Florida House of Representatives - 2000 By Representative Merchant

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to suspension of driver's 3 licenses; amending s. 316.1937, F.S.; requiring the use of an ignition interlock device for a 4 5 certain time period for persons convicted of a second or subsequent time for driving under the б 7 influence; providing for a license suspension 8 under certain circumstances; amending s. 9 322.2616, F.S.; clarifying the blood-alcohol and breath-alcohol levels that are unlawful; 10 11 prescribing a waiting period before a temporary 12 driving permit becomes effective; authorizing 13 the use of blood tests obtained pursuant to other investigations for purposes of license 14 suspension under s. 322.2616, F.S.; prescribing 15 16 law enforcement officers' immunity from civil liability; providing an effective date. 17 18 19 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 20 21 Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 316.1937, Florida 22 Statutes, is amended to read: 23 316.1937 Ignition interlock devices, requiring; 24 unlawful acts.--25 (1)(a) In addition to any other authorized penalties, 26 the court may require that any person who is convicted of 27 driving under the influence in violation of s. 316.193, and 28 who is granted probation, shall not operate a motor vehicle 29 during the period of probation unless that vehicle is equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device certified by the 30 31 department as provided in s. 316.1938, and installed in such a

manner that the vehicle will not start if the operator's blood 1 2 alcohol level is in excess of 0.05 percent or as otherwise 3 specified by the court. The court may require the use of an approved ignition interlock device for the period of 4 5 probation, said period to be for not less than 6 months, if б the person is permitted to operate a motor vehicle, whether 7 the privilege to operate a motor vehicle is restricted or not, 8 as determined by the court.

(b) In addition to any other authorized penalties, the 9 10 court shall require that any person who is convicted for a 11 second or subsequent violation of driving under the influence 12 in violation of s. 316.193 shall not operate a motor vehicle 13 for a period of not less than 1 year unless the vehicle is 14 equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device 15 certified by the department as provided in s. 316.1938 and 16 installed in such a manner that the vehicle will not start if the operator's blood alcohol level is in excess of 0.05 17 percent or otherwise as specified by the court. The court 18 19 shall provide that if the person who is so convicted of a 20 second or subsequent violation for driving under the influence tampers with the ignition interlock device or, except as 21 provided in subsection (7), drives a motor vehicle without 22 such device in violation of the order of the court, such 23 person shall, in addition to any other authorized penalty, 24 25 have his or her driver's license suspended for a minimum term 26 of 1 year. 27 Section 2. Section 322.2616, Florida Statutes, is 28 amended to read: 29 322.2616 Suspension of license; persons under 21 years 30 of age; right to review. --31

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1 (1)(a) Notwithstanding s. 316.193, it is unlawful for 2 a person under the age of 21 who has a <u>blood-alcohol or</u> 3 breath-alcohol level of 0.02 percent or higher to drive or be 4 in actual physical control of a motor vehicle.

5 (b) A law enforcement officer who has probable cause 6 to believe that a motor vehicle is being driven by or is in 7 the actual physical control of a person who is under the age 8 of 21 while under the influence of alcoholic beverages or who 9 has any <u>blood-alcohol or</u> breath-alcohol level may lawfully 10 detain such a person and may request that person to submit to 11 a test to determine his or her breath-alcohol level.

(2)(a) A law enforcement officer or correctional 12 13 officer shall, on behalf of the department, suspend the 14 driving privilege of such person if the person has a blood-alcohol or breath-alcohol level of 0.02 percent or 15 16 higher. The officer shall also suspend, on behalf of the department, the driving privilege of a person who has refused 17 18 to submit to a test as provided by paragraph (b). The officer 19 shall take the person's driver's license and issue the person 20 a 10-day temporary driving permit if the person is otherwise 21 eligible for the driving privilege and shall issue the person 22 a notice of suspension.

