sexual offenders; notification upon release.--

- (1) As used in this section:
- (b) "Sexual offender" means a person who has been convicted of committing, or attempting, soliciting, or conspiring to commit, any of the criminal offenses proscribed in the following statutes in this state or similar offenses in another jurisdiction: s. 787.01 or s. 787.02, where the victim is a minor and the defendant is not the victim's parent; s. 787.025; chapter 794; s. 796.03; s. 800.04; s. 825.1025; s. 827.071; s. 847.0133; s. 847.0135; s. 847.0145; or any similar offense committed in this state which has been redesignated from a former statute number to one of those listed in this subsection, when the department has received verified information regarding such conviction; an offender's computerized criminal history record is not, in and of itself, verified information.

Section 17. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 800.04, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 944.607, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

944.607 Notification to Department of Law Enforcement of information on sexual offenders.--

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Sexual offender" means a person who is in the custody or control of, or under the supervision of, the department or is in the custody of a private correctional facility on or after October 1, 1997, as a result of a conviction for committing, or attempting, soliciting, or conspiring to commit, any of the criminal offenses proscribed in the following statutes in this state or similar offenses in another jurisdiction: s. 787.01 or s. 787.02, where the victim is a minor and the defendant is not the victim's parent; s. 787.025; chapter 794; s. 796.03; s. 800.04; s. 825.1025; s. 827.071; s. 847.0133; s. 847.0135; s. 847.0145; or any similar offense committed in this state which has been redesignated from a former statute number to one of those listed in this paragraph.

Section 18. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 800.04, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (7) of section 947.1405, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

947.1405 Conditional release program. --

(7)(a) Any inmate who is convicted of a crime committed on or after October 1, 1995, or who has been previously convicted of a crime committed on or after October 1, 1995, in violation of chapter 794, s. 800.04, s. 827.071, or s. 847.0145, and is subject to conditional release supervision, shall have, in addition to any other conditions imposed, the following special conditions imposed by the commission:

- 1. A mandatory curfew from 10 p.m. to 6 a.m. The court
 2 may designate another 8-hour period if the offender's
 3 employment precludes the above specified time, and such
 4 alternative is recommended by the Department of Corrections.
 5 If the court determines that imposing a curfew would endanger
 6 the victim, the court may consider alternative sanctions.
 - 2. If the victim was under the age of 18, a prohibition on living within 1,000 feet of a school, day care center, park, playground, or other place where children regularly congregate.
 - 3. Active participation in and successful completion of a sex offender treatment program with therapists specifically trained to treat sex offenders, at the releasee's own expense. If a specially trained therapist is not available within a 50-mile radius of the releasee's residence, the offender shall participate in other appropriate therapy.
 - 4. A prohibition on any contact with the victim, directly or indirectly, including through a third person, unless approved by the victim, the offender's therapist, and the sentencing court.
 - 5. If the victim was under the age of 18, a prohibition, until successful completion of a sex offender treatment program, on unsupervised contact with a child under the age of 18, unless authorized by the commission without another adult present who is responsible for the child's welfare, has been advised of the crime, and is approved by the commission.
 - 6. If the victim was under age 18, a prohibition on working for pay or as a volunteer at any school, day care center, park, playground, or other place where children regularly congregate, as prescribed by the commission.

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programs, or computer services that are relevant to the offender's deviant behavior pattern. 8. A requirement that the releasee must submit two specimens of blood to the Florida Department of Law Enforcement to be registered with the DNA database.

prohibition on viewing, owning, or possessing any obscene, pornographic, or sexually stimulating visual or auditory

material, including telephone, electronic media, computer

provided by the sexual offender treatment program, a

7. Unless otherwise indicated in the treatment plan

- 9. A requirement that the releasee make restitution to the victim, as determined by the sentencing court or the commission, for all necessary medical and related professional services relating to physical, psychiatric, and psychological care.
- Submission to a warrantless search by the community control or probation officer of the probationer's or community controllee's person, residence, or vehicle.
- (b) For a releasee whose crime was committed on or after October 1, 1997, in violation of chapter 794, s. 800.04, s. 827.071, or s. 847.0145, and who is subject to conditional release supervision, in addition to any other provision of this subsection, the commission shall impose the following additional conditions of conditional release supervision:
- 1. As part of a treatment program, participation in a minimum of one annual polygraph examination to obtain information necessary for risk management and treatment and to reduce the sex offender's denial mechanisms. The polygraph examination must be conducted by a polygrapher trained specifically in the use of the polygraph for the monitoring of 31 sex offenders, where available, and at the expense of the sex

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offender. The results of the polygraph examination shall not be used as evidence in a hearing to prove that a violation of supervision has occurred.

