A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to ad valorem taxation; creating s. 192.0105, F.S.; creating the 3 Florida Taxpayer's Bill of Rights, which 4 5 compiles taxpayer rights as found in the Florida Statutes and rules of the Department of 6 7 Revenue, including the right to know, the right 8 to due process, the right to redress, and the 9 right to confidentiality; providing an 10 effective date. 11 12 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 13 14 Section 1. Section 192.0105, Florida Statutes, is 15 created to read: 16 192.0105 Taxpayer rights.--There is created a Florida 17 Taxpayer's Bill of Rights for property taxes and assessments to guarantee that the rights, privacy, and property of the 18 19 taxpayers of this state are adequately safeguarded and 20 protected during tax levy, assessment, collection, and enforcement processes administered under the revenue laws of 21 22 this state. The Taxpayer's Bill of Rights compiles, in one document, brief but comprehensive statements that summarize 23 24 the rights and obligations of the property appraisers, tax collectors, clerks of the court, local governing boards, 25 26 Department of Revenue, and taxpayers. The rights afforded 27 taxpayers to assure that their privacy and property are 28 safeguarded and protected during tax levy, assessment, and 29 collection are available only insofar as they are implemented

in other parts of the Florida Statutes or rules of the

Department of Revenue. The rights so guaranteed state

taxpayers in the Florida Statutes and the departmental rules
include:

- (1) THE RIGHT TO KNOW. --
- (a) The right to be mailed notice of proposed property taxes and proposed or adopted non-ad valorem assessments. (See ss. 194.011(1), 200.065(2)(b), (2)(d) and (13)(a), and 200.069.) The notice must also inform the taxpayer that the final tax bill may contain additional non-ad valorem assessments. (See s. 200.069(12).)
- (b) The right to notification of a public hearing on each taxing authority's tentative budget and proposed millage rate and advertisement of a public hearing to finalize the budget and adopt a millage rate. (See ss. 200.065(2)(c) and (2)(d).)
- which the tentatively adopted millage rate results in taxes that exceed the previous year's taxes. (See ss. 200. 065(2)(d) and (3).) The right to notification by first-class mail of a comparison of the amount of the taxes to be levied from the tentatively adopted millage rate under the tentative budget change, compared to the previous year's taxes, and also compared to the taxes that would be levied if no budget change is made. (See ss. 200.065(2)(b) and 200.069(9).)
- (d) The right that the adopted millage rate will not exceed the tentatively adopted millage rate. If the tentative rate exceeds the proposed rate, each taxpayer shall be mailed notice comparing his or her taxes under the tentatively adopted millage rate to the taxes under the previously proposed rate, before a hearing to finalize the budget and adopt millage. (See s. 200.065(2)(d).)

