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2	An act relating to the Florida Statutes;
3	repealing various statutory provisions that
4	have become obsolete, have had their effect,
5	have served their purpose, or have been
6	impliedly repealed or superseded; amending s.
7	161.163, F.S.; deleting an obsolete deadline
8	for designation of coastal areas to be used by
9	sea turtles for nesting; amending s. 161.56,
10	F.S.; deleting an obsolete deadline for
11	submission to the Administration Commission of
12	lists of local governments having coastal zones
13	which have not provided evidence of adoption of
14	the required building code; amending s. 212.08,
15	F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; repealing
16	s. 376.185, F.S., relating to budget approval
17	for funding enforcement of the Pollutant
18	Discharge Prevention and Control Act; amending
19	s. 376.11, F.S.; removing a cross-reference, to
20	conform; repealing s. 376.303(1)(e), F.S.,
21	relating to the Department of Environmental
22	Protection establishing a technical advisory
23	committee to recommend certain legislation;
24	amending s. 376.30714, F.S.; conforming a
25	cross-reference; amending s. 376.3071, F.S.,
26	and repealing paragraph (6)(c), relating to a
27	loan from the Florida Coastal Protection Trust
28	Fund to provide funding to the Inland
29	Protection Trust Fund; updating provisions
30	relating to reimbursement for cleanup expenses
31	from the Inland Protection Trust Fund;

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1	repealing s. 377.02, F.S., relating to the form
2	of the interstate compact to conserve oil and
3	gas; amending s. 378.208, F.S., and repealing
4	subsection (3), relating to financial assurance
5	requirements for phosphate land operators;
6	conforming a cross-reference; amending s.
7	403.085, F.S.; deleting obsolete deadlines and
8	references in provisions requiring certain
9	sanitary sewage disposal treatment plants and
10	industrial plants or facilities to provide for
11	secondary and any ordered advanced waste
12	treatment; amending s. 403.086, F.S.; deleting
13	obsolete deadlines and references in provisions
14	requiring certain sanitary sewage disposal
15	facilities to provide for secondary and any
16	ordered advanced waste treatment; amending s.
17	403.0872, F.S.; deleting an obsolete deadline
18	relating to the audit of the major stationary
19	source air-operation permit program; repealing
20	s. 403.08851, F.S., relating to implementation
21	of the state National Pollutant Discharge
22	Elimination System (NPDES) Program; repealing
23	s. 403.1826(6)(b), F.S., relating to a
24	temporary waiver from accumulation requirements
25	of the Florida Water Pollution Control and
26	Sewage Treatment Plant Grant Act; repealing s.
27	403.221, F.S., relating to proceedings pending
28	at the time of adoption of the Florida Air and
29	Water Pollution Control Act; amending s.
30	403.7046, F.S.; deleting obsolete dates
31	relating to regulation of recovered materials;
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1	amending s. 403.703, F.S.; correcting a
2	cross-reference; amending s. 403.7049, F.S.;
3	deleting obsolete dates relating to local
4	government determination and notification of
5	the full cost for solid waste management;
6	amending s. 403.706, F.S.; deleting obsolete
7	dates relating to the reduction and weighing of
8	solid waste received by a solid waste
9	management facility; amending s. 403.707, F.S.;
10	deleting an obsolete date relating to solid
11	waste management facility permits; amending s.
12	403.708, F.S.; deleting obsolete dates relating
13	to beverage container and packaging
14	requirements; amending s. 403.716, F.S.;
15	deleting obsolete dates relating to training of
16	operators of landfills, waste-to-energy
17	facilities, biomedical waste incinerators, or
18	mobile soil thermal treatment units or
19	facilities; amending s. 403.7186, F.S.;
20	deleting obsolete dates relating to
21	environmentally sound management of
22	mercury-containing devices and lamps; amending
23	s. 403.7191, F.S.; deleting an obsolete date
24	relating to reduction of toxics in packaging;
25	amending s. 403.7192, F.S.; deleting obsolete
26	provisions relating to requirements for
27	manufacturers, sellers, and consumers with
28	respect to batteries; repealing s. 403.7199,
29	F.S., relating to the Florida Packaging
30	Council; amending s. 403.724, F.S.; deleting an
31	obsolete deadline for hazardous waste
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1	facilities to comply with financial
2	responsibility requirements; amending s.
3	403.7265, F.S.; deleting an obsolete deadline
4	for development of the local hazardous waste
5	collection program; amending s. 403.767, F.S.;
6	deleting an obsolete date relating to
7	certification of used oil transporters;
8	amending s. 403.769, F.S.; deleting an obsolete
9	date relating to development of the permitting
10	system for used oil processing facilities;
11	repealing ch. 533, F.S., relating to mining
12	wastes; providing an effective date.
13	
14	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
15	
16	Section 1. Section 161.163, Florida Statutes, is
17	amended to read:
18	161.163 Coastal areas used by sea turtles;
19	rules Within 2 years of July 1, 1986, The department shall
20	adopt by rule a designation of coastal areas which are
21	utilized, or are likely to be utilized, by sea turtles for
22	nesting. The department shall also adopt by rule guidelines
23	for local government regulations that control beachfront
24	lighting to protect hatching sea turtles.
25	Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 161.56, Florida
26	Statutes, is amended to read:
27	161.56 Establishment of local enforcement
28	(2) Each local government shall provide evidence to
29	the state land planning agency that it has adopted a building
30	code pursuant to this section. Within 90 days after January
31	1, 1987,The state land planning agency shall submit to the
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Administration Commission a list of those local governments which have not submitted such evidence of adoption. The sole issue before the Administration Commission shall be whether or not to impose sanctions pursuant to s. 163.3184(<u>11)(8)</u>. Section 3. Subsection (13) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

7 212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, 8 and storage tax; specified exemptions.--The sale at retail, 9 the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and 10 the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the 11 following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed 12 by this chapter.

