By the Committee on Health, Aging and Long-Term Care; and Senator Klein

## 317-1849B-00

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to end-of-life care; amending s. 395.1041, F.S.; specifying conditions under which hospital personnel may withhold resuscitation; clarifying intent regarding orders not to resuscitate; amending ss. 400.142, 400.4255, 400.6095, F.S.; clarifying intent regarding orders not to resuscitate issued and acted upon by a physician and staff, respectively, in a nursing home, assisted living facility, or hospice; amending s. 401.45, F.S.; relating to emergency treatment, requiring use of official form for valid do-not-resuscitate order; specifying required signatures; specifying authorized substitute signatures; amending s. 455.597, F.S., relating to licensure renewal requirements for certain health care professionals; providing for substitution of continuing education programs or courses on end-of-life care and palliative health care for any authorized domestic violence continuing education program or course taken within a specified period; amending s. 765.102, F.S., relating to legislative findings and intent; adding legislative intent to allow a person to plan for future incapacity orally or by executing a document; encouraging health care professionals to rapidly increase their understanding of end-of-life and palliative health care; requiring a statewide, culturally sensitive educational campaign on end-of-life

1 care for the general public; creating s. 2 765.1103, F.S.; requiring certain health care 3 facilities, health care providers, and health care practitioners to comply with patient 4 5 requests for pain management and palliative 6 care; amending s. 765.203, F.S.; revising the 7 suggested form for designating a health care 8 surrogate to include reference to anatomical-gift declarations; amending s. 9 10 765.204, F.S.; providing a procedure for 11 determining a principal's capacity; revising provisions; providing cross-references; 12 amending s. 765.205, F.S.; providing 13 responsibilities of a health care surrogate 14 with respect to medical records of the 15 principal; amending s. 765.303, F.S.; revising 16 17 the suggested form for a living will; amending s. 765.305, F.S.; providing a procedure for 18 19 withholding or withdrawing medical treatment in the absence of a living will; changing the 20 prerequisite circumstances on which a health 21 care surrogate must rely before authorizing 22 withholding or withdrawing of medical treatment 23 24 for another person; amending s. 765.306, F.S., relating to determination of patient condition; 25 changing the factors that must be evaluated for 26 27 determining whether a living will may take 28 effect; deleting the requirement for a 29 consulting physician to separately examine the patient; amending s. 765.401, F.S.; providing a 30 31 proxy to make health care decisions on behalf

of a patient; deleting the alternative requirements that a proxy act in accordance with a written declaration or that the patient has certain specified medical conditions before a proxy may consent to withholding or withdrawing life-prolonging procedures; providing cross-references; creating the End-of-Life Care Workgroup; providing membership of the workgroup; requiring a report; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraph (1) of subsection (3) of section 395.1041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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395.1041 Access to emergency services and care.--

17 18 (3) EMERGENCY SERVICES; DISCRIMINATION; LIABILITY OF FACILITY OR HEALTH CARE PERSONNEL.--

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(1) Hospital emergency services personnel may withhold or withdraw cardiopulmonary resuscitation if presented with an order not to resuscitate executed pursuant to s. 401.45.

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Facility staff and facilities shall not be subject to criminal prosecution or civil liability, nor be considered to have

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engaged in negligent or unprofessional conduct, for

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withholding or withdrawing cardiopulmonary resuscitation pursuant to such an order. Nothing in this subsection shall

27 affect the authority of a physician to issue an order not to

28 resuscitate in the facility or the authority of facility staff

29 to act in accordance with such an order, as permitted by case

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30 law and statutory law.

 Section 2. Subsection (3) of section 400.142, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.142 Emergency medication kits; orders not to resuscitate.--

cardiopulmonary resuscitation if presented with an order not to resuscitate executed pursuant to s. 401.45. The agency shall adopt rules providing for the implementation of such orders. Facility staff and facilities shall not be subject to criminal prosecution or civil liability, nor be considered to have engaged in negligent or unprofessional conduct, for withholding or withdrawing cardiopulmonary resuscitation pursuant to such an order and rules adopted by the agency. Nothing in this subsection shall affect the authority of a physician to issue an order not to resuscitate in the facility or the authority of facility staff to act in accordance with such an order, as permitted by case law and statutory law.