- Maintenance of a driving log and a prohibition against driving a motor vehicle alone without the prior approval of the supervising officer.
- 3. A prohibition against obtaining or using a post office box without the prior approval of the supervising officer.
- If there was sexual contact, a submission to, at the probationer's or community controllee's expense, an HIV test with the results to be released to the victim or the victim's parent or quardian.
- 5. Electronic monitoring when deemed necessary by the community control or probation officer and his or her supervisor, and ordered by the court at the recommendation of the Department of Corrections.

Section 19. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 800.04, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (15) of section 948.01, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

948.01 When court may place defendant on probation or into community control. --

(15) Effective for an offense committed on or after July 1, 1998, a person is ineligible for placement on administrative probation if the person is sentenced to or is serving a term of probation or community control, regardless of the conviction or adjudication, for committing, or attempting, conspiring, or soliciting to commit, any of the felony offenses described in s. 787.01 or s. 787.02, where the 31 | victim is a minor and the defendant is not the victim's

 parent; s. 787.025; chapter 794; s. 796.03; s. 800.04; s. 825.1025(2)(b); s. 827.071; s. 847.0133; s. 847.0135; or s. 847.0145.

Section 20. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 800.04, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsections (4), (5), and (6) of section 948.03, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

948.03 Terms and conditions of probation or community control.--

- (4) The court shall require a diagnosis and evaluation to determine the need of a probationer or offender in community control for treatment. If the court determines that a need therefor is established by such diagnosis and evaluation process, the court shall require outpatient counseling as a term or condition of probation or community control for any person who was found guilty of any of the following, or whose plea of guilty or nolo contendere to any of the following was accepted by the court:
- (a) Lewd or lascivious battery, lewd or lascivious molestation, lewd or lascivious conduct, or lewd or lascivious exhibition, as defined in s. 800.04.
- (b) Sexual battery, as defined in chapter 794, against a child.
- (c) Exploitation of a child as provided in s. 450.151, or for prostitution.

Such counseling shall be required to be obtained from a community mental health center, a recognized social service agency providing mental health services, or a private mental

health professional or through other professional counseling.

 The plan for counseling for the individual shall be provided to the court for review.

- (5) Conditions imposed pursuant to this subsection, as specified in paragraphs (a) and (b), do not require oral pronouncement at the time of sentencing and shall be considered standard conditions of probation or community control for offenders specified in this subsection.
- (a) Effective for probationers or community controllees whose crime was committed on or after October 1, 1995, and who are placed under supervision for violation of chapter 794, s. 800.04, s. 827.071, or s. 847.0145, the court must impose the following conditions in addition to all other standard and special conditions imposed:
- 1. A mandatory curfew from 10 p.m. to 6 a.m. The court may designate another 8-hour period if the offender's employment precludes the above specified time, and such alternative is recommended by the Department of Corrections. If the court determines that imposing a curfew would endanger the victim, the court may consider alternative sanctions.
- 2. If the victim was under the age of 18, a prohibition on living within 1,000 feet of a school, day care center, park, playground, or other place where children regularly congregate, as prescribed by the court.
- 3. Active participation in and successful completion of a sex offender treatment program with therapists specifically trained to treat sex offenders, at the probationer's or community controllee's own expense. If a specially trained therapist is not available within a 50-mile radius of the probationer's or community controllee's residence, the offender shall participate in other appropriate therapy.