13 (13) No transactions shall be exempt from the tax 14 imposed by this chapter except those expressly exempted 15 herein. All laws granting tax exemptions, to the extent they may be inconsistent or in conflict with this chapter, 16 17 including, but not limited to, the following designated laws, shall yield to and be superseded by the provisions of this 18 19 subsection: ss. 125.019, 153.76, 154.2331, 159.15, 159.31, 159.50, 159.708, 163.385, 163.395, 215.76, 243.33, 258.14, 20 315.11, 348.65, 348.762, 349.13, 403.1834, 616.07, and 623.09, 21 and the following Laws of Florida, acts of the year indicated: 22 23 s. 31, chapter 30843, 1955; s. 19, chapter 30845, 1955; s. 12, chapter 30927, 1955; s. 8, chapter 31179, 1955; s. 15, chapter 24 31263, 1955; s. 13, chapter 31343, 1955; s. 16, chapter 25 26 59-1653; s. 13, chapter 59-1356; s. 12, chapter 61-2261; s. 27 19, chapter 61-2754; s. 10, chapter 61-2686; s. 11, chapter 63-1643; s. 11, chapter 65-1274; s. 16, chapter 67-1446; and 28 29 s. 10, chapter 67-1681. Section 4. Section 376.185, Florida Statutes, is 30 31 repealed.

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Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 1 2 376.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3 376.11 Florida Coastal Protection Trust Fund.--4 (4) Moneys in the Florida Coastal Protection Trust 5 Fund shall be disbursed for the following purposes and no 6 others: 7 (a) Administrative expenses, personnel expenses, and 8 equipment costs of the department and the Fish and Wildlife 9 Conservation Commission related to the enforcement of ss. 376.011-376.21 subject to s. 376.185. 10 Section 6. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 11 376.303, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 12 Section 7. Subsection (12) of section 376.30714, 13 14 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 376.30714 Site rehabilitation agreements.--15 (12) Nothing in this section shall be construed to 16 17 preclude the department from pursuing penalties in accordance 18 with ss. 376.303(1)(j)(k) and 376.311 for violations of any 19 law or any rule, order, permit, registration, or certification 20 adopted or issued by the department pursuant to its lawful 21 authority. 22 Section 8. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 23 376.3071, Florida Statutes, is repealed, and paragraph (k) of subsection (12) of that section is amended to read: 24 25 376.3071 Inland Protection Trust Fund; creation; 26 purposes; funding. --(12) REIMBURSEMENT FOR CLEANUP EXPENSES. -- Except as 27 provided in s. 2(3), chapter 95-2, Laws of Florida, this 28 29 subsection shall not apply to any site rehabilitation program task initiated after March 29, 1995. Effective August 1, 1996, 30 no further site rehabilitation work on sites eligible for 31 6 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

state-funded cleanup from the Inland Protection Trust Fund 1 shall be eligible for reimbursement pursuant to this 2 3 subsection. The person responsible for conducting site 4 rehabilitation may seek reimbursement for site rehabilitation 5 program task work conducted after March 28, 1995, in accordance with s. 2(2) and (3), chapter 95-2, Laws of б 7 Florida, regardless of whether the site rehabilitation program task is completed. A site rehabilitation program task shall 8 9 be considered to be initiated when actual onsite work or engineering design, pursuant to chapter 62-770, Florida 10 Administrative Code, which is integral to performing a site 11 12 rehabilitation program task has begun and shall not include contract negotiation and execution, site research, or project 13 14 planning. All reimbursement applications pursuant to this 15 subsection must be submitted to the department by January 3, 16 1997. The department shall not accept any applications for 17 reimbursement or pay any claims on applications for reimbursement received after that date; provided, however if 18 19 an application filed on or prior to January 3, 1997, was returned by the department on the grounds of untimely filing, 20 it shall be refiled within 30 days after the effective date of 21 this act in order to be processed. 22

23

(k) Audits.--

1. The department is authorized to perform financial and technical audits in order to certify site restoration costs and ensure compliance with this chapter. The department shall seek recovery of any overpayments based on the findings of these audits. The department must commence any audit within 5 years after the date of reimbursement, except in cases where the department alleges specific facts indicating fraud.

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Upon determination by the department that any
 portion of costs which have been reimbursed are disallowed,
 the department shall give written notice to the applicant
 setting forth with specificity the allegations of fact which
 justify the department's proposed action and ordering
 repayment of disallowed costs within 60 days of notification
 of the applicant.

8 3. In the event the applicant does not make payment to 9 the department within 60 days of receipt of such notice, the 10 department shall seek recovery in a court of competent 11 jurisdiction to recover reimbursement overpayments made to the 12 person responsible for conducting site rehabilitation, unless 13 the department finds the amount involved too small or the 14 likelihood of recovery too uncertain.