(b) The suspension under paragraph (a) must be pursuant to, and the notice of suspension must inform the driver of, the following:

1.a. The driver refused to submit to a lawful breath test and his or her driving privilege is suspended for a period of 1 year for a first refusal or for a period of 18 months if his or her driving privilege has been previously suspended as provided in this section as a result of a refusal to submit to a test; or

1 The driver was under the age of 21 and was driving b. 2 or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while having a blood-alcohol or breath-alcohol level of 0.02 percent or 3 higher; and the person's driving privilege is suspended for a 4 5 period of 6 months for a first violation, or for a period of 1 б year if his or her driving privilege has been previously 7 suspended as provided in this section for driving or being in 8 actual physical control of a motor vehicle with a blood-alcohol or breath-alcohol level of 0.02 percent or 9 10 higher. 11 2. The suspension period commences on the date of 12 issuance of the notice of suspension. 13 3. The driver may request a formal or informal review 14 of the suspension by the department within 10 days after the 15 issuance of the notice of suspension. 16 4. A temporary permit issued at the time of the issuance of the notice of suspension shall not become 17 effective until after 12 hours have elapsed and will expire at 18 19 midnight of the 10th day following the date of issuance. 20 5. The driver may submit to the department any materials relevant to the suspension of his or her license. 21 (3) The law enforcement officer shall forward to the 22 23 department, within 5 days after the date of the issuance of 24 the notice of suspension, a copy of the notice of suspension, 25 the driver's license of the person receiving the notice of 26 suspension, and an affidavit stating the officer's grounds for 27 belief that the person was under the age of 21 and was driving 28 or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle with any blood-alcohol or breath-alcohol level, and the results of any 29 blood or breath test or an affidavit stating that a blood or 30 31 breath test was requested by a law enforcement officer or

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correctional officer and that the person refused to submit to
such test. The failure of the officer to submit materials
within the 5-day period specified in this subsection does not
bar the department from considering any materials submitted at
or before the hearing.

6 (4) If the department finds that the license of the 7 person should be suspended under this section and if the 8 notice of suspension has not already been served upon the person by a law enforcement officer or correctional officer as 9 provided in subsection (2), the department shall issue a 10 11 notice of suspension and, unless the notice is mailed under s. 322.251, a temporary driving permit that expires 10 days after 12 13 the date of issuance if the driver is otherwise eligible.

14 (5) If the person whose license is suspended requests an informal review under subparagraph (2)(b)3., the department 15 16 shall conduct the informal review by a hearing officer employed by the department within 30 days after the request is 17 received by the department and shall issue such person a 18 19 temporary driving permit for business purposes only to expire on the date that such review is scheduled to be conducted if 20 the person is otherwise eligible. The informal review hearing 21 22 must consist solely of an examination by the department of the materials submitted by a law enforcement officer or 23 correctional officer and by the person whose license is 24 suspended, and the presence of an officer or witness is not 25 26 required. 27 (6) After completion of the informal review, notice of

28 the department's decision sustaining, amending, or

29 invalidating the suspension of the driver's license must be

30 provided to the person. The notice must be mailed to the

31 person at the last known address shown on the department's

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records, or to the address provided in the law enforcement
officer's report if such address differs from the address of
record, within 7 days after completing the review.

4 (7)(a) If the person whose license is suspended 5 requests a formal review, the department must schedule a б hearing to be held within 30 days after the request is 7 received by the department and must notify the person of the 8 date, time, and place of the hearing and shall issue such 9 person a temporary driving permit for business purposes only to expire on the date that such review is scheduled to be 10 conducted if the person is otherwise eligible. 11

12 (b) The formal review hearing must be held before a 13 hearing officer employed by the department, and the hearing 14 officer may administer oaths, examine witnesses and take testimony, receive relevant evidence, issue subpoenas, 15 16 regulate the course and conduct of the hearing, and make a ruling on the suspension. The department and the person whose 17 license was suspended may subpoena witnesses, and the party 18 19 requesting the presence of a witness is responsible for paying 20 any witness fees and for notifying in writing the state 21 attorney's office in the appropriate circuit of the issuance 22 of the subpoena. If the person who requests a formal review hearing fails to appear and the hearing officer finds the 23 failure to be without just cause, the right to a formal 24 25 hearing is waived and the suspension is sustained.