Section 3. Subsection (3) of section 400.4255, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.4255 Use of personnel; emergency care.--

cardiopulmonary resuscitation if presented with an order not to resuscitate executed pursuant to s. 401.45. The department shall adopt rules providing for the implementation of such orders. Facility staff and facilities shall not be subject to criminal prosecution or civil liability, nor be considered to have engaged in negligent or unprofessional conduct, for withholding or withdrawing cardiopulmonary resuscitation pursuant to such an order and rules adopted by the department. Nothing in this subsection shall affect the authority of a physician to issue an order not to resuscitate in the facility

1 or the authority of facility staff to act in accordance with such an order, as permitted by case law and statutory law. 2 3 Section 4. Subsection (8) of section 400.6095, Florida 4 Statutes, is amended to read: 5 400.6095 Patient admission; assessment; plan of care; 6 discharge; death. --7 (8) The hospice care team may withhold or withdraw 8 cardiopulmonary resuscitation if presented with an order not 9 to resuscitate executed pursuant to s. 401.45. The department 10 shall adopt rules providing for the implementation of such 11 orders. Hospice staff shall not be subject to criminal prosecution or civil liability, nor be considered to have 12 13 engaged in negligent or unprofessional conduct, for 14 withholding or withdrawing cardiopulmonary resuscitation 15 pursuant to such an order and rules adopted by the department. Nothing in this subsection shall affect the authority of a 16 17 physician to issue an order not to resuscitate in a hospice care site or the authority of hospice staff to act in 18 19 accordance with such an order, as permitted by case law and 20 statutory law. Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 21 401.45, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 22 23 401.45 Denial of emergency treatment; civil 24 liability.--25 (3)(a) Resuscitation may be withheld or withdrawn from a patient by an emergency medical technician or paramedic if 26 27 evidence of an order not to resuscitate by the patient's 28 physician is presented to the emergency medical technician or 29 paramedic. An order not to resuscitate, to be valid, must be on the form adopted by rule of the department. The form must 30

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the patient is incapable of giving informed consent, the patient's health care surrogate or proxy, as provided under chapter 765; a court-appointed guardian, as provided under chapter 744; or a person acting pursuant to a durable power of attorney, as provided under chapter 709.

Section 6. Section 455.597, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

455.597 Requirement for instruction on domestic violence.--

(1)(a) The appropriate board shall require each person licensed or certified under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 464, chapter 466, chapter 467, chapter 490, or chapter 491 to complete a 1-hour continuing education course, approved by the board, on domestic violence, as defined in s. 741.28, as part of biennial relicensure or recertification. The course shall consist of information on the number of patients in that professional's practice who are likely to be victims of domestic violence and the number who are likely to be perpetrators of domestic violence, screening procedures for determining whether a patient has any history of being either a victim or a perpetrator of domestic violence, and instruction on how to provide such patients with information on, or how to refer such patients to, resources in the local community, such as domestic violence centers and other advocacy groups, that provide legal aid, shelter, victim counseling, batterer counseling, or child protection services.

(b) Each such licensee or certificateholder shall submit confirmation of having completed such course, on a form provided by the board, when submitting fees for each biennial renewal.

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- (c) The board may approve additional equivalent courses that may be used to satisfy the requirements of paragraph (a). Each licensing board that requires a licensee to complete an educational course pursuant to this subsection may include the hour required for completion of the course in the total hours of continuing education required by law for such profession unless the continuing education requirements for such profession consist of fewer than 30 hours biennially.
- (d) Any person holding two or more licenses subject to the provisions of this subsection shall be permitted to show proof of having taken one board-approved course on domestic violence, for purposes of relicensure or recertification for additional licenses.
- (e) Failure to comply with the requirements of this subsection shall constitute grounds for disciplinary action under each respective practice act and under s. 455.624(1)(k). In addition to discipline by the board, the licensee shall be required to complete such course.
- (2) The board shall also require, as a condition of granting a license under any chapter specified in paragraph (1)(a), that each applicant for initial licensure under the appropriate chapter complete an educational course acceptable to the board on domestic violence which is substantially equivalent to the course required in subsection (1). An applicant who has not taken such course at the time of licensure shall, upon submission of an affidavit showing good cause, be allowed 6 months to complete such requirement.
- (3) In lieu of completing a course as required in subsection (1), a licensee or certificateholder may complete a course in end-of-life care and palliative health care, if the licensee or certificateholder has completed an approved

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 domestic violence course in the immediately preceding biennium.

 $\underline{(4)}$  (3) Each board may adopt rules to carry out the provisions of this section.

(5)(4) Each board shall report to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the chairs of the appropriate substantive committees of the Legislature by March 1 of each year as to the implementation of and compliance with the requirements of this section.