15 4. In addition to the amount of any overpayment, the applicant shall be liable to the department for interest of 1 16 17 percent per month or the prime rate, whichever is less, on the amount of overpayment, from the date of overpayment by the 18 19 department until the applicant satisfies the department's 20 request for repayment pursuant to this paragraph. The calculation of interest shall be tolled during the pendency of 21 22 any litigation.

23 Financial and technical audits frequently are 5. conducted under this section many years after the site 24 rehabilitation activities were performed and the costs 25 26 examined in the course of the audit were incurred by the 27 person responsible for site rehabilitation. During the intervening span of years, the department's rule requirements 28 29 and its related guidance and other nonrule policy directives may have changed significantly. The Legislature finds that it 30 may be appropriate for the department to provide relief to 31

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persons subject to such requirements in financial and 1 2 technical audits conducted pursuant to this section. 3 The department is authorized to grant variances and a. 4 waivers from the documentation requirements of subparagraph 5 (e)2. and from the requirements of rules applicable in technical and financial audits conducted under this section. б 7 Variances and waivers shall be granted when the person responsible for site rehabilitation demonstrates to the 8 9 department that application of a financial or technical auditing requirement would create a substantial hardship or 10 would violate principles of fairness. For purposes of this 11 12 subsection, "substantial hardship" means a demonstrated 13 economic, technological, legal, or other type of hardship to 14 the person requesting the variance or waiver. For purposes of 15 this subsection, "principles of fairness" are violated when the application of a requirement affects a particular person 16 17 in a manner significantly different from the way it affects 18 other similarly situated persons who are affected by the 19 requirement or when the requirement is being applied retroactively without due notice to the affected parties. 20 b. A person whose reimbursed costs are subject to a 21 financial and technical audit under this section may file a 22 23 written request to the department for grant of a variance or waiver. The request shall specify: 24 (I) The requirement from which a variance or waiver is 25 26 requested. 27 (II) The type of action requested. (III) The specific facts which would justify a waiver 28 29 or variance. (IV) The reason or reasons why the requested variance 30 or waiver would serve the purposes of this section. 31 9 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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Within 90 days after receipt of a written request 1 c. 2 for variance or waiver under this subsection, the department 3 shall grant or deny the request. If the request is not granted or denied within 90 days of receipt, the request shall be 4 5 deemed approved. An order granting or denying the request 6 shall be in writing and shall contain a statement of the 7 relevant facts and reasons supporting the department's action. 8 The department's decision to grant or deny the petition shall 9 be supported by competent substantial evidence and is subject to ss. 120.569 and 120.57. Once adopted, model rules 10 promulgated by the Administration Commission under s. 120.542 11 12 shall govern the processing of requests under this provision+ 13 however, the department may process requests prior to the 14 adoption of those model rules. The Comptroller may audit the records of persons 15 6. who receive or who have received payments pursuant to this 16 17 chapter in order to verify site restoration costs, ensure 18 compliance with this chapter, and verify the accuracy and 19 completeness of audits performed by the department pursuant to 20 this paragraph. The Comptroller may contract with entities or persons to perform audits pursuant to this subparagraph. 21 The 22 Comptroller shall commence any audit within 1 year after the 23 department's completion of an audit conducted pursuant to this 24 paragraph, except in cases where the department or the Comptroller alleges specific facts indicating fraud. 25 26 Section 9. Section 377.02, Florida Statutes, is 27 repealed. 28 Section 10. Subsection (3) of section 378.208, Florida 29 Statutes, is repealed, and paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of that section is amended to read: 30 378.208 Financial responsibility.--31 10 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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Operators who are not in compliance with the rate 1 (2) 2 of reclamation established in s. 378.209 must post one or more 3 of the following forms of security: 4 (a) A lien in favor of the state on unmined lands or 5 on reclaimed and released real property owned in fee simple absolute by the operator. No formal appraisal of the property 6 7 shall be required; however, the unencumbered value of the 8 property shall be comparable to the cost of reclamation 9 established pursuant to subsection(3)(4). 10 The form of security posted shall be at the option of the 11 12 operator and shall cover the number of acres for which the operator is delinquent in reclaiming in the required time 13 14 period as well as the number of acres that the operator must 15 reclaim in the current 5-year period. The security, other than the donation of land, shall be released upon completion 16 17 of reclamation of delinquent acres. Section 11. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 18 19 403.085, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 20 403.085 Sanitary sewage disposal units; advanced and secondary waste treatment; industrial waste, ocean outfall, 21 22 inland outfall, or disposal well waste treatment .--23 (2) Sanitary sewage disposal treatment plants which discharge effluent through ocean outfalls or disposal wells on 24 July 1, 1970, shall provide for secondary waste treatment and, 25 26 in addition thereto, advanced waste treatment as deemed 27 necessary and ordered by the former Department of Environmental Regulation by January 3, 1974. Failure to 28 29 conform by said date shall be punishable by a fine of \$500 for each 24-hour day or fraction thereof that such failure is 30 allowed to continue thereafter. 31 11