(c) A party may seek enforcement of a subpoena under paragraph (b) by filing a petition for enforcement in the circuit court of the judicial circuit in which the person failing to comply with the subpoena resides. A failure to comply with an order of the court constitutes contempt of

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court. However, a person may not be held in contempt while a 1 2 subpoena is being challenged. (d) The department must, within 7 days after a formal 3 4 review hearing, send notice to the person of the hearing 5 officer's decision as to whether sufficient cause exists to б sustain, amend, or invalidate the suspension. 7 (8) In a formal review hearing under subsection (7) or 8 an informal review hearing under subsection (5), the hearing 9 officer shall determine by a preponderance of the evidence whether sufficient cause exists to sustain, amend, or 10 11 invalidate the suspension. The scope of the review is limited 12 to the following issues: 13 (a) If the license was suspended because the 14 individual, then under the age of 21, drove with a blood-alcohol or breath-alcohol level of 0.02 percent or 15 16 higher: Whether the law enforcement officer had probable 17 1. cause to believe that the person was under the age of 21 and 18 19 was driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle 20 in this state with any blood-alcohol or breath-alcohol level or while under the influence of alcoholic beverages. 21 22 2. Whether the person was under the age of 21. 23 Whether the person had a blood-alcohol or 3. breath-alcohol level of 0.02 percent or higher. 24 25 (b) If the license was suspended because of the 26 individual's refusal to submit to a breath test: 27 1. Whether the law enforcement officer had probable 28 cause to believe that the person was under the age of 21 and 29 was driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle in this state with any blood-alcohol or breath-alcohol level 30 31 or while under the influence of alcoholic beverages.

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Whether the person was under the age of 21. 1 2. 2 Whether the person refused to submit to a breath 3. 3 test after being requested to do so by a law enforcement 4 officer or correctional officer. 5 4. Whether the person was told that if he or she 6 refused to submit to a breath test his or her privilege to 7 operate a motor vehicle would be suspended for a period of 1 8 year or, in the case of a second or subsequent refusal, for a period of 18 months. 9 10 (9) Based on the determination of the hearing officer 11 under subsection (8) for both informal hearings under 12 subsection (5) and formal hearings under subsection (7), the 13 department shall: 14 (a) Sustain the suspension of the person's driving privilege for a period of 1 year for a first refusal, or for a 15 16 period of 18 months if the driving privilege of the person has been previously suspended, as provided in this section, as a 17 result of a refusal to submit to a test. The suspension 18 19 period commences on the date of the issuance of the notice of 20 suspension. (b) Sustain the suspension of the person's driving 21 22 privilege for a period of 6 months for driving or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the age 23 24 of 21 with a blood-alcohol or breath-alcohol level of 0.02 25 percent or higher, or for a period of 1 year if the driving 26 privilege of such person has been previously suspended under 27 this section as a result of driving a motor vehicle while 28 under the age of 21 with a breath-alcohol level of at least 29 0.02 percent but less than 0.08 percent. The suspension period commences on the date of the issuance of the notice of 30 31 suspension.

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(10) A request for a formal review hearing or an 1 2 informal review hearing shall not stay the suspension of the 3 person's driver's license. If the department fails to schedule the formal review hearing to be held within 30 days 4 5 after receipt of the request therefor, the department shall б invalidate the suspension. If the scheduled hearing is 7 continued at the department's initiative, the department shall 8 issue a temporary driving permit that is valid until the 9 hearing is conducted if the person is otherwise eligible for the driving privilege. The permit shall not be issued to a 10 11 person who requested a continuance of the hearing. The permit 12 issued under this subsection authorizes driving for business 13 or employment use only.