Section 7. Section 765.102, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

765.102 Legislative findings and intent.--

- (1) The Legislature finds that every competent adult has the fundamental right of self-determination regarding decisions pertaining to his or her own health, including the right to choose or refuse medical treatment. This right is subject to certain interests of society, such as the protection of human life and the preservation of ethical standards in the medical profession.
- diminished by virtue of later physical or mental incapacity, the Legislature intends that a procedure be established to allow a person to plan for incapacity by executing a document or orally designating another person to direct the course of his or her medical treatment upon his or her incapacity. Such procedure should be less expensive and less restrictive than guardianship and permit a previously incapacitated person to exercise his or her full right to make health care decisions as soon as the capacity to make such decisions has been regained.

- (3) The Legislature recognizes that for some the administration of life-prolonging medical procedures may result in only a precarious and burdensome existence. In order to ensure that the rights and intentions of a person may be respected even after he or she is no longer able to participate actively in decisions concerning himself or herself, and to encourage communication among such patient, his or her family, and his or her physician, the Legislature declares that the laws of this state recognize the right of a competent adult to make an advance directive instructing his or her physician to provide, withhold, or withdraw life-prolonging procedures, or to designate another to make the treatment decision for him or her in the event that such person should become incapacitated and unable to personally direct his or her medical care.
- (4) The Legislature recognizes the need for all health care professionals to rapidly increase their understanding of end-of-life and palliative health care. Therefore, the Legislature encourages the professional regulatory boards to adopt appropriate standards and guidelines regarding end-of-life care and pain management and encourages educational institutions established to train health care professionals and allied health professionals to implement curricula to train such professionals to provide end-of-life care, including pain management and palliative care.
- (5) The Department of Elderly Affairs, the Agency for Health Care Administration, and the Department of Health shall jointly create a campaign on end-of-life care for purposes of educating the public. This campaign should include culturally sensitive programs to improve understanding of end-of-life care issues in minority communities.

1 Section 8. Section 765.1103, Florida Statutes, is 2 created to read: 3 765.1103 Pain management and palliative care. --4 (1) A patient shall be given information concerning 5 pain management and palliative care when he or she discusses 6 with the attending or treating physician, or such physician's 7 designee, the diagnosis, planned course of treatment, 8 alternatives, risks, or prognosis for his or her illness, unless such information is medically inadvisable or impossible 9 10 to give, in which case the information must be given, when 11 appropriate, to the patient's surrogate, proxy, guardian, or 12 other designated representative. (2) When the patient is receiving care as an admitted 13 14 patient of a facility or a provider or is a subscriber of a health care facility, health care provider, or health care 15 practitioner regulated under chapter 395, chapter 400, chapter 16 17 458, chapter 459, chapter 464, or chapter 641, Florida Statutes, such facility, provider, or practitioner must, when 18 19 appropriate, comply with a request for pain management or 20 palliative care from a capacitated patient or an incapacitated patient's surrogate; proxy; representative appointed under 21 chapter 744, if delegated the authority to make medical 22 decisions on behalf of the patient; or a representative 23 24 designated under chapter 709, who has the authority to make 25 medical decisions on behalf of the patient. Section 9. Section 765.203, Florida Statutes, is 26 27 amended to read: 28 765.203 Suggested form of designation. -- A written 29 designation of a health care surrogate executed pursuant to this chapter may, but need not be, in the following form: 30

1	DESIGNATION OF HEALTH CARE SURROGATE
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3	Name:(Last)(First)(Middle Initial)
4	In the event that I have been determined to be
5	incapacitated to provide informed consent for medical
6	treatment and surgical and diagnostic procedures, I wish to
7	designate as my surrogate for health care decisions:
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9	Name:
10	Address:
11	Zip Code:
12	Phone:
13	If my surrogate is unwilling or unable to perform his
14	or her duties, I wish to designate as my alternate surrogate:
15	Name:
16	Address:
17	Zip Code:
18	Phone:
19	I fully understand that this designation will permit my
20	designee to make health care decisions, except for anatomical
21	gifts, unless I have executed an anatomical-gift declaration
22	pursuant to law, and to provide, withhold, or withdraw consent
23	on my behalf; to apply for public benefits to defray the cost
24	of health care; and to authorize my admission to or transfer
25	from a health care facility.
26	Additional instructions (optional):
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30	I further affirm that this designation is not being
31	made as a condition of treatment or admission to a health care