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(4) Industrial plants or facilities which discharge 1 2 industrial waste of any kind through ocean outfalls, inland 3 outfalls, or disposal wells on July 1, 1971, shall provide for 4 secondary waste treatment or such other waste treatment as 5 deemed necessary and ordered by January 1, 1973, by the former Department of Environmental Regulation. Failure to conform by 6 7 said date shall be punishable as provided in s. 403.161(2). Section 12. Subsection (2) of section 403.086, Florida 8 9 Statutes, is amended to read: 403.086 Sewage disposal facilities; advanced and 10 secondary waste treatment. --11 12 (2) Any facilities for sanitary sewage disposal existing on July 1, 1971, shall provide for secondary waste 13 14 treatment by January 1, 1973, and, in addition thereto, 15 advanced waste treatment as deemed necessary and ordered by 16 the former Department of Pollution Control, its successor, the 17 former Department of Environmental Regulation, or its successor, the Department of Environmental Protection. Failure 18 19 to conform by said date shall be punishable by a civil penalty of \$500 for each 24-hour day or fraction thereof that such 20 failure is allowed to continue thereafter. 21 Section 13. Paragraph (c) of subsection (11) of 22 23 section 403.0872, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 403.0872 Operation permits for major sources of air 24 pollution; annual operation license fee.--Provided that 25 26 program approval pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s. 7661a has been received from the United States Environmental Protection 27 Agency, beginning January 2, 1995, each major source of air 28 pollution, including electrical power plants certified under 29 s. 403.511, must obtain from the department an operation 30 permit for a major source of air pollution under this section, 31 12

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which is the only department operation permit for a major 1 source of air pollution required for such source. Operation 2 3 permits for major sources of air pollution, except general 4 permits issued pursuant to s. 403.814, must be issued in 5 accordance with the following procedures and in accordance with chapter 120; however, to the extent that chapter 120 is б 7 inconsistent with the provisions of this section, the 8 procedures contained in this section prevail:

9 (11) Commencing in 1993, each major source of air pollution permitted to operate in this state must pay between 10 January 15 and March 1 of each year, upon written notice from 11 12 the department, an annual operation license fee in an amount 13 determined by department rule. The annual operation license 14 fee shall be terminated immediately in the event the United 15 States Environmental Protection Agency imposes annual fees solely to implement and administer the major source 16 17 air-operation permit program in Florida under 40 C.F.R. s. 70.10(d). 18

19 (c) An audit of the major stationary source 20 air-operation permit program must be conducted 2 years after the United States Environmental Protection Agency has given 21 22 full approval of the program, or by the end of 1996, whichever 23 comes later, to ascertain whether the annual operation license 24 fees collected by the department are used solely to support any reasonable direct and indirect costs as listed in 25 26 paragraph (b). A program audit must be performed biennially after the first audit. 27 Section 14. Section 403.08851, Florida Statutes, is 28 29 repealed. Paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 30 Section 15. 403.1826, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 31

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Section 16. Section 403.221, Florida Statutes, is 1 2 repealed. 3 Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 403.7046, 4 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 5 403.7046 Regulation of recovered materials .--6 (1) After January 1, 1994, Any person who handles, 7 purchases, receives, recovers, sells, or is an end user of 8 recovered materials shall annually certify to the department 9 on forms provided by the department. The department may by rule exempt from this requirement generators of recovered 10 materials, persons who handle or sell recovered materials as 11 12 an activity which is incidental to the normal primary business 13 activities of that person, or persons who handle, purchase, 14 receive, recover, sell, or are end users of recovered 15 materials in small quantities as defined by the department. The department shall adopt rules for the certification of and 16 17 reporting by such persons and shall establish criteria for revocation of such certification. Prior to the adoption of 18 19 such rules, the department shall appoint a technical advisory committee of no more than nine persons, including, at a 20 minimum, representatives of the Florida Association of 21 22 Counties, the Florida League of Cities, the Florida Recyclers 23 Association, and the Florida Chapter of the National Solid Waste Management Association, to aid in the development of 24 such rules. Such rules shall be designed to elicit, at a 25 26 minimum, the amount and types of recovered materials handled 27 by registrants, and the amount and disposal site, or name of person with whom such disposal was arranged, of any solid 28 29 waste generated by such facility. Such rules may provide for the department to conduct periodic inspections. 30 The department may charge a fee of up to \$50 for each 31

registration, which shall be deposited into the Solid Waste 1 Management Trust Fund for implementation of the program. 2 Section 18. Subsection (10) of section 403.703, 3 4 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 5 403.703 Definitions.--As used in this act, unless the 6 context clearly indicates otherwise, the term: 7 (10) "Solid waste management facility" means any solid 8 waste disposal area, volume reduction plant, transfer station, 9 materials recovery facility, or other facility, the purpose of 10 which is resource recovery or the disposal, recycling, processing, or storage of solid waste. The term does not 11 12 include recovered materials processing facilities which meet the requirements of s. 403.7046(4), except the portion of such 13 14 facilities, if any, that is used for the management of solid 15 waste. 16 Section 19. Subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of 17 subsection (2) of section 403.7049, Florida Statutes, are 18 amended to read: 19 403.7049 Determination of full cost for solid waste management; local solid waste management fees .--20 21 (1) Within 1 year of October 1, 1988, or within 1 year after rules are established by the department, whichever 22 23 occurs later, Each county and each municipality shall determine each year the full cost for solid waste management 24 within the service area of the county or municipality for the 25 26 1-year period beginning on October 1, 1988, and shall update the full cost every year thereafter. The department shall 27 establish by rule the method for local governments to use in 28 29 calculating full cost. Rulemaking shall be initiated and at least one public hearing shall be held by March 1, 1989. In 30 developing the rule, the department shall examine the 31 15