14 (11) A person whose driver's license is suspended 15 under subsection (2) or subsection (4) may apply for issuance 16 of a license for business or employment purposes only, 17 pursuant to s. 322.271, if the person is otherwise eligible 18 for the driving privilege. However, such a license may not be 19 issued until 30 days have elapsed after the expiration of the 20 last temporary driving permit issued under this section.

(12) The formal review hearing may be conducted upon a review of the reports of a law enforcement officer or correctional officer, including documents relating to the administration of a breath test or the refusal to take a test. However, as provided in subsection (7), the driver may subpoena the officer or any person who administered a breath test.

28 (13) The formal review hearing and the informal review 29 hearing are exempt from chapter 120. The department may adopt 30 rules for conducting reviews under this section.

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(14) A person may appeal any decision of the 1 2 department sustaining a suspension of his or her driver's 3 license by a petition for writ of certiorari to the circuit court in the county wherein such person resides or wherein a 4 5 formal or informal review was conducted under s. 322.31. However, an appeal does not stay the suspension. This 6 7 subsection does not provide for a de novo appeal. 8 (15) The decision of the department under this section shall not be considered in any trial for a violation of s. 9 316.193, nor shall any written statement submitted by a person 10 11 in his or her request for departmental review under this 12 section be admissible into evidence against him or her in any 13 such trial. The disposition of any related criminal 14 proceedings shall not affect a suspension imposed under this 15 section. (16) By applying for and accepting and using a 16 driver's license, a person under the age of 21 years who holds 17 the driver's license is deemed to have expressed his or her 18 19 consent to the provisions of this section. 20 (17) A breath test to determine breath-alcohol level pursuant to this section may be conducted as authorized by s. 21 22 316.1932 or by a breath-alcohol preliminary alcohol screening test device listed in the United States Department of 23 Transportation's conforming-product list of evidential 24 25 breath-measurement devices. The reading from such a device is 26 presumed accurate and is admissible in evidence in any 27 administrative hearing conducted under this section. 28 (18) The result of a blood test obtained during an investigation conducted under s. 316.1932 or s. 316.1933 may 29 be used to suspend the driving privilege of a person under 30 this section. 31

1 (19) A law enforcement officer who acts in good faith 2 and exercises due care in enforcing this section is immune 3 from civil liability that otherwise might result by reason of 4 his or her action. (20) (18) A violation of this section is neither a 5 traffic infraction nor a criminal offense, nor does being 6 7 detained pursuant to this section constitute an arrest. Α 8 violation of this section is subject to the administrative 9 action provisions of this section, which are administered by 10 the department through its administrative processes. 11 Administrative actions taken pursuant to this section shall be recorded in the motor vehicle records maintained by the 12 13 department. This section does not bar prosecution under s. 14 316.193. However, if the department suspends a person's license under s. 322.2615 for a violation of s. 316.193, it 15 16 may not also suspend the person's license under this section 17 for the same episode that was the basis for the suspension under s. 322.2615. 18 19 Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2000. 20 21 22 HOUSE SUMMARY 23 Provides that the court shall require the use of an ignition interlock device in the motor vehicle of a person convicted of a second or subsequent conviction for driving under the influence for a period of 1 year. Provides for a minimum driver license suspension of 1 24 25 Provides for a minimum driver license suspension of 1 year for tampering with the device or driving without such device as required by the court. Clarifies the blood-alcohol levels and breath-alcohol levels that are unlawful for purposes of suspending the driver's license of a person under age 21. Provides that a temporary driving permit issued at the time of a notice of suspension does not become effective until 12 hours have elapsed. Provides that the results of a blood test conducted pursuant to 5, 316,1932 or 5, 316,1933, F.S., 26 27 28 29 conducted pursuant to s. 316.1932 or s. 316.1933, F.S., may be used to suspend a driving privilege under s. 322.2616, F.S. Immunizes law enforcement officers who exercise due care from civil liability. 11 30 31