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(e) The right to be sent notice by first-class mail or
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   non-ad valorem assessment hearing at least 20 days before the
   hearing with pertinent information including the total amount
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   to be levied against each parcel. All affected property owners
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5
   have the right to appear at the hearing and to file written
6
   objections with the local governing board. (See ss.
7
   197.3632(4)(b), (8)(b), and (10)(b)3.)
8
          (f) The right of an exemption recipient to be sent a
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   renewal application for that exemption, the right to a receipt
   for homestead exemption claim when filed, and the right to
10
   notice of denial of the exemption. (See ss. 196.011(6),
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   196.131(1), 196.151, and 196.193(1)(c) and (5).)
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          (g) The right to notice of intent from property
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   appraiser to record notice of tax lien on property determined
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   not to have been entitled to homestead exemption in prior
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   years and the right to pay tax, penalty, and interest before a
   tax lien is recorded for any prior year. (See s.
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   196.161(1)(b).)
19
              The right to be informed during the tax collection
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   process, including: notice of tax due; notice of back taxes;
   notice of late taxes and assessments and consequences of
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   nonpayment; opportunity to pay estimated taxes and non-ad
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   valorem assessments when the tax roll will not be certified in
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   time; notice when interest begins to accrue on delinquent
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   provisional taxes; notice of the right to prepay estimated
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   taxes by installment; a statement of the taxpayer's estimated
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   tax liability for use in making installment payments; and
28
   notice of right to defer taxes and non-ad valorem assessments
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   on homestead property. (See ss. 197.102(04), 197.322(3),
   197.3635, 197.3635(10), 197.343(1), (2), (3), and (4),
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197.363(2)(c), 197.222(3) and (5), 197.2301(3),
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   197.3632(8)(a), 193.1145(10)(a), and 197.254(1).
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          (i) The right to an advertisement in a newspaper
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   listing names of taxpayers who are delinquent in paying
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   tangible personal property taxes with amounts and giving
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   notice that interest is accruing at 18 percent and that,
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   unless taxes are paid, warrants will be issued, prior to
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   petition made with the circuit court for an order to seize and
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   sell property. (See s. 197.402(2).)
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          (j) The right to be mailed notice when a petition has
   been filed with the court for an order to seize and sell
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   property and the right to be mailed notice, and to be served
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   notice by the sheriff, before the date of sale, that
14
   application for tax deed has been made and property will be
15
   sold unless back taxes are paid. (See ss. 197.413(5),
   197.502(4)(a), and 197.522(1)(a) and (2).)
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          (2) THE RIGHT TO DUE PROCESS.--
          (a) The right to an informal conference with the
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   property appraiser to present facts the taxpayer considers to
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   support changing the assessment and to have the property
   appraiser present facts supportive of the assessment upon
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   proper request of any taxpayer who objects to the assessment
   placed on his or her property. (See s. 194.011(2).)
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24
              The right to petition the value adjustment board
   over objections to assessments; denial of exemption; denial of
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   agricultural classification; denial of historic
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   classification; denial of high-water recharge classification;
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   disapproval of tax deferral; and any penalties on deferred
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   taxes imposed for incorrect information willfully filed.
   Payment of estimated taxes does not preclude the right of the
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31 | taxpayer to challenge his or her assessment. (See ss.
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194.011(3), 196.011(6), 196.15, 196.193(1)(c) and (5),
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   193.461(2), 193.503(7), 193.625(2), 197.253(2)(a) and (b),
3
   197.301(2), and 197.2301(11).)
          (c) The right to file a petition for exemption or
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5
   agricultural classification with the value adjustment board
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   when an application deadline is missed, upon demonstration of
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   particular extenuating circumstances for filing late. (See ss.
   193.461(2) and 196.011(1), (7), (8), (9)(a) and (9)(c).)
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          (d) The right to prior notice of the value adjustment
   board's hearing date and the right to the hearing within 4
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   hours of scheduled time. (See s. 194.032(2).)
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          (e) The right to notice of date of certification of
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   tax rolls and receipt of property record card if requested.
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   (See ss. 193.122(2) and (3) and 194.032(2).)
15
          (f) The right, in value adjustment board proceedings,
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   to have all evidence presented and considered at a public
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   hearing at the scheduled time; to be represented by attorney
   or agent; to have witnesses sworn and cross-examined; and to
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   examine property appraisers or evaluators employed by the
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   board who present testimony. (See ss. 194.034(1)(a) and (c)
   and (4), and 194.035(2).)
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22
          (g) The right to be mailed a timely written decision
   by the value adjustment board containing findings of fact and
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24
   conclusions of law and reasons for upholding or overturning
   the determination of the property appraiser and the right to
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26
   advertised notice of all board actions, including appropriate
   narrative and column descriptions, in brief and nontechnical
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28
   language. (See ss. 194.034(2) and 194.037(3).)
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          (h) The right at public hearing, on non-ad valorem
   assessments and municipal special assessments, to object and
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testify to the local governing board. (See ss. 197.3632(4)(c)
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2
   and 170.08.)
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          (i) The right to bring action in circuit court to
   contest a tax assessment or appeal value adjustment board
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5
   decisions to disapprove exemption or deny tax deferral. (See
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   ss. 194.036(1)(c) and (2), 196.151, and 197.253(2)(a) and
7
   (b).)
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         (3) THE RIGHT TO REDRESS.--
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          (a) The right to discounts for early payment on all
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   taxes and non-ad valorem assessments collected by the tax
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   collector, the right to pay installment payments with
12
   discounts, and the right to pay delinquent personal property
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   taxes under an installment payment program when implemented by
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   the county tax collector. (See ss. 197.162, 197.3632(8)(a),
   197.222(1)(e) and 197.4155(1), (2) and (3).)
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          (b) The right, upon filing a challenge in circuit
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   court and paying taxes admitted in good faith to be owing, to
   be issued a receipt and have suspended all procedures for the
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   collection of taxes until the final disposition of the action.
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   (See s. 194.171(3).)
          (c) The right to have penalties reduced or waived upon
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   a showing of good cause when a return is not intentionally
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   filed late and the right to pay interest at a reduced rate if
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   the court finds that the amount of tax owed by the taxpayer is
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   greater than the amount the taxpayer has in good faith
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   admitted and paid. (See ss. 193.072(4) and 194.192(2).)
27
          (d) The right to a refund when overpayment of taxes
28
   has been made under specified circumstances. (See ss.
29
   193.1145(8)(e) and 197.182(1)(a) and (b).)
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- (e) The right to an extension to file a tangible personal property tax return upon making proper and timely request. (See s. 193.063.)
- (f) The right to redeem real property and redeem tax certificates at any time before a tax deed is issued and the right to have tax certificates canceled if sold where taxes had been paid or if other error makes it void or correctable. Property owners have the right to be free from contact by a certificateholder for 2 years. (See ss. 197.432(14) and (15), 197.442(1), 197.443, and 197.472(1) and (7).)
- (g) The right of the taxpayer, property appraiser, tax collector, or the department, as the prevailing party in a judicial or administrative action brought or maintained without the support of justiciable issues of fact or law, to recover all costs of the administrative or judicial action, including reasonable attorney's fees, and of the department and the taxpayer to settle such claims through negotiations.

 (See ss. 57.105 and 57.111.)
 - (4) THE RIGHT TO CONFIDENTIALITY. --
- (a) The right to have information kept confidential, including federal tax information, ad valorem tax returns, social security numbers, all financial records produced by the taxpayer, Form DR-219 return for documentary stamp tax information, and sworn statements of gross income, copies of federal income tax returns for the prior year, wage and earnings statements (W-2 forms), and other documents. (See ss. 192.105(1) and (2), 193.074, 193.114(6), 195.027(3) and (6), and 196.101(4)(c).)
- (b) The right to limiting access to a taxpayer's records by the property appraiser, the Department of Revenue, and the Auditor General only to those instances in which it is

determined that such records are necessary to determine either the classification or the value of the taxable nonhomestead property. All records produced by the taxpayer under this subsection shall be deemed to be confidential in the hands of the property appraiser, the department, the tax collector, and the Auditor General. (See s. 195.027(3).) Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law. LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY Creates the Florida Taxpayer's Bill of Rights, which compiles a listing of rights that pertain to ad valorem taxation and are set forth in the Florida Statutes and rules of the Department of Revenue. Organizes these rights under four topics: the right to know, the right to due process, the right to redress, and the right to confidentiality.