feasibility of the use of an enterprise fund process by local 1 governments in operating their solid waste management systems. 2 3 (2)(a) Within 1 year from October 1, 1988, Each 4 municipality shall establish a system to inform, no less than 5 once a year, residential and nonresidential users of solid 6 waste management services within the municipality's service 7 area of the user's share, on an average or individual basis, 8 of the full cost for solid waste management as determined 9 pursuant to subsection (1). Counties shall provide the information required of municipalities only to residential and 10 nonresidential users of solid waste management services within 11 12 the county's service area that are not served by a municipality. Municipalities shall include costs charged to 13 14 them or persons contracting with them for disposal of solid waste in the full cost information provided to residential and 15 nonresidential users of solid waste management services. 16 17 Section 20. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) and subsection (18) of section 403.706, Florida Statutes, are 18 19 amended to read: 20 403.706 Local government solid waste 21 responsibilities.--22 (4)(a) A county's solid waste management and recycling 23 programs shall be designed to provide for sufficient reduction of the amount of solid waste generated within the county and 24 25 the municipalities within its boundaries in order to meet 26 goals for the reduction of municipal solid waste prior to the final disposal or the incineration of such waste at a solid 27 waste disposal facility. The goals shall provide, at a 28 29 minimum, that the amount of municipal solid waste that would be disposed of within the county and the municipalities within 30 its boundaries is reduced by at least 30 percent by the end of 31 16

1994. In determining whether the municipal solid waste 1 reduction goal established by this subsection has been 2 3 achieved, no more than one-half of the goal may be met with 4 yard trash, white goods, construction and demolition debris, and tires that are removed from the total amount of municipal 5 solid waste. However, if a county that is a special district 6 7 created by chapter 67-764, Laws of Florida, demonstrates that yard trash, construction and demolition debris, white goods, 8 9 and waste tires comprise more than 50 percent of the municipal solid waste generated in the county and municipalities within 10 its boundaries, the county may meet the reduction goal 11 12 established by this subsection by reducing the Class I municipal solid waste generated in the county and 13 14 municipalities within its boundaries at a rate equal to the 15 average rate Class I municipal solid waste is reduced in the 20 most populous counties, as determined by the department for 16 17 the previous reporting period. As used in this subsection, "Class I municipal solid waste" means municipal solid waste 18 19 other than yard trash, construction and demolition debris, 20 white goods, and waste tires. 21 (18) On and after July 1, 1989, Each operator of a 22 solid waste management facility owned or operated by or on 23 behalf of a county or municipality, except existing facilities which will not be in use 1 year after October 1, 1988, shall 24 weigh all solid waste when it is received. The scale used to 25 26 measure the solid waste shall conform to the requirements of 27 chapter 531 and any rules promulgated thereunder. Section 21. Subsection (1) of section 403.707, Florida 28 29 Statutes, is amended to read: 403.707 Permits.--30 31 17

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1 (1) No solid waste management facility may be 2 operated, maintained, constructed, expanded, modified, or 3 closed without an appropriate and currently valid permit 4 issued by the department. Effective October 1, 1989, Solid 5 waste construction permits issued under this section may б include any permit conditions necessary to achieve compliance 7 with the recycling requirements of this act. The department 8 shall pursue reasonable timeframes for closure and 9 construction requirements, considering pending federal requirements and implementation costs to the permittee. 10 The department shall adopt a rule establishing performance 11 standards for construction and closure of solid waste 12 management facilities. The standards shall allow flexibility 13 14 in design and consideration for site-specific characteristics. 15 Section 22. Subsections (2) and (9) of section 403.708, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 16 17 403.708 Prohibition; penalty.--18 (2) After January 1, 1989, No beverage shall be sold 19 or offered for sale within the state in a beverage container 20 designed and constructed so that the container is opened by detaching a metal ring or tab. 21 (9) No person shall, on or after October 1, 1990, 22 23 distribute, sell, or expose for sale in this state any product packaged in a container or packing material manufactured with 24 25 fully halogenated chlorofluorocarbons (CFC). Producers of 26 containers or packing material manufactured with chlorofluorocarbons (CFC) are urged to introduce alternative 27 packaging materials which are environmentally compatible. 28 29 Section 23. Subsection (3) of section 403.716, Florida 30 Statutes, is amended to read: 31 18