1	facility. I will notify and send a copy of this document to
2	the following persons other than my surrogate, so they may
3	know who my surrogate is.
4	Name:
5	Name:
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8	Signed:
9	Date:
10	Witnesses: 1
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12	Section 10. Subsection (2) of section 765.204, Florida
13	Statutes, is amended to read:
14	765.204 Capacity of principal; procedure
15	(2) If a principal's capacity to make health care
16	decisions for herself or himself or provide informed consent
17	is in question, the attending physician shall evaluate the
18	principal's capacity and, if the physician concludes that the
19	principal lacks capacity, enter that evaluation in the
20	principal's medical record. If the attending physician has a
21	question as to whether the principal lacks capacity, another
22	physician shall also evaluate the principal's capacity, and.
23	if the second physician agrees that the principal lacks the
24	capacity to make health care decisions or provide informed
25	consent, the health care facility shall enter both physician's
26	evaluations in the principal's medical clinical record.and,
27	If the principal has designated a health care surrogate, <u>the</u>
28	facility shall notify such surrogate in writing that her or
29	his authority under the instrument has commenced, as provided
30	in s. 765.203 or chapter 709.

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Section 11. Section 765.205, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

765.205 Responsibility of the surrogate.--

- (1) The surrogate, in accordance with the principal's instructions, unless such authority has been expressly limited by the principal, shall:
- (a) Have authority to act for the principal and to make all health care decisions for the principal during the principal's incapacity, in accordance with the principal's instructions, unless such authority has been expressly limited by the principal.
- (b) Consult expeditiously with appropriate health care providers to provide informed consent, and make only health care decisions for the principal which he or she believes the principal would have made under the circumstances if the principal were capable of making such decisions.
- (c) Provide written consent using an appropriate form whenever consent is required, including a physician's order not to resuscitate.
- (d) Be provided access to the appropriate medical clinical records of the principal.
- (e) Apply for public benefits, such as Medicare and Medicaid, for the principal and have access to information regarding the principal's income and assets and banking and financial records to the extent required to make application. A health care provider or facility may not, however, make such application a condition of continued care if the principal, if capable, would have refused to apply.
- (2) The surrogate may authorize the release of information and medical clinical records to appropriate 31 persons to ensure the continuity of the principal's health

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care and may authorize the admission, discharge, or transfer
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    of the principal to or from a health care facility or other
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    facility or program licensed under chapter 400.
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           (3) If, after the appointment of a surrogate, a court
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    appoints a guardian, the surrogate shall continue to make
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   health care decisions for the principal, unless the court has
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   modified or revoked the authority of the surrogate pursuant to
    s. 744.3115. The surrogate may be directed by the court to
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    report the principal's health care status to the guardian.
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           Section 12. Subsection (1) of section 765.303, Florida
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    Statutes, is amended to read:
           765.303 Suggested form of a living will.--
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           (1) A living will may, BUT NEED NOT, be in the
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    following form:
                             Living Will
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           Declaration made this .... day of ...., ...(year)...,
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    I, ....., willfully and voluntarily make known my desire
    that my dying not be artificially prolonged under the
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    circumstances set forth below, and I do hereby declare that,
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    if at any time I am both mentally and physically incapacitated
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    and
           ...(initial)... and I have a terminal condition
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           or ...(initial)... and I have an end-stage end-state
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    condition
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           or ...(initial)... and I am in a persistent vegetative
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    state
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    and if my attending or treating physician and another
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    consulting physician have determined that there is no
   reasonable medical probability of my recovery from such
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31 condition, I direct that life-prolonging procedures be
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withheld or withdrawn when the application of such procedures would serve only to prolong artificially the process of dying, 3 and that I be permitted to die naturally with only the 4 administration of medication or the performance of any medical 5 procedure deemed necessary to provide me with comfort care or 6 to alleviate pain. 7 It is my intention that this declaration be honored by 8 my family and physician as the final expression of my legal 9 right to refuse medical or surgical treatment and to accept 10 the consequences for such refusal. 11 In the event that I have been determined to be unable to provide express and informed consent regarding the 12 withholding, withdrawal, or continuation of life-prolonging 13 14 procedures, I wish to designate, as my surrogate to carry out the provisions of this declaration: 15 16 17 18 Address:..... 19 ..... Zip Code:..... Phone:..... 20 I understand the full import of this declaration, and I 21 22 am emotionally and mentally competent to make this declaration. 23 24 Additional Instructions (optional): 25 26 27 28 ....(Signed).... 29 ....Witness.... 30 ....Address.... 31 ....Phone....