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- 1 4. A prohibition on any contact with the victim, 2 directly or indirectly, including through a third person, 3 unless approved by the victim, the offender's therapist, and the sentencing court. 4 5
 - If the victim was under the age of 18, a prohibition, until successful completion of a sex offender treatment program, on unsupervised contact with a child under the age of 18, unless authorized by the sentencing court without another adult present who is responsible for the child's welfare, has been advised of the crime, and is approved by the sentencing court.
 - 6. If the victim was under age 18, a prohibition on working for pay or as a volunteer at any school, day care center, park, playground, or other place where children regularly congregate.
 - 7. Unless otherwise indicated in the treatment plan provided by the sexual offender treatment program, a prohibition on viewing, owning, or possessing any obscene, pornographic, or sexually stimulating visual or auditory material, including telephone, electronic media, computer programs, or computer services that are relevant to the offender's deviant behavior pattern.
 - 8. A requirement that the probationer or community controllee must submit two specimens of blood to the Florida Department of Law Enforcement to be registered with the DNA data bank.
- 9. A requirement that the probationer or community controllee make restitution to the victim, as ordered by the court under s. 775.089, for all necessary medical and related professional services relating to physical, psychiatric, and 31 psychological care.

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- Submission to a warrantless search by the community control or probation officer of the probationer's or community controllee's person, residence, or vehicle.
- (b) Effective for a probationer or community controllee whose crime was committed on or after October 1, 1997, and who is placed on sex offender probation for a violation of chapter 794, s. 800.04, s. 827.071, or s. 847.0145, in addition to any other provision of this subsection, the court must impose the following conditions of probation or community control:
- As part of a treatment program, participation at least annually in polygraph examinations to obtain information necessary for risk management and treatment and to reduce the sex offender's denial mechanisms. A polygraph examination must be conducted by a polygrapher trained specifically in the use of the polygraph for the monitoring of sex offenders, where available, and shall be paid by the sex offender. The results of the polygraph examination shall not be used as evidence in court to prove that a violation of community supervision has occurred.
- Maintenance of a driving log and a prohibition against driving a motor vehicle alone without the prior approval of the supervising officer.
- 3. A prohibition against obtaining or using a post office box without the prior approval of the supervising officer.
- If there was sexual contact, a submission to, at the probationer's or community controllee's expense, an HIV test with the results to be released to the victim and/or the victim's parent or quardian.

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- 1 Electronic monitoring when deemed necessary by the 2 community control or probation officer and his or her 3 supervisor, and ordered by the court at the recommendation of the Department of Corrections. 4
 - (6) The enumeration of specific kinds of terms and conditions shall not prevent the court from adding thereto such other or others as it considers proper. However, the sentencing court may only impose a condition of supervision allowing an offender convicted of s. 794.011, s. 800.04, s. 827.071, or s. 847.0145, to reside in another state, if the order stipulates that it is contingent upon the approval of the receiving state interstate compact authority. The court may rescind or modify at any time the terms and conditions theretofore imposed by it upon the probationer or offender in community control. However, if the court withholds adjudication of guilt or imposes a period of incarceration as a condition of probation or community control, the period shall not exceed 364 days, and incarceration shall be restricted to either a county facility, a probation and restitution center under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections, a probation program drug punishment phase I secure residential treatment institution, or a community residential facility owned or operated by any entity providing such services.

Section 21. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 800.04, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 948.06, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

948.06 Violation of probation or community control; revocation; modification; continuance; failure to pay 31 restitution or cost of supervision.--

(2)(a) When any state or local law enforcement agency investigates or arrests a person for committing, or attempting, soliciting, or conspiring to commit, a violation of s. 787.025, chapter 794, s. 796.03, s. 800.04, s. 827.071, s. 847.0133, s. 847.0135, or s. 847.0145, the law enforcement agency shall contact the Department of Corrections to verify whether the person under investigation or under arrest is on probation, community control, parole, conditional release, or control release. Section 22. This act shall take effect October 1, 2000. STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR Senate Bill 1618 Prohibits the luring or enticing of a minor into a building, structure, or conveyance for other than a lawful purpose. Corrects an omission in the section relating to computer pornography which does not expressly state the conduct described in that section is prohibited.