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403.716 Training of operators of solid waste 1 2 management and other facilities .--3 (3) A person may not perform the duties of an operator 4 of a landfill after July 1, 1991, or perform the duties of an 5 operator of a waste-to-energy facility, biomedical waste 6 incinerator, or mobile soil thermal treatment unit or facility 7 after July 1, 1994, unless she or he has completed an operator training course approved by the department or she or he has 8 9 qualified as an interim operator in compliance with requirements established by the department by rule. An owner 10 of a landfill, waste-to-energy facility, biomedical waste 11 12 incinerator, or mobile soil thermal treatment unit or facility 13 may not employ any person to perform the duties of an operator 14 unless such person has completed an approved landfill, 15 waste-to-energy facility, biomedical waste incinerator, or mobile soil thermal treatment unit or facility operator 16 17 training course, as appropriate, or has qualified as an interim operator in compliance with requirements established 18 19 by the department by rule. The department may establish by rule operator training requirements for other solid waste 20 management facilities and facility operators. 21 22 Section 24. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section 23 403.7186, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 403.7186 Environmentally sound management of 24 mercury-containing devices and lamps .--25 26 (2) PROHIBITION ON INCINERATION OR DISPOSAL OF MERCURY-CONTAINING DEVICES. -- Mercury-containing devices may 27 not be disposed of or incinerated in any manner prohibited by 28 29 this section or by the rules of the department promulgated under this section. After July 1, 1994, If the secretary of 30 the department determines that sufficient recycling capacity 31 19

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exists to recycle mercury-containing devices generated in the 1 state, the secretary may, by rule, designate regions of the 2 3 state in which a person shall not place such a device that was 4 purchased for use or used by a government agency or an 5 industrial or commercial facility in a mixed solid waste stream. After January 1, 1996, A mercury-containing device 6 7 shall not knowingly be incinerated or disposed of in a 8 landfill.

9 (3) PROHIBITION ON INCINERATION OF SPENT LAMPS.--After 10 July 1, 1994,Spent mercury-containing lamps shall not 11 knowingly be incinerated in any municipal or other 12 incinerator. This subsection shall not apply to incinerators 13 that are permitted to operate under state or federal hazardous 14 waste regulations.

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(4) WASTE MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENT FOR SPENT LAMPS.--

16 (a) Effective July 1, 1994, Any person owning or 17 operating an industrial, institutional, or commercial facility 18 in this state or providing outdoor lighting for public places 19 in this state, including streets and highways, that disposes 20 of more than 10 spent lamps per month shall arrange for 21 disposal of such lamps in permitted lined landfills or at 22 appropriately permitted reclamation facilities.

23 (b) After July 1, 1994, The department may, by rule, designate regions of the state wherein any person owning or 24 operating an industrial, institutional, or commercial facility 25 26 in such a designated region, or providing lighting for public 27 places in such designated region, including streets and highways, that disposes of more than 10 spent lamps per month 28 29 shall arrange for disposal of such lamps at appropriately permitted reclamation facilities; provided, however, that 30 before such rule is adopted, the secretary of the department 31

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first determines that appropriately permitted reclamation 1 facilities are reasonably available and afford sufficient 2 recycling capacity. 3 4 Section 25. Subsection (3) of section 403.7191, 5 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 6 403.7191 Toxics in packaging.--7 (3) PROHIBITIONS; SCHEDULE FOR REMOVAL OF INCIDENTAL 8 AMOUNTS. -- Except as provided in subsection (4), a manufacturer 9 or distributor may not sell a package or packaging component, and a manufacturer or distributor of products shall not offer 10 for sale or promotional purposes in this state, any package or 11 12 any packaging component with a total concentration of lead, 13 cadmium, mercury, and hexavalent chromium that exceeds after 14 July 1, 1996,100 parts per million by weight (.01 percent). 15 Section 26. Section 403.7192, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 16 17 403.7192 Batteries; requirements for consumer, manufacturers, and sellers; penalties. --18 19 (1) As used in this section, the term: 20 "Cell" means a galvanic or voltaic device weighing (a) 25 pounds or less consisting of an enclosed or sealed 21 22 container containing a positive and negative electrode in 23 which one or both electrodes consist primarily of cadmium or 24 lead and which container contains a gel or liquid starved 25 electrolyte. (b) "Cell manufacturer" means an entity which 26 27 manufactures cells in the United States; or imports into the United States cells or units for which no unit management 28 29 program has been put into effect by the actual manufacturer of 30 the cell or unit. 31 21

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"Marketer" means any person who manufactures, 1 (C) 2 sells, distributes, assembles, or affixes a brand name or 3 private label or licenses the use of a brand name on a unit or 4 rechargeable product. Marketer does not include a person 5 engaged in the retail sale of a unit or rechargeable product. 6 (d) "Rechargeable battery" means any small, 7 nonvehicular, rechargeable nickel-cadmium or sealed lead-acid 8 battery, or battery pack containing such a battery, weighing 9 less than 25 pounds and not used for memory backup. "Unit" means a cell, a rechargeable battery, or a 10 (e) rechargeable product with nonremovable rechargeable batteries. 11 12 (f) "Unit management program" means a program or system for the collection, recycling, or disposal of units put 13 14 in place by a marketer in accordance with this section. 15 (2)(a) After July 1, 1993, A person may not distribute, sell, or offer for sale in this state an 16 17 alkaline-manganese or zinc-carbon battery that contains more 18 than 0.025 percent mercury by weight. After January 1, 1996, 19 A person may not distribute, sell, or offer for sale in this state an alkaline-manganese or zinc-carbon battery that 20 contains any intentionally introduced mercury and more than 21 22 0.0004 percent mercury by weight. 23 (b) For any alkaline-manganese battery resembling a button or coin in size and shape, the limitation shall be 25 24 milligrams of mercury. 25 26 (c) After October 1, 1993, A person may not distribute, sell, or offer for sale in this state a consumer 27 button dry cell battery containing a mercuric oxide electrode 28 29 or a product containing such a battery. (d) The secretary of the department may exempt a 30 specific type of battery from this subsection if there is not 31 2.2 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