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1 ....Witness.... 2 ....Address.... 3 ....Phone.... 4 5 Section 13. Subsection (2) of section 765.305, Florida 6 Statutes, is amended to read: 7 765.305 Procedure in absence of a living will.--8 (2) Before exercising the incompetent patient's right 9 to forego treatment, the surrogate must be satisfied that: 10 (a) The patient does not have a reasonable medical 11 probability of recovering capacity so that the right could be exercised by the patient. 12 13 (b) The patient is both mentally and physically 14 incapacitated with no reasonable medical probability of 15 recovery, the patient has an end-stage condition, the patient is in a persistent vegetative state, or the patient's physical 16 17 condition is terminal. Section 14. Section 765.306, Florida Statutes, is 18 19 amended to read: 765.306 Determination of patient condition.--In 20 21 determining whether the patient has a terminal condition, has 22 an end-stage condition, or is in a persistent vegetative state or may recover mental and physical capacity, or whether a 23 24 medical condition or limitation referred to in an advance directive exists, the patient's attending or treating 25 physician and at least one other consulting physician must

examination must be documented in the patient's medical record

and signed by each examining physician before life-prolonging

separately examine the patient. The findings of each such

procedures may be withheld or withdrawn.

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1 Section 15. Subsection (3) of section 765.401, Florida 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 765.401 The proxy.--(3) Before exercising the incapacitated patient's 4 5 rights to select or decline health care, the proxy must comply 6 with the pertinent provisions of ss. 765.205 and 765.305 7 applicable to surrogates under this chapter, except that a 8 proxy's decision to withhold or withdraw life-prolonging 9 procedures must either: 10 (a) Be supported by a written declaration; or 11 (b) If there is no written declaration, the patient must have a terminal condition, have an end-stage condition, 12 or be in a persistent vegetative state, and the proxy's 13 decision must be supported by clear and convincing evidence 14 that the decision would have been the one the patient would 15 have chosen had the patient been competent. 16 17 Section 16. End-of-Life Care Workgroup. --(1) There is created within the Department of Elderly 18 19 Affairs the End-of-Life Care Workgroup. The workgroup shall: 20 (a) Examine reimbursement methodologies for 21 end-of-life care; 22 (b) Identify end-of-life care standards that will 23 enable all health care providers along the health-care 24 continuum to participate in an excellent system of delivering 25 end-of-life care; and (c) Develop recommendations for incentives for 26 27 appropriate end-of-life care. 28 (2) The workgroup is composed of the Secretary of

Elderly Affairs or his or her designee; the Secretary of

Health or his or her designee; the Director of Health Care

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appointed by the President of the Senate; a member of the
    House of Representatives, appointed by the Speaker of the
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   House of Representatives; and one representative from each of
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    the following organizations: the Florida Hospital Association,
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    the Florida Medical Association, the Florida Osteopathic
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    Medical Association, the Florida Nurses Association, the
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    Florida Acupuncture Association, the Florida Pharmacy
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    Association, Florida Hospices and Palliative Care, Inc., the
    Florida Health Care Association, the Florida Assisted Living
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    Association, the Florida Association of Homes for the Aging,
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    the Florida Life Care Residents Association, the Florida
    Association of Insurance and Financial Advisors, and the
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    Florida Association of Health Maintenance Organizations.
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               The workgroup shall exist for 1 year and shall
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    meet as often as necessary to carry out its duties and
    responsibilities. Within existing resources, the Department of
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    Elderly Affairs shall provide support services to the
    workgroup. Workgroup members shall serve without compensation.
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               The workgroup shall submit a report of its
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    findings and recommendations to the Governor, the President of
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    the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by
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    December 31, 2000.
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               This section expires May 1, 2001.
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           Section 17. This act shall take effect upon becoming a
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    law.
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STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SB 1890 Deletes changes to the Florida Patient's Bill of Rights and Responsibilities. Clarifies that authority to recognize and act on a prehospital order not to resuscitate does not affect act on a prehospital order not to resuscitate does not affect the authority of a physician to issue an order not to resuscitate or the authority of nursing home, assisted living facility, or hospice staff to act in accordance with such a physician order. Requires certain health care facilities, health care providers, and health care practitioners to comply with a patient's request for pain management or palliative care, when appropriate. Revises requirements for designating a health care surrogate so that determination of incapacity, instead of both mental and physical incapacity, is a prerequisite for such surrogate's authority to commence. Revises the statutory form for designation of a health care surrogate and the statutory living will form. Reinstates current law, and conforms the related statutory form, that requires a consulting physician to evaluate a patient separately from the attending or treating physician when determining a patient's condition for purposes of activating a living will or withholding or withdrawing life-prolonging procedures. procedures.