a battery that meets those requirements and that reasonably 1 can be substituted for the battery for which the exemption is 2 3 sought. 4 (3)(a) After January 1, 1994, A person may not 5 knowingly place in a mixed solid waste stream a dry cell battery that uses a mercuric oxide electrode or a product 6 7 containing such a battery, and that was purchased for use or used by a consumer or by a government, industrial, 8 9 communications, or medical facility that is a conditionally 10 exempt small quantity generator of hazardous waste under 40 C.F.R. s. 261.5. 11 12 (b) Eighteen months after the effective date of this subsection, or October 1, 1995, whichever is later, A person 13 14 may not knowingly place in a mixed solid waste stream a 15 rechargeable battery, or a product containing such a rechargeable battery, which was purchased for use or used by a 16 17 consumer or by a government, industrial, commercial, communications, or medical facility that is a conditionally 18 19 exempt small quantity generator of hazardous waste under 40 C.F.R. s. 261.5. 20 21 (c) Each government, industrial, commercial, 22 communications, or medical facility shall collect and 23 segregate its batteries to which the prohibitions in paragraphs (a) and (b) apply and send each segregated 24 collection of batteries back to a collection site designated 25 26 by the manufacturer or distributor in the case of mercuric oxide batteries, to a collection site designated by a marketer 27 or cell manufacturer of rechargeable batteries, or the 28 29 products powered by nonremovable batteries, or to a facility permitted to dispose of those batteries. 30 31 23

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(4) A cell manufacturer or marketer shall not sell or 1 2 offer for sale in this state any consumer product or 3 nonconsumer product that is manufactured on or after October 4 1, 1993, and that is powered by a rechargeable battery unless: 5 (a) In the case of consumer products, the battery can 6 be easily removed by the consumer, or the battery is contained 7 in a battery pack that is separate from the product and can be 8 easily removed from the product. 9 (b) In the case of nonconsumer products, the battery 10 can be removed or is contained in a battery pack that is separate from the product. 11 12 (c) The product or the battery, or the package in the 13 case of a consumer product, is labeled with a recycling symbol 14 and includes, as an indication of the chemical composition of the battery, the term "Cd" for nickel-cadmium batteries or 15 "Pb" for small sealed lead batteries. 16 17 (d) The instruction manual for the product or, in the case of a consumer product, the package containing the product 18 19 states that the sealed lead or nickel-cadmium battery must be recycled or disposed of properly. 20 (5) The secretary of the department may authorize the 21 22 sale of a consumer or nonconsumer product that does not comply 23 with paragraphs (4)(a) and (b), if the secretary finds that+ (a) The product was available for sale on or before 24 25 May 12, 1993, and the product cannot reasonably be redesigned 26 and manufactured by January 1, 1994; or, 27 (b) the design of the product, to comply with the requirements of this subsection, would result in significant 28 29 danger to public health and safety. (6) By October 1, 1993, Manufacturers and distributors 30 of mercuric oxide batteries and products containing these 31 24 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1 batteries and, 6 months after the report required in 2 paragraph (7)(b) is due to be presented to the department, 3 marketers of rechargeable batteries or the products powered by 4 such batteries, excluding those used solely for memory, +whose 5 batteries and products are sold and distributed in this state 6 and that are subject to the requirements of subsection (3), 7 must:

8 Implement a unit management program, other than a (a) 9 local government curbside program and other local government collection system, unless the local government agrees 10 otherwise, through which the discarded batteries or products 11 12 powered by nonremovable batteries may be returned to designated collection sites and submit this information to the 13 14 department. The unit management program must be accessible for 15 consumers or local governments collecting batteries or products from consumers, for returning the discarded batteries 16 17 or products. In addition to other requirements which cell manufacturers have as marketers, cell manufacturers shall 18 19 accept rechargeable batteries collected in this state. Cell manufacturers shall accept rechargeable batteries returned to 20 them of the same general type, including differing brands, not 21 to exceed the same annual rate as batteries manufactured by 22 them are sold in this state. Cell manufacturers shall have 23 the sole responsibility for reclamation and disposal of 24 rechargeable batteries returned to them. 25

(b) Clearly inform each purchaser of the prohibition
on the disposal in the solid waste stream of these batteries
and products powered by nonremovable batteries and of the
system for return available to the purchaser for their proper
collection, transportation, recycling, or disposal. A
telephone number must be provided to each final purchaser of

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1 the batteries, or products powered by these batteries, so that 2 the final purchasers can call to get information on returning 3 the discarded batteries or products for recycling or proper 4 disposal. The telephone number must also be provided to the 5 department.

6 (c) Accept waste batteries or products containing 7 these batteries returned to their designated collection sites 8 as allowed by federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

9 (d) Ensure that each battery is clearly identifiable 10 as to the type of electrode used in the battery.

(7)(a) Twelve months after the effective date of this 11 12 subsection, cell manufacturers and marketers of rechargeable batteries or products powered by rechargeable batteries which 13 14 are sold in the state shall implement pilot projects for the 15 collection and transportation of these batteries and products. Pilot projects implemented in other jurisdictions and lasting 16 17 for at least 18 months may be used to satisfy the requirements of this subsection. Marketers and cell manufacturers may 18 19 satisfy the requirements of this subsection individually or as 20 part of a representative organization of marketers and cell manufacturers. Representative organizations of manufacturers 21 22 shall supply to the department a list of those organization 23 members for whom the association is conducting the pilot program to satisfy the requirements of this subsection. 24 (b) On or before October 7, 1997, and annually 25 26 thereafter, for a period of 3 years Twenty-five months after the effective date of this subsection, cell manufacturers and 27 marketers or their representative organization shall report to 28 29 the department the final results of the pilot projects and plans for the implementation of the requirements under 30 subsection (6). The reports shall include estimates of the 31

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cadmium disposal reductions. Representative organizations of 1 manufacturers shall supply to the department a list of those 2 3 organization members for whom the association is conducting 4 the unit management program achieved through the pilot 5 projects. Plans for implementation and the determination of the reasonableness of those plans shall be based on the 6 7 results of the pilot programs. 8 9 Annually thereafter, for a period of 3 years, they shall 10 report on the results of their unit management programs as described in this subsection. 11 12 (8) The effective date of subsections (1) and (2), paragraph (3)(a), and subsections (4), (5), and (6) for 13 14 mercuric oxide batteries, and subsections (8), (10), and (11), 15 shall be July 1, 1993. The effective date of paragraphs 16 (3)(b) and (c) and subsection (6) for rechargeable batteries, 17 and subsections (7) and (9), shall be upon final adoption by the United States Environmental Protection Agency of 40 C.F.R. 18 19 part 273 as proposed in Federal Register, Volume 58, Number 20 27, pp. 8101 et seq., February 11, 1993, and adoption by the 21 department. 22 (8)(9) Manufacturers and importers of mercuric oxide 23 batteries and cell manufacturers and marketers of rechargeable batteries or products powered by these batteries that do not 24 comply with the requirements in subsection (6) and paragraph 25 26 (7)(a) may not sell, distribute, or offer for sale in this 27 state these batteries or products powered by these batteries. Manufacturers or marketers may satisfy the requirements of 28 29 subsection (6) and paragraph (7)(a) individually, as part of a representative organization of manufacturers, or by 30 contracting with private or government parties. Any such 31 27

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contractual arrangements may include appointment of agents, 1 allocation of costs and duties, and such indemnifications as 2 3 the parties deem appropriate. 4 (9)(10) Any person who violates any provision of this 5 section commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. A manufacturer or 6 7 distributor who violates such provision is subject to a minimum fine of \$100 per violation. 8 9 (10)(11) In an enforcement action under this section 10 in which the state prevails, the state may recover reasonable administrative expenses, court costs, and attorney's fees 11 12 incurred to take the enforcement action, in an amount to be 13 determined by the court. 14 Section 27. Section 403.7199, Florida Statutes, is 15 repealed. 16 Section 28. Subsection (5) of section 403.724, Florida 17 Statutes, is amended to read: 403.724 Financial responsibility.--18 19 (5) Hazardous waste facilities in operation on October 1, 1980, shall, within 1 year after the effective date of 20 rules regarding financial responsibility pursuant to this act, 21 22 establish financial responsibility or have the requirement 23 waived. Section 29. Subsection (2) of section 403.7265, 24 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 25 26 403.7265 Local hazardous waste collection program. --27 (2) By March 1, 1991, The department shall develop a statewide local hazardous waste management plan which will 28 29 ensure comprehensive collection and proper management of hazardous waste from small quantity generators and household 30 hazardous waste in Florida. The plan shall address, at a 31 28 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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minimum, a network of local collection centers, transfer 1 stations, and expanded hazardous waste collection route 2 3 The plan shall assess the need for additional services. 4 compliance verification inspections, enforcement, and 5 penalties. The plan shall include a strategy, timetable, and 6 budget for implementation. 7 Section 30. Subsection (1) of section 403.767, Florida 8 Statutes, is amended to read: 9 403.767 Certification of used oil transporters.--10 (1) Any person who transports over public highways after January 1, 1990, more than 500 gallons annually of used 11 12 oil must be a certified transporter. This subsection does not 13 apply to: 14 (a) Local governments or private solid waste haulers 15 under contract to a local government that transport used oil 16 collected from households to a public used oil collection 17 center. (b) Persons who transport less than 55 gallons of used 18 19 oil at one time that is stored in tightly closed containers which are secured in a totally enclosed section of the 20 transport vehicle. 21 22 (c) Persons who transport their own used oil, which is 23 generated at their own noncontiguous facilities, to their own central collection facility for storage, processing, or energy 24 recovery. However, such persons shall provide the same proof 25 26 of liability insurance or other means of financial 27 responsibility for liability which may be incurred in the transport of used oil as provided by certified transporters 28 29 under subsection (3). Section 31. Subsection (2) of section 403.769, Florida 30 Statutes, is amended to read: 31 29

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403.769 Permits for used oil processing and rerefining facilities.--(2) By January 1, 1990, The department shall develop a permitting system for used oil processing facilities after reviewing and considering the applicability of the permit system for hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facilities. Section 32. Sections 533.01, 533.02, 533.03, 533.04, 533.05, and 533.06, Florida Statutes, are repealed. Section 33. This act shall take effect July 1, 2000. CODING:Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.